SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

	IN	THE	SUPI	REME	COI	JRT	OF	THE	UN	IITED	STAT	ES
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ADAUCTO) CH	IAVE2	Z-ME2	ZA,)			
			Peti	itio	ner	,)			
		V.)	No.	17-56	39
UNITED	STA	TES,)			
			Resp	ponde	ent	•)			

Pages: 1 through 66

Place: Washington, D.C.

Date: April 23, 2018

HERITAGE REPORTING CORPORATION

Official Reporters
1220 L Street, N.W., Suite 206
Washington, D.C. 20005
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1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
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3	ADAUCTO CHAVEZ-MEZA,)
4	Petitioner,)
5	v.) No. 17-5639
6	UNITED STATES,)
7	Respondent.)
8	
9	Washington, D.C.
10	Monday, April 23, 2018
11	
12	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
13	argument before the Supreme Court of the United
14	States at 1:00 p.m.
15	
16	APPEARANCES:
17	TODD A. COBERLY, ESQ., Santa Fe, New Mexico;
18	appointed by the Court, on behalf of the
19	Petitioner.
20	ROD J. ROSENSTEIN, Deputy Attorney General,
21	Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.;
22	on behalf of the Respondent.
23	
24	
25	

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Т	PROCEEDINGS
2	(1:00 p.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear
4	argument next today in Case 17-5639,
5	Chavez-Meza versus United States.
6	Mr. Coberly.
7	ORAL ARGUMENT OF TODD A. COBERLY
8	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
9	MR. COBERLY: Mr. Chief Justice, and
10	may it please the Court:
11	Judicial discretion is not a whim. It
12	is to be guided by sound legal principles and
13	subject to meaningful appellate review.
14	And if appellate review for abuse of
15	discretion is to mean anything, it is axiomatic
16	that there must be a reason for the district
17	court's decision apparent in the record. This
18	is particularly true where Congress has
19	channeled the exercise of a district court's
20	discretion by directing the district court to
21	consider certain factors when making a
22	discretionary choice.
23	As the Court understood in Taylor, a
24	district court in such circumstances must
25	clearly articulate not only that it

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1 considered -- in fact, considered the relevant
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- 2 factors but how those factors impacted its
- 3 decision.
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I -- I suppose
- 5 you're not arguing that that's true in every
- 6 case. For example, if the record or the
- 7 proceedings indicated exactly what the people
- 8 were talking about, they were debating a
- 9 particular point and that would explain it,
- 10 that would be enough, right?
- MR. COBERLY: Mr. Chief Justice, we do
- 12 believe that it would be enough. There's --
- oftentimes, as the Court recognized in Rita,
- 14 how much explanation a district court judge
- needs to give depends so much on circumstances
- 16 and context. And I --
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: What is the
- 18 standard of review that the court of appeals
- 19 uses for sentence -- for sentences?
- 20 MR. COBERLY: Justice Ginsburg, it --
- 21 it's -- it's reasonableness, which this Court
- 22 understands in the original sentencing context
- 23 to mean --
- 24 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I thought that what
- 25 -- doesn't the statute say, 3742, "imposed in

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violation of law"?
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- 2 MR. COBERLY: It --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: The question is
- 4 whether the sentence is imposed in violation of
- 5 law?
- 6 MR. COBERLY: Yes, Your Honor. And as
- 7 the Court has understood in -- in -- from
- 8 Booker, through Rita, through Gall, ultimately,
- 9 what that means, is was the -- was the sentence
- 10 reasonable? And there's two components: The
- 11 procedural reasonableness and substantive
- 12 reasonableness.
- 13 And, ultimately, this Court has
- 14 understood that what -- what reasonableness
- 15 means is, did the district court abuse its
- 16 discretion?
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But how could that
- 18 be if the -- the district court sentenced
- 19 within -- within the guidelines? It wasn't the
- same range, and it wasn't the same point within
- 21 the guidelines as the original sentence, but it
- 22 was still within the guidelines. So how could
- 23 a within-the-guidelines sentence be imposed in
- 24 violation of law?
- 25 MR. COBERLY: Well, I think that's the

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1 government's position, which is, well, in a
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- 2 sentence reduction, when it's reduced and it
- falls within the guidelines, the government's
- 4 position, as I understand it, is essentially
- 5 that that decision is unreviewable. And we
- 6 disagree with that -- that proposition.
- 7 No matter what, as the Court has made
- 8 clear in Gall, within-guideline sentences,
- 9 outside-guideline sentences, the district court
- 10 has -- has an obligation to explain the reason
- 11 for the sentence. And that holds, we believe,
- 12 in the -- in the sentence reduction context of
- 13 3582(c)(2).
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: How much of an
- 15 explanation would -- would be required? Let's
- 16 say -- and take this very case. What -- what
- 17 -- what explanation would have sufficed?
- MR. COBERLY: Your Honor, we believe
- 19 what would have sufficed -- I don't want to
- 20 prejudge the case and tell the district court
- 21 -- I don't want to presume what the district
- 22 court was thinking, because that's the whole
- point, is we simply don't know.
- 24 And so what we're asking is -- is for
- 25 the Court to apply the rule it has already

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1 applied in Rita and Gall. And that's -- it's
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- 2 simply sufficient explanation to allow for
- 3 meaningful appellate review --
- 4 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Suppose a case, not
- 5 this case, suppose a case where the judge
- 6 sentenced to the middle of the guideline -- or
- 7 the old guideline range; then the new guideline
- 8 range comes out and he does the middle of that.
- 9 Explanation required?
- 10 MR. COBERLY: In a -- in a typical
- 11 case, Your Honor, I think in that situation,
- that would be what we're calling a proportional
- 13 reduction. All things considered, that would
- 14 be -- it could be inferred from the record why
- 15 the judge did what he did.
- 16 However, I think there are certain
- 17 circumstances in that particular situation
- where the judge might need to provide more
- 19 explanation, and that would be where either
- 20 party, either the -- the defendant or the
- 21 government, had made non-frivolous arguments as
- to why there needed to be something different.
- But in the -- in the typical, in the
- 24 run-of-the-mill, in a -- in a mine-run case, I
- 25 do believe that that would be sufficient.

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1 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And there are tens
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- of thousands of these hearings a year?
- 3 MR. COBERLY: Well --
- 4 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Of course, it
- 5 depends on when the guidelines are changed,
- 6 but --
- 7 MR. COBERLY: Exactly, Your Honor.
- 8 And -- and I believe the Sentencing Commission
- 9 estimated that there -- that this particular
- amendment, 782, affected over 46,000 prisoners.
- 11 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Does that -- should
- that be a factor in our decision; i.e., the
- obvious workload on the federal courts?
- MR. COBERLY: Well, Your Honor, I
- 15 think it --
- 16 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Or is that something
- 17 we don't consider?
- 18 MR. COBERLY: Well, I think it's
- 19 certainly something you -- you can consider and
- I would ask the Court to consider this. We're
- 21 not asking for anything really that the
- 22 district court is not already -- should be
- 23 doing, and that is considering the --
- 24 considering the sentence reduction in light of
- 25 the 3553(a) factors, and Section 1B1.10 of the

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1 guidelines, and then coming to a reasoned
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- 2 decision as -- as to why it's -- it's imposing
- 3 a particular reduced sentence.
- 4 All we're asking for is simply the
- 5 district court to jot down a few words in most
- 6 instances as to how that reasoning is. So we
- 7 don't --
- 8 JUSTICE ALITO: I don't quite
- 9 understand in practical terms -- excuse me --
- 10 what that would mean. So what if the court
- goes through each of the 3553(a) factors and
- says, well, you know, as to (A), it's a serious
- offense and it's serious enough to warrant a
- 14 sentence of 114 months, and we need to have
- adequate deterrence, and I think 114 months is
- 16 the amount that you need for adequate
- 17 deterrence and so forth? Would that be enough?
- 18 MR. COBERLY: It so -- it so much
- 19 depends on context, Justice Alito. And in that
- 20 particular case, I don't think it would be
- 21 enough without -- without more information in
- 22 the record that that -- that that explanation
- 23 by the district court would be tied to a
- 24 particular fact within the record.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Let me just tell

