SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

IN THE SUPREM	E COURT	OF THE	ONTLED	STATES
			-	
LOUIS MCINTOSH, AKA	LOU D,)	
Pet	itioner,)	
v.) No.	22-7386
UNITED STATES,)	
Res	pondent.)	

Pages: 1 through 53

Place: Washington, D.C.

Date: February 27, 2024

HERITAGE REPORTING CORPORATION

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1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE	UNITED STATES
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3	LOUIS MCINTOSH, AKA LOU D,)
4	Petitioner,)
5	V.) No. 22-7386
6	UNITED STATES,)
7	Respondent.)
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10	Washington, D	.C.
11	Tuesday, February	27, 2024
12		
13	The above-entitled matte	r came on for
14	oral argument before the Suprem	e Court of the
15	United States at 10:05 a.m.	
16		
17	APPEARANCES:	
18	STEVEN Y. YUROWITZ, ESQUIRE, Ne	w York, New York; on
19	behalf of the Petitioner.	
20	MATTHEW GUARNIERI, Assistant to	the Solicitor General
21	Department of Justice, Wash	ington, D.C.; on behal:
22	of the Respondent.	
23		
24		
25		

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(10:05 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear
4	argument first this morning in Case 22-7386,
5	McIntosh versus United States.
6	MR. YUROWITZ: Mr. Chief
7	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Yurowitz.
8	ORAL ARGUMENT OF STEVEN Y. YUROWITZ
9	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
10	MR. YUROWITZ: Mr. Chief Justice, and
11	may it please the Court:
12	Rule 32.2(b) states in unequivocal
13	terms that a a district court must enter a
14	preliminary order of forfeiture prior to
15	sentencing. In this case, no one disputes no
16	such order was entered, and there's also no
17	dispute why not, as the Second Circuit found,
18	because the government did not submit one.
19	Indeed, none was entered until three years after
20	sentencing.
21	Petitioner contends that Rule 32.2(b)
22	is a mandatory claims-processing rule and the
23	failure to enter the preliminary order of
24	forfeiture is fatal to the government's ability
25	to seek forfeiture.

_	such a reading is consistent with the
2	plain language of the rule, its structure and
3	purpose. The plain language requires entry of a
4	preliminary order prior to sentencing. This
5	Court has never interpreted the term "must" to
6	mean a mere time-related directive.
7	Such an interpretation is also
8	consistent with the rule's comprehensive
9	structure pursuant to which forfeiture must be
LO	addressed. Those directives start from the
L1	beginning of the case, continue through verdict,
L2	then prior to sentencing, at sentencing, and
L3	after sentencing. This highly calibrated
L 4	structure confirms the mandatory nature of the
L5	need to enter the preliminary order of
L6	forfeiture.
L7	The purpose of Rule 32.2(b)'s
L8	requirement to enter the preliminary order prior
L9	to sentencing also reflects the goal of
20	procedural due process and finality, all of
21	which are indicative of a prophylactive
22	mandatory claim-processing rule.
23	Finally, Rule 32.2(b)'s requirement to
24	enter a preliminary order of forfeiture is
25	nothing like those rules which this Court has

- 1 held were mere time-related directives. Those
- 2 cases involved either administrative rules and
- 3 the concern of imposing mandatory conditions on
- 4 bureaucratic agencies or rules designed to
- 5 protect third parties, not before the court,
- 6 such as the victims in Dolan and the public in
- 7 Montalvo-Murillo.
- 8 This Court should conclude that Rule
- 9 32.2(b) is a mandatory -- claim-processing rule.
- I invite the Court's questions.
- JUSTICE THOMAS: But didn't your
- 12 client -- didn't Petitioner have actual notice
- that the government was going to seek
- 14 forfeiture?
- 15 MR. YUROWITZ: He had notice in the --
- in the indictment in the bill of particulars
- 17 from -- but, from that point on, the government
- 18 was silent. There was no notice -- the
- 19 government provided no indication after verdict
- 20 that it was going to be seeking forfeiture until
- 21 literally the 11th hour, 59th minute, when the
- 22 court said it was about to impose sentencing.
- JUSTICE THOMAS: So how exactly was he
- 24 prejudiced by what the government did here?
- MR. YUROWITZ: He was prejudiced by a

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loss of value on the car, and there were
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- 2 third-party rights, third-party claimants that
- 3 are also prejudiced because, until a preliminary
- 4 order of forfeiture is entered, third-party
- 5 claimants cannot litigate their rights.
- 6 JUSTICE THOMAS: Were there any
- 7 third-party claimants, though?
- 8 MR. YUROWITZ: The car was titled in
- 9 his mother's name. She presumably would have
- 10 been a third-party claimant. And she -- she
- 11 didn't get -- I -- I -- my understanding is she
- 12 didn't even get notice.
- 13 JUSTICE GORSUCH: How does the
- 14 harmless error rule apply here? I mean -- I --
- 15 I understand you just indicated to Justice
- 16 Thomas that your client is prejudiced, but does
- 17 a court have an obligation to assess the
- 18 harmlessness of -- of this rule violation? Rule
- 19 52 would normally require that.
- 20 MR. YUROWITZ: So Dolan set -- set
- 21 forth three potential rules for -- the -- to --
- three potential buckets, a jurisdictional rule,
- 23 a -- a -- a mandatory claim-processing rule, and
- 24 a time-related directive. None of them --
- 25 JUSTICE GORSUCH: I -- I'm sorry, just

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1 to orient the discussion a little more
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- 2 precisely, we're dealing here with the Federal
- 3 Rules of Criminal Procedure, which have a
- 4 harmless error rule built into them and say that
- 5 they apply with respect to all of the other
- 6 rules.
- 7 So what about that?
- 8 MR. YUROWITZ: So this -- even -- in
- 9 this Court in Eberhart, when it was construing
- 10 Rule 33, it didn't look to a harmless error rule
- 11 because it -- held that it was a mandatory
- 12 claim-processing rule. This Court has never
- 13 really looked to harmless error when -- in the
- 14 context of mandatory claim-processing rule even
- when they're rules, federal rules.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: So even though the
- federal rules themselves say all of these rules
- 18 are subject to a harmless error analysis, you
- 19 would have us effectively carve out Rule 32?
- 20 MR. YUROWITZ: It -- it -- it's not
- 21 just -- I -- I would carve -- I think this Court
- 22 could carve out all mandatory claim-processing
- 23 rules.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. Thank you.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: So I have a

