1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF T	HE UNITED STATES
2		x
3	KEITH BOWLES,	:
4	Petitioner	:
5	V.	: No. 06-5306
6	HARRY RUSSELL, WARDEN	:
7		x
8	Washi	ngton, D.C.
9	Monda	y, March 26, 2007
10		
11	The above-enti	tled matter came on for oral
12	argument before the Supreme	Court of the United States
13	at 11:06 a.m.	
14	APPEARANCES:	
15	PAUL MANCINO, JR., ESQ., Cle	veland, Ohio; on behalf of
16	Petitioner.	
17	WILLIAM P. MARSHALL, ESQ., S	pecial Counsel for the
18	Attorney General of Ohio,	Chapel Hill, N.C.; on
19	behalf of Respondent.	
20	MALCOLM L. STEWART, ESQ., As	sistant to the Solicitor
21	General, Department of Ju	stice, Washington, D.C.; on
22	behalf of the United Stat	es, as amicus curiae,
23	supporting Respondent.	
24		
25		

1	CONTENTS	
2	ORAL ARGUMENT OF	PAGE
3	PAUL MANCINO, JR., ESQ.	
4	On behalf of the Petitioner	3
5	ORAL ARGUMENT OF	
6	WILLIAM P. MARSHALL, ESQ.	
7	On behalf of the Respondent	25
8	ORAL ARGUMENT OF	
9	MALCOLM L. STEWART, ESQ.	
10	On behalf of the United States, as amicus	
11	curiae, supporting Respondent	44
12	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF	
13	PAUL MANCINO, JR., ESQ.	
14	On behalf of Petitioner	53
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(11:06a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear argument
4	next in Case 06-5306, Bowles versus Russell.
5	Mr. Mancino.
6	ORAL ARGUMENT OF PAUL MANCINO, JR.
7	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
8	MR. MANCINO: Mr. Chief Justice, and may it
9	please the Court:
10	Petitioner is before this Court because he
11	followed an order of the district court. He filed his
12	notice of appeal within the time authorized by the
13	district court. It was only when the matter came before
14	the court of appeals was it raised that the district
15	court apparently had no authority to grant a 17-day
16	extension, although it specified a specific date rather
17	than the 14 days in connection with the case.
18	JUSTICE KENNEDY: Yes, it was authorized by
19	the district court in the sense the district court put
20	it on a piece of paper. It wasn't authorized because
21	the district court had no authority to extend that.
22	MR. MANCINO: The district court put it on
23	there. When you look at the actual entry itself, it's a
24	handwritten entry. There's no way of telling from the
25	handwritten entry whether that entry was even entered or

- 1 the docket on the same date because all you have is the
- 2 handwritten entry, February 10, file your appeal by
- 3 February 27, which is unusual in a civil case because
- 4 normally in a civil case you get a judgment; you don't
- 5 get a directive from the Court that you have 30 days to
- 6 file a notice of appeal or anything in connection with
- 7 this. So I don't think it's unreasonable to rely upon a
- 8 directive from a court.
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But you knew that 14
- 10 days was the maximum because the motion asking for it
- 11 cited and quoted from the rule.
- MR. MANCINO: Well, that -- we did cite from
- 13 the rule. That is correct. When the order came out --
- 14 well, first of all, we were glad to get the order to
- 15 allow time to appeal; but looking at the order, or just
- 16 looking at the date, something had to be done. And Of
- 17 course, we filed on one day before the end date --
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What if, what if the
- 19 District Court gave you an extra month? Would your
- 20 argument still be the same, that that -- because the
- 21 court set it, that trumps the limitation in the rule?
- MR. MANCINO: Well, then you get into
- 23 certain time limits, whether it's reasonable under the
- 24 circumstances, would a reasonable attorney or litigant
- 25 rely upon a, you know, expansive period of time that the

- 1 court gave to it. But here certainly this order is not
- 2 unreasonable. It's certainly within the confines. And
- 3 you have a specific end date, do your notice of appeal
- 4 by this date.
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But wouldn't a reasonable
- 6 lawyer have said see, I referred to the rule, when I
- 7 made this motion for extension of time. The rule said
- 8 14 days; this judge obviously made a slip. He
- 9 miscalculated.
- 10 Wouldn't a lawyer faced with what the rule
- 11 clearly says and an inconsistency scribbled on an order,
- 12 say the judge probably made a mistake? So I better, if
- 13 I want to protect my client, do what the rule says?
- MR. MANCINO: Well, looking back, that is
- 15 probably correct. But looking at the order, and the way
- 16 it came out, and the fact that you know, the -- the rule
- 17 allowed for a reopening of the appeal, just looking at
- 18 the end date of the order, make sure the notice of
- 19 appeal is filed by that date, it would seem to me that
- 20 the party who is adversely affected by it may object on
- 21 that basis, saying Judge, you have no authority to do
- 22 this, what are you doing in connection with --
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why isn't -- this is
- 24 just a notice of appeal. Why would you -- why not file
- 25 it the same day? In terms of looking at it from some

- 1 equitable sense, I don't understand why you wait toward
- 2 the end of the period assuming you hadn't focused on the
- 3 difference between the 14 days and the days allowed.
- What -- why, why would you delay filing the
- 5 notice of appeal?
- 6 MR. MANCINO: Well, the only reason for
- 7 delaying it is obviously workload. And you don't want
- 8 to get all briefs due within a short period of time,
- 9 once you get your notice of appeal filed in a particular
- 10 case, because you have time limits for getting the
- 11 record, your briefing, and you know, there's a number of
- 12 appeals going out -- not in this Court, but you know
- 13 there were a number of appeals going on.
- And my normal practice is you know, file
- 15 your notice of appeal near the end of the applicable
- 16 appeals time.
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Does it make -- does
- 18 it a difference that we're dealing with the safety valve
- 19 provision? In other words, you've got the 30 days to
- 20 file; and then this rule allows you to -- it's a safety
- 21 valve, if you didn't get the notice or whatever, you've
- got a certain procedure that can give you the extra 14
- 23 days. And now it seems to me that you're asking for a
- 24 safety valve on top of a safety valve.
- 25 And I wonder if there's some point where you

- 1 cut off the -- allowing an out for missing the deadline.
- MR. MANCINO: Well, I suppose at some point,
- 3 someone may say well, if the court gave you 180 days to
- 4 do the act, someone may say well, that appears to be
- 5 unreasonable in connection with that. I think the safer
- 6 thing is just to put the order down, say application,
- 7 reopen the appeal time, granted.
- And then it would cause someone to go you
- 9 know, go back, look at the rule, see how much time is
- 10 allotted under the rule in connection with the case.
- 11 But I don't think it's unreasonable; in these
- 12 circumstances we're only talking about three days to do
- 13 an act. The act was done in two days.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, but as soon as
- 15 you start talking about an exception from the provision
- in the rules, then you're going to get a lot of
- 17 applications and there are going to be a lot of
- 18 different reasons for why it wasn't filed on the last
- 19 day. Once that -- it seems to me, you open it up for an
- 20 indeterminate ruling.
- 21 MR. MANCINO: Well, this is an equitable
- 22 rule in itself. Because it allows something where an
- 23 appeal time has expired, can you come in and show the
- 24 circumstances, one, you were not notified, which
- 25 obviously the court did. The other side's prejudiced --

- 1 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well it is an equitable
- 2 rule conditioned upon compliance with time limits.
- 3 MR. MANCINO: Well, that's -- that's once
- 4 it's granted. It's not, the time limit is 180 days or
- 5 the seven day after you received or became aware actual
- 6 notice --
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: No, but
- 8 Justice Kennedy's point I think is critical. In other
- 9 words, the drafters of the rule obviously wanted to
- 10 provide a safety valve. But they also appreciated that
- 11 you can't have it open-ended. So they did impose limits
- 12 on the -- if you want to call it equitable exception to
- 13 the 30-day rule. And it seems to me that you sort of
- 14 restrike the balance the drafters of the rule struck if
- 15 you allow further equitable departures from their, their
- 16 rule.
- MR. MANCINO: Well, I think in past cases
- 18 the Court has always recognized there are deadlines but
- 19 there are exceptions to deadlines. And the most
- 20 compelling exemption is where a court says do the act at
- 21 this particular time. And you know, it's coming from a
- 22 judicial officer, it's not coming from someone
- 23 miscalculating on the calendar, calculating the time
- 24 when it's 30 days run, when is 14 days run, when it's 10
- 25 days run in connection with the case. Because in civil

- 1 litigation you are not given any specific time to do an
- 2 act. Criminal cases are a little bit different. You
- 3 are told about an appeal, when an appeal has to be filed
- 4 in connection with a case. You do not have in civil,
- 5 when you get your final order -- you know you have 30
- 6 days to do it.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Mr. Mancino, your position
- 8 here is that this rule is not jurisdictional.
- 9 Now, what -- what are the consequences of
- 10 that? I take it that that would mean that the court of
- 11 appeals has no obligation to inquire on its own whether
- 12 the matter has been filed too late?
- MR. MANCINO: Well, I believe --
- 14 JUSTICE SCALIA: Right? If the parties
- 15 don't make anything of it, the court of appeals can --
- 16 can take a late, a late filing?
- 17 MR. MANCINO: Well, I think when the court
- 18 of appeals does that, I think in all fairness, they
- 19 should advise the parties in advance that they we're
- 20 considering this on our own, that the appeal was out of
- 21 time, and would you like to --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: No, no, but I'm asking
- 23 whether a court of appeals has to even worry about that?
- 24 If the parties don't make anything of it, the court of
- 25 appeals can just assume it's okay and go ahead, right?

- 1 MR. MANCINO: Correct. Because I think
- 2 they've waived any -- the other side obviously has
- 3 waived or forfeited any right to object to the -- you
- 4 know, to the --
- 5 JUSTICE SCALIA: And you need an objection
- 6 or else it's, it will be okay?
- 7 MR. MANCINO: I'm sorry?
- 8 JUSTICE SCALIA: And you need an objection
- 9 or else it will be all right?
- 10 MR. MANCINO: Yes. The objection in this
- 11 case came -- you know, in the --
- 12 JUSTICE GINSBURG: That means that a rule --
- 13 that -- 14 days is really a rule left to the discretion
- 14 of the district judge. If the district judge feels like
- 15 giving a little more, this would be no control, unless
- 16 the opposing side objects; is that right?
- 17 MR. MANCINO: Well, I -- I believe it does
- 18 call for a timely objection by somebody to say
- 19 something, rather than to just sit back and let it
- 20 expire, knowing that someone did something that they
- 21 should not do in connection with --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Suppose you have problems
- 23 at home. I don't know, you have an illness at home.
- 24 And you ask counsel for the other side, you know, I know
- 25 it's a 14-day limit, but would you give me 20 days?

- 1 Right? And opposing counsel being as friendly as they
- 2 are nowadays --
- 3 (Some laughter.)
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- the other, the other
- 5 side would say sure, take 20 days. Okay? So you
- 6 prepare a paper for signature by the judge and he signs
- 7 off on it, gives you 20 days. That's okay then, right?
- 8 MR. MANCINO: Well I --
- 9 JUSTICE SCALIA: Because the other side's
- 10 agreed. He won't object on the court of appeals. And
- 11 suddenly, suddenly, you've got 20 days even though the
- 12 rule says 14.
- MR. MANCINO: Well, there you have somewhat
- 14 advance knowledge that you're doing something possibly
- 15 contrary to a rule. But then you have the issue of once
- 16 you do it, are you forfeiting your right to object and
- 17 claim a deficiency in the process.
- 18 Here you're only -- what you're doing --
- 19 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, I mean, that -- that
- 20 may, that may be true of this stage; but
- 21 Justice Scalia's question points up the problem of what
- 22 do we do if we write this case? How do we formulate
- 23 this rule? And if we say that it's not jurisdictional,
- 24 not binding, then going forward, it seems to me to allow
- 25 the hypothetical that he puts to you.

- 1 MR. MANCINO: Well, I believe you can come
- 2 up with all sorts of scenarios. What I think is the
- 3 thing --
- 4 JUSTICE KENNEDY: That's why we're wondering
- 5 how to write the opinion.
- 6 (Laughter.)
- 7 MR. MANCINO: And where did the litigant
- 8 reasonably rely upon an order of the court, which
- 9 apparently the court had authority to issue, regardless
- 10 of the court making a mistake or doing something
- 11 intentionally --
- 12 JUSTICE STEVENS: And the person who did the
- 13 reliance was you, I quess?
- MR. MANCINO: Yes, that's correct.
- 15 JUSTICE STEVENS: And is it correct that --
- 16 who -- was this litigant represented by counsel during
- 17 the period when he didn't get the notice of the
- 18 September 9 order?
- 19 MR. MANCINO: Yes. I filed the habeas
- 20 petition. I did anything in connection with the case.
- 21 JUSTICE STEVENS: So neither the, neither
- 22 the prisoner nor you received any notice of the first
- 23 goof up?
- MR. MANCINO: Well, the first -- well, we
- 25 received notice of the judgment on the merits. Then we

- 1 filed a motion to alter judgment or for a new trial. It
- 2 was not, the order overruling the motion to alter or
- 3 amend judgment or the motion for a new trial date was
- 4 not received. And the clerk's docket showed it wasn't
- 5 mailed out.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: I see.
- 7 MR. MANCINO: But in the, in that court,
- 8 there was a transitioning to this electronic filing,
- 9 which not everybody was set up at that particular time;
- 10 so apparently the order may have only gone to -- on the
- 11 electronic filing system to those who were set up, and
- 12 we were not set up on that thing. But the court still
- 13 had the obligation to send it out. The court found that
- 14 the clerk did not send it out. The clerk found that, or
- 15 the court found that we did not have notification. And
- 16 the court found that the other side is not prejudiced by
- 17 any application.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Would your -- would
- 19 your proposed exception, does it work the other day? I
- 20 mean, let's say the district court entered this order
- 21 and set a date certain for you to file the notice of
- 22 appeal, and only gave you seven days on his count rather
- 23 than 14, and you filed it on the ninth day, in other
- 24 words within the 14 days given under the rule.
- Would you be out of luck because of what the

