SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE	UNITED STATES
	-
HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC.,)
Petitioner,)
v.) No. 17-1471
GEORGE W. JACKSON,)
Respondent.)
	_

Pages: 1 through 68

Place: Washington, D.C.

Date: January 15, 2019

HERITAGE REPORTING CORPORATION

Official Reporters
1220 L Street, N.W., Suite 206
Washington, D.C. 20005
(202) 628-4888
www.hrccourtreporters.com

1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
2	
3	HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC.,
4	Petitioner,)
5	v.) No. 17-1471
6	GEORGE W. JACKSON,)
7	Respondent.)
8	
9	
10	Washington, D.C.
11	Tuesday, January 15, 2019
12	
13	The above-entitled matter came on for
14	oral argument before the Supreme Court of the United
15	States at 10:15 a.m.
16	
17	APPEARANCES:
18	WILLIAM P. BARNETTE, ESQ., Atlanta, Georgia;
19	on behalf of the Petitioner.
20	F. PAUL BLAND, ESQ., Washington, D.C.;
21	on behalf of the Respondent.
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	CONTENTS	
2	ORAL ARGUMENT OF:	PAGE:
3	WILLIAM P. BARNETTE, ESQ.	
4	On behalf of the Petitioner	3
5	ORAL ARGUMENT OF:	
6	F. PAUL BLAND, ESQ.	
7	On behalf of the Respondent	33
8	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF:	
9	WILLIAM P. BARNETTE, ESQ.	
10	On behalf of the Petitioners	67
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(10:15 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear
4	argument first this morning in Case 17-1471,
5	Home Depot versus Jackson.
6	Mr. Barnette.
7	ORAL ARGUMENT OF WILLIAM P. BARNETTE
8	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
9	MR. BARNETTE: Mr. Chief Justice, and
LO	may it please the Court:
L1	Home Depot is a defendant under any
L2	reasonable construction of that term and, in
L3	fact, that's our only role in this case. We're
L4	just a defendant.
L5	Home Depot is not a counterclaim
L6	defendant. We didn't sue anyone in this case.
L7	Home Depot is not a third-party defendant.
L8	We're not being sued for indemnity or
L9	contribution.
20	Home Depot is simply a defendant, the
21	original defendant, to a consumer fraud class
22	action filed in state court by Mr. Jackson. As
23	such, we're within the plain terms of
24	Section 1441(a), are entitled to remove this
25	class action under the Class Action Fairness

- 1 Act to federal court, and the Fourth Circuit
- 2 erred in holding otherwise.
- 3 Because Home Depot is simply a
- 4 defendant, this Court's holding in Shamrock Oil
- 5 does not govern. As the Court is aware,
- 6 Shamrock Oil is an original plaintiff case, not
- 7 an original defendant case. The lower courts
- 8 have erred in extending the holding of Shamrock
- 9 Oil to say that, basically, you have to be an
- original defendant to be able to remove.
- 11 The plain text of Section 1441(a) --
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm not quite
- 13 sure, putting this outside the class action
- setting, generally, all defendants have to
- 15 agree to removal and with some other
- 16 limitations.
- 17 If you're now an additional defendant
- 18 to the action, why do you -- why don't you need
- Jackson's approval to remove? And he's not
- approving because he's opposing you.
- MR. BARNETTE: I don't expect he
- 22 would, Your Honor. That's correct. Under
- 23 1441(a) and traditional diversity jurisdiction,
- 24 1332(a), you're correct that all defendants
- 25 have to remove as a part of the procedure under

- 1 1446.
- 2 Here, though, in Shamrock Oil, the
- 3 Court went through the history of removal and
- 4 diversity, understood that it was very
- 5 important to the framers that diversity
- 6 jurisdiction was in the original constitution,
- 7 Article III, Section 2. Removal was in the
- 8 original Judiciary Act of 1789, so it was
- 9 important to the framers that each side have
- 10 one shot at a -- at a federal forum.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But that's not
- 12 true.
- MR. BARNETTE: Presume --
- 14 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All defendants
- don't have a shot at removal. Only if
- 16 everybody agrees, in an original action, all
- defendants have to agree to removal, correct?
- 18 MR. BARNETTE: That is correct, Your
- 19 Honor.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So not every
- 21 defendant individually has a right to removal.
- 22 MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, in Shamrock
- Oil, the Court looked at that history, looked
- 24 at -- basically, Congress had said plaintiffs
- 25 can't remove. We know that. Originally, the

- 1 right to removal was given to defendants only.
- 2 For about 20 years after the Civil War, it was
- 3 given to both plaintiffs and defendants. And
- 4 then, in 1887, again, it was given back to only
- 5 defendants. So this Court in Shamrock Oil --
- 6 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: My point still
- 7 remains that the statute by its own form
- 8 doesn't guarantee the power to every defendant
- 9 to remove.
- 10 MR. BARNETTE: So, in Shamrock Oil,
- 11 the Court, Your Honor, held because of this
- 12 binary selection that Congress has made, you're
- 13 either a plaintiff or a defendant.
- 14 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, how about in
- 15 a -- how about --
- MR. BARNETTE: If you're the
- 17 plaintiff, then you're not the defendant.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: If your theory is
- 19 this right of removal, how about an involuntary
- 20 plaintiff? Under Federal Rule 19(a)(2), some
- 21 people can be made involuntary plaintiffs. Do
- they have a right to remove?
- MR. BARNETTE: No, Your Honor. The
- 24 right to removal --
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Would there be --

1	MR. BARNETTE: is given to the
2	defendant or the defendants
3	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: They never had a
4	chance
5	MR. BARNETTE: under 1441(a).
б	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: They never had a
7	chance to pick a forum. That's the main
8	support for your theory.
9	MR. BARNETTE: So the Shamrock
10	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Which is that
11	everybody should have one opportunity to choose
12	their forum, correct?
13	MR. BARNETTE: A defendant the
14	defendant or the defendants is entitled to
15	remove under 1441(a). In Shamrock Oil, this
16	Court held, because the original plaintiff is
17	not solely the defendant, they don't have that
18	right. Therefore, also, you wouldn't need
19	their right to consent to removal by other
20	defendants.
21	In the same scenario, the original
22	defendant that files an additional claim
23	bringing in a new party defendant, they're a
24	plaintiff at that point.
25	JUSTICE GORSUCH: So

1 MR. BARNETTE: This Court in Merchant 2 Heat & Light said you step into the role of the 3 plaintiff. 4 JUSTICE GORSUCH: So, counsel, if I 5 understand your answer to Justice Sotomayor, it's that counterclaim defendants count as 6 7 defendants for purposes of 1441, but plaintiffs don't, even though they -- counterclaim 8 9 defendant -- plaintiffs don't, even though they're the original defendant. 10 11 MR. BARNETTE: It -- it --12 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Now how can it be 13 that the word "defendant" expands and contracts like that? I -- I could understand an argument 14 15 that everybody who's a defendant in any claim 16 in the case might count as a defendant for 17 purposes of 1441, but what I can't abide or 18 understand at least is how the word "defendant" 19 could -- could be so Procrustean as to just 20 happen to fit you. 21 MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, just to briefly adjust what you said in your question, 2.2 23 if I may, we're not saying counterclaim defendants. We're saying the parties that are 24 25 solely defendants. A counterclaim defendant

- that's an original plaintiff, we're -- we don't
- 2 say has the right to remove under Shamrock Oil.
- 3 We take the Court's holding there as a given.
- 4 But we're not within that holding.
- 5 We're saying, if you're solely a defendant,
- 6 that's your only role. On the binary choice
- 7 Congress has established, you're either a
- 8 plaintiff or a defendant.
- 9 JUSTICE GORSUCH: But -- but -- but
- 10 that doesn't --
- MR. BARNETTE: If you're not a
- 12 plaintiff of any sort, you have to be a
- 13 defendant.
- 14 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Counsel, that still
- just -- I got it, but that doesn't answer the
- 16 question, though, all right? You're saying
- 17 that the plaintiff here is no longer -- doesn't
- 18 qualify as a defendant --
- 19 MR. BARNETTE: Correct.
- 20 JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- even though the
- 21 plaintiff in this claim was the original
- 22 defendant. How could that be? How come
- they're not a defendant too for purposes of
- 24 1441?
- 25 MR. BARNETTE: Again, because, as this

- 1 Court said in Merchant Heats & -- Merchants
- 2 Heat & Light, excuse me, once you file that
- 3 additional claim, third-party claim, you then
- 4 -- that original defendant steps into the role
- 5 of plaintiff.
- 6 And just like any other plaintiff,
- 7 like the original plaintiff, like this
- 8 defendant-plaintiff, those parties just go
- 9 along with the removal. Plaintiffs don't
- 10 consent to the removal, as the justice pointed
- 11 out.
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Does your theory
- 13 fall apart if we don't accept your
- 14 claim-by-claim analysis? You approach this
- 15 claim by claim. I'm not quite sure how we can
- 16 -- you can do that since the statute speaks
- 17 about a civil action and it talks about removal
- 18 of an action, not a removal of a claim.
- But, assuming we don't accept your
- 20 theory that removal's claim by claim, where
- 21 does that leave you?
- MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, you're
- 23 correct, 1441 and 1453 talk about -- I'm sorry,
- 24 1332 talk about removing the civil action --
- 25 and 1446 -- but the point here is this Court

- 1 held very clearly in Exxon -- Exxon versus
- 2 Allapattah you have to look at the claims
- 3 within the civil action to determine
- 4 jurisdiction.
- 5 Rule 8 is a short and plain --
- 6 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That's different
- 7 than --
- 8 MR. BARNETTE: -- statement of a claim
- 9 entitling you to relief. It's not the civil
- 10 action that entitles a party to relief. It's
- 11 the claim. You have to look at the claim to
- determine the amount in controversy. So once
- 13 -- and once one -- one --
- 14 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: The removal -- the
- 15 removal statutes say you look at the cost --
- 16 you look at the action, not the claim.
- 17 MR. BARNETTE: Well, 1446(b) says that
- once there's a claim that establishes
- jurisdiction, that's when you have 30 days to
- 20 remove. That -- the claim is key here. The
- 21 civil action is just --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But it's so --
- 23 MR. BARNETTE: -- the overarching
- 24 matter or lawsuit.
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: You don't have a

- 1 right under your theory to -- well, you have a
- 2 right that you don't have normally. If you
- 3 have a claim as a counterclaim defendant to --
- 4 that's not based on original jurisdiction,
- 5 you're still claiming you have a right to
- 6 remove? You were never entitled to a federal
- 7 forum to start with.
- MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, this case
- 9 is a qualifying class action under CAFA that,
- 10 by definition, is within the original
- 11 jurisdiction of the district courts. We --
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No. Now you're
- looking at the overall claim. You're not
- 14 saying to us look at the claim that makes you a
- 15 defendant.
- 16 MR. BARNETTE: The claim we removed is
- 17 the class action. We weren't in the case
- 18 before the class action.
- 19 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, that is
- 20 true, but --
- MR. BARNETTE: So we're not a
- 22 counterclaim defendant, if I could point that
- 23 out.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But, under your
- 25 theory, if there's a counterclaim defendant and

- 1 it's not filing an original action, you could
- 2 still remove?
- 3 MR. BARNETTE: I'm sorry, could you
- 4 repeat that, Your Honor?
- 5 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Is it -- if you're
- 6 looking at the claim, if you're a counterclaim
- 7 defendant, are you looking at the original
- 8 action or are you looking at your action or
- 9 your --
- 10 MR. BARNETTE: We're looking at the
- 11 claim that's being removed. But, just to be
- 12 clear, we are not a counterclaim defendant.
- 13 Rule 13 is specific on what counterclaims are.
- 14 That's a -- a claim a party has against an
- 15 opposing party.
- We were not in that original case.
- 17 That's absolutely correct. But 1441 does not
- 18 say only the original defendant can remove. It
- does not say only claims brought by the
- original plaintiff can be removed. It doesn't
- 21 say only claims by the original plaintiff
- 22 against the original defendant can be removed.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: But, Mr. Barnette, as
- 24 -- as Justice Sotomayor was saying, 1441(a),
- which is the principal removal statute, says

- 1 that a civil action, not claims, but a civil
- 2 action can be removed where the district courts
- 3 have original jurisdiction.
- 4 And what I've always taken that to
- 5 mean is that to look for original jurisdiction,
- 6 you look to the plaintiff's complaint, the
- 7 original plaintiff. It gives you original
- 8 jurisdiction. So, there, the plaintiff's
- 9 complaint doesn't have any claims that belong
- 10 in federal court. So where do you get the
- authority to remove under 1441(a)?
- MR. BARNETTE: Again, Your Honor, this
- 13 class action qualifies under CAFA, which
- 14 establishes that it's within the original
- jurisdiction of the district courts. I could
- 16 --
- 17 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, your claim might
- 18 be under the original jurisdiction of the
- 19 district courts if it had -- or not your claim
- 20 but the claim to which you are defendant, if
- 21 that had started the lawsuit.
- 22 But that didn't start the lawsuit.
- 23 The lawsuit, the civil action, was started by a
- 24 claim that's completely non-federal in nature.
- 25 And you look to the original claim to decide

- 1 whether the courts have original jurisdiction,
- 2 don't you?
- MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, this is a
- 4 somewhat unusual situation, although it's
- 5 becoming increasingly less unusual because
- 6 these class actions keep getting filed.
- But, to your point, Mr. Jackson
- 8 essentially filed a new civil action in the
- 9 existing case.
- 10 Rule 3 says a civil action commences
- 11 with the filing of a complaint in court.
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, it might be
- unusual, and it might be that the rules weren't
- 14 contemplating this situation, although I don't
- 15 really think that that's true, because the
- 16 rules contemplate very liberal joinder and of
- 17 all parties.
- But, regardless, the rule is the rule.
- 19 And the rule says, when you try to figure out
- 20 removal, you look to whether the court, the
- 21 federal court, would have original jurisdiction
- 22 of the case.
- 23 And to do that, I mean, I have to say
- 24 there's only one -- one place to look to decide
- whether original jurisdiction exists, and

- 1 that's to the plaintiff's original complaint.
- 2 MR. BARNETTE: Respectfully, Your
- 3 Honor, I don't believe that's what the statute
- 4 says. That's not what 1441(a) says and that's
- 5 not what 1332(d)(2) says as far as CAFA
- 6 removals.
- 7 Again, a defendant or defendant can
- 8 remove a civil action that's within the
- 9 original jurisdiction of the district courts.
- 10 We are squarely within that language. We are a
- 11 defendant. All we are in this case is a
- 12 defendant. We're a class action defendant.
- 13 CAFA gives the original jurisdiction.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: I mean, the question
- is you would -- you would be right if this
- 16 claim started -- excuse me, if this action
- 17 started with the claim against you. But it
- 18 didn't start with the claim against you.
- And you're suggesting that we
- 20 essentially ignore all this language about
- 21 original jurisdiction in order to, you know,
- get to this second claim. But the second claim
- isn't what counts under 1441. What counts
- 24 under 1441 is the first claim.
- 25 MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, I would

- 1 agree with that analysis if 1441(a) said only
- 2 claims brought by the original plaintiff or
- only the original defendant can remove, but it
- 4 doesn't say that.
- 5 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, it said --
- 6 MR. BARNETTE: All it says is original
- 7 jurisdiction. This class action is within the
- 8 original jurisdiction.
- 9 JUSTICE KAGAN: I mean, to -- to --
- 10 I'm repeating myself, but to decide whether --
- 11 MR. BARNETTE: Sorry, I feel like I am
- 12 as well.
- 13 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- original
- jurisdiction exists, you look to the original
- 15 claim. That's what original jurisdiction is.
- MR. BARNETTE: Well, Your Honor,
- 17 again, we don't think that's -- we think that's
- 18 an atextual reading of the statute.
- 19 I would also point out that the other
- 20 side has said the sort of unanimous view of the
- 21 lower courts that you can only have the
- 22 original defendant remove and you can't look
- 23 beyond that.
- 24 Actually, the Fifth and Eleventh
- 25 Circuits have allowed additional party

