SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE	E UNITED STATES
	-
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION,)
ET AL.,)
Petitioners,)
v.) No. 23-1187
R.J. REYNOLDS VAPOR CO., ET AL.,)
Respondents.)

Pages: 1 through 84

Place: Washington, D.C.

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8	Respondents.)
9	
10	
11	Washington, D.C.
12	Tuesday, January 21, 2025
13	
14	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
15	argument before the Supreme Court of the United
16	States at 10:04 a.m.
17	
18	APPEARANCES:
19	VIVEK SURI, Assistant to the Solicitor General,
20	Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.; on behalf
21	of the Petitioners.
22	RYAN J. WATSON, ESQUIRE, Washington, D.C.; on behalf
23	of the Respondents.
24	
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(10:04 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We will hear
4	argument first this morning in Case 23-1187, the
5	Food and Drug Administration versus R.J.
6	Reynolds Vapor Company.
7	Mr. Suri.
8	ORAL ARGUMENT OF VIVEK SURI
9	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
10	MR. SURI: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
11	it please the Court:
12	The court of appeals has effectively
13	nullified the Tobacco Control Act's restrictions
14	on venue. Under the Act, an adversely affected
15	person may challenge the denial of an
16	application only in its home circuit or the D.C.
17	Circuit. But, under the decision below, an
18	applicant may challenge a denial in any circuit
19	anywhere in the country so long as it can enlist
20	a local retailer willing to join its petition.
21	That decision is wrong in two
22	different ways. First, the only person entitled
23	to challenge the denial of an application is the
24	applicant itself, not the applicant's retailers.
25	Retailers are bystanders to the application

- 1 process. They don't submit information to the
- agency, don't participate in the agency's review
- 3 process, don't receive the order issued by the
- 4 agency at the end of that process, and don't
- 5 even get to see the full contents of the
- 6 application or administrative record. Their
- 7 interests lie outside the zone that Congress
- 8 sought to protect.
- 9 Second, even if the retailers could
- 10 sue, applicants don't get to ride in on their
- 11 coattails. Venue must be established separately
- 12 for each party. And an applicant, the
- manufacturers here, may not lay venue based on
- 14 the retailer's residence.
- The judgment of the Fifth Circuit
- 16 should be reversed.
- 17 JUSTICE THOMAS: So, if -- if your
- 18 argument is that only applicants are covered,
- 19 what do you do with the language "any person
- 20 adversely affected?"
- MR. SURI: The language "any person
- 22 adversely affected" requires the court to infer
- 23 the class of appropriate plaintiffs from the
- 24 structure of the statute. And the language was
- used by Congress with respect to two classes of

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1 actions: regulations and denials.
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- With respect to regulations, the class
- 3 of adversely affected persons won't refer to
- 4 applicants because there's no application
- 5 process there. But -- respect to denials, the
- 6 only person properly regarded as adversely
- 7 affected is the applicant itself.
- 8 And the main reason for that is the
- 9 structure of the statute. It is implausible
- 10 that Congress set up a system in which someone,
- 11 the retailers, would have a right to challenge
- 12 an agency order but wouldn't have a right to be
- 13 notified of the order in the first place. It's
- 14 simply unlikely that Congress would have
- 15 expected such a person to be able to challenge
- the order within 30 days after it's issued.
- 17 They don't even know that it's been issued in
- 18 the first place.
- 19 JUSTICE KAGAN: But just --
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, I -- I
- 21 think they probably do -- in terms of what
- they're following. I think it's a bit much to
- 23 call them bystanders. I mean, their business
- depends upon this or, in other circumstances,
- 25 whatever the retailers are. And the whole

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1 purpose of the proceeding is -- is to either
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- 2 overturn a decision preventing retailers from
- 3 doing what retailers do with respect to the --
- 4 the particular product.
- I mean, if that's the whole point of
- 6 it, from the government's point of view, the
- 7 regulatory point of view, and what's harmful to
- 8 the public, that's whether or not these products
- 9 are going to be sold, I don't know why the
- 10 retailers aren't the most likely people to bring
- 11 an action --
- MR. SURI: The most --
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- a -- a
- 14 challenge to it.
- MR. SURI: The most likely people to
- bring an action are the applicants themselves.
- We are not aware of a single case where a
- 18 retailer has brought a freestanding challenge
- 19 unaccompanied by the applicant. That's because
- 20 it's simply practically implausible that the
- 21 retailer would be able to do so. Again, the
- 22 retailer isn't notified that the order has been
- issued and doesn't get to see the contents of
- the application.
- So, as a practical matter, what's

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1 going on is that the retailer is simply a prop
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- 2 being used by the manufacturer to enable them to
- 3 get into the circuit they prefer. They're not
- 4 adding any value to the case itself.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: What you suggested,
- 6 Mr. Suri, about the structure of the statute,
- 7 I -- I mean, I would think that this structure
- 8 says -- points in the exact opposite direction
- 9 from what you said.
- 10 You know, it says (A) is the
- 11 promulgation of a rule and (B) is the denial of
- 12 an application, and as to both of those, any
- person adversely affected can file a petition.
- 14 And you're essentially reading this so that the
- "any person adversely affected" is -- has -- two
- different meanings, two different definitions,
- for the (A) and the (B), and I would think that
- that's a very strange way to think about this
- 19 section.
- 20 MR. SURI: I respectfully disagree
- 21 with the premise of that question, Justice
- 22 Kagan. We are reading "adversely affected" to
- 23 have the same meaning for (A) and (B). It means
- 24 the zone-of-interests test. It means you must
- 25 infer from the structure of the statute the

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1 appropriate class of plaintiffs. It's just that
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- 2 the interests protected by the provisions
- 3 authorizing regulations are different from the
- 4 interests protected by the provisions
- 5 authorizing denials of applications.
- 6 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, I guess I see
- 7 the point. If you, you know, broaden out the
- 8 generality, you can say, oh, it's still any
- 9 person adversely affected. But, as to (A), it's
- one group of people; as to (B), it's only the
- 11 applicant.
- 12 And, you know, I -- I guess I just
- wouldn't understand a person writing this
- 14 provision to have that in mind, to think that it
- can flip around as between (A) and (B) when the
- 16 same language comes after it.
- 17 MR. SURI: On any reading of the
- 18 statute, Justice Kagan, there are going to be
- 19 different classes of people adversely affected
- 20 under (A) than under (B). (A) refers to
- 21 regulations establishing and revoking tobacco
- 22 product standards. So the adversely affected
- 23 people could potentially include smoking
- 24 cessation groups that believe that the tobacco
- 25 manufacturers are being under-regulated.

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1 (B), however, refers only to the
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- denial of an application. It doesn't refer to
- 3 the grant of an application. So it doesn't
- 4 allow for under-regulation to be challenged.
- 5 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Does -- does the
- 6 retailer have Article III standing?
- 7 MR. SURI: Yes. We accept that the
- 8 retailer has Article III standing.
- 9 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Why?
- 10 MR. SURI: The retailer is, in this
- case, being ultimately prevented by the Act from
- selling the products that the retailer wishes to
- 13 sell. If the denial were reversed, then there
- is a chance that that injury would be redressed
- 15 because the --
- 16 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: That sounds like
- 17 "adversely affected."
- 18 MR. SURI: That might sound like
- 19 "adversely affected" in the colloquial sense of
- 20 the term. "Adversely affected" -- we don't deny
- 21 that as an ordinary use of the English language,
- 22 you might regard this as an adverse effect. But
- 23 the whole point of this Court's cases
- 24 interpreting "adversely affected" and
- 25 "aggrieved" is that those are legal terms of

- 1 art. They don't refer to the --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Well, how do you
- 3 deal with a case like Bank of America?
- 4 MR. SURI: Bank of America was a Fair
- 5 Housing Act case where there was a special
- 6 definition of the term "aggrieved person."
- 7 The -- the Court in the 1970s had interpreted it
- 8 to extend all the way to the limits of Article
- 9 III. While more recent cases of the Court have
- 10 questioned whether it really goes quite that
- 11 far, it does go beyond the normal meaning of the
- 12 term.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Well, you do
- 14 agree, don't you, that "adversely affected"
- 15 usually, in administrative law, includes
- 16 competitors or includes others in the -- the
- 17 chain of distribution, the manufacturers, the
- 18 retailers, the distributors? It usually can
- 19 include all those as a matter of basic ad law
- 20 principles?
- 21 MR. SURI: I agree with the first part
- 22 of that statement. It certainly includes
- 23 competitors in a wide variety of contexts.
- 24 Almost all of this Court's APA zone-of-interests
- 25 cases have involved competitors or other

- 1 entities with interests adverse to the directly
- 2 regulated party.
- This is a very different circumstance.
- 4 This is an ally of the directly regulated party
- 5 whose interests are derivative of that party.
- 6 The only case I'm aware of that looks like that
- 7 is Block against Community Nutrition Institute,
- 8 the case about the milk consumers and milk
- 9 handlers. In that case, the Court said that the
- 10 milk consumers didn't have the opportunity to
- 11 sue.
- 12 One of the reasons given by then Judge
- 13 Scalia in his opinion in the D.C. Circuit was
- they're indirectly affected, and the directly
- affected party is the more natural plaintiff.
- 16 That's exactly the situation here.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: And isn't --
- 18 conceptually, I guess, isn't it the case that
- 19 the retailer's real interest kicks in when a
- 20 product is marketed? So, when it's on the
- 21 market, then we say: Okay, we understand that
- 22 retailers can invest, they want to put it in
- their stores, they want to sell it to their
- 24 customers. But I quess, conceptually, there
- 25 might be a distinction between that and the

- 1 retailer's interest in pre-market development
- 2 and research.
- Wouldn't you think they would be sort
- 4 of agnostic as to products in development
- 5 from -- from the retail perspective?
- 6 MR. SURI: That's absolutely right,
- 7 Justice Jackson. And I think this case suffers
- 8 from a bit of an optical illusion: The fact
- 9 that the products are on the market is a result
- of FDA's deferred enforcement policy.
- 11 But, in trying to figure out what
- 12 Congress intended in the statute, it's helpful
- 13 to put FDA's enforcement decisions to the side
- and look at how Congress anticipated that this
- 15 scheme would play out.
- 16 JUSTICE JACKSON: And it anticipated
- 17 that this would be happening, "this" meaning the
- 18 approval, prior to market, that --
- 19 MR. SURI: Absolutely.
- 20 JUSTICE JACKSON: -- that the denial
- 21 that -- that is at issue here is happening
- 22 before this product ever is sold by anyone. And
- 23 so then the question becomes: What is the
- 24 retail's -- retailer's interest in that?
- MR. SURI: Exactly. And the question

