SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE	UNITED STATES
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CURTIS GIOVANNI FLOWERS,)
Petitioner,)
v.) No. 17-9572
MISSISSIPPI,)
Respondent.)

Pages: 1 through 58

Place: Washington, D.C.

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7	MISSISSIPPI,)	
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11	Washington, D.C.	
12	Wednesday, March 20, 2019	
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14	The above-entitled matter came on for	
15	oral argument before the Supreme Court of the	
16	United States at 10:16 a.m.	
17		
18	APPEARANCES:	
19	SHERI LYNN JOHNSON, ESQ., Ithaca, New York; on beha	lf
20	of the Petitioner.	
21	JASON DAVIS, Special Assistant Attorney General,	
22	Jackson, Mississippi; on behalf of the Responde	nt
23		
24		
25		

1	CONTENTS	
2	ORAL ARGUMENT OF:	PAGE:
3	SHERI LYNN JOHNSON, ESQ.	
4	On behalf of the Petitioner	3
5	ORAL ARGUMENT OF:	
6	JASON DAVIS, ESQ.	
7	On behalf of the Respondent	30
8	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF:	
9	SHERI LYNN JOHNSON, ESQ.	
10	On behalf of the Petitioner	57
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(10:16 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear
4	argument this morning in Case 17-9572, Flowers
5	versus Mississippi.
6	Ms. Johnson.
7	ORAL ARGUMENT OF SHERI LYNN JOHNSON
8	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
9	MS. JOHNSON: Mr. Chief Justice, and
10	may it please the Court:
11	The only plausible interpretation of
12	all of the evidence viewed cumulatively is that
13	Doug Evans began jury selection in Flowers VI
14	with an unconstitutional end in mind, to seat
15	as few African American jurors as he could.
16	The numbers alone are striking. In
17	the first four trials, Mr. Evans exercised 36
18	peremptory challenges, all of them against
19	African American jurors. In the sixth trial,
20	he exercised five out of six of his challenges
21	against African American jurors.
22	If we look at the numbers of his
23	regarding his questioning, they are likewise
24	stark. He asked of the struck African American
25	jurors an average of 29 guestions. He asked of

- 1 the seated white jurors an average of 1.1
- 2 questions.
- 3 But these numbers do not stand alone.
- 4 Mr. Evans was twice found to have discriminated
- 5 on the basis of race in the exercise of his
- 6 peremptory challenges against African American
- 7 defendants in trials of the same case against
- 8 the same defendant.
- 9 There is no one who has a record of
- 10 discrimination, adjudicated discrimination,
- 11 like that of Mr. Evans.
- 12 JUSTICE ALITO: The history of the
- case prior to this trial is very troubling, and
- 14 you've summarized that. And it is -- it is
- 15 cause for concern and is certainly relevant to
- 16 the decision that ultimately has to be made in
- 17 the case.
- 18 But if we were -- and I'm not
- 19 suggesting that this is the way it should be
- analyzed; this is not the way it should be
- 21 analyzed -- but, if we were to disregard
- 22 everything that happened before this trial, and
- 23 we looked at the strikes of the black
- 24 prospective jurors as we would in any other
- 25 Batson case, do you think you'd have much

- 1 chance of winning?
- 2 MS. JOHNSON: The evidence still is
- 3 clear and convincing that Mr. Evans acted with
- 4 discriminatory motivation in this case, even if
- 5 we set aside his history and his -- the reasons
- 6 that he was unwilling to tell the truth in
- 7 previous cases.
- 8 JUSTICE ALITO: I mean, if we look at
- 9 -- at the jurors in question one by one, there
- 10 are aspects that I think would cause any
- 11 prosecutor anywhere to want to get that jury --
- 12 that juror off the jury. You know, there's a
- juror who said that she -- she couldn't view
- 14 the evidence objectively. She couldn't make a
- 15 decision based just on the evidence.
- 16 There's one who said that she --
- 17 because of her acquaintance with members of the
- 18 Flowers family, she would lean toward the
- 19 defendant. Another one who admitted that she
- 20 made a false statement on her juror
- 21 questionnaire because she'd say anything to get
- 22 off the jury.
- I mean, do you think those are --
- those are Batson claims that would likely
- 25 succeed if this troubling history had not

- 1 preceded this case?
- MS. JOHNSON: This Court has demanded
- 3 a sensitive inquiry into all of the
- 4 circumstances that prove racial discrimination.
- 5 And, again, even setting aside his history,
- 6 there are many circumstances here that suggest
- 7 racial -- racial motivation.
- 8 First, as I already said, there is an
- 9 extraordinary record of disparate questioning.
- 10 And the disparate questioning is not limited to
- 11 those numbers but to the tone of his
- 12 questioning. I believe that one of the -- the
- 13 responses that you quoted came from an
- 14 extremely aggressive pursuit of an African
- 15 American juror who initially said she would not
- be troubled and ultimately said it's possible.
- Now, of course, a prosecutor could
- 18 take that approach with every juror. If he
- 19 took that aggressive approach with every juror,
- then there would be nothing to complain about.
- 21 But he did not take that approach with white
- 22 jurors.
- 23 And then there is his out-of-court
- 24 investigation of three African American jurors.
- 25 And then there are --

Τ	JUSTICE ALITO: But what what's
2	wrong with that? Again, putting aside the
3	reasons to be suspicious, if a juror says, I
4	don't I didn't work I don't work closely
5	with the defendant's sister, I don't work close
6	to the defendant's sister, and the prosecutor
7	has reason to suspect that's not true, is there
8	something wrong with the prosecutor going to
9	the human relations person at that place of
10	employment and bringing that person in to
11	testify they actually work nine to ten inches
12	apart? Is something wrong with that?
13	MS. JOHNSON: There's nothing wrong
14	with that if there was reason to disbelieve the
15	juror. The juror volunteered that she knew
16	her, that she worked in that place. There
17	Mr. Evans cited no reason that he should not
18	believe her.
19	But, also, what happens after that is
20	somewhat suspicious, which is he brings someone
21	in to say: Well, they worked very close
22	together. And that someone says: And I could
23	produce the evidence. And when asked to
24	produce the evidence of that, the records that
25	produce it he doesn't come back with that

- 1 evidence.
- 2 So I think we could certainly -- a
- 3 prosecutor could --
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Wait.
- 5 MS. JOHNSON: -- and a rich prosecutor
- 6 might investigate all --
- 7 JUSTICE ALITO: What is your strongest
- 8 --
- 9 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Did he -- did he
- 10 have that witness ready that same day, or did
- 11 --
- MS. JOHNSON: No, he brought the
- 13 witness back the next day.
- 14 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: The next day,
- okay.
- JUSTICE ALITO: What is your strongest
- 17 strike?
- MS. JOHNSON: I -- I think the most --
- 19 the clearest case is that of Carolyn Wright.
- 20 Carolyn Wright -- about Carolyn Wright, he made
- 21 three false statements. The first statement he
- 22 made was that her wages were garnished. That
- 23 was not --
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, actually, we
- 25 have found that, in the record with a state

- 1 exhibit on it, a judgment that shows that her
- 2 wages were garnished.
- MS. JOHNSON: No, the wages -- there's
- 4 a mark that shows that there was such a
- 5 request, but both the trial court and the
- 6 Mississippi Supreme Court looked at that record
- 7 and found that her wages had not been
- 8 garnished. And in --
- 9 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, we can look at
- 10 that. We can look at the judgment. But the
- 11 fact remains that she was -- this was -- one of
- 12 the victims was the proprietor of -- of a
- 13 family-owned store, right? That's a
- 14 family-owned store?
- MS. JOHNSON: Correct.
- 16 JUSTICE ALITO: And the store -- the
- 17 store sued her?
- MS. JOHNSON: Well, the store sued
- 19 her. The victim herself had not sued her.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, but the store
- 21 did.
- MS. JOHNSON: It's the son-in-law
- 23 later that sued her.
- JUSTICE ALITO: But, normally,
- 25 wouldn't that -- you know, again, put aside the

- 1 history. We -- but we can't -- in the end, we
- 2 can't do it, but if you did, don't you think a
- 3 prosecutor or any attorney would be very wary
- 4 of having a -- a juror who had been sued by one
- 5 of the parties?
- 6 MS. JOHNSON: I think that if this
- 7 prosecutor had pursued bias with respect to
- 8 white jurors as well as African American
- 9 jurors, and then made that strike, then that
- 10 would be a strike that would be a permissible
- 11 strike. But, in fact, he didn't do that.
- So, first of all, I do want to notice
- 13 that this was one of four victims. It does
- 14 seem rather unlikely that a person in a
- 15 quadruple homicide case would be biased by a
- 16 subsequent suit of one of the relatives. But,
- 17 even if we thought that that were true, one
- would have imagined that the prosecutor would
- 19 have inquired about bias with respect to the
- 20 other victims.
- 21 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Wasn't there a
- 22 question asked of the entire array of whether
- 23 they had any debts to the -- to the store?
- MS. JOHNSON: Yes, but there was no
- 25 question asked about suits or disputes with

- 1 other -- with the other three victims, nor was
- 2 there an inquiry into bias that I think any
- 3 rational prosecutor would have made if
- 4 concerned, truly, about bias, which was
- 5 lawsuits, prosecutions of the jurors and their
- 6 close relatives by his office.
- 7 The prosecutor made no inquiry about
- 8 that. If you were worried about bias, you
- 9 would be worried about that. If you were --
- 10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Did he even ask
- 11 Ms. Wright how she felt about that suit and
- 12 whether it would affect her in this case?
- MS. JOHNSON: In fact, she was asked
- 14 about the suit. And when she was asked about
- 15 that suit, what she said is that she had paid
- the debt and that she had no ill will toward
- 17 the Tardys.
- 18 And, indeed, if we follow up on this
- 19 reason, I think this reason is especially
- 20 suspicious because he cited the same reason
- 21 with respect to Edith Burnside.
- So, first of all, he said -- with
- 23 respect to Edith Burnside, he repeated the
- false statement that her wages had been
- 25 garnished, despite the fact of having been

- 1 called by the trial court on it the first time,
- 2 and then he said that he was striking her in
- 3 part on that basis.
- 4 But Ms. Burnside had --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Can you go back,
- 6 and -- and just slow down a second? You said
- 7 to Justice Alito that that record in -- that
- 8 state record that says something about
- 9 garnishment, that the state courts found that
- 10 that was not adequate.
- 11 Could you explain why not?
- MS. JOHNSON: Well --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That judgment in
- 14 the record, what is it or --
- MS. JOHNSON: The judgment --
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- that -- it's
- not a -- it's a form in the record, but what
- 18 does it mean?
- 19 MS. JOHNSON: The form in the record
- 20 reflects a suit, and there's a little check by
- 21 garnishment. But, if you look at the order at
- the end, there is no garnishment order.
- 23 The trial court looked at that and the
- 24 Mississippi Supreme Court looked at that. And
- 25 I think they are the experts about what their

- 1 documents mean. And they said there was no
- 2 garnishment.
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: What if -- what if
- 4 it turned out there were a garnishment? How
- 5 would that affect your argument, if at all?
- 6 MS. JOHNSON: Well -- well, then that
- 7 would mean that he only made two false
- 8 statements about Juror Wright. The two false
- 9 statements were that she knew Flowers' sister,
- 10 Cora, and that she knew Flowers' sister,
- 11 Sherita. So then there would be two.
- But, if I could go back for a moment
- to Ms. Burnside, when he repeated the story, I
- 14 think the -- the pretext of this reason is
- apparent when we look at Ms. Burnside.
- 16 Ms. Burnside worked for Ms. Tardy.
- 17 Ms. Burnside worked for Ms. Tardy, caring for
- 18 her mother. Ms. Burnside was helped during her
- 19 divorce by Ms. Tardy.
- 20 So whatever she might have felt
- 21 negative about the son-in-law, the feelings she
- 22 would have had about the victim herself could
- 23 only have been positive. And yet he cited this
- 24 same reason.
- 25 When we look at that, what we see --

1 JUSTICE ALITO: Didn't Juror Burnside 2 also say repeatedly she didn't want to judge 3 anybody? 4 MS. JOHNSON: No, she did not -- oh, 5 Juror Burnside said --6 JUSTICE ALITO: Yes. MS. JOHNSON: -- that she did not want 7 8 to judge anyone. She did say that. But I 9 think what's --10 JUSTICE ALITO: And you think that's 11 not a legitimate reason for -- for striking a 12 juror who's going to have to judge whether 13 someone who's accused of a serious crime is 14 quilty or not? 15 MS. JOHNSON: That is a legitimate 16 reason for striking a judge -- I'm sorry, for striking a juror. 17 18 (Laughter.) 19 MS. JOHNSON: But the problem -- the 20 problem isn't whether the reason is a 21 legitimate reason but whether the reason was 22 pretext. 23 And when we look at what he did with 24 respect to citing the relationship having been 25 sued by the Tardys, it looks like everything

- 1 he's saying is pretext.
- 2 And if I could also go back to the
- 3 rest of your question about Juror Wright. So
- 4 there were three misrepresentations with
- 5 respect to Juror Wright.
- 6 There was also -- they also cited the
- 7 number of defense witnesses that she knew. But
- 8 the prosecutor, Doug Evans, did not question
- 9 prospective white jurors Waller, Lester,
- 10 Blaylock, and Fields about their relationships
- 11 with witness -- with white -- with defense
- 12 witnesses, nor did he strike them when he had
- an opportunity to do so.
- 14 JUSTICE ALITO: But isn't it true she
- 15 also worked with the defendant's father?
- 16 MS. JOHNSON: She worked in the same
- 17 location as the defendant's father, but --
- 18 JUSTICE ALITO: She worked in the same
- 19 store, right?
- MS. JOHNSON: She worked in the same
- 21 store.
- 22 JUSTICE ALITO: At the world's
- 23 smallest Walmart.
- MS. JOHNSON: That's what the --
- 25 JUSTICE ALITO: That's what they said.

