(ORDER LIST: 595 U.S.)

MONDAY, MARCH 7, 2022

ORDERS IN PENDING CASES

21A398 KEIL, MATTHEW, ET AL. V. NEW YORK, NY, ET AL.

The application for an injunction addressed to Justice Gorsuch and referred to the Court is denied.

21M84 THOMAS, SUZZETTE V. MARTIN-GIBBONS, PATRICIA, ET AL.

The motion to direct the Clerk to file a petition for a writ of certiorari out of time is denied.

21M85 POLITE, RHONDA N. V. KIJAKAZI, COMM'R, SOCIAL SEC.

The motion for leave to proceed as a veteran is denied.

21M86 GATSBY, LINSAY L. V. GATSBY, KYLEE D.

The motion for leave to file a petition for a writ of certiorari with the supplemental appendix under seal is granted.

21M87 DONZINGER, STEVEN R. V. ATTORNEY GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE

The motion to direct the Clerk to file a petition for a writ of certiorari out of time is denied.

21M88 COLLIER, IRINA V. UNIV. OF CA, BERKELEY

The motion for leave to file a petition for a writ of certiorari with the supplemental appendix under seal is granted.

21M89 BROADEN, MICHAEL V. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION

The motion for leave to proceed as a veteran is granted.

20-1034 GOLAN, NARKIS A. V. SAADA, ISACCO J.

The motion of the Solicitor General for leave to participate in oral argument as *amicus curiae*, for divided argument, and for enlargement of time for oral argument is granted in part, and the time is allotted as follows: 20 minutes for petitioner, 15 minutes for the Solicitor General, and 35 minutes for respondent.

21-248 BERGER, PHILIP E., ET AL. V. NC CONFERENCE OF NAACP, ET AL.

The motion of respondents for divided argument is granted.

21-599 KINNEY, MARGARET L. V. HSBC BANK USA, N.A.

The Solicitor General is invited to file a brief in this case expressing the views of the United States.

21-6906 JACKSON, SAMANTHA J. V. AT&T RETIREMENT SAVINGS, ET AL.

The motion of petitioner for leave to proceed *in forma* pauperis is denied. Petitioner is allowed until March 28, 2022, within which to pay the docketing fee required by Rule 38(a) and to submit a petition in compliance with Rule 33.1 of the Rules of this Court.

CERTIORARI DENIED

20-7805	KNIGHT, MELVIN V. PENNSYLVANIA
21-494	LEWIS, RALPH V. POWER RESEARCH, INC., ET AL.
21-594	ALPHABET INC., ET AL. V. RHODE ISLAND
21-629	SANTA FE ALLIANCE, ET AL. V. SANTA FE, NM, ET AL.
21-632	VAZQUEZ-GUERRA, EDITH N., ET AL. V. GARLAND, ATT'Y GEN.
21-651	LUMAJ, EDMOND V. GARLAND, ATT'Y GEN.
21-761	OPTUMHEALTH CARE SOLUTIONS, LLC V. PETERS, SANDRA M.
21-787	RUSSOMANNO, GINA V. DUGAN, DAN, ET AL.
21-792	BILLIONI, MICHAEL V. BRYANT, SHERIFF, ET AL.
21-793	PENNSYLVANIA V. COSBY, WILLIAM H.
21-816	GEAR, MELVYN V. UNITED STATES
21-828	ESTATE OF OMAR FONTANA V. ACFB ADMINISTRACAO JUDICIAL
21-955	RISMILLER, KHRISTY G., ET AL. V. GEMINI INS. CO., ET AL.