- 1 the Court should ask itself is: Would Congress
- 2 have anticipated that you have a scheme where a
- 3 retailer doesn't know this application process
- 4 is going on, doesn't know that the agency has
- 5 issued a denial order, probably doesn't even
- 6 know that the product exists under the statute's
- 7 confidentiality provisions? Does this retailer
- 8 get to swoop in out of nowhere and, within 30
- 9 days, institute a judicial review?
- 10 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: It's losing a lot
- 11 of money --
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I think that's
- a very impractical understanding of the -- the
- 14 reason -- I don't -- it's not premature from one
- 15 perspective.
- The reason the manufacturer is doing
- 17 this stuff is because it wants to make a product
- 18 that the retailers want to sell. And the
- 19 retailers presumably will identify problems and
- the manufacturers will know about it and they'll
- 21 try to undertake research, whatever, to -- to --
- 22 to -- to fix it.
- 23 MR. SURI: I'm sorry, Mr. Chief
- Justice, it's not realistic to say that the
- 25 retailers are contributing something valuable to

- 1 the case.
- 2 Look at this case, for example. The
- 3 basic claim is that the agency unfairly
- 4 surprised the applicant by changing the
- 5 standards under which it evaluated the
- 6 application. Now the retailer has no idea
- 7 whether the applicant was surprised or not
- 8 because --
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why do you say
- 10 that? You -- you don't think there's
- 11 conversations or discussions or conferences for
- 12 all I know between the retailers and the
- 13 manufacturers of a product they sell?
- MR. SURI: There may be, but this
- 15 statute does not require that the agency even
- 16 reveal the existence of the application to the
- 17 retailer or the existence of the order.
- 18 So the question simply is: Does the
- 19 manufacturer get to talk to the retailer on the
- 20 side and thereby enlist the retailer to
- 21 participate?
- The only reason for the manufacturer
- 23 to do that is to try to get around the venue
- 24 restrictions. It's not because the retailer is
- 25 adding some facts or information or legal

- 1 analysis to the case that the manufacturer
- 2 couldn't have otherwise.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: You're analyzing
- 4 it as if the statute only allows suit by the
- 5 most adversely affected. I mean, the retailer
- 6 is losing money, substantial money, that it
- 7 would otherwise be able to potentially make, and
- 8 that's -- that financial injury certainly sounds
- 9 like adverse effect under any, as you would say,
- ordinary understanding of the term but also any
- 11 administrative law understanding of the term
- 12 that I'm familiar with.
- MR. SURI: No, but you could say
- similarly about the milk consumers in Block
- against Community Nutrition Institute, that they
- were adversely affected because they had to pay
- 17 more for the milk. Yet Judge Scalia said --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Consumers --
- 19 consumers are arguably analyzed a little
- 20 differently than those who are in the upstream
- 21 or downstream chain of production and
- 22 distribution and sale.
- 23 MR. SURI: I respectfully disagree
- 24 with that, Justice Kavanaugh. The entire point
- of authorizing these e-cigarettes, if they're

- 1 ultimately authorized, would be to save the
- 2 lives of consumers. It would be to ensure that
- 3 they can switch from more dangerous products
- 4 like cigarettes to less dangerous, potentially,
- 5 products like e-cigarettes.
- 6 So, if they're outside the zone of
- 7 interest, then the retailers, whose substantive
- 8 interests Congress really didn't care about at
- 9 all, are certainly outside of the zone --
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: Do you think that
- 11 there's anybody who is adversely affected other
- 12 than the applicant?
- MR. SURI: No.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: So why didn't they
- 15 just say the applicant?
- MR. SURI: Because Congress drafted a
- 17 provision covering both regulations and denials.
- 18 And the fact that it yoked those two together in
- 19 a single provision forced it to use a more
- 20 general term, "adversely affected," leading --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Yeah. I mean, you
- think that they're yoked together because
- 23 Congress meant for the same people to be able to
- sue with respect to both.
- MR. SURI: But, as I was --

1	JUSTICE KAGAN: I mean in the
2	withdrawal section, it does use the word
3	"applicant."
4	MR. SURI: But the withdrawal section
5	applies only to withdrawals. It doesn't also
6	refer to regulations. And for that reason
7	JUSTICE KAGAN: Right. I was just
8	thinking they knew how to use the word
9	"applicant." If they if they thought that
10	the denials should only be about applicants,
11	then they should then they would have written
12	a provision pretty much like the withdrawal
13	provision that says, with respect to a denial,
14	an applicant can sue.
15	MR. SURI: Well, let me try it this
16	way. The fact that Congress used the word
17	"adversely affected" in one provision and the
18	phrase "applicant" in the other provision
19	certainly requires an explanation.
20	One explanation is the one that
21	Respondents have offered, which is "adversely
22	affected" covers people beyond applicants. But
23	there's another explanation, which is that the
24	provision covers both regulations and denials
25	and Congress was forced to use the broader

- 1 term.
- 2 There's also a structural
- 3 implausibility in the other side's argument,
- 4 which is that retailers are allowed to challenge
- 5 denials but are not allowed to challenge
- 6 withdrawals.
- 7 Withdrawals affect retailers far more
- 8 directly than denials. It requires them to take
- 9 off the shelves products that they have lawfully
- 10 been selling. And yet, in that context,
- 11 Congress made clear that only the applicant is
- 12 allowed to sue.
- Now no one has come up with any reason
- 14 why a rational Congress would have set up the
- 15 scheme that way.
- 16 JUSTICE JACKSON: Mr. Suri, can I just
- 17 ask you, I -- I was a little surprised by your
- 18 emphatic response to Justice Kagan that no one
- 19 else fits into the category of "adversely
- 20 affected."
- 21 What -- what about some -- I'm
- 22 hypothesizing an interest group that really
- 23 believes that the sale of flavored cigarettes is
- important for helping people to stop smoking,
- adults, and they really believe this, and in

- 1 their research, this is a -- a net positive,
- despite the effects on children or whatever
- 3 else.
- 4 Because they have an interest in this
- 5 particular product, why wouldn't they be
- 6 adversely affected for the purpose of this
- 7 statute?
- 8 MR. SURI: Much as I'd like to be able
- 9 to say that other entities would be included, I
- 10 don't think we could say that.
- 11 The reason that they're not adversely
- 12 affected and they're not entitled to sue is
- 13 ultimately the same reason the retailers aren't
- entitled to sue either, which is Congress set up
- a scheme in which they're not entitled to
- 16 participate in the administrative process and
- 17 they get -- don't get notice of the order when
- 18 it's issued.
- 19 If you're trying to ask what is the
- 20 group of people Congress was -- whose interests
- 21 Congress was trying to protect, a good proxy for
- 22 that is whom did Congress allow to participate
- in the administrative process, who --
- JUSTICE JACKSON: Help me to
- 25 understand then how you are reconciling the

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1 text, because I -- I don't quite understand it.
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- We do have text that says "any party
- adversely affected on the one hand with respect
- 4 to denials, and we have text with respect to
- 5 withdrawals that say "the holder of an
- 6 application."
- 7 You are interpreting those to be
- 8 equivalent, but they're different language.
- 9 So -- how is it that we arrive there?
- MR. SURI: We are not interpreting
- 11 them to be equivalent.
- 12 JUSTICE JACKSON: Okay.
- MR. SURI: One requires the Court to
- 14 apply the zone-of-interests test. And with
- 15 respect to a subset of the agency actions
- 16 covered by the provision that refers to
- 17 "adversely affected," with respect to the
- denials, it turns out that the only people
- 19 adversely affected are the applicants.
- 20 JUSTICE BARRETT: Mr. --
- 21 MR. SURI: Another way --
- JUSTICE BARRETT: Oh, sorry. Please
- 23 finish with Justice Jackson.
- MR. SURI: Please go ahead.
- JUSTICE BARRETT: I just wanted to

- 1 take you to the venue question, your venue and
- joinder argument. I just don't want your time
- 3 to expire before we talk about that a little
- 4 bit.
- 5 Let's assume that I think we have the
- 6 discretion to reach it.
- 7 MR. SURI: Yes.
- 8 JUSTICE BARRETT: You know, the Fifth
- 9 Circuit -- we don't have a lot on it, right?
- 10 And there's not a circuit split on it. We have
- 11 a couple circuit -- you know, court of appeals
- 12 opinions.
- 13 Assume that I think we have the
- 14 discretion to do it. Why should we do it? And
- do we risk -- I mean, normally, we wait for
- things to percolate and develop so that we don't
- inadvertently forge ahead into areas where we
- 18 might disrupt things. So why wouldn't that
- 19 prudential concern apply here?
- 20 MR. SURI: You should do it because
- 21 the degree of forum shopping that has happened
- 22 under the Fifth Circuit's decisions so far has
- 23 been guite remarkable. In 2024, we counted
- about 14 petitions for review filed by
- 25 e-cigarette companies under the Act.

- 1 JUSTICE BARRETT: But wouldn't this
- 2 have ramifications outside of the TCA? I mean,
- 3 that's -- that's a little bit what I'm concerned
- 4 about here. The government gets sued in a lot
- of places, and this would matter beyond just the
- 6 TCA, correct?
- 7 MR. SURI: It could depending on how
- 8 you rule. And I could offer the Court a way to
- 9 limit its decision to statutes that are phrased
- 10 just like this statute.
- 11 The Court could set aside the question
- of what is the default rule for suits against
- 13 the government, whether everyone must have venue
- or only one party must have venue, and it could
- just focus on the language of this statute.
- 16 It says that an adversely affected
- 17 person may file a petition for review in the
- 18 circuit where the person resides or has its
- 19 principal place of business. And the key verb
- 20 there is "file."
- 21 I take my friends to be drawing a
- 22 distinction between --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Sorry. I didn't
- 24 hear that last part. The key?
- MR. SURI: The key verb is "file."