1 MS. JOHNSON: -- that's what the trial 2 court described it as. But -- but it is 3 important to notice that when she was asked 4 does he still work there, she didn't even know 5 if he still worked there. 6 So there's really --JUSTICE ALITO: Yeah, but did she 7 8 still work there? 9 MS. JOHNSON: She did. 10 JUSTICE ALITO: I thought she had 11 left? 12 MS. JOHNSON: No, that's another juror with respect to -- I believe with respect to 13 Cora Flowers. But what I wanted to -- she 14 15 didn't know if he still worked there, but --16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Compare her with Pamela Chesteen. That comparison is the one 17 18 that I'm most interested in. 19 MS. JOHNSON: I was about to do that. 20 And so I think that it's true that working with 21 someone under some circumstances might produce 22 bias. 23 It is interesting that the only thing 24 she said that might suggest the closeness of

the relationship is that she didn't know

- 1 whether he still worked, and the -- and Evans
- 2 did not ask about the closeness of the
- 3 relationship.
- 4 Nor did he worry about the closeness
- of the relationship with Juror Chesteen and
- four or I think it's maybe even five of
- 7 Flowers' family members. Juror Chesteen worked
- 8 as a teller in a bank where all five of them
- 9 came and she waited --
- 10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: She said that she
- 11 knew the father as well.
- 12 MS. JOHNSON: Yes, she knew the father
- and the mother and two sisters and a brother.
- 14 And Doug Evans --
- 15 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But isn't --
- MS. JOHNSON: -- was not interested in
- 17 pursuing --
- 18 JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- isn't that --
- 19 that relationship of a bank teller to someone
- who comes to make a deposit different from
- 21 someone who is a coworker and it would
- 22 encounter someone in the work set -- setting on
- 23 a daily basis?
- 24 MS. JOHNSON: It is a different
- 25 relationship or it could be a very different

- 1 relationship. We can't actually even know the
- 2 closeness of either relationship unless there
- 3 was inquiry.
- 4 But Doug Evans did not make that kind
- of an inquiry. Indeed, what he said to Juror
- 6 Chesteen is -- and that was a purely
- 7 professional relationship. He didn't ask
- 8 whether she had a close relationship, whether
- 9 she was worried. He instead presumed,
- 10 reassured, everyone that she did not.
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: All the -- all
- 12 the -- the questions that we've been addressing
- here are the same sort of questions you would
- 14 get in a typical Batson case, looking at the
- 15 circumstances of the potential jurors that were
- 16 struck in this case.
- 17 But, I mean, of course, as -- as my
- 18 colleagues have recognized, the case is unusual
- 19 because you have the extensive history. And I
- think that's probably why the case is here for
- 21 -- for review.
- 22 And I'm interested, because,
- obviously, the rule we adopt will apply in
- other cases, how far your argument that we need
- 25 to look at the past history is -- is pertinent.

- 3 years ago, is that something that should be
- 4 brought out and pertinent in the assessment of
- 5 the current Batson challenges?
- 6 MS. JOHNSON: Mr. Chief Justice, may I
- 7 say one thing about Carolyn Wright that I don't
- 8 want to forget?
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Sure.
- 10 MS. JOHNSON: The other thing that's
- 11 noteworthy about her is that she put on her
- 12 death penalty questionnaire that she was
- 13 strongly in favor of the death penalty.
- So, when we look at her as a whole, a
- 15 -- a -- a prosecutor who was looking in a
- 16 colorblind way would have been attracted to
- 17 her.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Now for my
- 19 question?
- 20 MS. JOHNSON: But now -- now for your
- 21 question. And I apologize, but I was worried I
- 22 would not get back to that.
- 23 So I think this is an extraordinary
- 24 case. I have combed the cases and I cannot
- 25 find any case --

2.0

1 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: No, no, I know 2 it's -- you're -- you're fighting the 3 hypothetical. 4 My question is 30 years, a Batson 5 violation 20 years ago, is that pertinent to 6 the consideration in the current case? 7 MS. JOHNSON: I'm sorry, I didn't 8 understand the question then. Yes, it is 9 pertinent, but it's weakly probative. 10 So I think, when we conduct a consensitive inquiry, we look, as we would in a 11 12 criminal case, we look at how recent a 13 fabrication has been, whether it's on a 14 relatively similar matter, whether the person 15 has the same motive. So a case that occurred 30 years ago 16 would be very different in terms of motive. It 17 also would be quite different in terms of the 18 19 established law of this Court. CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well --20 21 MS. JOHNSON: So someone who violates Batson before it's announced or someone who 22 23 violates Batson immediately thereafter, that's 24 less probative than someone who has done so 25 repeatedly.

- 1 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So -- so what 2 is -- what is the rule you would have us adopt 3 as a general rule, not just in a particular 4 case as extreme as this one? 5 MS. JOHNSON: The general rule is a 6 rule that you have already adopted, which is 7 that, in Stage 3, every factor that bears upon 8 credibility is relevant. 9 So that's the general rule. And I 10 suppose if we say that in another way, the 11 Mississippi Supreme Court asked only the 12 question of is there a juror left -- is there a 13 reason for this juror left standing that is not 14 contradicted by the record and exactly matched 15 by a white juror. And that's not the right rule. 16 right rule is a sensitive inquiry. 17 18 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Even --19 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Go ahead. Your 20 turn. 21 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: No, you go first. 22 (Laughter.) 23 JUSTICE GORSUCH: All right, all
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice

24

right.

2.2

- 1 Gorsuch.
- 2 JUSTICE GORSUCH: All right. I want
- 3 to pursue the Chief Justice's question just a
- 4 little bit further so I can understand what
- 5 you'd have us do in the next case.
- 6 Let's just suppose this case, trial 6,
- 7 was perfect and the strikes were without taint
- 8 otherwise, but we have this history with this
- 9 prosecutor.
- 10 Would that be a problem still, or
- 11 would there be no Batson violation in those
- 12 circumstances?
- MS. JOHNSON: If there weren't eight
- 14 misrepresentations of fact --
- 15 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Right.
- 16 MS. JOHNSON: -- disparate questioning
- 17 --
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Right, right.
- MS. JOHNSON: -- all that stuff --
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Right. You're
- 21 fighting the hypothetical again.
- MS. JOHNSON: -- and there's only the
- 23 history --
- JUSTICE GORSUCH: Yeah, yeah. The
- 25 hypothetical is let's suppose that this case,

- 1 there were strikes, but they were explained by
- 2 non-discriminatory reasons. Yet we have --
- 3 MS. JOHNSON: And there were no other
- 4 --
- 5 JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- yet we have this
- 6 prosecutor with this history. What then? How
- 7 should the Court assess a case like that?
- 8 MS. JOHNSON: If there are no other
- 9 indicia of discrimination, then the defendant
- 10 has not met his burden of proof by proving
- 11 prior discrimination.
- 12 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. So we need
- discrimination in this trial in order to have a
- 14 Batson violation?
- MS. JOHNSON: Yes.
- 16 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. All right.
- 17 That's helpful. Thank you.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: My question was
- 19 about the history. I thought that Swain had
- 20 said that the history was relevant. In fact,
- 21 Swain said history was the only way you could
- 22 prove a violation. What Batson did was to say
- 23 no, you can look even at the individual case.
- But Batson, as I read it, did not say you no
- longer take account of the history.

2.4

- 1 Your reading of Swain and how Swain 2 and Batson interact? 3 MS. JOHNSON: I think that's entirely 4 correct, Your Honor. Even in Swain, history 5 was relevant. And to look more broadly, in 6 Arlington Heights, this Court said that history 7 is relevant. So -- and in Miller-El said that 8 history was relevant. 9 So there isn't a new rule about 10 history being relevant. The Mississippi Supreme Court ignored what this Court has 11 12 already said about history being relevant. And 13 14 JUSTICE GINSBURG: The court -- the 15 court --16 MS. JOHNSON: -- the broader point, 17 that everything --18 JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- the court said 19 it took account of the history. So what are we to make of that? 20
- MS. JOHNSON: Well, if there were --
- 22 if the court had taken account of its -- of the
- 23 history, it couldn't have come to this
- 24 conclusion. And I think there's many reasons
- in the opinion to believe that they did not.

1 They said, considering the history, it 2 doesn't alter our opinion, and they pasted in 3 their prior opinion that was history blind. 4 They also said his -- his history does not 5 undermine his stated reasons. 6 That's wrong. It undermines those 7 reasons. It may or may not be sufficient, but 8 a history of will -- of a desire for a -- an 9 all-white jury, a history of willingness to 10 violate the Constitution, and a history of willingness to make false statements to a trial 11 court, those things in the past with respect to 12 at least three other jurors, that does 13 14 undermine it. 15 And then I think, when we look at what 16 they actually did, there is no point in which they say: Yes, we are more skeptical of the 17 reasons that he stated because he was dishonest 18 19 before, or, yes, when I look at -- at the false 20 statements he made here, the eight false statements he made here, those match with false 21 22 statements that he made before. 23 They never did that. So I think they did not consider his history, nor did they 24 25 consider anything else that would be consistent

- 1 with this Court's insistence that we look at
- 2 the totality of the circumstances and conduct a
- 3 sensitive inquiry into.
- 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: Ms. Johnson --
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: You say your
- 6 strongest case is Juror, potential juror,
- 7 Wright. One of your complaints is that there
- 8 were many more questions asked of African
- 9 American potential jurors, but that wasn't so
- in Wright's case, that she was asked, I think,
- 11 only three questions. Is that --
- MS. JOHNSON: That's correct.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Yes.
- MS. JOHNSON: But I think, you know,
- it is -- actually, the relevance of the
- disparate questioning is not merely to ask how
- 17 many questions this juror was asked. So it
- might indeed be as the Mississippi Supreme
- 19 Court said that, with respect to some African
- 20 American jurors, it was legitimate to ask them
- 21 more questions because more of them knew
- 22 Flowers' family.
- 23 But the -- the point still remains --
- 24 and this is the point that this Court made in
- 25 Miller-El -- disparate questioning of even

- 1 another juror is relevant. It does suggest
- 2 that the prosecutor is looking for reasons to
- 3 strike an African American juror, as opposed to
- 4 being interested in bias or death penalty
- 5 attitudes or anything else.
- 6 JUSTICE KAGAN: Ms. Johnson, some time
- 7 ago Justice Alito asked you about the
- 8 prosecutor's investigation of certain potential
- 9 jurors. And how many jurors did the prosecutor
- 10 separately investigate and were --
- MS. JOHNSON: Three.
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: And all African
- 13 American?
- MS. JOHNSON: All of them were African
- 15 American. And when defense counsel said he's
- investigating African American jurors, there's
- 17 no evidence that he investigated anyone else.
- 18 He said nothing.
- 19 So he had an opportunity to say, oh,
- 20 I've investigated everyone, and he did not say
- 21 that.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: And can I ask you
- about the disparate questioning? Because you
- 24 referred to something which struck me when --
- 25 as I read through all of this. This is --

- 1 unlike some Batson cases you see, it's a very
- 2 small town where everybody knows everybody,
- 3 apparently, or many people know many people,
- 4 and it's a largely segregated town, where you
- 5 might think that African Americans knew more
- 6 African Americans than they would whites or
- 7 vice versa.
- 8 So does that account for some of the
- 9 differential questioning? In other words, just
- 10 sort of looking at the environment and saying,
- 11 I have to push more on whether X knew Y
- because, given the circumstances of the town, X
- might very well have known Y?
- 14 MS. JOHNSON: The Mississippi Supreme
- 15 Court said that it accounted for some of the
- 16 differential questioning, and I think that's
- 17 correct. There are more African American
- jurors who report relationships with defense
- 19 witnesses or the defense family members.
- 20 But there are five -- five white
- jurors who report such relationships and whom
- 22 the prosecutor did not ask questions about
- 23 those relationships. So --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Such -- when you
- 25 say "such relationships," were they

- 1 relationships because of working at the same
- 2 place or living in the same neighborhood, in
- 3 the case of the white jurors?
- 4 MS. JOHNSON: They were -- none of the
- 5 relationships were working at the same place.
- 6 But when -- when he was asked -- when -- when
- 7 they were asked in group voir dire about whom
- 8 they knew, white jurors responded that they
- 9 knew defense witnesses, and they were not
- 10 questioned about those witnesses.
- 11 So we can't really know what the
- 12 nature of those relationships are if we don't
- 13 ask questions.
- 14 JUSTICE ALITO: Do you -- do you have
- 15 those names or is -- is that in your brief
- 16 someplace? I don't remember.
- 17 MS. JOHNSON: It is in the brief, but
- 18 it is Waller, Lester, Blaylock, and Fields, as
- 19 well as Chesteen.
- 20 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I found it
- 21 strange, but maybe you can -- or unusual, I
- 22 should say, not strange -- unusual that there
- were some white jurors who had people accused
- 24 of crimes in jail, relatives accused of crimes
- in jails. Were there any questions about how