- 1 defendants, new defendants added to cases to
- 2 remove. So the analysis you're talking about
- 3 has not been uniformly applied throughout the
- 4 federal courts.
- 5 We think it only makes sense. I mean,
- 6 again, you're -- we're not in the case prior.
- 7 The only -- the first time we're brought in the
- 8 case is with a summons, and under Rule 4, the
- 9 summons goes to the defendant. That's the
- 10 plain language. We got a summons and complaint
- in this case. We had to to be brought into the
- 12 case. We're not in the case otherwise.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Are you -- are you --
- MR. BARNETTE: They can't -- sorry.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Listen, I -- there is
- 16 -- what I'm about to say has some flaw, and I'm
- 17 trying to figure out what it is because they
- don't really make this argument, and,
- 19 therefore -- but -- but I -- it stopped me and
- 20 I wanted to see what the answer was.
- 21 All right. A class action may be
- 22 removed, right?
- MR. BARNETTE: Correct.
- 24 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So we go look
- 25 to see what is a class action, and then we have

- 1 a definition in 1332 for these purposes. It
- 2 says the term "class action" means any civil
- 3 action -- okay, this is a civil action -- filed
- 4 under Rule 23.
- 5 Well, a civil action filed under Rule
- 6 23, I mean, the plaintiff filed a civil action
- 7 under Rule 23.
- 8 MR. BARNETTE: Or a state court
- 9 equivalent, Your Honor.
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: But that wasn't a
- 11 class action. And you didn't file a civil
- 12 action under Rule 23. What you were, were the
- defendant, and you brought a counterclaim
- against a third-party, or you're the
- 15 third-party, or whatever.
- 16 MR. BARNETTE: Yeah, we didn't bring a
- 17 counterclaim at all.
- JUSTICE BREYER: No, no, no, no, it's
- 19 somebody, the -- I'm sorry, the other -- the
- other -- the plaintiff did. No, it's not the
- 21 plaintiff. The plaintiff -- see, that's the
- 22 hard part. It's like an Abbott and Costello
- 23 movie, you know, I mean.
- 24 (Laughter.)
- 25 JUSTICE BREYER: But -- but, look, A

- 1 sued B, and A is the plaintiff and B is the
- defendant, and then B sued you.
- 3 MR. BARNETTE: Correct.
- JUSTICE BREYER: So you're C, okay,
- 5 over here. So being C over here, B, who is the
- one who sued you, is he -- did he file a civil
- 7 action under Rule 23?
- MR. BARNETTE: Yes, we don't --
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: I don't think he did,
- 10 did he? Where does it say he did?
- 11 MR. BARNETTE: I think we clearly --
- JUSTICE BREYER: What he did was he
- 13 filed a --
- MR. BARNETTE: I think we clearly did
- 15 under CAFA.
- JUSTICE BREYER: He says he brings --
- that's what he says, but he's bringing within
- 18 the rules -- he's bringing within the rules,
- 19 what is it called, a third-party claim?
- MR. BARNETTE: Again, Your Honor,
- 21 there's a lot of shorthand that's involved in
- 22 this and, unfortunately, it's just generally
- inaccurate. We're not a counterclaim
- 24 defendant. We're not a third-party defendant,
- 25 those specific terms. We're just a defendant.

- JUSTICE BREYER: Forget what you're
- 2 not. What I want you to know -- I realize
- 3 that. But it's only if it's a class action, a
- 4 civil action filed under Rule 23.
- 5 Now --
- 6 MR. BARNETTE: Or a --
- 7 JUSTICE BREYER: -- did the person who
- 8 filed the class action whose name happens to be
- 9 в --
- 10 (Laughter.)
- 11 JUSTICE BREYER: -- did that person
- 12 file a civil action under Rule 23?
- MR. BARNETTE: Yes, Your Honor.
- 14 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes? How do we know
- 15 that?
- 16 MR. BARNETTE: I would -- I would turn
- 17 the Court's attention to Dart Cherokee, where
- 18 you ran through the CAFA analysis on the slip
- 19 opinion at page 2 and said 1453 directs you to
- 20 1332(d), as you noted.
- We look at (d)(1) for the definitions
- 22 of class actions.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.
- 24 MR. BARNETTE: That's a filing under
- 25 Federal Rule 23 or a state equivalent.

2.2

1 JUSTICE BREYER: It is? Where does it 2 say that? 3 MR. BARNETTE: In 1332(d)(1). 4 JUSTICE BREYER: No, no, no, I know. 5 Where does it say the rule that when a 6 defendant files a class action, namely B --7 MR. BARNETTE: What they're --JUSTICE BREYER: -- against C, that 8 that is an action filed, a civil action, 9 because civil actions are usually filed by 10 plaintiffs, where does it say that that action 11 12 filed by B is a civil action filed under Rule 13 23? That's a simple question. MR. BARNETTE: A couple things. 14 15 1332(d) just refers to a filing by a 16 representative party. That's the language the 17 statute uses. Mr. Jackson certainly is a 18 representative party. He's a class 19 representative. He refers to himself as a 20 plaintiff in the filing. 21 JUSTICE BREYER: Why are you still not 2.2 giving direct answers? 23 MR. BARNETTE: In the civil action, he

JUSTICE BREYER: Because what he says

was defined as B2.

24

- 1 is -- it says a civil action --
- 2 JUSTICE ALITO: The argument is that
- 3 what Mr. Jackson filed against you was not a
- 4 civil action filed under Rule 23.
- 5 JUSTICE BREYER: That's right.
- 6 Exactly. Thank you.
- 7 JUSTICE ALITO: And if that is the
- 8 case, then I don't know what rules would govern
- 9 this claim that Jackson filed against you.
- 10 Is this some kind of class action that
- is -- is this some sort of suit that is sort of
- 12 like a class action, but it's not under Rule
- 23, so none of the requirements of Rule 23
- would apply?
- I mean, the argument is -- it's a
- 16 clever argument, comes out of I don't know
- where -- the argument is, no, it's not, he
- 18 didn't file a class action against you under
- 19 Rule 23, but, when the court adjudicates this
- 20 action, it should apply the rules that -- it
- 21 should apply the Rule 23 rules.
- MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, again, I
- would just point the Court to Rule 3 of the
- 24 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, which says a
- 25 civil action is commenced by filing a complaint

- 1 in a court.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Exactly.
- 3 MR. BARNETTE: He filed a class action
- 4 complaint in court against Home Depot.
- 5 JUSTICE BREYER: No, no, that's the
- 6 problem.
- 7 MR. BARNETTE: That commences the
- 8 civil action request.
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: That's the problem.
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Barnette, under
- 11 your theory, every time one party joins another
- 12 party, we would have a new civil action.
- MR. BARNETTE: No, the --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: But we don't. We only
- 15 have one civil action, and the civil action
- 16 includes a multitude of claims, or can, between
- and among a wide range of parties.
- But it's only one civil action.
- MR. BARNETTE: Your Honor, that's not
- 20 our position. A counterclaim against an
- 21 original plaintiff would not constitute a new
- 22 -- new civil action. But when you're bringing
- in a new defendant by summons --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: So you're -- you're --
- 25 you're -- you're -- you're excluding one kind

- of claim, which is the claim against an
- 2 original plaintiff, but there -- there can be
- 3 many, many parties under the -- the federal
- 4 rules and there can be counterclaims and there
- 5 can be cross-claims and there can be impleaders
- 6 and there can be all kinds of arrows going in
- 7 every which direction.
- And you're suggesting that every one
- 9 of those is a new civil action under Rule
- 10 1441(a), which is the one that I'm focusing on,
- and I'm suggesting that that's wrong. There's
- only one civil action, and it's the action
- that's brought by the original plaintiff.
- 14 MR. BARNETTE: No, Your -- Your Honor,
- 15 respectfully, we disagree. I'm not arguing all
- these other things. I'm saying focus on this
- 17 case. Substance governs, not labels of the
- 18 parties' situation. That's this Court's
- 19 holding in City of Indianapolis.
- 20 You look at the substance of this.
- 21 Home Depot was not in the case. This document
- is just a class action complaint against us.
- 23 And Rule 3 clearly says filing a complaint in
- 24 court establishes a civil action.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Barnette --

1 MR. BARNETTE: That's all that 2 happened here. 3 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- you're suggesting 4 that we should look at this case as though the 5 original claim never occurred and we should pretend that the claim started with the 6 7 original defendant. But the case did not start with the 8 original defendant. The civil action started 9 with the original plaintiff, who brought a 10 claim against a defendant, who then brought a 11 12 claim against you. 13 And this is all -- I mean, it -- of 14 course, the claim against you is governed by 15 Rule 23, but all of these claims are one civil 16 action. And the question is, what gives you 17 the ability to remove that civil action if 18 there's no original jurisdiction over it? 19 MR. BARNETTE: The plain language of 20 1441 and CAFA give us original jurisdiction over this claim. 21 2.2 JUSTICE KAGAN: Over the claim, but --23 MR. BARNETTE: And we -- we would --JUSTICE KAGAN: -- but 1441 does not 24 25 speak in terms of claims.

- 1 MR. BARNETTE: Right. 1446 does. 2 1441(c) does refer to claims. 1446(b) says the procedure starts when you have a claim that 3 4 establishes federal jurisdiction. 5 This Court in Exxon said, once you have one claim within a civil action, the 6 7 entire civil action is removed. 8 We're saying you remove --9 JUSTICE KAGAN: Yeah, but the reason why claims are -- are there is that's to deal 10 11 with a plaintiff that's bringing three claims 12 and one of them raises a federal question and 13 two of them don't. And then all that 1446 is saying is that, when you're in that position, 14 15 the one claim that raises a federal question is 16 going to be able to get you into federal court. 17 So there's your claim-by-claim 18 analysis. But the action is what is removed, 19 and the action is removed by determining whether there's original jurisdiction, which is 20 determined by looking to the original 21 2.2 complaint.
- MR. BARNETTE: Respectfully, Your

 Honor, that's not what 1441(a) says. So we're

25

-- we're traveling under the plain language of

- 1 that statute, the plain language of CAFA, and
- 2 we would say you would -- you would remove --
- 3 certainly would remove the entire civil action.
- 4 If there is supplemental jurisdiction over that
- 5 original \$10,000 debt collection action by Citi
- 6 against Mr. Jackson, of course, those claims
- 7 are no longer in the case at all. No claims by
- 8 or against Citi are longer in the case.
- 9 But you would either keep that under
- 10 supplemental jurisdiction or sever it off and
- 11 send it back to state court. A \$10,000 claim
- 12 belongs in state court probably. But we -- we
- can remove the class action. It's within the
- original jurisdiction of the district courts.
- 15 That's what CAFA clearly says.
- We're not expanding federal
- 17 jurisdiction. This case could have been filed
- 18 as a stand-alone against us in federal court or
- 19 it could have been filed as a stand-alone
- 20 against us in state court and we would have
- 21 removed it.
- The fact that Mr. Jackson chose to
- 23 file a new class action proceeding in an
- 24 existing case, that -- that does not serve to
- 25 defeat removal. I mean, that's what -- that's

- 1 the approach the plaintiffs are trying to take,
- 2 but that's not how the law operates.
- A couple other things, Your Honor, I
- 4 would just mention. The -- the cases following
- 5 Shamrock Oil that have held -- the lower court
- 6 cases that have held that only original
- 7 defendants can remove, those are all based on
- 8 the presumption against removal that this Court
- 9 already held in Dart Cherokee does not apply to
- 10 CAFA. And, frankly, that -- that presumption
- 11 really does not appear to be well founded in
- 12 any -- any event.
- When you look at the significance the
- framers put on diversity jurisdiction, put on
- 15 removal jurisdiction, when you look at this
- 16 Court's cases like Exxon again, where we say --
- where the Court said we're not going to apply
- 18 jurisdictional statutes too broadly but nor are
- 19 we going to read them too narrowly. Or you
- 20 look at a case like Reyes Mata that says
- 21 federal courts have a virtually unflagging
- 22 obligation to exercise jurisdiction where it's
- 23 found. And then when you have the Supremacy
- 24 Clause in the Constitution.
- 25 Basically, these are cases of

- 1 concurrent jurisdiction. They're going to go
- 2 forward in one venue or the other, state or
- 3 federal, but there's no reason for federal
- 4 courts to put a thumb on the scale and send
- 5 them to state court to resolve doubts in favor
- 6 of remand. That just shouldn't apply in a
- 7 traditional diversity setting. But the Court's
- 8 already held under CAFA it does not apply.
- 9 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Can I ask a
- 10 question about -- because it is important to me
- 11 -- about how lower courts have interpreted
- 12 things for decades now since Shamrock.
- Basically, your argument has been
- 14 rejected by virtually every district court.
- Not surprising it hasn't gone to the circuit
- 16 courts because you generally can't appeal a
- 17 remand.
- MR. BARNETTE: Pre-CAFA, that's
- 19 correct, Your Honor.
- 20 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That's correct.
- 21 So, to me, doesn't that have some force?
- 22 Couldn't and shouldn't I presume that, given
- 23 the state of the law, which was unanimity on
- this question, why shouldn't I presume
- 25 Congress, in -- in creating this class action

- 1 statute, removal, and in addressing these
- 2 questions over the years, wouldn't have
- 3 understood that this was the state of the law?
- 4 That your position was not accepted?
- 5 MR. BARNETTE: Well, again, Your
- 6 Honor, that's actually not an accurate state of
- 7 the law. As we point out in our brief, the
- 8 Fifth and Eleventh Circuits have allowed
- 9 additional parties, third-parties, to remove in
- 10 these circumstances, not class action cases but
- 11 traditional cases, traditional diversity cases.
- 12 Those cases are from the '80s and '90s.
- So, on this point about if you rule in
- our favor, there's going to be this flood of
- 15 cases in the federal courts, I would say look
- 16 at the Fifth and Eleventh Circuit. Have there
- been a flood of cases in those circuits? No,
- 18 there haven't. And that's the law.
- 19 As you point out, there was not a lot
- 20 of circuit law on this pre-CAFA. This issue, I
- 21 think tellingly, only arose post-CAFA as a way
- 22 to get around CAFA. There were no counterclaim
- 23 class actions being filed before CAFA because
- there were much easier ways for plaintiffs to
- 25 stay out of federal court. It only is when

- 1 CAFA came into play that this device became
- 2 more widely used. And it's a growing trend.
- 3 Sorry, Your Honor.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: I hate to do this,
- 5 but let me do the -- I don't hate that much.
- 6 If you have something else important to say,
- 7 I'll figure it out.
- 8 MR. BARNETTE: No, go ahead, Your
- 9 Honor.
- JUSTICE BREYER: I mean, I --
- MR. BARNETTE: Not as important as
- 12 what you're going to say, I'm sure.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Not --
- 14 (Laughter.)
- JUSTICE BREYER: No, that is not
- 16 likely so. Look -- look what I'm doing, which
- 17 I -- which you -- which you haven't.
- MR. BARNETTE: I'm sorry?
- 19 JUSTICE BREYER: I don't think I --
- I've shown you what I'm doing. I'm going back
- 21 to where it says in 1453(b), what is it we can
- 22 remove? We can remove --
- MR. BARNETTE: A qualified class
- 24 action --
- JUSTICE BREYER: No, wait. Less than

- 1 that. A -- I'll figure it out later.
- 2 MR. BARNETTE: All right.
- JUSTICE BREYER: I don't want to
- 4 interrupt your rebuttal time.
- 5 MR. BARNETTE: All right. I'd like to
- 6 reserve the remainder of my time for rebuttal,
- 7 Your Honor.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 9 counsel.
- 10 Mr. Bland.
- ORAL ARGUMENT OF F. PAUL BLAND
- 12 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT
- MR. BLAND: Mr. Chief Justice, and if
- 14 it please the Court:
- 15 Since -- the original jurisdiction
- 16 idea has really been set forth here and Justice
- 17 Sotomayor correctly pointed out that the case
- law under 1444(a) is virtually unanimous in our
- 19 behalf, and what my friend says is that
- 20 actually there's a division among the case law,
- 21 that the Fifth Circuit, the Eleventh Circuit
- 22 disagree.
- The Fifth and Eleventh Circuit cases,
- 24 Your Honors, are talking about a different
- 25 statute. It's not 1441(a). It's 1441(c).