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1 you, given the workload numbers you've just
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- 2 cited and your answer to Justice Alito, I'm
- 3 becoming less convinced of your case.
- 4 MR. COBERLY: Justice Kennedy, we --
- our concern is that a simple check -- let's --
- 6 let's say, for instance, the AO-247 form, which
- 7 we -- which we think is perfectly fine, had a
- 8 -- had a -- had a checklist of the 353(a)
- 9 factors and all that was required was a judge
- 10 to check a box that he considered -- he or she
- 11 considered those factors. We don't think that
- would be enough.
- There needs to be just something
- 14 minimal in the record.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm sorry, I just
- 16 don't understand what "minimal" means. If
- 17 you're answering Justice Alito the way you did,
- which is I can't imagine needing anything more
- 19 than a judge saying I'm going to grant a
- 20 reduction, but given the seriousness of this
- 21 crime and how -- what you did, I think whatever
- 22 number he picks, why that would become
- 23 unreasonable or subject to more explanation.
- MR. COBERLY: And that's why I think,
- I mean, just a few words can matter, Justice

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1 Sotomayor.
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- 2 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But you said to
- 3 Justice Alito no.
- 4 MR. COBERLY: Well --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm asking -- that
- 6 -- that's shocking to me, to be frank with you,
- 7 because that answer would mean that the judge
- 8 not only has to say that the crime was serious,
- 9 what you did was serious, but I think 108 is
- 10 not enough because it's the bottom of the
- 11 guideline range; I don't think the guideline
- 12 range should control.
- I mean, what more of an explanation
- does a judge have to do than to say it was a
- serious crime, 114 is the right amount?
- MR. COBERLY: I think just some
- indication that the judge actually had
- 18 considered that particular crime. And so
- 19 simply -- all I'm saying is simply just saying
- 20 -- I don't want to say that -- I don't want to
- 21 create a rule that a district court judge in
- 22 any instance --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm afraid that --
- 24 you keep answering -- you're creating a rule
- 25 that makes it impossible for district court

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1 judges to do anything but what you want.
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- 2 MR. COBERLY: And I certainly -- I
- 3 certainly don't want that, Justice Sotomayor.
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, but that's
- 5 where it's coming. Let's -- let's start at
- 6 here. We know the district court at the
- 7 original sentence said, I'm troubled by this
- 8 crime and the degree of your participation in
- 9 it. It's a serious crime. You were a very
- 10 active participant in it.
- He still gave him essentially the low
- 12 end of the quideline. But why is it
- 13 unreasonable for us to infer that in the
- 14 resentencing he picked 114 because he remained
- 15 concerned about the seriousness of this crime
- and your defendant's participation in it?
- MR. COBERLY: Your Honor, if -- if the
- 18 district court judge in this particular case
- 19 had said something to that effect of: I've
- 20 looked at this case again, and considering the
- 21 seriousness of the drug trafficking, and tied
- 22 it specifically -- just said a word that --
- 23 that made it clear that that was tied
- specifically to that case, and I remain
- 25 convinced that 114 months is reasonable, I

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1 think, in that situation, that would be plenty.
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- 2 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Since the
- 3 guidelines are advisory, what would make it
- 4 improper for the judge to say, I don't care
- 5 what the guidelines say, I think trafficking of
- 6 this type is serious, and I think that 114
- 7 months is the right amount for -- for the
- 8 seriousness of the crime and the deterrence.
- 9 How could you appeal that?
- 10 MR. COBERLY: I don't -- we would have
- 11 a tough time appealing that, Your Honor. I
- 12 think that's well within the right of the
- 13 district court.
- 14 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I guess my -- I --
- 15 I have a great deal of understanding that
- 16 having the judge say something makes sentencing
- 17 appear to the public as being less than
- 18 arbitrary. And there is a value in explanation
- 19 that -- that -- that the justice system should
- 20 consider.
- The question is how much and why
- 22 checking off a box is not enough, because I
- take the judge at his or her word that when
- 24 they check off the box, they've done what
- 25 3553(a), I think it is, requires. But is there

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a difference between checking off a box and not
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- 2 checking off a box?
- 3 MR. COBERLY: I think there is a
- 4 difference, Your Honor. And it -- it's the
- 5 fact of an articulation that -- one can be
- 6 convinced, one understands that the district
- 7 court judge actually thought about this case
- 8 and considered it, and simply checking a box I
- 9 don't think does enough. We -- we say it is --
- 10 it is --
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Go ahead,
- 12 please.
- 13 MR. COBERLY: It is not -- we're not
- 14 asking for much. And contrary to what the
- 15 government has claimed that we're asking for,
- which is detailed or extensive explanations, we
- 17 are -- I want to assure the Court we are not.
- 18 We're simply asking for just a -- a bare
- 19 minimal enough to -- to convince an appellate
- 20 court that there was a reasoned basis for the
- 21 decision.
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So if --
- MR. COBERLY: And, Justice Sotomayor,
- 24 like you -- like you just said, the need to
- assure the public that our -- our judiciary is

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1 acting on -- on -- with sound legal principles
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- 2 in applying the law and not making arbitrary
- decisions. It doesn't have to be much.
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What if he
- 5 just says same -- same reasons as before?
- 6 MR. COBERLY: Mr. Chief --
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Before he's
- 8 done a fairly, you know, the usual, what's
- 9 required under 3553, and those are the same --
- 10 what he's saying, those are the same things
- 11 that is -- that are motivating him in this new
- 12 context, same reasons as before?
- MR. COBERLY: Well, I think, in this
- 14 particular case, Mr. Chief Justice, if -- if
- the judge had said that, that would pose a
- 16 problem because, in -- in this particular case,
- 17 tied back to the original sentence, it was
- 18 clear that the district court judge had -- had
- 19 tied his sentence and adopted the reasoning of
- 20 the Sentencing Commission.
- 21 And he sentenced at the bottom of the
- 22 quidelines. He referred to the reason the
- 23 guidelines sentence in this case is high is
- 24 because of the type of drug and the quantity of
- 25 drug.

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1
               And if he simply adopted that same
 2
      reasoning, then one would expect that the --
      his -- his -- his understanding of how --
 3
               CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So you'd be
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             I mean, that gives you -- you say that
 5
 6
     would give you the grounds you want to present
 7
      on appeal, just as you've articulated here. So
      that ought to be fine as far as you're
 8
 9
      concerned?
               MR. COBERLY: I -- I think -- right.
10
      And we have to -- I have to remember -- we have
11
12
      to remember that we're talking here just about
13
      the -- a procedural component, and that is
14
      simply an explanation to get us to understand
15
      the judge's reasoning. So, if there's -- if
      there's some indication of the judge's
16
17
      reasoning, we would then have something to
      grasp onto on appeal, and maybe we would argue
18
19
      that on appeal.
20
               JUSTICE GINSBURG: One aspect of this
      case, it strikes me as curious. So this is an
21
22
      appeal from the resentencing; couldn't -- could
23
      this defendant, instead of going to the court
24
      of appeals, said: District Judge, would you
      please reconsider or clarify why the first time
25
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- 1 around you put me in the bottom of the range
- and the second time in the middle? You could
- 3 -- could have moved for clarification before
- 4 the district court.
- 5 MR. COBERLY: Justice Ginsburg, we --
- 6 there -- there's no -- there's no specific rule
- 7 in the Rules of Criminal Procedure that allows
- 8 for that. And so this was a final order and it
- 9 was -- it was appealable.
- Now, in practice, would -- could one
- in theory make such a request? I suppose. But
- 12 given that there's nothing required in the
- 13 rule, there's no -- there's no requirement that
- 14 the district court has to actually reconsider
- that, other than just saying motion to
- 16 reconsider denied, and in the context of this
- 17 case, Mr. Chavez-Meza had filed his motion for
- 18 a sentence reduction under 3582(c)(2) over a
- 19 year before the -- the district court judge
- 20 made his decision.
- 21 And under the existing law, as -- as
- 22 it was understood in the Tenth Circuit, we
- thought it was best to just take an appeal and
- 24 have it remanded back, which is all we're
- asking for in this instance, is to have the