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1 question. I understand the merits of your
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- 2 argument, and I -- I -- I want to know, if we
- 3 agree with you that what we have here is a
- 4 claims-processing rule, you say that the result
- of that is that the Petitioner is entitled to
- 6 enforce -- enforce it. And so what I'm trying
- 7 to understand is, what does enforcement look
- 8 like in this context? What does it mean to
- 9 enforce a deadline regarding this kind of
- 10 preliminary rule of forfeiture?
- MR. YUROWITZ: When -- when a
- 12 preliminary order of forfeiture is not entered
- as it should be prior to sentencing, then the
- 14 government loses its right to forfeiture.
- 15 JUSTICE JACKSON: But -- but I thought
- 16 -- I thought the order -- the -- the response
- 17 was going to be that you just get a do-over. In
- other words, I mean, it's a -- it's a procedural
- 19 rule that occurs prior to the sentencing.
- That's what you've argued, right? You have to
- 21 issue this preliminary order of forfeiture.
- 22 And so let's say the court doesn't do
- 23 that. You say that the individual should be
- 24 entitled to enforce it. And I guess what I'm
- asking is, isn't the scope of the enforcement

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1 the argument that they need -- that the district
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- 2 court needs to do it over?
- 3 MR. YUROWITZ: The -- when you are
- 4 construing a mandatory claim-processing rule,
- 5 the effect of it is that if you don't stick to
- 6 it -- if you don't -- if you don't carry out the
- 7 duty, you lose the right.
- 8 JUSTICE JACKSON: But that's -- but
- 9 you say that's a jurisdictional rule. On page 2
- of your brief, you say, "most deadlines... have
- 11 consequences. A missed jurisdictional deadline
- 12 'prevents the court from permitting or taking
- 13 the action to which the statute attached the
- 14 deadline.'"
- So, if the same consequence applies to
- the claims-processing rule, I guess I'm
- 17 confused.
- 18 MR. YUROWITZ: But the difference
- 19 between a jurisdictional rule and a
- 20 claims-processing rule is a jurisdictional can
- 21 never be waived. A mandatory claim-processing
- 22 rule could be waived or forfeited.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: But -- but that --
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, it's not
- 25 -- I was just going to say the -- the -- in

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1 terms of the benefit of the rule, you -- I would
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- 2 assume what they would do is just, okay, here's
- 3 -- now we're giving you notice, here's the
- 4 preliminary order, and it'll be -- you know,
- 5 sentencing will be in another week as opposed to
- 6 that.
- 7 If you think that what the rule is
- 8 about is -- is allowing notice to the defendant
- 9 so it's prepared for whatever the final order is
- going to say, it seems to me that that's -- even
- if it's jurisdictional, as you say, that means
- 12 you can't rely on the existing order to give
- notice, but it doesn't mean you can't just give
- 14 notice, you know, a week later, give him the
- same benefit that he would get if the rule were
- 16 complied with.
- 17 MR. YUROWITZ: If -- if the notice
- 18 came before sentencing and it was entered before
- 19 sentencing, then there's not a problem. The
- 20 problem is, in this case, there was no order
- 21 entered until three years after, at which point
- 22 you're disrupting the finality of the sentence.
- This is -- forfeiture is an element of
- 24 sentencing, and there's -- there's an element of
- 25 finality to it, and that's one of the objectives

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1 that the rule is designed to -- to foster.
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- 2 It -- it also is designed to benefit
- 3 third-party claimants because, until you have --
- 4 until you have entry of an order, third-party
- 5 claimants can't even be litigated, which, in
- 6 this case, there was no -- there was no notice
- 7 served until 12 years after.
- 8 JUSTICE KAGAN: But the -- a mandatory
- 9 claims-processing rule is subject to waiver,
- 10 unlike a jurisdictional rule. So a person would
- 11 have to object to the failure of the court.
- 12 And once the person objects, won't the
- 13 court just do what the court does, and what
- 14 would be the difference?
- MR. YUROWITZ: It -- it's our position
- 16 that the -- the time to object is when the --
- 17 when a -- when the preliminary order of
- 18 forfeiture is entered. The government is
- 19 equivocal as to what -- or -- precise time, but
- 20 if -- it -- it's not too much to ask the
- 21 government to, if they're seeking to deprive
- someone of property, to dot their I's, cross
- their T's, raise this issue before sentencing
- 24 and -- and have the court address it.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: I -- I -- I guess I'm

- 1 not understanding. If the person objects at the
- 2 time of sentencing, and then the court says, you
- 3 know, you're right, I should enter a preliminary
- 4 order and enters a preliminary order, then you
- 5 have no complaint?
- 6 MR. YUROWITZ: Right.
- 7 JUSTICE KAGAN: So isn't that just
- 8 what's going to happen even if the court fails
- 9 to enter a preliminary order prior to
- 10 sentencing? A person in your client's position
- 11 will have to object. Then the court will enter
- 12 a preliminary order. And I -- I quess what I'm
- saying is that the rule you're asking for will
- make no difference in the end in 99 percent of
- 15 the cases.
- 16 MR. YUROWITZ: So -- we would take the
- 17 position that the time to object is at the time
- a preliminary order of forfeiture. Rule 32.2
- 19 places no obligations on the -- on the
- 20 defendant.
- 21 What the government is seeking to do
- here is to shift the burden to the defendant.
- 23 It's the government's obligation. They're the
- ones who are seeking to deprive a defendant of
- 25 property. They're the ones who should be

- 1 moving.
- 2 If at the time a -- when -- if when it
- 3 came back to the district court in this case and
- 4 the government submitted their preliminary order
- of forfeiture and the defendant had kept quiet,
- 6 yes, he waived it. But, up until then, there
- 7 was no waiver.
- 8 JUSTICE ALITO: The -- and the typical
- 9 mandatory claims-processing rule tells one of
- 10 the parties to the case that if you want to
- 11 assert a particular claim, you have to raise it.
- 12 It puts the -- it imposes a duty on one of the
- 13 parties.
- 14 But Rule 32.2 places a -- places a
- duty on the judge. Do you have any examples of
- 16 cases in which we have held that something is a
- mandatory claims-processing rule where the duty
- is placed on the court and not on one of the
- 19 parties?
- 20 MR. YUROWITZ: Gonzalez versus Thaler
- 21 and Santos-Zacaria are both obligations that are
- 22 placed on the court. A -- a -- a preliminary
- order -- it's an order. It's an order of the
- 24 court. It could only be entered on the -- by
- 25 the court, but at the end of the day, it's the

- 1 government that's seeking the deprivation of the
- 2 property, so they're going to have to provide
- 3 the court with the -- the information to enter
- 4 that order.
- 5 JUSTICE JACKSON: So I asked you about
- 6 remedy because I guess I'm -- I -- I think
- 7 there's actually a deeper kind of procedural
- 8 concern here that is making me wonder whether we
- 9 can actually reach the merits of the question
- 10 that you're asking in this case, and it comes
- from the fact that as I look at the procedural
- 12 history of this case, your client actually was
- 13 resentenced and procedurally resentenced
- 14 properly.
- So this is what I mean, that you --
- 16 you are raising concerns right now about the
- 17 process that the district court undertook to
- issue the first forfeiture order in this case.
- 19 And you say the district court failed to issue
- the preliminary order of forfeiture before that
- 21 sentence, and two years later, when it did issue
- 22 a preliminary order of forfeiture with respect
- 23 to that sentence, that was too late, that the
- 24 first forfeiture order was invalid.
- 25 But it looks from the procedural