1 1441(c) draws the exact distinction 2 that Justice Kagan draws; in other words, 1441(c) talks about claims. 1441(a) talks 3 4 about a civil action, the single unitary civil 5 action that starts when a plaintiff files a 6 complaint. 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, but it -- it -- 1446(b), which is setting forth the 8 procedures for removal, it refers to the notice 9 of removal of a civil action or proceeding. 10 11 MR. BLAND: Yes, Your Honor. 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well -- so it doesn't have to just be a civil action, does 13 14 it? 15 MR. BLAND: Well --16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: However you 17 want to conceptualize it, it seems to me that you might conceptualize it as including what 18 19 would otherwise be a freestanding proceeding, such as the one that -- where B sued C, but 20 then it also talks about a proceeding. 21 2.2 And even if you don't think that's a 23 civil action properly conceived, it's certainly 24 a proceeding of some kind, isn't it? 25 MR. BLAND: Well, I -- I don't think

1 it's a -- a proceeding is not an action over 2 which you'd have original jurisdiction under 3 1441(a), and as I understand the relationship 4 between 1441(a) and 1446, Your Honor, 1441(a) 5 is -- is the part of the removal statutes that says here are the types of -- here -- here are 6 7 cases over which there's removal jurisdiction. 8 And then 1446 are the procedures that 9 go through -- you have to have -- everyone has 10 to agree and you have to do it within so many 11 days and this sort of thing. 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, do you 13 think those procedures apply to 1441(a)? 14 MR. BLAND: They -- they do apply to 15 1441(a) except where they've been amended by 16 CAFA, but 1441(a) is where the grant of 17 original jurisdiction -- or where the grant of jurisdiction comes from. And this Court has 18 repeatedly said that if there is not original 19 20 jurisdiction over the claims in the -- excuse me, over the plaintiff's complaint, if there's 21 2.2 not original jurisdiction over the plaintiff's 23 complaint, that you don't -- you don't meet the standard -- you don't meet -- you don't qualify 24

25

for removal.

1 So that was -- that goes back to the 2 Planters' Bank case, the Union-Planters' Bank 3 case in 1894. It was a central case that sets 4 this out. Then it was applied the next year in 5 a diversity case, the Mexican National --National Railroad case. My friend has said 6 7 that -- that the original jurisdiction rule doesn't apply in diversity cases. That's 8 9 wrong. It was applied in a diversity case right after it was first enunciated by this 10 11 Court. 12 And the original jurisdiction rule of 1441(a) is where all -- all of the district 13 courts, starting in the 1950s, that were 14 15 looking at Shamrock Oil and then said, yes, the 16 same rule that applies in Shamrock Oil also 17 applies to third-party defendants, counterclaimants, cross-claimants, what -- what 18 have you, that it doesn't turn upon the nature 19 20 of whatever state or federal rule, procedural 21 rule, is bringing someone in; that the 2.2 substantive question of is there jurisdiction 23 goes back to the original jurisdiction test. 24 And that's why the 1441(a) distinction 25 between 1441(a) and 1441(c), which relies upon

- 1 a claim, is so important. There are other
- 2 statutes that create federal jurisdiction over
- 3 claims. For example, the bankruptcy code. My
- 4 friend would have a terrific argument and we
- 5 would be in terrible shape if we were arguing a
- 6 bankruptcy case.
- 7 But because we are arguing under four
- 8 -- because the jurisdictional test here is
- 9 1441(a), which has always turned on can you
- 10 find jurisdiction in the plaintiff's complaint,
- it's really a different animal.
- 12 JUSTICE ALITO: But what you're
- arguing is not based on the language, not based
- on the term "original jurisdiction" in 1441.
- 15 It's based on the well-pleaded complaint rule.
- 16 Am I right on that?
- 17 MR. BLAND: Actually, Your Honor, I
- don't think you are right. And can I try and
- 19 explain? I think this is sort of complicated
- 20 because I think the Court has sometimes used
- these words to mean the same things and they
- 22 really don't.
- 23 So the -- the original jurisdiction
- 24 rule for 1441(a), as I -- what it says is that
- 25 you look to see whether there is jurisdiction

- 1 from the plaintiff's complaint.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Yeah. That's the --
- 3 MR. BLAND: But -- but -- I'm
- 4 sorry. I didn't mean --
- JUSTICE ALITO: No, go ahead.
- 6 MR. BLAND: Okay. So the well-pleaded
- 7 complaint rule, by contrast, comes from 1331,
- 8 which is the substantive juris -- the federal
- 9 question jurisdiction statute, and it's a way
- of finding out is there original jurisdiction.
- 11 So you only look at the complaint.
- 12 But the well-completed complaint rule doesn't
- 13 --
- 14 JUSTICE ALITO: Yeah, but you're
- 15 saying -- you're -- you're -- there would be
- original jurisdiction if this claim were in the
- 17 case at the beginning. You would agree with
- 18 that. So you're saying it's original
- 19 jurisdiction at the beginning, right? That's
- 20 what --
- MR. BLAND: Yeah, that's right.
- JUSTICE ALITO: So you're reading that
- into the text, and you make --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, original is at
- 25 the beginning, isn't it?

```
JUSTICE ALITO: No. Well, original --
 1
 2
               JUSTICE KAGAN: It's jurisdiction at
 3
      the beginning from the original complaint.
 4
               MR. BLAND: I -- I totally agree with
 5
      you.
 6
               (Laughter.)
 7
               JUSTICE ALITO: You agree with Justice
 8
 9
               MR. BLAND: Yes. We agree,
10
      absolutely.
               JUSTICE ALITO: -- with Justice
11
12
      Kagan's answer to my question?
13
               (Laughter.)
14
               MR. BLAND: There -- there -- I don't
15
      -- I -- I feel like I'm making a TV commercial,
16
      but there's only one original. You know,
17
      there's the original complaint. There's the
18
      original civil action. And then -- then there
19
      are claims within it. So --
20
               JUSTICE ALITO: Well, this is -- this
      is -- this case is very, very complicated. And
21
22
      let's go -- let's go back step by step. Put
23
      aside this question of original jurisdiction.
24
               If we look at the text, we have a
25
      reference to the defendant or the defendants.
```

- 1 So Home Depot would qualify there, would it
- 2 not?
- 3 MR. BLAND: No, because, in -- in the
- 4 context of 1441(a), defendant is, in that
- 5 setting, is a defendant in a civil action where
- 6 there is original jurisdiction.
- 7 JUSTICE ALITO: Okay. You're reading
- 8 things into it. But, in the ordinary sense of
- 9 the term, are they -- are they not defendants?
- MR. BLAND: They're -- they're --
- 11 JUSTICE ALITO: They are some kind of
- 12 defendants.
- MR. BLAND: There -- there are lots of
- 14 colloquial ways in which they would be termed a
- defendant. But, within the meaning of 1441(a),
- 16 every court that's looked at --
- 17 JUSTICE ALITO: Yeah. Okay. And
- 18 where does this come from? All right? So we
- 19 start out with a term that's big enough to
- 20 encompass them. Now we have the limitation.
- 21 Where does this limitation come from? It comes
- 22 from Shamrock Oil, does it not? That's the --
- 23 the origin of it.
- 24 MR. BLAND: Shamrock Oil was the first
- 25 case to look at a counterclaim defendant from

- 1 this Court, yes.
- 2 JUSTICE ALITO: Right. And so
- 3 Shamrock Oil basically says, look, you -- you
- 4 started out as the plaintiff, and you chose the
- 5 state forum. And now that you have been sued
- 6 with a counterclaim, you can't -- you know, you
- 7 -- you chose the state court and you're stuck
- 8 in state court, so you can't remove it to
- 9 federal court.
- 10 I -- I don't see that Shamrock Oil
- 11 goes any further than that.
- MR. BLAND: Well, first, I want to --
- 13 Shamrock Oil is -- is ultimately looking at --
- 14 at the text. There is language in Shamrock Oil
- where they said this is not about waiver. What
- this is about is what did Congress provide to
- 17 you.
- 18 And so that that key -- there's key
- 19 language in Shamrock that says it's not about
- 20 waiver, but it's about what did Congress
- 21 provide to you. And so then the question is
- 22 Shamrock -- Shamrock -- in Shamrock, you didn't
- 23 have an original jurisdiction issue because
- 24 Shamrock chose to sue in state court, but they
- 25 could have sued in federal court. This case is

- 1 different.
- 2 JUSTICE ALITO: Right. They chose
- 3 state court.
- 4 MR. BLAND: Citibank could never have
- 5 brought this case in federal court. So there
- 6 was never original jurisdiction here where
- 7 there was original jurisdiction in Shamrock.
- 8 So Shamrock didn't talk about our argument.
- 9 JUSTICE ALITO: Yeah, but Citibank is
- 10 gone. And, you know, Citibank brought a little
- 11 case on credit card debt in state court. And
- then suddenly this thing gets transmogrified
- into a class action that you say, well, this
- one has to stay in state court despite CAFA.
- 15 If it had been brought originally in this
- 16 forum, it would be removable under CAFA.
- 17 That's what Congress wanted.
- 18 And somebody came up with this idea of
- 19 using this sort of proceeding as a way of
- 20 getting around CAFA. And there's a law review
- 21 article that actually says, after CAFA, well,
- look, we found a way to get around CAFA so that
- 23 we can keep these things in state court.
- Is that not correct?
- 25 MR. BLAND: There -- there -- there

- 1 are a number of premises, Your Honor, with
- which I strongly disagree.
- 3 So, first of all, CAFA doesn't change
- 4 what 1441(a) says. Four -- CAFA is in the --
- 5 in the -- in the Senate report, which this
- 6 Court treated as being -- having precedential
- 7 value in the Dart Cherokee case.
- 8 The -- the -- the -- the Senate
- 9 report said that CAFA was intended, the -- the
- 10 Section 1453, which Justice Breyer was quoting
- 11 from earlier, was intended to make some
- 12 alterations to but is -- but is essentially
- 13 adopting 1440(a).
- 14 The idea of having counterclaims
- 15 defendants has been around forever. The idea
- that there has been some jump in class action
- 17 counterclaims simply is not empirically true.
- There was a law review article by an
- 19 advocate. It's not really a law review article
- 20 and a peer-reviewed article. I think it's more
- 21 like a blog. But, anyhow, a guy writes an
- 22 article saying --
- 23 JUSTICE ALITO: Since when are law
- 24 review --
- 25 MR. BLAND: -- we're worried this is

- 1 going to be a lot of our problem.
- 2 JUSTICE ALITO: Since when are law
- 3 review articles peer reviewed?
- 4 MR. BLAND: You know, that's a good
- 5 point.
- 6 JUSTICE ALITO: Who are they -- who
- 7 are they reviewed by?
- 8 (Laughter.)
- 9 MR. BLAND: You're totally right. I
- 10 -- I'm so sorry. I -- I should never have said
- 11 that, you're right.
- 12 JUSTICE ALITO: They should be --
- maybe they should be peer reviewed.
- 14 MR. BLAND: Law review articles are
- 15 student reviewed, they're not peer reviewed. I
- 16 -- I -- I withdraw. That was --
- 17 JUSTICE BREYER: I'm fine on law
- 18 review articles.
- 19 (Laughter.)
- 20 JUSTICE BREYER: But I have a
- 21 question. I think they have very good policy
- 22 arguments on the other side. I understand it.
- 23 I don't think Shamrock really covers it.
- 24 So I might, at least for purposes of
- argument, assume they are a defendant under

- 1 1441 and, if they were alone, they could just
- 2 remove the case. And when they remove it and
- 3 get into district court, if they get it into
- 4 district court, Rule 23 applies. I have no
- 5 problem with that, for a hypothetical, for this
- 6 question.
- 7 Where I got stuck, which you will get
- 8 me out of --
- 9 (Laughter.)
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: -- is that I think
- 11 they can't get into federal court without 1453
- 12 because not all defendants agree with them, or
- there are a variety of reasons they need 1453.
- 14 Is that right?
- MR. BLAND: So I -- I agree that
- 16 they cannot get in --
- 17 JUSTICE BREYER: No, I'm just saying,
- 18 is that right?
- 19 MR. BLAND: It is.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. Now, if they
- 21 need 1453, I go to 1453 and I look who can --
- who can take advantage of 1453, and it talks
- 23 about a class action. Now they could surely do
- it if we didn't -- if we just stop there. But
- 25 then it says class action shall have the

- 1 meanings given to that term under 1332(d)(1).
- 2 This is just language. It's just
- 3 language, no policy, no nothing. So I turn to
- 4 1332(d)(1), right, and what do I discover when
- 5 I get there in the first words?
- 6 What it says is class action, the very
- 7 word I just left, the very word that referred
- 8 me here, means any civil action filed under
- 9 Rule 23.
- 10 So I look. Was this a civil action
- filed under Rule 23? Now I'm over with Justice
- 12 Kagan. A civil action is an action brought by
- 13 a plaintiff. And that's just what it happens
- 14 to be.
- 15 It doesn't have to do with claims.
- 16 And, therefore, since this isn't a civil action
- 17 filed -- only filed, not what governs it if
- 18 they're in federal court -- filed under Rule
- 19 23, it can't -- they can't take advantage of
- 20 1453 because they don't fit within the
- 21 definition.
- Now am I right?
- MR. BLAND: You're right about that,
- 24 yes.
- 25 JUSTICE BREYER: If I'm right about

- 1 that, why didn't you make that argument?
- 2 MR. BLAND: Because 1453 is
- 3 essentially -- 1453 amends and changes
- 4 essentially some of the provisions of 1446 that
- 5 the Chief Justice was talking about.
- 6 Essentially, they track each other.
- 7 1446 sets out the rules for removal,
- 8 and then there were several rules around CAFA
- 9 where -- where the -- where Congress was
- 10 concerned that there were abuses, that cases
- 11 were being -- were being kept in state court
- 12 that should be in federal court, so just for
- 13 class actions, 1453 changes some of the
- 14 procedural rules.
- So you no longer require unanimity in
- 16 all the defendants. You can have a defendant
- 17 who's not -- a defendant in a home state can go
- 18 forth.
- 19 But 1453 is not by itself a grant of
- 20 federal jurisdiction the way 1440(a) is.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Nobody says it is.
- 22 All I'm saying is, do they need 1453 to be able
- 23 to remove?
- 24 MR. BLAND: For -- for CAFA, yes, they
- 25 do.