- 1 case remanded back to the district court for
- 2 consideration of the reduction in light of the
- 3 3553(a) factors and to provide some explanation
- 4 for its -- its ultimate decision.
- 5 Your Honor, our concern -- Your
- 6 Honors, our concern ultimately is that the
- 7 government's construction of the statute would
- 8 allow just this particular case of -- of a
- 9 class of defendants and class of cases not --
- 10 not subject to appellate review at all. And
- 11 there's no principal basis looking at the
- 12 statute for such a rule.
- 13 And as the Court understood in Dillon,
- the purpose of Section 3582(c)(2) was to give
- prisoners the benefit of the Sentencing
- 16 Commission's determination that there was a
- 17 systemic problem with a particular guideline.
- 18 And precluding appellate review
- 19 entirely of this type of case would undermine
- 20 congressional intent.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Why would this
- 22 preclude appellate review? Isn't it pretty
- 23 obvious what -- or couldn't the court of
- 24 appeals infer that what the district court did
- 25 was this: The district court originally

- 1 thought 135 months was the right sentence --
- that was the original sentence, right, 135?
- 3 MR. COBERLY: Yes, Justice Alito.
- 4 JUSTICE ALITO: All right. And so the
- 5 district court thought: Well, the -- the range
- 6 was lowered, and so I'm going to go down to
- 7 114, but taking into account the sentencing
- 8 factors, I don't think it should go below 114.
- 9 And I think that's the -- I don't know that you
- 10 need to spell all that out.
- 11 And if -- if that's what the court
- 12 said, would that be sufficient? And, if that
- 13 would be sufficient, why can't there be
- 14 appellate review, just as -- based on what was
- 15 done here?
- 16 MR. COBERLY: I don't think in that
- 17 particular case, Justice Alito, that would
- 18 necessarily be sufficient because it just says
- in my opinion. It does not -- the -- the
- decision does not tie that opinion somehow to
- 21 the 3553(a) factors.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, why doesn't it
- 23 tie it to the 3553(a) factors? There's nothing
- 24 -- there isn't an algorithm that tells you how
- 25 to put those factors together or to quantify

- 1 each one. It's the judge takes into account
- 2 the various factors, the seriousness of the
- 3 offense, deterrence and so forth, and says this
- 4 is the right number.
- 5 MR. COBERLY: And all we're asking
- 6 for, Justice Alito, is just a little bit
- 7 following that, which is why the judge thinks
- 8 that's the right number, not merely the fact
- 9 that, yes, I considered the factors and this is
- 10 the number I come up with, but just something
- 11 to indicate why, just some --
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I think you'd
- 13 be -- I think you'd be better off with the
- other rule. I mean, if you have something that
- 15 looks out of the ordinary in the -- in the
- 16 resentencing and the judge hasn't said
- 17 anything, I think that gives you a stronger
- 18 basis for appeal than -- you say, well, all
- 19 he's got to do is have a couple of words.
- 20 Well, a couple of words and then you're out of
- 21 -- out of the appellate court. But if he
- doesn't say anything, you've got a stronger
- 23 argument.
- 24 He hasn't justified it. It's not that
- there's no basis for appellate review. It's

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1 that you have a strong case because nothing's
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- on the record to support what has been done.
- 3 MR. COBERLY: And that's exactly the
- 4 position we're in, because there was nothing in
- 5 the record and we felt like we had a strong
- 6 case on appeal to say at least give us
- 7 something. We couldn't -- we were precluded
- 8 from -- from trying to -- the problem here
- 9 is --
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yeah, but it
- 11 depends on the -- the range of the departure.
- 12 In other words, if whatever you think is what
- it should look like or the norm, you mention in
- 14 your brief an argument about where you thought
- it should be proportionately, and if it's out
- of whack, and nothing is said, it seems to me
- 17 you have a stronger case than what you've
- 18 suggested is what -- you -- you lose if he puts
- in just a few words that shows that he
- 20 considered the pertinent factors.
- MR. COBERLY: Well, the concern here
- 22 is -- is ultimately with ensuring the integrity
- of the process, Your Honor, and making sure
- 24 that -- that there was some reason that was
- 25 given.

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1 And -- and when -- when there is no
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- 2 reason given, it -- the public and, frankly, my
- 3 client lacks confidence that that decision was
- 4 actually made on a sound basis of law as
- 5 opposed to --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Well, what is he
- 7 supposed to say? He did give reasons. He says
- 8 having considered such motion -- that's your
- 9 motion -- and taking into account the policy
- 10 statements set forth at U.S. Sentencing
- 11 Guideline, dah, dah, 1B1.10, and the sentencing
- factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. 3553(a), to the
- 13 extent they're applicable, I reduce the
- 14 sentence to 114 months.
- 15 All right? He gave a reason. That's
- 16 the reason. Now what else is he supposed to
- 17 say?
- MR. COBERLY: Well, Your Honor, we --
- 19 we disagree that that's actually a reason.
- JUSTICE BREYER: No, no. What -- what
- 21 else is he supposed to say?
- MR. COBERLY: What else he -- we
- 23 believe he is supposed to say is because --
- 24 because of the particular nature of the crime
- 25 here that Mr. -- I don't want to tie it to this

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1 particular defendant -- but the defendant was
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- 2 involved in drug trafficking, there has been
- 3 cases where the -- where -- similar to ours,
- 4 they've been remanded back, the district court
- 5 provides a simple sentence, such as given this
- 6 defendant's recidivism and his wrapping up two
- 7 -- two young innocent women in this crime, I
- 8 find that this --
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: So we have in the
- 10 record what -- what he did. That isn't a
- 11 problem. And -- and judges do when they
- 12 choose -- that's why I've never understood the
- part of -- what they do is they look at the
- 14 crime and they look at the defendant and have a
- range here, and they select the point that they
- 16 think is appropriate.
- 17 What else can you say besides that?
- MR. COBERLY: Something, Your Honor,
- 19 that -- that ties it as to why they think it's
- 20 appropriate.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Well, then I don't
- 22 know why.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, isn't --
- JUSTICE BREYER: They say, I -- I've
- 25 seen a lot of cases. I -- I -- I see what -- I

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1 look at the conduct. I look at the defendant.
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- 2 And this is what strikes me as appropriate.
- 3 And now what else? I mean, you could
- 4 not tell -- that's the truth of the matter. So
- 5 what else can he say besides that that is
- 6 truthful?
- 7 MR. COBERLY: How he or she can
- 8 actually considered the 3553 --
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: He says, I considered
- 10 it. How do you consider it? What you do is
- 11 you read it and you think about it. What else?
- MR. COBERLY: Something tied to the
- 13 particular facts of the case.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: So is what you're
- saying, Mr. Coberly, essentially that the judge
- should say any lower sentence would not meet
- 17 the seriousness of this crime?
- 18 MR. COBERLY: I mean, I think that
- 19 would be helpful, Justice Kagan, but I'm not
- 20 sure that that actually -- those words either
- 21 would actually get to our point, which is that
- there needs to be something that the public can
- 23 be confident that the judge actually considered
- 24 this particular case.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, that -- that's