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1 history as though the court of appeals vacated
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- 2 that forfeiture order and that you're actually
- 3 here today pursuant to your client's case that
- 4 is now relevant to the second forfeiture order.
- 5 Do you understand what I'm saying?
- 6 MR. YUROWITZ: Yes.
- 7 JUSTICE JACKSON: So we now have a new
- 8 forfeiture order, and with respect to that
- 9 forfeiture order, before resentencing, the
- 10 district court filed a preliminary order of
- 11 forfeiture and you didn't object, sentenced your
- 12 client.
- 13 You, I think, agreed to the forfeiture
- order at that point, so I guess I don't
- understand how we have the ability now to say
- 16 anything about potential defects with respect to
- 17 the first forfeiture order.
- 18 Can you help me with that?
- 19 MR. YUROWITZ: Yeah. So I -- I -- I
- 20 didn't represent the Petitioner at that sentence
- 21 because a quirk of CJA rules, but the -- that --
- 22 that for -- entry of the preliminary forfeiture
- 23 at the subsequent resentencing was always
- 24 subject to the -- the appeal that was pending
- 25 then through the appellate process, his direct

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1 appeal, which is that the government waived
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- 2 their right to -- lost their right to
- 3 forfeiture.
- 4 JUSTICE JACKSON: No, I understand.
- 5 But -- but that order doesn't exist anymore. So
- 6 how -- how do -- how do we give you a remedy --
- 7 even if you're right about what you're saying in
- 8 this case, I guess I don't understand how we're
- 9 in a position to give you any remedy today.
- 10 That order has been vacated. And what
- 11 you're arguing is that order was defective
- 12 because there was no preliminary order of
- forfeiture. So, fine, that order doesn't exist
- 14 anymore. What -- so what -- what can we do
- 15 about that now?
- 16 MR. YUROWITZ: It -- it -- it's --
- it's the same -- it's the same defendant who's
- 18 subject to sentencing. It's what -- the -- the
- 19 Petitioner's position is that the government has
- 20 lost that right, whether it's this particular
- order or a later order. If they've lost their
- 22 right to sentencing, they've lost --
- 23 JUSTICE JACKSON: Did he object to the
- 24 new forfeiture order, the second one, on this
- 25 basis?

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1 MR. YUROWITZ: He was continuing to --
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- 2 he was still -- his appeal was still in -- in
- 3 the appellate process. Obviously, because the
- 4 Second Circuit had held at that point that
- 5 the for -- the government's ability to collect
- 6 forfeiture was still pending, he was going to
- 7 negotiate -- work with them on a number which
- 8 was substantially lower, but at the same time,
- 9 his -- the appeal process was still -- was still
- 10 going. And, a matter of fact, we filed this
- 11 cert petition objecting to the government's
- 12 ability to collect on forfeiture.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: So what remedy can
- 14 we give you today?
- MR. YUROWITZ: That the government is
- 16 prohibited from imposing -- seeking forfeiture.
- 17 JUSTICE JACKSON: With respect to the
- 18 second order?
- 19 MR. YUROWITZ: With -- with respect to
- 20 -- with respect to this case.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Can I go back to your
- 22 -- your prior answer when you spoke about
- 23 Santos-Zacaria and Gonzalez versus Thaler?
- 24 In -- in the latter case, Gonzalez versus
- 25 Thaler, the provision said a certificate of

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1 appealability may issue only if the applicant
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- 2 has made a substantial showing of the denial of
- 3 a constitutional right. So that put a duty on
- 4 the applicant, not the court.
- 5 Santos-Zacaria, the statute said a
- 6 court may review a final order of removal only
- 7 if the alien has exhausted all administrative
- 8 remedies available to the alien as a right. It
- 9 put a duty on the alien, not on the court.
- 10 So do you have any other examples of
- 11 cases where we have said that something is a
- 12 mandatory claims-processing order, provision,
- 13 I'm sorry, a mandatory claims-processing
- 14 provision where the duty is on the court and not
- on one of the parties who wants to process the
- 16 claim?
- 17 MR. YUROWITZ: I -- I -- I don't, but,
- 18 Justice Alito, even in those cases, the ultimate
- 19 responsibility, for example, in Gonzalez, it was
- 20 the court that had to issue the court -- the --
- 21 the -- the COA. So it was the court -- it was
- 22 the court's action. It was based on a
- 23 litigant's conduct, but it's the same thing in
- 24 this -- in this instance.
- 25 The -- the court's ability to enter a

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1 preliminary order of forfeiture is based on the
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- 2 government requests indicating that they're
- 3 going to be seeking forfeiture and they're
- 4 providing the court with the information.
- 5 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: What do you do
- 6 about the different language of 32.2(A), which
- 7 does say "a court must not enter a judgment of
- 8 forfeiture in a criminal proceeding unless the
- 9 indictment... contains notice..."? In other
- words, the specific consequence is set forth in
- 11 the rule there, but it's not in the rule at
- 12 issue here.
- 13 MR. YUROWITZ: So -- I -- I think
- there's a specific reason why in A it had to
- specify the consequence, because it's based on
- the underlying statute. And in the underlying
- 17 statute, it talks in permissive terms. This --
- 18 the word used is the government may -- may file
- 19 a bill of particulars. And the rules wanted to
- 20 take it further, so, therefore, they wanted to
- 21 make it mandatory, so they indicated a
- 22 consequence.
- When it comes to (b)(1)(A), that --
- that concern doesn't apply.
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Justice Alito was

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1 asking you that -- about what other example you
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- 2 had of a mandatory jurisdictional rule, and as
- 3 you pointed out, there really aren't.
- 4 But I'm wondering how I can view this
- 5 rule as a -- mandatory jurisdictional view when
- 6 it has the biggest carveout I've ever seen. It
- 7 says you have to -- the court has to file a
- 8 preliminary order before sentencing "unless
- 9 doing so is impractical."
- 10 So why can't it do it an hour before
- 11 the sentencing?
- MR. YUROWITZ: So, Justice Sotomayor,
- impractical does not mean in -- inconvenient.
- 14 It -- it -- dictionaries define it as incapable.
- 15 It -- it -- that exception doesn't give the
- 16 court the ability to -- to impose an order at
- 17 any --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, having been
- 19 a district court judge and having hundreds of
- 20 sentences on my docket at one point, sometimes
- 21 it's not really inconvenient. It's almost
- 22 impossible to keep up with those things, and you
- 23 do -- you do do it a little bit later.
- But my point is, who decides that?
- Meaning you go up on appeal, the court of