- 21-958 A. A. V. M. A.
- 21-961 OKLAHOMA V. OLIVE, PATRICK W.
- 21-963 McNAUGHTON, NEIL V. ADAMS, MAYOR, ET AL.
- 21-987 SALIS, OWOLABI V. MAYORKAS, SEC. OF HOMELAND
- 21-990 BOSS, ALDRICH L. V. UNITED STATES, ET AL.
- 21-992 YATES, DORI, ET AL. V. HILLSBORO SCH. DIST., ET AL.
- 21-1032 BERRY, JASON T. V. FBI, ET AL.
- 21-1054 SONG, SHAOMING V. BECERRA, SEC. OF H&HS, ET AL.
- 21-1070 GONZALEZ, GABRIELA V. RONEY, HARVEY, ET AL.
- 21-1088 ALVAREZ, JOSE L. V. PINON, GABRIEL
- 21-1106 GABARA, THADDEUS V. FACEBOOK, INC.
- 21-1107 FTS USA, LLC, ET AL. V. MONROE, EDWARD, ET AL.
- 21-1120 THOMPSON, CHAD, ET AL. V. DeWINE, GOV. OF OH, ET AL.
- 21-5649 SHELBY, JAVON P. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-5875 JACKSON, KENNETH J. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-6171 GRANDA, CARLOS V. UNITED STATES
- 21-6196 I. A. V. KANSAS
- 21-6382 RAHEEM, ASKIA M. V. FORD, WARDEN
- 21-6431 SMITH, VEGAS D. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-6484 BATTLE, THOMAS L. V. CALIFORNIA
- 21-6486 GREEN, GARY V. LUMPKIN, DIR., TX DCJ
- 21-6492 GALVEZ, JAIME V. MUNIZ, WARDEN
- 21-6636 FEARS, LEROY V. PENNSYLVANIA
- 21-6752 McPHERSON, FRANKLIN V. KEYSER, SUPT., SULLIVAN
- 21-6763 JOHNSON, JABARI J. V. LAMBKINS, ET AL.
- 21-6766 DeATLEY, ALAN E. V. COLORADO
- 21-6774 HARRIS, BRANDON S. V. OKLAHOMA
- 21-6779 HITE, TROY A. V. MICHIGAN

- 21-6783 WARFIELD, BRODERICK J. V. DEPT. OF AIR FORCE, ET AL.
- 21-6794 WINNINGHAM, JOHN W. V. BROKEN ARROW, OK, ET AL.
- 21-6796 WEBSTER, LARRY E. V. KIJAKAZI, COMM'R, SOCIAL SEC.
- 21-6798 EVERETT, DANIEL V. JUSTICES OF SUPREME COURT OF CA
- 21-6811 CUMMINGS, STEPHEN V. LIGHTSTORM ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
- 21-6827 PICK, RYAN T. V. VIRGINIA
- 21-6832 TRUE, DOUGLAS D. V. PAYNE, DIR., AR DOC
- 21-6851 QUILES, JOEL V. MASSACHUSETTS
- 21-6866 LAWLESS, RICHARD R. V. MULDER, KAT, ET AL.
- 21-6883 BOOKER, WALTER D. V. ENGELKE, M. E., ET AL.
- 21-6913 LITTLEJOHN, TIMOTHY D. V. BOWMAN, SGT., ET AL.
- 21-6947 CHRISTMAS, RAYSHAWN J. V. JACKSON, JEFF, ET AL.
- 21-6959 COX, KENNETH J. V. CALEY, WARDEN, ET AL.
- 21-6974 GONZALEZ, ALFREDO V. QUIROS, COMM'R, CT DOC
- 21-6976 KARKI, TEJ B. V. DEPT. OF HOMELAND SEC., ET AL.
- 21-6990 ROBERTS, ROGER D. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-6996 STIVERS, ROBERT V. ILLINOIS
- 21-6998 PAPE, ROBERT L. V. CALIFORNIA
- 21-7000 ADAMS, DOMINIC D. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7002 WREN, JEFFREY C. V. NDOH, WARDEN
- 21-7021 GAYDEN, JOHN M. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7031 DAVIS, JOSEPH D. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7037 BREEST, ROBERT V. NEW HAMPSHIRE
- 21-7042 NELSEN, CRAIG V. SOUTHERN POVERTY LAW CENTER
- 21-7054 WALKER, ERVIN V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7057 NAVA, VICTOR V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7062 SMITH, MICHAEL D. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7063 SHAHEED, SALAHUDIN V. UNITED STATES