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1 this crime. The judge is saying I've looked at
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- 2 this crime, and -- and I don't -- I can't
- 3 imagine, given the seriousness of this crime,
- 4 going below 114 months.
- 5 MR. COBERLY: That would be a close
- 6 call, Your Honor. And -- and -- and it's just
- 7 simply something that -- that allows the -- the
- 8 defendant and allows the public to understand
- 9 that the -- yes.
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: I don't understand why
- 11 that would be a close call. I mean, what else
- 12 are you supposed to say other than -- I can
- understand why you want the judge not just to
- 14 check a box. I can understand why you want the
- judge to say, I've looked at the seriousness of
- this crime; I think it going below 114 months
- 17 would not be in keeping with the seriousness of
- 18 this crime.
- 19 What else do you want a judge to say?
- MR. COBERLY: Something about the
- 21 seriousness of the crime tied to the particular
- 22 facts of that crime to ensure that the judge is
- 23 actually considering and making a reasoned
- 24 decision based on --
- 25 JUSTICE GINSBURG: You -- you seem to

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1 be having some kind of a presumption that the
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- 2 reduction should be proportional. So, if the
- 3 original sentence was at the low end, the
- 4 reduced sentence should be at the low end.
- 5 But what statutory provision requires
- 6 proportionality?
- 7 MR. COBERLY: Thank you, Justice
- 8 Ginsburg.
- 9 Our -- our argument regarding
- 10 proportionality, we're not arguing -- I want to
- 11 make clear -- we're not arguing that there
- should be a proportionality. We're simply
- 13 recognizing that when -- when there is
- 14 proportionality and the record is silent, we
- 15 think that in the mine-run of cases one can --
- one can rest assured that the district court
- judge here simply applied the exact same
- 18 reasoning that it applied at the original
- 19 sentencing context to the -- the amended
- 20 guidelines range.
- So, for instance, you know, if someone
- 22 was sentenced at the top end of the quidelines,
- there was no new information that was presented
- 24 by either party in the sentence reduction
- 25 motion, and the district court judge in a

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1 silent order adjusted the -- the sentence to
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- 2 the top of the amended guidelines range, we
- 3 think that that would be sufficiently clear in
- 4 the record, and that's --
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What if it was
- 6 the -- I think a lot of your objection, right,
- 7 and a lot of the appeal of your objection is
- 8 the boilerplate language. What if the judge
- 9 had actually, you know, written it out? I
- 10 mean, it seems the way you're saying it, the --
- 11 the actual language, he says I've taken into
- 12 account the policy statement, I've taken into
- 13 account those factors, to the extent they're
- 14 applicable, this is what I think.
- I think if you had seen that in an
- order written out, you know, that based on what
- 17 you've said, that would seem to be sufficient.
- 18 I -- it -- it seems to me your objection is --
- in other words, you don't -- you don't really
- 20 believe it when it's just a check in a box.
- You think, well, he really hasn't done that;
- 22 he's just checking the box.
- But what would be wrong with the
- language that he's checked in the absence of
- 25 the -- the boilerplate aspect?

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1 MR. COBERLY: I think the -- I think,
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- 2 Your Honor, that we would have the same
- 3 problem. It's not with the fact that it's
- 4 preprinted on a form. It's -- it's
- 5 that there was no additional reasoning.
- And -- and in this case, the AO-247
- 7 form has a spot on the second page for
- 8 additional comments. And --
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: Like what? You --
- 10 you've had a lot of experience probably with
- 11 sentencing cases, much more than I have. All
- 12 right?
- So let's take an original sentencing.
- 14 And the reason there is -- is -- there is
- 15 discretion within the range is because what
- judges used to do, and typically do, is they
- 17 just decide. You know, there's -- there's
- 18 nothing you can say.
- 19 All right. So -- but they're supposed
- to. So what do they say, what kinds of things?
- MR. COBERLY: They say, Justice
- 22 Breyer, similar -- I mean, at an original
- 23 sentencing, there's arguments typically
- 24 presented by both sides as to a particular
- sentence. And in tying it to this case, the

- 1 government actually made an argument as to 135
- 2 months. And the district court judge said the
- 3 reason the guideline sentence is high in this
- 4 case is because of the quantity of drugs, the
- 5 type of drugs. I consider in my experience
- 6 that the -- the -- the problem with
- 7 methamphetamine, and I'm adopting essentially
- 8 the district court's decision. That's all they
- 9 say, and that's enough.
- 10 And if I may reserve the rest of my
- 11 time.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 13 counsel.
- MR. COBERLY: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: General
- 16 Rosenstein.
- 17 ORAL ARGUMENT OF ROD J. ROSENSTEIN
- 18 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Thank you, Mr. Chief
- Justice, and may it please the Court:
- 21 There are three reasons why this Court
- 22 should uphold the district court's
- 23 discretionary decision to grant a sentencing
- 24 reduction and to impose a new sentence in the
- 25 bottom quartile of the applicable sentencing

- 1 guideline range.
- 2 The first reason is about judicial
- 3 integrity. When a federal judge issues an
- 4 order stating that the court considered the
- 5 relevant statutory factors, appellate courts
- 6 presume that the district court did precisely
- 7 what it said.
- 8 The second reason is the background
- 9 principle. In the absence of a statutory
- 10 mandate, federal judges are not required to
- 11 provide reasons for imposing a sentence within
- 12 the lawful range.
- 13 And the third reason is the statutory
- 14 text. Congress chose not to deviate from the
- 15 background rule and require a statement of
- 16 reasons for a sentence reduction motion under
- 17 Section 3582(c)(2), in contrast to the express
- 18 requirement in Section 3553(c). And this Court
- 19 should respect Congress's judgment.
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What if they
- 21 --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: General, can --
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- a judge is
- 24 -- has had, you know, 600 of these
- resentencings, every time just checks the box,

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1 600, he's done nothing but check the box, and
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- 2 the results are a little off; sometimes it's
- 3 high, sometimes it's low; you can't really tell
- 4 why?
- 5 Do you have the same position?
- 6 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Your Honor, we -- we
- 7 believe that the premise there that the
- 8 district court is merely checking a box is a
- 9 mistake. The form reflects what the district
- 10 court is required to do by statute. And so
- 11 there's no reason to presume here that the
- 12 court is checking a box and not actually doing
- 13 what's required.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Even if it's
- 15 -- even if he's done it 600 times, never done
- anything but check the box, you still presume
- 17 that he's giving the careful consideration in
- 18 each of those cases?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Well, in no case,
- 20 Your Honor, is the court merely checking a box.
- 21 The court is checking a box indicating whether
- it's granting or denying the motion, but then
- it's actually required to compute the guideline
- range and then select a new sentence.
- 25 And so it's not merely a matter of

- 1 checking a box. The court is actually making a
- 2 conscious decision about what sentence to
- 3 impose within that new guideline range.
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: General, do you
- 5 have a different position with respect to a
- 6 denial of a motion for a reduction? If a judge
- 7 just says sign this form and -- but denied the
- 8 reduction, would you hold the same position?
- 9 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Your Honor, there
- 10 have been different variations of this form.
- 11 The form that's used in this case, we believe,
- 12 would clearly suffice because the form --
- 13 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No, no, no. Take
- 14 my fact situation.
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes.
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: The judge denied
- 17 -- basically denies -- after looking at
- 18 everything, I deny this motion for reduction.
- 19 MR. ROSENSTEIN: With or without --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Does that permit
- 21 intelligent appellate review?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Your Honor, if the
- 23 court had completed the form and checked the
- box indicating it had denied the motion, the
- 25 court would have certified by signing that form

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1 that the court had gone through the appropriate
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- 2 considerations, that is, they considered the
- 3 3553(a) factors and considered the policy
- 4 statement.
- 5 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So how about if a
- 6 judge in the original sentence gives the low
- 7 end of the guideline but in the -- in the
- 8 revised reduction gives above the original
- 9 guideline but below the sentence he gave now?
- 10 Would that require more of an explanation than
- 11 signing this form?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: No, Your Honor, we
- don't believe it would, because that would be a
- 14 lawful sentence within the guideline range
- specified by the Commission and would reflect,
- as this Court said in Rita, the presumption --
- 17 pardon me -- that in a typical case the court
- 18 has determined -- essentially has adopted the
- 19 reasoning of the Commission and has done what
- the judge is supposed to do.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: The one thing I
- 22 hate about absolute rules in this area, dislike
- intensely, is that why shouldn't we trust the
- 24 court of appeals to determine how much
- information it needs or doesn't need to give