1 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. 2 MR. BLAND: And they -- and they --3 JUSTICE BREYER: And I look to who 4 does it cover, and it covers a class action as 5 defined in a different statute. I don't care if they said class action defined in the 6 7 antitrust law. Then I'd go look and see how they 8 define it in the antitrust law or defined in, I 9 don't care what, I mean, defined in the 10 criminal code. But I want to -- they referred 11 12 me to that, so I went and looked at that. 13 And when I looked at that, I saw class 14 action is defined as I just said. Okay. So my 15 question is, same question, great argument for 16 you. Why didn't you make it? And so there's 17 something wrong with my thinking, and that's 18 what I'm trying to find out. 19 MR. BLAND: Well, I think -- I think 20 that we were focusing on -- on 1440(a) as the grant of removal jurisdiction, 1446 as the 21 2.2 procedures, and 1453 not as a new grant of 23 removal jurisdiction but just more procedures. 24 And so, to the extent that there's 25 just no original jurisdiction over a civil

- 1 action under 1440(a), we think that's the end
- of it. So that's where we have focused the
- 3 vast majority of our advocacy.
- I think that the point you make about
- 5 1453 is -- is extremely clever and wish we had
- 6 -- had -- had articulated it more better.
- 7 (Laughter.)
- 8 MR. BLAND: But I think that --
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: I wasn't trying to
- 10 help you. I'm not there right beside you.
- 11 (Laughter.)
- MR. BLAND: But I do think that
- 13 1440(a) is -- is where -- where this case
- 14 starts and ends. The original jurisdiction
- cases going back to the 1890s really govern.
- I want to point out for a second now,
- 17 since there's been a lot of discussion about
- 18 this difference between a civil action and a
- 19 claim, and also this word "defendant" if it's
- 20 defendant now is not just the original
- 21 defendant, but a defendant's cross-claim or
- 22 counterclaim or whatever different rule you
- 23 want to use, 13, 14, 19, or -- or something
- 24 like that, that it's going to have a gigantic
- 25 effect not on class actions but on all sorts of

- 1 individual cases. 2 And here's why: So picture just a 3 regular state law negligence case where a 4 defendant's a resident of the same state as the 5 plaintiff, and the defendant would really like to be in federal court. They'd like their 6 7 first bite at the apple, right? And they have an out-of-state insurer. 8 9 Right now, if that defendant brings a claim against the out-of-state insurer, no --10 no diversity jurisdiction, even if it's over 11 12 the jurisdictional amount, because you don't have complete diversity; you have the defendant 13
- Under their rule, now what you do is
 you look at the claim by claim, instead of by
 the original civil action, going back to the
 word "original." So, if you now start looking
 at things claim by claim, there is diversity
 between the two defendants.

and the plaintiff's same.

14

21 So every single time you have a 22 personal injury case in which there's a 23 defendant who wants to be out of federal court 24 and they have an out-of-state insurer, so 25 basically any company who's not in Connecticut

- 1 will be able to now name their insurance
- 2 company through some sort of third-party claim,
- and now why isn't there diversity jurisdiction?
- 4 The simple answer is there is.
- 5 Another thing that their idea is of --
- of broadening the idea of -- definition of --
- 7 of what is a defendant from the -- you know,
- 8 from the rule that has been affirmed by
- 9 literally dozens and dozens of district courts
- 10 and circuit courts around the country for
- 11 years, and you'd go from 1440(a)'s limit on
- 12 civil action to instead have a -- a rule that's
- 13 going to turn upon claims, is you can start
- having a lot of business-to-business disputes
- 15 that right now would be in state court that
- 16 could get into federal court.
- 17 So, for example, there are a lot of
- 18 cases in which corporations would rather have
- 19 their cases, with all respect to the federal
- 20 courts, in Delaware state courts, where there's
- 21 a lot of sophistication, a lot of rules that
- 22 have been built up. There are a lot of Silicon
- 23 Valley companies who are more interested in
- 24 being in -- in San Jose -- in the state courts
- of California, where there's a lot of

- 1 sophistication around their particular issues
- 2 that's built up.
- 3 So what happens if you're a defendant
- 4 in one of these cases and you suddenly decide,
- 5 you know, I really wish I hadn't made this deal
- 6 because the law that's built up is bad for me,
- 7 you find another company, bring a cross-claim
- 8 against them. Now their -- under their theory,
- 9 whether or not there's diversity is based upon
- 10 a claim-by-claim basis. You look at them and
- 11 say, oh, we're going to bring a cross-claim
- 12 against them. They're a defendant because,
- 13 even though under all the law that's existed up
- to now, we're now going to change this and the
- defendant's not just going to be the defendant
- to the original claim; they're going to be a
- 17 cross-claim, counterclaim, whatever. In those
- 18 cases, a company is going to be able to change
- its mind and bring those cases in --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I -- I have -- I
- 21 have --
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, perhaps it's not
- 23 possible to decide this case in a way that
- doesn't go as -- doesn't effectively decide all
- 25 these other different situations that you've --

- 1 you've posited, but if we look just at what
- 2 happened here -- and this -- and this involves
- 3 not -- I mean, this implicates not just the
- 4 original removal statute but CAFA, is there any
- 5 good reason why a claim like this, if you
- 6 accept CAFA, why this should be -- should not
- 7 be removable to -- to federal court?
- 8 MR. BLAND: Yes, Your Honor, because
- 9 CAFA is a balancing act. CAFA is -- if CAFA
- 10 was a preemption statute, it would not be a
- 11 field preemption, it would be an express
- 12 preemption. Congress saw certain problems that
- they were unhappy about and they solved those
- 14 problems.
- JUSTICE ALITO: When you think CAFA
- 16 said, well, if -- if a claim like this is filed
- 17 originally in federal -- in state court, it can
- 18 be removed, but if it comes into the state
- 19 court in this strange sort of back-door way,
- 20 then it has to stay in state court. You really
- think that that's a possible decision Congress
- would make?
- 23 MR. BLAND: So, first of all, I -- I
- 24 do think it's possible because, as Justice
- 25 Sotomayor said earlier, I think that you assume

- 1 that Congress knows the backdrop against which
- 2 it's -- it's legislating. They have a bunch of
- 3 lawyers when they're writing these laws.
- 4 Congress had repeatedly changed the --
- 5 the jurisdiction statute. So, in 2011, there
- 6 was the amendment to overturn this Court's
- 7 decision in the Holmes versus Vornado case,
- 8 where the Congress said any party can remove a
- 9 case, not a defendant, in the -- the America
- 10 Invents Act. The America Invents Act is --
- 11 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I mean, that's
- 12 -- I mean, that's based on the --
- MR. BLAND: Congress could have done
- 14 it.
- 15 JUSTICE ALITO: -- the idea that they
- 16 -- they -- they were aware of these district
- 17 court cases. They're -- they're almost all
- 18 district court cases.
- MR. BLAND: That's -- that's correct.
- JUSTICE ALITO: And they said, well,
- 21 okay, we -- we want to accept that.
- MR. BLAND: Right.
- JUSTICE ALITO: I mean, that's --
- MR. BLAND: I mean, it's quite
- 25 possible that Congress never thought of this

- 1 because it just wasn't really a very big
- 2 problem and it wasn't one of the issues that
- 3 came up in the hearings. I -- I sort of
- 4 tracked the hearings at the time. I don't
- 5 remember anyone talking about it.
- I mean, this Court has said on a
- 7 number of occasions that even if you think that
- 8 there is something that if Congress had thought
- 9 about they would have done something, you can't
- 10 engraft a solution into what Congress said
- 11 to -- to address the problem.
- I mean, I think it's possible that --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Is Home Depot --
- 14 I'm sorry. Is Home Depot a defendant under
- 15 1453?
- 16 MR. BLAND: No, Your Honor, because --
- 17 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: And what -- what
- 18 is it then?
- 19 MR. BLAND: It's -- it's a -- it's a
- 20 counterclaim or third- -- third-party claim
- 21 defendant. And that's just different than a
- 22 defendant for -- for --
- JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: So, when it says
- 24 any defendant, that doesn't include --
- MR. BLAND: Right, because --

1 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- that kind of 2 defendant? MR. BLAND: Right, because the word 3 4 "defendant" in the removal statutes has this -has this fixed meaning from 1440(a). And 5 putting the word "any" in front of it doesn't 6 7 change. So if you had -- if Congress had a 8 statute that said -- or a statute about 9 rabbits, and then they amended it and said "any 10 rabbit," that doesn't mean that a weasel or a 11 12 gerbil becomes a rabbit. You know, it's still -- the word "any" in front of a noun leaves the 13 14 noun as what it is. So --15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, but that 16 still means that a brown rabbit is a rabbit. 17 In other words, when you were describing what they were, you said a counterclaim defendant or 18 a third-party defendant, it's a type of 19 defendant. And if you have a statute that says 20 "any defendant," it would seem that it includes 21 2.2 those as well. 23 MR. BLAND: It's a type of defendant 24 in a colloquial way, Your Honor, but I don't --25 I disagree with the concept that it's a type of

- 1 defendant for purposes of the removal statutes.
- 2 I think for --
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Where do
- 4 people speak colloquially of third-party
- 5 defendants?
- 6 (Laughter.)
- 7 MR. BLAND: Yeah.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Which was not
- 9 necessarily meant that way. I mean, it's --
- 10 it's -- it's only used as a fairly technical
- 11 term.
- 12 MR. BLAND: Right. And -- and -- and
- 13 -- and in the removal statutes, the word
- "defendant" has -- has this meaning where it's
- 15 -- it's not by itself, but it is cabined by
- 16 civil action on one side and original
- jurisdiction on the other side, which this
- 18 Court has -- has repeatedly interpreted to say
- 19 that -- that third-party counterclaimants and
- 20 so forth in all other settings are not
- 21 included.
- 22 So the only question is, does CAFA
- change anything by sticking the word "any" in
- 24 front of it? And -- but the thing is we know
- 25 what Congress was trying to do in that

- 1 sentence. What Congress was trying to do was
- there was a concern that plaintiffs' lawyers
- 3 were supposedly going out and suing several
- 4 defendants and they would pick one who was sort
- of their buddy who was not going to agree to
- 6 removal, and so then that one said, well, no,
- 7 you wouldn't be able to get unanimous agreement
- 8 from all the defendants to remove. And so
- 9 that's what that provision was aimed at, was
- 10 the unanimous consent, that everyone was
- 11 supposed to agree.
- 12 And the Senate report says that clear
- as day. And if you read the whole sentence in
- 14 context, what the word "any" there means is
- 15 each and every. It means each and every. And
- they're saying each and every defendant
- 17 separately has the right to remove this case to
- 18 federal court.
- 19 JUSTICE BREYER: But it -- that does
- 20 say -- I mean, you know, you heard his policy
- 21 argument. It's a little hard to see why if you
- 22 understand it, and he does use -- the rules use
- the word "defendant" to refer to his client in
- 24 this situation. The statutes use it. It has
- 25 some other qualifications in front of it.

1 So policy, language is possible, why 2 isn't he right? And I grant you that I've only 3 been able to say that once I got into this. I 4 had to get through the argument, but I don't 5 know the answer to that. All right. 6 So why isn't he on the policy end, on 7 the --8 MR. BLAND: On the policy? JUSTICE BREYER: On the policy and on 9 the brown rabbit analogy. 10 11 MR. BLAND: Okay. CAFA was a 12 compromise. You know, there -- the Chamber of Commerce brief colorfully calls it a grinding 13 14 eight-year battle. There were a series of 15 changes that were made over it. There were 16 times in which it was going to cover more than 17 it ended up covering. It shrunk somewhat. 18 There were a lot of people who wanted more 19 cases to stay in court. 20 The -- the Senate report actually, they have one of those things, you know, where 21 2.2 they say like there's like this sort of list, 23 like five myths where they say things that 24 people -- or bad things people say about CAFA

but aren't true. One of them was, well, some

- 1 people say it's going to federalize all class
- 2 actions. Actually, we expect that more than
- 3 50 percent of class actions will remain in
- 4 state court after CAFA.
- 5 It was never intended to federalize
- 6 all class actions. Judge Easterbrook of the
- 7 Seventh Circuit in the First -- excuse me, the
- 8 -- the First Bank case, said, look, if Congress
- 9 had wanted to say we want to federalize all
- 10 large multi-state class actions, they could
- 11 have said that.
- 12 They could have written the equivalent
- of a field preemption. But instead of treating
- 14 this as something where they were trying to
- 15 federalize all class actions, they didn't throw
- 16 a hand grenade. They were shooting rifle shots
- 17 at particular abuses that they saw.
- 18 And you can see it when you look at
- 19 how 1453 tracks 1446. There are certain things
- 20 that Congress was upset about and they were
- 21 trying to fix those things. And they weren't
- 22 trying to -- they weren't trying to federalize
- 23 everything else.
- 24 There are a lot of reasons why you
- 25 don't want every single class action in federal

- 1 court. I mean, this case, for example, is a
- 2 case involving 286 people, 90 percent of whom
- 3 live in North Carolina, who have claims
- 4 entirely under North Carolina law against a
- 5 North Carolina defendant and Home Depot.
- 6 So, I mean, this is not the kind of
- 7 case -- this case, even if -- there's a way in
- 8 which this entire argument in some ways, Your
- 9 Honors, is a -- is -- is a -- while
- incredibly complicated for me at least, is a --
- is an abstraction in the sense that this case
- is going to end up in state court under the --
- 13 under the -- the home state removal -- the
- 14 local -- the local removal section anyhow of
- 15 CAFA. CAFA has an exception that we -- that we
- 16 put forward in our brief.
- 17 This is a local controversy if you
- 18 ever heard of one. But CAFA was not attempting
- 19 to -- to -- to nationalize everything. If they
- 20 had, they would have gone in a different way.
- There are a lot of decisions Congress
- has made here. When they've wanted to say
- "claims," they've said, in the bankruptcy code
- in 1441, claims. When they wanted to say
- 25 "civil action," they meant something else. If

- 1 they'd wanted to federalize everything, they
- 2 would have federalized everything. They didn't
- 3 want to here.
- 4 If they had wanted to say third-party
- 5 counterclaimants, they would have done exactly
- 6 what they did in the America Invents Act where,
- 7 when they didn't like one of this Court's
- 8 decisions that admittedly was under the
- 9 well-pleaded complaint rule, but in Footnote 2,
- 10 this Court cited the exact same language that
- 11 we were talking about under the original
- 12 jurisdiction statute.
- 13 And so it's clear that it's a removal
- 14 rule. It's not -- it's not -- it's not a
- 15 subject matter jurisdiction rule. It's a
- 16 removal rule. And the same -- the same rule
- 17 has been applied in a bunch of diversity cases.
- 18 Congress made that decision in that
- 19 statute and they didn't make that decision
- 20 here. This is an issue where, if Congress is
- 21 unhappy about this, they sure know how to fix
- it. They've done -- they've done the exact
- 23 same thing in the America Invents Act. The
- 24 bankruptcy code is written differently. They
- 25 knew how to say party instead of defendant.