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1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Please continue.
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- 2 I just didn't hear -- okay.
- 3 MR. SURI: I take my friends to be
- 4 drawing a distinction between filing a petition
- 5 and joining a petition. But that argument
- 6 ultimately doesn't stand up. When four
- 7 different entities jointly file a petition,
- 8 every single one of them is a filer of the
- 9 petition. Reynolds is just as much a filer of
- 10 this petition as the retailers are.
- 11 And the question is, are they filing
- 12 their petition in a circuit that the statute
- 13 permits them to? And they're not. They're not
- 14 filing in the circuit where they reside or have
- their principal place of business, and they're
- 16 not filing in the D.C. Circuit either.
- 17 JUSTICE ALITO: Some of the -- I'm
- 18 sorry. Did you finish that?
- 19 MR. SURI: I -- I'm finished.
- 20 JUSTICE ALITO: Some of the amici
- 21 claim that there are as many as 650 review
- 22 provisions that are similar to the one here. So
- 23 how many of those -- can you tell us how many of
- those would be subject to the limitation that
- 25 you just set out?

- 1 MR. SURI: I don't have an exact
- 2 number, Justice Alito, but the amici are
- 3 including in their numbers the general venue
- 4 statute, which refers to suits in district
- 5 court, and the Hobbs Act. But both of those are
- 6 worded very differently. They don't talk about
- 7 where a person may file a petition. They just
- 8 say where venue is proper and use terms like
- 9 "the petitioner" or "the plaintiff."
- 10 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, there are a lot
- of -- there are a lot of statutes that have
- 12 specific -- specified venue provisions, right?
- MR. SURI: Yes.
- 14 JUSTICE ALITO: And would this apply
- to all of the -- would our decision here apply
- 16 to all of those?
- 17 MR. SURI: Not necessarily all of
- 18 those. Some of those are worded like the
- 19 statute here. I think the only example cited in
- 20 the parties' briefs and the Chamber of Commerce
- 21 amicus brief are the Investment Advisers Act and
- 22 the Natural Gas Act.
- Yes, it's true that the -- that other
- 24 statutes that are worded the same way as this
- 25 statute would be interpreted the same way as

1

well.

- 2 JUSTICE ALITO: Well --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well --
- 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: And what about 1391?
- 5 Would this be a way, essentially, to bracket
- 6 1391? Or would 1391 -- you know, is it similar
- 7 enough so that we would -- might be taken to say
- 8 something about 1391?
- 9 MR. SURI: While we would very much
- 10 like an opinion that addresses in dicta 1391 as
- 11 well, the Court doesn't need to go that far.
- 12 The Court could say we're just focusing on the
- language of this statute.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Sure. I'm just -- I'm
- 15 just saying, you know, is -- is your
- 16 suggestion -- which is you don't have to rely on
- 17 any kind of default rule about the government
- and instead just focus on the language of this
- 19 statute. What do you think candidly, honestly,
- that would suggest or not about 1391?
- MR. SURI: What that would take away
- 22 in the 1391 cases is this argument which I think
- is wrong in the first place that there's some
- 24 special rule for suits against the government.
- 25 What would be left in the 1391 cases is simply

- 1 to analyze the language, history, and purpose of
- 2 that statute applying the normal rules of
- 3 statutory interpretation.
- 4 While we think we have the better of
- 5 those arguments, those would be the issues that
- 6 the courts would have to resolve in that
- 7 context.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Mr. Suri, I
- 9 thought when I read the venue statute at issue
- 10 here not that you were relying on the word
- "file" but that you were relying on the explicit
- 12 use of something that's not in the other
- 13 statutes, at least the ones that had been
- 14 brought to our attention in the briefs.
- The language here is "any person
- 16 adversely affected" may file a petition for
- 17 review in their residence or the District of
- 18 Columbia "in which such person" -- it was the
- words "such person" which is missing from all
- 20 the other statutes.
- 21 MR. SURI: It's not missing --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And I may be
- wrong, but I think it's missing from 1391.
- 24 MR. SURI: It -- it is certainly
- 25 missing from 1391 and the Hobbs Act. It's

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1 missing from the most important statutes --
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- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Those were --
- 3 those were the two I looked at, but --
- 4 MR. SURI: Yeah.
- 5 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So I -- I --
- 6 that's why I'm not sure. I know you'd like us
- 7 to say that the government should not be treated
- 8 differently, but, by suggesting that, you're
- 9 inviting a -- a larger ruling than Justice
- 10 Barrett suggests we might want to undertake.
- 11 MR. SURI: Well, I'd prefer to win as
- 12 big as I can get away with, but, if the Court is
- 13 concerned about issuing a broad ruling, it can
- 14 certainly focus on the words "file" and "such
- person," which -- which are not unique to this
- 16 statute but which do distinguish this statute
- 17 from the others that the other side is most
- 18 concerned about.
- 19 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What do we do with
- 20 your forfeiture, meaning the -- and Justice
- 21 Barrett said we might have equity to -- to go
- by, and I do understand the forum-shopping
- 23 concerns that you have.
- 24 But what do we do about the
- 25 forfeiture?

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1 MR. SURI: The issue was passed upon
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- 2 below and was --
- 3 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: How if you
- 4 forfeit? You didn't raise it explicitly in this
- 5 way.
- 6 MR. SURI: It was passed upon at the
- 7 top of page 3a and the bottom of page 5a of the
- 8 petition appendix, where the court of appeals
- 9 stated that venue is proper because two out of
- 10 the four parties have their principal places of
- 11 business within the circuit.
- 12 We didn't raise it in this case
- 13 because we were foreclosed from doing so by
- 14 circuit precedent. They argued that we didn't
- raise it in a previous case as well, the circuit
- 16 precedent that foreclosed the issue in this
- 17 case.
- 18 But I'd like just to quickly put that
- 19 in context. There, the issue arose initially
- 20 in -- on a stay motion. We said there's a
- 21 question as to venue, but we can't be sure
- 22 because the record doesn't show where all the
- 23 parties reside. They, in their reply brief,
- 24 said it doesn't matter because one party resides
- 25 in the circuit. And then the Fifth Circuit

- 1 issued a published opinion accepting their
- 2 theory.
- We never really had a chance to engage
- 4 on that issue. The Fifth Circuit issued a
- 5 published opinion that is -- that was binding
- 6 precedent in this case. We tried to make
- 7 arguments that weren't foreclosed by that
- 8 precedent, but the Fifth Circuit rejected that
- 9 as well.
- 10 So all of that is properly before this
- 11 Court.
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: And then what's your
- view of what question you brought to us?
- MR. SURI: We brought the question
- whether a manufacturer can sue in the Fifth
- 16 Circuit if it doesn't reside there or have its
- 17 principal place of business there. And we gave
- 18 two different reasons why they're not able to do
- 19 so.
- The Court could address either of
- 21 those arguments in either order, and it would be
- 22 sufficient to reverse if it agreed with us on
- the second part.
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 25 counsel.

1	Justice Thomas?
2	JUSTICE THOMAS: We're definitely not
3	talking about jurisdiction here. We're merely
4	talking about venue. And when I think of venue,
5	I normally think of convenience to the parties.
6	As a practical matter, why is it
7	inconvenient for the government to litigate in
8	one circuit versus another?
9	MR. SURI: It's not inconvenient for
10	the government, Justice Thomas.
11	JUSTICE THOMAS: So what's what's
12	this all about?
13	MR. SURI: It's about Congress's
14	choice in the statute. Congress could have
15	passed a statute that said you can sue the
16	government anywhere you want. It chose not to
17	do that. It specified particular venues.
18	I think it had good reasons to do
19	that. One is to minimize opportunities for
20	forum shopping, ensuring that cases can
21	percolate among multiple courts before they get
22	to this Court.
23	Contrast Wages, where you had cases
24	from eight different circuits that addressed the

question before it got to this Court, to what's

- 1 happening now, where almost all the cases are
- 2 being filed in the Fifth Circuit. Congress had
- 3 good reason.
- 4 JUSTICE THOMAS: It seems like it's
- 5 convenient for you then.
- 6 MR. SURI: Well, it's the statute
- 7 Congress enacted, and that's what we're asking
- 8 the Court to apply.
- 9 JUSTICE THOMAS: So does it has --
- 10 have anything to do with your -- your not
- 11 winning in the Fifth Circuit?
- 12 MR. SURI: We have -- we neither like
- 13 nor dislike the Fifth Circuit, Justice Thomas.
- 14 What we dislike is for the other side to be able
- 15 to choose whichever circuit is most convenient
- out of all 12 in the country.
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Alito?
- 18 JUSTICE ALITO: Suppose a retailer
- 19 continues to sell Vuse products and is
- 20 criminally prosecuted. Could that retailer
- 21 assert that the denial was unlawful as a defense
- in the criminal proceedings?
- MR. SURI: There would be no
- 24 jurisdictional bar to the retailer's doing so as
- 25 there's nothing like the Hobbs Act issue that

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1 you'll be hearing -- about in the second case
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- 2 this morning. We would simply argue that the
- 3 retailer's defense would fail on the merits.
- 4 The statute says that the product may
- 5 not be sold without authorization. And
- 6 regardless of whether the denial was lawful or
- 7 unlawful, that doesn't result in getting an
- 8 authorization. That's like a driver driving
- 9 without a license and saying: I should have
- 10 been issued the license, but I wasn't. That
- 11 usually wouldn't be regarded as a valid defense.
- 12 JUSTICE ALITO: Your friends on the
- other side say that this is -- this dispute is
- 14 basically irrelevant because petitioners
- 15 challenging the same agency order in different
- 16 circuits -- petitions, I'm sorry, challenging
- the order in different circuits will eventually
- 18 be consolidated. What's your response to that?
- 19 MR. SURI: The response to that is
- 20 that the multi-circuit petition process includes
- 21 a provision that says that a court, at the end
- of that process, determines the most convenient
- 23 forum and can send the cases to that forum.
- 24 They have circumvented that ability of
- a court to identify the most convenient forum.