- 1 district court set out in its order as what's binding,
- 2 as opposed to what the resume says? Or could you rely
- 3 on the fact the rule says you get 14 days?
- 4 MR. MANCINO: Well I would believe you could
- 5 then argue that the rule says that, the judge was wrong
- 6 in -- you know -- in truncating your appeal time to file
- 7 the appeal.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why wouldn't the
- 9 same approach work the other way? The rule says 14 and
- 10 the judge was wrong to give you more?
- MR. MANCINO: Well, because the exceptions
- 12 to all of these time deadlines, you have cases from this
- 13 Court where people untimely file a motion for a new
- 14 trial. A new trial motion by rule has to be timely
- 15 filed in order to toll your time. And there have been
- 16 cases where the motion for new trial has been untimely
- 17 filed. The other side didn't say anything. And then
- 18 when the ruling is made, the appeal is filed within the
- 19 appropriate time.
- 20 And this Court has sanctioned that procedure
- 21 in connection. I see no difference here, where a
- 22 litigant before a court, the court issues an order, you
- 23 look at the order. And you abide by the order in
- 24 connection with the case.
- 25 They do have a reasonable reliance in the

- 1 case. And in looking back later on, in connection with
- 2 the -- the issue, in connection with the case.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: You know sometimes,
- 4 sometimes district courts take jurisdiction over a case
- 5 that they -- that they shouldn't have jurisdiction over.
- 6 MR. MANCINO: Well --
- 7 JUSTICE SCALIA: And sometimes in reliance
- 8 on that, you go through a whole trial and it comes up to
- 9 the court of appeals and we say huh, there was no
- 10 jurisdiction here; too bad.
- MR. MANCINO: Well --
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: Even though the court said
- 13 it and you went through a whole trial in reliance on the
- 14 district judge. District judges make mistakes.
- 15 MR. MANCINO: Well, that's a whole -- I
- 16 believe that's a whole different scenario than presented
- 17 here. That goes to the subject matter --
- 18 JUSTICE SCALIA: It's even worse, it seems
- 19 to me. I mean, you've wasted weeks, you know, in trial
- 20 and so forth.
- MR. MANCINO: Right.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: But if it's jurisdictional,
- 23 we have to say, you know, too bad. Yes, you were misled
- 24 by the judge. In reliance on the district judge, you
- 25 expended a lot of time and money, but there was no

- 1 jurisdiction. And that's the end of the matter.
- MR. MANCINO: Well, the rule I always
- 3 remember from law school is that parties cannot
- 4 voluntarily confer jurisdiction on a court that does not
- 5 have it. And the court, at any point, if they do not
- 6 have subject matter jurisdiction, is free to dismiss the
- 7 case whether it's at trial level, the appeal level, or
- 8 whatever.
- 9 This is not that situation. Obviously, the
- 10 court by the rule could look into this matter. The
- 11 court by the rule could grant relief in connection with
- 12 this matter. It's a question whether the three days --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: I know I could find this
- 14 out by looking at a calendar. Do you remember what day
- of the week February 24th was, or 26th?
- MR. MANCINO: I believe --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: We don't have a weekend
- 18 problem, do we?
- 19 MR. MANCINO: I believe it was not -- I
- 20 don't believe it was a weekend, no.
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I looked at this. There's
- 22 a time start. And I think it might be the time stamp
- 23 when this document was entered on the ultimate appeal.
- But -- but something you said at the outset
- 25 prompts this question, that -- Did you think that -- the

- 1 time runs from \$14 days after the date when the district
- 2 court's order is entered.
- 3 MR. MANCINO: When it's entered. That's
- 4 correct.
- 5 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And was there a submission
- 6 or an implication in your remarks that you thought that
- 7 the order was not entered until three days later?
- MR. MANCINO: No.
- 9 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Is there an entry -- is
- 10 there a time entry on the dock -- on court's order?
- 11 MR. MANCINO: No. It's a handwritten one
- 12 that doesn't say anything --
- 13 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I know that it's a
- 14 handwritten one. But that that -- that shows how long
- 15 he has to appeal. is there a date when the order was
- 16 put on the docket? Does that show on this sheet?
- MR. MANCINO: No. There's nothing from the
- 18 clerk indicating -- on the docket there is, but nothing
- 19 on the document that was sent, because the document only
- 20 was sent -- it was just handwritten over the -- on top
- 21 of the motion, so there was no way of telling when it
- 22 was entered. Because you look back at the history of
- 23 this case, when the court dismissed the original
- 24 petition, the court had a date on it. It was only 18
- 25 days later that it was actually entered by the clerk,

- 1 and of course that triggered the time for asking for
- 2 reconsideration.
- 3 So -- but --
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: What about the weekends? I
- 5 mean, maybe the judge -- I -- it looks from my
- 6 calendar -- I wondered what day of the week it was. You
- 7 don't remember. 2/10, February 10, 2004, what day of
- 8 the week was it?
- 9 MR. MANCINO: That I cannot answer.
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: It looks like it was the
- 11 middle of the week. So maybe there were one or two
- 12 weekends. So maybe what the judge's mistake was, he
- 13 didn't know how to count the weekend rule.
- MR. MANCINO: Well, what I think was done --
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: Which may not be
- 16 jurisdictional, the weekend rule.
- MR. MANCINO: What I believe is that this
- 18 was sent out by mail. So they had, you know, the
- 19 three-day mail rule, and that's how you came to the 14
- 20 days in connection with the -- put in the 17-day limit
- 21 on --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Maybe Arabic numerals
- 23 aren't jurisdictional either.
- JUSTICE BREYER: They're not. A numeral is
- 25 not jurisdictional.

- 1 What's -- what's -- what's the three-day
- 2 mail rule?
- 3 MR. MANCINO: Well, normally if you are
- 4 allowed to do an act by mail, you have three days, you
- 5 can serve a party and then you have three days to file
- 6 with the court as part of the Civil Rules. I sort of
- 7 think that's what the judge -- because this was going
- 8 out by mail -- he probably didn't get -- I wish I would
- 9 have saved the envelope, but I don't have the envelope,
- 10 but it probably didn't get to my office for three days
- 11 anyway.
- 12 JUSTICE BREYER: Speaking of the three-day
- 13 mail rule, maybe the judge's intent when he signed this
- 14 was that it actually was entered, took effect as of
- 15 three days later.
- MR. MANCINO: Well, there's really no --
- 17 looking at the document, there's no way of telling that.
- 18 That is correct. There's no way of telling that, and I
- 19 believe that was probably the reasoning of the court
- 20 that, you know, it took three days to get mail because
- 21 you didn't get -- it wasn't sent out last time,
- 22 obviously you did not get the mail the last time, so he
- 23 added the three days, and then you have the 14 days to,
- 24 you know, perfect or file your notice of appeal to get
- 25 it to the court in this case.

1	So
2	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: All of that might
3	have all those things might have been going on in the
4	judge's mind, but you don't contest that the 14-day
5	period was not complied with? You don't have an
6	argument that you complied with the 14-day period?
7	MR. MANCINO: No, I do not. We're relying
8	to the exceptions, and there's a number exceptions on
9	deadlines that have come out. We have the equitable
10	tolling, we have the waiver, forfeiture issue. And, you
11	know, in this case, specific assurance by a court which
12	in a past opinion seemed to control the date, where a
13	judge gave you a specific assurance that you could do
14	something in connection with the case.
15	The old Harris Truck case is where the
16	lawyer was on vacation. The judge said well, I'll give
17	you some extra time. Even though they knew of the
18	judgment, they knew the time would run, he said I'll
19	give you extra time to file the appeal because you want
20	to contact the lawyer who was on vacation. The court of
21	appeals then said well, the rule didn't apply because
22	you knew of the order, so but that was overlooked
23	even though by time calculation, everybody was out of
24	time.
25	The Eberhart case, they were out of time

- 1 because the motion for new trial was filed untimely,
- 2 which under the rule required a timely filing of a
- 3 motion for a new trial in order to toll your appeal
- 4 time.
- 5 So this, obviously the motion to reopen was
- 6 timely filed, was filed within the 180 days required by
- 7 the rule. The other side was served. The other side
- 8 had no objection to it and didn't oppose it. The real
- 9 issue when you look at an equitable -- sort of an
- 10 equitable rule like this, is the other side prejudiced,
- 11 and obviously they are not prejudiced.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: One of the things I
- 13 think the drafters of the rule wanted to assure is that
- 14 there would be a point at which the prevailing party in
- 15 the district court could know with certainty there
- 16 wasn't going to be further proceedings in the case, and
- 17 that's the purpose of the 180-day period and all that.
- 18 It's not open-ended.
- 19 Under your rule where the actual time for
- 20 filing could be at some indefinite point, they'd never
- 21 really quite have that assurance, would they?
- 22 MR. MANCINO: Well, unless the court
- 23 specifically granted to the litigant a specific period
- 24 of time, and you know, normally litigants and lawyers do
- 25 not ignore what the court says.

1 At least I think as, you know, anyone -- if 2 this court said that, you have a right to reasonably rely on what the court said. And it certainly wasn't an 3 4 unreasonable period of time that the court was giving in 5 the case. It wasn't --6 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, what would be 7 an unreasonable period of time if the two or three days is not? Would another 10 days? 8 9 MR. MANCINO: Well, if you go back to the 10 rules, you're going into the six months, 180 days, and 11 then, you know, you would say something. Or if the 12 court, you know, gave you a year or something by 13 mistake, you know, it would -- you know, that something 14 does not sound right here. And then you would look at 15 it. At least if that were the case, you could probably 16 go in and get the court to reconsider, bring it to the 17 attention of the court. Your Honor, we did not have all 18 of this time. Did you make a mistake? You can always 19 correct mistakes. But that was not done here, it was 20 not done by the respondent in this case because they 21 didn't -- the respondent did not object to the 22 application to reopen the appeal, did not say anything 23 ___ 24 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But the respondent said 25 he had no reason at that time to believe that you

- 1 wouldn't follow the rule and file within the 14 days.
- 2 So if they made an objection, the moment the judge put
- 3 down a date that's 17 days later, the judge might say
- 4 that's premature.
- 5 MR. MANCINO: Well then, the judge may have
- 6 said well, I don't -- look at the rule. I don't have
- 7 it. I'm going to redraft the order, vacate my order and
- 8 put a proper order on in connection with the case. It
- 9 would seem to me that at some point in the appellate
- 10 process, because when you look at the history that the
- 11 Sixth Circuit in this case -- at least when the court
- 12 then granted a certificate of appealability, you would
- 13 think the respondent would -- what are -- why are you
- 14 granting a certificate of appealability when you told us
- 15 we have no jurisdiction over this case, or at least from
- 16 the two orders anyway, they said they had jurisdiction
- 17 over the February 10th order that -- on the appeal. And
- 18 the -- then the certificate of appealability was denied,
- 19 and normally that would end the case.
- The court granted the -- my motion for
- 21 reconsideration, and then granted certain issues that
- 22 could be briefed on the merits. But once the court
- 23 granted the certificate of appealability, it seemed to
- 24 me that the other side, well, what is happening here?
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Mr. Mancino, I take it that

- 1 what you are really proposing is sort of a rule that if
- 2 -- if counsel could reasonably be misled to overlook the
- 3 mistake by the court, that your reliance upon the
- 4 court's mistake should -- should, in fact, be respected.
- 5 It's kind of a rule of reasonably misleading; is that
- 6 about right?
- 7 MR. MANCINO: I believe so.
- 8 JUSTICE SOUTER: I mean, that's how we
- 9 distinguish your case on your view from the case in
- 10 which you get 180 days instead of 14?
- 11 MR. MANCINO: Right. Sort of, you know,
- 12 reasonably reliant, is it fair.
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You think we should
- 14 have a rule of reason rather than a per se rule.
- 15 (Laughter.)
- 16 MR. MANCINO: That's the prior case, because
- 17 they made that.
- 18 JUSTICE STEVENS: Let me ask this question:
- 19 Is the order on page 151 of the joint appendix, just
- 20 those three lines, that's the entire order that the
- 21 judge entered? It just says granted, and motion --
- MR. MANCINO: That is what's handwritten on
- 23 the original documents. That's it.
- 24 JUSTICE STEVENS: He did not make the
- 25 findings that the rule requires?

1	MR. MANCINO: No. But presumably you would
2	assume that those findings are subsumed within the rule
3	because the judge found in our favor. The judge denied
4	the motion to vacate part of it but granted the
5	reopening to vacate, and of course on the
6	JUSTICE STEVENS: Because the motion
7	requires
8	MR. MANCINO: motion to vacate, you have
9	30 days to appeal.
10	JUSTICE STEVENS: The rule requires that he
11	make three specific findings which he did not make.
12	MR. MANCINO: He did not make it, but you
13	assume that the judge did by granting the motion, and
14	nobody else said anything about it anyway.
15	I reserve the time.
16	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
17	Mr. Marshall?
18	ORAL ARGUMENT OF WILLIAM P. MARSHALL
19	ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT
20	MR. MARSHALL: Mr. Chief Justice, and may i
21	please the Court:
22	The petitioner's failure to meet the 14-day
23	statutory deadline for filing his notice of appeal is
24	fatal to his case for three reasons.
25	First, the 14-day period is mandatory and

- 1 jurisdictional, and Federal district courts do not have
- 2 the power to enlarge this time period.
- 3 Second, the 14-day rule was not forfeited by
- 4 the state of Ohio and may be raised by the court sua
- 5 sponte in any event.
- 6 Third, even if there could be some sort of
- 7 limited equitable exception to the 14-day time
- 8 requirement, the petitioner here falls far short of
- 9 demonstrating why he is entitled to such extraordinary
- 10 relief.
- 11 Let me explain why. The petitioner's claim
- 12 that notice of appeal time requirements are not
- 13 jurisdictional contradicts 150 years of practice,
- 14 countless lower court decisions, settled congressional
- 15 understanding as to the meaning of its governing --
- 16 JUSTICE GINSBURG: What type of jurisdiction
- 17 are you speaking of? It's certainly not Federal
- 18 jurisdiction in the sense of subject matter
- 19 jurisdiction, like a specific case arising under Federal
- 20 law. What kind of jurisdiction do you have in mind?
- 21 MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, I think it is its
- 22 own form of subject matter jurisdiction in the same way
- 23 that final judgments on appeals are subject matter
- 24 jurisdiction. And the reason why is that notice of
- 25 appeals are classically jurisdictional in that sense, in

- 1 that they transfer the locus of the case from one court
- 2 to another. In the appellate system, there's actually a
- 3 changing of the jurisdiction, and the notice of appeal
- 4 is that triggering mechanism. And in that sense, it is
- 5 classically jurisdictional and different from the other
- 6 kinds of time limits that this Court addressed in
- 7 Kontrick, in versus Eberhart because those took place
- 8 within a particular court system, the district court
- 9 system, where here there was a transfer of jurisdiction
- 10 triggered by the notice of appeal from one court to the
- 11 other.
- 12 JUSTICE ALITO: Isn't that just a word game?
- 13 It's jurisdictional because it transfers jurisdiction
- 14 from one court to the other. Why should that be -- why
- does that make it jurisdictional?
- 16 MR. MARSHALL: Well, I think, Your Honor,
- 17 the same way that final judgments are. I mean, final
- 18 judgments are a jurisdictional prerequisite to transfer
- 19 from one case to another.
- The second reason, Your Honor, by the way,
- 21 is congressional, is the congressional reenactment of
- 22 the notice of appeal time deadlines, which
- 23 also indicates that Congress treats these --
- JUSTICE ALITO: Can you think of anything
- 25 that's enacted by Congress as jurisdictional?

