| 1 | IN THE SUPREME COURT OF TH | E UN | IITED | STATES |
|----|--------------------------------|------|-------|--------|
| 2 | | -x | | |
| 3 | RICK PERRY, GOVERNOR OF TEXAS, | : | | |
| 4 | ET AL., | : | | |
| 5 | Appellants | : | No. | 11-713 |
| 6 | v. | : | | |
| 7 | SHANNON PEREZ, ET AL. | : | | |
| 8 | | -x | | |
| 9 | and | | | |
| 10 | | -x | | |
| 11 | RICK PERRY, GOVERNOR OF TEXAS, | : | | |
| 12 | ET AL., | : | | |
| 13 | Appellants | : | No. | 11-714 |
| 14 | v. | : | | |
| 15 | WENDY DAVIS, ET AL. | : | | |
| 16 | | -x | | |
| 17 | and | | | |
| 18 | | -x | | |
| 19 | RICK PERRY, GOVERNOR OF TEXAS, | : | | |
| 20 | ET AL., | : | | |
| 21 | Appellants | : | No. | 11-715 |
| 22 | v. | : | | |
| 23 | SHANNON PEREZ, ET AL. | : | | |
| 24 | | -x | | |
| 25 | Washington | , D. | C. | |

| 1 | Monday, January 9, 2012 |
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| 2 | |
| 3 | The above-entitled matter came on for oral |
| 4 | argument before the Supreme Court of the United States |
| 5 | at 1:00 p.m. |
| 6 | APPEARANCES: |
| 7 | PAUL D. CLEMENT, ESQ., Washington, D.C.; for |
| 8 | Appellants. |
| 9 | SRI SRINIVASAN, ESQ., Principal Deputy Solicitor |
| 10 | General, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.; for |
| 11 | the United States, as amicus curiae, supporting |
| 12 | affirmance in part and vacatur in part. |
| 13 | JOSE GARZA, ESQ., San Antonio, Texas; for Appellees. |
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| 1 | PROCEEDINGS |
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| 2 | (1:00 p.m.) |
| 3 | CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear argument |
| 4 | next today in Case 11-713, Perry v. Perez, and the |
| 5 | consolidated cases. |
| 6 | Mr. Clement. |
| 7 | ORAL ARGUMENT OF PAUL D. CLEMENT |
| 8 | ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLANTS |
| 9 | MR. CLEMENT: Mr. Chief Justice, and may it |
| 10 | please the Court: |
| 11 | The judicial maps drawn here are truly |
| 12 | remarkable. They reflect the reality that the district |
| 13 | court below lost sight of first principles. The court |
| 14 | repeatedly invoked the principle that these were only |
| 15 | interim maps and not remedial maps, but that obscures |
| 16 | the reality that a court has the authority to draw an |
| 17 | election map, surely one of the most powerful judicial |
| 18 | tools in the judicial arsenal, only if it is identifying |
| 19 | specific statutory or constitutional violations or a |
| 20 | substantial likelihood thereof. |
| 21 | JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Mr. Clement, section 5 |
| 22 | says you can't draw new maps unless they've been |
| 23 | precleared. You can't put them into effect. |
| 24 | MR. CLEMENT: But |
| 25 | JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So, the only thing that |

- 1 exists is old maps until you get the preclearance.
- I don't see how we can give deference to an
- 3 enacted new map, if section 5 says don't give it effect
- 4 until it's been precleared.
- 5 MR. CLEMENT: Well, Justice Sotomayor,
- 6 obviously, section 5 is clear that the new map drawn by
- 7 the Texas legislature, the new maps drawn by the Texas
- 8 legislature, cannot take effect of their own force. But
- 9 that doesn't answer the question of whether a judge,
- 10 when having to impose a remedial map to address what all
- 11 concede is a one-person, one-vote problem with the
- 12 benchmark maps, can look to the new maps which also
- 13 remedy that same one-person, one-vote problem, for
- 14 quidance. And this Court in its --
- 15 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But you're asking for
- 16 more than for guidance. You're asking for deference.
- 17 You're saying they have to start with the new map even
- 18 though that map hasn't been approved.
- MR. CLEMENT: That's right, Your Honor. We
- 20 think they --
- 21 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Instead of starting, as
- the court below did, with the old map which had been
- 23 approved.
- MR. CLEMENT: Right. We are -- in fairness,
- 25 we're asking for it to be used as the starting point for