- 1 They know how to say claim instead of civil
- 2 action.
- 3 The -- the -- the -- the -- the
- 4 statutes here, you know, it may well be that if
- 5 Congress had thought about this in CAFA, they
- 6 just said, well, we don't really like that,
- 7 they would have done something differently.
- 8 But you can't rewrite the statute for them on
- 9 the grounds that they didn't --
- 10 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, they could have
- 11 been -- they surely -- they could have been
- more specific in a way that favors Home Depot.
- 13 They also could have been more specific in a
- 14 way that favors you, right?
- 15 It's pretty hard to argue that when
- they said any defendants, they said we're going
- 17 to say any defendants because we don't want to
- include the kind of defendant that Home Depot
- 19 is.
- MR. BLAND: Well, it's in a sentence
- 21 where, if you look at the sentence as a whole
- 22 -- if you look at the sentence as a whole, it
- 23 says "class action may be removed in accordance
- with Section 1446 without regard to whether any
- 25 defendant is a citizen of the state in which

- 1 the action was brought, except that such action
- 2 may be removed by any defendant without the
- 3 consent of all defendants."
- When they used the word "any" there,
- 5 they mean each and every. What they are trying
- 6 to do is solve the problem I was just talking
- 7 about a second ago about where you have
- 8 unanimous -- where you -- the unanimous
- 9 requirement that everyone has to agree to
- 10 remove.
- 11 It's -- it's absolutely crystal-clear
- 12 what they meant and they -- and they said in
- 13 the Senate report what they meant. And so to
- take that word and say that now it's going to
- 15 change the nature of a defendant so that
- 16 Section 1440(a) is now going to mean something
- 17 different for class actions than it means
- 18 everywhere else, that's really a problem.
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why isn't --
- okay, each and every. Why doesn't it mean each
- 21 and every defendant in the civil action, in the
- 22 proceeding?
- MR. BLAND: Because what -- what their
- 24 -- what the point of what they're saying is
- 25 they're saying each and every defendant has a

- 1 separate right to decide that they want to
- 2 remove the case to federal court, that you
- 3 don't have to have unanimity.
- 4 And the Congress said the point of
- 5 what we're aiming at here in the -- in the
- 6 Senate report was to avoid unanimity.
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, it still
- 8 works with respect to Home Depot.
- 9 MR. BLAND: I -- I -- with respect,
- 10 Your Honor, it -- it's -- it is a -- a -- a --
- 11 a procedural change -- it -- that -- that --
- 12 that -- that tracks part of 1446 and says this
- doesn't apply here. But it is not changing who
- has the right, the power, to remove under
- 15 1440(a), where the word "defendant" has a
- 16 different meaning.
- 17 The word "defendant" there talks about
- 18 original jurisdiction. And Home Depot
- 19 certainly does not have original jurisdiction
- 20 here under this -- under the -- under the whole
- 21 line of cases both from this Court and then the
- 22 ton of district court cases that came
- 23 afterwards applying it to third-party
- 24 counterclaim defendants.
- 25 JUSTICE KAGAN: Is what you're saying,

- 1 Mr. Bland, that 1446 changes a number of the
- 2 procedures by which you can remove? It does
- 3 not, it never before --
- 4 MR. BLAND: 1453 is the CAFA one.
- 5 JUSTICE KAGAN: 1453.
- 6 MR. BLAND: 1453 changes 1446.
- 7 JUSTICE KAGAN: Right.
- 8 MR. BLAND: Sorry, but otherwise
- 9 you're --
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: Exactly right.
- MR. BLAND: Sorry.
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: I'm confusing things
- in an effort to make them more clear.
- 14 (Laughter.)
- MR. BLAND: That's my life.
- 16 JUSTICE KAGAN: So 1453 changes a
- 17 number of the procedures in 1446 so that there
- 18 are different procedures in CAFA suits as to
- 19 removal.
- 20 1453 does not -- does not purport to
- 21 and simply does not affect the grant of removal
- 22 jurisdiction. The grant of removal
- jurisdiction can only be found in one place,
- 24 and that's in 1441(a).
- MR. BLAND: Yes, exactly, Your Honor.

- 1 And so, if there are no further questions, that
- 2 is -- that's exactly right, and if Congress
- 3 wanted to change it, they could have.
- 4 Thank you so much, Your Honors.
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 6 counsel.
- 7 Five minutes, Mr. Barnette.
- 8 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF
- 9 WILLIAM P. BARNETTE
- 10 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
- 11 MR. BARNETTE: Thank you, Mr. Chief
- 12 Justice.
- 13 A couple quick points, Your Honors.
- 14 The compromises that were done in CAFA were on
- things like is the amount in controversy going
- 16 to be \$1 million or \$10 million and they set it
- on \$5 million. There are no compromises on
- these qualifying \$5 million plus minimal
- 19 diversity class actions. Those are all capable
- of being removed under CAFA.
- 21 On Justice Kagan's original
- 22 jurisdiction question, just to be clear,
- original jurisdiction does not mean the case as
- 24 originally filed. 1446(b) and 1332(d)(7) in
- 25 CAFA both recognize a case can start out not

- 1 within the original jurisdiction, not
- 2 removable, can become removable subsequently
- 3 and within the original jurisdiction, and
- 4 that's exactly what happened here. We had a
- 5 qualifying class action filed under CAFA that
- 6 allows for removal.
- 7 On Justice Kavanaugh's question, of
- 8 course, we're a defendant. I mean, they want
- 9 \$5 million plus -- \$5 million plus from us. I
- 10 -- I don't know what else you would call us.
- 11 We're a defendant.
- 12 In conclusion, Your Honors, Home Depot
- is simply and solely a defendant. Shamrock
- 14 Oil's holdings should not be extended to
- 15 parties like Home Depot that are solely
- 16 defendants.
- 17 Home Depot is within the plain
- language of 1441(a), is entitled to remove this
- 19 case under CAFA. The Fourth Circuit's judgment
- 20 should be reversed. Thank you.
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 22 counsel. The case is submitted.
- 23 (Whereupon, at 11:10 a.m., the case
- was submitted.)

Official - Subject to Final Review

Official - Subject to Pilial Review			
\$	4	affect [1] 66:21	Article [6] 5:7 42:21 43:18,19,20,
<u> </u>		affirmed [1] 51:8	22
\$1 [1] 67 :16	4 [1] 18 :8	afterwards [1] 65:23	articles [3] 44:3,14,18
\$10 [1] 67 :16	5	ago [1] 64: 7	articulated [1] 49:6
\$10,000 [2] 28 :5,11	50 [1] 60:3	agree [13] 4:15 5:17 17:1 35:10 38:	aside [1] 39:23
\$5 [4] 67 :17,18 68 :9,9		17 39 :4,7,9 45 :12,15 58 :5,11 64 :9	assume [2] 44:25 53:25
1	6	agreement [1] 58:7	assuming [1] 10:19
40.4F (2).4.45 2.2	67 [1] 2 :10	agrees [1] 5:16	atextual [1] 17:18
10:15 [2] 1:15 3:2		ahead [2] 32:8 38:5	Atlanta [1] 1:18
11:10 [1] 68:23	8	aimed [1] 58 :9	attempting [1] 61:18
13 [2] 13 :13 49 :23	8 [1] 11: 5	aiming [1] 65 :5	attention [1] 21:17
1331 [1] 38:7	80s [1] 31:12	ALITO [28] 23 :2,7 37 :12 38 :2,5,14,	authority [1] 14:11
1332 [2] 10 :24 19 :1	9	22 39 :1,7,11,20 40 :7,11,17 41 :2	avoid [1] 65:6
1332(a [1] 4:24		42 :2,9 43 :23 44 :2,6,12 52 :22 53 :	aware [2] 4:5 54:16
1332(d [2] 21:20 22:15	90 [1] 61:2	15 54 :11,15,20,23 63 :10	
1332(d)(1 3 22:3 46:1,4	90s [1] 31:12	Allapattah [1] 11:2	B
1332(d)(2 [1] 16:5	Α	allowed [2] 17:25 31:8	B2 [1] 22 :24
1332(d)(7 [1] 67:24			back [8] 6:4 28:11 32:20 36:1,23
14 [1] 49 :23	a.m [3] 1:15 3:2 68:23	allows [1] 68:6	39 :22 49 :15 50 :17
1440(a [8] 43:13 47:20 48:20 49:1,	Abbott [1] 19:22	almost [1] 54:17	back-door [1] 53:19
13 56 :5 64 :16 65 :15	abide [1] 8:17	alone [1] 45:1	backdrop [1] 54:1
1440(a)'s [1] 51:11	ability [1] 26:17	already [2] 29:9 30:8	bad [2] 52:6 59:24
1441 [12] 8 :7,17 9 :24 10 :23 13 :17	able [7] 4:10 27:16 47:22 51:1 52:	alterations [1] 43:12	balancing [1] 53:9
16 :23,24 26 :20,24 37 :14 45 :1 61 :	18 58 :7 59: 3	although [2] 15:4,14	Bank 3 36:2,2 60:8
24	above-entitled [1] 1:13	amended [2] 35:15 56:10	bankruptcy [4] 37:3,6 61:23 62:
1441(a [29] 3 :24 4 :11,23 7 :5,15 13 :	absolutely 🖾 13:17 39:10 64:11	amendment [1] 54:6	24
24 14 :11 16 :4 17 :1 25 :10 27 :24	abstraction [1] 61:11	amends [1] 47:3	BARNETTE [81] 1:18 2:3,9 3:6,7,9
33: 25 34: 3 35: 3,4,4,13,15,16 36:	abuses [2] 47:10 60:17	America [4] 54:9,10 62:6,23	4:21 5:13,18,22 6:10,16,23 7:1,5,
13,24,25 37 :9,24 40 :4,15 43 :4 66 :	accept [4] 10:13,19 53:6 54:21	among [2] 24 :17 33 :20	
24 68 :18	accepted [1] 31:4	amount [3] 11:12 50:12 67:15	9,13 8 :1,11,21 9 :11,19,25 10 :22
1441(c 5 27:2 33:25 34:1,3 36:25	accordance [1] 63:23	analogy [1] 59 :10	11: 8,17,23 12: 8,16,21 13: 3,10,23
1444(a [1] 33 :18	accurate [1] 31:6	analysis 5 10:14 17:1 18:2 21:18	14 :12 15 :3 16 :2,25 17 :6,11,16 18 :
1446 [15] 5 :1 10 :25 27 :1,13 35 :4,8	Act [7] 4:1 5:8 53:9 54:10,10 62:6,	27 :18	14,23 19 :8,16 20 :3,8,11,14,20 21 :
47 :4,7 48 :21 60 :19 63 :24 65 :12	23	animal [1] 37:11	6,13,16,24 22 :3,7,14,23 23 :22 24 :
66: 1,6,17	action [116] 3:22,25,25 4:13,18 5:	another	3,7,10,13,19 25 :14,25 26 :1,19,23
1446(b [4] 11:17 27:2 34:8 67:24	16 10 :17,18,24 11 :3,10,16,21 12 :9,	answer [6] 8:5 9:15 18:20 39:12	27 :1,23 30 :18 31 :5 32 :8,11,18,23
1453 [23] 10 :23 21 :19 43 :10 45 :11,	17,18 13 :1,8,8 14 :1,2,13,23 15 :8,	51:4 59: 5	33: 2,5 67: 7,9,11
13,21,21,22 46 :20 47 :2,3,13,19,22	10 16 :8,12,16 17 :7 18 :21,25 19 :2,	answers [1] 22:22	based [7] 12:4 29:7 37:13,13,15
48 :22 49 :5 55 :15 60 :19 66 :4,5,6,	3,3,5,6,11,12 20 :7 21 :3,4,8,12 22 :	antitrust [2] 48:7,9	52 :9 54 :12
16,20	6,9,9,11,12,23 23 :1,4,10,12,18,20,	anyhow [2] 43:21 61:14	basically [6] 4:9 5:24 29:25 30:13
1453(b [1] 32:21	25 24 :3,8,12,15,15,18,22 25 :9,12,	apart [1] 10:13	41 :3 50 :25
15 [1] 1:11	12,22,24 26 :9,16,17 27 :6,7,18,19	appeal [1] 30:16	basis [1] 52:10
17-1471 [1] 3:4	28 :3,5,13,23 30 :25 31 :10 32 :24	appear [1] 29:11	battle [1] 59:14
1789 [1] 5:8	34 :4,5,10,13,23 35 :1 39 :18 40 :5	APPEARANCES [1] 1:17	became [1] 32:1
1765 [1] 5.6 1887 [1] 6:4	42 :13 43 :16 45 :23,25 46 :6,8,10,	apple [1] 50:7	become [1] 68:2
	12,12,16 48 :4,6,14 49 :1,18 50 :17	applied [4] 18:3 36:4,9 62:17	becomes [1] 56:12
1890s [1] 49:15 1894 [1] 36:3	51 :12 57 :16 60 :25 61 :25 63 :2,23	applies [3] 36:16,17 45:4	becoming 11 15:5
	64 :1,1,21 68 :5	apply [11] 23:14,20,21 29:9,17 30:	beginning [4] 38:17,19,25 39:3
19 [1] 49:23	actions [13] 15:6 21:22 22:10 31:	6,8 35 :13,14 36 :8 65 :13	behalf [9] 1:19,21 2:4,7,10 3:8 33:
19(a)(2 [1] 6:20	23 47 :13 49 :25 60 :2,3,6,10,15 64 :	applying [1] 65 :23	12,19 67: 10
1950s [1] 36:14	17 67 :19	approach [2] 10:14 29:1	believe [1] 16:3
2	Actually [7] 17:24 31:6 33:20 37:	approval [1] 4:19	belong [1] 14: 9
2 [3] 5 :7 21 :19 62 :9	17 42 :21 59 :20 60 :2	approving [1] 4 :20	belongs [1] 28:12
20 [1] 6 :2	added [1] 18:1	aren't [1] 59:25	beside [1] 49:10
2011 [1] 54 :5	additional 5 4:17 7:22 10:3 17:	argue [1] 63 :15	better [1] 49:6
2019 [1] 1:11	25 31 :9	arguing [4] 25:15 37:5,7,13	between [5] 24:16 35:4 36:25 49:
23 [19] 19 :4,6,7,12 20 :7 21 :4,12,25	address [1] 55:11	argument [23] 1:14 2:2,5,8 3:4,7 8:	18 50: 20
23 :13 23 :4,0,7,12 20 :7 21 :4,12,23 22 :13 23 :4,13,13,19,21 26 :15 45 :		14 18 :18 23 :2,15,16,17 30 :13 33 :	beyond [1] 17:23
4 46 :9,11,19	addressing [1] 31:1	11 37 :4 42 :8 44 :25 47 :1 48 :15 58 :	big [2] 40 :19 55 :1
286 [1] 61: 2	adjudicates [1] 23:19 adjust [1] 8:22	21 59 :4 61 :8 67 :8	binary [2] 6 :12 9 :6
<u> </u>	adjust (1) 8:22 admittedly (1) 62:8	arguments [1] 44:22	bite [1] 50:7
3	1	arose [1] 31:21	BLAND [61] 1:20 2:6 33:10,11,13
3 [4] 2 :4 15 :10 23 :23 25 :23	adopting [1] 43:13	around [7] 31:22 42:20,22 43:15	34 :11,15,25 35 :14 37 :17 38: 3,6,
30 [1] 11 :19	advantage [2] 45:22 46:19	47:8 51 :10 52 :1	21 39 :4,9,14 40 :3,10,13,24 41 :12
33 [1] 2:7	advocacy [1] 49:3	arrows [1] 25:6	42 :4,25 43 :25 44 :4,9,14 45 :15,19
-	advocate [1] 43:19	u110W3 [1] 23.0	

46:23 47:2,24 48:2,19 49:8,12 53: 8,23 **54:**13,19,22,24 **55:**16,19,25 **56**:3,23 **57**:7,12 **59**:8,11 **63**:20 **64**: 23 65:9 66:1,4,6,8,11,15,25 blog [1] 43:21 both [3] 6:3 65:21 67:25 BREYER [44] 18:13,15,24 19:10, 18,25 20:4,9,12,16 21:1,7,11,14, 23 22:1,4,8,21,25 23:5 24:2,5,9 32:4.10.13.15.19.25 33:3 43:10 44:17.20 45:10.17.20 46:25 47:21 **48**:1.3 **49**:9 **58**:19 **59**:9 brief [3] 31:7 59:13 61:16 briefly [1] 8:22 bring [4] 19:16 52:7,11,19 bringing [6] 7:23 20:17,18 24:22 27:11 36:21 brings [2] 20:16 50:9 broadening [1] 51:6 broadly [1] 29:18 brought [13] 13:19 17:2 18:7,11 19:13 25:13 26:10.11 42:5.10.15 46:12 64:1 brown [2] 56:16 59:10 buddy [1] 58:5 built [3] 51:22 52:2,6 bunch [2] 54:2 62:17 business-to-business [1] 51:14 C

cabined [1] 57:15 CAFA [46] 12:9 14:13 16:5,13 20: 15 **21**:18 **26**:20 **28**:1,15 **29**:10 **30**: 8 **31:**22,23 **32:**1 **35:**16 **42:**14,16, 20,21,22 43:3,4,9 47:8,24 53:4,6,9, 9,9,15 **57**:22 **59**:11,24 **60**:4 **61**:15, 15,18 63:5 66:4,18 67:14,20,25 68:5.19 California [1] 51:25 call [1] 68:10 called [1] 20:19 calls [1] 59:13 came [5] 1:13 32:1 42:18 55:3 65: cannot [1] 45:16 capable [1] 67:19 card [1] 42:11 care [2] 48:5,10 Carolina [3] 61:3,4,5 17 **13:**16 **15:**9.22 **16:**11 **18:**6.8.11. 12,12 23:8 25:17,21 26:4,8 28:7,8, 17.24 **29:**20 **33:**17.20 **36:**2.3.3.5.6. 9 37:6 38:17 39:21 40:25 41:25 **42**:5,11 **43**:7 **45**:2 **49**:13 **50**:3,22