- 1 MR. MARSHALL: No, Your Honor, but when
- 2 there is a background, as there is in this case, of 150
- 3 years of practice where Congress has enacted against
- 4 that background, it is presumed to be jurisdictional.
- 5 And I'd also point out that with respect to this Court's
- 6 jurisdiction, the Court has treated petitions for
- 7 certiorari as jurisdictional in civil cases because
- 8 there is a statutory underpinning, but has not treated
- 9 them as jurisdictional in criminal cases in part because
- 10 there is not a statutory underpinning.
- 11 JUSTICE ALITO: Doesn't the latter suggest
- 12 that a rule that concerns the transfer of a case from
- one court to another is not necessarily jurisdictional?
- MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, I think the
- 15 latter recognizes the fact that it doesn't necessarily
- 16 have to be. That is correct.
- 17 However, that Congress and this Court can
- 18 treat such a thing because it is in a -- because it is
- 19 a -- because it does transfer the case from one to
- 20 another. I think that the criminal -- that in the
- 21 certiorari case, with respect to criminal, it might be
- 22 an indication there that there might be some relation.
- 23 But I would also suggest that with respect to certiorari
- 24 practice, you've already -- you're already in the
- 25 appellate mode and you're not dividing the jurisdiction

- 1 between trial courts and appellate courts.
- But the quick answer is yes, Your Honor, I
- 3 don't think it has to be jurisdictional, but certainly
- 4 it can be jurisdictional. And for 150 years, this Court
- 5 and Congress has treated this particular division as
- 6 jurisdictional.
- 7 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, it seems to me that's
- 8 what we're back to, that it's long been treated as
- 9 jurisdictional. But you just said that it's not
- 10 sufficient that it's been enacted by Congress and it's
- 11 not sufficient that it transfers the case from one court
- 12 to another.
- So we're back just to history, right?
- MR. MARSHALL: Well, Your Honor, it's more
- 15 than just history, because I think Congress reenacting
- 16 2107 against this background for 150 years, that this
- 17 issue has been treated as jurisdictional, puts Congress
- 18 behind this as well. But here it's also, 150 years is
- 19 not a matter of --
- 20 JUSTICE GINSBURG: The provision of, is it
- 21 2107?
- MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Where does that appear in
- 24 the judicial code? Does it appear under the provisions
- 25 concerning jurisdiction?

- 1 MR. MARSHALL: No, Your Honor. 2107 does
- 2 not itself mention jurisdiction. However, that is also
- 3 true with 2101 in respect to this Court's certiorari
- 4 jurisdiction in civil cases. The word jurisdiction is
- 5 not mentioned specifically but it --
- 6 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But it is under the
- 7 heading procedure, court procedure, right?
- 8 MR. MARSHALL: It's time for appeal to
- 9 court to proceed.
- 10 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Yes, but that's under a
- 11 chapter that deals with procedures, as opposed to
- 12 jurisdiction.
- 13 MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor. But this
- 14 Court in Barnhart suggested that in determining whether
- 15 something is jurisdictional or not, one looks at the
- 16 context of the particular location. Here this Rule 21
- 17 -- excuse me. Here this statute, 2107, has been enacted
- 18 and reenacted against the background of this Court
- 19 consistently saying it's jurisdictional and treating
- 20 this rule as jurisdictional, and that's since cases as
- 21 far along as Edmondson.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: You know there have been
- 23 a spate of cases that said the word "jurisdiction" has
- 24 been vastly overused, it's a word of many meanings. And
- 25 you are telling me that the meaning of these statutes is

- 1 subject matter jurisdiction, just like it's diversity,
- 2 is there a federal question?
- 3 MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor, in the same
- 4 way that amount in controversies are also subject
- 5 matter.
- 6 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But amount in controversy
- 7 is in 1332. Congress putting it right there together.
- 8 It says diversity of citizenship plus amount in
- 9 controversy, all in 1332. Here the limit appears in a
- 10 statute, a rule of procedure, not jurisdiction.
- 11 MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor. But that
- 12 statute has been enacted against, as I keep
- 13 reemphasizing, 150 years of practice, including the
- 14 Edmondson case in 1869, where the Court on its own
- 15 motion raised the matter as being jurisdictional and
- 16 because the time period had not been complied with
- 17 dismissed the appeal.
- The question essentially isn't whether we're
- 19 going to call it jurisdictional or not. The guestion is
- 20 the effect of the particular rule. Some of the lower
- 21 courts call its indications of jurisdiction or a
- 22 prerequisite to jurisdiction. The question is what the
- 23 treatment of this particular requirement is and the
- 24 treatment of this particular requirement consistently
- 25 for over 150 years has been that it is mandatory,

- 1 jurisdictional, non-forfeitable, it can be raised by the
- 2 court sua sponte.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: What characteristics are
- 4 you asserting follow from calling it jurisdictional in
- 5 this case?
- 6 MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, the --
- 7 JUSTICE SCALIA: Number one, it can't be
- 8 waived, right?
- 9 MR. MARSHALL: That's correct.
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: Number two --
- 11 MR. MARSHALL: It's non-forfeitable.
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: The court of appeals has to
- inquire on its own, right?
- MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor.
- 15 JUSTICE SCALIA: Anything else?
- 16 MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor. There's no
- 17 equitable exception to it. There is no equitable
- 18 exception to it as well if it's jurisdictional. So all
- 19 of those three attach to the term "jurisdictional." But
- 20 I also think they could equally attach to the notion
- 21 that, even if we don't want to call it jurisdictional,
- 22 if we don't view it as fitting easily within this
- 23 category of subject matter jurisdiction.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Except at least as to the
- 25 second, at least as to the second, I don't know of any

- 1 matter that a court has to inquire into sua sponte which
- 2 is not jurisdictional. That's the one of the three
- 3 characteristics that I think we have always attached the
- 4 word "jurisdictional" to, I think.
- 5 MR. MARSHALL: Well, Your Honor, in Day
- 6 versus McDonough in dealing with a habeas, with a habeas
- 7 statute of limitations, this Court approved the court of
- 8 appeals raising that issue sua sponte, although they --
- 9 although in that case the Court --
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: It may.
- MR. MARSHALL: It may.
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: But not must.
- MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Not must. And truly with
- 15 things we have called jurisdictional, you must, right?
- 16 MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor. However, if
- 17 the lower courts wanted to play with the language a
- 18 little bit and call it necessary for the invocation of
- 19 jurisdiction or a prerequisite --
- 20 JUSTICE SCALIA: We could call it
- 21 "quasi-jurisdictional." You wouldn't object to that?
- MR. MARSHALL: No, Your Honor. As
- 23 Shakespeare might say, it's not the name. We are
- 24 interested in the effect, and the effect here has been
- 25 traditionally enforced over 150 years of court practice.

- 1 JUSTICE SCALIA: Well, what do you think is
- 2 the --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: How far do you take it?
- 4 Suppose this 'slip is not noticed in the court of
- 5 appeals, and then there's a petition for cert, and some
- 6 clever law clerk notices that the notice of appeal was
- 7 filed in 16 days instead of in 14 days. Would the court
- 8 then have to dismiss for want of jurisdiction?
- 9 MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor. I think it
- 10 applies in the same way that lack of diversity would
- 11 apply or lack of a Federal question could apply, as in
- 12 the Mottley case. Even if it was in front of this
- 13 Court, if it was recognized in front of this Court, at
- 14 that time it would -- it must be dismissed.
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Let's take it a step
- 16 further. Let's assume it isn't recognized. Assume he
- 17 gets his habeas relief, and three years later some eager
- 18 beaver is culling through the records and says, this guy
- 19 never should have been in court. Do they rearrest him
- and put him into prison?
- 21 MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, collateral
- 22 attacks for lack of subject matter jurisdiction are not
- 23 normally sustained, if that's what the -- if I
- 24 understand your question correctly. So that, for
- 25 example, in a diversity case, if two years or three

- 1 years after it proceeds to final judgment somebody
- 2 realizes that both parties were from the same State, the
- 3 collateral attack would normally not allow to change
- 4 that, to change that result. And I would think that the
- 5 same thing would happen here. If the case had proceeded
- 6 to final judgment, if there were an error of this type,
- 7 as with other types of errors in subject matter
- 8 jurisdiction, there would not be an opening for
- 9 collateral attack.
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: What about something here I
- 11 hadn't run across, called the unique circumstances
- 12 doctrine. This Court in Osterneck said this: Where a
- 13 party has performed a act which if properly done would
- 14 postpone the deadline for filing his appeal -- and
- indeed that's what happened here; he postponed the
- 16 deadline for filing his appeal -- and has received
- 17 specific assurance by a judicial officer that this act
- 18 has been properly done -- and here he did receive
- 19 specific assurance by a judicial officer that the act
- 20 was properly done -- in those circumstances, you can
- 21 make a little exception in the interests of justice.
- MR. MARSHALL: Well, Your Honor, the unique
- 23 circumstances doctrine doesn't apply here because there
- 24 wasn't an act which if requested could have been
- 25 properly done.

- 1 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes, yes, the act was that
- 2 he filed a motion to reopen, which motion to reopen
- 3 postponed the time of appeal. And two things have to
- 4 happen with that act. One is you have to get the
- 5 district judge to agree; and second, you have to file
- 6 the paper.
- 7 So that's the act which if properly done
- 8 would, in fact, have led to the appeal.
- 9 MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, I think that --
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: I agree there were two
- 11 parts to it or two acts, if you want.
- MR. MARSHALL: But, Justice Breyer, in this
- 13 case I think that what would have had to happen is that
- 14 the Petitioner would have had to move for 17 days in
- order for the act to be properly done. He moved for 14
- 16 days.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: I thought what we were
- 18 talking about was that if the order had said 14 days
- instead of 17, then the act would have been properly
- 20 done. That is, the only reason that -- the 16 days,
- 21 according to Mr. Mancino the only reason he took 16 days
- 22 was the judge authorized that. If the judge hadn't
- 23 authorized that, the rule wouldn't have been discarded
- 24 and he would have filed in 14 days.
- MR. MARSHALL: Well, Your Honor, the judge

- 1 -- our argument is in part that the judge had no power
- 2 to authorize it. If I understand your question, with
- 3 respect to the unique circumstances doctrine, this
- 4 doesn't fit in because in the unique circumstances
- 5 doctrine the litigant actually has to seek a particular
- 6 type of relief and get granted that relief. The
- 7 Petitioner here did not seek leave to file his motion of
- 8 appeal within 17 days. The Petitioner here sought,
- 9 which is the only thing he could do under the rules, is
- 10 seek to reopen for 14 days.
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So he hasn't
- 12 received, just quoting from Osterneck, he hasn't
- 13 received assurance that the act has been properly done?
- MR. MARSHALL: That's right.
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: In other words, if
- 16 he came back and said, was my notice of appeal timely or
- 17 something, and the judge at that point ruled, then it
- 18 might come under that provision. But this is just --
- 19 prospectively, he could have filed this timely even
- 20 after the judge issued the order. In other words, he
- 21 could have filed it on the 14th day. He didn't have to
- 22 wait until the 17th day.
- MR. MARSHALL: That's correct, Your Honor.
- 24 JUSTICE BREYER: Why does that matter? I
- 25 mean, also Osterneck I happened to guess involved a case

- 1 that took place on Tuesday. This case took place on
- 2 Thursday. I mean, I grant you the language literally
- 3 you could say doesn't quite fit it, but so what? The
- 4 purpose of this Osterneck I take it is to have a very
- 5 narrow exception where a judge tells you basically what
- 6 to do, and you follow what the judge said, and then, lo
- 7 and behold, they hit you with this jurisdictional thing
- 8 and you didn't get it right.
- Now, that seems to be its purpose, and the
- 10 language is very close, so why not follow it?
- MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, the purpose of
- 12 the unique circumstances doctrine is not to give a
- 13 license to litigants to rely on district court errors.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: That would be the
- 15 very narrow circumstances doctrine, not the unique
- 16 circumstances doctrine.
- 17 (Laughter.)
- JUSTICE BREYER: I notice the court applied
- 19 it twice, so it couldn't quite be the unique
- 20 circumstances.
- MR. MARSHALL: That's right, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: May I ask this question.
- 23 Supposing there was a dispute as to whether the order
- 24 had been entered on February 10 or February 12. Say his
- 25 handwriting was illegible. Would that be a dispute that

- 1 would remain open throughout the appellate process?
- 2 MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, the question is
- 3 when the clerk of court would have entered for the entry
- 4 of judgment.
- 5 JUSTICE STEVENS: If he'd entered this order
- 6 on February 12 or 13 -- I forget which day it was -- the
- 7 appeal would have been timely?
- 8 MR. MARSHALL: That's correct, Your Honor.
- 9 JUSTICE STEVENS: And I'm just -- and the
- 10 order was defective because it didn't make findings
- 11 required by the rule. And I'm just wondering, supposing
- 12 it was ambiguous as to the date it was actually entered.
- 13 Would the party then be entitled to rely on the date,
- 14 February 27th, set in the order, or would he have a duty
- 15 to investigate and find out exactly when the judge
- 16 signed the order?
- 17 MR. MARSHALL: I think the key question,
- 18 Your Honor, I think is when the -- when the order is
- 19 entered into the docket, which is done by the clerk of
- 20 course. I think that is the triggering time.
- 21 JUSTICE STEVENS: My question is what if
- 22 that's somewhat ambiguous? A busy court, he handed it
- 23 to the clerk and the clerk didn't enter it into the
- 24 docket. You're not sure, there's a fact dispute about
- 25 that.