| 1 | drawing | the | new | map, | but | that's | because | |
|---|---------|-----|-----|------|-----|--------|---------|--|
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- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Doesn't that turn
- 3 section 5 on its head?
- 4 MR. CLEMENT: No, I don't think so, Your
- 5 Honor, for a number of reasons. One is that the
- 6 obligation to go to the preclearance court or to go to
- 7 the Attorney General remains fully in place. So, the
- 8 only question is, what is going to inform the district
- 9 court in Texas's exercise of remedial authority to
- 10 remedy the one-person, one-vote problem with the
- 11 remedial plans -- with the benchmark plans, rather?
- Now, this Court from the very beginning of
- its reapportionment cases has emphasized the need to
- 14 look for legislative guidance in order to inform the
- 15 judicial exercise of solving that reapportionment
- 16 problem. And the need to look to the new maps I think
- is most acute, of course, with the congressional maps
- 18 because the benchmark is -- is a fine map, but it's a
- 19 map for 32 seats. And Congress here -- the legislature
- 20 of Texas has spoken as to how it would like to divide
- 21 the new 36-seat allocation up. And it seems to be quite
- 22 odd that the court would simply ignore that judgment
- 23 when it could look to that as the starting point.
- 24 JUSTICE GINSBURG: It didn't -- it didn't
- 25 ignore it. It took it into account along with other

- 1 plans. My -- Mr. Clement, suppose the D.C. court that
- 2 has exclusive authority over preclearance in
- 3 mid-February denies preclearance. And suppose --
- 4 suppose we accept your position. You prevail in -- in
- 5 this proceeding. And then the three-judge district
- 6 court says this -- this plan -- these plans do not meet
- 7 the section 5 requirement; we deny preclearance. What
- 8 happens if we use the Texas plan that has not been
- 9 precleared as the interim plan?
- 10 MR. CLEMENT: Well, Justice Ginsburg, as a
- 11 practical matter, I suppose at that point Appellees
- 12 would go to the court in Texas and say you need to
- 13 revise your interim maps once again.
- Now, I think, since the premise for the
- 15 court drawing its interim maps is that time is of the
- 16 essence, it can't wait any longer, the Texas court may
- 17 deny that motion or it may grant that motion. I mean, I
- 18 don't -- I don't really have a crystal ball to take that
- 19 into account.
- 20 But what I do think is particularly
- 21 anomalous is let's suppose that the D.C. court does deny
- 22 preclearance. At that point, it's common ground that
- 23 the plan, the legislatively enacted plan, even though
- 24 it's denied preclearance, would be something that the
- 25 Texas court would have to defer to. That's basically

- 1 Upham.
- 2 So, it's the oddity of the other side's
- 3 position --
- 4 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I don't see how it's
- 5 basically Upham. That was a plan -- there were two
- 6 contiguous districts. There was a problem with them.
- 7 The Attorney General said the rest of it was okay. Here
- 8 the entire plan -- the plans are -- are opposed.
- 9 MR. CLEMENT: Well, Justice Ginsburg, I mean
- 10 it's true that the Justice Department does raise a
- 11 purpose objection to the plans as a whole, but of course
- 12 even that takes its force from the way particular
- 13 districts are being drawn. It seems to me quite likely
- 14 that -- you know, obviously, our position is that the
- 15 D.C. court is most likely to grant preclearance. But if
- 16 they were to deny it, it seems quite likely that they
- 17 would deny it as to particular districts. And then
- 18 Upham would make clear that you would give -- that the
- 19 Texas court would give deference to the legislative
- 20 plan.
- 21 And the anomaly of the other side's position
- is you give less deference to a plan when preclearance
- 23 is pending than you do when preclearance is denied.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Can I ask you a question
- 25 about timing? Let's suppose that the district court in