Case [63] 3:4.13.16 4:6.7 8:16 12:8. **52**:23 **54**:7,9 **58**:17 **60**:8 **61**:1,2,7, 7,11 **65**:2 **67**:23,25 **68**:19,22,23 cases [28] 18:1 29:4,6,16,25 31:10, 11,11,12,15,17 33:23 35:7 36:8 47:10 49:15 50:1 51:18,19 52:4, 18,19 **54**:17,18 **59**:19 **62**:17 **65**:21, central [1] 36:3

certainly [4] 22:17 28:3 34:23 65: Chamber [1] 59:12 chance [2] 7:4,7 change [8] 43:3 52:14,18 56:7 57: 23 64:15 65:11 67:3 changed [1] 54:4 changes [6] 47:3,13 59:15 66:1,6, changing [1] 65:13 Cherokee [3] 21:17 29:9 43:7 CHIEF [17] 3:3.9 33:8.13 34:7.12. 16 **35**:12 **47**:5 **56**:15 **57**:3.8 **64**:19 **65**:7 **67**:5.11 **68**:21 choice [1] 9:6 choose [1] 7:11 chose [5] 28:22 41:4,7,24 42:2 Circuit [9] 4:1 30:15 31:16,20 33: 21,21,23 51:10 60:7 Circuit's [1] 68:19 Circuits [3] 17:25 31:8.17 circumstances [1] 31:10 cited [1] 62:10 Citi [2] 28:5.8 Citibank [3] 42:4,9,10 citizen [1] 63:25 City [1] 25:19 Civil [62] 6:2 10:17,24 11:3,9,21 14: 1,1,23 **15**:8,10 **16**:8 **19**:2,3,5,6,11 20:6 21:4,12 22:9,10,12,23 23:1,4, 24,25 24:8,12,15,15,18,22 25:9,12, 24 26:9,15,17 27:6,7 28:3 34:4,4, 10,13,23 39:18 40:5 46:8,10,12,16 48:25 49:18 50:17 51:12 57:16 61: 25 63:1 64:21 claim [64] 7:22 8:15 9:21 10:3 3 15 15.18.20.20 **11:**8.11.11.16.18.20 **12**:3,13,14,16 **13**:6,11,14 **14**:17,19, 20,24,25 **16**:16,17,18,22,22,24 **17**: 15 20:19 23:9 25:1,1 26:5,6,11,12, 14,21,22 27:3,6,15 28:11 37:1 38: 16 **49**:19 **50**:10,16,16,19,19 **51**:2 52:16 53:5,16 55:20 63:1 claim-by-claim [3] 10:14 27:17 **52:**10 claiming [1] 12:5 claims [23] 11:2 13:19,21 14:1,9 **17:**2 **24:**16 **26:**15.25 **27:**2.10.11 **28**:6.7 **34**:3 **35**:20 **37**:3 **39**:19 **46**: 15 **51**:13 **61**:3,23,24 class [51] 3:21,25,25 4:13 12:9,17, 18 **14**:13 **15**:6 **16**:12 **17**:7 **18**:21, 25 **19**:2,11 **21**:3,8,22 **22**:6,18 **23**: 10,12,18 24:3 25:22 28:13,23 30: 25 31:10,23 32:23 42:13 43:16 45: 23,25 46:6 47:13 48:4,6,13 49:25 **60**:1,3,6,10,15,25 **63**:23 **64**:17 **67**: 19 68:5 Clause [1] 29:24

clear [5] 13:12 58:12 62:13 66:13

clearly [5] 11:1 20:11,14 25:23 28:

clever [2] 23:16 49:5

67:22

code [4] 37:3 48:11 61:23 62:24 collection [1] 28:5 colloquial [2] 40:14 56:24 colloquially [1] 57:4 colorfully [1] 59:13 come [3] 9:22 40:18,21 comes [5] 23:16 35:18 38:7 40:21 **53:**18 commenced [1] 23:25 commences [2] 15:10 24:7 Commerce [1] 59:13 commercial [1] 39:15 companies [1] 51:23 company [4] 50:25 51:2 52:7,18 complaint [22] 14:6,9 15:11 16:1 **18**:10 **23**:25 **24**:4 **25**:22,23 **27**:22 **34**:6 **35**:21,23 **37**:10,15 **38**:1,7,11, 12 **39:**3,17 **62:**9 complete [1] 50:13 completely [1] 14:24 complicated [3] 37:19 39:21 61: compromise [1] **59**:12 compromises [2] 67:14,17 conceived [1] 34:23 concept [1] 56:25 conceptualize [2] 34:17,18 concern [1] 58:2 concerned [1] 47:10 conclusion [1] 68:12 concurrent [1] 30:1 confusing [1] 66:12 Congress [28] 5:24 6:12 9:7 30:25 41:16.20 42:17 47:9 53:12.21 54: 1.4.8.13.25 55:8.10 56:8 57:25 58: 1 **60**:8.20 **61**:21 **62**:18.20 **63**:5 **65**: 4 67:2 Connecticut [1] 50:25 consent [4] 7:19 10:10 58:10 64:3 constitute [1] 24:21 constitution [2] 5:6 29:24 construction [1] 3:12 consumer [1] 3:21 contemplate [1] 15:16 contemplating [1] 15:14 context [2] 40:4 58:14 contracts [1] 8:13 contrast [1] 38:7 contribution [1] 3:19 controversy [3] 11:12 61:17 67: corporations [1] 51:18 correct [14] 4:22,24 5:17,18 7:12 9: 19 **10:**23 **13:**17 **18:**23 **20:**3 **30:**19, 20 **42**:24 **54**:19 correctly [1] 33:17

25 12:3.22.25 13:6.12 19:13.17 20:23 24:20 31:22 40:25 41:6 49: 22 52:17 55:20 56:18 65:24 counterclaimants [3] 36:18 57: 19 **62**:5 counterclaims [4] 13:13 25:4 43: 14.17 country [1] 51:10 counts [2] 16:23,23 couple [3] 22:14 29:3 67:13 course [3] 26:14 28:6 68:8 COURT [80] 1:1.14 3:10.22 4:1.5 5: 3,23 **6**:5,11 **7**:16 **8**:1 **10**:1,25 **14**: 10 **15**:11,20,21 **19**:8 **23**:19,23 **24**: 1,4 **25**:24 **27**:5,16 **28**:11,12,18,20 **29**:5,8,17 **30**:5,14 **31**:25 **33**:14 **35**: 18 **36**:11 **37**:20 **40**:16 **41**:1,7,8,9, 24,25 42:3,5,11,14,23 43:6 45:3,4, 11 **46**:18 **47**:11,12 **50**:6,23 **51**:15, 16 **53**:7,17,19,20 **54**:17,18 **55**:6 **57**:18 **58**:18 **59**:19 **60**:4 **61**:1.12 62:10 65:2 21 22 Court's [8] 4:4 9:3 21:17 25:18 29: 16 30:7 54:6 62:7 courts [21] 4:7 12:11 14:2.15.19 **15**:1 **16**:9 **17**:21 **18**:4 **28**:14 **29**:21 **30**:4,11,16 **31**:15 **36**:14 **51**:9,10, 20 20 24 cover [2] 48:4 59:16 covering [1] 59:17 covers [2] 44:23 48:4 create [1] 37:2 creating [1] 30:25 credit [1] 42:11 criminal [1] 48:11 cross-claim [4] 49:21 52:7.11.17 cross-claimants [1] 36:18 cross-claims [1] 25:5 crystal-clear [1] 64:11

D

d)(1 [1] 21:21 **D.C** [2] **1:**10,20 Dart [3] 21:17 29:9 43:7 day [1] 58:13 days [2] 11:19 35:11 deal [2] 27:10 52:5 debt [2] 28:5 42:11 decades [1] 30:12 decide [7] 14:25 15:24 17:10 52:4. 23 24 65:1 decision [4] 53:21 54:7 62:18.19 decisions [2] 61:21 62:8 defeat [1] 28:25 defendant [109] 3:11,14,16,17,20, 21 4:4,7,10,17 5:21 6:8,13,17 7:2, 13,14,17,22,23 8:9,10,13,15,16,18 25 9:5,8,13,18,22,23 10:4 12:3,15, 22,25 13:7,12,18,22 14:20 16:7,7, 11,12,12 **17**:3,22 **18**:9 **19**:13 **20**:2, 24,24,25 22:6 24:23 26:7,9,11 39: 25 40:4,5,15,25 44:25 47:16,17 49:19.20.21 50:5.9.13.23 51:7 52: 3,12,15 54:9 55:14,21,22,24 56:2,

22

cost [1] 11:15

Costello [1] 19:22

Couldn't [1] 30:22

count [2] 8:6.16

counsel [5] 8:4 9:14 33:9 67:6 68:

counterclaim [22] 3:15 8:6,8,23,

certain [2] 53:12 60:19

4,18,19,20,21,23 **57:**1,14 **58:**16,23 **61:**5 **62:**25 **63:**18,25 **64:**2,15,21, 25 65:15,17 68:8,11,13 defendant's [3] 49:21 50:4 52:15 defendant-plaintiff [1] 10:8 defendants [33] 4:14,24 5:14,17 6: 1,3,5 **7**:2,14,20 **8**:6,7,24,25 **18**:1,1 29:7 36:17 39:25 40:9.12 43:15 **45**:12 **47**:16 **50**:20 **57**:5 **58**:4.8 **63**: 16 17 **64**:3 **65**:24 **68**:16 define [1] 48:9 defined [6] 22:24 48:5.6.9.10.14 definition [4] 12:10 19:1 46:21 51: definitions [1] 21:21 **Delaware** [1] 51:20 DEPOT [20] 1:3 3:5,11,15,17,20 4: 3 **24**:4 **25**:21 **40**:1 **55**:13,14 **61**:5 **63**:12,18 **65**:8,18 **68**:12,15,17 describing [1] 56:17 despite [1] 42:14 determine [2] 11:3 12 determined [1] 27:21 determining [1] 27:19 device [1] 32:1 difference [1] 49:18 different [12] 11:6 33:24 37:11 42: 1 48:5 49:22 52:25 55:21 61:20 64:17 65:16 66:18 differently [2] 62:24 63:7 direct [1] 22:22 direction [1] 25:7 directs [1] 21:19 disagree [4] 25:15 33:22 43:2 56: discover [1] 46:4 discussion [1] 49:17 disputes [1] 51:14 distinction [2] 34:1 36:24 district [14] 12:11 14:2,15,19 16:9 28:14 30:14 36:13 45:3,4 51:9 54: 16,18 65:22 diversity [16] 4:23 5:4,5 29:14 30: 7 31:11 36:5,8,9 50:11,13,19 51:3 **52**:9 **62**:17 **67**:19 division [1] 33:20 document [1] 25:21 doing [2] 32:16,20 done [7] 54:13 55:9 62:5,22,22 63: 7 67:14 doubts [1] 30:5 dozens [2] 51:9.9 draws [2] 34:1,2 E

each [9] 5:9 47:6 58:15,15,16 64:5, 20,20,25 earlier [2] 43:11 53:25 easier [1] 31:24 Easterbrook [1] 60:6 effect [1] 49:25 effectively [1] 52:24 effort [1] 66:13 eight-year [1] 59:14

either [3] 6:13 9:7 28:9 Eleventh [5] 17:24 31:8,16 33:21, empirically [1] 43:17 encompass [1] 40:20 end [3] 49:1 59:6 61:12 ended [1] 59:17 ends [1] 49:14 engraft [1] 55:10 enough [1] 40:19 entire [3] 27:7 28:3 61:8 entirely [1] 61:4 entitled [4] 3:24 7:14 12:6 68:18 entitles [1] 11:10 entitling [1] 11:9 enunciated [1] 36:10 equivalent [3] 19:9 21:25 60:12 erred [2] 4:2.8 **ESQ** [5] 1:18,20 2:3,6,9 essentially [6] 15:8 16:20 43:12 47:346 established [1] 9:7 establishes [4] 11:18 14:14 25:24 27:4 even [8] 8:8.9 9:20 34:22 50:11 52: 13 **55**:7 **61**:7 event [1] 29:12 everybody [3] 5:16 7:11 8:15 everyone [3] 35:9 58:10 64:9 everything [4] 60:23 61:19 62:1,2 everywhere [1] 64:18 exact [3] 34:1 62:10,22 Exactly [7] 23:6 24:2 62:5 66:10, 25 67:2 68:4 example [3] 37:3 51:17 61:1 except [2] 35:15 64:1 exception [1] 61:15 excluding [1] 24:25 excuse [4] 10:2 16:16 35:20 60:7 exercise [1] 29:22 existed [1] 52:13 existing [2] 15:9 28:24 exists [2] 15:25 17:14 expanding [1] 28:16 expands [1] 8:13 expect [2] 4:21 60:2 explain [1] 37:19 express [1] 53:11 extended [1] 68:14

Exxon 4 11:1,1 27:5 29:16

extending [1] 4:8

extremely [1] 49:5

extent [1] 48:24

fact [2] 3:13 28:22 fairly [1] 57:10 Fairness [1] 3:25 fall [1] 10:13 far [1] 16:5 favor [2] 30:5 31:14 favors [2] 63:12,14 federal [40] 4:1 5:10 6:20 12:6 14: 10 15:21 18:4 21:25 23:24 25:3

27:4.12.15.16 28:16.18 29:21 30: 3,3 31:15,25 36:20 37:2 38:8 41:9, 25 **42**:5 **45**:11 **46**:18 **47**:12,20 **50**: 6,23 **51**:16,19 **53**:7,17 **58**:18 **60**: 25 **65**:2 federalize [6] 60:1,5,9,15,22 62:1 federalized [1] 62:2 feel [2] 17:11 39:15 field [2] 53:11 60:13 Fifth [5] 17:24 31:8.16 33:21.23 figure [4] 15:19 18:17 32:7 33:1 file [6] 10:2 19:11 20:6 21:12 23:18 28:23 filed [28] 3:22 15:6,8 19:3,5,6 20: 13 21:4,8 22:9,10,12,12 23:3,4,9 24:3 28:17,19 31:23 46:8,11,17, 17,18 **53:**16 **67:**24 **68:**5 files [3] 7:22 22:6 34:5 filing [7] 13:1 15:11 21:24 22:15, 20 23:25 25:23 find [3] 37:10 48:18 52:7 finding [1] 38:10 fine [1] 44:17 first [12] 3:4 16:24 18:7 36:10 40: 24 41:12 43:3 46:5 50:7 53:23 60: 7.8 fit [2] 8:20 46:20 five [2] 59:23 67:7 fix [2] 60:21 62:21 fixed [1] 56:5 flaw [1] 18:16 flood [2] 31:14,17 focus [1] 25:16 focused [1] 49:2 focusing [2] 25:10 48:20 following [1] 29:4 Footnote [1] 62:9 force [1] 30:21 forever [1] 43:15 Forget [1] 21:1 form [1] 6:7 forth [4] 33:16 34:8 47:18 57:20 forum [6] 5:10 7:7,12 12:7 41:5 42: forward [2] 30:2 61:16 found [3] 29:23 42:22 66:23 founded [1] 29:11 four [2] 37:7 43:4 Fourth [2] 4:1 68:19 framers [3] 5:5,9 29:14 frankly [1] 29:10

front [4] 56:6,13 57:24 58:25 further [2] 41:11 67:1

fraud [1] 3:21

freestanding [1] 34:19

friend [3] 33:19 36:6 37:4

generally [3] 4:14 20:22 30:16 GEORGE [1] 1:6 Georgia [1] 1:18 gerbil [1] 56:12 gets [1] 42:12 getting [2] 15:6 42:20