- 1 MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, that's a
- 2 different case. The beginning time period is a
- 3 beginning case, if there was some ambiguity there.
- 4 JUSTICE STEVENS: I understand. I'm just
- 5 wondering what your view is, how should courts resolve
- 6 that kind of dispute? Should that be a dispute that
- 7 remains open throughout the appellate process/ There's
- 8 a factual dispute as to when the judge signed order.
- 9 MR. MARSHALL: Yes, Your Honor. Again, the
- 10 factual dispute is when the --
- 11 JUSTICE STEVENS: If he had written here,
- instead of "2-10," he had written down "2-12," then the
- 13 prosecutor 3 days later realized he had written down the
- 14 wrong date, would that have made the appeal untimely?
- MR. MARSHALL: Your Honor, I think the
- 16 question at that point is what is the time period
- 17 entered into the formal docket, and what is the actual
- 18 judgment.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: And that's ambiguous, I'm
- 20 saying. That's ambiguous.
- 21 MR. MARSHALL: If for some reason the court
- 22 records are jumbled for some reason or another and
- 23 nobody can determine when that entry of order is, that's
- 24 a different case.
- 25 JUSTICE STEVENS: In that case, you then

- 1 rely on the February 27 date in the order? Then it must
- 2 be permissible to rely on appeal to be filed by 2-27?
- 3 In such a case it would be okay.
- 4 MR. MARSHALL: Again, Your Honor, the
- 5 critical thing with the rule period is the time period
- 6 from the entry of judgment.
- 7 JUSTICE STEVENS: I know, and I say it's
- 8 hard to figure out when the order was actually written
- 9 down in the docket.
- 10 MR. MARSHALL: I think that the question
- 11 that would be required then was for whoever was filing
- 12 the notice of appeal to determine when the entry of the
- 13 docket is. If that's ambiguous, I think it's obligatory
- on the litigant to err on the side of caution, Your
- 15 Honor.
- 16 JUSTICE STEVENS: And not rely on the 2-27
- 17 date.
- 18 MR. MARSHALL: I would certainly suggest
- 19 that a litigant argue on -- err on the side of caution
- 20 if at all.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Justice Breyer quoted
- 22 from the Osterneck case. There was another statement of
- 23 the rule which goes like this: There is a sharply honed
- 24 exception covering cases in which the trial judge has
- 25 misled a party who could have and probably would have

- 1 taken timely action as a trial judge conveyed correct
- 2 rather than incorrect information. This case fits right
- 3 into that description, doesn't it?
- 4 PLAINTIFF'S COUNSEL: No, Your Honor. The
- 5 case that they're citing to is Thompson, and in Thompson
- 6 what occurred in that case is that the litigant in that
- 7 case --
- 8 JUSTICE GINSBURG: The case that I'm reading
- 9 from is the concurring opinion in Carlisle against
- 10 United States. It does cite Thompson.
- 11 MR. MARSHALL: Thompson is the case,
- 12 Thompson -- this Court has not relied on the unique
- 13 circumstances doctrine in 40 years. Buy in Thompson
- 14 what occurred was the Petitioner requested a new trial
- 15 untimely, but was told by the court that they had timely
- 16 requested a new trial. Because they were informed that
- 17 they were entitled to a new trial, they did not do
- 18 something else, which was file the notice of appeal. So
- 19 the court basically sent them down the wrong avenue.
- 20 Here there was no wrong avenue that the court -- that
- 21 the litigant was being sent down.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: But they would have filed
- 23 that notice of appeal earlier if the judge had said,
- 24 your motion for a new trial is untimely. It seems to me
- 25 the same as in this case. The judge said: Your motion

- 1 is timely, so you're going to have the trigger so much
- 2 later. Fine. If the judge had said, your motion is
- 3 untimely and you know you've got to get your notice of
- 4 appeal in sooner rather than later. Similarly, here the
- 5 judge said, well, you've got until 17 days later.
- If the judge had done right and said the
- 7 14-day period, then surely Mr. Mancino would have filed
- 8 within that period.
- 9 MR. MARSHALL: But, Your Honor, there is
- 10 nothing that the court did that prevented the litigant
- 11 here from filing on time. There was nothing that would
- 12 have prevented the litigation here from filing within
- 13 the 14-day period.
- 14 And when --
- 15 JUSTICE GINSBURG: There was nothing in
- 16 Thompson that prevented filing the notice of appeal.
- 17 MR. MARSHALL: Except in Thompson, Your
- 18 Honor, he was told that he had the right to proceed on a
- 19 motion for new trial. If he had -- Your Honor, I see
- 20 that my time is up.
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You can finish your
- 22 answer.
- MR. MARSHALL: In Thompson, Your Honor, the
- 24 difference is that -- that the litigant was sent down a
- 25 different road which was inconsistent with his filing a

- 1 notice of appeal. Here there is nothing inconsistent
- 2 about filing a notice within 14 days as opposed to 17
- 3 days.
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 5 Mr. Marshall.
- 6 MR. MARSHALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: We'll hear from Mr. Stewart.
- 8 ORAL ARGUMENT OF MALCOLM L. STEWART,
- 9 ON BEHALF OF UNITED STATES AS AMICUS CURIAE,
- 10 SUPPORTING RESPONDENT
- 11 MR. STEWART: Thank you Mr. Chief Justice
- 12 and may it please the Court.
- 13 For four basic reasons the deadline for
- 14 filing a notice of appeal in a civil case should be
- 15 treated as jurisdictional and therefore as nonwaivable.
- 16 First, the time limit sent forth in Section 2107
- 17 directly implicates the concerns that underlie the
- 18 special treatment of jurisdictional issues. It's a
- 19 fundamental precept of our legal system that Federal
- 20 courts should take special care to avoid adjudicating
- 21 cases where Congress has not authorized them to do so.
- 22 Or to put it another way, our legal system has
- 23 presupposed that the unauthorized exercise of
- 24 jurisdiction is an error different in kind from the
- 25 misapplication of law in cases that a court is

- 1 authorized to adjudicate.
- 2 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Stewart, do you think
- 3 this is subject -- that question is subject matter
- 4 jurisdiction?
- 5 MR. STEWART: We would -- we would
- 6 characterize it as a species of appellate jurisdiction.
- 7 That is, this Court has often said that it's the
- 8 fundamental duty of this Court when doubt is -- when
- 9 doubt is apparent, to inquire into its own jurisdiction
- 10 and that of the court from which the record comes. And
- 11 that division presupposes that there are cases over
- 12 which the lower court had subject matter jurisdiction,
- 13 over which this Court would not have appellate
- 14 jurisdiction.
- 15 For example, situations sometimes arise,
- 16 particularly in cases that are adjudicated by
- 17 three-judge district courts, in which there is a dispute
- 18 as to whether a particular district court order is
- 19 directly appealable to this Court or should go instead
- 20 to the court of appeals. And if somebody comes to this
- 21 Court and this Court determines that the appeal should
- 22 have gone to the court of appeals instead, the error is
- 23 characterized as one of appellate jurisdiction. This
- 24 Court lacks jurisdiction to review the ruling even
- 25 though there's nothing to suggest that the case as a

- 1 whole fell outside the subject matter jurisdiction of
- 2 the district court.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: Mr. Stewart, that's one
- 4 those interesting examples. We lack jurisdiction of the
- 5 case but we have power to order it refiled, to vacate
- 6 the order and have it refiled, don't we?
- 7 MR. STEWART: That is an anomaly. The Court
- 8 has said on occasion that because it lacks appellate
- 9 jurisdiction it has no power to do anything with the
- 10 case except to vacate the order. And I think that's a
- 11 court that I'm not going to try to explain.
- 12 (Laughter.)
- 13 MR. STEWART: But I think Mr. Marshall has
- 14 identified the second example, namely the final decision
- 15 requirement of 28 USC 1291. That is, that's universally
- 16 conceded to be a jurisdictional rule, even though it has
- 17 nothing to do with whether the district court had
- 18 subject matter jurisdiction over the case. It is simply
- 19 whether this particular decision over -- for which
- 20 review is sought falls within the appellate jurisdiction
- 21 of the court of appeals. And our point --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: Mr. Stewart, should we
- 23 repudiate the unique circumstances doctrine?
- MR. STEWART: I don't think you need to -- I
- 25 think you should repudiate any conception that Federal

- 1 courts have freewheeling authority to excuse
- 2 noncompliance with statutory time limits for taking
- 3 appeals.
- 4 JUSTICE SOUTER: Well, the unique
- 5 circumstances doctrine is one circumstance in which
- 6 courts, say yeah, you can excuse it.
- 7 MR. STEWART: Well, I -- I think actually
- 8 both Harris and Thompson are explicable on other
- 9 grounds. And may even be correct in more limited ways.
- 10 For example, Harris --
- JUSTICE SOUTER: But on the grounds for
- 12 which they have been taken as authority, is it your view
- 13 that we should repudiate those grounds?
- 14 MR. STEWART: Yes. With respect to civil
- 15 cases for which the time for taking an appeal is
- 16 specified by statute, it's our view to the extent that
- 17 Harris and Thompson would otherwise support the
- 18 proposition that district courts may excuse
- 19 noncompliance with the time limits, those cases should
- 20 be repudiated.
- 21 JUSTICE BREYER: Well -- in criminal.
- 22 MR. STEWART: In criminal cases the time for
- 23 taking an appeal is not specified by statute. It's
- 24 imposed by Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(b).
- 25 But there's no statutory basis for it. There was up

- 1 until 1988 a provision of Title 18 of the U.S. Code,
- 2 Section 3772, that specifically authorized this Court to
- 3 promulgate rules that would establish the time for
- 4 filing a notice of appeal --
- 5 JUSTICE BREYER: But in -- though of course,
- 6 you'd have to confine it very narrowly, I take that
- 7 doctrine, if there weren't a statute, you read it into
- 8 the rule. So there is a statute and you read the
- 9 statute as saying well there could be very some very
- 10 narrow circumstances that Congress would have been
- 11 willing to make an exception. For example it is a
- 12 couple of days and the judge tells you, "do it" or lets
- 13 you do it. It's roughly the same thing, isn't it?
- 14 MR. STEWART: Well I think it makes a
- 15 fundamental difference that there is a statute in place.
- 16 And certainly with respect to circuit certiorari
- 17 petitions coming from the court of appeals to this
- 18 Court, this Court has recognized that distinction to be
- 19 fundamental.
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You're sure habeas
- 21 cases are classified for this purpose as civil rather
- 22 than criminal?
- MR. STEWART: Yes, there's no -- no dispute
- 24 about that. And indeed if the -- if this case were
- 25 classified as civil for purposes of -- I mean, as

- 1 criminal for purposes of the time limit for taking an
- 2 appeal, it would have been far out of time under Federal
- 3 Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(b). Indeed the authority
- 4 of the district court to have granted the reopening
- 5 period 180 days later wouldn't have been present in the
- 6 criminal context.
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Looking at the rule,
- 8 it does require these findings. Has that been
- 9 interpreted to require that they be written on the
- 10 record or is that simply something that's supposed to
- 11 quide the district court?
- 12 MR. STEWART: I think the courts of appeals
- 13 have not required that they be written on the record but
- 14 have required that there be a basis appearing in the
- 15 record for those findings. So, for instance, if
- 16 Petitioner's counsel had filed a document asking to
- 17 reopen in the time, but had not represented that he had
- 18 not been informed of the judgment, then I think that if
- 19 the court had granted the reopening, that could be set
- 20 aside on appeal on the ground that there was no support
- 21 in the record for such a finding. But I don't believe
- 22 the courts of appeals have required there be explicit
- 23 findings as opposed to findings that are implicit in the
- 24 grant of the reopening.
- The point I was going to make about the

- 1 certiorari petitions is that this Court's Rule 13.1
- 2 imposes a 90-day limit for filing a cert petition in all
- 3 cases. It is not divided between civil and criminal.
- 4 But this Court has recognized that the 90-day limit has
- 5 a very different status is criminal cases than in civil
- 6 cases. That is Rule 13.2 of the rules of this Court
- 7 states that when a cert petition is jurisdictionally out
- 8 of time, the clerk is directed not to file it. And Rule
- 9 13.2 cites USC 21.01(c).
- 10 So the clear implication is that the Court
- 11 recognizes the time limit imposed by statute in civil
- 12 cases to be a jurisdictional limit. And the crucial
- 13 point of Rule 13.2 is not simply that it uses the word
- 14 jurisdictionally. It's that it gives an instruction to
- 15 the clerk not to file the petition regardless of whether
- 16 any other party objects. It's the very type of thing
- 17 that a court will do as to matters of its jurisdiction,
- 18 as to matters over which it has an obligation to take
- 19 cognizance, regardless of the other party's objection.
- In criminal cases by contrast the 90-day
- 21 rule applies under the rules, but the Court has
- 22 recognized that it retains the authority to grant
- 23 petitions that are untimely filed even in cases where
- 24 the other party objects.
- The other thing I would say about 2107(a)

- 1 and it's -- part of it is reprinted at page 16 of the
- 2 Government's brief. In the last full paragraph of page
- 3 16, it says, the basic time limit for appeals in similar
- 4 cases is set by 28 U.S.C 2107(a), which states that --
- 5 and then the part we haven't reproduced says except as
- 6 otherwise provided in this section.
- 7 And then it goes on to say no appeal shall
- 8 bring any judgment order or decree in an action, suit or
- 9 proceeding of a civil nature before a court of appeals
- 10 for review unless notice of appeal is filed within 30
- 11 days.
- 12 And the significance of this provision, this
- 13 language, is it doesn't simply say a notice of appeal
- 14 must be filed within 30 days. Language like that would
- 15 conceivably leave open the question of what happens if
- 16 the notice of appeal is untimely filed. This language
- 17 actually says if a notice of appeal is not filed within
- 18 30 days, the appeal will not bring the judgment --
- 19 JUSTICE STEVENS: But it begins with the
- 20 exception as provided in subparagraph (c).
- 21 MR. STEWART: That's correct. So we're not
- 22 saying that the 30-day limit is absolute --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: Yeah.
- MR. STEWART: -- but we're saying that the
- 25 rule specifies that if the various time restrictions are