- 1 By allowing them to use the tactic that they've
- 2 used, they can unilaterally send the cases to
- 3 whichever court they prefer.
- 4 JUSTICE ALITO: Thank you.
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 6 Sotomayor?
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Explain that to
- 8 me.
- 9 MR. SURI: Yeah.
- 10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I thought the
- 11 multi-circuit rules required that the first
- 12 filing controls, correct?
- 13 MR. SURI: The first filing controls
- if there's one filing in the first 10 days and
- then further filings after the first 10 days.
- But, regardless of whether the first
- filing controls, the court in which the
- 18 petitions are consolidated can receive a motion
- 19 to transfer the case to what it regards as the
- 20 most convenient forum. And we have cited
- 21 authority saying that preventing gamesmanship is
- 22 a valid basis for granting such a motion.
- So, if they tried some tactic to
- engineer the cases to get to the Fifth Circuit,
- 25 we would respond potentially by filing that type

- of motion. They've prevented us from doing that
- 2 by not invoking the multi-circuit process by the
- 3 stay.
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I see. By filing
- 5 everything in the Fifth Circuit?
- 6 MR. SURI: Exactly.
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And joining
- 8 everyone there?
- 9 MR. SURI: Exactly.
- 10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Got it.
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Kagan?
- 12 Justice Gorsuch?
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Mr. Suri, on -- on
- 14 the second question, you -- you say it's not
- inconvenient to litigate in the Fifth Circuit
- 16 for the government. And I get that. But you
- say that there's forum-shopping concerns by
- 18 allowing manufacturers to piggyback.
- 19 Is that right, those two things? We
- 20 can hold those two ideas in our head at the same
- 21 time?
- MR. SURI: Yes.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. On -- on --
- if we got rid of manufacturers piggybacking,
- 25 what would stop manufacturers from simply

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1 funding retailers' suits and we'd wind up in
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- 2 exactly the same place?
- 3 MR. SURI: The first problem with that
- 4 would be that there is a question about the
- 5 scope of the relief that would be issued. The
- 6 statute uses the phrase "set aside." And I know
- 7 there's been some debate about whether that
- 8 allows for universal relief or party-specific
- 9 relief.
- 10 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Putting that aside.
- 11 MR. SURI: So it may be that there's
- 12 relief only for the retailer.
- 13 JUSTICE GORSUCH: I understand that.
- MR. SURI: Putting that aside, there
- might be additional reasons why a manufacturer
- is unable to fund the retailer. For example,
- the contents of the application often include
- 18 trade secrets that the manufacturer may not be
- 19 willing to share with the retailer.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: But suppose a
- 21 manufacturer is.
- MR. SURI: Well, then that's the price
- 23 that the manufacturer is paying --
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Yeah.
- 25 MR. SURI: -- in order to -- the --

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1 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Yeah.
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- 2 MR. SURI: It may well be --
- 3 JUSTICE GORSUCH: We could -- we could
- 4 wind up in the same place, is I -- I guess what
- 5 I'm driving at. Third-party-funded litigation
- 6 is not unknown in this country.
- 7 MR. SURI: It is -- the -- the
- 8 ingenious lawyers representing the applicants
- 9 could come up with some way --
- 10 JUSTICE GORSUCH: You're pretty
- ingenious too, Mr. Suri. Don't sell yourself
- 12 short.
- 13 (Laughter.)
- MR. SURI: -- may come up with some
- way to circumvent the ruling, I agree.
- 16 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Alright. Okay.
- 17 MR. SURI: But that is no reason not
- 18 to enforce the limitations that Congress has
- 19 sought.
- 20 JUSTICE GORSUCH: I understand that.
- 21 And then, back on the first QP or how
- 22 I perceive it, you rely very heavily on Block in
- 23 your brief.
- Your friends on the other side say:
- Well, that's a different venue statute there.

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1 It said -- it -- let's see. You could -- may be
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- 2 brought in the district in which such handler,
- 3 the milk handler, is located, rather than
- 4 consumers or parties aggrieved or anything like
- 5 that.
- 6 So what's -- what's your response?
- 7 I'm sure you've got one.
- 8 MR. SURI: I certainly do. The
- 9 response is that the suit was not brought under
- 10 that provision. The suit was brought under the
- 11 APA.
- 12 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Understood. But the
- 13 Court relied on the -- the overall statutory
- 14 structure in understanding what the zone of
- interest in that particular statute was,
- informed in part by that -- that provision, as
- well as the fact that I think, there, that the
- 18 producers and the handlers had to vote on --
- on -- on the regulation, and -- and, here, I --
- 20 I don't think -- I don't think the regulated
- 21 community gets to vote on what you decide.
- 22 MR. SURI: The factors, the -- the
- 23 structural factors that the Court in Block
- 24 considered --
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Yeah, which is --

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1 why aren't those distinguishable, I guess is
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- what I'm saying?
- 3 MR. SURI: There undoubtedly are some
- 4 factors that are distinct, but the most
- 5 important factors the Court relied on also apply
- 6 here.
- 7 First, it relied on the fact that the
- 8 milk consumers played no role in the agency
- 9 process. And that's true of the retailers here.
- 10 Second, it relied on the fact that the
- 11 consumers were indirectly affected --
- 12 JUSTICE GORSUCH: No, I -- I --
- 13 MR. SURI: -- that's true here as
- 14 well.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- understand that.
- 16 But I'm -- I'm -- I'm not asking you
- 17 to -- to discuss the points of similarity. I'm
- 18 asking you to address the points of
- 19 dis-similarity.
- 20 MR. SURI: I -- yes. I acknowledge
- 21 that there are points of dis-similarity. We're
- 22 not saying this case is 100 percent controlled
- 23 by that case.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay.
- MR. SURI: But we are saying the most

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1 important factors are points of similarity.
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- 2 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Got it. Thank you.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 4 Kavanaugh?
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: On consumers, that
- 6 would open it up to basically anyone to sue.
- 7 Yeah.
- 8 MR. SURI: Potentially.
- 9 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Right. And that's
- 10 a -- the -- potentially a problem --
- 11 MR. SURI: Well, I -- I -- I --
- 12 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- or at least the
- 13 Court might think that that's a strange way to
- 14 read a statute --
- MR. SURI: But -- but --
- 16 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- as distinct
- 17 from retailers is not going to present that kind
- 18 of problem.
- 19 MR. SURI: But I think that's a
- 20 problem with Respondents' position. The
- 21 provision directing FDA to evaluate applications
- 22 explicitly requires it to consider the
- 23 consumers' interests. It is weighing their --
- 24 the risks to their health against the benefits
- to their health. And if they're not allowed to

- 1 sue, then I would think that the retailers, who
- 2 aren't even mentioned in the section, are even
- 3 less entitled to sue.
- 4 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Uh-huh. In
- 5 response to Justice Thomas -- and I might have
- 6 misheard you, so just correct me if I did -- I
- 7 thought one of your answers about the Fifth
- 8 Circuit was that prevents multiple circuits from
- 9 being able to address the issue? Was that one
- of your answers?
- 11 MR. SURI: Yes.
- 12 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Well, doesn't the
- 13 2112 process yield the same issue? And you say
- that's perfectly appropriate, of course, it has
- 15 to be.
- MR. SURI: The 2112 process will
- 17 result in a single order being challenged in a
- 18 single circuit. So that's true.
- 19 But there are multiple applicants with
- 20 multiple orders all over the country. What's
- 21 happening now is all of these applicants,
- 22 whether they're in California or Michigan or
- Ohio or even China, are going to the Fifth
- 24 Circuit to sue.
- 25 What would happen in the world that we

- 1 think Congress envisioned is the California
- 2 applicants would go to either D.C. or the Ninth
- 3 Circuit and Ohio would go to the Sixth Circuit
- 4 and Florida would go to the Eleventh Circuit,
- 5 and that way, similar orders would be addressed
- 6 in different circuits.
- 7 That's what's not happening right now
- 8 under the Fifth Circuit's decision.
- 9 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Alright. Thank
- 10 you.
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 12 Barrett?
- JUSTICE BARRETT: Mr. Suri, I want to
- state something about what it means to be
- adversely affected or aggrieved, and then I want
- 16 you to tell me if we're understanding it the
- 17 right way.
- 18 Would you say that it's fair to say
- 19 that the terms "adversely affected" or
- 20 "aggrieved" have gained a particular meaning in
- 21 the context of the APA? When they are used
- 22 elsewhere, like in the TCA, they bring that old
- 23 soil with them? So we would understand them to
- 24 have that capacious APA-style meaning unless
- 25 aspects of the statutory structure in the

1	organic statute overcome that?
2	Do you think that's fair?
3	MR. SURI: No.
4	JUSTICE BARRETT: Okay.
5	MR. SURI: The terms "adversely
6	affected" and "aggrieved" acquired a legal
7	meaning even before the APA in the context of
8	agency-specific statutes and non-APA statutes,
9	and the Court has been applying that meaning in
10	the context of non-APA cases even after the
11	1970s APA cases. So it has acquired a special
12	meaning in the APA context that is more lenient
13	than its meaning in other contexts.
14	JUSTICE BARRETT: So it has kind of a
15	term-of-art, old-soil meaning in in this
16	other line of cases?
17	MR. SURI: Yes.
18	JUSTICE BARRETT: Okay.
19	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
20	Jackson, anything further?
21	JUSTICE JACKSON: No.
22	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
23	counsel.
24	Mr. Watson.
25	

1	ORAL ARGUMENT OF RYAN J. WATSON
2	ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENTS
3	MR. WATSON: Mr. Chief Justice, and
4	may it please the Court:
5	This Court lacks jurisdiction to hear
6	this case, as we explained in our brief. But,
7	if the Court does reach the merits, it should
8	affirm.
9	The Tobacco Control Act allows any
LO	person adversely affected to challenge a
L1	marketing denial order, and retailers easily
L2	qualify.
L3	The TCA contains two judicial review
L4	provisions that allow for three types of
L5	challenges.
L6	For withdrawals of marketing
L7	authorization, Congress limited review to the
L8	applicants.
L9	For tobacco product standards and
20	marketing denials, the latter of which is at
21	issue here, Congress permitted review by any
22	person adversely affected.
23	By allowing any person adversely
24	affected to challenge denials, Congress plainly
2.5	intended to extend review beyond the applicant.