- 1 Washington moves expeditiously and issues a decision in
- 2 mid-February. Are there insuperable problems with
- 3 postponing the Texas primary so that the plan that is to
- 4 be used can -- doesn't have to be formulated until after
- 5 the district court in Washington has ruled?
- 6 Texas has a very early primary. Some States
- 7 have them for congressional races in -- in the fall, and
- 8 the latest presidential primary I think is at the end of
- 9 June. So, why can't this all be pushed back, and
- 10 wouldn't that eliminate a lot of the problems that we
- 11 are grappling with in this case?
- MR. CLEMENT: Well, Justice Alito, two --
- 13 two answers: One is, as a practical matter, all of the
- 14 affected, you know, entities in Texas have gotten
- 15 together, and they've agreed on the ability to move the
- 16 primary back to April, given -- on the assumption that a
- 17 map could be in place by February 1st.
- 18 Now, you know, the primary has been moved
- 19 from March to April already. So, I can't tell you that
- 20 it's impossible to move it again, but it's also quite,
- 21 you know, in a sense -- I mean, the question becomes --
- 22 I mean, Texas has made its own determination that it
- 23 wants to have a relatively early primary. That's not
- 24 something it cocked up for this set of elections. It's
- 25 had that in place since at least 1988. And so, the

- 1 question is how much do you want to interfere with that
- 2 judgment?
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, if we have a binary
- 4 choice, if it's either the plan enacted by the Texas
- 5 legislature or the plan that's already been drawn up by
- 6 the court, yes, that could be presumably resolved rather
- 7 quickly. But what if neither of those is fully
- 8 acceptable? Then is it -- is it practicable to have the
- 9 primary on the date that's been agreed on? And if not,
- 10 then wouldn't -- would you just prefer to limit us to
- 11 those two possibilities or would Texas entertain the
- 12 possibility of moving the primary back?
- MR. CLEMENT: Well, look, Texas wants the
- 14 Court to have the opportunity to get this right. We
- 15 think the decision below is profoundly wrong. We think
- 16 it's important for this Court to send a clear signal to
- 17 the courts that would provide relief not just in this
- 18 case but to future situations where this arose.
- 19 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Just one more question.
- MR. CLEMENT: Sure.
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Background question about
- 22 preclearance. Assume that the court of appeals -- that
- 23 the three-judge district court in Columbia in the
- 24 preclearance proceeding finds some problems with two or
- 25 three of the districts, say, in the congressional plan.

- 1 Does it just say we -- there are problems with these
- 2 districts, we therefore deny preclearance; or does it
- 3 then give guidance and say we would give preclearance if
- 4 you made the following changes? Does it -- in other
- 5 words, does it give you a road map? How do these
- 6 decisions work? That's what I'm asking.
- 7 MR. CLEMENT: Well, I don't think there's a
- 8 road map for the extent to which they give a road map.
- 9 I think there are two things that are crystal clear.
- 10 One is that when the D.C. authority, be it the Attorney
- 11 General or the court, denies preclearance, it denies
- 12 preclearance. The plan is not precleared. There's no
- 13 such thing as preclearance in part or partial
- 14 preclearance. As the Justice Department puts it, it
- 15 doesn't work like a line item veto.
- 16 Now, that's not to say -- and here's the second
- 17 point. That's not to say that the court doesn't provide
- 18 reasoning for its decision, or the Attorney General.
- 19 And that's why in Upham, for example, that the Court --
- 20 this Court knew that the objections were to two
- 21 particular districts, even though the effect in Upham
- 22 was to not preclear the whole plan. And it seems to me
- 23 the mistake of the district court is it effectively
- 24 treats the un-precleared plan as a nullity. And that's
- 25 the exact word that Judge Johnson used in the lower