- 1 not complied with, the appeal will not bring -- I'm
- 2 sorry, the appeal shall not bring the judgment, order,
- 3 or decree before the court of appeals. This is
- 4 specifically framed as a limitation on the authority of
- 5 the reviewing court.
- 6 JUSTICE BREYER: What do you think, if we
- 7 did go to Thompson and looked at that, this would be a
- 8 fortiori from Thompson, as described in Osterneck, was a
- 9 case in which the judge simply said from the bench look,
- 10 your -- your -- the new trial motion is timely, though
- 11 it wasn't; it was out of by two days. While here, we
- 12 have a formal court order, it is a formal order entered
- 13 with a -- you know, stamp of the judge, and it says you
- 14 have till the 27th to file.
- 15 MR. STEWART: Well, are two things we would
- 16 say about Thompson. The first is that as this Court
- 17 explained in its recent decision in Hibbs versus Winn,
- 18 it's long been recognized that a timely motion for
- 19 reconsideration will suspend the finality of the
- 20 judgment and toll the time for taking an appeal. And
- 21 the Court in Hibbs versus Winn further explained that
- 22 under certain circumstances, even an untimely motion for
- 23 reconsideration will have that effect, if the judge
- 24 appropriately considers it on the merits.
- 25 And Thompson can be explained as holding

- 1 simply that where the Government does not object and the
- 2 district court evinces an intent to treat the motion as
- 3 timely and consider it on the merits, it will suspend
- 4 the finality of the judgment I don't think Thompson has
- 5 to read -- has to be read to stand for a broader
- 6 equitable principle.
- 7 The other thing I'd say about Thompson is
- 8 that for better or for worse, the Government's brief in
- 9 opposition in Thompson, and the case was decided on the
- 10 cert papers, didn't cite 28 U.S.C. 2107; it relied
- 11 exclusively on the time limit that was stated in the
- 12 Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure. Therefore the
- 13 Court in Thompson was not required to grapple with
- 14 congressionally imposed limits.
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr.
- 16 Stewart.
- Mr. Mancino, you have four minutes
- 18 remaining.
- 19 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF PAUL MANCINO, JR.,
- 20 ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER
- 21 MR. MANCINO: If this were a case where
- 22 someone just missed the 30-day deadline, I don't think
- 23 we would be talking. We are talking about a case where
- 24 a judge properly found, properly ruled that notice was
- 25 not given and had the authority to reopen the case. And

- 1 we talk about mandatory and jurisdiction of the case.
- 2 All that were involved in this case is how is the case
- 3 moved from one court to another.
- And the -- was it moved properly in this
- 5 case? The unique circumstances, I think you cannot find
- 6 a more compelling case for unique circumstances.
- 7 Did the party rely upon the court? Here you
- 8 have a handwritten notation from the court, signed by
- 9 the judge --
- 10 JUSTICE STEVENS: Mr. Mancino, does the
- 11 record tell us how you got notice of that order?
- MR. MANCINO: No, it doesn't. But I mean, I
- 13 did get notice of it. It came in the mail, but it
- 14 doesn't --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: You, you got that order in
- 16 the mail?
- 17 MR. MANCINO: In the mail, correct. And
- 18 that's why I believe the three days was added, thinking
- 19 of the mail rule that we have three additional days to
- 20 do it in connection with the case. And that's how I
- 21 believe the, how the 17 days came up.
- 22 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And I asked this once
- 23 before: Did the document you received show the dates
- 24 that it was entered on the docket, so you knew when the
- 25 14 days was running from?

- 1 MR. MANCINO: No, the only information it
- 2 had was the printed -- the printed date by the judge.
- 3 Did not show it was entered that same day.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah, but in the -- in this
- 5 thing, it says entered on February 10.
- MR. MANCINO: Yeah, that's correct. The
- 7 docket does show that.
- 8 JUSTICE STEVENS: But how did you find out
- 9 it had been entered on February 10? Because you did
- 10 know that at the time you filed your notice of appeal.
- 11 MR. MANCINO: Well, I just went off what the
- 12 date on the -- the handwritten date on the pleading we
- 13 received from the court. It said February 10, so we
- 14 just put it in there. Didn't go to the actual docket to
- 15 see if, in fact, it was entered. As you can see, orders
- 16 were not -- in this case were not entered on date that
- 17 the judge signified anyway.
- 18 JUSTICE GINSBURG: This is, this is all at
- 19 the top of page 151 of the joint appendix, right?
- 20 That's the that entire thing.
- MR. MANCINO: That is the -- well, it is
- 22 printed on that. But I mean, if you look at the
- 23 original document --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Yes. It was
- 25 handwritten --

- 1 MR. MANCINO: It's a handwritten --
- 2 handwritten by the judge in, in the case. So --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: But it says when it was
- 4 signed by the judge. It doesn't say when it was entered
- 5 on the docket, when it was entered by the clerk.
- 6 MR. MANCINO: No. It says when the judge
- 7 signed it. That's correct.
- 8 JUSTICE BREYER: But it says it in the
- 9 index, it says -- it says docket entries. 2-10, it says
- 10 entered 2-10, on page 11. On page 11.
- 11 MR. MANCINO: Yeah, that's correct. But
- 12 that's from the docket --
- 13 JUSTICE BREYER: Received. So-
- MR. MANCINO: But the document we received
- 15 from the Court just has -- you know -- the handwritten
- 16 notation on it, file your appeal by --
- 17 JUSTICE ALITO: What would you, what would
- 18 you have had to have done to find out when it was
- 19 entered on the docket? Could you have accessed that
- 20 electronically? Or would you have to go to the court,
- 21 to --
- MR. MANCINO: Well, probably I could not
- 23 have -- at that time, I mean I could do it now, but at
- 24 that time you'd have to go over to the courthouse, just
- 25 like we walked on orders of appeal over to the

1	courthouse, had it stamped by the clerk there, and
2	figured that was the end of it and we were on our way to
3	the Sixth Circuit in Cincinnati. Thanks.
4	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
5	Mr. Mancino. The case is submitted.
6	(Whereupon, the case in the above-titled
7	matter was submitted at 12:07 p.m.)
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

_		l	l	
A	39:12,22 40:19	9:25 11:10	arising 26:19	balance 8:14
abide 14:23	40:20 41:13	15:9 20:21	aside 49:20	Barnhart 30:14
above-entitled	amend 13:3	26:23,25 32:12	asked 54:22	basic 44:13 51:3
1:11	amicus 1:22	33:8 34:5	asking 4:10 6:23	basically 38:5
above-titled	2:10 44:9	45:20,22 46:21	9:22 18:1	42:19
57:6	amount 31:4,6,8	47:3 48:17	49:16	basis 5:21 47:25
absolute 51:22	anomaly 46:7	49:12,22 51:3	asserting 32:4	49:14
accessed 56:19	answer 18:9	51:9 52:3	Assistant 1:20	beaver 34:18
act 7:4,13,13	29:2 43:22	appear 29:23,24	assume 9:25	beginning 40:2
8:20 9:2 19:4	anyway 19:11	APPEARAN	25:2,13 34:16	40:3
35:13,17,19,24	23:16 25:14	1:14	34:16	begins 51:19
36:1,4,7,15,19	55:17	appearing 49:14	assuming 6:2	behalf 1:15,19
37:13	apparent 45:9	appears 7:4 31:9	assurance 20:11	1:22 2:4,7,10
action 42:1 51:8	apparently 3:15	appellate 23:9	20:13 21:21	2:14 3:7 25:19
acts 36:11	12:9 13:10	27:2 28:25	35:17,19 37:13	44:9 53:20
actual 3:23 8:5	appeal 3:12 4:2	29:1 39:1 40:7	assure 21:13	behold 38:7
21:19 40:17	4:6,15 5:3,17	45:6,13,23	attach 32:19,20	believe 9:13
55:14	5:19,24 6:5,9	46:8,20 47:24	attached 33:3	10:17 12:1
added 19:23	6:15 7:7,23 9:3	49:3 53:12	attack 35:3,9	14:4 15:16
54:18	9:3,20 13:22	appendix 24:19	attacks 34:22	16:16,19,20
additional 54:19	14:6,7,18 16:7	55:19	attention 22:17	18:17 19:19
addressed 27:6	16:23 17:15	applicable 6:15	attorney 1:18	22:25 24:7
adjudicate 45:1	19:24 20:19	application 7:6	4:24	49:21 54:18,21
adjudicated	21:3 22:22	13:17 22:22	authority 3:15	bench 52:9
45:16	23:17 25:9,23	applications	3:21 5:21 12:9	better 5:12 53:8
adjudicating	26:12 27:3,10	7:17	47:1,12 49:3	binding 11:24
44:20	27:22 30:8	applied 38:18	50:22 52:4	14:1
advance 9:19	31:17 34:6	applies 34:10	53:25	bit 9:2 33:18
11:14	35:14,16 36:3	50:21	authorize 37:2	Bowles 1:3 3:4
adversely 5:20	36:8 37:8,16	apply 20:21	authorized 3:12	Breyer 18:4,10
advise 9:19	39:7 40:14	34:11,11 35:23	3:18,20 36:22	18:15,24 19:12
agree 36:5,10	41:2,12 42:18	appreciated	36:23 44:21	35:10 36:1,10
agreed 11:10	42:23 43:4,16	8:10	45:1 48:2	36:12 37:24
ahead 9:25	44:1,14 45:21	approach 14:9	avenue 42:19,20	38:18 41:21
ALITO 27:12	47:15,23 48:4	appropriate	avoid 44:20	47:21 48:5
27:24 28:11	49:2,20 51:7	14:19	aware 8:5	52:6 55:4 56:8
29:7 56:17	51:10,13,16,17	appropriately	a.m 1:13	56:13
allotted 7:10	51:18 52:1,2	52:24		brief 51:2 53:8
allow 4:15 8:15	52:20 55:10	approved 33:7	<u>B</u>	briefed 23:22
11:24 35:3	56:16,25	Arabic 18:22	back 5:14 7:9	briefing 6:11
allowed 5:17 6:3	appealability	argue 14:5	10:19 15:1	briefs 6:8
19:4	23:12,14,18,23	41:19	17:22 22:9	bring 22:16 51:8
allowing 7:1	appealable	argument 1:12	29:8,13 37:16	51:18 52:1,2
allows 6:20 7:22	45:19	2:2,5,8,12 3:3	background	broader 53:5
alter 13:1,2	appeals 3:14	3:6 4:20 20:6	28:2,4 29:16	busy 39:22
ambiguity 40:3	6:12,13,16	25:18 37:1	30:18	Buy 42:13
ambiguous	9:11,15,18,23	44:8 53:19	bad 15:10,23	

	ī	ī	1	1
<u>C</u>	30:23 41:24	circumstance	45:10,20	contest 20:4
$\frac{c}{c}$ 2:1 3:1 51:20	44:21,25 45:11	47:5	coming 8:21,22	context 30:16
calculating 8:23	45:16 47:15,19	circumstances	48:17	49:6
calculation	47:22 48:21	4:24 7:12,24	compelling 8:20	contradicts
20:23	50:3,5,6,12,20	35:11,20,23	54:6	26:13
calendar 8:23	50:23 51:4	37:3,4 38:12	compliance 8:2	contrary 11:15
	category 32:23	38:15,16,20	complied 20:5,6	contrast 50:20
16:14 18:6 call 8:12 10:18	cause 7:8	42:13 46:23	31:16 52:1	control 10:15
31:19,21 32:21	caution 41:14,19	47:5 48:10	conceded 46:16	20:12
,	cert 34:5 50:2,7	52:22 54:5,6	conceivably	controversies
33:18,20	53:10	cite 4:12 42:10	51:15	31:4
called 33:15	certain 4:23	53:10	conception	controversy
35:11	6:22 13:21	cited 4:11	46:25	31:6,9
calling 32:4	23:21 52:22	cites 50:9	concerning	conveyed 42:1
care 44:20	certainly 5:1,2	citing 42:5	29:25	correct 4:13
Carlisle 42:9	22:3 26:17	citizenship 31:8	concerns 28:12	5:15 10:1
case 3:4,17 4:3,4	29:3 41:18	civil 4:3,4 8:25	44:17	12:14,15 17:4
6:10 7:10 8:25	48:16	9:4 19:6 28:7	concurring 42:9	19:18 22:19
9:4 10:11	certainty 21:15	30:4 44:14	conditioned 8:2	28:16 32:9
11:22 12:20	certificate 23:12	47:14 48:21,25	confer 16:4	37:23 39:8
14:24 15:1,2,4	23:14,18,23	50:3,5,11 51:9	confine 48:6	42:1 47:9
16:7 17:23	certiorari 28:7	claim 11:17	confines 5:2	51:21 54:17
19:25 20:11,14	28:21,23 30:3	26:11	Congress 27:23	55:6 56:7,11
20:15,25 21:16	48:16 50:1		27:25 28:3,17	,
22:5,15,20		classically 26:25 27:5	,	correctly 34:24
23:8,11,15,19	change 35:3,4		29:5,10,15,17	counsel 1:17
24:9,9,16	changing 27:3	classified 48:21	31:7 44:21	10:24 11:1
25:24 26:19	Chapel 1:18	48:25	48:10	12:16 24:2
27:1,19 28:2	chapter 30:11	clear 50:10	congressional	25:16 42:4
28:12,19,21	characteristics	clearly 5:11	26:14 27:21,21	49:16
29:11 31:14	32:3 33:3	clerk 13:14,14	congressionally	count 13:22
32:5 33:9	characterize	17:18,25 34:6	53:14	18:13
34:12,25 35:5	45:6	39:3,19,23,23	connection 3:17	countless 26:14
36:13 37:25	characterized	50:8,15 56:5	4:6 5:22 7:5,10	couple 48:12
38:1 40:2,3,24	45:23	57:1	8:25 9:4 10:21	course 4:17 18:1
40:25 41:3,22	Chief 3:3,8 4:9	clerk's 13:4	12:20 14:21,24	25:5 39:20
42:2,5,6,7,8,11	4:18 5:23 6:17	Cleveland 1:15	15:1,2 16:11	48:5
42:25 44:14	7:14 8:7 13:18	clever 34:6	18:20 20:14	court 1:1,12 3:9
45:25 46:5,10	14:8 20:2	client 5:13	23:8 54:20	3:10,11,13,14
46:18 48:24	21:12 22:6	close 38:10	consequences	3:15,19,19,21
52:9 53:9,21	24:13 25:16,20	code 29:24 48:1	9:9	3:22 4:5,8,19
53:23,25 54:1	37:11,15 38:14	cognizance	consider 53:3	4:21 5:1 6:12
54:2,2,5,6,20	43:21 44:4,11	50:19	considering	7:3,25 8:18,20
55:16 56:2	48:20 49:7	collateral 34:21	9:20	9:10,15,17,23
57:5,6	53:15 57:4	35:3,9	considers 52:24	9:24 11:10
cases 8:17 9:2	Cincinnati 57:3	come 7:23 12:1	consistently	12:8,9,10 13:7
14:12,16 28:7	circuit 23:11	20:9 37:18	30:19 31:24	13:12,13,15,16
28:9 30:4,20	48:16 57:3	comes 15:8	contact 20:20	13:20 14:1,13
ĺ				