- 1 and the retailers are the next in line.
- 2 That plain text point is underscored
- 3 by this Court's ordinary zone-of-interests test
- 4 under which an entity harmed by agency action
- 5 falls within the statutory zone when its
- 6 interests are arguably protected or regulated by
- 7 the statute.
- And, here, the retailers' interests
- 9 are directly related to the statute because the
- 10 provision under which FDA denied authorization
- 11 governs what products may be sold, and the
- denial prohibits retailers from selling the
- 13 products. Indeed, the harm to the retailers
- 14 here could not be more plain. Retailer Avail
- 15 Texas would go out business if it could not sell
- 16 Vuse products.
- 17 Finally, by failing to raise it below,
- 18 FDA forfeited its argument that each Petitioner
- 19 must independently establish venue. But FDA is
- 20 wrong anyway. Congress enacted the TCA against
- 21 a uniform judicial interpretation holding that
- in cases challenging federal action, only one
- challenger need establish venue.
- In any event, ruling for FDA on this
- issue would change nothing. All four entities

- 1 here would still end up in a consolidated case
- 2 in the Fifth Circuit.
- 3 Therefore, the Court should dismiss
- 4 the writ or affirm the order below.
- 5 And I welcome the Court's questions.
- 6 JUSTICE THOMAS: Why do you think
- 7 Congress would treat denials and withdrawals
- 8 differently?
- 9 MR. WATSON: So, as your question
- 10 suggests, Justice Thomas, Congress did
- 11 distinguish between those two scenarios. The --
- 12 the plain text makes that clear. And if we
- think about why that is the case, it's helpful
- to look at 387j(d), which is the provision that
- 15 governs withdrawals.
- 16 The seven out of the eight reasons for
- 17 issuing a withdrawal are focused on the
- 18 applicant, for example, untrue statements in an
- 19 application or mislading -- misleading labeling
- of an applicant or not maintaining the
- 21 facilities properly from the applicant. It's a
- 22 very applicant-focused decision by the agency.
- 23 And then, if the agency is considering
- 24 withdrawing authorization, there is a notice and
- 25 hearing process that is laid out for the

- 1 applicant to participate before the agency
- 2 before the withdrawal is issued. So it's
- 3 evident throughout the statutory structure and
- 4 the other provisions that withdrawals are very
- 5 applicant-focused.
- 6 By contrast, a marketing denial is
- 7 much more broadly focused as to whether the
- 8 products may be sold, and in that respect, the
- 9 applicant and the retailers have the same
- interest, which is selling the products.
- 11 JUSTICE JACKSON: Can I just --
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But what else can
- 13 you do? Meaning retailers have no greater
- 14 rights. If the manufacturer fails to do
- something in the administrative process, you
- 16 can't make it up. You come in with the exact
- 17 same rights for approval that the manufacturer
- 18 has exercised or not exercised.
- 19 MR. WATSON: The decision that the
- agency is making under 387j is whether to
- 21 authorize the marketing, the sale of the
- 22 products, and in that regard, the applicants and
- 23 the retailers are similarly situated. They both
- have an interest in selling those products.
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Tell me what you

- 1 can do that the manufacturer can't do in
- 2 challenging the order. You're stuck with the
- 3 record the manufacturer created, correct?
- 4 MR. WATSON: The administrative record
- 5 would govern a challenge filed by retailers or
- 6 by a applicant.
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So what arguments
- 8 could you raise that would be different than the
- 9 manufacturers'?
- 10 MR. WATSON: So I take your question,
- 11 Justice Sotomayor, to be getting at why would
- retailers be involved in the litigation process,
- 13 what do they add to that, what additional
- 14 argument could there be, and in that regard, I
- would point the Court to the fact that when a
- 16 marketing denial order is issued, it's very
- 17 important to everyone in that distribution chain
- 18 to seek a judicial stay of that order
- 19 immediately so that the products may continue to
- 20 be sold. And we went into court immediately and
- 21 sought such a stay.
- 22 When making that argument --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I keep going
- 24 back --
- 25 MR. WATSON: --- the irreparable --

1	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But the
2	manufacturers could have done that if they
3	really thought it was necessary. I
4	MR. WATSON: Yeah.
5	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What what
6	but they can't do it unless there's something
7	inadequate in the record, correct?
8	MR. WATSON: Both both both the
9	manufacturers and the applicants jointly did
10	that in this case. And my point was that, in
11	seeking a stay, irreparable harm has to be
12	established. And the fact that, for example,
13	Avail Texas, one of the retailers here, will
14	have to go out of business if it cannot sell the
15	Vuse products
16	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I I I
17	MR. WATSON: is well within that.
18	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I under I fully
19	understand the harm, but it's identical to
20	withdrawal. So you're going to be harmed in any
21	situation, whether there's approval not given or
22	it's withdrawn.
23	JUSTICE JACKSON: But
24	MR. WATSON: It is true that we
25	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I I am asking

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1 you what rights in the administrative -- what
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- 2 arguments, what evidence, what anything can you
- 3 present that would be different than the
- 4 manufacturers'?
- 5 MR. WATSON: The retailers can make
- 6 the same arguments and it is based on the same
- 7 administrative record, Justice Sotomayor.
- 8 But --
- 9 JUSTICE JACKSON: Mr. -- sorry, go
- 10 ahead --
- MR. WATSON: But -- but, here,
- 12 Congress has distinguished between the
- 13 withdrawal scenario, which is limited to
- 14 applicants and to our --
- JUSTICE JACKSON: Yes, and that's --
- that distinction is what really bugs me about
- 17 your position because I think we would all agree
- 18 that the retailers have a significant interest
- once the product is on the market, that they
- 20 have purchased it, they have stocked their
- 21 shelves, they are ready to go. In fact, they
- 22 might even have sales numbers where it's been
- out there and now their skin is really in the
- 24 game. And yet, in that situation in which they
- would be clearly harmed if suddenly approval

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1 would be -- was withdrawn, Congress has made
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- 2 clear that they don't have the ability to sue.
- 3 And so it seems just at least
- 4 peculiar, if not, in my view, sort of
- 5 undermining your argument, that the retailers
- 6 have an interest in the pre-market scenario that
- 7 would entitle them to sue, the fact that
- 8 Congress has said in the very situation in which
- 9 we would expect that retailers would be able to
- 10 come in to protect their own interests, Congress
- 11 has not allowed them to.
- 12 MR. WATSON: Justice Jackson, I think
- 13 I would answer that in two parts.
- 14 The first is that very strong interest
- 15 that you identify, we agree, and that is
- implicated here because, in this case, these
- 17 products are on the shelves of retailers.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: Can we just pause
- 19 for -- let's talk about the post, because I do
- 20 want to get back to that. But in -- I agree
- 21 with you that once the product is marketed and
- 22 the retailers -- I think, in some places, they
- actually purchase it to sell to their customers.
- MR. WATSON: Correct.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: I mean, they are in

- 1 this thing.
- 2 MR. WATSON: That's correct.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: Congress says, if
- 4 the FDA withdraws its approval of products that
- 5 they have already purchased and stocked their
- 6 shelves, they can't sue. So that suggests to me
- 7 that Congress was really not in this statute
- 8 protecting retailers' interests.
- 9 MR. WATSON: It -- it is absolutely
- 10 true that in the withdrawal scenario, they
- 11 cannot sue, but Congress here drafted a separate
- 12 provision that says any person adversely --
- JUSTICE JACKSON: No, I understand,
- 14 but you're try --
- 15 MR. WATSON: -- affected can challenge
- 16 the marketing denial.
- 17 JUSTICE JACKSON: -- but -- but -- but
- 18 we have to try to figure out what Congress
- 19 wanted with respect to whether retailers were in
- 20 the class of people that should be entitled to
- 21 sue.
- MR. WATSON: Yes.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: And the clue from
- 24 the statute here is that Congress was not
- 25 focused on retailers because, if they were, they

1 really would have given retailers the ability to

- 2 sue where their interests are most seriously
- 3 affected.
- 4 Let me ask you about the pre-market
- 5 assumption that retailers and manufacturers
- 6 actually stand in the same shoes. I guess I'm
- 7 not sure I understand that because it would seem
- 8 to me that retailers really get their interest
- 9 from marketed products. Again, it's the -- once
- 10 a product is on the market, the retailers come
- in, they buy it up, they do whatever, and
- 12 they're ready to sell it to -- to customers.
- 13 I'm not sure that they have the same
- interest as a manufacturer in pre-market,
- pre-development, is it going to be approved or
- 16 not. So can you say more about why you're just
- 17 assuming that retailers and manufacturers have
- 18 the same interest in the pre-market scenario?
- 19 MR. WATSON: Absolutely. It's clear
- that retailers are the next in line in terms of
- 21 the harm suffered behind applicants, and the
- 22 reason is that they want to sell these products,
- whether it's on their shelf right now or they
- just have a desire to do so for their business
- 25 purposes --

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JUSTICE JACKSON: But why is that a

2	harm?
3	MR. WATSON: going forward.
4	JUSTICE JACKSON: Why is that a harm
5	that that that Congress would want to
6	protect here? I mean, it seems to me that
7	retailers just want to sell some tobacco
8	product. They see that this product might be
9	developed. Mr. Suri says they don't even see
10	that because, you know, this is happening
11	confidentially. But, fine, they hear about this
12	kind of product and they're excited. Okay, I
13	understand that.
14	But why are they harmed if that
15	product never gets approved?
16	MR. WATSON: Because Section 387j,
17	which is the core section that we're talking
18	about here, governs whether the product may be

23 Here, the retailers want to sell these

introduced into interstate commerce, and

retailers have business interests in selling

certain products over other products. They

24 products, and the thing that is stopping them

don't just want to sell some product.

from doing so is the agency action.