G

gigantic [1] 49:24 give [1] 26:20 given [7] 6:1,3,4 7:1 9:3 30:22 46: gives [3] 14:7 16:13 26:16 giving [1] 22:22 GORSUCH [6] 7:25 8:4,12 9:9,14, got [4] 9:15 18:10 45:7 59:3 govern [3] 4:5 23:8 49:15 governed [1] 26:14 governs [2] 25:17 46:17 grant [8] 35:16,17 47:19 48:21,22 59:2 66:21.22 great [1] 48:15 grenade [1] 60:16 grinding [1] 59:13 grounds [1] 63:9 growing [1] 32:2 guarantee [1] 6:8 guy [1] 43:21

Н

hand [1] 60:16 happen [1] 8:20 happened [3] 26:2 53:2 68:4 happens [3] 21:8 46:13 52:3 hard [3] 19:22 58:21 63:15 hate [2] 32:4.5 hear [1] 3:3 heard [2] 58:20 61:18 hearings [2] 55:3,4 Heat [2] 8:2 10:2 Heats [1] 10:1 held [7] 6:11 7:16 11:1 29:5,6,9 30: help [1] 49:10 himself [1] 22:19 history [2] 5:3.23 holding [6] 4:2,4,8 9:3,4 25:19 holdings [1] 68:14 Holmes [1] 54:7 **HOME** [22] **1:**3 **3:**5,11,15,17,20 **4:**3 **24**:4 **25**:21 **40**:1 **47**:17 **55**:13,14 **61:**5,13 **63:**12,18 **65:**8,18 **68:**12, 15,17 Honor [36] 4:22 5:19,22 6:11,23 8: 21 10:22 12:8 13:4 14:12 15:3 16: 3,25 17:16 19:9 20:20 21:13 23: 22 24:19 25:14 27:24 29:3 30:19 31:6 32:3.9 33:7 34:11 35:4 37:17 43:1 53:8 55:16 56:24 65:10 66:

Honors [5] **33**:24 **61**:9 **67**:4,13 **68**: 12 However [1] **34**:16

However [1] 34:16 hypothetical [1] 45:5

idea [7] 33:16 42:18 43:14,15 51:5, 6 54:15 ignore [1] 16:20 III [1] 5:7 impleaders [1] 25:5

implicates [1] 53:3 important [6] 5:5,9 30:10 32:6,11 37:1 inaccurate [1] 20:23 INC [1] 1:3 include [2] 55:24 63:18 included [1] 57:21 includes [2] 24:16 56:21 including [1] 34:18 increasingly [1] 15:5 incredibly [1] 61:10 indemnity [1] 3:18 Indianapolis [1] 25:19 individual [1] 50:1 individually [1] 5:21 injury [1] 50:22 instead [5] 50:16 51:12 60:13 62: 25 **63**:1 insurance [1] 51:1 insurer [3] 50:8,10,24 intended [3] 43:9 11 60:5 interested [1] 51:23 interpreted [2] 30:11 57:18 interrupt [1] 33:4

. .

isn't [8] 16:23 34:24 38:25 46:16

issue [3] 31:20 41:23 62:20

Invents [4] 54:10,10 62:6,23

involuntary [2] 6:19,21

involved [1] 20:21

involves [1] 53:2

involving [1] 61:2

51:3 **59**:2.6 **64**:19

issues [2] 52:1 55:2

itself [2] 47:19 57:15

JACKSON [9] 1:6 3:5.22 15:7 22: 17 23:3.9 28:6.22 Jackson's [1] 4:19 January [1] 1:11 ioinder [1] 15:16 ioins [1] 24:11 Jose [1] 51:24 Judge [1] 60:6 judgment [1] 68:19 Judiciary [1] 5:8 jump [1] 43:16 juris [1] 38:8 jurisdiction [78] 4:23 5:6 11:4,19 12:4.11 14:3.5.8.15.18 15:1.21.25 **16**:9,13,21 **17**:7,8,14,15 **26**:18,20 27:4.20 28:4.10.14.17 29:14.15.22 30:1 33:15 35:2.7.17.18.20.22 36: 7.12.22.23 **37:**2.10.14.23.25 **38:**9. 10,16,19 39:2,23 40:6 41:23 42:6, 7 **47**:20 **48**:21,23,25 **49**:14 **50**:11 **51:**3 **54:**5 **57:**17 **62:**12,15 **65:**18, 19 66:22,23 67:22,23 68:1,3 jurisdictional [3] 29:18 37:8 50: JUSTICE [156] 3:3,9 4:12 5:11,14, 20 6:6,14,18,25 7:3,6,10,25 8:4,5,

12 9:9.14.20 10:10.12 11:6.14.22.

25 12:12.19.24 13:5.23.24 14:17

15:12 16:14 17:5,9,13 18:13,15,
24 19:10,18,25 20:4,9,12,16 21:1,
7,11,14,23 22:1,4,8,21,25 23:2,5,7
24:2,5,9,10,14,24 25:25 26:3,22,
24 27:9 30:9,20 32:4,10,13,15,19,
25 33:3,8,13,16 34:2,7,12,16 35:
12 37:12 38:2,5,14,22,24 39:1,2,7,
7,11,11,20 40:7,11,17 41:2 42:2,9
43:10,23 44:2,6,12,17,20 45:10,17,
20 46:11,25 47:5,21 48:1,3 49:9
52:20,22 53:15,24 54:11,15,20,23
55:13,17,23 56:1,15 57:3,8 58:19
59:9 63:10 64:19 65:7,25 66:5,7,
10,12,16 67:5,12,21 68:7,21

KAGAN [25] 13:23 14:17 15:12 16:

14 17:5,9,13 24:10,14,24 25:25 26:3,22,24 27:9 34:2 38:24 39:2 46:12 65:25 66:5,7,10,12,16 Kagan's [2] 39:12 67:21 KAVANAUGH [4] 55:13,17,23 56: 1 Kavanaugh's [1] 68:7 keep [3] 15:6 28:9 42:23 kept [1] 47:11 key [3] 11:20 41:18,18 kind [7] 23:10 24:25 34:24 40:11 56:1 61:6 63:18 kinds [1] 25:6 knows [1] 54:1

labels [1] **25**:17 language [15] **16**:10,20 **18**:10 **22**:

16 26:19 27:25 28:1 37:13 41:14, 19 46:2,3 59:1 62:10 68:18 large [1] 60:10 later [1] 33:1 Laughter [12] 19:24 21:10 32:14 39:6,13 44:8,19 45:9 49:7,11 57:6 66:14 law [21] 29:2 30:23 31:3,7,18,20 33:18,20 42:20 43:18,19,23 44:2,14, 17 48:7,9 50:3 52:6,13 61:4 laws [1] 54:3 lawsuit [4] 11:24 14:21,22,23 lawyers [2] 54:3 58:2

least [3] 8:18 44:24 61:10 leave [1] 10:21 leaves [1] 56:13 left [1] 46:7

legislating [1] 54:2 less [2] 15:5 32:25 liberal [1] 15:16

life [1] 66:15 Light [2] 8:2 10:2

likely [1] 32:16 limit [1] 51:11

limitation [2] **40**:20,21 limitations [1] **4**:16

line [1] 65:21 list [1] 59:22 Listen [1] 18:15 local [3] 61:14,14,17 longer [4] 9:17 28:7,8 47:15 look [40] 11:2,11,15,16 12:14 14:5,

literally [1] 51:9

live [1] 61:3

little [2] 42:10 58:21

6,25 **15**:20,24 **17**:14,22 **18**:24 **19**: 25 **21**:21 **25**:20 **26**:4 **29**:13,15,20 **31**:15 **32**:16,16 **37**:25 **38**:11 **39**:24 **40**:25 **41**:3 **42**:22 **45**:21 **46**:10 **48**:

40:25 41:3 42:22 45:21 46:10 48: 3,8 50:16 52:10 53:1 60:8,18 63: 21,22 looked [5] 5:23,23 40:16 48:12,13

looking 9 12:13 13:6,7,8,10 27: 21 36:15 41:13 50:18 lot [13] 20:21 31:19 44:1 49:17 51: 14,17,21,21,22,25 59:18 60:24 61:

lots [1] 40:13

lower [4] 4:7 17:21 29:5 30:11

М

made [6] 6:12,21 52:5 59:15 61:22 62:18

main [1] **7**:7 majority [1] **49**:3 many [3] **25**:3.3 **35**:10

Mata [1] 29:20

matter [3] 1:13 11:24 62:15 mean [31] 14:5 15:23 16:14 17:9 18:5 19:6,23 23:15 26:13 28:25 32:10 37:21 38:4 48:10 53:3 54:

11,12,23,24 **55**:6,12 **56**:11 **57**:9 **58**:20 **61**:1,6 **64**:5,16,20 **67**:23 **68**:

meaning [4] **40**:15 **56**:5 **57**:14 **65**:

meanings [1] 46:1 means [6] 19:2 46:8 56:16 58:14, 15 64:17

meant [4] **57:**9 **61:**25 **64:**12,13 meet [2] **35:**23.24

mention [1] 29:4

Merchant [2] 8:1 10:1 Merchants [1] 10:1

Mexican [1] 36:5

might [6] **8**:16 **14**:17 **15**:12,13 **34**: 18 **44**:24

million [6] **67:**16,16,17,18 **68:**9,9 mind [1] **52:**19

minimal [1] 67:18

minutes [1] 67:7 morning [1] 3:4

movie [1] 19:23

much [3] 31:24 32:5 67:4 multi-state [1] 60:10

multitude [1] 24:16

myself [1] 17:10 myths [1] 59:23

Ν

name [2] 21:8 51:1 namely [1] 22:6 narrowly [1] 29:19

National [2] 36:5.6 nationalize [1] 61:19 nature [3] 14:24 36:19 64:15 necessarily [1] 57:9 need 5 4:18 7:18 45:13,21 47:22 negligence [1] 50:3 never [10] 7:3,6 12:6 26:5 42:4,6 **44:**10 **54:**25 **60:**5 **66:**3 new [10] 7:23 15:8 18:1 24:12.21. 22.23 25:9 28:23 48:22 next [1] 36:4 Nobody [1] 47:21 non-federal [1] 14:24 none [1] 23:13 nor [1] 29:18 normally [1] 12:2 North [3] 61:3,4,5 noted [1] 21:20 nothing [1] 46:3 notice [1] 34:9 noun [2] 56:13 14 number [4] 43:1 55:7 66:1,17

Ο

obligation [1] 29:22 occasions [1] 55:7 occurred [1] 26:5

Oil [18] 4:4,6,9 5:2,23 6:5,10 7:15 9: 2 29:5 36:15,16 40:22,24 41:3,10, 13,14

Oil's [1] 68:14

Okay [12] 18:24 19:3 20:4 38:6 40: 7,17 45:20 48:1,14 54:21 59:11 64:20

once [6] **10**:2 **11**:12,13,18 **27**:5 **59**: 3

one [33] 5:10 7:11 11:13,13 15:24, 24 20:6 24:11,15,18,25 25:8,10,12 26:15 27:6,12,15 30:2 34:20 39: 16 42:14 52:4 55:2 57:16 58:4,6 59:21,25 61:18 62:7 66:4,23 only [28] 3:13 5:15 6:1,4 9:6 13:18, 19,21 15:24 17:1,3,21 18:5,7 21:3 24:14,18 25:12 29:6 31:21,25 38: 11 39:16 46:17 57:10,22 59:2 66: 23

23
operates [1] 29:2
opinion [1] 21:19
opportunity [1] 7:11
opposing [2] 4:20 13:15
oral [5] 1:14 2:2,5 3:7 33:11
order [1] 16:21
ordinary [1] 40:8
origin [1] 40:23
original [98] 3:21 4:6,7,10 5:6,8,16

7:16,21 8:10 9:1,21 10:4,7 12:4, 10 13:1,7,16,18,20,21,22 14:3,5,7, 7,14,18,25 15:1,21,25 16:1,9,13, 21 17:2,3,6,8,13,14,15,22 24:21 25:2,13 26:5,7,9,10,18,20 27:20, 21 28:5,14 29:6 33:15 35:2,17,19, 22 36:7,12,23 37:14,23 38:10,16, 18,24 39:1,3,16,17,18,23 40:6 41: 23 42:6,7 48:25 49:14,20 50:17,

18 **52:**16 **53:**4 **57:**16 **62:**11 **65:**18. 19 67:21,23 68:1,3 Originally [4] 5:25 42:15 53:17 67: other [18] 4:15 7:19 10:6 17:19 19: 19.20 **25**:16 **29**:3 **30**:2 **34**:2 **37**:1 **44**:22 **47**:6 **52**:25 **56**:17 **57**:17,20 **58**:25 otherwise [4] 4:2 18:12 34:19 66: out [23] 10:11 12:23 15:19 17:19 **18**:17 **23**:16 **31**:7.19.25 **32**:7 **33**:1. 17 36:4 38:10 40:19 41:4 45:8 47: 7 48:18 49:16 50:23 58:3 67:25 out-of-state [3] 50:8,10,24 outside [1] 4:13 over [17] 20:5,5 26:18,21,22 28:4 31:2 35:1,7,20,21,22 37:2 46:11 **48**:25 **50**:11 **59**:15 overall [1] 12:13 overarching [1] 11:23 overturn [1] 54:6 own [1] 6:7

Ρ

PAGE [2] 2:2 21:19 part [4] 4:25 19:22 35:5 65:12 particular [2] 52:1 60:17 parties [7] 8:24 10:8 15:17 24:17 **25:**3 **31:**9 **68:**15 parties' [1] 25:18 party [11] 7:23 11:10 13:14,15 17: 25 22:16,18 24:11,12 54:8 62:25 PAUL [3] 1:20 2:6 33:11 peer [3] 44:3,13,15 peer-reviewed [1] 43:20 people [7] 6:21 57:4 59:18,24,24 60:1 61:2 percent [2] 60:3 61:2 perhaps [1] 52:22 person [2] 21:7.11 personal [1] 50:22 Petitioner [5] 1:4,19 2:4 3:8 67:10 Petitioners [1] 2:10 pick [2] 7:7 58:4 picture [1] 50:2 place [2] 15:24 66:23 plain [8] 3:23 4:11 11:5 18:10 26: 19 27:25 28:1 68:17 plaintiff [34] 4:6 6:13,17,20 7:16, 24 8:3 9:1,8,12,17,21 10:5,6,7 13: 20.21 14:7 17:2 19:6.20.21.21 20: 1 **22:**20 **24:**21 **25:**2.13 **26:**10 **27:** 11 34:5 41:4 46:13 50:5 plaintiff's [8] 14:6,8 16:1 35:21,22 **37**:10 **38**:1 **50**:14 plaintiffs [9] 5:24 6:3,21 8:7,9 10: 9 22:11 29:1 31:24 plaintiffs' [1] 58:2 Planters' [1] 36:2 play [1] 32:1 please [2] 3:10 33:14 plus [3] 67:18 68:9.9

point [15] 6:6 7:24 10:25 12:22 15:

7 **17**:19 **23**:23 **31**:7.13.19 **44**:5 **49**: 4.16 **64**:24 **65**:4 pointed [2] 10:10 33:17 points [1] 67:13 policy [7] 44:21 46:3 58:20 59:1,6, 89 posited [1] 53:1 position [3] 24:20 27:14 31:4 possible [6] 52:23 53:21.24 54:25 55:12 59:1 post-CAFA [1] 31:21 power [2] 6:8 65:14 Pre-CAFA [2] 30:18 31:20 precedential [1] 43:6 preemption [4] 53:10,11,12 60:13 premises [1] 43:1 Presume [3] 5:13 30:22,24 presumption [2] 29:8,10 pretend [1] 26:6 pretty [1] 63:15 principal [1] 13:25 prior [1] 18:6 probably [1] 28:12 problem [8] 24:6,9 44:1 45:5 55:2, 11 64:6.18 problems [2] 53:12.14 procedural [3] 36:20 47:14 65:11 procedure [3] 4:25 23:24 27:3 procedures [8] 34:9 35:8,13 48: 22,23 66:2,17,18 proceeding [8] 28:23 34:10,19,21, 24 35:1 42:19 64:22 Procrustean [1] 8:19 properly [1] 34:23 provide [2] 41:16.21 provision [1] 58:9 provisions [1] 47:4 purport [1] 66:20 purposes [6] 8:7,17 9:23 19:1 44: 24 57:1 put [5] 29:14,14 30:4 39:22 61:16 putting [2] 4:13 56:6