	I	l	I	ı
14:20,22,22	criminal 9:2	48:12 49:5	45:19	documents
15:9,12 16:4,5	28:9,20,21	51:11,14,18	discarded 36:23	24:23
16:10,11 17:23	47:21,22 48:22	52:11 54:18,19	discretion 10:13	doing 5:22 11:14
17:24 19:6,19	49:1,6 50:3,5	54:21,25	dismiss 16:6	11:18 12:10
19:25 20:11,20	50:20	deadline 7:1	34:8	doubt 45:8,9
21:15,22,25	critical 8:8 41:5	25:23 35:14,16	dismissed 17:23	drafters 8:9,14
22:2,3,4,12,16	crucial 50:12	44:13 53:22	31:17 34:14	21:13
22:17 23:11,20	culling 34:18	deadlines 8:18	dispute 38:23,25	due 6:8
23:22 24:3	curiae 1:22 2:11	8:19 14:12	39:24 40:6,6,8	duty 39:14 45:8
25:21 26:4,14	44:9	20:9 27:22	40:10 45:17	D.C 1:8,21
27:1,6,8,8,10	cut 7:1	dealing 6:18	48:23	
27:14 28:6,13		33:6	distinction	E
28:17 29:4,11	D	deals 30:11	48:18	E 2:1 3:1,1
30:7,9,14,18	D 3:1	decided 53:9	distinguish 24:9	eager 34:17
31:14 32:2,12	date 3:16 4:1,16	decision 46:14	district 3:11,13	earlier 42:23
33:1,7,7,9,25	4:17 5:3,4,18	46:19 52:17	3:14,19,19,21	easily 32:22
34:4,7,13,13	5:19 13:3,21	decisions 26:14	3:22 4:19	Eberhart 20:25
34:19 35:12	17:1,15,24	decree 51:8 52:3	10:14,14 13:20	27:7
38:13,18 39:3	20:12 23:3	defective 39:10	14:1 15:4,14	Edmondson
39:22 40:21	39:12,13 40:14	deficiency 11:17	15:14,24 17:1	30:21 31:14
42:12,15,19,20	41:1,17 55:2	delay 6:4	21:15 26:1	effect 19:14
43:10 44:7,12	55:12,12,16	delaying 6:7	27:8 36:5	31:20 33:24,24
44:25 45:7,8	dates 54:23	demonstrating	38:13 45:17,18	52:23
45:10,12,13,18	day 4:17 5:25	26:9	46:2,17 47:18	either 18:23
45:19,20,21,21	7:19 8:5 13:19	denied 23:18	49:4,11 53:2	electronic 13:8
45:22,24 46:2	13:23 16:14	25:3	diversity 31:1,8	13:11
46:7,11,17,21	18:6,7 33:5	Department	34:10,25	electronically
48:2,17,18,18	37:21,22 39:6	1:21	divided 50:3	56:20
49:4,11,19	55:3	departures 8:15	dividing 28:25	enacted 27:25
50:4,6,10,17	days 3:17 4:5,10	described 52:8	division 29:5	28:3 29:10
50:21 51:9	5:8 6:3,3,19,23	description 42:3	45:11	30:17 31:12
52:3,5,12,16	7:3,12,13 8:4	determine 40:23	dock 17:10	enforced 33:25
52:21 53:2,13	8:24,24,25 9:6	41:12	docket 4:1 13:4	enlarge 26:2
54:3,7,8 55:13	10:13,25 11:5	determines	17:16,18 39:19	enter 39:23
56:15,20	11:7,11 13:22	45:21	39:24 40:17	entered 3:25
courthouse	13:24 14:3	determining	41:9,13 54:24	13:20 16:23
56:24 57:1	16:12 17:1,7	30:14	55:7,14 56:5,9	17:2,3,7,22,25
courts 15:4 26:1	17:25 18:20	difference 6:3	56:12,19	19:14 24:21
29:1,1 31:21	19:4,5,10,15	6:18 14:21	doctrine 35:12	38:24 39:3,5
33:17 40:5	19:20,23,23	43:24 48:15	35:23 37:3,5	39:12,19 40:17
44:20 45:17	21:6 22:7,8,10	different 7:18	38:12,15,16	52:12 54:24
47:1,6,18	23:1,3 24:10	9:2 15:16 27:5	42:13 46:23	55:3,5,9,15,16
49:12,22	25:9 34:7,7	40:2,24 43:25	47:5 48:7	56:4,5,10,19
court's 17:2,10	36:14,16,18,20	44:24 50:5	document 16:23	entire 24:20
24:4 28:5 30:3	36:21,24 37:8	directed 50:8	17:19,19 19:17	55:20
50:1	37:10 40:13	directive 4:5,8	49:16 54:23	entitled 26:9
covering 41:24	43:5 44:2,3	directly 44:17	55:23 56:14	39:13 42:17
		J		
	<u> </u>	ı	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

entries 56:9	expired 7:23	14:6,13 19:5	followed 3:11	38:12
entry 3:23,24,25	explain 26:11	19:24 20:19	forfeited 10:3	given 9:1 13:24
3:25 4:2 17:9	46:11	23:1 36:5 37:7	26:3	53:25
17:10 39:3	explained 52:17	42:18 50:8,15	forfeiting 11:16	gives 11:7 50:14
40:23 41:6,12	52:21,25	52:14 56:16	forfeiture 20:10	giving 10:15
envelope 19:9,9	explicable 47:8	filed 3:11 4:17	forget 39:6	22:4
equally 32:20	explicit 49:22	5:19 6:9 7:18	form 26:22	glad 4:14
equitable 6:1	extend 3:21	9:3,12 12:19	formal 40:17	go 7:8,9 9:25
7:21 8:1,12,15	extension 3:16	13:1,23 14:15	52:12,12	15:8 22:9,16
20:9 21:9,10	5:7	14:17,18 21:1	formulate 11:22	45:19 52:7
26:7 32:17,17	extent 47:16	21:6,6 34:7	forth 15:20	55:14 56:20,24
53:6	extra 4:19 6:22	36:2,24 37:19	44:16	goes 15:17 41:23
err 41:14,19	20:17,19	37:21 41:2	fortiori 52:8	51:7
error 35:6 44:24	extraordinary	42:22 43:7	forward 11:24	going 6:12,13
45:22	26:9	49:16 50:23	found 13:13,14	7:16,17 11:24
errors 35:7		51:10,14,16,17	13:15,16 25:3	19:7 20:3
38:13	F	55:10	53:24	21:16 22:10
ESQ 1:15,17,20	faced 5:10	filing 6:4 9:16	four 44:13 53:17	23:7 31:19
2:3,6,9,13	fact 5:16 14:3	13:8,11 21:2	framed 52:4	43:1 46:11
essentially 31:18	24:4 28:15	21:20 25:23	free 16:6	49:25
establish 48:3	36:8 39:24	35:14,16 41:11	freewheeling	goof 12:23
event 26:5	55:15	43:11,12,16,25	47:1	governing 26:15
everybody 13:9	factual 40:8,10	44:2,14 48:4	friendly 11:1	Government
20:23	failure 25:22	50:2	front 34:12,13	53:1
	6 . 04 10		,	
l evinces 53:2	fair 24:12	final 9:5 26:23	full 51:2	Government's
evinces 53:2 exactly 39:15	fair 24:12 fairness 9:18	final 9:5 26:23 27:17.17 35:1	full 51:2 fundamental	Government's 51:2 53:8
exactly 39:15		27:17,17 35:1	fundamental	51:2 53:8
exactly 39:15 example 34:25	fairness 9:18	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14	fundamental 44:19 45:8	
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G 3:1	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G 3:1 game 27:12	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G 3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G 3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively 53:11	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12 feels 10:14	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22 12:24 25:25	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22 31:6 34:3	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11 47:13
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively 53:11 excuse 30:17	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12 feels 10:14 fell 46:1	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22 12:24 25:25 44:16 52:16	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22 31:6 34:3 36:17 41:21	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11 47:13 guess 12:13
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively 53:11 excuse 30:17 47:1,6,18	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12 feels 10:14 fell 46:1 figure 41:8	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22 12:24 25:25 44:16 52:16 fit 37:4 38:3	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22 31:6 34:3 36:17 41:21 42:8,22 43:15	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11 47:13 guess 12:13 37:25
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively 53:11 excuse 30:17 47:1,6,18 exemption 8:20	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12 feels 10:14 fell 46:1 figure 41:8 figured 57:2	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22 12:24 25:25 44:16 52:16 fit 37:4 38:3 fits 42:2	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22 31:6 34:3 36:17 41:21 42:8,22 43:15 45:2 55:18,24	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11 47:13 guess 12:13 37:25 guide 49:11 guy 34:18
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively 53:11 excuse 30:17 47:1,6,18 exemption 8:20 exercise 44:23	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12 feels 10:14 fell 46:1 figure 41:8 figured 57:2 file 4:2,6 5:24	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22 12:24 25:25 44:16 52:16 fit 37:4 38:3 fits 42:2 fitting 32:22	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22 31:6 34:3 36:17 41:21 42:8,22 43:15 45:2 55:18,24 give 6:22 10:25	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11 47:13 guess 12:13 37:25 guide 49:11 guy 34:18 H
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively 53:11 excuse 30:17 47:1,6,18 exemption 8:20 exercise 44:23 expansive 4:25	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12 feels 10:14 fell 46:1 figure 41:8 figured 57:2	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22 12:24 25:25 44:16 52:16 fit 37:4 38:3 fits 42:2 fitting 32:22 focused 6:2	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22 31:6 34:3 36:17 41:21 42:8,22 43:15 45:2 55:18,24	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11 47:13 guess 12:13 37:25 guide 49:11 guy 34:18
exactly 39:15 example 34:25 45:15 46:14 47:10 48:11 examples 46:4 exception 7:15 8:12 13:19 26:7 32:17,18 35:21 38:5 41:24 48:11 51:20 exceptions 8:19 14:11 20:8,8 exclusively 53:11 excuse 30:17 47:1,6,18 exemption 8:20 exercise 44:23 expansive 4:25 expended 15:25	fairness 9:18 falls 26:8 46:20 far 26:8 30:21 34:3 49:2 fatal 25:24 favor 25:3 February 4:2,3 16:15 18:7 23:17 38:24,24 39:6,14 41:1 55:5,9,13 federal 26:1,17 26:19 31:2 34:11 44:19 46:25 47:24 49:2 53:12 feels 10:14 fell 46:1 figure 41:8 figured 57:2 file 4:2,6 5:24	27:17,17 35:1 35:6 46:14 finality 52:19 53:4 find 16:13 39:15 54:5 55:8 56:18 finding 49:21 findings 24:25 25:2,11 39:10 49:8,15,23,23 Fine 43:2 finish 43:21 first 4:14 12:22 12:24 25:25 44:16 52:16 fit 37:4 38:3 fits 42:2 fitting 32:22 focused 6:2 follow 23:1 32:4	fundamental 44:19 45:8 48:15,19 further 8:15 21:16 34:16 52:21 G G3:1 game 27:12 General 1:18,21 getting 6:10 GINSBURG 5:5 10:12 22:24 26:16 29:20,23 30:6,10,22 31:6 34:3 36:17 41:21 42:8,22 43:15 45:2 55:18,24 give 6:22 10:25	51:2 53:8 grant 3:15 16:11 38:2 49:24 50:22 granted 7:7 8:4 21:23 23:12,20 23:21,23 24:21 25:4 37:6 49:4 49:19 granting 23:14 25:13 grapple 53:13 ground 49:20 grounds 47:9,11 47:13 guess 12:13 37:25 guide 49:11 guy 34:18 H

	_	_	_	_
33:6,6 34:17	hypothetical	interests 35:21	52:20 53:4	15:22 16:13,17
48:20	11:25	interpreted 49:9	judgments	16:21 17:5,9
handed 39:22		investigate	26:23 27:17,18	17:13 18:4,10
handwriting	I	39:15	judicial 8:22	18:15,22,24
38:25	identified 46:14	invocation	29:24 35:17,19	19:12 20:2
handwritten	ignore 21:25	33:18	jumbled 40:22	21:12 22:6,24
3:24,25 4:2	illegible 38:25	involved 37:25	jurisdiction	23:25 24:8,13
17:11,14,20	illness 10:23	54:2	15:4,5,10 16:1	24:18,24 25:6
24:22 54:8	implicates 44:17	issue 11:15 12:9	16:4,6 23:15	25:10,16,20
55:12,25 56:1	implication 17:6	15:2 20:10	23:16 26:16,18	26:16 27:12,24
56:2,15	50:10	21:9 29:17	26:19,20,22,24	28:11 29:7,20
happen 35:5	implicit 49:23	33:8	27:3,9,13 28:6	29:23 30:6,10
36:4,13	impose 8:11	issued 37:20	28:25 29:25	30:22 31:6
happened 35:15	imposed 47:24	issues 14:22	30:2,4,4,12,23	32:3,7,10,12
37:25	50:11 53:14	23:21 44:18	31:1,10,21,22	32:15,24 33:10
happening	imposes 50:2		32:23 33:19	33:12,14,20
23:24	including 31:13	J	34:8,22 35:8	34:1,3,15
happens 51:15	inconsistency	joint 24:19	44:24 45:4,6,9	35:10,21 36:1
hard 41:8	5:11	55:19	45:12,14,23,24	36:10,12,17
Harris 20:15	inconsistent	JR 1:15 2:3,13	46:1,4,9,18,20	37:11,15,24
47:8,10,17	43:25 44:1	3:6 53:19	50:17 54:1	38:14,18,22
HARRY 1:6	incorrect 42:2	judge 5:8,12,21	jurisdictional	39:5,9,21 40:4
heading 30:7	indefinite 21:20	10:14,14 11:6	9:8 11:23	40:11,19,25
hear 3:3 44:7	indeterminate	14:5,10 15:14	15:22 18:16,23	41:7,16,21,21
Hibbs 52:17,21	7:20	15:24,24 18:5	18:25 26:1,13	42:8,22 43:15
Hill 1:18	index 56:9	19:7 20:13,16	26:25 27:5,13	43:21 44:4,11
history 17:22	indicates 27:23	23:2,3,5 24:21	27:15,18,25	45:2 46:3,22
23:10 29:13,15	indicating 17:18	25:3,3,13 36:5	28:4,7,9,13	47:4,11,21
hit 38:7	indication 28:22	36:22,22,25	29:3,4,6,9,17	48:5,20 49:7
holding 52:25	indications	37:1,17,20	30:15,19,20	51:19,23 52:6
home 10:23,23	31:21	38:5,6 39:15	31:15,19 32:1	53:15 54:10,15
honed 41:23	information	40:8 41:24	32:4,18,19,21	54:22 55:4,8
Honor 22:17	42:2 55:1	42:1,23,25	33:2,4,15 38:7	55:18,24 56:3
26:21 27:16,20	informed 42:16	43:2,5,6 48:12	44:15,18 46:16	56:8,13,17
28:1,14 29:2	49:18	52:9,13,23	50:12	57:4
29:14,22 30:1	inquire 9:11	53:24 54:9	jurisdictionally	
30:13 31:3,11	32:13 33:1	55:2,17 56:2,4	50:7,14	<u>K</u>
32:6,14,16	45:9	56:6	justice 1:21 3:3	keep 31:12
33:5,13,16,22	instance 49:15	judges 15:14	3:8,18 4:9,18	KEITH 1:3
34:9,21 35:22	instruction	judge's 18:12	5:5,23 6:17	KENNEDY
36:9,25 37:23	50:14	19:13 20:4	7:14 8:1,7,8	3:18 8:1 11:19
38:11,21 39:2	intent 19:13	judgment 4:4	9:7,14,22 10:5	12:4 16:21
39:8,18 40:1,9	53:2	12:25 13:1,3	10:8,12,22	17:5,9,13
40:15 41:4,15	intentionally	20:18 35:1,6	11:4,9,19,21	54:22 56:3
42:4 43:9,18	12:11	39:4 40:18	12:4,12,15,21	Kennedy's 8:8
43:19,23 44:6	interested 33:24	41:6 49:18	13:6,18 14:8	key 39:17
huh 15:9	interesting 46:4	51:8,18 52:2	15:3,7,12,18	kind 24:5 26:20
			[