- 21-7065 MAJORS, LORI V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7066 BREWER, KEVIN V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7069 CLARKE, JAVAR D. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7070 DUKE, ANDERSON C. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7071 WILSON, KEAON V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7072 WISE, DONTRELL R. V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7074 DENNIS, BENNY V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7078 FORTIA, JAWAN V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7080 GIBSON, GALVIN V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7081 STASIV, MARKO V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7089 JORDAN, LeANDRE V. OHIO
- 21-7090 O'NEAL, LARRY V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7092 MALAUULU, EPATI V. UNITED STATES
- 21-7101 JAMES, MARTAVIS S. V. UNITED STATES

The petitions for writs of certiorari are denied.

- 21-201) ABDELNABI, NEHAD V. SEKIK, FATMA A.
- 21-971) ABDULNABI, NAHED V. SEKIK, FATMA A.

The motions of respondent for leave to proceed *in forma*pauperis are granted. The petitions for writs of certiorari are denied.

21-6777 GARRARD, CAROL, ET AL. V. NEWSOM, GOV. OF CA, ET AL.

The petition for a writ of certiorari is denied. Justice Breyer took no part in the consideration or decision of this petition.

21-6868 WEBB, MICHAEL D. V. FAUCI, ANTHONY S., ET AL.

The petition for a writ of certiorari before judgment is denied. Justice Alito took no part in the consideration or decision of this petition.

21-7099 DISLA, EDWIN V. UNITED STATES

The petition for a writ of certiorari is denied. Justice Kagan took no part in the consideration or decision of this petition.

MANDAMUS DENIED

21-6780 IN RE LORI SKLAR

The petition for a writ of mandamus is denied.

REHEARINGS DENIED

	KEILE/IKTINGS BENTEB
20-8015	BROWN, NOEL V. PENNSYLVANIA
21-621	FLAHERTY, VINCE, ET AL. V. HOLLY HILL INVESTMENTS
21-635	FIELDS, LARRY V. CINCINNATI POLICE DEPT., ET AL.
21-5919	MOSES, ROBERT A. V. TEXAS
21-6072	SAKUMA, PATSY N. V. APARTMENT OWNERS, ET AL.
21-6153	WIJE, SURAN V. BURNS, DAVID A., ET AL.
21-6306	SHORTES, JASON T. V. GOOGLE, LLC
21-6308	SANDERS, IONA V. CHRISTWOOD
21-6416	DAVIC, BRADFORD S. V. OHIO
21-6624	JONES, ARTHUR F. V. UNITED STATES
	The petitions for rehearing are denied.
21-6315	WEIDRICK, MARY JO V. BIDEN, PRESIDENT OF U.S., ET AL.
	The petition for rehearing is denied. The Chief Justice
	took no part in the consideration or decision of this petition.

Statement of THOMAS, J.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

JANE DOE v. FACEBOOK, INC.

ON PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS

No. 21-459. Decided March 7, 2022

The petition for a writ of certiorari is denied.

Statement of JUSTICE THOMAS respecting the denial of certiorari.

In 2012, an adult, male sexual predator used Facebook to lure 15-year-old Jane Doe to a meeting, shortly after which she was repeatedly raped, beaten, and trafficked for sex. Doe eventually escaped and sued Facebook in Texas state court, alleging that Facebook had violated Texas' anti-sextrafficking statute and committed various common-law offenses. Facebook petitioned the Texas Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus dismissing Doe's suit. The court held that a provision of the Communications Decency Act known as §230 bars Doe's common-law claims, but not her statutory sex-trafficking claim.