Q

qualifications [1] 58:25 qualified [1] 32:23 qualifies [1] 14:13 qualify [3] 9:18 35:24 40:1 qualifying [3] 12:9 67:18 68:5 question [21] 8:22 9:16 16:14 22: 13 26:16 27:12,15 30:10,24 36:22 38:9 39:12,23 41:21 44:21 45:6 48:15,15 57:22 67:22 68:7 questions [2] 31:2 67:1 quick [1] 67:13 quite [3] 4:12 10:15 54:24 quoting [1] 43:10

R

rabbit [5] 56:11,12,16,16 59:10 rabbits [1] 56:10 Railroad [1] 36:6 raises [2] 27:12,15 ran [1] 21:18

range [1] 24:17 rather [1] 51:18 read [2] 29:19 58:13 reading [3] 17:18 38:22 40:7 realize [1] 21:2 really [15] 15:15 18:18 29:11 33:16 37:11,22 43:19 44:23 49:15 50:5 52:5 53:20 55:1 63:6 64:18 reason [3] 27:9 30:3 53:5 reasonable [1] 3:12 reasons [2] 45:13 60:24 REBUTTAL [4] 2:8 33:4.6 67:8 recognize [1] 67:25 refer [2] 27:2 58:23 reference [1] 39:25 referred [2] 46:7 48:11 refers [3] 22:15,19 34:9 regard [1] 63:24 regardless [1] 15:18 regular [1] 50:3 rejected [1] 30:14 relationship [1] 35:3 relief [2] 11:9 10 relies [1] 36:25 remain [1] 60:3 remainder [1] 33:6 remains [1] 6:7 remand [2] 30:6.17 remember [1] 55:5 removable [4] 42:16 53:7 68:2,2 removal [43] 4:15 5:3,7,15,17,21 6: 1,19,24 **7**:19 **10**:9,10,17,18 **11**:14, 15 **13**:25 **15**:20 **28**:25 **29**:8.15 **31**: 1 34:9.10 35:5.7.25 47:7 48:21.23 **53**:4 **56**:4 **57**:1.13 **58**:6 **61**:13.14 62:13.16 66:19.21.22 68:6 removal's [1] 10:20 removals [1] 16:6 remove [39] 3:24 4:10.19.25 5:25 **6**:9,22 **7**:15 **9**:2 **11**:20 **12**:6 **13**:2, 18 14:11 16:8 17:3,22 18:2 26:17 27:8 28:2,3,13 29:7 31:9 32:22,22 41:8 45:2,2 47:23 54:8 58:8,17 64: 10 65:2.14 66:2 68:18 removed [14] 12:16 13:11.20.22 14:2 18:22 27:7 18 19 28:21 53: 18 63:23 64:2 67:20 removing [1] 10:24 repeat [1] 13:4 repeatedly [3] 35:19 54:4 57:18 repeating [1] 17:10 report [6] 43:5,9 58:12 59:20 64: 13 65:6 representative [3] 22:16,18,19 request [1] 24:8 require [1] 47:15 requirement [1] 64:9 requirements [1] 23:13 reserve [1] 33:6 resident [1] 50:4 resolve [1] 30:5 respect [3] 51:19 65:8.9 Respectfully [3] 16:2 25:15 27:23 Respondent [4] 1:7,21 2:7 33:12

reversed [1] 68:20 review [7] 42:20 43:18,19,24 44:3, 14 18 reviewed [5] 44:3,7,13,15,15 rewrite [1] 63:8 Reves [1] 29:20 rifle [1] 60:16 ROBERTS [13] 3:3 33:8 34:7.12. 16 **35**:12 **56**:15 **57**:3.8 **64**:19 **65**:7 67:5 68:21 role [4] 3:13 8:2 9:6 10:4 Rule [50] 6:20 11:5 13:13 15:10.18. 18,19 **18**:8 **19**:4,5,7,12 **20**:7 **21**:4, 12,25 22:5,12 23:4,12,13,19,21,23 **25**:9,23 **26**:15 **31**:13 **36**:7,12,16, 20,21 37:15,24 38:7,12 45:4 46:9, 11,18 **49**:22 **50**:15 **51**:8,12 **62**:9, 14,15,16,16 rules [14] 15:13,16 20:18,18 23:8, 20,21,24 **25**:4 **47**:7,8,14 **51**:21 **58**: 22

S same [10] 7:21 36:16 37:21 48:15 50:4.14 62:10.16.16.23 San [1] 51:24 saw [3] 48:13 53:12 60:17 saving [18] 8:23.24 9:5.16 12:14 **13**:24 **25**:16 **27**:8.14 **38**:15.18 **43**: 22 45:17 47:22 58:16 64:24.25 65: says [35] 11:17 13:25 15:10,19 16: 4,4,5 **17**:6 **19**:2 **20**:16,17 **22**:25 **23**: 1,24 **25**:23 **27**:2,24 **28**:15 **29**:20 32:21 33:19 35:6 37:24 41:3,19 **42**:21 **43**:4 **45**:25 **46**:6 **47**:21 **55**: 23 56:20 58:12 63:23 65:12 scale [1] 30:4 scenario [1] 7:21 second [4] 16:22.22 49:16 64:7 Section [7] 3:24 4:11 5:7 43:10 61: 14 63:24 64:16 see [8] 18:20,25 19:21 37:25 41:10 48:8 58:21 60:18 seem [1] 56:21 seems [1] 34:17 selection [1] 6:12 Senate [6] 43:5,8 58:12 59:20 64: 13 **65**:6 send [2] 28:11 30:4 sense [3] 18:5 40:8 61:11 sentence [5] 58:1.13 63:20.21.22 separate [1] 65:1 separately [1] 58:17 series [1] 59:14 serve [1] 28:24 set [2] 33:16 67:16 sets [2] 36:3 47:7 setting [4] 4:14 30:7 34:8 40:5 settings [1] 57:20 Seventh [1] 60:7 sever [1] 28:10 several [2] 47:8 58:3

shall [1] 45:25

Shamrock [29] 4:4,6,8 5:2,22 6:5, 10 7:9,15 9:2 29:5 30:12 36:15,16 40:22,24 41:3,10,13,14,19,22,22, 22,24 42:7,8 44:23 68:13 shape [1] 37:5 shooting [1] 60:16 short [1] 11:5 shorthand [1] 20:21 shot [2] 5:10 15 shots [1] 60:16 shouldn't [3] 30:6.22.24 shown [1] 32:20 shrunk [1] 59:17 side [5] 5:9 17:20 44:22 57:16.17 significance [1] 29:13 Silicon [1] 51:22 simple [2] 22:13 51:4 simply [5] 3:20 4:3 43:17 66:21 68: since [7] 10:16 30:12 33:15 43:23 44:2 46:16 49:17 single [3] 34:4 50:21 60:25 situation [4] 15:4.14 25:18 58:24 **situations** [1] **52:**25 slip [1] 21:18 solely [5] 7:17 8:25 9:5 68:13,15 solution [1] 55:10 solve [1] 64:6 solved [1] 53:13 somebody [2] 19:19 42:18 someone [1] 36:21 sometimes [1] 37:20 somewhat [2] 15:4 59:17 sophistication [2] 51:21 52:1 sorry [12] 10:23 13:3 17:11 18:14 **19**:19 **32**:3,18 **38**:4 **44**:10 **55**:14 66:8.11 sort [12] 9:12 17:20 23:11.11 35:11 37:19 42:19 51:2 53:19 55:3 58:4 **59**:22 sorts [1] 49:25 **SOTOMAYOR** [27] **4**:12 **5**:11,14, 20 **6**:6,14,18,25 **7**:3,6,10 **8**:5 **10**: 12 11:6,14,22,25 12:12,19,24 13:5, 24 30:9,20 33:17 52:20 53:25 speaks [1] 10:16 specific [4] 13:13 20:25 63:12,13 **squarely** [1] **16**:10 stand-alone [2] 28:18.19 standard [1] 35:24 start [8] 12:7 14:22 16:18 26:8 40: 19 **50**:18 **51**:13 **67**:25 started [7] 14:21,23 16:16,17 26:6, 9 41:4 starting [1] 36:14 starts [3] 27:3 34:5 49:14 state [34] 3:22 19:8 21:25 28:11,12, 20 30:2,5,23 31:3,6 36:20 41:5,7, 8,24 **42**:3,11,14,23 **47**:11,17 **50**:3, 4 **51**:15,20,24 **53**:17,18,20 **60**:4 **61**:12.13 **63**:25 statement [1] 11:8 **STATES** [2] **1:**1.15 statute [20] 6:7 10:16 13:25 16:3

17:18 **22**:17 **28**:1 **31**:1 **33**:25 **38**:9 48:5 53:4,10 54:5 56:9,9,20 62:12, 19 63:8 statutes [9] 11:15 29:18 35:5 37:2 **56:4 57:**1,13 **58:**24 **63:**4 stay [4] 31:25 42:14 53:20 59:19 step [3] 8:2 39:22,22 steps [1] 10:4 sticking [1] 57:23 still [8] 6:6 9:14 12:5 13:2 22:21 **56:**12.16 **65:**7 stop [1] 45:24 stopped [1] 18:19 strange [1] 53:19 strongly [1] 43:2 stuck [2] 41:7 45:7 student [1] 44:15 subject [1] 62:15 submitted [2] 68:22,24 subsequently [1] 68:2 Substance [2] 25:17.20 substantive [2] 36:22 38:8 suddenly [2] 42:12 52:4 sue [2] 3:16 41:24 sued [7] 3:18 20:1,2,6 34:20 41:5, suggesting [4] 16:19 25:8,11 26: suing [1] 58:3 suit [1] 23:11 suits [1] 66:18 summons [4] 18:8,9,10 24:23 supplemental [2] 28:4.10 support [1] 7:8

supposed [1] 58:11 supposedly [1] 58:3 Supremacy [1] 29:23 **SUPREME** [2] **1**:1,14 surely [2] 45:23 63:11 surprising [1] 30:15

talks [6] 10:17 34:3,3,21 45:22 65:

technical [1] 57:10 tellingly [1] 31:21 term [7] 3:12 19:2 37:14 40:9,19 46:1 57:11

Т

termed [1] 40:14 terms [3] 3:23 20:25 26:25

terrible [1] 37:5

terrific [1] 37:4 test [2] 36:23 37:8

text [4] 4:11 38:23 39:24 41:14 theory [8] 6:18 7:8 10:12,20 12:1,

25 **24**:11 **52**:8

there's [27] 11:18 12:25 15:24 20: 21 25:11 26:18 27:17,20 30:3 31: 14 **33:**20 **35:**7,21 **39:**16,17,17 **41:**

18 42:20 48:16,24 49:17 50:22 51: 20,25 52:9 59:22 61:7

Therefore [3] 7:18 18:19 46:16 they've [5] 35:15 61:22,23 62:22, thinking [1] 48:17 third [1] 55:20 third-parties [1] 31:9 third-party [14] 3:17 10:3 19:14, 15 **20**:19,24 **36**:17 **51**:2 **55**:20 **56**: 19 57:4,19 62:4 65:23 though [7] 5:2 8:8,9 9:16,20 26:4

52:13 three [1] 27:11 throughout [1] 18:3 throw [1] 60:15 thumb [1] 30:4

ton [1] 65:22 totally [2] 39:4 44:9 track [1] 47:6 tracked [1] 55:4

tracks [2] 60:19 65:12 traditional [4] 4:23 30:7 31:11,11

transmogrified [1] 42:12 traveling [1] 27:25

treated [1] 43:6 treating [1] 60:13 trend [1] 32:2

true [5] 5:12 12:20 15:15 43:17 59:

try [2] 15:19 37:18

trying [11] 18:17 29:1 48:18 49:9 **57**:25 **58**:1 **60**:14,21,22,22 **64**:5

Tuesday [1] 1:11

turn [4] 21:16 36:19 46:3 51:13

turned [1] 37:9 TV [1] 39:15

two [2] 27:13 50:20 type [3] 56:19,23,25

types [1] 35:6

U.S.A [1] 1:3 ultimately [1] 41:13 unanimity [4] 30:23 47:15 65:3,6 unanimous [6] 17:20 33:18 58:7. 10 64:8.8

U

under [62] 3:11,25 4:22,25 6:20 7: 5,15 **9:**2 **12:**1,9,24 **14:**11,13,18 **16:** 23,24 18:8 19:4,5,7,12 20:7,15 21: 4,12,24 22:12 23:4,12,18 24:10 25:3,9 27:25 28:9 30:8 33:18 35:2 37:7 42:16 44:25 46:1,8,11,18 49: 1 **50**:15 **52**:8,13 **55**:14 **61**:4,12,13 **62**:8,11 **65**:14,20,20,20 **67**:20 **68**:

understand [6] 8:5.14.18 35:3 44: 22 58:22

understood [2] 5:4 31:3 unflagging [1] 29:21 unfortunately [1] 20:22 unhappy [2] 53:13 62:21 uniformly [1] 18:3 Union-Planters' [1] 36:2 unitary [1] 34:4

UNITED [2] 1:1,14 unusual [3] 15:4.5.13

up [8] 42:18 51:22 52:2.6.13 55:3 **59**:17 **61**:12

upset [1] 60:20 uses [1] 22:17 using [1] 42:19

Valley [1] 51:23 value [1] 43:7 variety [1] 45:13 vast [1] 49:3 venue [1] 30:2 versus [3] 3:5 11:1 54:7 view [1] 17:20 virtually [3] 29:21 30:14 33:18

W

wait [1] 32:25 waiver [2] 41:15.20

Vornado [1] 54:7

wanted [9] 18:20 42:17 59:18 60:9

61:22.24 **62**:1.4 **67**:3 wants [1] 50:23

War [1] 6:2

Washington [2] 1:10,20

way [13] 31:21 38:9 42:19,22 47:20 **52**:23 **53**:19 **56**:24 **57**:9 **61**:7,20 63:12,14

ways [3] 31:24 40:14 61:8

weasel [1] 56:11

well-completed [1] 38:12

well-pleaded [3] 37:15 38:6 62:9 whatever [4] 19:15 36:20 49:22

52:17

Whereupon [1] 68:23

whether [8] 15:1.20.25 17:10 27:

20 37:25 52:9 63:24 who's [3] 8:15 47:17 50:25

whole [4] 58:13 63:21,22 65:20

whom [1] 61:2 wide [1] 24:17 widely [1] 32:2

will [3] 45:7 51:1 60:3

WILLIAM [5] 1:18 2:3,9 3:7 67:9

wish [2] 49:5 52:5

withdraw [1] 44:16 within [19] 3:23 9:4 11:3 12:10 14: 14 **16**:8.10 **17**:7 **20**:17.18 **27**:6 **28**:

13 **35**:10 **39**:19 **40**:15 **46**:20 **68**:1.

without [3] 45:11 63:24 64:2 word [17] 8:13,18 46:7,7 49:19 50:

18 **56**:3,6,13 **57**:13,23 **58**:14,23 64:4,14 65:15,17

words [4] 34:2 37:21 46:5 56:17

works [1] 65:8 worried [1] 43:25

writes [1] 43:21

writing [1] 54:3

written [2] 60:12 62:24

year [1] 36:4 years [3] 6:2 31:2 51:11