	I			I
40:6 44:24	license 38:13	31:20 33:17	30:8,13 31:3	mind 20:4 26:20
kinds 27:6	limit 8:4 10:25	45:12	31:11 32:6,9	minutes 53:17
knew 4:9 20:17	18:20 31:9	luck 13:25	32:11,14,16	misapplication
20:18,22 54:24	44:16 49:1		33:5,11,13,16	44:25
know 4:25 5:16	50:2,4,11,12	<u>M</u>	33:22 34:9,21	miscalculated
6:11,12,14 7:9	51:3,22 53:11	mail 18:18,19	35:22 36:9,12	5:9
8:21 9:5 10:4	limitation 4:21	19:2,4,8,13,20	36:25 37:14,23	miscalculating
10:11,23,24,24	52:4	19:22 54:13,16	38:11,21 39:2	8:23
14:6 15:3,19	limitations 33:7	54:17,19	39:8,17 40:1,9	misleading 24:5
15:23 16:13	limited 26:7	mailed 13:5	40:15,21 41:4	misled 15:23
17:13 18:13,18	47:9	making 12:10	41:10,18 42:11	24:2 41:25
19:20,24 20:11	limits 4:23 6:10	MALCOLM 1:20 2:9 44:8	43:9,17,23	missed 53:22
21:15,24 22:1	8:2,11 27:6	Mancino 1:15	44:5,6 46:13	missing 7:1
22:11,12,13,13	47:2,19 53:14	2:3,13 3:5,6,8	matter 1:11 3:13	mistake 5:12
24:11 30:22	lines 24:20	3:22 4:12,22	9:12 15:17	12:10 18:12
32:25 41:7	literally 38:2	5:14 6:6 7:2,21	16:1,6,10,12	22:13,18 24:3
43:3 52:13	litigant 4:24	8:3,17 9:7,13	26:18,22,23	24:4
55:10 56:15	12:7,16 14:22 21:23 37:5	9:17 10:1,7,10	29:19 31:1,5 31:15 32:23	mistakes 15:14 22:19
knowing 10:20 knowledge	41:14,19 42:6	10:17 11:8,13	33:1 34:22	mode 28:25
11:14	42:21 43:10,24	12:1,7,14,19	35:7 37:24	moment 23:2
Kontrick 27:7	litigants 21:24	12:24 13:7	45:3,12 46:1	Monday 1:9
Kultick 27.7	38:13	14:4,11 15:6	46:18 57:7	money 15:25
$\overline{\mathbf{L}}$	litigation 9:1	15:11,15,21	matters 50:17	monty 13.23 month 4:19
L 1:20 2:9 44:8	43:12	16:2,16,19	50:18	month 4.17 months 22:10
lack 34:10,11,22	little 9:2 10:15	17:3,8,11,17	maximum 4:10	motion 4:10 5:7
46:4	33:18 35:21	18:9,14,17	McDonough	13:1,2,3 14:13
lacks 45:24 46:8	lo 38:6	19:3,16 20:7	33:6	14:14,16 17:21
language 33:17	location 30:16	21:22 22:9	mean 9:10 11:19	21:1,3,5 23:20
38:2,10 51:13	locus 27:1	23:5,25 24:7	13:20 15:19	24:21 25:4,6,8
51:14,16	long 17:14 29:8	24:11,16,22	18:5 24:8	25:13 31:15
late 9:12,16,16	52:18	25:1,8,12	27:17 37:25	36:2,2 37:7
laughter 11:3	look 3:23 7:9	36:21 43:7	38:2 48:25	42:24,25 43:2
12:6 24:15	14:23 16:10	53:17,19,21	54:12 55:22	43:19 52:10,18
38:17 46:12	17:22 21:9	54:10,12,17	56:23	52:22 53:2
law 16:3 26:20	22:14 23:6,10	55:1,6,11,21	meaning 26:15	Mottley 34:12
34:6 44:25	52:9 55:22	56:1,6,11,14	30:25	move 36:14
lawyer 5:6,10	looked 16:21	56:22 57:5	meanings 30:24	moved 36:15
20:16,20	52:7	mandatory	means 10:12	54:3,4
lawyers 21:24 leave 37:7 51:15	looking 4:15,16	25:25 31:25 54:1	mechanism 27:4	N
led 36:8	5:14,15,17,25	March 1:9	meet 25:22	$\frac{1}{N}$ 2:1,1 3:1
left 10:13	15:1 16:14	Marshall 1:17	mention 30:2	name 33:23
legal 44:19,22	19:17 49:7	2:6 25:17,18	mentioned 30:5 merits 12:25	narrow 38:5,15
let's 13:20 34:15	looks 18:5,10 30:15	25:20 26:21	23:22 52:24	48:10
34:16	lot 7:16,17 15:25	27:16 28:1,14	53:3	narrowly 48:6
level 16:7,7	lower 26:14	29:14,22 30:1	middle 18:11	nature 51:9
	101101 20.17	,	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>I</u>	I

			 	<u> </u>
near 6:15	notified 7:24	oppose 21:8	56:10,10	petitioner's
necessarily	notion 32:20	opposed 14:2	paper 3:20 11:6	25:22 26:11
28:13,15	nowadays 11:2	30:11 44:2	36:6	49:16
necessary 33:18	number 6:11,13	49:23	papers 53:10	petitions 28:6
need 10:5,8	20:8 32:7,10	opposing 10:16	paragraph 51:2	48:17 50:1,23
46:24	numeral 18:24	11:1	part 19:6 25:4	piece 3:20
neither 12:21,21	numerals 18:22	opposition 53:9	28:9 37:1 51:1	place 27:7 38:1
never 21:20	N.C 1:18	oral 1:11 2:2,5,8	51:5	38:1 48:15
34:19		3:6 25:18 44:8	particular 6:9	PLAINTIFF'S
new 13:1,3	$\frac{0}{0.2121}$	order 3:11 4:13	8:21 13:9 27:8	42:4
14:13,14,16	O 2:1 3:1	4:14,15 5:1,11	29:5 30:16	play 33:17
21:1,3 42:14	object 5:20 10:3	5:15,18 7:6 9:5	31:20,23,24	pleading 55:12
42:16,17,24	11:10,16 22:21	12:8,18 13:2	37:5 45:18	please 3:9 25:21
43:19 52:10	33:21 53:1	13:10,20 14:1	46:19	44:12
ninth 13:23	objection 10:5,8	14:15,22,23,23	particularly	plus 31:8
noncompliance	10:10,18 21:8	17:2,7,10,15	45:16	point 6:25 7:2
47:2,19	23:2 50:19	20:22 21:3	parties 9:14,19	8:8 16:5 21:14
nonwaivable	objects 10:16	23:7,7,8,17	9:24 16:3 35:2	21:20 23:9
44:15	50:16,24	24:19,20 36:15	parts 36:11	28:5 37:17
non-forfeitable	obligation 9:11	36:18 37:20	party 5:20 19:5	40:16 46:21
32:1,11	13:13 50:18	38:23 39:5,10	21:14 35:13	49:25 50:13
normal 6:14	obligatory 41:13	39:14,16,18	39:13 41:25	points 11:21
normally 4:4	obviously 5:8	40:8,23 41:1,8	50:16,24 54:7	position 9:7
19:3 21:24	6:7 7:25 8:9	45:18 46:5,6	party's 50:19	possibly 11:14
23:19 34:23	10:2 16:9	46:10 51:8	PAUL 1:15 2:3	postpone 35:14
35:3	19:22 21:5,11	52:2,12,12	2:13 3:6 53:19	postponed 35:15
notation 54:8	occasion 46:8	54:11,15	people 14:13	36:3
56:16	occurred 42:6	orders 23:16	perfect 19:24	power 26:2 37:1
notice 3:12 4:6	42:14	55:15 56:25	performed	46:5,9
5:3,18,24 6:5,9	office 19:10	original 17:23	35:13	practice 6:14
6:15,21 8:6	officer 8:22	24:23 55:23	period 4:25 6:2	26:13 28:3,24
12:17,22,25	35:17,19	Osterneck 35:12	6:8 12:17 20:5	31:13 33:25
13:21 19:24	Ohio 1:15,18	37:12,25 38:4	20:6 21:17,23	precept 44:19
25:23 26:12,24	26:4	41:22 52:8	22:4,7 25:25	prejudiced 7:25
27:3,10,22	okay 9:25 10:6	outset 16:24	26:2 31:16	13:16 21:10,11
34:6 37:16	11:5,7 41:3	outside 46:1	40:2,16 41:5,5	premature 23:4
38:18 41:12	old 20:15	overlook 24:2	43:7,8,13 49:5	prepare 11:6
42:18,23 43:3	once 6:9 7:19	overlooked	permissible 41:2	prerequisite
43:16 44:1,2	8:3 11:15	20:22	person 12:12	27:18 31:22
44:14 48:4	23:22 54:22	overruling 13:2	petition 12:20	33:19
51:10,13,16,17	open 7:19 39:1	overused 30:24	17:24 34:5	present 49:5
53:24 54:11,13	40:7 51:15		50:2,7,15	presented 15:16
55:10	opening 35:8	P 1 17 2 (2 1	petitioner 1:4,16	presumably
noticed 34:4	open-ended	P 1:17 2:6 3:1	2:4,14 3:7,10	25:1
notices 34:6	8:11 21:18	25:18	26:8 36:14	presumed 28:4
notification	opinion 12:5	page 2:2 24:19	37:7,8 42:14	presupposed
13:15	20:12 42:9	51:1,2 55:19	53:20	44:23

	l	1	l	Ī
presupposes	prosecutor	raising 33:8	31:13	requested 35:24
45:11	40:13	read 48:7,8 53:5	reenacted 30:18	42:14,16
prevailing 21:14	prospectively	53:5	reenacting	require 49:8,9
prevented 43:10	37:19	reading 42:8	29:15	required 21:2,6
43:12,16	protect 5:13	real 21:8	reenactment	39:11 41:11
principle 53:6	provide 8:10	realized 40:13	27:21	49:13,14,22
printed 55:2,2	provided 51:6	realizes 35:2	referred 5:6	53:13
55:22	51:20	really 10:13	refiled 46:5,6	requirement
prior 24:16	provision 6:19	19:16 21:21	regardless 12:9	26:8 31:23,24
prison 34:20	7:15 29:20	24:1	50:15,19	46:15
prisoner 12:22	37:18 48:1	rearrest 34:19	relation 28:22	requirements
probably 5:12	51:12	reason 6:6 22:25	reliance 12:13	26:12
5:15 19:8,10	provisions 29:24	24:14 26:24	14:25 15:7,13	requires 24:25
19:19 22:15	purpose 21:17	27:20 36:20,21	15:24 24:3	25:7,10
41:25 56:22	38:4,9,11	40:21,22	reliant 24:12	reserve 25:15
problem 11:21	48:21	reasonable 4:23	relied 42:12	resolve 40:5
16:18	purposes 48:25	4:24 5:5 14:25	53:10	respect 28:5,21
problems 10:22	49:1	reasonably 12:8	relief 16:11	28:23 30:3
procedure 6:22	put 3:19,22 7:6	22:2 24:2,5,12	26:10 34:17	37:3 47:14
14:20 30:7,7	17:16 18:20	reasoning 19:19	37:6,6	48:16
31:10 47:24	23:2,8 34:20	reasons 7:18	rely 4:7,25 12:8	respected 24:4
49:3 53:12	44:22 55:14	25:24 44:13	14:2 22:3	respondent 1:19
procedures	puts 11:25 29:17	REBUTTAL	38:13 39:13	1:23 2:7,11
30:11	putting 31:7	2:12 53:19	41:1,2,16 54:7	22:20,21,24
proceed 30:9	p.m 57:7	receive 35:18	relying 20:7	23:13 25:19
43:18		received 8:5	remain 39:1	44:10
proceeded 35:5	Q	12:22,25 13:4	remaining 53:18	restrictions
proceeding 51:9	quasi-jurisdic	35:16 37:12,13	remains 40:7	51:25
proceedings	33:21	54:23 55:13	remarks 17:6	restrike 8:14
21:16	question 11:21	56:13,14	remember 16:3	result 35:4
proceeds 35:1	16:12,25 24:18	recognized 8:18	16:14 18:7	resume 14:2
process 11:17	31:2,18,19,22	34:13,16 48:18	reopen 7:7 21:5	retains 50:22
23:10 39:1	34:11,24 37:2	50:4,22 52:18	22:22 36:2,2	review 45:24
40:7	38:22 39:2,17	recognizes	37:10 49:17	46:20 51:10
prompts 16:25	39:21 40:16	28:15 50:11	53:25	reviewing 52:5
promulgate	41:10 45:3	reconsider	reopening 5:17	right 9:14,25
48:3	51:15	22:16	25:5 49:4,19	10:3,9,16 11:1
proper 23:8	quick 29:2 quite 21:21 38:3	reconsideration	49:24	11:7,16 15:21
properly 35:13	38:19	18:2 23:21	represented	22:2,14 24:6
35:18,20,25	quoted 4:11	52:19,23	12:16 49:17	24:11 29:13
36:7,15,19	41:21	record 6:11	reprinted 51:1	30:7 31:7 32:8
37:13 53:24,24	quoting 37:12	45:10 49:10,13	reproduced	32:13 33:15
54:4	quoting 57.12	49:15,21 54:11	51:5	37:14 38:8,21
proposed 13:19	R	records 34:18	repudiate 46:23	42:2 43:6,18
proposing 24:1	$\overline{\mathbf{R}}$ 3:1	40:22	46:25 47:13	55:19
proposition 47:18	raised 3:14 26:4	redraft 23:7	repudiated 47:20	road 43:25
4/.18	31:15 32:1	reemphasizing	47.20	ROBERTS 3:3
	l		l	l