- 1 appeals now has to hold a hearing to see why the
- 2 district court judge didn't issue the order a
- 3 month before, two months before, three months
- 4 before? I guess my point is, generally, when we
- 5 think of mandatory rules, they set a fixed goal,
- 6 a fixed deadline, something that you can know
- 7 and meet without discretion being involved.
- 8 MR. YUROWITZ: So Rule 32.2(b) imposes
- 9 that same firm deadline. That's sentencing.
- 10 The impractical exception is only that --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But, again, an
- hour is inconvenient, but how about a day? How
- about two? How about three? That -- my whole
- 14 point is that once you build in discretion, how
- 15 can you call it mandatory in the -- in the sense
- of it being jurisdictional?
- 17 MR. YUROWITZ: At -- at that
- 18 point, if the defend -- nothing -- none of this
- 19 happens in a vacuum. The government, had they
- 20 done their jobs -- job properly, they would have
- 21 come to the court saying we're seeking
- 22 forfeiture in this case. They would have
- 23 provided the information.
- Now it may be that the district court
- couldn't get to it because it was impractical,

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but there would be notice to the defendant that
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- 2 there was going to --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Thank you,
- 4 counsel.
- 5 JUSTICE JACKSON: So can I just -- I'm
- 6 sorry. So are you asserting that there was
- 7 something wrong with the preliminary order of
- 8 forfeiture that the district court issued on
- 9 April 23, 2023, before the resentencing?
- 10 MR. YUROWITZ: The -- the -- what was
- wrong is that the government shouldn't have been
- 12 entitled. There -- there's nothing -- there's
- 13 no -- I -- I wouldn't point to any errors in
- 14 that order. It -- it --
- JUSTICE JACKSON: All right. Did you
- object at the time of that preliminary order?
- 17 Did you say the government should not be
- 18 entitled to get a forfeiture because 10 years
- 19 ago, when they sent -- when I was previously
- 20 sentenced, the -- the district court didn't
- 21 issue a preliminary order of forfeiture?
- 22 MR. YUROWITZ: I -- I -- I don't
- 23 believe that the -- the defense counsel at that
- time did, but this was still a case that was in
- 25 a direct appeal.

- 1 JUSTICE JACKSON: All right. Final
- 2 question from me at least.
- If you win this case today and you go
- 4 back on remand, what is the remedy?
- 5 MR. YUROWITZ: That the -- the
- 6 forfeiture order be vacated.
- 7 JUSTICE JACKSON: Which forfeiture
- 8 order?
- 9 MR. YUROWITZ: Right now, the only one
- 10 that's pending is the -- the most recent
- one that was entered in April 2020.
- 12 JUSTICE JACKSON: And that one doesn't
- have the defect that you've identified, correct?
- MR. YUROWITZ: It -- it has a defect
- 15 in that it was entered when -- in violation of a
- 16 mandatory claim-processing rule.
- 17 JUSTICE JACKSON: Okay.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 19 counsel.
- Just to follow up on Justice
- 21 Sotomayor's questions about impractical, it's
- 22 not only impractical, but the qualification
- 23 requirement has to be sufficiently in advance.
- 24 And that's sort of another layer of broad
- 25 discretion.

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                I know yours is years, so that
 2
     wouldn't be covered, but in the typical case, it
     not only has to be impractical, but all you have
 3
      to do is sufficiently. It seems that there's a
 4
      lot of wiggle room throughout the rule that
 5
      seems inconsistent with the general notion of
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7
     mandatory requirements.
                MR. YUROWITZ: Even this Court in
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 9
     Eberhart, when it was dealing with Rule 33, it
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     has the same ability for a judge to extend the
      deadline. Defense counsel could make a motion
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12
      saying probably it's -- I can't do it
      sufficiently in time, and the rule permits a
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14
      court to extend it.
15
                This -- this Court held that it was a
      -- a mandatory claim-processing rule. So the
16
17
     notion that there's flexibility doesn't
      undermine the fact that it's a -- a
18
19
      claim-processing rule.
20
                The point is it's a rule that's
      designed to provide a -- a -- a litigant
21
22
     with protections because the government is
23
      seeking to deprive him of his property. A
24
     hundred and fifty years ago, this Court already
25
      said in French versus Edwards, where there's a
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Τ	rule that's designed to govern protections for
2	somebody whose property is going to be deprived
3	and there's a potential for prejudice, that's a
4	mandatory rule.
5	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you.
6	Justice Thomas, anything further?
7	Justice Alito?
8	Justice Sotomayor?
9	Justice Jackson, anything further?
10	Thank you, counsel.
11	MR. YUROWITZ: Thank you.
12	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Guarnieri.
13	ORAL ARGUMENT OF MATTHEW GUARNIERI
14	ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT
15	MR. GUARNIERI: Mr. Chief Justice
16	excuse me. Mr. Chief Justice, and may it please
17	the Court:
18	The timing requirement in Rule
19	32.2(b)(2)(B) is mandatory, not discretionary,
20	but characterizing that requirement as mandatory
21	doesn't answer the question presented in this
22	case. The question here is, what follows when a
23	district court violates the rule? What are the
24	consequences?
25	Now our basic submission in this case

- is that a violation of Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B) should
- 2 be treated like any other garden-variety
- 3 procedural error in the sentencing process.
- 4 When a court commits a procedural error at
- 5 sentencing, the normal thing to do is to apply
- 6 Rule 52, which is the provision in the Federal
- 7 Rules that codifies principles of harmless error
- 8 and plain error.
- 9 Under Rule 52(a), if an error does not
- 10 affect the defendant's substantial rights, it
- 11 must be disregarded as harmless. Petitioner
- tries to avoid the application of harmless error
- 13 principles by characterizing this particular
- requirement as a mandatory claim-processing
- 15 rule.
- 16 Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B) is not such a rule
- for all the reasons that this Court identified
- in Dolan with respect to the analogous timing
- 19 requirement in the Mandatory Victims Restitution
- 20 Act.
- 21 Let me just emphasize three of the
- 22 considerations that the Court stressed in Dolan:
- 23 text, context, and purpose.
- 24 Textually, the rule here imposes an
- 25 obligation on the court, not the litigants, and

- 1 it does not specify any sanction for the court's
- violation. That text operates in the broader
- 3 context of a statutory framework that makes
- 4 clear that criminal forfeiture is a mandatory
- 5 consequence of conviction and that forfeiture is
- 6 part of the sentence imposed for the offense.
- 7 The purpose of requiring the entry of
- 8 a preliminary order before sentencing is to
- 9 ensure that the forfeiture that is actually
- 10 imposed at the sentencing itself is accurate and
- 11 complete.
- 12 Accordingly, when a district court
- 13 neglects to enter a preliminary order of
- 14 forfeiture before sentencing, in violation of
- Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B), the court may nonetheless
- 16 proceed to order forfeiture at the sentencing
- 17 itself as long as the court's violation was
- 18 harmless.
- 19 And we think that's what occurred
- 20 here. The district court orally ordered
- 21 Petitioner to forfeit the proceeds of his Hobbs
- 22 Act robberies and a car that he purchased with
- 23 those proceeds, despite the absence of a
- 24 preliminary order before sentencing. That error
- was harmless.