- 1 court opinion in Upham.
- 2 And this Court reversed because it said no,
- 3 you don't ignore that, but on the other hand, what you
- 4 do is you take into account the judgment of the Attorney
- 5 General in that case; but other than that, you take the
- 6 plan into account notwithstanding the fact that it
- 7 hasn't been precleared.
- 8 JUSTICE KAGAN: But we've said over and
- 9 over, Mr. Clement, that it's the Attorney General and
- 10 the district court in D.C. that have exclusive
- 11 jurisdiction over this set of questions and that we
- 12 don't want courts in other part of the country to try to
- 13 mimic what those -- what that court and the Attorney
- 14 General are supposed to do.
- 15 And you're essentially asking for the
- 16 district court in the State of Texas to try to predict
- 17 what they're going to do and to mimic what they're going
- 18 to do. And that's why Justice Alito suggests, well,
- 19 look, if we've said that only the district court in D.C.
- 20 and the Attorney General should do this, let's wait
- 21 until they do it and go from there.
- MR. CLEMENT: Well, Justice Kagan, here's
- 23 why we're -- we're not asking the regional court to
- 24 mimic the D.C. court's function. We're asking it to
- 25 perform correctly the one -- one of the roles that this

- 1 Court has always made clear the regional court retains.
- 2 And that's to provide temporary relief.
- If you look at this Court's decisions that
- 4 essentially warn off a regional court from arrogating to
- 5 itself the final preclearance decision -- I'm thinking,
- 6 for example, of Connor v. Waller -- those same decisions
- 7 say: But this is not with prejudice to your ability to
- 8 provide temporary relief.
- Now, our position is quite simple. If we're
- 10 in a situation where the regional court has to provide
- 11 temporary relief, then it should apply the same
- 12 standards that always apply everywhere to courts issuing
- 13 temporary relief.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: But you're not taking into
- 15 account the fact that, as Justice Sotomayor said,
- 16 section 5 itself operates as an injunction. And it's an
- injunction against the use of an un-precleared plan.
- 18 MR. CLEMENT: Justice Kagan, I think we are
- 19 taking that into account. I mean -- and I think that's
- 20 at the heart of what's going on here. You have to ask
- 21 yourself the question: What is the remedy that the
- 22 Texas court in this case was trying -- what is the
- 23 violation, rather, that the Texas court was trying to
- 24 remedy? The Appellees proceed and I think your question
- 25 proceeds on the assumption as if the violation is a

- 1 section 5 violation. But that's not what motivated the
- 2 court's opinion, and you can -- I mean, look at page 96
- 3 of the Joint Appendix, where the court specifically
- 4 says: Look, Texas has always been clear. They need to
- 5 get preclearance. So, this is not about enjoining them
- 6 from implementing the plan.
- 7 The constitutional violation that's being
- 8 remedied here and the only thing that gave the Texas
- 9 court any authority is the one person, one vote
- 10 violation with the old plans. And so, the --
- 11 JUSTICE BREYER: That's what they said
- 12 they're doing. I mean, I count in the -- about eight
- 13 times in the house plan, the State house plan, and
- 14 several times in the senate plan where it's clear, and I
- 15 think it's fairly clear in the U.S. House plan, they say
- 16 things like: "The court began by considering the
- 17 uncontested districts from the enacted plan that
- 18 embraced neutral districting principles, although it
- 19 wasn't required to give any deference." And you say
- 20 they're wrong about that. "The court attempted to
- 21 embrace as many of the uncontested districts as
- 22 possible."
- So, after I got finished reading their
- 24 opinions, I thought, well, there may be a difference
- 25 between what you say and they say, but I'm not sure that