Section 230(c)(1) states that "[n]o provider or user of an interactive computer service shall be treated as the publisher or speaker of any information provided by another information content provider." 47 U. S. C. §230(c)(1). The Texas Supreme Court emphasized that courts have uniformly treated internet platforms as "publisher[s]" under §230(c)(1), and thus immune, whenever a plaintiff's claim "stem[s] from [the platform's] publication of information created by third parties." *In re Facebook, Inc.*, 625 S. W. 3d 80, 90 (Tex. 2021) (quoting *Doe* v. *MySpace, Inc.*, 528 F. 3d 413, 418 (CA5 2008)). As relevant here, this expansive understanding of publisher immunity requires dismissal of claims against internet companies for failing to warn consumers of product defects or failing to take reasonable

Statement of THOMAS, J.

steps "to protect their users from the malicious or objectionable activity of other users." 625 S. W. 3d, at 83. The Texas Supreme Court acknowledged that it is "plausible" to read $\S230(c)(1)$ more narrowly to immunize internet platforms when plaintiffs seek to hold them "strictly liable" for transmitting third-party content, id., at 90–91, but the court ultimately felt compelled to adopt the consensus approach, id., at 91.

This decision exemplifies how courts have interpreted §230 "to confer sweeping immunity on some of the largest companies in the world," Malwarebytes, Inc. v. Enigma Software Group USA, LLC, 592 U.S. ___, ___ (2020) (slip op., at 1) (statement of THOMAS, J., respecting denial of certiorari), particularly by employing a "capacious conception of what it means to treat a website operator as [a] publisher or speaker," id., at ___ (slip op., at 8) (internal quotation marks omitted). Here, the Texas Supreme Court afforded publisher immunity even though Facebook allegedly "knows its system facilitates human traffickers in identifying and cultivating victims," but has nonetheless "failed to take any reasonable steps to mitigate the use of Facebook by human traffickers" because doing so would cost the company users—and the advertising revenue those users generate. Fourth Amended Pet. in No. 2018-69816 (Dist. Ct., Harris Ctv., Tex., Feb. 10, 2020), pp. 20, 22, 23; see also Reply Brief 3, n. 1, 4, n. 2 (listing recent disclosures and investigations supporting these allegations). It is hard to see why the protection §230(c)(1) grants publishers against being held strictly liable for third parties' content should protect Facebook from liability for its own "acts and omissions." Fourth Amended Pet., at 21.

At the very least, before we close the door on such serious charges, "we should be certain that is what the law demands." *Malwarebytes*, 592 U. S., at ____ (slip op., at 10). As I have explained, the arguments in favor of broad immunity under §230 rest largely on "policy and purpose," not

Statement of THOMAS, J.

on the statute's plain text. *Id.*, at ___ (slip op., at 4). Here, the Texas Supreme Court recognized that "[t]he United States Supreme Court—or better yet, Congress—may soon resolve the burgeoning debate about whether the federal courts have thus far correctly interpreted section 230." 625 S. W. 3d, at 84. Assuming Congress does not step in to clarify §230's scope, we should do so in an appropriate case.

Unfortunately, this is not such a case. We have jurisdiction to review only "[f]inal judgments or decrees" of state courts. 28 U. S. C. §1257(a). And finality typically requires "an effective determination of the litigation and not of merely interlocutory or intermediate steps therein." Market Street R. Co. v. Railroad Comm'n of Cal., 324 U. S. 548, 551 (1945). Because the Texas Supreme Court allowed Doe's statutory claim to proceed, the litigation is not "final." Conceding as much, Doe relies on a narrow exception to the finality rule involving cases where "the federal issue, finally decided by the highest court in the State, will survive and require decision regardless of the outcome of future statecourt proceedings." Cox Broadcasting Corp. v. Cohn, 420 U. S. 469, 480 (1975). But that exception cannot apply here because the Texas courts have not yet conclusively adjudicated a personal-jurisdiction defense that, if successful, would "effectively moot the federal-law question raised here." Jefferson v. City of Tarrant, 522 U.S. 75, 82 (1997).

I, therefore, concur in the Court's denial of certiorari. We should, however, address the proper scope of immunity under §230 in an appropriate case.