Τ	1 I welcome the Court's questions.
2	JUSTICE THOMAS: Counsel for
3	Petitioner said that the government should be
4	held to when it takes a person's property, to
5	cross its T's and dot its I's. How do you
6	respond to that?
7	MR. GUARNIERI: Well, Justice Thomas,
8	we take our obligations to the court seriously
9	in this context. And, certainly, the government
10	has an important role to play in ensuring that
11	district courts comply with the strictures of
12	Rule 32.2, including Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B). But
13	that specific provision imposes an obligation on
14	the court, not not on the government.
15	And to your broader point, Justice
16	Thomas, I I I think the the principal
17	protection for defendants in criminal forfeiture
18	is that the obligation is on the United States
19	to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the
20	defendant committed the offenses for which
21	Congress specified criminal forfeiture as a
22	penalty.
23	So Petitioner here and defendants
24	generally are entitled to all of the myriad
25	protections in the criminal process. We were

- 1 required to meet the beyond-a-reasonable-doubt
- 2 standard. There was a jury trial in this case.
- 3 We presented nine days' worth of testimony
- 4 establishing that Petitioner committed these
- 5 robberies. And forfeiture is a consequence of
- 6 the defendant's violation of the Hobbs Act.
- 7 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Counsel, you
- 8 mentioned Rule 52 in your opening. I -- I was a
- 9 little surprised, though, in reading your brief,
- 10 it didn't appear until page 42.
- 11 Can -- can you explain -- and I --
- 12 I -- I'm not being critical. I'm -- I'm just
- wondering, is there a nuance here I'm missing?
- 14 But, you know, this Rule 32 is a rule. It's not
- 15 a statute. It's a rule. And all of the rules
- 16 are subject to harmless error analysis. And I
- 17 would have thought that would have been like the
- 18 straightest, narrowest shot through this case,
- 19 but -- but I'm wondering whether I'm missing
- 20 something.
- MR. GUARNIERI: Well, you -- you are
- 22 not, Justice Gorsuch. We are trying to
- triangulate from the Court's existing precedent.
- 24 The Court has indicated in other cases that
- 25 there are provisions in the Federal Rules of

- 1 Criminal Procedure that are best characterized
- 2 as mandatory claim-processing rules.
- 3 And violations of those other rules
- 4 are not subject to harmless error analysis. And
- 5 the key case there, I think, is Eberhart
- 6 addressing Rule 33, which is the rule specifying
- 7 the time limits for moving for a new trial after
- 8 conviction.
- 9 I think the same analysis would apply
- 10 to Rule 35, which is the provision that
- 11 specifies the time limits for correcting a
- 12 sentence after it has been imposed.
- 13 Those are mandatory and inflexible
- 14 deadlines. And a district court does --
- 15 generally cannot ignore those deadlines if a
- 16 party seeks strict adherence to them. Rule
- 32.2(b)(2)(B) is -- is not --
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: The default is that
- 19 all the rules are subject to harmless error?
- MR. GUARNIERI: Yes, I think that's
- 21 right.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay.
- 23 MR. GUARNIERI: It's -- and I think
- that's a useful way to think about the case.
- 25 And, indeed, that's the -- the framing that I

- 1 was trying to establish in -- in my opening
- 2 here.
- Really, it's Petitioner who's seeking
- 4 to avoid the application of what the default
- 5 framework here would be by characterizing this
- 6 as a mandatory claims-processing rule.
- 7 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Just one more
- 8 question. So, if -- if we agree with that, are
- 9 you asking us to apply the harmless error
- 10 standard ourselves in this case, or is a remand
- 11 appropriate for a court to assess that question?
- MR. GUARNIERI: Well, I think the
- 13 Second Circuit already determined that any error
- 14 here was harmless, as did the district court.
- 15 Both of those courts considered what we think
- are the right factors in this context, and that
- 17 is did the defendant have notice of the
- 18 forfeiture and was he given an opportunity to
- 19 contest it before the court ordered the
- 20 forfeiture as part of the sentencing process.
- 21 And Petitioner had both of those
- 22 things here. He was on notice that the
- 23 government was seeking this forfeiture both
- through the indictment, the bill of particulars.
- 25 JUSTICE GORSUCH: So you're not asking

- 1 us to do a harmless error analysis. You're
- 2 asking us to say that it's already been done.
- 3 Is that -- is that the gist of it?
- 4 MR. GUARNIERI: Yes. We are asking
- 5 this Court to affirm the judgment below, which
- 6 itself -- in -- in -- in which the Second
- 7 Circuit itself established that there was no
- 8 prejudice to the defendant here.
- 9 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Thank you.
- 10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, you
- 11 talked about this being a court obligation, and
- 12 I agree, but the government has an important
- 13 role. Here, the government promised to or was
- 14 asked to prepare orders and I think at least
- 15 twice failed to do so.
- 16 A ruling in your favor that this is a
- 17 time-related directive seems to me is an
- inducement to encourage the government not to
- 19 respond to a district court order.
- I have to say I read this and I
- 21 thought to myself this is a very strange
- 22 district court. If a government lawyer had ever
- done that to me as a district court judge, I
- 24 don't think I would have been very kind.
- 25 But what inducements are we creating

- 1 by not calling this a -- if not mandatory, a
- 2 claim-processing rule as opposed to a
- 3 time-related directive?
- 4 MR. GUARNIERI: Well, Justice
- 5 Sotomayor, I don't think characterizing this
- 6 provision as a time-related directive would
- 7 encourage violations of the rule if -- if that
- 8 is Your Honor's concern. There are going to be
- 9 substantial incentives for the government to
- 10 encourage the district court to comply with this
- 11 rule.
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What are the
- 13 incentives?
- MR. GUARNIERI: Well, the entry of a
- 15 preliminary order of forfeiture before
- sentencing can be a basis for seizing property.
- 17 And so the government in many cases is going to
- 18 have an interest in ensuring that it has legal
- 19 authority to seize and maintain assets that
- should be subject to forfeiture or that will be
- 21 subject to forfeiture at the conclusion of the
- 22 case. So I think that's one substantial
- 23 incentive.
- 24 Another, we often have an incentive to
- 25 ensure that the Court enters a preliminary order