- 1 there is a difference that's reflected in the maps.
- 2 And so, it's now January 9th. We have to
- 3 have something in effect by February 1st. They said
- 4 that they're paying attention to what the legislature
- 5 did. And when I looked at the maps, as far as I can
- 6 tell, they include -- some more, some less, most in the
- 7 State senate -- but they include a lot of the State's
- 8 changes.
- 9 So, what am I supposed to do? I mean, I
- 10 can't tell whether you're right or wrong without looking
- 11 district by district by district. What am I
- 12 supposed to do on January 9th?
- MR. CLEMENT: Well, I think on January 9th,
- 14 Justice Breyer, you should take another look at El Paso
- 15 County. Because I think if you look at El Paso
- 16 County --
- JUSTICE BREYER: In which -- in which --
- 18 MR. CLEMENT: In either the congressional
- 19 map or the house map. I think if you look at El Paso
- 20 County, what you cannot conclude is that all ---
- 21 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What map is that?
- MR. CLEMENT: What's that?
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What district is that?
- MR. CLEMENT: Well, it depends. If we're
- looking at the congressional map, I believe it's

- 1 district 16 or 17. And that's -- those maps start on
- 2 page 1.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. El Paso County in
- 4 the original plan I guess was -- like number 16. I've
- 5 got it in front of me. And they split it, and it was
- 6 split somewhat differently or not. Okay.
- 7 MR. CLEMENT: Well, I mean, I think you're
- 8 understating it. I mean, on the benchmark plan --
- JUSTICE BREYER: No, no, right. It's a
- 10 whole --
- 11 MR. CLEMENT: -- that was a straight line.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.
- MR. CLEMENT: On the enacted plan, it was a
- 14 different straight line.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yes. Correct.
- 16 MR. CLEMENT: And in the court's plan --
- 17 JUSTICE BREYER: So -- all right. All
- 18 right. Now, why was that wrong? Why is that wrong?
- 19 Tell me why it's wrong for them to do that.
- 20 MR. CLEMENT: I want to -- I want to say two
- 21 reasons why it's wrong, but first I think that really
- 22 does answer your premise, which is that all the court
- 23 was doing was remedying one person, one vote.
- JUSTICE BREYER: No, no, I didn't say that.
- 25 I said, in their way of thinking, they are taking the

- 1 map into account. Now, to sit -- the enacted one. If I
- 2 disagree with that, I can't disagree at the level of
- 3 principle; I have to disagree at the level of particular
- 4 districts. That's why I asked you the question. So,
- 5 you point to district 16, and I say, very well, tell me
- 6 what they did wrong and why? Because, remember, they
- 7 are facing a challenge that's based on section 5, part
- 8 purpose.
- 9 And the district court there said, in the
- 10 D.C., you don't survive -- I can't give you a summary
- judgment on that; purpose here may have been violated.
- 12 All right. Now, you tell me what's wrong
- 13 with district 16, which I guess is your strongest case.
- 14 That would be helpful.
- 15 MR. CLEMENT: No, what I'm -- I'm not saying
- 16 it's my strongest case. I'm saying it's illustrative of
- 17 the problem. Another thing that's illustrative of the
- 18 problem --
- 19 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But what's was the
- 20 problem?
- 21 JUSTICE BREYER: Tell me -- tell me what's
- 22 the problem?
- MR. CLEMENT: The problem is that the court
- 24 lost sight of what it was supposed to be doing. It was
- 25 supposed to be --

- 1 JUSTICE BREYER: What they said they were
- 2 doing. They couldn't have lost sight at the level of
- 3 generality because at the level of generality they said
- 4 we're trying to take into account the map. I'm just
- 5 repeating myself.
- I want to know what is wrong with the
- 7 drawing of district 16, what they did, given that
- 8 there's a section 5 challenge based on purpose?
- 9 MR. CLEMENT: And what's wrong with it is
- 10 because they neither started with the old benchmark plan
- 11 and said we're going to solve a one person, one vote
- 12 problem, nor did they start with the new legislative
- 13 plan and say is. There some violation that allows us to
- 14 change that plan? They instead, as they told you, said
- 15 that they were on their own drawing an independent map.
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm sorry. That's --
- 17 that's incomplete.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You can finish your
- 19 -- finish your answer, please, if you can.
- 20 MR. CLEMENT: What I was hoping to say is
- 21 that they -- they told you they were drawing an
- 22 independent map, and what they told you is that they
- 23 thought that they were under an affirmative obligation
- 24 not to defer to the legislative enactment because it
- 25 hadn't been precleared. And the oddity of this -- I