- 1 meaningful appellate review?
- 2 Some courts have said if you refuse to
- depart completely, you should explain why.
- 4 Others have said but if you don't and you pick
- 5 a sentence within the guidelines, we will infer
- 6 that you've said enough if you signed the form.
- 7 Others have said you should always give a
- 8 little bit more.
- 9 Another character -- category of court
- of appeals have done what the Tenth Circuit has
- done, but I think there's only two that have
- 12 done what the Tenth Circuit has said.
- Why isn't it always up to the court of
- 14 appeals to determine how much it needs to
- determine whether adequate review can be given?
- 16 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Well, Your Honor, the
- 17 -- this Court in Gall indicated that with
- 18 regard at least to departures, courts of
- 19 appeals may, but are not required, to impose a
- 20 presumption of -- of reasonableness.
- 21 But with regard to the issue of what
- the court of appeals is required to do, I
- think, Your Honor, you're correct. The court
- of appeals looks to the record and makes a
- 25 determination whether or not based on the

- 1 entire record --
- 2 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Look -- looking at
- 3 this record, do you know why the district judge
- 4 did what he did?
- 5 MR. ROSENSTEIN: I believe we --
- 6 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And -- and do I know
- 7 -- I'm not sure why the district judge did what
- 8 he did. I can quess.
- 9 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Justice Kennedy, I
- 10 believe we know just as well following the
- 11 sentence reduction motion as we did following
- 12 the original sentencing. And, in fact, if the
- 13 Court looks to the Joint Appendix at page 26,
- 14 the original sentencing hearing, which I
- believe is a typical sentencing hearing, the
- 16 district court said that it had considered the
- 17 appropriate factors and selected a sentence of
- 18 135 months.
- 19 Now the defendant has not indicated he
- 20 is -- he has not confirmed how much information
- 21 he thinks he needs. But if you look to that
- 22 original sentence --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, do -- do you
- think that in that original sentence it was
- 25 because it was -- the sentence was at a

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1 particular place in the guidelines, i.e., the
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- 2 low end?
- 3 MR. ROSENSTEIN: No, Your Honor, I
- 4 don't believe so. Remember, keep in mind, of
- 5 course, we're in a post-Booker context here.
- 6 The district court is guided in part by the
- 7 guidelines but is required to consider all the
- 8 relevant 3553(a) factors, and at the original
- 9 sentencing, that's precisely what the court
- 10 said.
- 11 The court said he had taken into
- 12 account the history and characteristics of the
- defendant and the need to impose a sentence
- 14 sufficient but not greater than necessary to
- 15 achieve the purposes of sentencing.
- 16 That is a somewhat conclusory --
- 17 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But that's -- that's
- 18 true in every case.
- 19 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Sure.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: But why this number?
- 21 Why wasn't -- why wasn't this -- if -- if he'd
- 22 have done at the low end of the new revised
- 23 guideline range, that would have been okay,
- 24 wouldn't it?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor.

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JUSTICE KENNEDY: Without any
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      explanation?
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               MR. ROSENSTEIN: Correct.
               JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, then why isn't
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      an explanation required here when he does
 5
      something different?
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               MR. ROSENSTEIN: Because of the
      background rule, Your Honor. Again, this --
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 9
      the sentencing guidelines were adopted in 1984
      against a backdrop of long-standing precedent
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      of this Court, reflected most significantly in
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12
      the Dorszynski case, where the Court indicated
      that in the absence of any statutory mandate,
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      at common law, the court -- district courts had
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15
      discretion to impose sentences anywhere up to
      the statutory maximum.
16
17
               JUSTICE BREYER: Can you explain --
               JUSTICE KAGAN: I guess I'm finding it
18
      a little bit hard, Mr. Rosenstein, to
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      understand your understanding of the background
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      rule, because my understanding of the
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2.2
      background rule comes from Taylor, where it
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             "Where, as here, Congress has declared
      that a decision will be governed by
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      consideration of particular factors, a district
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1 court must carefully consider those factors as
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- 2 applied to the particular case, and whatever
- 3 its decision, and clearly articulate their
- 4 effect in order to permit meaningful appellate
- 5 review."
- 6 So we're in one of these "where, as
- 7 here" situations where Congress has declared
- 8 that a decision is going to be governed by
- 9 consideration of particular factors. And --
- 10 and Taylor seems to say: Look, what we need
- 11 for intelligent appellate review is for the
- 12 district court to clearly articulate why he did
- 13 what he did.
- Now it doesn't have to be lengthy. It
- 15 can just be pointing to, you know, this was a
- serious crime, here's -- here's why, the end.
- 17 But -- but there has to be something, says
- 18 Taylor. No?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Your Honor, we
- 20 respectfully submit that Taylor does not apply
- in the context of sentencing. It didn't
- 22 overrule Dorszynski. And if it had, Your
- 23 Honor, we submit that Rita well might have come
- out differently, because this Court ruled in
- 25 Rita in 2007 that no explicit analysis is

- 1 required of the 3553(a) factors.
- There are -- if you break them out,
- 3 there are 15 distinct factors in 3553(a). And
- 4 if there's a resentencing, there are also three
- 5 additional factors established by the policy
- 6 statement, 1B1.10.
- 7 JUSTICE BREYER: You did at the
- 8 beginning -- I mean, there is something I don't
- 9 understand about this. I -- I tend to agree
- 10 with you that if we suddenly start saying you
- 11 have -- I mean, I've seen hundreds, if not
- 12 thousands, of -- of district court decisions
- 13 which take the following form: Motion for
- 14 summary judgment denied, okay, or motion for
- 15 this or that denied.
- And if we're suddenly going to say,
- 17 well, this has to have more than that word
- "denied," I don't know what's going to happen.
- 19 So I tended to follow what Justice Sotomayor
- 20 said. Sometimes the court of appeals would say
- 21 we need to know more and sometimes they
- 22 wouldn't.
- But I think what he's arguing, and I
- 24 may be missing something, is that the statute
- 25 says in 3553(c)(1) that if the sentence is

- 1 within the guideline range and it exceeds 24
- 2 months, the court at the time of sentencing
- 3 shall state in open court the reason for
- 4 imposing sentence at a particular point within
- 5 the range.
- Now it doesn't say that when you're
- 7 reconsidering.
- 8 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Correct.
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: But it does say it at
- 10 the beginning. And so the background rule
- isn't that you don't have to give a reason.
- 12 The background rule is just what I read.
- 13 So how does it work?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes.
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: I want to know how it
- 16 works and, after all, if that's the rule, if
- 17 I'm right that that is the rule, how do they do
- it, and shouldn't you have whatever they have
- 19 to do there the same here?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: No, Your Honor.
- 21 Respectfully, the -- the background rule that I
- refer to is the rule in the absence of any
- 23 statutory --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Well, here is a
- 25 statute. I'm saying -- my question is, how

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does that work in the ordinary sentencing case
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- where we've all said, gee, sometimes you just
- 3 can't say more. Well, the statute seems to say
- 4 more.
- 5 And then, if it -- whatever that is,
- 6 why shouldn't it be the same here? And I think
- 7 what they're saying is you don't have to say
- 8 it's the same if it's proportional because it's
- 9 obvious. But if it isn't proportional, it
- 10 isn't obvious.
- 11 And so you should have to say
- 12 something. Okay. So what is the --
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes --
- JUSTICE BREYER: -- response? What is
- 15 the response?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: -- Justice Breyer.
- 17 And the answer to that, Justice Breyer, is that
- 18 with regard to sentences that are governed by
- 19 3553(c) --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah.
- 21 MR. ROSENSTEIN: -- there are actually
- three levels of explanatory requirements. The
- 23 first is the requirement to state reasons in
- open court, which is 3553(c).
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah. Right.