1	JUSTICE JACKSON: How is their
2	interest
3	JUSTICE BARRETT: Mr
4	JUSTICE JACKSON: different than
5	the customer? What if so so say I'm a
6	a customer out there that really is interested
7	in a flavored tobacco product because I think
8	it's going to help me to, you know, stop
9	smoking, and so just like the retailer, I hear
LO	about it. I really want to buy it.
L1	Is that person adversely affected
L2	for the purpose of this statute?
L3	MR. WATSON: The difference is that
L4	the statute here prohibits the retailer from
L5	selling a product that has been denied and
L6	subjects them to severe penalties if they do so,
L7	which include imprisonment, civil monetary
L8	penalties, injunction, and seizure. None of
L9	that applies to a consumer who wants to purchase
20	their product. Thus
21	JUSTICE KAGAN: Can I flip you to your
22	other argument, Mr. Watson? So let's assume
23	that a retailer is adversely affected for
24	purposes of this question.
2.5	So a person adversely affected may

- 1 file a petition for review with the D.C. Circuit
- 2 or the circuit in which such person resides.
- 3 Such person is the person adversely affected who
- 4 files a petition for review. How do we read
- 5 that any other way than that each person
- 6 petitioning for review do so in either the D.C.
- 7 Circuit or that person's home district?
- 8 MR. WATSON: Justice Kagan, the way to
- 9 read that is in light of the decades-long
- 10 uniform judicial interpretation of nearly
- 11 identical venue provisions that govern suits
- 12 against the federal government.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Okay. I -- I want to
- let you talk about that, but -- but, if that's
- the first sentence out of your mouth, it's kind
- of a concession that this language, taken on its
- own, is best read against you, is best read for
- 18 the government.
- MR. WATSON: We don't concede that,
- 20 but we do think that our best textual argument
- 21 is you read that text in light of how it has
- 22 been interpreted by courts and how we assume
- that Congress had in mind when it enacts it
- 24 against that. But we don't concede -- happy to
- 25 discuss the other reasons.

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1 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, okay, give me
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- 2 the other reasons.
- MR. WATSON: Okay. So, at -- at --
- 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: Just on the text
- 5 itself.
- 6 MR. WATSON: Yes.
- 7 JUSTICE KAGAN: I mean, I want to know
- 8 how to read that text your way.
- 9 MR. WATSON: So, at best for the FDA,
- 10 the text is ambiguous because, yes, it refers to
- 11 "such person." It also refers to "their," which
- is plural. And 1 U.S.C. 1, the Dictionary Act,
- 13 says that singular can refer to the plural. I
- 14 would also point out that even if it is
- singular, it doesn't actually answer the
- 16 question here.
- So it -- what -- let's assume it's
- 18 singular. That just means that at least one
- 19 person has to satisfy it. It doesn't mean that
- 20 every person has to satisfy it. And that's
- 21 the -- essentially, the rewriting that FDA's
- 22 position does, is rewrite it to say every person
- 23 has to satisfy it or all persons have to satisfy
- 24 it.
- 25 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, I take the point

- 1 that it doesn't say "and we mean" and then
- 2 answer the question in this case. But, you
- 3 know, usually, you look at a statute, it says
- 4 "such person." We're talking about a person.
- 5 That's the person who's filed, and that person
- 6 has -- and is given two choices, D.C. Circuit or
- 7 the -- the circuit in which the person resides.
- 8 MR. WATSON: Justice Kagan, the other
- 9 point that I would make on this is that the --
- 10 nothing in the Tobacco Control Act overrides the
- operation of basic joinder principles. And the
- 12 four Respondents here filed the petition for
- 13 review invoking Federal Rule of Appellate
- 14 Procedure 15. 15(a) is what allows joinder
- 15 where -- practicable if the parties are
- 16 challenging the same order and have the same
- interests, as is the case here.
- 18 So nothing in that provision overrides
- 19 the background operation of joinder principles,
- which support our position and our approach
- 21 here.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Can you address,
- 23 going back to the first argument, all your --
- 24 all your responses to Block?
- MR. WATSON: Yes. Happy to do that.

1	As an initial matter, Block supports
2	our approach for how you look at the statute to
3	construe what the zone of interest is. It looks
4	at all of the relevant provisions in the entire
5	structure of the statute, which is what we are
6	suggesting that this Court should do.
7	The reason that Block is
8	distinguishable is that included a collaborative
9	price-setting process set out in the statute
10	where, as Justice Gorsuch mentioned, their
11	the members of the industry, the handlers and
12	the the processors, had votes as to the price
13	setting. And then there was an administrative
14	review mechanism, which was limited to handlers
15	and did not involve consumers. There then was a
16	judicial review provision that was limited to
17	handlers and not to consumers.
18	The consumers tried to go outside of
19	all of that and invoke the APA in their own
20	lawsuit. And the court said and this really
21	wasn't even a zone-of-interests case. It was a
22	case about precluding judicial review.
23	The court said: Well, the structure
24	of the statute precludes judicial review there.
25	That would be like if consumers or perhaps even

- 1 retailers tried to file a district court APA
- 2 challenge to a withdrawal decision, right?
- This statute in the Tobacco Control
- 4 Act has an administrative review process for
- 5 withdrawals, and it's limited to applicants, and
- 6 it has a judicial review provision for
- 7 withdrawals, and it's limited to applicants.
- If someone other than an applicant ran
- 9 to district court and filed a challenge to a
- 10 withdrawal decision, the court might say: The
- 11 stat -- the statute precludes judicial review of
- 12 a consumer suit in that context.
- But that's not what we have here.
- 14 Here, the TCA expressly distinguishes between
- 15 applicants on the one hand and any -- person
- 16 adversely affected on the other.
- 17 So, once we decide that someone other
- than an applicant is included with any person
- 19 adversely affected, the next question for the
- 20 court is: Who's the next in line in terms of
- 21 being harmed? And, here, that is plainly the
- 22 retailers. The retailers here are subject to a
- 23 prohibition on selling the products after the
- denial and are subject to severe penalties if
- 25 they violate that.

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                And, indeed, the FDA press releases
 2
      that accompanied the marketing denial orders for
 3
      the Vuse products expressly threaten enforcement
      against the retailers if they continue to sell
 4
      the products. So it's hard to see how retailers
 5
      in that context would not be adversely affected
 6
 7
     by a marketing denial.
                And, as I noted in my opening --
 8
                JUSTICE JACKSON: That doesn't --
 9
      they're sell --
10
11
                JUSTICE BARRETT: Mr. --
12
                JUSTICE JACKSON: -- they would have
13
      to -- I -- sorry. Go ahead.
14
                JUSTICE BARRETT: I -- I was just
15
      going to ask you if you could respond to the
16
      same question that I asked Mr. Suri about the
17
     meanings of the terms "aggrieved" and "adversely
18
     affected."
19
                You know, I asked him whether they had
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- 20 a special meaning that they had acquired in
- 21 administrative law that we assume presumptively
- 22 applies elsewhere unless the statutory structure
- 23 overcomes it.
- 24 MR. WATSON: Mm-hmm.
- 25 JUSTICE BARRETT: And, you know, he

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1 just -- he responded that, really, they have a
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- 2 longer common-soil -- a longer common law
- 3 meaning that brings the old soil and that the
- 4 APA is, as -- as I understood his answer,
- 5 unique.
- 6 What's your understanding?
- 7 MR. WATSON: So my -- my understanding
- 8 is that, if we just look at the plain text here,
- 9 we plainly prevail. But I do acknowledge that
- 10 the Court has applied a zone-of-interests test
- in these contexts and that "any person adversely
- 12 affected" has a meaning under those tests.
- Where I would disagree with my friend
- is the notion that the Court's usual lenient
- zone-of-interests test has not been applied
- 16 outside of the APA context.
- 17 The Bank of America case is an
- 18 example. That was a Fair Housing Act case, and
- 19 the Court applied a very lenient version of that
- 20 test which included the word "arguably."
- The Thompson case was a Title VII
- 22 case. That likewise applied the -- the usual
- lenient version, and it used the word "arguably"
- 24 again there.
- JUSTICE BARRETT: But, when you say

- 1 "usual" and -- and you point to the Bank of
- 2 America case, I mean, really, what you're saying
- 3 then is that the lenient test from the APA
- 4 generally applies absent some of it?
- 5 MR. WATSON: Yes. And, in fact, this
- 6 Court in the Bennett decision at page 163
- 7 indicated that the usual test applies unless the
- 8 statute expressly indicates otherwise.
- 9 In that case, "any person" was the
- 10 phrase in the Endangered Species Act, and so the
- 11 Court said: Well, that indicates otherwise.
- 12 That's even broader.
- Here, there's no express overriding of
- that test, and, in fact, the language of the
- 15 judicial review provision at issue here is
- 16 verbatim the same as the APA judicial review
- 17 provision.
- 18 JUSTICE BARRETT: And let me just ask
- 19 you one question about venue. You know, your
- 20 friend on the other side says, you know: Oh,
- 21 no, no, no, don't worry about it. You know,
- 22 Mr. Suri said we could have a large win on the
- venue joinder issue and we would be happy with
- that, but a small win would be fine too.
- 25 And if we confine the holding just to

- 1 the TCA, he said that would be -- you know, we
- 2 would -- could assure ourselves that we wouldn't
- 3 cause damage elsewhere.
- 4 What risks do you see if you lose on
- 5 that issue?
- 6 MR. WATSON: If we lose on that issue,
- 7 it is hard for me to see how it would be cabined
- 8 to just the Tobacco Control Act context because
- 9 the Tobacco Control Act's language is quite
- 10 similar to the Hobbs Act, and the Hobbs Act is
- 11 quite similar to the federal venue -- general
- 12 venue statute, all of which have been construed
- 13 to allow just one party to establish venue.
- 14 And that's all against --
- 15 JUSTICE KAGAN: So I -- I don't think
- that's quite right, Mr. Watson. I mean, you do
- analogize primarily to the Hobbs Act, and the
- 18 Hobbs Act strikes me as very different.
- 19 The original version of the Hobbs Act
- 20 allowed for venue where any of the parties
- 21 filing the petition for review resided. That
- 22 was the original version. And then they
- 23 maintained that meaning by just defining in
- 24 their definition of Petitioner.
- 25 So the current version does the exact