- that affected those white jurors?
- MS. JOHNSON: No, there were no
- 3 questions about that at all of three of them
- 4 and I think a very brief question about -- for
- 5 two of them. And I think that goes to the
- 6 question of, was he really investigating bias
- 7 when he asked this question about being sued by
- 8 Tardy Furniture?
- 9 If you're really investigating bias,
- 10 you would be concerned about bias against your
- 11 office. And he was not interested in that.
- 12 With the Court's permission, I will
- 13 reserve the rest of my time for rebuttal.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 15 counsel.
- 16 ORAL ARGUMENT OF JASON DAVIS
- 17 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT
- 18 MR. DAVIS: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
- 19 it please the Court:
- The history in this case is troubling,
- 21 but the history is confined to this case, and,
- 22 as Mr. Chief Justice pointed out, it is
- 23 unusual.
- 24 There are -- this is the sixth trial
- in this small town, a small town of

- 1 approximately 5,000 individuals. The
- 2 questioning of whether the makeup or the
- 3 limited number of individuals in the town was
- 4 one of the reasons for follow-up questions is
- 5 accurate.
- At the outset, let me say that the
- 7 Mississippi Supreme Court's decision in this
- 8 case was commensurate with Batson and its
- 9 progeny. And I would return to Justice
- 10 Gorsuch's question of if we disengage this
- 11 troubling history -- and I agree, I'm not
- 12 suggesting that, as Justice Alito said --
- 13 however, if we take that out of the case, we --
- 14 we don't have any taints.
- 15 JUSTICE ALITO: Could I just ask --
- 16 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: We can't be --
- 17 JUSTICE ALITO: -- a question of the
- 18 Mississippi law? Could the attorney general
- 19 have said, you know, enough already, we're
- 20 going to send one of our own people to try this
- 21 case, preferably in a different county, where
- so many people don't know so many other people?
- 23 Could he have done that?
- 24 MR. DAVIS: Statutorily, the Attorney
- 25 General's Office is allowed to assist, is

- 1 allowed to take over, but only upon request by
- 2 that district attorney. So that was not an
- 3 option in this case. We were not so requested.
- 4 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: You -- you said if
- 5 -- if we take the history out of the case. We
- 6 can't take the history out of the case.
- 7 MR. DAVIS: No, Justice Kavanaugh.
- 8 I'm not saying that's what I'm saying exactly
- 9 happened --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: It was 42 -- 42
- 11 potential African American Americans and 41 are
- 12 stricken, right?
- MR. DAVIS: Yes, Your Honor, that is
- 14 correct.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: We have to --
- that's relevant, correct?
- MR. DAVIS: That is relevant, yes,
- 18 Your Honor. The -- as this Court has held in
- 19 Miller-El, history is part of the
- 20 consideration.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: So you agree that it's
- 22 not only the adjudicated Batson violations that
- 23 are relevant but also the number of strikes
- 24 such as Justice Kavanaugh listed?
- MR. DAVIS: I do with qualification.

- 1 There -- the strikes were unique. The strikes
- 2 in this case are supported in the record.
- 3 Each of the jurors that were struck
- 4 either worked with a relative, were related, or
- 5 knew, intimately, family members, the defendant
- or his family members, up to and including one
- 7 juror who lied on her questionnaire and then
- 8 admitted to lying on the stand.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: You have a very
- 10 strange position on potential jurors who lied
- 11 because there was the case of white juror,
- 12 Huggins, who said he had no knowledge of the
- 13 Flowers case when, in fact, he was on a 2007
- 14 voir dire panel.
- 15 And you say: Oh, well, that doesn't
- 16 matter that -- that he lied because he didn't
- 17 admit to lying.
- 18 I think if someone lied and didn't
- 19 admit to it, that would be a count against that
- 20 person, rather than in that person's favor.
- 21 MR. DAVIS: And -- and the trial court
- 22 in this case made the distinction that the
- 23 juror who was struck for lying on her
- 24 questionnaire admitted on the stand that she
- 25 lied intentionally, which was not the case with

- 1 Juror Huggins.
- 2 And it would seem, it appeared, that
- 3 he -- his participation in the panel, and he
- 4 was dismissed long before he got anywhere near
- 5 selection, that he either forgot that or it
- 6 completely left his mind at the time he was
- 7 initially questioned.
- 8 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But let's go back
- 9 to that. If we're looking at whether this is
- 10 pretext, Mr. Evans was willing to give an
- 11 excuse to this juror and keep him, despite the
- 12 fact that there was direct evidence that he
- 13 knew about the case. He was willing to accept
- 14 a white lie, but not a truthful answer under
- oath in front of a judge.
- Doesn't that suggest pretext to you?
- MR. DAVIS: Again, Justice Sotomayor,
- 18 the -- the issue as it reads from the record is
- 19 that the juror who lied on her questionnaire
- 20 expressly admitted that she lied for the sole
- 21 purpose of getting off the jury.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well --
- MR. DAVIS: And -- and that doesn't --
- 24 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- I have to tell
- 25 you, if that were the case, I -- I don't think

- one could take one juror and not push them on
- 2 those questionnaires and come up to an
- 3 intentional understatement or overstatement.
- 4 MR. DAVIS: Again, Your Honor, that
- 5 was -- and this is one of the issues with this
- 6 case, is that each one of these strikes that we
- 7 have, we don't have one single reason. We have
- 8 numerous --
- 9 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That --
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: All right. Let --
- 11 let's look at them. But you do have history.
- 12 Trial 1: Five black juror possibles, uses
- 13 peremptories, strikes all five.
- 14 Trial two: Five black jurors
- 15 possible, uses all five, strikes all five
- 16 blacks. Okay.
- 17 Trial number three: There were 17
- 18 black possible. He uses only 15 this time.
- 19 Why? Because he ran out of peremptories. He
- 20 only had 15. All right.
- 21 Fourth trial: 16 black. He only
- 22 struck 11. That's because he only had 11
- 23 peremptories perhaps. All right?
- 24 Now we come to this trial with that
- 25 background. Okay. And I don't think it's

- 1 going to take much once you have that
- 2 background.
- 3 So now let's look at one black juror,
- 4 one white one, potential. Okay? Let's call
- 5 them 1 and 2. Both are women. Both are in
- 6 their mid-40s. Both have some college
- 7 education. Both strongly favor the death
- 8 penalty.
- 9 Now the potential black actually has a
- 10 brother serving as a prison guard. Now you
- 11 would have thought that might have favored the
- 12 prosecution in the prosecutor's mind. Okay.
- 13 So that's one difference. I don't think that
- 14 cuts in your favor.
- Then have they ever had anybody
- 16 arrested, you know? No, neither has. And do
- 17 they know people in the case? Yeah. They each
- 18 know something over 30 people, same, same,
- 19 same, same.
- Now is there a connection with the
- 21 Flowers family? Well, the black juror did, in
- fact, possibly work at some distance, we don't
- 23 know quite what, with the father at Walmart,
- and the white one knew his father, mother,
- 25 sister, cousin, through her work as a bank

- 1 teller.
- 2 And then we get the last thing, which
- 3 the Mississippi Supreme Court thought was so
- 4 crucial, is that the -- the black potential
- 5 juror was sued for overdue credit, and maybe
- 6 she paid the garnishment of \$30. I don't know.
- 7 But the white juror had been a friend
- 8 of the victim's daughter in high school. Okay?
- 9 There we have it. Potential black, potential
- 10 white. And we have the whole background.
- Now, looking at that, you tell me,
- what was the difference as to why he could
- 13 strike, if that background, Carolyn Wright, the
- 14 potential African American juror who was Number
- 4, and Pamela Chesterton, the potential white
- 16 American juror who was Number 17.
- 17 What's the difference? What's the
- 18 difference given all those similarities?
- 19 MR. DAVIS: Juror 14, Carolyn Wright,
- 20 was struck because she was sued by Tardy.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah.
- 22 MR. DAVIS: Juror 14, Carolyn Wright,
- 23 worked with the defendant's father, Archie, at
- 24 Walmart.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yep.

1 MR. DAVIS: The distinction would be 2. the --3 JUSTICE BREYER: Wait, wait. You 4 didn't add that Juror Number 17 had been a 5 friend of the victim's daughter in high school 6 and also knew Flowers' father, mother, sister, 7 and a cousin through her work as a teller at 8 the bank. 9 MR. DAVIS: Wright's relationship with 10 the father was a work relationship, an employee/employee relationship. Chesteen was a 11 12 bank teller, admitted that she just saw them coming in through the bank. So this was a --13 14 an employee and customer relationship, which 15 the Mississippi Supreme Court made a distinction. 16 17 JUSTICE BREYER: In other words, it 18 was closer, the first relationship? 19 MR. DAVIS: Well, the --20 JUSTICE BREYER: And the record when I read that will bear out that the first one 21 22 really was a closer relation than seeing them 23 every week or whatever as a bank teller. 2.4 MR. DAVIS: Well, the record --25 JUSTICE BREYER: Will -- will it say

- 1 that? I don't think it will because I think
- they said, well, how closely physically did you
- 3 work with the -- the father? And there was no
- 4 answer to that question.
- 5 MR. DAVIS: The -- the record will
- 6 bear out that the district attorney only struck
- 7 those individuals that worked with members of
- 8 his family. And that was consistent.
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So that's the
- 10 reason. The distinction is when I go back in
- 11 the record, I have to say, knowing Flowers'
- 12 father, mother, sister, cousin through the work
- as a bank teller is not a good reason for
- 14 striking somebody. But working with Flowers'
- 15 father at some unknown distance at Walmart is.
- 16 And that's the crucial difference I will find.
- 17 There is a difference there, but is
- 18 there anything else? Because, after all, I
- 19 have the history, plus -- plus now I've
- 20 narrowed it down -- that's why I asked -- I've
- 21 narrowed it down to that being the difference.
- 22 MR. DAVIS: Again, Justice Breyer, I
- 23 would also say that one of the differing things
- 24 was that she was sued by Tardy.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.

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1
               MR. DAVIS: Which was a theme with at
 2.
      least one other --
 3
               JUSTICE BREYER: Right. And so I also
 4
      should look at that and then decide whether
 5
      that really is more significant than the fact
 6
      that Number 17 was friends with the victim's
 7
      daughter in high school.
 8
               You know, sometimes you're friends
 9
     with your high school -- your high school pals
10
      you don't forget.
11
               So -- so I -- so those are the two
12
      things I should look at. Is there anything
13
      else?
14
               MR. DAVIS: I think that's enough,
15
     Your Honor.
16
               JUSTICE KAGAN: I mean, in many --
               JUSTICE BREYER: Well, I do too.
17
18
               (Laughter.)
19
               JUSTICE ALITO: Is there any --
20
               JUSTICE KAGAN: -- in many respects,
21
     Mr. Davis, Ms. Wright is a -- is a perfect
22
      juror for a prosecutor. Right? She is -- she
23
      strongly favors the death penalty. Her uncle
24
      is a prison security guard. Her relative is
      the victim of a violent crime.
25
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1
               Except for her race, you would think
 2
      that this is a juror that a prosecutor would
 3
      love when she walks in the door.
                                        Isn't she?
 4
               MR. DAVIS: Not if she works with the
 5
      defendant's family and not if she was sued by
 6
      the workplace of one of the victims.
 7
      and that's the distinguishing factor here.
               JUSTICE GORSUCH: Counsel --
 8
 9
               JUSTICE BREYER: I don't want to
10
      imply, I'm sorry, that you have directed me to
      the two relevant parts of the record, and
11
12
     before I make up my mind definitely, I will
      read those two relevant parts, both sides.
13
14
      Okay?
15
               CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Again --
16
      counsel, again, we're sort of conducting this
      as if it were one -- one case. And in terms of
17
      a broader rule, do you -- do you recognize or
18
     do we recognize in our precedent any
19
20
      restriction on the prior history that can be
21
     brought up with respect to a current -- current
22
      case?
               MR. DAVIS: No, Your Honor.
23
                                            And --
24
      and far be it from me to presume the full basis
25
      for the grant, but I certainly see that as one
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- of the issues before the Court, is, as Your
- 2 Honor asked, how far are we to go? And -- and
- 3 -- and what does it matter? What -- what part
- 4 does that history play?
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But my point
- 6 is do you -- is there anything in our precedent
- 7 that suggests that there ought to be a
- 8 limitation on looking to the history of the
- 9 prosecutor involved?
- 10 MR. DAVIS: There's no limitation on
- 11 the history. I think certainly the precedent
- 12 says that you have to consider it. I'm not
- aware of any language in Batson and its progeny
- 14 for this particular circumstance where we have
- 15 six trials by the same district attorney. I'm
- 16 not aware of any. This is a unique situation
- in that regard.
- 18 JUSTICE GORSUCH: And -- and along
- 19 those lines, Justice Breyer's pointed out a
- 20 dichotomy that in other circumstances might be
- 21 explicable by an innocent reason.
- But, if all of the history is
- relevant, as you acknowledged, how -- does that
- 24 -- what light does that shed on what otherwise
- 25 might appear to be an innocent strike?