- 1 MR. ROSENSTEIN: The second is for a
- 2 sentence with a range above 24 months --
- JUSTICE BREYER: That's right.
- 4 MR. ROSENSTEIN: -- you provide a
- 5 reason for a particular point in the range, as
- 6 you articulated.
- 7 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.
- 8 MR. ROSENSTEIN: And the third is for
- 9 a sentence outside the guideline.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah, yeah, right.
- 11 I'm only interested in the particular point
- 12 within the range.
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Correct. But, Your
- 14 Honor, this provision, 3553, was adopted as
- part of the Sentencing Reform Act in 1984
- 16 contemporaneously with Section 3582(c). And in
- 17 3582(c), the Congress decided not to
- incorporate the 3553 requirements.
- 19 And that is why we respectfully submit
- the 3553(c) requirements do not apply under
- 3582. It expressly incorporates 3553(a), which
- 22 we recognize and the district court
- acknowledged, but it does not incorporate the
- 24 procedural requirements.
- Now this Court affirmed that in the

- 1 Dillon case, where --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah, but I guess
- 3 that's peculiar. What's the reason for that?
- 4 Judge, when you give a sentence of 18 to 24 --
- 5 you know, the guideline is 108 to 122 months.
- 6 You pick out 114. And you have to give your
- 7 reason for the particular point.
- 8 But if you do precisely the same thing
- 9 on resentencing, you don't. But why?
- 10 MR. ROSENSTEIN: And the reason -- the
- 11 answer, Your Honor, as articulated by this
- 12 Court in Dillon, is that we are not at a formal
- 13 resentencing proceeding here. We are at a
- 14 motion for a reduction, which is -- this Court
- 15 recognized in Dillon is not governed by the
- 16 constitutional or remedial holding of Booker.
- 17 It's an act of congressional lenity,
- of legislative grace, and Congress in enacting
- 19 that provision was entitled, we submit, to
- 20 permit the court to do it in an expeditious
- 21 way. And --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So assume there
- wasn't a form and that the judge's real reason
- 24 was that he thinks blacks who commit this kind
- of crime should be punished severely.

- 1 How are we supposed to know or check,
- or the public know or check, that racism didn't
- 3 play a part in this? I'm not assuming that any
- 4 judge would do this, but I'm assuming --
- 5 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- some
- 7 impermissible motive is -- is at play. If we
- 8 don't have any statement by the judge of what
- 9 he or she is doing or some basic reference to
- 10 why, how do we know?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: And, Your Honor, I
- 12 would give two answers to that. The first is
- that no matter what the judge says, you never
- 14 know what the judge is thinking and doesn't
- 15 articulate.
- But the second is that, under Walton
- 17 v. Arizona, a long-standing principle, courts
- 18 presume that district courts know the law and
- 19 apply it faithfully. If it were to the
- 20 contrary, we would face this issue really in
- 21 every case. You never know the unstated
- 22 reasons; you know only the stated reasons. And
- 23 in this case --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But if you know no
- reason, which is what Justice Kennedy started

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1 with, we don't really know why he picked 114.
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- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Well, we submit, Your
- 3 Honor, that you do know enough, just as in any
- 4 ordinary original sentencing under Rita, you
- 5 know that the court was familiar with the facts
- 6 and circumstances of the crime, you know that
- 7 the court evaluated the 3553(a) factors and the
- 8 policy statements. You have the comments the
- 9 district court made at the original sentencing,
- 10 which indicated that the court was aware the
- 11 defendant had other uncharged conduct.
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So -- so let's do
- 13 a different hypothetical. The judge says: I
- 14 gave the 114 because he got convicted of a
- prison in -- infraction that was at the highest
- 16 level. And, in fact -- not the facts of this
- 17 case -- the prison infraction was at the lowest
- level and didn't even result in anything except
- 19 a warning.
- 20 How would the appellate court know
- 21 that the judge made a factual assumption that
- was erroneous in picking that 114?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: In your hypothetical,
- 24 Justice Sotomayor, the court has articulated
- 25 that reason?

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1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Yes.
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- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes. Well, in that
- 3 case, you --
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But what -- how do
- 5 we know if they don't articulate --
- 6 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Right.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- their reason
- 8 for doing something, that they're not -- that
- 9 it's not based on an erroneous factual basis?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: So, once again, we
- 11 can't deal with what the court doesn't say, but
- if the court did express --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No, but we should.
- I mean, when we're making a rule that says you
- 15 never have to, as the Tenth Circuit has
- indicated, then we don't know if an
- 17 impermissible factual or legal basis motivated
- 18 the judge.
- 19 And with factual, it's not
- intentional; it's just wrong.
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: If there were any
- 22 evidence in the record, Justice Sotomayor, to
- indicate that such an error had been made, the
- 24 defendant would be permitted on appeal to argue
- 25 procedural unreasonableness, just as this Court

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1 contemplated in Gall.
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- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: If there
- 3 were -- if your --
- 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: Can I go back --
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: If your
- 6 position prevails, why would any district judge
- 7 ever say anything about why he -- his position
- 8 on resentencing?
- 9 MR. ROSENSTEIN: We -- we don't
- 10 presume, Your Honor, the district courts are
- 11 motivated solely by the desire to be -- to
- 12 avoid appellate review.
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well --
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: I believe a district
- 15 court, as -- as was contemplated in the Rita
- opinion, it depends on the circumstances.
- 17 The district court can make its
- 18 judgment whether or not it believes that the
- 19 facts are such that it merits a more detailed
- opinion, but if it's a routine, typical,
- 21 run-of-the-mill case, as this one was, and the
- 22 court looked to the original sentencing, where
- 23 it had said very little, we believe it's
- 24 appropriate under these circumstances for the
- 25 court to impose the appropriate sentence and

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1 simply say it had considered the factors.
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- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, a judge
- 3 who -- under what circumstances was a judge --
- 4 would a judge who did just that be subject to
- 5 reversal?
- 6 MR. ROSENSTEIN: It would depend upon
- 7 the record, Your Honor. As in all cases, the
- 8 appellate court would look to the entire
- 9 record. Given the presumption of regularity,
- 10 which we submit is accorded in all cases, the
- 11 defendant who appeals this would have to
- identify some error in the record, something
- that would merit appellate review.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, like --
- 15 like what? I'm -- I'm saying the judge doesn't
- say anything, and you say the presumption is
- 17 that he adequately considered all of the
- 18 factors and all that.
- 19 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Correct.
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What type of
- 21 evidence in the record would suggest that that
- 22 wasn't the case?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Well, if you're
- 24 talking only about procedural reasonableness,
- as we're talking about here, you look to

- whether the guidelines were properly
- 2 considered. You would look to whether or not
- 3 there were other defendants in the case who
- 4 received disparate sentences. You'd have to
- 5 find something in the record that indicated
- 6 that there had been some impropriety in the
- 7 sentencing proceeding.
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: So, as -- as I
- 9 understand it in this case, let's say there --
- there are any number of choices, but let's say
- 11 there are three choices: One, the judge has
- 12 kept the original sentence. Two, he put it at
- 13 the low end of the guidelines. Three, he put
- it at the high end of the new guidelines but no
- 15 greater than the earlier sentence.
- 16 Any one of those is okay?
- 17 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Any one of those is
- 18 okay, Your Honor, as long as there's no --
- 19 JUSTICE KENNEDY: No reasons required?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Well, the reasons are
- 21 required. The court is required to apply the
- 3553(a) factors and the policy statement, but
- 23 in the absence of any indication the court had
- failed to do that, we submit that that would
- suffice, even in an original sentencing under