- 1 mean, look, you're right. In certain places, they then
- 2 turn around and say: But we deferred where we could.
- 3 But the oddity of their position is their
- 4 first premise, which is the one thing we can't do in
- 5 drawing these maps, is look at that -- look at that
- 6 un-precleared map. There's no explanation for why -- if
- 7 that premise was right, why would it be even a good
- 8 thing that they were pointing to the other map.
- 10 how I understand that, okay? As I looked at one of the
- 11 El Paso maps, the enacted map created a antler-type
- 12 district, a head and two unconnected antlers on top,
- 13 nothing tying them together.
- 14 The district court went back to the
- 15 benchmark and said this is the benchmark district; now
- 16 I'm going to draw the districts around it that fall
- 17 naturally, trying to stay within neutral principles of
- 18 not dividing up the city more than I have to. And it
- 19 came out with another district.
- I don't understand what principle, what
- 21 legal principle, the district court was violating that
- 22 makes what it did with that particular county wrong.
- 23 You're saying they should have given deference to an
- 24 oddly shaped district that changed a prior benchmark
- 25 that's been challenged as having been created

- 1 specifically to minimize the Latino vote.
- 2 All of the challenges that relate to El Paso
- 3 are very significant. The district court has already
- 4 denied summary judgment on that. Tell me what legal
- 5 principle they violated, other than the deference
- 6 principle that you're relying upon?
- 7 MR. CLEMENT: The basic principle they
- 8 violated is they drew an interim order that they thought
- 9 wasn't a remedial order without it being based on any
- 10 finding of substantial likelihood of a violation.
- 11 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That's your second --
- 12 MR. CLEMENT: You may be right. You may be
- 13 right. There may be a problem with those maps in El
- 14 Paso. I don't think so, and I'd like to talk about
- 15 that.
- 16 But if the district court had said, you
- 17 know, there's a problem with this because the two the
- 18 two antler -- the deer with two antlers, that violates
- 19 -- that's a substantial likelihood of violating the
- 20 Constitution. We're going to remedy that. If that's
- 21 what they did, this would be a very different case.
- Now, I do want to talk about the deer with
- 23 two antlers, because what that ignores is that in the
- 24 benchmark plan, the deer had one antler and an antenna.
- 25 And so, the district court -- the map the district court

- 1 drew doesn't look anything like the benchmark, and
- 2 actually the map that the legislature drew looks very
- 3 much like the benchmark.
- 4 And so, I think that just shows that what
- 5 was going on here by the district court was something
- 6 very different from either remedying a one-person,
- 7 one-vote problem with the benchmark or from correcting
- 8 specific identified problems with the legislative map.
- 9 JUSTICE SCALIA: I had thought, Mr. Clement,
- 10 that -- that one of your objections was that in deciding
- 11 whether they're using the benchmark or the -- the
- 12 legislature's proposed new plan, whichever one they're
- 13 using, they -- in drawing up their own plan, they
- 14 assumed the validity of all of the challenges.
- Is -- is that not the case?
- 16 MR. CLEMENT: Well, that is the case, Your
- 17 Honor, and that is one of the many problems with the way
- 18 that the court proceeded here. Because once you lose
- 19 sight of the fact that, look, we only have remedial
- 20 authority if we're remedying substantial likelihood of
- 21 violations that are identifiable and particular, well,
- 22 then what are you going to do?
- What this district court did, after he
- 24 started where Justice Breyer suggested, is that the
- 25 district court judges then said, look, we want to avoid