1 And when -- when should -- what rule 2 would you lay down -- I know that's hard to do, 3 but we're presumably taking cases to guide 4 future disputes, not just to resolve this one. 5 How -- how would you -- how would you 6 write that rule as to the relevance of the past 7 information with -- when we're looking at the 8 current trial? 9 MR. DAVIS: In responding to that, 10 Your Honor, let me say that when we use the word "history," we are limiting it to this 11 12 case, this district attorney and his over 25 years of experience, having searched for 13 14 additional cases and no cases cited by the Petitioner, outside of this case, in regards to 15 a Batson violation. 16 So the history is limited here. The 17 question then is what to do in a case like 18 19 How much does the specter of those two this. 20 prior violations come into play in the -- in 21 the analysis in this? 22 I think it certainly has to be looked 23 at. I believe the trial judge --24 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Is it just the 25 specter of the two violations? Weren't there

- 1 two cases that were overturned or -- in which
- prosecutorial misconduct -- at least the first
- 3 was overturned on prosecutorial misconduct.
- 4 They didn't even reach the Batson challenge.
- 5 MR. DAVIS: Yes, Your Honor.
- 6 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But doesn't that
- 7 tell you something about this man's passion for
- 8 this case? I -- I don't even need to call it
- 9 anything else, but doesn't that tell you how
- 10 you should be looking at this case?
- 11 MR. DAVIS: I -- I can't speak to his
- 12 passion for the case, Your Honor. I can speak
- 13 to his pursuit of conviction in this in the
- 14 sense of the six trials, which -- in which
- 15 there -- there were --
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But he didn't -- I
- 17 understand he didn't ask the attorney general
- 18 to step in, which he could have, to prosecute
- 19 the case. But I understand he lobbied two
- 20 legislators to try to change the venue,
- 21 legislatively. Is that correct?
- MR. DAVIS: That's my understanding,
- 23 Your Honor.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So he could try
- 25 the case?

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1
               MR. DAVIS: Well, try the case outside
 2
      of Montgomery County.
 3
               JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Instead of getting
 4
      the attorney general to try the case?
 5
               MR. DAVIS: And -- and I would again
 6
      reiterate --
 7
               JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: In his own county?
 8
               MR. DAVIS: Yes, Your Honor. And --
 9
      and we are strictly prohibited from inter --
10
      interjecting ourselves in cases we tried, not
      in this case but in another case, and our
11
12
      supreme court --
13
               JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: In Batson --
14
               MR. DAVIS: -- said you can't do that.
15
               JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Sorry, in Batson,
16
      we held that a prosecutor cannot state merely
      that he challenged jurors in the defendant's
17
18
      case -- of the defendant's race on the
19
      assumption or his intuitive judgment that they
20
      would be partial to the defendant because of
21
      their shared race.
22
               That was really the critical sentence
23
      in Batson, and the dissent disagreed with that.
24
      The critical change. You can't just assume
25
      that someone's going to be favorable to someone
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- 1 because they share the same race.
- 2 And when you look at the 41 out of 42,
- 3 how do you look at that and not come away with
- 4 thinking what was going on there was what the
- 5 dissent in Batson said was permissible, that
- 6 the majority said was not permissible, that
- 7 there's a stereotype that you're just going to
- 8 favor someone because they're the same race as
- 9 the defendant?
- 10 MR. DAVIS: I respectfully, in this
- 11 case, in no way agree that there was some prior
- determination made by the district attorney
- 13 that -- that because of this person's race,
- they were not going to be favorable.
- 15 Again, this case has spanned some 23
- 16 years now in this small community. One of the
- inherent problems that --
- 18 JUSTICE KAGAN: But I -- I quess I
- 19 don't understand how you can say this. In this
- 20 case, there were three adjudicated Batson
- 21 violations.
- MR. DAVIS: Two.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Okay, two.
- 24 (Laughter.)
- 25 MR. DAVIS: Two. The -- Flowers III

- 1 and Flowers II both had adjudicated Batson
- 2 issues. That the trial court was aware of that
- 3 was evident. The same trial judge presided
- 4 over the fifth trial. And in this case, we had
- 5 the same defense counsel. Counsel moved in
- 6 motions that were offered in the fifth trial up
- 7 to and including, in Joint Appendix 42, Motion
- 8 Number 57, which was a motion to bar
- 9 prosecution from exercising peremptory strikes
- 10 at all or at least from exercising them against
- 11 non-white minority members.
- Judge Loper adopted his prior rulings.
- 13 His ruling on that motion also included
- 14 caution, caution to both parties that if
- there's any objections or challenges based on
- demeanor or based on a juror's appearance, that
- if it wasn't in the record, he was not going to
- 18 consider it.
- 19 JUSTICE ALITO: Did we have some --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm sorry,
- 21 counsel, did you just --
- JUSTICE ALITO: -- couldn't we say of
- 23 this -- go ahead.
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
- 25 Sotomayor.

1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Did you just say 2 that the same judge who tried the fifth trial 3 also tried the sixth -- the sixth trial? 4 MR. DAVIS: Yes, Your Honor. 5 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And wasn't he the 6 judge that ordered Mr. Evans to prosecute the 7 sole holdout juror in the fifth trial? 8 MR. DAVIS: There --9 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And didn't 10 Mr. Evans do that? 11 MR. DAVIS: There --12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And the attorney general take over the case and say there was no 13 14 basis for that prosecution? 15 MR. DAVIS: There were two jurors that 16 were bound over to the grand jury on the basis of perjury. One pleaded guilty to that, and 17 18 the other was nolle-prossed. Again -- and that 19 was handled by the Attorney General's Office, 20 not my division but another. 21 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But I think the 22 attorney general nolle-prossed it because there 23 was no basis for that prosecution. MR. DAVIS: I don't know that there 2.4 25 was not a basis. I just know that it was

- 1 nolle-prossed.
- 2 JUSTICE KAGAN: May -- may I ask you
- 3 about --
- 4 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, could we say in
- 5 -- in this case, because of the unusual and
- 6 really disturbing history, this case just could
- 7 not have been tried this sixth time by the same
- 8 prosecutor? That he -- that he just cannot --
- 9 in light of the history, you just can't
- 10 untangle what happened before from the
- 11 particular strikes in this case?
- MR. DAVIS: But, again, Your Honor,
- 13 you know, hindsight is 20/20. I -- I was not
- 14 involved in any consideration on that. Had I
- 15 been, it -- it might have been a suggestion of
- mine that that be the case, but that wasn't.
- 17 And -- however, the record in this
- case by no means supports the conclusion that
- 19 the Mississippi Supreme Court's decision ran
- 20 afoul of Batson or its progeny.
- 21 And -- and if I may, I'd like to
- 22 return to what I was saying about the trial
- judge's being aware of the history.
- 24 Specifically, Judge Loper said, at -- the
- 25 transcript at page 314, "I know what Flowers

- 1 III said." He then cautioned the state: "I'm
- 2 going to look very closely at this case."
- 3 Again, the judge acknowledging that he would be
- 4 diligent in making sure the same type of error
- 5 did not occur again.
- 6 JUSTICE KAGAN: But what -- well, how
- 7 closely did he look? I mean, let's talk --
- 8 talk just about the questioning in this case.
- 9 The numbers themselves are staggering,
- 10 the number of questions that were asked to
- 11 African Americans versus whites. But more than
- 12 the numbers, if you look at the -- the way --
- what these questions were targeted to do, let's
- take, for example, the questions on the death
- 15 penalty. This prosecutor would question a
- 16 white person who said that he or she had
- 17 reservations about the death penalty, and the
- 18 questions are all designed to rehabilitate the
- 19 person. You know, the prosecutor would say:
- 20 Well, if the law required you to do it, you
- could follow the law, couldn't you? And then
- the person would say yes.
- 23 But if an African American said that
- 24 -- that he or she had qualms about the death
- 25 penalty, the prosecutor would say the exact

- 1 opposite. The prosecutor would say something
- 2 like, well, it would be really hard for you to
- 3 apply the death penalty then, wouldn't it?
- 4 So, in every case, this kind of
- 5 disparate questioning, you know, it -- it looks
- 6 as though he's -- he's designing, he's trying
- 7 to create a record for striking black jurors
- 8 that -- and -- and for distinguishing
- 9 black jurors from white jurors by means of his
- 10 questioning, which is sort of, you know,
- 11 completely opposite from the questioning that
- 12 he gives to whites.
- MR. DAVIS: I think the questions that
- 14 the district attorney asked were a direct
- 15 result of those responses these particular
- 16 jurors provided in general voir dire. And --
- 17 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, I think what I'm
- saying is it's not two jurors, one white, one
- 19 black, says, I have reservations about the
- 20 death penalty, and he says to the white one:
- 21 But you could follow the law. And he says to
- the black one: Well, I don't know, I guess you
- 23 can't follow the law.
- 24 MR. DAVIS: Respectfully, Your Honor,
- 25 that's not the case as I read the record. The

- 1 -- each juror that indicated they were against
- 2 the death penalty is certainly one that, in a
- 3 general context, that a prosecutor would not
- 4 want to be on the jury.
- And, of course, we had in this case
- 6 vacillation amongst these jurors, for example,
- 7 Flancie Jones, who on her juror questionnaire
- 8 said she was strongly against the death penalty
- 9 and then, during questioning, said she could
- 10 consider it, but then went on to admit that she
- 11 lied on her juror questionnaire.
- 12 So the questions that the district
- 13 attorney asked were to follow up on what was on
- 14 the juror questionnaire with regard to their
- 15 statements therein regarding the death penalty.
- In this case, the record itself shows
- 17 that the district attorney offered valid
- 18 race-neutral reasons for each strike.
- 19 Each strike was considered by the
- 20 trial court, who had made aware -- made the
- 21 parties aware of -- that he was aware of the
- 22 history of the case, and the record supports
- 23 that all the jurors that were struck were
- struck because they were either sued by Tardy
- 25 Furniture, they were either related to the

- 1 defendant, or friends with, or had worked with
- 2 members of the defendant's family.
- 3 And these are all valid race-neutral
- 4 reasons.
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But there were no
- 6 questions of white jurors who said they had a
- 7 relationship with defense witnesses. There
- 8 were no follow-up questions for them. They
- 9 just said, yes, they knew defense witnesses.
- 10 MR. DAVIS: The only -- to my
- 11 recollection, Justice Ginsburg, is Pamela
- 12 Chesteen, who indicated that she knew Flowers'
- family but only because she was a bank teller
- 14 and she'd seen them come in. Again, that was a
- 15 general question.
- 16 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But we didn't -- we
- 17 don't know what the relationship of the others
- were because they weren't asked. They said
- 19 they had a relationship with defense witnesses,
- 20 but they weren't asked what is the
- 21 relationship.
- 22 MR. DAVIS: I -- I'm sorry, I
- 23 misunderstood. Regarding the ones that said
- 24 they knew these witnesses in the case, Your
- Honor, yes.

1 And the Mississippi Supreme Court 2 noted that, that they were. And, again, this is part and parcel of the issue with this 3 4 unique case, is that, you know, 5,000 people in 5 a town, everybody knows everybody, and 6 everybody knew everything about the case. 7 And the Mississippi Supreme Court 8 noted that these witnesses on both sides knew 9 numerous witnesses for both the prosecution and the defense. And that is, of course, but one 10 part of the analysis. 11 12 You have to look at the reasons that the -- that were offered by the district 13 14 attorney. And in this case, they all support 15 the strikes that were made. Well, the -- part 16 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: of Batson was about confidence of the community 17 and the fairness of the criminal justice 18 19 system, right? 20 MR. DAVIS: Yes, Your Honor. 21 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: And that was 22 against a backdrop of a lot of decades of 23 all-white juries convicting black defendants. 24 Swain said let's put a stop to that but really 25 didn't give the tools for eradicating

- 1 discrimination, so you had another 21 years of
- 2 that, until Batson.
- And then Batson said: We're going to
- 4 give you the tools to eradicate that so that
- 5 the -- not just for the fairness to the
- 6 defendant and to the juror, but that the
- 7 community has confidence in the fairness of the
- 8 system.
- 9 And can you say, as you sit here
- 10 today, confidently you have confidence in the
- 11 -- how this all transpired in this case?
- MR. DAVIS: I have confidence in this
- 13 record, Justice Kavanaugh. I have confidence
- in the strikes that this district attorney made
- 15 based on the four corners of this record.
- I have confidence that, if reviewed
- 17 with an eye towards what actually transpired,
- it supports the Mississippi Supreme Court's
- 19 decision in this case. That I have confidence
- 20 in.
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Thank you.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Do you have
- 23 confidence in how this case was prosecuted?
- 24 MR. DAVIS: Based on this record, yes,
- 25 Your Honor, I do.

1	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: You know, I one
2	of the first things I did when I found this
3	case was to try to do some research because at
4	least my former state prosecutor's office would
5	have substituted attorneys long before the
6	fifth, sixth trial.
7	Regrettably, I don't wasn't able to
8	find any formalized guidance on that. But it
9	does seem odd to me that any prosecutor would
_0	continue to try a case with this history.
.1	MR. DAVIS: And, again, I would agree
_2	completely, Justice Sotomayor, that we have an
.3	unusual circumstance, an unusual case with
_4	these six trials having been all tried by the
-5	same prosecutor.
-6	But I would resubmit, again, that the
_7	decision of the Mississippi Supreme Court in
-8	this instance was not violative of Batson and
_9	its progeny.
20	Thank you, Mr. Chief Justice.
21	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
22	counsel.
23	You have four minutes remaining, Ms.
24	Johnson.