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of forfeiture in compliance with Rule 32.2
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- 2 because that can provide notice to third parties
- 3 that some particular specific asset is going to
- 4 be subject to forfeiture. It helps us to --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That didn't happen
- 6 here.
- 7 MR. GUARNIERI: -- defeat arguments
- 8 later in the proceeding that some third party
- 9 comes in and claims that it was a bona fide
- 10 purchaser of the assets if they were transferred
- 11 during the course of the criminal case.
- So, I mean, we -- we -- there are good
- reasons here that it is Department of Justice
- 14 policy to encourage district courts to enter
- 15 preliminary orders of forfeiture before
- 16 sentencing -- as Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B) requires.
- 17 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I have one last
- 18 question. Do you take a position on the Seventh
- 19 Circuit's suggestion in U.S. versus Lee that you
- 20 have to at least announce a forfeiture at
- 21 sentencing, that you can't just not say anything
- and then later order one? And they said that
- 23 might be jurisdictional.
- MR. GUARNIERI: Your Honor --
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: We don't have to

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1 address that here, but --
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- 2 MR. GUARNIERI: That -- that's right.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- do you see a
- 4 ruling here as permitting courts to do that as
- 5 well?
- 6 MR. GUARNIERI: As I understand the
- 7 Seventh -- the Seventh Circuit's decision in
- 8 Lee, the court suggested that although Rule
- 9 32.2(b)(2)(B), the provision that is at issue in
- 10 the proceeding before this Court, is best
- 11 characterized as a time-related directive,
- 12 perhaps the timing requirements with respect to
- 13 the entry of the final order of forfeiture at
- 14 the sentencing hearing itself, perhaps those
- requirements should be treated as mandatory
- 16 claim-processing rules.
- 17 That was not directly at issue in Lee.
- 18 We haven't briefed that issue here. I don't
- 19 think anything that the Court says here about
- 32.2(b)(2)(B) would necessarily dictate an
- 21 answer with respect to what is Rule
- 22 32.2(b)(4)(B).
- 23 And -- and so I don't think the Court
- 24 needs to address it. We haven't taken a
- 25 position. I -- I would say, in general, I think

- 1 that's a harder case for us, and it's a harder
- 2 case for some of the reasons that the dissenting
- 3 Justices identified in Dolan.
- 4 And that is, in general, the rule here
- 5 contemplates that the court will announce the
- 6 forfeiture as part of imposing sentence on the
- 7 defendant. And if the court purports to act
- 8 after sentencing, if it fails to address
- 9 forfeiture at sentencing and it's acting after
- 10 the sentencing proceeding, then we have a -- a
- 11 harder set of issues. I mean, that's not just a
- 12 Rule 32.2 problem. It can also be a problem
- 13 under the various statutes that specify that
- 14 forfeiture shall be ordered at sentencing.
- 15 And -- as I was alluding to earlier in
- 16 my colloquy with Justice Gorsuch, there are
- 17 constraints under, in particular, Rule 35 on a
- 18 district court's authority to alter or correct a
- 19 sentence after it's been imposed. So there are
- 20 a lot of other extrinsic considerations that
- 21 could come into play with respect to the final
- 22 order at sentencing.
- 23 But those things don't support
- 24 Petitioner's position here. This case is
- 25 limited to just the asserted error of failing to

- 1 enter a preliminary order of forfeiture before
- 2 the original sentencing proceeding.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Thank you,
- 4 counsel.
- 5 JUSTICE JACKSON: So the government
- 6 focuses right in on the merits, which, you know,
- 7 is totally understandable, can I -- but can I
- 8 get your thoughts on my concerns about the
- 9 threshold, potential for a threshold procedural
- 10 defect that actually inhibits our ability to
- 11 reach the merits in this case?
- 12 MR. GUARNIERI: Justice Jackson, I --
- 13 I think the way that would work under Article
- 14 III, the question would be whether a judgment in
- 15 Petitioner's favor is capable of granting him
- 16 any kind of effectual relief.
- 17 JUSTICE JACKSON: Yes.
- 18 MR. GUARNIERI: And I -- I think the
- 19 answer is yes. That's why we have not raised a
- 20 mootness argument in this case.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: Tell me how.
- MR. GUARNIERI: I -- I -- well, it is
- true that there is now a new legally operative
- forfeiture order in this case as a result of the
- 25 remand for unrelated reasons, but that order is

- 1 currently pending appeal in the Second Circuit.
- 2 If this Court adopts Petitioner's view
- 3 that this is a mandatory claim-processing rule,
- 4 his position as I understand it is that
- 5 violation of that rule is, I -- I think he said
- 6 this morning, fatal to the government's ability
- 7 to obtain criminal forfeiture. And so I think
- 8 the case would go back to the Second Circuit,
- 9 and the Second Circuit could then entertain his
- 10 argument that even the now operative new
- 11 forfeiture order should be vacated because it is
- the result of a series of proceedings that never
- 13 should have occurred under his understanding of
- 14 how the rule works. We --
- JUSTICE JACKSON: Right. But, under
- 16 his own argument, didn't he forfeit that claim?
- I mean, he says that if it's a claim processing
- 18 rule, if you don't raise it, you lose it. And
- 19 at the time of the second forfeiture order, he
- 20 didn't raise it.
- 21 MR. GUARNIERI: I -- I think we would
- 22 have reasonable arguments that, in fact, he has
- 23 forfeited it even if it is a mandatory
- 24 claim-processing rule, but I think those would
- go to the merits. I don't think that those

- 1 would deprive this Court of Article III
- 2 authority to adjudicate the dispute that's
- 3 before the Court today.
- 4 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Do you think there
- 5 are some mandatory claim-processing rules that
- 6 are directed to courts or executive agencies
- 7 rather than to parties?
- 8 MR. GUARNIERI: Petitioner has yet to
- 9 identify an example of such a rule. I mean,
- there are rules, for example, the provision of
- 11 the INA that was at issue in Santos-Zacaria,
- which my friend mentioned this morning, that are
- 13 phrased in terms of action by the court but
- 14 clearly are designed to impose on the parties an
- obligation to take some step, such as exhausting
- 16 administrative remedies.
- 17 We're not aware of and Petitioner has
- 18 not identified another example of a rule like
- 19 this where the obligation rests squarely on the
- 20 judicial officer. And -- and that's one of the
- 21 reasons that this case is similar to Dolan.
- 22 The -- the other case that I think is
- 23 -- is directly on point here is
- 24 Montalvo-Murillo, which is the case involving a
- 25 provision of the Bail Reform Act that imposed on

- 1 the magistrate, on the judicial officer, an
- 2 obligation to hold a pretrial detention hearing
- 3 within a specified time, and the Court said that
- 4 even if a -- if the judicial officer violates
- 5 that deadline, it doesn't mean that the
- 6 defendant walks free. You can have a later
- 7 pretrial detention hearing because the error was
- 8 harmless.
- 9 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Is there something
- 10 significant about that line that we might
- 11 emphasize here? The statute, after all, says
- that there shall be forfeiture, right? I mean,
- 13 that -- that's Congress's directive to us.
- 14 And often government agencies and
- 15 perhaps courts miss deadlines. But Dolan kind
- of recognized what I'll call a -- a
- 17 better-late-than- never rule in complying with
- 18 congressional directives. Thoughts?
- MR. GUARNIERI: Justice Gorsuch, I --
- 20 I think that's right, and -- and to -- to return
- 21 to an exchange that we had earlier, I mean, we
- 22 have approached this case through the lens of
- 23 Dolan. And Dolan, one of the considerations the
- 24 Court emphasized in Dolan was that the statutory
- obligation in that case was placed on the court,