- 1 same thing by reference to a definition, that it
- 2 makes it clear that you can get venue where any
- 3 of the persons filing the petition for review
- 4 resided, which is exactly what this section does
- 5 not do.
- 6 MR. WATSON: Respectfully, Justice
- 7 Kagan, none of the cases we point to under the
- 8 Hobbs Act rely on the definitional provision,
- 9 and, indeed, none of them even refer to that. I
- 10 acknowledge, of course, that it was amended, but
- 11 that is not the basis for those decisions.
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, what --
- 13 whatever -- whatever the basis was and whether
- 14 they were just sort of thinking about the old
- 15 Hobbs Act so they didn't have to say, oh, you
- 16 know, the new Hobbs Act does the same thing by
- 17 using a definition, I mean, it does do the same
- 18 thing by using a definition.
- 19 And what the Hobbs Act does and has
- 20 always done is to say: Where any of the parties
- 21 reside, that's where you can file.
- MR. WATSON: What the courts in the
- 23 Hobbs Act cases were largely doing is looking to
- 24 the context in the previous interpretations of
- 25 the general venue statute and how that had been

- 1 construed.
- 2 So the Railway Labor Executives case
- 3 from the Ninth Circuit is an example of
- 4 construing the Hobbs Act in light of the
- 5 federal -- federal general venue statute. And
- 6 as this Court has seen, the courts of appeals
- 7 have uniformly held that the federal -- general
- 8 venue statute allows only one petitioner to
- 9 establish venue, and that's because Congress,
- when it enacted that statute, was expressly
- 11 trying to open up and broaden the venues that
- 12 are available when entities are challenging
- 13 governmental action.
- 14 The Sidney Coal case from the Sixth
- 15 Circuit is a good example of a case that
- 16 discusses that -- those policies in that ruling.
- 17 JUSTICE JACKSON: But -- but isn't
- that a different purpose than is at issue here?
- 19 I mean, I think what's a little concerning is
- that if you're right that only one party needs
- 21 venue here, it seems to directly undermine
- 22 Congress's intent to channel this -- these kinds
- of actions in a particular way.
- It seems like the statute gives those
- 25 who are -- adversely affected by the denial two

- 1 choices in terms of venue: They can file in the
- 2 D.C. Circuit, or they can file in the circuit in
- 3 which they reside.
- 4 If you're right, neither of those
- 5 become limitations on people who want to sue.
- 6 And so I guess I don't understand how your
- 7 only-one-person rule works consistently with
- 8 what Congress is trying to do here.
- 9 MR. WATSON: Respectfully, Justice
- 10 Jackson, our position does not nullify the venue
- 11 provisions, as my friend suggests, and there are
- 12 a few examples I can give to demonstrate that.
- One is that not all products are sold
- 14 nationwide. Many e-cigarette products are sold
- by mom-and-pop vapor shops on -- on the street
- 16 corner, and those mom-and-pop vape shops have to
- 17 seek authorization for each of their own
- 18 e-liquids in the products.
- 19 If they do so and they receive a
- 20 marketing denial order and wish to challenge it
- in court, they are not going to be able to sue
- 22 all over the country. They're only going to be
- able to sue in the relevant locality where they
- 24 sell those products.
- 25 But, even if we address the context of

- 1 a product that is sold nationwide and, thus, is
- 2 on retail shelves --
- 3 JUSTICE JACKSON: Are you saying that
- 4 Congress was not aware that some products are
- 5 sold nationwide?
- I mean, the venue provision has no
- 7 carveout for national products versus local
- 8 products. It seems pretty clear that you have a
- 9 choice. If you don't want to sue where you
- 10 reside, you can bring your suit in the D.C.
- 11 Circuit.
- MR. WATSON: I'm -- I'm simply
- 13 suggesting that the nullification argument by my
- 14 friend is not well put because there are
- scenarios where venue, even under our view, will
- impose an obstacle to the lawsuit being filed.
- 17 JUSTICE JACKSON: Well, but that's not
- 18 the question I'm asking. I'm not saying: Do
- 19 you always get away with it? I'm saying: Why
- 20 would Congress have set up a -- a statute or a
- 21 scenario where, in the vast majority of cases,
- you can just do an easy end-run around these
- 23 limitations?
- MR. WATSON: Because, as discussed in
- 25 many of the cases that interpret the general

- 1 venue statute, Congress has expressly intended
- 2 that when entities are challenging governmental
- 3 action, they should have many venue options
- 4 available to them and they should not have to go
- 5 just to D.C. That's the effect of what the
- 6 government's argument is here, that we can only
- 7 file in D.C. together. But that is not
- 8 consistent with Congress's intent.
- 9 Normally, venue is a protection for
- 10 defendants in the ordinary run of cases, but
- 11 that policy reason is flipped in the context --
- 12 JUSTICE JACKSON: Are you saying that
- 13 Congress couldn't craft a statute in which it
- 14 was trying to channel the venue in this way, in
- a way that was not a protection for defendants?
- 16 Congress was trying to ensure that these kinds
- of cases go in certain forums or that they're
- 18 being litigated all over the country and not
- just in one place chosen by the defendants?
- 20 MR. WATSON: Congress certainly could
- 21 craft a statute that makes venue very limited or
- 22 makes there be very many options. And my point
- 23 here is that the statute that we're looking at,
- 24 read in the context of other statutes that
- 25 authorize suits against the federal

- 1 government --
- 2 JUSTICE JACKSON: Why do we have to
- 3 read it in the context of other statutes? Why
- 4 can't we look at what Congress was doing in this
- 5 statute?
- 6 MR. WATSON: We read it in context of
- 7 the other statutes under this Court's decision
- 8 in -- in Bragdon, in the Texas Department of
- 9 Housing case. When there is a uniform
- interpretation by the lower courts, we assume
- 11 that Congress intended the words that it was
- 12 enacting to have the same meaning that those
- 13 uniform courts have held. And, here, that
- 14 supports our position.
- But, as I was also discussing earlier,
- 16 even setting that -- argument to the side, basic
- joinder principles here support the fact that
- 18 the four Respondents can and did jointly file a
- 19 petition for review under Federal Rule of
- 20 Appellate Procedure 15 in the Fifth Circuit, and
- 21 there's nothing in the Tobacco Control Act that
- 22 overrides the ability of the Petitioners to do
- 23 so.
- I would also note that if we prevail
- on the first question and retailers are indeed

- 1 allowed to sue, the second question really is
- 2 not one that the Court needs to reach both
- 3 because of the forfeiture argument that we made
- 4 in the briefs but also because 28 U.S.C. 2112(a)
- 5 is going to result in all four of the
- 6 Respondents being in the Fifth Circuit in a
- 7 consolidated case challenging this marketing
- 8 denial order. So it's not going to make a
- 9 difference in this case.
- 10 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Can you explain that
- 11 further, why that's the case?
- MR. WATSON: Yes, because, in this
- instance, the four Respondents jointly filed
- 14 their petition within the first 10 days after
- 15 the marketing denial order. The government
- 16 raised a venue objection very quickly. And so,
- 17 within the 30-day timeliness window but outside
- of the first 10 days, we went to the D.C.
- 19 Circuit and jointly filed what's referred to as
- 20 a protective petition there. And that's just
- 21 been pursuant to the agreement of the parties.
- 22 And the court held in abeyance in case we don't
- 23 prevail on the venue issue in the Fifth Circuit.
- 24 If we -- if we have the scenario that
- I was just discussing, the retailers will be

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1 able to still stay in the Fifth Circuit, but
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- 2 Reynolds, the applicant, will be transferred to
- 3 the D.C. Circuit.
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But --
- 5 MR. WATSON: Its petition will --
- 6 JUSTICE GORSUCH: I'd like you just to
- 7 finish that answer, please.
- 8 MR. WATSON: The protective petition
- 9 will come alive at that point, and pursuant to
- 10 28 U.S.C. 2112(a), the petition will be filed to
- 11 the -- will be transferred to the only court in
- 12 which there was a first 10-day petition --
- 13 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Got it.
- MR. WATSON: -- and that's here the --
- 15 the Fifth Circuit, and then they will be
- 16 consolidated.
- 17 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. I --
- MR. WATSON: That's all mandatory
- 19 under the statute.
- 20 JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- I got it. One
- 21 other question. On -- on the forfeiture --
- MR. WATSON: Yes.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- I'm -- I'm
- 24 struggling a little bit with that argument
- 25 because the Fifth Circuit found venue, and --

- 1 and so it -- it didn't necessarily pass upon the
- 2 question, even if it didn't discuss it.
- 3 MR. WATSON: So it's conceded that it
- 4 wasn't pressed below, and I don't think that the
- 5 opinion below is fairly read as passing upon
- 6 this either. The government was seeking relief
- 7 below that is inconsistent with its theory now.
- 8 It was asking that the court be -- the case be
- 9 transferred to the Fourth Circuit or the D.C.
- 10 Circuit, which their theory now is we couldn't
- 11 ever be in the Fourth Circuit. I think that
- demonstrates the court wasn't considering the
- issue that we're discussing now.
- 14 Yes, they did comment in the opinion
- 15 that in -- addition to establishing standing,
- 16 two of the Petitioners were located in the
- 17 circuit. But that's the extent of it. And
- these issues that we're discussing now were not
- 19 put before the court and I don't think fairly
- are read as having been answered by the court.
- But, in any event, the other reasons
- 22 why the second question doesn't matter are what
- 23 we discussed before and the fact that the
- 24 retailers and the applicant are seeking the same
- 25 relief, namely, to set aside the order that

- 1 we're here on.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, given
- 3 2112, the Fifth Circuit still retained -- I'm
- 4 sorry -- there still exists an equitable
- 5 decision by it about whether it should transfer
- 6 to the D.C. Circuit, meaning the manufacturer
- 7 filed there outside the 10-day period, but it
- 8 filed there. It has all of the materials. It
- 9 was the party responsible for the application.
- 10 Many parts of it are under seal, and
- 11 shouldn't it be the D.C. Circuit who decides how
- much of that the retailers should see? There
- may be some things -- Justice Gorsuch assumed
- 14 the manufacturer might let the retailer look at
- 15 everything. I'm not so sure. But that could be
- 16 litigated by the court.
- 17 So it's not an irrelevant decision by
- 18 us to say where each party has to file.
- 19 MR. WATSON: It is in the sense that
- 20 the operation of the statute will result in
- 21 mandatory --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No. The --
- MR. WATSON: -- transfer and
- 24 consolidation but after --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What the