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      Rita.
               JUSTICE KENNEDY: But in -- in -- in
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      all of the circumstances on the revised --
 3
      after the sentencing guidelines had been
 4
      revised, in my three alternatives, in -- in
 5
      none of those cases is any reason required?
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 7
               MR. ROSENSTEIN: In -- in all cases,
      the court is required to have reasons, premised
 8
      on the --
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               JUSTICE KENNEDY: The statement -- in
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      none of those cases need the court state his
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12
      reasons, under your view, for the resentencing?
               MR. ROSENSTEIN: In none of those
13
      cases would it be required to cite a specific
14
15
      reason for a sentence within the guideline
      range. That's correct, presume -- provided --
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17
               JUSTICE KAGAN: And your -- your
      understanding where -- the language that I read
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      you in Taylor where it said that there is some
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      necessity to state some amount of reasoning,
      what do you think that that applies to?
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2.2
               MR. ROSENSTEIN: Your Honor -- Your
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      Honor, we believe that the Taylor case is not
24
      generalizable. And as this Court said in Rita,
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the amount of explanation required under the

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1 guidelines depends upon the circumstances.
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- 2 If it were otherwise, then we submit
- 3 --
- 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, is Taylor just
- 5 about the statute? In Taylor, is that all it's
- 6 about? Because, certainly, Taylor seemed to
- 7 suggest a broader rule. It said, you know,
- 8 where, as here, Congress has directed a
- 9 district court to consider particular factors,
- in order to have effective appellate review, we
- 11 need some brief statement about why the court
- 12 has come out the way it has based on those
- 13 factors.
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: So we believe, Your
- 15 Honor -- and there are two answers to that.
- 16 The first is that if you look to the concluding
- 17 paragraph in the Taylor opinion, the Court
- indicated that the trial court in that case
- 19 relied on factors that were unsupported by the
- 20 record. So the record itself actually
- 21 indicated that there was an error that was made
- 22 by the district court in Taylor.
- But with regard to the issue of what
- 24 factors need to be considered, that is
- 25 ultimately an issue, we submit, of legislative

- 1 intent.
- 2 And in this case, in Section 3582,
- 3 Congress decided to permit an expedited process
- 4 and not to require all the procedures that
- 5 Congress created for original sentencing.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: There's a -- there's
- 7 another statutory section, which is 3583(e),
- 8 which directs courts to consider the 3553(a)
- 9 factors, those -- these same factors that are
- involved in this case, when terminating periods
- of supervised release.
- Do you think a judge can terminate a
- 13 period of -- of supervised release and send
- somebody back to prison without any statement
- of reasons?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Your Honor,
- 17 hypothetically, the court would be permitted to
- do that only if the record were sufficient --
- 19 JUSTICE KAGAN: I'm sorry.
- 20 Hypothetically what?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Well, in some cases,
- Your Honor, the record might be clear as to
- 23 what the basis was, but certainly there would
- have to be a basis for the court to make that
- 25 decision.

- 1 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, a basis. But
- 2 the question is, do you think that the court
- 3 has to state reasons to send somebody back to
- 4 prison under 3583(e)?
- 5 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Your Honor, I don't
- 6 have the language in front of me. I apologize.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: It doesn't say
- 8 anything about explanation. So I'll give you
- 9 the relevant things.
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Right.
- 11 JUSTICE KAGAN: It basically says you
- 12 have to consider the 3553(a) factors. But then
- it does not say that you have to explain
- 14 anything.
- So the question is whether there's a
- 16 background rule that says --
- 17 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes.
- 18 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- of course, before
- 19 you send somebody back to prison like that, you
- 20 have to at least say something. That's the
- 21 question.
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes. And -- and,
- 23 again, Your Honor, we believe it would be a
- 24 question of legislative intent, and we believe
- 25 that with regard to 3582, it's clear that

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1 Congress contemplated an expedited procedure
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- 2 that would not incorporate the reasons required
- 3 in 3553 and would simply be subject to the
- 4 background rule.
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Can you tell us --
- JUSTICE BREYER: So can we do this --
- 7 can we do --
- 8 JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- a little
- 9 something about the form? What -- what was the
- 10 genesis of that, this Administrative Office
- 11 Form, what, AO-247?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Correct, Your Honor.
- 13 JUSTICE GINSBURG: How did that come
- 14 to -- to be?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: My understanding,
- 16 Your Honor, is that form was developed by the
- 17 Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, along
- 18 with input from the Sentencing Commission, in
- order to expedite these proceedings and ensure
- that appropriate information was reflected in
- 21 the record.
- 22 Interestingly, Your Honor, the
- original version of the form, I believe from
- 24 2008, did not include the language clarifying
- 25 that the court had considered the 3553(a)

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1
      factors and the policy statement.
 2
               In fact --
 3
               JUSTICE BREYER: All right.
                                            It --
               MR. ROSENSTEIN: -- one of the lower
 4
      court opinions -- pardon me?
 5
 6
               JUSTICE BREYER: I just want to go
 7
      back for a second to Taylor. My understanding
      is that Taylor is speaking generally in 1988,
 8
      and it's considering the Speedy Trial Act.
 9
               Subsequent to that, I believe we
10
      decided a case called Rita. And I thought in
11
12
      Rita, we addressed specifically this question
      at an original sentencing. And what we said,
13
14
      yes, there has to be some explanation, but the
15
      length, the detail -- when it's within the
      quideline, not outside the quideline, and I
16
17
      think that was the intent of the Commission.
               Outside the guideline, you better
18
      explain it. Inside the guideline, in this
19
      range, it says, that the statute or precedent
20
      does not insist upon a full opinion in every
21
2.2
      case. The sentencing judge should set forth
23
      enough to satisfy the appellate court that he
24
      has considered the arguments and has a reasoned
      basis, but the length, the detail, the content,
25
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- 1 even when to write is basically up to the
- 2 judge.
- 3 Then, when the judge does that, if the
- 4 appellate court needs more, it can ask for
- 5 more. Now I thought that was what Rita -- but
- 6 I haven't looked at it in a long time -- so I
- 7 thought that's what Rita was saying.
- 8 And -- but there's nothing -- is there
- 9 anything wrong with that?
- 10 MR. ROSENSTEIN: No, Your Honor. And
- I believe that's consistent with Taylor in this
- 12 respect, and that is that the principle --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Well, I hope it was
- 14 consistent. But if it wasn't consistent, it is
- the later case and does deal specifically with
- sentencing guidelines, as opposed to dealing
- 17 with the Speedy Trial Act.
- 18 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor. And
- 19 I think the -- the -- the point of commonality
- 20 is that the principle of Rita is that if the
- 21 district court is acting within the normal
- 22 range, the typical case, less explanation is
- 23 required.
- When the court is doing something
- 25 unusual, outside the norm, more of an

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1 explanation is required. Taylor, of course, is
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- 2 a binary choice. The case is dismissed either
- 3 with or without prejudice.
- 4 Here, we're talking about a range
- 5 where the courts have established that any
- 6 selection within that range could be a
- 7 reasonable sentence --
- 8 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, that's true, but
- 9 this case involves what the Petitioner calls a
- 10 disproportionality; that at the first instance
- 11 you got the low end of the range and at the
- 12 second instance, you're no longer at the low
- 13 end of the range.
- 14 And so the question that Rita raises
- is, in a case like that, is something a little
- bit more required, so that the judge says, you
- 17 know what, I don't want to be at the low end of
- 18 the range in -- in -- given this new range,
- 19 because of the seriousness of the offense. And
- the judge doesn't have to do that at length, as
- 21 Rita said, maybe the judge doesn't even have to
- 22 do it in writing, as long as the judge says
- something to give both the defendant and the
- 24 appellate court some understanding of why the
- judge is doing what the judge is doing.