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1 not on the litigants, which is a sign that this
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- 2 might be something other than a mandatory
- 3 claim-processing rule.
- 4 Another consideration that the Court
- 5 stressed in that case was that, as the name of
- 6 that statute suggests, the -- the restitution
- 7 was mandatory. And so too here criminal
- 8 forfeiture is mandatory. Those are both
- 9 important components of our argument.
- 10 If you think about this, when -- when
- 11 you arrive at the sentencing proceeding, the
- 12 district court who has failed to enter a
- 13 preliminary order of forfeiture faces a kind of
- 14 dilemma because, on the one hand, you have a
- perceived violation of Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B),
- 16 assuming the impracticality exception doesn't
- apply, and on the other hand, you have numerous
- interlocking statutes that direct the court,
- 19 command the court, to order forfeiture when the
- 20 prerequisites are satisfied.
- 21 And so I think all of that -- that
- 22 surrounding mandatory framework is another very
- important piece of the puzzle here. And if the
- 24 Court accepts that and accepts that those are
- 25 two of the considerations that support treating

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1 this as a mandatory -- excuse me -- as a
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- time-related directive rather than a mandatory
- 3 claims-processing rule, that would suggest some
- 4 outer limits if -- if that was the -- the --
- 5 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Yeah, I'm wondering
- 6 what --
- 7 MR. GUARNIERI: -- impetus for the
- 8 question.
- 9 JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- you know, how are
- 10 we going to reconcile -- I mean, we now have
- 11 three buckets, right, jurisdictional, mandatory
- 12 claims processing, and this Dolan thing. And
- 13 I'm wondering, what are the outer limits of the
- 14 Dolan thing? And that's what I'm trying to
- 15 explore with you, and is the government
- 16 comfortable with a rule that it -- it -- those
- 17 are matters directed to the court by statute and
- 18 have mandatory directives?
- 19 MR. GUARNIERI: I -- I think that's
- 20 right. I think those are the two key
- 21 considerations here. There are -- there are
- 22 other considerations that I think also support
- 23 treating this case the same way the Court
- 24 treated -- rather, treating this rule the same
- 25 way the Court treated the statute in Dolan, but

- 1 those are certainly the two principal ones that
- 2 we emphasize in our brief.
- 3 JUSTICE JACKSON: Is it the
- 4 government's position that this is the kind of
- 5 situation that if he's -- that -- that he's
- 6 right or wrong about his argument that if a
- 7 court blows the deadline, there can never be
- 8 another forfeiture in the case?
- 9 MR. GUARNIERI: Well, I think that's
- 10 another significant way in which our approach
- 11 differs from Petitioner's approach. I -- I
- 12 think that, like other procedural errors, if
- 13 there is a harmful violation of Rule
- 32.2(b)(2)(B) or a non-harmless violation, the
- 15 remedy should be that the defendant in that case
- then gets the forfeiture proceedings that Rule
- 17 32.2 is supposed to provide.
- 18 So, if you arrive at sentencing or the
- 19 case goes up on appeal and there's been a
- 20 violation of the requirement to enter a
- 21 preliminary order of forfeiture beforehand, the
- 22 result should not simply be that the defendant
- in that case is absolved of what is supposed to
- 24 be a mandatory part of the sentence for the
- 25 defendant's offense. The result should be a

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1 remand to the district court to -- to get it
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- 2 right.
- 3 JUSTICE JACKSON: What have we said in
- 4 other claims-processing scenarios? And is that
- 5 consistent with what normally happens if there
- 6 is a claims-processing rule?
- 7 MR. GUARNIERI: I -- I -- I am not
- 8 aware of an example in which the Court has
- 9 identified something as a mandatory
- 10 claim-processing rule but nonetheless found that
- 11 a violation of that mandatory rule could be
- 12 remedied by a redo of the proceedings in the
- 13 district court.
- Ordinarily, mandatory
- 15 claims-processing rules are -- and it's a
- 16 category that is adjacent to jurisdictional
- 17 rules. These are inflexible rules that impose
- on the parties some obligation that if they fail
- and the other party objects, the rule can be
- 20 strictly enforced.
- 21 And Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B), like other
- 22 requirements that attend the sentencing process,
- it doesn't really make sense to treat the rule
- 24 that way.
- JUSTICE JACKSON: And why is that?

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1 MR. GUARNIERI: Well, because it would
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- 2 make Rule 32.2(b)(2)(B) a kind of aberrational
- 3 part of sentencing. If the district court fails
- 4 to take the very steps that are identified in
- 5 Rule 32 with respect to the sentencing process,
- 6 the -- the ordinary remedy for that is that you
- 7 redo the sentencing.
- 8 Indeed, even with respect to errors
- 9 that this Court has identified as structural,
- 10 meaning they are not amenable to harmless error
- 11 principles, the remedy for a structural -- error
- is that you have a retrial or you have a
- 13 resentencing.
- 14 It doesn't mean that the defendant is
- 15 simply -- can -- cannot be convicted of the
- offense or cannot be subject to a penalty that
- 17 Congress has otherwise specified for that
- 18 offense.
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, but
- 20 there are situations in which it does mean that.
- 21 So just because it doesn't in this particular
- 22 situation, there are others, like the situation
- in Dolan. You're putting an awful lot of weight
- on a sharply divided opinion in Dolan.
- MR. GUARNIERI: Well, Mr. Chief

- 1 Justice, I -- I recognize that the dissenting
- 2 Justices in Dolan had some very compelling and
- 3 persuasive things to say. One point I would
- 4 make, and -- and we make this point in our
- 5 brief, this case is one step removed from Dolan
- in the sense that here, the error is with
- 7 respect to a part of the process that is
- 8 antecedent to the sentencing itself.
- 9 And so, here, the district court
- 10 failed to enter a preliminary order of
- 11 sentencing beforehand, but it did orally order
- 12 the forfeiture of the property and -- and orally
- order a forfeiture money judgment at the
- 14 sentencing itself.
- 15 And that's unlike the situation in
- 16 Dolan, in which the -- the sentencing
- 17 court in that case left open the precise amount
- of restitution and then acted well after the
- 19 90-day deadline in the Mandatory Victims
- 20 Restitution Act.
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, just
- 22 because it doesn't have any serious
- 23 consequences, if you're right that you just have
- 24 a, you know, start over again a second time, I
- 25 mean, there are situations where it would.