1	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF SHERI LYNN
2	JOHNSON ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
3	MS. JOHNSON: Unless this Court has
4	further questions, I will waive rebuttal.
5	JUSTICE THOMAS: Ms. Johnson, did you
6	would you be kind enough to tell me whether
7	or not you exercised any peremptories?
8	MS. JOHNSON: I was not the trial
9	lawyer.
LO	JUSTICE THOMAS: Well, did your
11	were any peremptories exercised by the
L2	defendant?
13	MS. JOHNSON: They were.
L4	JUSTICE THOMAS: And what was the race
15	of the jurors struck there?
L6	MS. JOHNSON: She only exercised
L7	peremptories against white jurors.
18	But I would add that the motive her
L9	motivation is not the question here. The
20	question is the motivation of Doug Evans.
21	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: She didn't have
22	any black jurors to exercise peremptories
23	against except the first one?
24	MS. JOHNSON: Except the first one.
25	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But so did the

Т	prosecutor, except that one?		
2	MS. JOHNSON: Correct.		
3	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: After that, every		
4	black juror that was available on the panel wa		
5	struck		
6	MS. JOHNSON: Yes.		
7	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: by		
8	MS. JOHNSON: He struck one he		
9	seated one African American juror, and at the		
10	very end struck one white juror.		
11	When all of the evidence in this case		
12	is considered, just as in Foster versus		
13	Chapman, the conclusion that race was a		
14	substantial part of Evans' motivation is		
15	inescapable, and the Mississippi Supreme		
16	Court's conclusion to the contrary is clearly		
17	erroneous. Thank you.		
18	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,		
19	counsel. The case is submitted.		
20	(Whereupon, at 11:09 a.m., the case		
21	was submitted.)		
22			
23			
24			
25			

	T	t to Final Review	T
\$	47:1	Attorney [19] 1:21 10:3 31:18,24	call [2] 36:4 44:8
\$30 [1] 37 :6	admit [3] 33:17,19 52:10	32 :2 39 :6 42 :15 43 :12 44 :17 45 :4	called [1] 12:1
	admitted [5] 5:19 33:8,24 34:20	46 :12 48 :12,19,22 51 :14 52 :13,17	came [3] 1:14 6:13 17:9
1	38:12	54:14 55:14	cannot [3] 19:24 45:16 49:8
1 [2] 35 :12 36 :5	adopt [2] 18:23 21:2	attorneys [1] 56:5	career [1] 19:2
1.1 [1] 4 :1	adopted [2] 21:6 47:12	attracted [1] 19:16	caring [1] 13:17
10:16 [2] 1: 16 3: 2	affect [2] 11:12 13:5	available [1] 58:4	Carolyn [7] 8:19,20,20 19:7 37:13,
11 [2] 35 :22,22	affected [1] 30:1	average [2] 3:25 4:1	19,22
11:09 [1] 58: 20	afoul [1] 49:20	aware [7] 42:13,16 47:2 49:23 52:	Case [90] 3:4 4:7,13,17,25 5:4 6:1
14 [2] 37: 19,22	African [22] 3:15,19,21,24 4:6 6:14,		8: 19 10: 15 11: 12 18: 14,16,18,20
15 [2] 35 :18,20	24 10 :8 26 :8,19 27 :3,12,14,16 28 :	away [1] 46:3	19: 24,25 20: 6,12,16 21: 4 22: 5,6,
16 [1] 35: 21	5,6,17 32 :11 37 :14 50 :11,23 58 :9 aggressive [2] 6 :14,19	В	25 23 :7,23 26 :6,10 29 :3 30 :20,21 31 :8,13,21 32 :3,5,6 33 :2,11,13,22,
17 [4] 35 :17 37 :16 38 :4 40 :6	ago [4] 19:3 20:5,16 27:7	back [8] 7:25 8:13 12:5 13:12 15:2	25 34 :13,25 35 :6 36 :17 41 :17,22
17-9572 [1] 3:4	1 •	19: 22 34: 8 39: 10	1
2	agree [4] 31:11 32:21 46:11 56:11 ahead [2] 21:19 47:23	backdrop [1] 54:22	43 :12,15,18 44 :8,10,12,19,25 45 :1 4,11,11,18 46 :11,15,20 47 :4 48 :13
2 [1] 36 :5	ALITO [29] 4:12 5:8 7:1 8:7,16,24	background [4] 35:25 36:2 37:10,	49: 5,6,11,16,18 50: 2,8 51: 4,25 52:
20 [3] 1 :12 19 :2 20 :5	9 :9,16,20,24 12 :7 14 :1,6,10 15 :14,	13	5,16,22 53 :24 54 :4,6,14 55 :11,19,
20/20 [1] 49 :13	18,22,25 16: 7,10 27: 7 29: 14 31:	bank 19 17:8,19 36:25 38:8,12,13,	23 56 :3,10,13 58 :11,19,20
2007 [1] 33 :13	12,15,17 40 :19 47 :19,22 49 :4	23 39 :13 53 :13	cases [9] 5:7 18:24 19:24 28:1 43:
2007 11 33 : 13	all-white [2] 25:9 54:23	bar [1] 47:8	3,14,14 44 :1 45 :10
2019 101:12 21 [1] 55: 1	allowed [2] 31:25 32:1	based [5] 5:15 47:15,16 55:15,24	cause [2] 4:15 5:10
23 [1] 46: 15	alone [2] 3:16 4:3	basis [8] 4:5 12:3 17:23 41:24 48:	caution [2] 47:14,14
25 [1] 43 :12	already [4] 6:8 21:6 24:12 31:19	14,16,23,25	cautioned [1] 50:1
29 [1] 3 :25	alter [1] 25:2	Batson [30] 4:25 5:24 18:14 19:2,5	certain [1] 27:8
	American [20] 3:15,19,21,24 4:6 6:	20 :4,22,23 22 :11 23 :14,22,24 24 :	certainly [6] 4:15 8:2 41:25 42:11
3	15,24 10 :8 26 :9,20 27 :3,13,15,16	2 28 :1 31 :8 32 :22 42 :13 43 :16 44 :	43 :22 52 :2
3 [2] 2: 4 21: 7	28 :17 32 :11 37 :14,16 50 :23 58 :9	4 45 :13,15,23 46 :5,20 47 :1 49 :20	challenge [1] 44:4
30 [4] 2 :7 20 :4,16 36 :18	Americans [4] 28:5,6 32:11 50:11	54 :17 55 :2,3 56 :18	challenged [1] 45:17
30-year [1] 19:2	amongst [1] 52:6	bear [2] 38:21 39:6	challenges 5 3:18,20 4:6 19:5
314 [1] 49: 25	analysis [2] 43:21 54:11	bears [1] 21:7	47 :15
36 [1] 3: 17	analyzed [2] 4:20,21	began [1] 3:13	chance [1] 5:1
4	announced [1] 20:22	behalf [8] 1:19,22 2:4,7,10 3:8 30:	change 2 44:20 45:24
4 [1] 37 :15	Another [7] 5:19 16:12 21:10 27:1	17 57 :2	Chapman [1] 58:13
41 [2] 32: 11 46: 2	45 :11 48 :20 55 :1	believe 5 6:12 7:18 16:13 24:25	check [1] 12:20
42 [4] 32 :10,10 46 :2 47 :7	answer [2] 34:14 39:4	43 :23	Chesteen [7] 16:17 17:5,7 18:6 29
	anybody [2] 14:3 36:15	bias [10] 10 :7,19 11 :2,4,8 16 :22 27 :	19 38 :11 53 :12
5	apart [1] 7 :12	4 30 :6,9,10	Chesterton [1] 37:15
5,000 [2] 31: 1 54: 4	apologize [1] 19:21	biased [1] 10:15 bit [1] 22:4	CHIEF [20] 3:3,9 18:11 19:6,9,18
57 [2] 2 :10 47: 8	apparent [1] 13:15		20 :1,20 21 :1,25 22 :3 30 :14,18,22
6	apparently [1] 28:3	black [17] 4:23 35:12,14,18,21 36:	41 :15 42 :5 47 :24 56 :20,21 58 :18
	appear [1] 42 :25	3,9,21 37: 4,9 51: 7,9,19,22 54: 23 57: 22 58: 4	circumstance [2] 42 :14 56 :13
6 [1] 22 :6	appearance [1] 47:16	blacks [1] 35:16	circumstances [8] 6:4,6 16:21 18
Α	APPEARANCES [1] 1:18	1	15 22 :12 26 :2 28 :12 42 :20
a.m [3] 1:16 3:2 58:20	appeared [1] 34:2	Blaylock [2] 15:10 29:18 blind [1] 25:3	cited 5 7:17 11:20 13:23 15:6 43:
able [1] 56:7	Appendix [1] 47:7	both [10] 9:5 36:5,5,6,7 41:13 47:1,	14
above-entitled [1] 1:14	apply [2] 18:23 51:3	14 54: 8,9	citing [1] 14:24
accept [1] 34:13	approach [3] 6:18,19,21	bound [1] 48:16	claims [1] 5:24
account [4] 23:25 24:19,22 28:8	approximately [1] 31:1	BREYER [13] 35:10 37:21,25 38:3,	clear [1] 5:3
accounted [1] 28:15	Archie [1] 37:23	17,20,25 39 :9,22,25 40 :3,17 41 :9	clearest [1] 8:19
accurate [1] 31:5	argument [10] 1:15 2:2,5,8 3:4,7	Breyer's [1] 42:19	clearly [1] 58:16
accused [3] 14:13 29:23,24	13:5 18:24 30:16 57:1	brief [3] 29:15,17 30:4	close [4] 7:5,21 11:6 18:8
acknowledged [1] 42:23	Arlington [1] 24:6	bringing [1] 7:10	closely [4] 7:4 39:2 50:2,7
acknowledging [1] 50:3	array [1] 10:22	brings [1] 7:20	closeness [4] 16:24 17:2,4 18:2
acquaintance [1] 5:17	arrested [1] 36:16	broader [2] 24:16 41:18	closer [2] 38:18,22
acted [1] 5 :3	aside [4] 5:5 6:5 7:2 9:25	broadly [1] 24:5	colleagues [1] 18:18 college [1] 36:6
actually [7] 7:11 8:24 18:1 25:16	aspects [1] 5:10 assess [1] 23:7	brother [2] 17:13 36:10	colorblind [1] 19:16
26 :15 36 :9 55 :17	assess ment [1] 19:4	brought । ৪:12 19:4 41:21	combed [1] 19:24
add [2] 38:4 57:18	assist [1] 31:25	burden [1] 23:10	come [7] 7:25 24:23 35:2,24 43:20
additional [1] 43:14	Assistant [1] 1:21	Burnside [10] 11:21,23 12:4 13:13,	46 :3 53 :14
addressing [1] 18:12	assume [1] 45:24	15,16,17,18 14 :1,5	comes [1] 17:20
adequate [1] 12 :10	assumption [1] 45:19	C	coming [1] 38:13
adjudicated [4] 4:10 32:22 46:20	attitudes [1] 27:5	l ———	commensurate [1] 31:8
	Tatalando PIZITO		Tommonourate 1901.0

25 **27**:23 **51**:5

disregard [1] 4:21

disputes [2] 10:25 43:4

dissent [2] 45:23 46:5

distance [2] 36:22 39:15

distinction [4] 33:22 38:1,16 39:

district [10] 32:2 39:6 42:15 43:12

46:12 51:14 52:12.17 54:13 55:14

distinguishing [2] 41:7 51:8

community [3] 46:16 54:17 55:7 Compare [1] 16:16 comparison [1] 16:17 complain [1] 6:20 complaints [1] 26:7 completely [3] 34:6 51:11 56:12 concern [1] 4:15 concerned [2] 11:4 30:10 conclusion [4] 24:24 49:18 58:13. conduct [2] 20:10 26:2 conducting [1] 41:16 confidence [8] 54:17 55:7,10,12, 13.16.19.23 confidently [1] 55:10 confined [1] 30:21 connection [1] 36:20 consensitive [1] 20:11 consider [5] 25:24,25 42:12 47:18 consideration [3] 20:6 32:20 49: 14 considered [2] 52:19 58:12 considering [1] 25:1 consistent [2] 25:25 39:8 Constitution [1] 25:10 context [1] 52:3 continue [1] 56:10 contradicted [1] 21:14 contrary [1] 58:16 convicting [1] 54:23 conviction [1] 44:13 convincina [1] 5:3 Cora [2] 13:10 16:14 corners [1] 55:15 Correct [8] 9:15 24:4 26:12 28:17 **32**:14.16 **44**:21 **58**:2 couldn't 5 5:13,14 24:23 47:22 50:21 counsel [9] 27:15 30:15 41:8,16 **47**:5,5,21 **56**:22 **58**:19 count [1] 33:19 county [3] 31:21 45:2,7 course [4] 6:17 18:17 52:5 54:10 COURT [37] 1:1,15 3:10 6:2 9:5,6 12:1.23.24 16:2 20:19 21:11 23:7 **24:**6.11.11.14.15.18.22 **25:**12 **26:** 19.24 28:15 30:19 32:18 33:21 37: 3 38:15 42:1 45:12 47:2 52:20 54: 1.7 56:17 57:3 Court's [6] 26:1 30:12 31:7 49:19 **55**:18 **58**:16 courts [1] 12:9 cousin [3] 36:25 38:7 39:12 coworker [1] 17:21 create [1] 51:7 credibility [1] 21:8 credit [1] 37:5 crime [2] 14:13 40:25 crimes [2] 29:24 24 criminal [2] 20:12 54:18 critical [2] 45:22.24 crucial [2] 37:4 39:16 cumulatively [1] 3:12

current [5] 19:5 20:6 41:21,21 43: 8
CURTIS [1] 1:4
customer [1] 38:14
cuts [1] 36:14