	·	•	i	·
4:9,18 5:23	S	42:19,21 43:24	Solicitor 1:20	44:9 50:7 51:4
6:17 7:14 8:7	S 2:1 3:1	44:16	somebody 10:18	status 50:5
13:18 14:8	safer 7:5	September	35:1 45:20	statute 30:17
20:2 21:12	safety 6:18,20	12:18	somewhat 11:13	31:10,12 33:7
22:6 24:13	6:24,24 8:10	serve 19:5	39:22	47:16,23 48:7
25:16 37:11,15	sanctioned	served 21:7	soon 7:14	48:8,9,15
38:14 43:21	14:20	set 4:21 13:9,11	sooner 43:4	50:11
44:4 48:20	saved 19:9	13:12,21 14:1	sorry 10:7 52:2	statutes 30:25
49:7 53:15	saved 15.5 saying 5:21	39:14 49:19	sort 8:13 19:6	statutory 25:23
57:4	30:19 40:20	51:4	21:9 24:1,11	28:8,10 47:2
roughly 48:13	48:9 51:22,24	settled 26:14	26:6	47:25
rule 4:11,13,21	says 5:11,13	seven 8:5 13:22	sorts 12:2	step 34:15
5:6,7,10,13,16	8:20 11:12	Shakespeare	sought 37:8	STEVENS
6:20 7:9,10,22	14:2,3,5,9	33:23	46:20	12:12,15,21
8:2,9,13,14,16	21:25 24:21	sharply 41:23	sound 22:14	13:6 16:13,17
9:8 10:12,13	31:8 34:18	sheet 17:16	SOUTER 23:25	24:18,24 25:6
11:12,15,23	51:3,5,17	short 6:8 26:8	24:8 34:15	25:10 38:22
13:24 14:3,5,9	52:13 55:5	show 7:23 17:16	46:22 47:4,11	39:5,9,21 40:4
14:14 16:2,10	56:3,6,8,9,9,9	54:23 55:3,7	spate 30:23	40:11,19,25
16:11 18:13,16	SCALIA 9:7,14	showed 13:4	speaking 19:12	41:7,16 46:3
18:19 19:2,13	9:22 10:5,8,22	shows 17:14	26:17	51:19,23 54:10
20:21 21:2,7	11:4,9 15:3,7	side 10:2,16,24	special 1:17	54:15 55:8
21:10,13,19	15:12,18,22	11:5 13:16	44:18,20	Stewart 1:20 2:9
23:1,6 24:1,5	18:22 32:3,7	14:17 21:7,7	species 45:6	44:7,8,11 45:2
24:14,14,25	32:10,12,15,24	21:10 23:24	specific 3:16 5:3	45:5 46:3,7,13
25:2,10 26:3	33:10,12,14,20	41:14,19	9:1 20:11,13	46:22,24 47:7
28:12 30:16,20	34:1	side's 7:25 11:9	21:23 25:11	47:14,22 48:14
31:10,20 36:23	Scalia's 11:21	signature 11:6	26:19 35:17,19	48:23 49:12
39:11 41:5,23	scenario 15:16	signed 19:13	specifically	51:21,24 52:15
46:16 47:24	scenarios 12:2	39:16 40:8	21:23 30:5	53:16
48:8 49:3,7	school 16:3	54:8 56:4,7	48:2 52:4	struck 8:14
50:1,6,8,13,21	scribbled 5:11	significance	specified 3:16	sua 26:4 32:2
51:25 53:12	se 24:14	51:12	47:16,23	33:1,8
54:19	second 26:3	signified 55:17	specifies 51:25	subject 15:17
ruled 37:17	27:20 32:25,25	signs 11:6	sponte 26:5 32:2	16:6 26:18,22
53:24	36:5 46:14	similar 51:3	33:1,8	26:23 31:1,4
rules 7:16 19:6	section 44:16	Similarly 43:4	stage 11:20	32:23 34:22
22:10 37:9	48:2 51:6	simply 46:18	stamp 16:22	35:7 45:3,3,12
48:3 50:6,21	see 5:6 7:9 13:6	49:10 50:13	52:13	46:1,18
ruling 7:20	14:21 43:19	51:13 52:9	stamped 57:1	submission 17:5
14:18 45:24	55:15,15	53:1	stand 53:5	submitted 57:5
run 8:24,24,25	seek 37:5,7,10	sit 10:19	start 7:15 16:22	57:7
20:18 35:11	send 13:13,14	situation 16:9	state 26:4 35:2	subparagraph
running 54:25	sense 3:19 6:1	situations 45:15	stated 53:11	51:20
runs 17:1	26:18,25 27:4	six 22:10	statement 41:22	subsumed 25:2
Russell 1:6 3:4	sent 17:19,20	Sixth 23:11 57:3	states 1:1,12,22	suddenly 11:11
	18:18 19:21	slip 5:8 34:4	2:10 42:10	11:11

	l	1	Ī	1
sufficient 29:10	Thanks 57:3	19:1,12	27:18 28:12,19	underlie 44:17
29:11	they'd 21:20	three-judge	transfers 27:13	underpinning
suggest 28:11,23	thing 7:6 12:3	45:17	29:11	28:8,10
41:18 45:25	13:12 28:18	Thursday 38:2	transitioning	understand 6:1
suggested 30:14	35:5 37:9 38:7	till 52:14	13:8	34:24 37:2
suit 51:8	41:5 48:13	time 3:12 4:15	treat 28:18 53:2	40:4
support 47:17	50:16,25 53:7	4:23,25 5:7 6:8	treated 28:6,8	understanding
49:20	55:5,20	6:10,16 7:7,9	29:5,8,17	26:15
supporting 1:23	things 20:3	7:23 8:2,4,21	44:15	unique 35:11,22
2:11 44:10	21:12 33:15	8:23 9:1,21	treating 30:19	37:3,4 38:12
suppose 7:2	36:3 52:15	13:9 14:6,12	treatment 31:23	38:15,19 42:12
10:22 34:4	think 4:7 7:5,11	14:15,19 15:25	31:24 44:18	46:23 47:4
supposed 49:10	8:8,17 9:17,18	16:22,22 17:1	treats 27:23	54:5,6
supposing 38:23	10:1 12:2	17:10 18:1	trial 13:1,3	United 1:1,12,22
39:11	16:22,25 18:14	19:21,22 20:17	14:14,14,16	2:10 42:10
Supreme 1:1,12	19:7 21:13	20:18,19,23,24	15:8,13,19	44:9
sure 5:18 11:5	22:1 23:13	20:25 21:4,19	16:7 21:1,3	universally
39:24 48:20	24:13 26:21	21:24 22:4,7	29:1 41:24	46:15
surely 43:7	27:16,24 28:14	22:18,25 25:15	42:1,14,16,17	unreasonable
suspend 52:19	28:20 29:3,15	26:2,7,12 27:6	42:24 43:19	4:7 5:2 7:5,11
53:3	32:20 33:3,4	27:22 30:8	52:10	22:4,7
sustained 34:23	34:1,9 35:4	31:16 34:14	trigger 43:1	untimely 14:13
system 13:11	36:9,13 39:17	36:3 39:20	triggered 18:1	14:16 21:1
27:2,8,9 44:19	39:18,20 40:15	40:2,16 41:5	27:10	40:14 42:15,24
44:22	41:10,13 45:2	43:11,20 44:16	triggering 27:4	43:3 50:23
	46:10,13,24,25	47:2,15,19,22	39:20 T 1 20 15	51:16 52:22
T 2:1,1	47:7 48:14	48:3 49:1,2,17	Truck 20:15	unusual 4:3
take 9:10,16	49:12,18 52:6	50:8,11 51:3	true 11:20 30:3	USC 46:15 50:9
11:5 15:4	53:4,22 54:5	51:25 52:20	truly 33:14	uses 50:13
23:25 34:3,15	thinking 54:18	53:11 55:10	trumps 4:21	U.S 48:1
38:4 44:20	Third 26:6	56:23,24 timely 10:18	truncating 14:6	U.S.C 51:4
48:6 50:18	Thompson 42:5	J	try 46:11	53:10
taken 42:1 47:12	42:5,10,11,12 42:13 43:16,17	14:14 21:2,6 37:16,19 39:7	Tuesday 38:1 twice 38:19	V
talk 54:1	43:23 47:8,17	42:1,15 43:1	two 7:13 18:11	v 1:5
talking 7:12,15	52:7,8,16,25	52:10,18 53:3	22:7 23:16	vacate 23:7 25:4
36:18 53:23,23	53:4,7,9,13	Title 48:1	32:10 34:25	25:5,8 46:5,10
tell 54:11	thought 17:6	told 9:3 23:14	36:3,10,11	vacation 20:16
telling 3:24	36:17	42:15 43:18	52:11,15	20:20
17:21 19:17,18	three 7:12 16:12	toll 14:15 21:3	type 26:16 35:6	valve 6:18,21,24
30:25	17:7 19:4,5,10	52:20	37:6 50:16	6:24 8:10
tells 38:5 48:12	19:15,20,23	tolling 20:10	types 35:7	various 51:25
term 32:19	22:7 24:20	toning 20.10 top 6:24 17:20		vastly 30:24
terms 5:25	25:11,24 32:19	55:19	U	versus 3:4 27:7
Thank 25:16	33:2 34:17,25	traditionally	ultimate 16:23	33:6 52:17,21
44:4,6,11	54:18,19	33:25	unauthorized	view 24:9 32:22
53:15 57:4	three-day 18:19	transfer 27:1,9	44:23	40:5 47:12,16
	I	I	I	

	1	İ	1	
voluntarily 16:4	Winn 52:17,21	22:8 38:24	2	
	wish 19:8	55:5,9,13	2-10 40:12 56:9	
W	wonder 6:25	10th 23:17	56:10	
wait 6:1 37:22	wondered 18:6	11 56:10,10	2-12 40:12	
waived 10:2,3	wondering 12:4	11:06 1:13	2-27 41:2,16	
32:8	39:11 40:5	11:06a.m 3:2	2/10 18:7	
waiver 20:10	word 27:12 30:4	12 38:24 39:6	20 10:25 11:5,7	
walked 56:25	30:23,24 33:4	12:07 57:7	11:11	
want 5:13 6:7	50:13	1291 46:15	2004 18:7	
8:12 20:19	words 6:19 8:9	13 39:6	2007 1:9	
32:21 34:8	13:24 37:15,20	13.1 50:1	21 30:16	
36:11	work 13:19 14:9	13.2 50:6,9,13	21.01(c) 50:9	
wanted 8:9	workload 6:7	1332 31:7,9	2101 30:3	
21:13 33:17	worry 9:23	14 3:17 4:9 5:8	2107 29:16,21	
WARDEN 1:6	worse 15:18	6:3,22 8:24	30:1,17 44:16	
Washington 1:8	53:8	10:13 11:12	53:10	
1:21	wouldn't 5:5,10	13:23,24 14:3	2107(a) 50:25	
wasn't 3:20 7:18	14:8 23:1	14:9 18:19	51:4	
13:4 19:21	33:21 36:23	19:23 23:1	24th 16:15	
21:16 22:3,5	49:5	24:10 34:7	25 2:7	
35:24 52:11	write 11:22 12:5	36:15,18,24	26 1:9	
wasted 15:19	written 40:11,12	37:10 44:2	26th 16:15	
way 3:24 5:15	40:13 41:8	54:25	27 4:3 41:1	
14:9 17:21	49:9,13	14th 37:21	27th 39:14 52:14	
19:17,18 26:22	wrong 14:5,10	14-day 10:25	28 46:15 51:4	
27:17,20 31:4	40:14 42:19,20	20:4,6 25:22	53:10	
34:10 44:22		25:25 26:3,7		
57:2	X	43:7,13	3	
ways 47:9	x 1:2,7	150 26:13 28:2	3 2:4 40:13	
week 16:15 18:6		29:4,16,18	30 4:5 6:19 8:24	
18:8,11	<u>Y</u>	31:13,25 33:25	9:5 25:9 51:10	
weekend 16:17	yeah 47:6 51:23	151 24:19 55:19	51:14,18	
16:20 18:13,16	55:4,6 56:11	16 34:7 36:20,21	30-day 8:13	
weekends 18:4	year 22:12	51:1,3	51:22 53:22	
18:12	years 26:13 28:3	17 23:3 36:14,19	3772 48:2	
weeks 15:19	29:4,16,18	37:8 43:5 44:2	<u> </u>	
went 15:13	31:13,25 33:25	54:21		
55:11	34:17,25 35:1	17th 37:22	4(b) 47:24 49:3	
weren't 48:7	42:13	17-day 3:15	40 42:13	
We'll 3:3 44:7	\$	18:20	44 2:11	
we're 6:18 7:12	\$14 17:1	18 17:24 48:1		
9:19 12:4 20:7	Ψ171/.1	180 7:3 8:4 21:6	5	
29:8,13 31:18	0	22:10 24:10	53 2:14	
51:21,24	06-5306 1:5 3:4	49:5	9	
WILLIAM 1:17		180-day 21:17	9 12:18	
2:6 25:18	1	1869 31:14	90-day 50:2,4,20	
willing 48:11	10 4:2 8:24 18:7	1988 48:1	70-uay 50.2,7,20	