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1 And I'm wondering if -- to what extent
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- we should be concerned about the remedial aspect
- 3 of it simply because it sort of could be a
- 4 harmless foul in this case?
- 5 MR. GUARNIERI: Well, I mean, if
- 6 you're thinking about this case in terms of, you
- 7 know, what is the appropriate remedy for a
- 8 violation of this rule, I do think we have the
- 9 better argument on the equities there.
- I mean, this is a mandatory component
- of the sentence. It is in that sense akin to a
- 12 -- a statutory minimum sentence. If the
- district court commits an error in the process
- of imposing that mandatory sentence, it would be
- 15 anomalous to conclude that the result is that
- 16 the defendant is simply absolved of a -- of a
- 17 consequence that Congress has made mandatory for
- 18 that particular offense. It would really -- I
- mean, it would, as I said, make Rule
- 32.2(b)(2)(B) stick out like a thumb in the
- 21 sentencing process.
- I think the other thing I would say is
- 23 that our approach here, which has stressed
- 24 harmless error, means that -- I mean, the -- the
- 25 delta between that approach and a -- a mandatory

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1 claims-processing approach, you're -- talking
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- 2 about the small class of errors in which --
- 3 excuse me, the -- the -- the set of cases
- 4 in which the error is harmless.
- 5 And we think, if the error is
- 6 harmless, I mean, by definition, that means that
- 7 any procedural error did not affect the
- 8 defendant's substantial rights, there is no good
- 9 reason if the error is harmless for the court to
- 10 lack the authority to just proceed at the
- 11 sentencing proceeding itself to order the
- 12 forfeiture of the property that Congress has
- 13 made subject to forfeiture.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 15 counsel.
- 16 Anything further?
- 17 Anything further?
- MR. GUARNIERI: Thank you.
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you.
- 20 Rebuttal, Mr. Yurowitz?
- 21 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF STEVEN Y. YUROWITZ
- 22 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
- 23 MR. YUROWITZ: So -- I -- I'd just
- like to go back to Justice Gorsuch's question
- about harmless error. The reason why there's no

- 1 harmless error analysis is because this Court
- 2 has never really applied harm -- harmless error
- 3 in the context of either a mandatory
- 4 claim-processing rule or -- or time-related
- 5 directives.
- Indeed, in Dolan, Chief Justice --
- 7 Justice Roberts pointed out that it's a rule
- 8 with no consequence because the majority said,
- 9 even in unlikely instances where the delay does
- 10 cause the defendant prejudice, the defendant
- 11 remains free to ask the court to take that
- 12 account.
- There's no obligation on the court to
- 14 take that into account. So this Court has never
- 15 really applied harmless error analysis in this
- 16 context. And I think the reason why the -- why
- 17 these mandatory claim-processing rules are
- treated different and why Rule 32.2(b) should be
- 19 within that bucket is because it's not simply
- 20 the defendant that's before the court whose
- 21 rights are being affected.
- There are third-party claimants'
- 23 rights who are being affected who -- the -- at
- 24 the time when the court is conducting any
- analysis, they're not even there before the

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1 court, and their rights are just being put to
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- the side because they're not before the court.
- 3 Dolan's finding of a time-related
- 4 directive was a very small slice. It -- it's
- 5 just -- it's a -- it's a -- generally, it
- 6 involves administrative action where, obviously,
- 7 the court is reluctant and recognizes that
- 8 administrative agencies, they're saddled with a
- 9 lot of obligations, and they may not be able to
- 10 keep their -- their obligations in a timely
- 11 manner.
- There are only really two exceptions,
- and that's in the bail context, where there's a
- 14 public safety issue, and there's a pending case
- that's ongoing, unlike Rule 32.2(b), which is
- 16 sentencing -- the final -- there's a finality
- 17 element to sentencing, and there's Dolan itself,
- 18 which involved victims. Victims are not the
- 19 beneficiaries of Rule 32.2(b).
- 20 So I think that's why harmless error
- 21 should not apply, because there is this category
- 22 of a mandatory claim-processing rule. My friend
- 23 characterized it in terms that both -- that
- 24 there's no rule in terms of the -- where a
- 25 mandatory claim processing is imposed on the --

- on the court. He said -- but, you know, the --
- 2 I think the two cases, the Santos-Zacaria and
- 3 Gonzalez versus Thaler, he said those were an
- 4 obligation on the party.
- 5 It's the same thing here. A district
- 6 court coming in to impose forfeiture could do
- 7 nothing without the government providing them
- 8 the ammunition, and the first thing is the
- 9 government coming in and saying post-verdict,
- 10 pre-sentencing, we are going to seek forfeiture
- 11 in this matter.
- 12 The government certainly has the
- 13 right, even though they filed a bill of
- 14 particulars, even though they put it in the
- indictment, they don't have to continue on that
- 16 forfeiture. They could -- they could -- they
- 17 have the discretion. They may have felt in the
- 18 facts of this case the defendant is getting
- 19 sentenced to 60 years, he's going to be the rest
- of his life in prison, we're not going to
- 21 proceed with forfeiture.
- 22 And certainly not an obligation on the
- 23 defendant to say: Hey -- are you really --
- 24 you're -- are you letting me off the hook? It
- was the government's obligation to come in.

```
1 There was not a word from the government in this
```

- 2 case post-verdict, in the sentencing memo --
- 3 memorandum, when they got up to argue at
- 4 sentencing. There was not a word about -- at
- 5 sentencing.
- So, in that terms, the -- it's
- 7 the government -- the -- it's the government
- 8 that really bore the burden. And, yes, the
- 9 court -- it's an obligation on the court.
- 10 The -- the court needs the government to come
- 11 forward with that.
- So, in that sense, it's both -- it's
- 13 like -- it's -- it's the same situation
- 14 as Gonzalez versus Thaler, where there's an
- obligation on the court to indicate in the COA
- 16 what -- what the constitutional basis is. And
- 17 if anything, in -- in that case, it was more of
- an obligation on the Court because the Court had
- 19 an independent basis to decide that there was
- 20 a -- a constitutional basis.
- 21 And -- and the other -- the point
- 22 about the -- the fact that the forfeiture is
- 23 mandatory and the -- and the statute makes it
- 24 mandatory, but it also in the same breath says
- 25 it's going to be subject to the Federal Rules of

1	Criminal Procedure, which is Rule 32.2.
2	And matter of fact, even those
3	forfeiture is mandatory. If the government
4	fails to allege it in the indictment, there's no
5	even the government doesn't dispute that they
6	cannot receive forfeiture.
7	So the rules could impose more
8	obligations on the government on on the
9	court than specified in the in the in
10	the in the statute and it doesn't undermine
11	the mandatory nature of of the obligation.
12	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
13	counsel.
14	The case is submitted.
15	(Whereupon, at 10:55 a.m., the case
16	was submitted.)
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