D D.C [1] 1:11 daily [1] 17:23 daughter [3] 37:8 38:5 40:7 DAVIS [52] 1:21 2:6 30:16,18 31: 24 32:7.13.17.25 33:21 34:17.23 35:4 37:19.22 38:1.9.19.24 39:5. 22 40:1.14.21 41:4.23 42:10 43:9 **44:**5.11.22 **45:**1.5.8.14 **46:**10.22. 25 48:4.8.11.15.24 49:12 51:13.24 **53**:10.22 **54**:20 **55**:12.24 **56**:11 day [3] 8:10,13,14 death [13] 19:12,13 27:4 36:7 40: 23 50:14,17,24 51:3,20 52:2,8,15 debt [1] 11:16 debts [1] 10:23 decades [1] 54:22 decide [1] 40:4 decision [6] 4:16 5:15 31:7 49:19 55:19 56:17 defendant [9] 4:8 5:19 23:9 33:5 45:20 46:9 53:1 55:6 57:12 defendant's [9] 7:5.6 15:15.17 37: 23 41:5 45:17,18 53:2 defendants [2] 4:7 54:23 defense [11] 15:7,11 27:15 28:18, 19 **29**:9 **47**:5 **53**:7,9,19 **54**:10 definitely [1] 41:12 demanded [1] 6:2 demeanor [1] 47:16 deposit [1] 17:20 described [1] 16:2 designed [1] 50:18 designing [1] 51:6 desire [1] 25:8 despite [2] 11:25 34:11 determination [1] 46:12 dichotomy [1] 42:20 difference [7] 36:13 37:12,17,18 39:16,17,21 different [6] 17:20,24,25 20:17,18 31.21 differential [2] 28:9,16 differina [1] 39:23 diliaent [1] 50:4 dire [3] 29:7 33:14 51:16 direct [2] 34:12 51:14 directed [1] 41:10

disagreed [1] 45:23

disbelieve [1] 7:14

9,11,13 55:1

discriminated [1] 4:4

discriminatory [1] 5:4

disengage [1] 31:10

dishonest [1] 25:18

dismissed [1] 34:4

discrimination [7] 4:10,10 6:4 23:

disparate [7] 6:9,10 22:16 26:16,

disturbing [1] 49:6 division [1] 48:20 divorce [1] 13:19 documents [1] 13:1 done [2] 20:24 31:23 door [1] 41:3 Doug 5 3:13 15:8 17:14 18:4 57: down [4] 12:6 39:20,21 43:2 during [2] 13:18 52:9 Е Each [6] 33:3 35:6 36:17 52:1,18, Edith [2] 11:21.23 education [1] 36:7 eiaht [2] 22:13 25:20 either [5] 18:2 33:4 34:5 52:24.25 emplovee [1] 38:14 employee/employee [1] 38:11 employment [1] 7:10 encounter [1] 17:22 end [4] 3:14 10:1 12:22 58:10 enough [3] 31:19 40:14 57:6 entire [1] 10:22 entirely [1] 24:3 environment [1] 28:10 eradicate [1] 55:4 eradicating [1] 54:25 erroneous [1] 58:17 error [1] 50:4 especially [1] 11:19 ESQ [4] 1:19 2:3,6,9 established [1] 20:19 Evans [14] 3:13,17 4:4,11 5:3 7:17 **15**:8 **17**:1,14 **18**:4 **34**:10 **48**:6,10 Evans' [1] 58:14 even [13] 5:4 6:5 10:17 11:10 16:4 17:6 18:1 21:18 23:23 24:4 26:25 everybody [5] 28:2.2 54:5.5.6 evervone [2] 18:10 27:20 everything [4] 4:22 14:25 24:17 evidence [10] 3:12 5:2,14,15 7:23, 24 8:1 27:17 34:12 58:11 evident [1] 47:3 exact [1] 50:25 exactly [2] 21:14 32:8 example [2] 50:14 52:6 Except [4] 41:1 57:23.24 58:1 excuse [1] 34:11 exercise [2] 4:5 57:22

exercised [5] 3:17,20 57:7,11,16
exercising [2] 47:9,10
exhibit [1] 9:1
experience [1] 43:13
experts [1] 12:25
explain [1] 12:11
explained [1] 23:1
explicable [1] 42:21
expressly [1] 34:20
extensive [1] 18:19
extraordinary [2] 6:9 19:23
extreme [1] 21:4
expe [1] 55:17

F

fabrication [1] 20:13 fact [10] 9:11 10:11 11:13,25 22:14 23:20 33:13 34:12 36:22 40:5 factor [2] 21:7 41:7 fairness [3] 54:18 55:5,7 false [9] 5:20 8:21 11:24 13:7,8 25: 11,19,20,21 family [11] 5:18 17:7 26:22 28:19 **33:**5.6 **36:**21 **39:**8 **41:**5 **53:**2.13 family-owned [2] 9:13,14 far [3] 18:24 41:24 42:2 father [12] 15:15.17 17:11.12 36: 23.24 37:23 38:6.10 39:3.12.15 favor [5] 19:13 33:20 36:7.14 46:8 favorable [2] 45:25 46:14 favored [1] 36:11 favors [1] 40:23 feelings [1] 13:21 felt [2] 11:11 13:20 few [1] 3:15 Fields [2] 15:10 29:18 fifth [5] 47:4.6 48:2.7 56:6 fighting [2] 20:2 22:21 find [3] 19:25 39:16 56:8 first [13] 3:17 6:8 8:21 10:12 11:22 12:1 21:21 38:18.21 44:2 56:2 57: 23.24 five [10] 3:20 17:6,8 28:20,20 35: 12,13,14,15,15 Flancie [1] 52:7 FLOWERS [10] 1:4 3:4,13 5:18 16: 14 33:13 36:21 46:25 47:1 49:25 Flowers' [8] 13:9,10 17:7 26:22 **38**:6 **39**:11.14 **53**:12 follow [5] 11:18 50:21 51:21.23 52: follow-up [2] 31:4 53:8 foraet [2] 19:8 40:10 forgot [1] 34:5 form [2] 12:17,19 formalized [1] 56:8 former [1] 56:4 Foster [1] 58:12 found [6] 4:4 8:25 9:7 12:9 29:20

four [5] 3:17 10:13 17:6 55:15 56:

Fourth [1] 35:21

friend [2] 37:7 38:5 friends [3] 40:6,8 53:1 front [1] 34:15 full [1] 41:24 Furniture [2] 30:8 52:25 further [2] 22:4 57:4 future [1] 43:4

G garnished [4] 8:22 9:2,8 11:25

garnishment @ 12:9,21,22 13:2,

General [12] 1:21 21:3.5.9 31:18 **44:**17 **45:**4 **48:**13.22 **51:**16 **52:**3 **53:**15 General's [2] 31:25 48:19 aettina [2] 34:21 45:3 GINSBURG [12] 10:21 17:15,18 24:14,18 26:5,13 28:24 33:9 53:5, 11,16

give [3] 34:10 54:25 55:4 given [2] 28:12 37:18 qives [1] 51:12

GIOVANNI [1] 1:4

GORSUCH [14] 13:3 21:19,23 22: 1,2,15,18,20,24 23:5,12,16 41:8

42:18 Gorsuch's [1] 31:10 aot [1] 34:4 grand [1] 48:16 grant [1] 41:25 group [1] 29:7 guard [2] 36:10 40:24 quess [2] 46:18 51:22

quidance [1] 56:8 guide [1] 43:3

guilty [2] 14:14 48:17

Н

handled [1] 48:19 happened [3] 4:22 32:9 49:10

happens [1] 7:19 hard [2] 43:2 51:2 hear [1] 3:3 Heights [1] 24:6 held [2] 32:18 45:16 helped [1] 13:18 helpful [1] 23:17

herself [2] 9:19 13:22 high [5] 37:8 38:5 40:7,9,9

hindsight [1] 49:13

history [48] 4:12 5:5,25 6:5 10:1 18:19,25 22:8,23 23:6,19,20,21,25 **24:**4,6,8,10,12,19,23 **25:**1,3,4,8,9, 10,24 30:20,21 31:11 32:5,6,19 35:11 39:19 41:20 42:4,8,11,22 43:11,17 49:6,9,23 52:22 56:10

holdout [1] 48:7 homicide [1] 10:15 Honor [18] 24:4 32:13,18 35:4 40: 15 **41**:23 **42**:2 **43**:10 **44**:5,12,23

45:8 **48**:4 **49**:12 **51**:24 **53**:25 **54**: 20 55:25

however [2] 31:13 49:17

Huggins [2] 33:12 34:1

human [1] 7:9

hypothetical [3] 20:3 22:21,25

ignored [1] 24:11 II [1] 47:1 III [2] 46:25 50:1 ill [1] 11:16 imagined [1] 10:18

immediately [1] 20:23 imply [1] 41:10

important [1] 16:3 inches [1] 7:11 included [1] 47:13

includina [2] 33:6 47:7 indeed [3] 11:18 18:5 26:18 indicated [2] 52:1 53:12

indicia [1] 23:9

individual [1] 23:23 individuals [3] 31:1,3 39:7 inescapable [1] 58:15

information [1] 43:7 inherent [1] 46:17

initially [2] 6:15 34:7 innocent [2] 42:21.25 inquired [1] 10:19

inquiry [8] 6:3 11:2,7 18:3,5 20:11

21:17 26:3 insistence [1] 26:1 instance [1] 56:18

instead [2] 18:9 45:3 intentional [1] 35:3

intentionally [1] 33:25

inter [1] 45:9 interact [1] 24:2

interested [5] 16:18 17:16 18:22

27:4 30:11 interesting [1] 16:23

interjecting [1] 45:10

interpretation [1] 3:11 intimately [1] 33:5

intuitive [1] 45:19

investigate [2] 8:6 27:10 investigated [2] 27:17,20

investigating [3] 27:16 30:6,9 investigation [2] 6:24 27:8

involved [2] 42:9 49:14

isn't [6] 14:20 15:14 17:15,18 24:9 41.3

issue [2] 34:18 54:3

issues [3] 35:5 42:1 47:2 Ithaca [1] 1:19

itself [1] 52:16

Jackson [1] 1:22 iail [1] 29:24 iails [1] 29:25 JASON [3] 1:21 2:6 30:16 JOHNSON [74] 1:19 2:3,9 3:6,7,9 **5**:2 **6**:2 **7**:13 **8**:5,12,18 **9**:3,15,18, 22 **10**:6,24 **11**:13 **12**:12,15,19 **13**: 6 **14**:4,7,15,19 **15**:16,20,24 **16**:1,9,

12,19 17:12,16,24 19:6,10,20 20:7 21 21:5 22:13,16,19,22 23:3,8,15 **24**:3,16,21 **26**:4,12,14 **27**:6,11,14 28:14 29:4,17 30:2 56:24 57:2,3,5, 8,13,16,24 58:2,6,8

Joint [1] 47:7 Jones [1] 52:7

judge [12] 14:2,8,12,16 34:15 43: 23 47:3,12 48:2,6 49:24 50:3

iudae's [1] 49:23

judgment [5] 9:1,10 12:13,15 45:

juries [1] 54:23

juror [57] 5:12,13,20 6:15,18,19 7: 3,15,15 10:4 13:8 14:1,5,12,17 15: 3,5 16:12 17:5,7 18:5 21:12,13,15 **26**:6,6,17 **27**:1,3 **33**:7,11,23 **34**:1, 11,19 **35**:1,12 **36**:3,21 **37**:5,7,14, 16,19,22 38:4 40:22 41:2 48:7 52: 1,7,11,14 **55:**6 **58:**4,9,10

iuror's [1] 47:16

jurors [42] **3**:15,19,21,25 **4**:1,24 **5**: 9 6:22.24 10:8.9 11:5 15:9 18:15 :13 **26**:9.20 **27**:9.9.16 **28**:18.21 :3,8,23 **30**:1 **33**:3,10 **35**:14 **45**: **48**:15 **51**:7,9,9,16,18 **52**:6,23 :6 **57**:15,17,22

jury [8] 3:13 5:11,12,22 25:9 34:21 48:16 52:4

JUSTICE [155] 3:3,9 4:12 5:8 7:1 **8**:4,7,9,14,16,24 **9**:9,16,20,24 **10**: 21 11:10 12:5,7,13,16 13:3 14:1,6, 10 **15**:14,18,22,25 **16**:7,10,16 **17**: 10.15.18 **18:**11 **19:**6.9.18 **20:**1.20 21:1.18.19.21.23.25.25 22:2.15.18. 20.24 23:5.12.16.18 24:14.18 26:4 5.13 27:6.7.12.22 28:24 29:14.20

30:14,18,22 31:9,12,15,16,17 32:4 7,10,15,21,24 33:9 34:8,17,22,24 **35**:9,10 **37**:21,25 **38**:3,17,20,25 **39**:9,22,25 **40**:3,16,17,19,20 **41**:8, 9,15 42:5,18,19 43:24 44:6,16,24 45:3,7,13,15 46:18,23 47:19,20,22 24,24 **48**:1,5,9,12,21 **49**:2,4 **50**:6

51:17 **53**:5,11,16 **54**:16,18,21 **55**: 13,21,22 56:1,12,20,21 57:5,10,14, 21 25 58:3 7 18