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1 government is saying, it could make an
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- 2 application and the court still has equitable
- 3 powers under 2012 to decide differently.
- 4 MR. WATSON: Correct. What I
- 5 understand the government to be saying is that
- 6 yes, the process that I just described will play
- 7 out, but, after it does and everyone is back in
- 8 the Fifth Circuit, they reserve the right to
- 9 file a motion to transfer based on convenience
- 10 at that point. And I do agree that the statute
- 11 allows them to then --
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That was my only
- 13 point.
- MR. WATSON: But the -- my friend
- 15 conceded that it's not inconvenient to the
- 16 government to be in the Fifth Circuit, which
- 17 entails just sending the Department of Justice
- 18 lawyer to the Fifth Circuit --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No, but it --
- 20 MR. WATSON: -- for oral argument.
- 21 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- but it can
- 22 argue gamesman -- gamesmanship.
- Having said that, on the
- 24 zone-of-interests test, I -- I -- agree with the
- 25 government in part and with you in part. There

- 1 is a common law zone of interest that is
- 2 different from the APA. And we haven't
- 3 routinely applied the APA test. We sort of look
- 4 at the language of the statute and its
- 5 structure. And that's the only point they're
- 6 making, which is there isn't a routine
- 7 application.
- 8 In Bank of America, for example, the
- 9 case you rely on, we chose the APA formulation
- 10 and even made it broader because we said the
- language was broader. We've done that a couple
- 12 of times.
- 13 And so I don't think -- and the
- government hasn't pointed me to a statute where
- we narrowed it necessarily -- or maybe I'm wrong
- about that, I don't remember -- but the point
- 17 still remains that I don't think we can do this
- 18 as a -- a common-meaning understanding of what
- 19 "aggrieved" means.
- 20 MR. WATSON: I'll take that in two
- 21 parts, Justice Sotomayor.
- The Bank of America case was applying
- the ordinary zone-of-interests test. And, yes,
- 24 there was previous case law under the Fair
- 25 Housing Act that had said, well, we think

- 1 "aggrieved person" extends to the full -- full
- 2 parameters in Article III. And that was
- 3 actually disputed whether that precedent was
- 4 still good law in that case, and the Court said
- 5 we don't need to resolve that; we're just going
- 6 to apply the ordinary test. And that's why we
- 7 think it supports our position here.
- But, even setting that aside and just
- 9 looking at the text and the structure of the
- 10 statute, we think that it's quite clear that
- 11 retailers are within the zone of interests
- 12 because the text distinguishes between
- applicants on the one hand and any person
- 14 adversely affected on the other.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I -- I know the
- 16 arguments. Thank you.
- 17 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Is it your
- 18 position that "adversely affected" as a general
- 19 proposition usually, when there's regulation of
- 20 a manufacturer, adversely affects a retailer and
- 21 vice versa?
- MR. WATSON: I think that often will
- 23 be the case, but, to answer that, we have to
- look at the organic statute at issue in context,
- and, here, it's quite clear that it would, and

- in many contexts, it will, though, in the
- 2 ordinary course, it's possible that there would
- 3 be a statute that makes clear that retailers are
- 4 outside the zone. For example, a retailer
- 5 trying to challenge a withdrawal here would be
- 6 outside the zone because the text and structure
- 7 of the statute are so clear to that effect.
- 9 the economics of the situation, isn't that
- 10 the --
- 11 MR. WATSON: Correct.
- 12 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- the key?
- MR. WATSON: Absolutely.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: I mean, normally,
- it's going to impose cost on retailers if
- there's increased regulation of manufacturers,
- 17 as well as distributors, and, similarly,
- 18 throughout the -- throughout the upstream and
- downstream chain, right?
- 20 MR. WATSON: Absolutely. I agree.
- 21 And the Flemming decision from this Court is an
- 22 example of a case where the Court looked to
- 23 various entities in a distribution chain and
- 24 held that they were all within the zone of
- 25 interests.

Τ	JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: And so too, when
2	there's under-regulation of someone, a
3	competitor usually is disadvantaged?
4	MR. WATSON: Correct.
5	JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Yeah.
6	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
7	counsel.
8	Justice Thomas?
9	Justice Alito?
10	Justice Sotomayor?
11	Justice Gorsuch?
12	Justice Kavanaugh, anything further?
13	JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: No.
14	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
15	Barrett?
16	JUSTICE JACKSON: Can I just
17	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
18	Jackson?
19	JUSTICE JACKSON: Can I just ask a
20	quick question about enforcement? If the
21	retailer continued selling the bubble
22	gum-flavored e-cigarettes after a withdrawal,
23	could the FDA initiate an enforcement action
24	against it?
25	MR. WATSON: Yes. Now, to be clear,

```
1 bubble gum products are not at issue here.
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- 2 These are menthol products or --
- JUSTICE JACKSON: I apologize. Yes.
- 4 MR. WATSON: Yeah. But --
- 5 JUSTICE JACKSON: If there was
- 6 withdrawal of a product, could an enforcement
- 7 action be brought against the retailer?
- 8 MR. WATSON: Yes, because the retailer
- 9 would be selling the product.
- 10 JUSTICE JACKSON: Would be in
- 11 violation, right.
- MR. WATSON: Correct.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: So I guess -- and
- 14 yet, still Congress did not, you concede, allow
- for retailers to challenge withdrawals, right?
- 16 MR. WATSON: Perhaps they could make a
- 17 challenge as applied as a defense in that
- 18 enforcement action. But I do concede that as a
- 19 facial matter, challenging a marketing denial
- order, which is what we're dealing with here,
- 21 the retailer --
- JUSTICE JACKSON: But you still say
- that the enforcement possibility would yield the
- 24 result that retailers should be allowed to
- 25 challenge the denial on the front end because of

```
1 enforcement? I just was trying to --
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- 2 MR. WATSON: Correct.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: I was just
- 4 questioning how far your enforcement goes.
- 5 MR. WATSON: Correct. Correct. Here,
- 6 the retailers are subject to the prohibition and
- 7 the penalties, and FDA has expressly threatened
- 8 enforcement. So this is an easy case to -- to
- 9 identify that retailers here in this context
- 10 certainly are within the zone of interests.
- 11 JUSTICE JACKSON: Thank you.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 13 counsel.
- 14 Rebuttal, Mr. Suri.
- 15 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF VIVEK SURI
- 16 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
- 17 MR. SURI: Justice Barrett, you asked
- 18 why it's important to resolve this case, why the
- 19 Court should exercise its discretion to do so.
- 20 The practical reason is that a lot of these
- 21 cases have been piling up in a single circuit.
- In 2024, by our count, if you omit
- 23 protective petitions, about 75 percent of
- 24 e-cigarette cases were filed all in the Fifth
- 25 Circuit, all of them by out-of-circuit

- 1 applicants trying to use the tactic that was
- 2 approved in the decision below.
- If the Court doesn't resolve this
- 4 issue now, then petitions will continue to pile
- 5 up in that circuit, potentially you'd have to
- 6 reverse those venue decisions years down the
- 7 line, and all of those cases would have to be
- 8 distributed again, all over the country, to be
- 9 done from scratch. It's more efficient for the
- 10 Court to resolve the issue now.
- Justice Sotomayor, you asked about if
- 12 there's ever been a case in which the Court has
- 13 narrowed the zone-of-interests test rather than
- 14 broadened it. The best case we have for that is
- 15 Lexmark, where the Court interpreted the Lanham
- 16 Act's unfair competition provision to protect
- 17 the interests of competitors but not the
- 18 interests of consumers.
- Justice Kagan, if I could address your
- 20 question to Mr. Watson about why -- about what
- 21 textual argument they have based on the language
- 22 of this statute. And I -- I think,
- 23 respectfully, they didn't have a textual
- argument about how "such person" could possibly
- 25 be interpreted to allow a manufacturer to sue

- 1 based on a retailer's residence.
- They went, instead, to the Hobbs Act
- 3 and the general venue statute. But, as you
- 4 rightly pointed out, the Hobbs Act includes a
- 5 different -- a -- a different definitional
- 6 provision and different history. The general
- 7 venue statute includes different language, was
- 8 passed with a different purpose.
- 9 So the narrower way to resolve this
- 10 case is just to look at the language of this
- 11 statute and to say this statute says where
- 12 someone can file a petition.
- Reynolds is filing a petition jointly
- to be sure, but it is still filing a petition in
- 15 a place that the statute does not contemplate.
- 16 Now I take Justice Alito's concern
- 17 about how there are 600 statutes pointed to in
- 18 one of the amicus briefs. I went back and
- 19 looked at that brief. It's 600 statutes that
- 20 use the term "adversely affected" or
- 21 "aggrieved," not 600 statutes that use similar
- 22 language to this statute with respect to venue.
- So a decision about venue, while it
- could affect other statutes, is not going to be
- 25 nearly as far-reaching as my opponents have

- 1 suggested or their amici have suggested. It's
- 2 going to be limited to statutes that are worded
- 3 like the statute at issue here.
- 4 Now it's true, Justice Gorsuch, to
- 5 address your question, about how they might come
- 6 up with ways to circumvent whatever it is that
- 7 we come up with in this case, and we will have
- 8 responses to that, and that may eventually come
- 9 back to this Court in a future case.
- 10 But the only issue that the Court
- 11 needs to address now is whether multiple parties
- 12 can sue in a -- in a place where only one of
- 13 them resides. The language of this statute
- 14 makes it clear that they can't do so.
- 15 I'd like to end just by noting that we
- 16 have to be right either on the first issue or
- 17 the second issue because, if we're wrong on both
- issues, then this venue provision, for all
- 19 practical purposes, becomes meaningless.
- 20 Congress specified two particular
- 21 places where someone can sue: the home circuit
- 22 and the D.C. Circuit. But the practical
- 23 consequence of the decision below is that a
- 24 person can sue anywhere in any circuit, and that
- 25 can't possibly be right.

1		we ask that the judgment be reversed
2		CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
3	counsel.	
4		The case is submitted.
5		(Whereupon, at 11:16 a.m., the case
6	was submi	tted.)
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