- 1 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor. And
- 2 we respectfully submit that there is no magic
- 3 to this concept of proportionality. This is
- 4 not something that the defendant has rooted in
- 5 any statutory requirement or even in any
- 6 judicial finding.
- 7 This idea that it needs to be
- 8 proportional is simply something that they are
- 9 trying to sell to the Court but we submit
- 10 really shouldn't be involved.
- 11 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, it raises a
- 12 question, don't you think?
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: No, I do not, Your
- 14 Honor. The reason I do not is because the --
- the principle here is that the guidelines are
- only one relevant factor.
- 17 If we were in a Booker world, perhaps
- 18 it would have more significance, but in a
- 19 post-Booker world, it's clear that that
- 20 district court in choosing 135 months was not
- 21 merely saying I will always pick the lowest
- 22 possible sentence --
- 23 JUSTICE KAGAN: Quite right. And
- that's why the -- the court can say I don't
- 25 think -- I don't want to go with the lowest

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1 point in the new range, and -- and that's
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- 2 absolutely the prerogative of the -- the
- 3 district court.
- 4 But the question that the Petitioner
- 5 raises is just whether the judge has to say,
- 6 I've thought about this question and I don't
- 7 want to be at the low end of the range anymore
- 8 because of the seriousness of the defense -- of
- 9 the offense or because of something else.
- 10 MR. ROSENSTEIN: Correct, Your Honor.
- 11 JUSTICE KAGAN: It just seems a --
- it's a minor requirement but one that seems as
- though it would help the appellate court quite
- 14 a lot to know why the judge had chosen a
- sentence that was no longer at the low end of
- 16 the range.
- 17 MR. ROSENSTEIN: But I believe, Your
- 18 Honor, that if you were to look at Rita, that
- 19 the challenge that they are posing here really
- 20 would undermine the premise of Rita, which is
- 21 that for a typical sentence where the court
- 22 chooses a point within the range, there is no
- 23 requirement for detailed elaboration of the
- 24 reasons.
- 25 And why would more be required in

- 1 3582, which this case has -- this Court has
- 2 indicated in Dillon actually is an abbreviated
- 3 proceeding, not subject to Booker. Why would
- 4 the Court require more under 3582 than it would
- 5 under 3553 at an original sentencing?
- 6 So we respectfully submit that that's
- 7 essentially what the defendant is asking the
- 8 Court here to do, is to expand the explanatory
- 9 requirement not only to the Rita standard but
- 10 even beyond it.
- 11 And I think if the Court were to look
- to the original sentencing in this case, as I
- indicated, I believe that would not satisfy the
- 14 defendant.
- In fact, they -- they have indicated
- in their reply brief that even the one sentence
- 17 the government proposed, the clarifying
- 18 sentence we proposed in our brief at page 40,
- 19 the defendant in their reply brief at page 19
- 20 indicates that would not be sufficient for him.
- 21 So we really don't know what type of
- 22 detail would be satisfactory, but we
- 23 respectfully submit that if you were to take
- their argument to the logical extreme, it would
- 25 require in every case for the court to address

- 1 every conceivable factor, of which, as I say,
- 2 if you break them out, there are 15 just in
- 3 3553(a). Three additional factors added by the
- 4 policy statement.
- 5 And so what we believe, Your Honor, is
- 6 that what the district court did here is more
- 7 than sufficient. The court made clear on the
- 8 record that it had considered the relevant
- 9 factors under 3553(a). It had considered the
- 10 factors in the policy statement.
- 11 The court was familiar with the case
- 12 by virtue of having handled the original
- 13 sentencing and imposed a sentence that is
- 14 reasonable and for that reason should be
- 15 upheld.
- 16 If there are no further questions.
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 18 counsel.
- MR. ROSENSTEIN: Thank you, Your
- Honor.
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Coberly,
- 22 you have four minutes remaining.
- 23 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF TODD A. COBERLY
- 24 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
- MR. COBERLY: I'm surprised that the

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1 government suggests that Rita or -- excuse
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- 2 me -- Taylor does not apply in the sentencing
- 3 context. The times this Court has relied on
- 4 Taylor, it has been in the sentencing context.
- 5 This Court has relied specifically on
- 6 Taylor in Rita in stating, "The sentencing
- 7 judge should set -- set forth enough to satisfy
- 8 the appellate court that he has considered the
- 9 parties' arguments and has a reasoned basis for
- 10 exercising his own legal decision-making
- 11 authority. See e.g. United States v. Taylor.
- 12 Nonetheless, when a judge decides simply to
- 13 apply the Guidelines to a particular case,
- doing so will not necessarily require lengthy
- 15 explanation."
- That's exactly all we're asking for.
- 17 And we understand that we're not asking for a
- 18 lengthy explanation but that when Congress has
- 19 channeled the exercise of the discretion of the
- 20 district court judge by directing it to
- 21 consider certain factors, the role of the
- 22 appellate court is to ensure that the district
- 23 court actually looked at those factors.
- It's not that it's necessarily -- the
- 25 outcome is necessarily wrong but that it

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1 actually applied those factors in order to
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- 2 comply with the directives of Congress.
- 3 JUSTICE ALITO: What would be the
- 4 minimum that would suffice here?
- 5 MR. COBERLY: I think the minimum that
- 6 would be -- would suffice, Your Honor, in a
- 7 run-of-the-mill case is I looked -- I'm -- if
- 8 it's disproportionate, as it is here, the
- 9 reason I imposed a sentence of 114 months or
- 10 whatever it is, because of the seriousness of
- 11 the crime of, you know, the defendant's
- involved in methamphetamine tracking --
- 13 trafficking, something to that effect.
- 14 Again, I don't want to telegraph to
- 15 the district court what we think. We don't
- want to presume because we simply don't know.
- 17 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, you're asking us
- 18 to impose a standard. And -- and you could --
- 19 I -- I think it's entirely fair to ask you what
- 20 would be the minimum that would be required.
- 21 So you gave me an answer. The judge
- 22 would -- if the judge made reference to
- 23 methamphetamine trafficking, that would be
- enough?
- 25 MR. COBERLY: I -- I think if -- if

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1 there was something that was tied to the
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- 2 particular circumstances of the case, but,
- 3 again, I mean, the -- the reality here is
- 4 that's up to the appellate courts. That's up
- 5 to the district court judge in the first
- 6 instance, and then it's up to the -- the
- 7 appellate courts to determine whether that was
- 8 sufficient reason to divine the -- the actual
- 9 reason of the district court judge.
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: But in stating a
- 11 standard, you're essentially asking us to
- 12 repeat those words that you just read from
- 13 Rita, is that correct?
- MR. COBERLY: Exactly, Your Honor.
- We're -- we're -- we're not asking anything
- 16 different than what Rita already requires.
- 17 And, Justice Alito, your -- your cite
- 18 to Taylor in -- in your dissent in Gall
- 19 recognized that the reason it's important for a
- judge to state reasons to ensure that the
- 21 district court --
- 22 JUSTICE BREYER: What Rita did say on
- 23 this point, I think -- point within the
- 24 guidelines that applied, the whole paragraph,
- which you didn't really have time to read, but

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1 the paragraph there talks about sometimes a
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- 2 judicial opinion responds to every argument;
- 3 sometimes it does not.
- 4 Sometimes a judge simply writes the
- 5 word "granted" or "denied" on the face of the
- 6 motion; other times the -- and the reasons make
- 7 everything clear. Sometimes they leave -- the
- 8 law leaves much in this respect to the judge's
- 9 own professional judgment.
- 10 You have a borderline case. I mean, I
- 11 -- I don't know whether more should be called
- 12 for. And that's why I was looking around of a
- way of resolving this. And it seemed to me one
- 14 way to resolve it would be to say you can write
- pretty minimally, but the court of appeals can
- 16 ask for more if they need to.
- 17 MR. COBERLY: I think that's exactly
- 18 right, Justice Breyer.
- 19 JUSTICE BREYER: You do?
- 20 (Laughter.)
- MR. COBERLY: The problem -- the
- 22 problem with the government --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: But when you say
- 24 minimally, you mean more than just check the
- 25 box, right?

Т	MR. COBERLY: Yean, absolutely. 1
2	mean, there has to be something there has to
3	be something more than than just simply
4	saying I considered the factors. There has to
5	be something, and this is how I applied the
6	factors, something minimal.
7	We're we're not asking for much.
8	We're asking for crumbs here. And I see that
9	my time is up.
10	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
11	counsel. The case is submitted.
12	(Whereupon, at 1:59 p.m., the case was
13	submitted.)
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