Justice's [1] 22:3

KAGAN [12] 26:4 27:6.12.22 32:21 **40**:16,20 **46**:18,23 **49**:2 **50**:6 **51**:

KAVANAUGH [15] 21:18.21 23:18 **31**:16 **32**:4,7,10,15,24 **45**:13,15

54:16,21 55:13,21 keep [1] 34:11 kind [3] 18:4 51:4 57:6 knowing [1] 39:11

knowledge [1] 33:12 known [1] 28:13

knows [2] 28:2 54:5

language [1] 42:13 largely [1] 28:4

last [1] 37:2 later [1] 9:23

Laughter [4] 14:18 21:22 40:18 46:24

law [6] 20:19 31:18 50:20,21 51:21,

lawsuits [1] 11:5 lawyer [1] 57:9 lav [1] 43:2

lean [1] 5:18

least [5] 25:13 40:2 44:2 47:10 56:

left [4] 16:11 21:12,13 34:6 legislatively [1] 44:21 legislators [1] 44:20

legitimate [4] 14:11,15,21 26:20

less [1] 20:24

Lester [2] 15:9 29:18

lie [1] 34:14

lied [8] 33:7,10,16,18,25 34:19,20

52:11 liaht [2] 42:24 49:9 likely [1] 5:24

likewise [1] 3:23 limitation [2] 42:8,10

limited [3] 6:10 31:3 43:17 limiting [1] 43:11

lines [1] 42:19 listed [1] 32:24 little [2] 12:20 22:4 livina [1] 29:2 lobbied [1] 44:19

location [1] 15:17 lona [2] 34:4 56:5 longer [1] 23:25

look [27] 3:22 5:8 9:9,10 12:21 13: 15,25 **14**:23 **18**:25 **19**:14 **20**:11,12 **23**:23 **24**:5 **25**:15,19 **26**:1 **35**:11 **36**:3 **40**:4,12 **46**:2,3 **50**:2,7,12 **54**:

looked [5] 4:23 9:6 12:23,24 43:22 looking 19 18:14 19:15 27:2 28: 10 34:9 37:11 42:8 43:7 44:10

looks [2] 14:25 51:5 Loper [2] 47:12 49:24 lot [1] 54:22

love [1] 41:3 lying [3] 33:8,17,23

LYNN [5] 1:19 2:3,9 3:7 57:1

M

made [19] 4:16 5:20 8:20.22 10:9 11:3,7 13:7 25:20,21,22 26:24 33: 22 38:15 46:12 52:20,20 54:15 55:

majority [1] 46:6 makeup [1] 31:2 man's [1] 44:7

many [11] 6:6 24:24 26:8,17 27:9 28:3.3 31:22.22 40:16.20

March [1] 1:12 mark [1] 9:4

match [1] 25:21 matched [1] 21:14 matter [4] 1:14 20:14 33:16 42:3 mean [8] 5:8,23 12:18 13:1,7 18: 17 40:16 50:7 means [2] 49:18 51:9 members [8] 5:17 17:7 28:19 33:5 6 **39**:7 **47**:11 **53**:2 merely [2] 26:16 45:16 met [1] 23:10 mid-40s [1] 36:6 might [11] 8:6 13:20 16:21,24 26: 18 28:5,13 36:11 42:20,25 49:15 Miller-El [3] 24:7 26:25 32:19 mind [4] 3:14 34:6 36:12 41:12 mine [1] 49:16 minority [1] 47:11 minutes [1] 56:23 misconduct [2] 44:2,3 misrepresentations [2] 15:4 22: MISSISSIPPI [19] 1:7.22 3:5 9:6 12:24 21:11 24:10 26:18 28:14 31: 7.18 **37**:3 **38**:15 **49**:19 **54**:1.7 **55**: 18 56:17 58:15

misunderstood [1] 53:23 moment [1] 13:12 Montgomery [1] 45:2 morning [1] 3:4 most [2] 8:18 16:18 mother [5] 13:18 17:13 36:24 38:6 39:12

Motion [3] 47:7.8.13 motions [1] 47:6 motivation [5] 5:4 6:7 57:19.20 58:14 motive [3] 20:15.17 57:18

moved [1] 47:5 Ms [80] 3:6.9 5:2 6:2 7:13 8:5.12. 18 **9:**3,15,18,22 **10:**6,24 **11:**11,13 12:4,12,15,19 13:6,13,15,16,16,17 17,18,19 **14:**4,7,15,19 **15:**16,20,24 **16**:1,9,12,19 **17**:12,16,24 **19**:6,10, 20 **20**:7,21 **21**:5 **22**:13,16,19,22 **23**:3,8,15 **24**:3,16,21 **26**:4,12,14 27:6,11,14 28:14 29:4,17 30:2 40: 21 56:23 57:3,5,8,13,16,24 58:2,6,

much [3] 4:25 36:1 43:19

Ν

names [1] 29:15 narrowed [2] 39:20.21 nature [1] 29:12 near [1] 34:4 need [3] 18:24 23:12 44:8 negative [1] 13:21 neighborhood [1] 29:2 neither [1] 36:16 never [1] 25:23 New [2] 1:19 24:9 next [3] 8:13.14 22:5 nine [1] 7:11 nolle-prossed [3] 48:18,22 49:1

non-discriminatory [1] 23:2 non-white [1] 47:11 none [1] 29:4 nor [4] 11:1 15:12 17:4 25:24 normally [1] 9:24 noted [2] 54:2,8 noteworthy [1] 19:11 nothing [3] 6:20 7:13 27:18 notice [2] 10:12 16:3 number [10] 15:7 31:3 32:23 35: 17 **37**:14.16 **38**:4 **40**:6 **47**:8 **50**:10 numbers [6] 3:16.22 4:3 6:11 50:9. numerous [2] 35:8 54:9

0 oath [1] 34:15 objections [1] 47:15 objectively [1] 5:14 obviously [1] 18:23 occur [1] 50:5 occurred [1] 20:16 odd [1] 56:9 offered [3] 47:6 52:17 54:13 office [5] 11:6 30:11 31:25 48:19 okav [11] 8:15 23:12.16 35:16.25 36:4.12 37:8 39:9 41:14 46:23 once [1] 36:1 one [52] 4:9 5:9.9.16.19 6:12 9:11 **10**:4,13,16,17 **16**:17 **19**:1,7 **21**:4 **26**:7 **31**:4,20 **33**:6 **35**:1,1,5,6,7 **36**: 3,4,4,13,24 38:21 39:23 40:2 41:6, 17,17,25 **43**:4 **46**:16 **48**:17 **51**:18, 18,20,22 **52**:2 **54**:10 **56**:1 **57**:23, 24 58:1,8,9,10 ones [1] 53:23 only [18] 3:11 13:7,23 16:23 21:11 22:22 23:21 26:11 32:1.22 35:18. 20.21.22 39:6 53:10.13 57:16 opinion [3] 24:25 25:2.3 opportunity [2] 15:13 27:19 opposed [1] 27:3 opposite [2] 51:1,11 option [1] 32:3 oral [5] 1:15 2:2,5 3:7 30:16 order [3] 12:21,22 23:13 ordered [1] 48:6 other [15] 4:24 10:20 11:1,1 18:24 **19**:10 **23**:3.8 **25**:13 **28**:9 **31**:22 **38**: 17 40:2 42:20 48:18 others [1] 53:17 otherwise [2] 22:8 42:24 ought [1] 42:7 ourselves [1] 45:10 out [12] 3:20 13:4 19:4 30:22 31:13 32:5,6 35:19 38:21 39:6 42:19 46: out-of-court [1] 6:23 outset [1] 31:6

outside [2] 43:15 45:1

overdue [1] 37:5

13 16

over [6] 32:1 36:18 43:12 47:4 48:

overstatement [1] 35:3 overturned [2] 44:1.3 own [2] 31:20 45:7

Ρ

PAGE [2] 2:2 49:25 paid [2] 11:15 37:6 pals [1] 40:9 Pamela [3] 16:17 37:15 53:11 panel [3] 33:14 34:3 58:4 parcel [1] 54:3 part [7] 12:3 32:19 42:3 54:3,11,16 58:14 partial [1] 45:20 participation [1] 34:3 particular [4] 21:3 42:14 49:11 51: parties [3] 10:5 47:14 52:21 parts [2] 41:11,13 passion [2] 44:7,12 past [3] 18:25 25:12 43:6 pasted [1] 25:2 penalty [13] 19:12,13 27:4 36:8 40: 23 50:15,17,25 51:3,20 52:2,8,15 people [9] 28:3,3 29:23 31:20,22, 22 36:17.18 54:4 peremptories [7] 35:13.19.23 57: 7.11.17.22 peremptory [3] 3:18 4:6 47:9 perfect [2] 22:7 40:21 perhaps [1] 35:23 perjury [1] 48:17 permissible [3] 10:10 46:5,6 permission [1] 30:12 person [8] 7:9,10 10:14 20:14 33: 20 50:16,19,22 person's [2] 33:20 46:13 pertinent [4] 18:25 19:4 20:5.9 Petitioner [7] 1:5.20 2:4.10 3:8 43 15 **57:**2 physically [1] 39:2 place [4] 7:9.16 29:2.5 plausible [1] 3:11 play [2] 42:4 43:20 pleaded [1] 48:17 please [2] 3:10 30:19 plus [2] 39:19,19 point [5] 24:16 25:16 26:23,24 42: pointed [2] 30:22 42:19 position [1] 33:10 positive [1] 13:23 possible [3] 6:16 35:15.18

putting [1] 7:2 potential [13] 18:15 26:6,9 27:8 **32:**11 **33:**10 **36:**4,9 **37:**4,9,9,14,15

pretext [5] 13:14 14:22 15:1 34:10, previous [1] 5:7 prior [7] 4:13 23:11 25:3 41:20 43: 20 46:11 47:12 prison [2] 36:10 40:24 probably [1] 18:20 probative [2] 20:9,24 problem [3] 14:19,20 22:10 problems [1] 46:17 produce [4] 7:23,24,25 16:21 professional [1] 18:7 progeny [4] 31:9 42:13 49:20 56: prohibited [1] 45:9 proof [1] 23:10 proprietor [1] 9:12 prosecute [2] 44:18 48:6 prosecuted [1] 55:23 prosecution [5] 36:12 47:9 48:14, 23 54:9 prosecutions [1] 11:5 prosecutor [32] 5:11 6:17 7:6.8 8: 3.5 **10:**3.7.18 **11:**3.7 **15:**8 **19:**1.15 **22**:9 **23**:6 **27**:2,9 **28**:22 **40**:22 **41**:2 **42**:9 **45**:16 **49**:8 **50**:15,19,25 **51**:1 **52:**3 **56:**9.15 **58:**1 prosecutor's [3] 27:8 36:12 56:4 prosecutorial [2] 44:2,3 prospective [2] 4:24 15:9 prove [2] 6:4 23:22 provided [1] 51:16 proving [1] 23:10 purely [1] 18:6 purpose [1] 34:21 pursue [1] 22:3 pursued [1] 10:7 pursuing [1] 17:17 pursuit [2] 6:14 44:13 push [2] 28:11 35:1 put [3] 9:25 19:11 54:24

Q

quadruple [1] 10:15 qualification [1] 32:25 qualms [1] 50:24 question [23] 5:9 10:22,25 15:3,8 19:19,21 20:4,8 21:12 22:3 23:18 **30**:4.6.7 **31**:10.17 **39**:4 **43**:18 **50**: 15 **53:**15 **57:**19.20 questioned [2] 29:10 34:7 questioning [16] 3:23 6:9,10,12 **22**:16 **26**:16.25 **27**:23 **28**:9.16 **31**: 2 50:8 51:5,10,11 52:9 questionnaire [8] 5:21 19:12 33: 7,24 34:19 52:7,11,14 questionnaires [1] 35:2 questions [22] 3:25 4:2 18:12,13 26:8,11,17,21 28:22 29:13,25 30: 3 **31**:4 **50**:10,13,14,18 **51**:13 **52**: 12 53:6,8 57:4 quite [2] 20:18 36:23 quoted [1] 6:13

possibles [1] 35:12

possibly [1] 36:22

preceded [1] 6:1

preferably [1] 31:21

presumably [1] 43:3

presume [1] 41:24

presumed [1] 18:9

presided [1] 47:3

precedent [3] 41:19 42:6,11

R race [9] 4:5 41:1 45:18.21 46:1.8. 13 57:14 58:13 race-neutral [2] 52:18 53:3 racial [3] 6:4,7,7 ran [2] 35:19 49:19 rather [2] 10:14 33:20 rational [1] 11:3 reach [1] 44:4 read [5] 23:24 27:25 38:21 41:13 **51**:25 reading [1] 24:1 reads [1] 34:18 ready [1] 8:10 really [10] 16:6 29:11 30:6.9 38:22 40:5 45:22 49:6 51:2 54:24 reason [18] 7:7,14,17 11:19,19,20 13:14,24 14:11,16,20,21,21 21:13 35:7 39:10,13 42:21 reasons [12] 5:5 7:3 23:2 24:24 25:5,7,18 27:2 31:4 52:18 53:4 54: reassured [1] 18:10 REBUTTAL [4] 2:8 30:13 57:1.4 recent [1] 20:12 recognize [2] 41:18.19 recognized [1] 18:18 recollection [1] 53:11 record [26] 4:9 6:9 8:25 9:6 12:7,8, 14,17,19 21:14 33:2 34:18 38:20, 24 39:5,11 41:11 47:17 49:17 51: 7,25 52:16,22 55:13,15,24 records [1] 7:24 referred [1] 27:24 reflects [1] 12:20 regard [2] 42:17 52:14

regarding [3] 3:23 52:15 53:23

relationship [19] 14:24 16:25 17:3

5,19,25 **18**:1,2,7,8 **38**:9,10,11,14,

relationships [8] 15:10 28:18,21,

relatives [3] 10:16 11:6 29:24

relevant [15] 4:15 21:8 23:20 24:5,

7,8,10,12 27:1 32:16,17,23 41:11,

regards [1] 43:15

reiterate [1] 45:6

relation [1] 38:22

18 53:7,17,19,21

23.25 29:1.5.12

relative [2] 33:4 40:24

relevance [2] 26:15 43:6

relatively [1] 20:14

remaining [1] 56:23

remember [1] 29:16

report [2] 28:18.21

request [2] 9:5 32:1

remains [2] 9:11 26:23

repeated [2] 11:23 13:13

repeatedly [2] 14:2 20:25

relations [1] 7:9

Regrettably [1] 56:7

rehabilitate [1] 50:18

related [2] 33:4 52:25

0

ROBERTS [14] 3:3 18:11 19:9.18

20:1.20 21:1.25 30:14 41:15 42:5

rule [12] 18:23 21:2,3,5,6,9,16,17

requested [1] 32:3

required [1] 50:20

research [1] 56:3

reserve [1] 30:13

respects [1] 40:20

responded [1] 29:8

responding [1] 43:9

restriction [1] 41:20

return [2] 31:9 49:22

resubmit [1] 56:16

result [1] 51:15

review [1] 18:21

rich [1] 8:5

reviewed [1] 55:16

47:24 56:21 58:18

24:9 41:18 43:1.6

ruling [1] 47:13

rulings [1] 47:12

rest [2] 15:3 30:13

responses [2] 6:13 51:15

resolve [1] 43:4

reservations [2] 50:17 51:19

respectfully [2] 46:10 51:24

respect [11] 10:7,19 11:21,23 14:

Respondent [4] 1:8,22 2:7 30:17

24 **15**:5 **16**:13.13 **25**:12 **26**:19 **41**:

same [26] 4:7,8 8:10 11:20 13:24 **15**:16,18,20 **18**:13 **20**:15 **29**:1,2,5 36:18,18,19,19 42:15 46:1,8 47:3, 5 **48**:2 **49**:7 **50**:4 **56**:15 saw [1] 38:12 saying [6] 15:1 28:10 32:8,8 49:22 **51**:18 savs [7] 7:3.22 12:8 42:12 51:19. 20.21 school [5] 37:8 38:5 40:7.9.9 searched [1] 43:13 seat [1] 3:14 seated [2] 4:1 58:9 second [1] 12:6 security [1] 40:24 see [3] 13:25 28:1 41:25 seeing [1] 38:22 seem [3] 10:14 34:2 56:9 seen [1] 53:14 segregated [1] 28:4 selection [2] 3:13 34:5 send [1] 31:20 sense [1] 44:14 sensitive [3] 6:3 21:17 26:3 sentence [1] 45:22 separately [1] 27:10 serious [1] 14:13 serving [1] 36:10 set [2] 5:5 17:22 setting [2] 6:5 17:22 share [1] 46:1 shared [1] 45:21

she'd [2] 5:21 53:14 shed [1] 42:24 SHERI [5] 1:19 2:3.9 3:7 57:1 Sherita [1] 13:11 shows [3] 9:1,4 52:16 sides [2] 41:13 54:8 significant [1] 40:5 similar [1] 20:14 similarities [1] 37:18 single [1] 35:7 sister [7] 7:5,6 13:9,10 36:25 38:6 39:12 sisters [1] 17:13 sit [1] 55:9 situation [1] 42:16 six [4] 3:20 42:15 44:14 56:14 sixth [6] 3:19 30:24 48:3,3 49:7 56: skeptical [1] 25:17 slow [1] 12:6 small [4] 28:2 30:25.25 46:16 smallest [1] 15:23 sole [2] 34:20 48:7 somebody [1] 39:14 someone [13] 7:20,22 14:13 16:21 **17**:19,21,22 **20**:21,22.24 **33**:18 **45**: 25 46:8 someone's [1] 45:25 someplace [1] 29:16 sometimes [1] 40:8 somewhat [1] 7:20 son-in-law [2] 9:22 13:21 sorry [6] 14:16 20:7 41:10 45:15 47:20 53:22 sort [4] 18:13 28:10 41:16 51:10 SOTOMAYOR [35] 8:4.9.14 11:10 **12**:5.13.16 **16**:16 **17**:10 **29**:20 **34**: 8.17.22.24 **35**:9 **43**:24 **44**:6.16.24 **45**:3,7 **47**:20,25 **48**:1,5,9,12,21 **55**: 22 56:1,12 57:21,25 58:3,7 spanned [1] 46:15 Special [1] 1:21 Specifically [1] 49:24 specter [2] 43:19,25 Stage [1] 21:7 staggering [1] 50:9 stand [3] 4:3 33:8.24 standing [1] 21:13 stark [1] 3:24 state [6] 8:25 12:8,9 45:16 50:1 56: stated [2] 25:5.18 statement [3] 5:20 8:21 11:24 statements [8] 8:21 13:8,9 25:11, 20,21,22 52:15 **STATES** [2] 1:1,16 **Statutorily** [1] **31**:24 step [1] 44:18 stereotype [1] 46:7 still [8] 5:2 16:4,5,8,15 17:1 22:10 26:23 stop [1] 54:24

story [1] 13:13 strange [3] 29:21,22 33:10 stricken [1] 32:12 strictly [1] 45:9 strike [10] 8:17 10:9,10,11 15:12 27:3 37:13 42:25 52:18.19 strikes [13] 4:23 22:7 23:1 32:23 33:1.1 35:6.13.15 47:9 49:11 54: 15 **55**:14 striking [7] 3:16 12:2 14:11,16,17 39:14 51:7 strongest [3] 8:7.16 26:6 strongly [4] 19:13 36:7 40:23 52:8 struck [14] 3:24 18:16 27:24 33:3, 23 35:22 37:20 39:6 52:23,24 57: 15 **58**:5.8.10 stuff [1] 22:19 submitted [2] 58:19,21 subsequent [1] 10:16 substantial [1] 58:14 substituted [1] 56:5 succeed [1] 5:25 sued [12] 9:17 18 19 23 10:4 14:25 30:7 37:5.20 39:24 41:5 52:24 sufficient [1] 25:7 suggest [4] 6:6 16:24 27:1 34:16 suggesting [2] 4:19 31:12 suggestion [1] 49:15 suggests [1] 42:7 suit [5] 10:16 11:11,14,15 12:20 suits [1] 10:25 summarized [1] 4:14 support [1] 54:14 supported [1] 33:2 supports [3] 49:18 52:22 55:18 suppose [3] 21:10 22:6.25 SUPREME [18] 1:1.15 9:6 12:24 21:11 24:11 26:18 28:14 31:7 37: 3 38:15 45:12 49:19 54:1.7 55:18 **56:17 58:15** suspect [1] 7:7 suspicious [3] 7:3,20 11:20 Swain [6] 23:19,21 24:1,1,4 54:24 system [2] 54:19 55:8 taint [1] 22:7

taints [1] 31:14 Tardy [7] 13:16,17,19 30:8 37:20 **39**:24 **52**:24 Tardvs [2] 11:17 14:25 targeted [1] 50:13 teller [8] 17:8.19 37:1 38:7.12.23 39:13 53:13 ten [1] 7:11 terms [3] 20:17,18 41:17 testify [1] 7:11 theme [1] 40:1 themselves [1] 50:9 there's [12] 5:12,16 7:13 9:3 12:20 16:6 22:22 24:24 27:16 42:10 46: 7 47:15 thereafter [1] 20:23 therein [1] 52:15

23 15:19.21

store [9] 9:13,14,16,17,18,20 10:

13 42:23

thinking [1] 46:4 THOMAS [3] 57:5,10,14 though [1] 51:6 three [10] 6:24 8:21 11:1 15:4 25: 13 **26**:11 **27**:11 **30**:3 **35**:17 **46**:20 today [1] 55:10 together [1] 7:22 tone [1] 6:11 took [2] 6:19 24:19 tools [2] 54:25 55:4 totality [1] 26:2 toward [2] 5:18 11:16 towards [1] 55:17 town [7] 28:2,4,12 30:25,25 31:3 54.5 transcript [1] 49:25 transpired [2] 55:11,17 trial [30] 3:19 4:13,22 9:5 12:1,23 **16**:1 **22**:6 **23**:13 **25**:11 **30**:24 **33**: 21 35:12,14,17,21,24 43:8,23 47:2 3,4,6 **48**:2,3,7 **49**:22 **52**:20 **56**:6 **57:**8 trials [5] 3:17 4:7 42:15 44:14 56: 14 tried [5] 45:10 48:2.3 49:7 56:14 troubled [1] 6:16 troubling [4] 4:13 5:25 30:20 31: true [4] 7:7 10:17 15:14 16:20 truly [1] 11:4 truth [1] 5:6 truthful [1] 34:14 try [7] 31:20 44:20,24 45:1,4 56:3, 10 trying [1] 51:6 turn [1] 21:20

U

two [18] **13**:7,8,11 **17**:13 **30**:5 **35**: 14 **40**:11 **41**:11,13 **43**:19,25 **44**:1,

19 **46**:22,23,25 **48**:15 **51**:18

turned [1] 13:4

twice [1] 4:4

type [1] 50:4

typical [1] 18:14

ultimately [2] 4:16 6:16 uncle [1] 40:23 unconstitutional [1] 3:14 under [2] 16:21 34:14 undermine [2] 25:5.14 undermines [1] 25:6 understand [5] 20:8 22:4 44:17. 19 46:19 understanding [1] 44:22 understatement [1] 35:3 unique [3] 33:1 42:16 54:4 UNITED [2] 1:1,16 unknown [1] 39:15 unless [2] 18:2 57:3 unlike [1] 28:1 unlikely [1] 10:14 untangle [1] 49:10 until [1] 55:2 unusual [7] 18:18 29:21.22 30:23 49:5 56:13,13 unwilling [1] 5:6 up [7] 11:18 33:6 35:2 41:12,21 47: 6 52:13 uses [3] 35:12,15,18

V

vacillation [1] 52:6

valid [2] 52:17 53:3

venue [1] 44:20 versa [1] 28:7 versus [3] 3:5 50:11 58:12 VI [1] 3:13 vice [1] 28:7 victim [3] 9:19 13:22 40:25 victim's [3] 37:8 38:5 40:6 victims [5] 9:12 10:13.20 11:1 41: view [1] 5:13 viewed [1] 3:12 violate [1] 25:10 violates [2] 20:21,23 violation [6] 19:2 20:5 22:11 23: 14,22 43:16 violations [4] 32:22 43:20.25 46: violative [1] 56:18 violent [1] 40:25 voir [3] 29:7 33:14 51:16

W

wages [5] 8:22 9:2,3,7 11:24

volunteered [1] 7:15

Wait [3] 8:4 38:3.3

waited [1] 17:9

waive [1] 57:4

walks [1] 41:3

Waller [2] 15:9 29:18 Walmart [4] 15:23 36:23 37:24 39: wanted [1] 16:14 wary [1] 10:3 Washington [1] 1:11 way [7] 4:19,20 19:16 21:10 23:21 **46**:11 **50**:12 weakly [1] 20:9 Wednesday [1] 1:12 week [1] 38:23 whatever [2] 13:20 38:23 Whereupon [1] 58:20 whether [15] 10:22 11:12 14:12,20, 21 17:1 18:8,8 20:13,14 28:11 31: 2 34:9 40:4 57:6 white [25] 4:1 6:21 10:8 15:9,11 21: 15 **28**:20 **29**:3,8,23 **30**:1 **33**:11 **34**: 14 **36**:4,24 **37**:7,10,15 **50**:16 **51**:9, 18.20 **53**:6 **57**:17 **58**:10 whites 3 28:6 50:11 51:12 who's [2] 14:12.13 whole [2] 19:14 37:10 whom [2] 28:21 29:7 will [12] 11:16 18:23 25:8 30:12 38: 21,25,25 39:1,5,16 41:12 57:4 willing [2] 34:10,13

willingness [2] 25:9,11 winning [1] 5:1 without [1] 22:7 witness [3] 8:10,13 15:11 witnesses [11] 15:7,12 28:19 29:9, 10 53:7,9,19,24 54:8,9 women [1] 36:5 word [1] 43:11 words [2] 28:9 38:17 work [13] 7:4.4.5.11 16:4.8 17:22 36:22.25 38:7.10 39:3.12 worked [16] 7:16.21 13:16.17 15: 15,16,18,20 **16**:5,15 **17**:1,7 **33**:4 37:23 39:7 53:1 working [4] 16:20 29:1,5 39:14 workplace [1] 41:6 works [1] 41:4 world's [1] 15:22 worried [4] 11:8,9 18:9 19:21 worry [1] 17:4 Wright [13] 8:19,20,20 11:11 13:8 **15**:3,5 **19**:7 **26**:7 **37**:13,19,22 **40**: Wright's [2] 26:10 38:9 write [1] 43:6

Y

years [7] 19:3 20:4,5,16 43:13 46: 16 55:1
Yep [1] 37:25
York [1] 1:19