- 1 the challenges that are brought by the plaintiffs. And
- 2 what they mean by "avoid" is they basically take all the
- 3 allegations at face value and then redraw the district
- 4 to avoid this.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: At face value. But you
- 6 don't have any problem -- if I'm a district judge and I
- 7 think there is a substantial likelihood that a
- 8 particular challenge will succeed, you don't have any
- 9 problem with my drawing an interim plan to avoid that
- 10 likelihood.
- 11 MR. CLEMENT: Absolutely no problem at
- 12 all --
- 13 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Thank you.
- 14 MR. CLEMENT: -- Justice Kennedy. And the
- 15 great thing about that is that gives the district court
- 16 a familiar role to play applying familiar standards, and
- 17 it gives this Court something to review.
- 18 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But the district court in
- 19 that -- in that scenario is projecting what the D.C.
- 20 court that has exclusive authority is going to do. And
- 21 that's why I find your -- your position troublesome.
- 22 You're asking one court to make its best guess at what
- 23 another court is likely to do, and that other court has
- 24 exclusive jurisdiction.
- 25 MR. CLEMENT: Can I -- can I respond to

- 1 that, Justice Ginsburg, as follows? Which is, I had
- 2 assumed that Justice Kennedy's question was not specific
- 3 to section 5 and could just as well be a section 2
- 4 problem --
- 5 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Section 2.
- 6 MR. CLEMENT: -- or an equal protection
- 7 under the Constitution problem. And in this case, there
- 8 is no problem. All the court is doing is making a
- 9 substantial likelihood determination of an issue that
- 10 it's ultimately going to confront.
- 11 JUSTICE KAGAN: But haven't we also said
- 12 that, with respect to section 2 and constitutional
- 13 violations, that those allegations would be unripe in
- 14 the -- prior to the district court or the Attorney
- 15 General clearing a plan?
- 16 MR. CLEMENT: Absolutely, Justice Kagan.
- 17 But I think it's important to understand that to the
- 18 extent that the district court in this remedial phase
- 19 should take section 5 into account, it's just in
- 20 considering whether or not the remedial plan is
- 21 consistent with section 5 principles. And that's what
- 22 the judges did in this case with respect to their own
- 23 plan. So, we're not asking them to do something with
- 24 section 5 that they otherwise wouldn't do.
- 25 And, again, I think if you come back to the

- 1 particular question of what are they trying to remedy --
- I mean, they're trying to remedy the one person, one
- 3 vote problem. So, if that's what they're trying to
- 4 remedy, why wouldn't they take into account the
- 5 legislative policy judgments reflected in the
- 6 un-precleared plan if that's -- if that's the state
- 7 we're in, if that's the snapshot we're in.
- I mean, keep in mind, this Court has
- 9 throughout --
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, just because section 5
- 11 says that there's no presumption of regularity attached
- 12 to that plan and, indeed, that it's unlawful to put that
- 13 plan into effect without the proper approvals.
- 14 MR. CLEMENT: Two things, Justice Kagan:
- 15 One, I would beg to differ that what section 5 says is
- 16 that there's no presumption of regularity. And I think
- 17 that's -- it's not just a quibble because I think if
- 18 what section 5 says is that there's no presumption of
- 19 regularity or no presumption of good faith, then section
- 20 5 I think is closer to the constitutional edge than this
- 21 Court said in Northwest Austin. I think all it says --
- 22 JUSTICE KAGAN: Section 5 says somebody has
- 23 to clear it before it can go into effect.
- 24 MR. CLEMENT: Absolutely. But I don't think
- 25 that means that the assumption is that the legislature

- 1 didn't act in good faith in enacting the provision. And
- 2 that brings me to my second point --
- 3 JUSTICE KAGAN: Nobody said the opposite.
- 4 The question just is, does somebody have to clear it?
- 5 Here, it wasn't cleared.
- 6 MR. CLEMENT: Okay. I agree, but then the
- 7 question is, if there's not a presumption of bad faith,
- 8 then why wouldn't the court take that legislative
- 9 judgment into account in drawing its remedy for the one
- 10 person, one vote violation in the remedial district?
- If I could add my second point, which is the
- 12 other thing to keep in mind is the preclearance
- 13 obligation is not driven by congressional judgment that
- 14 these covered jurisdictions are particularly bad at
- 15 remedying one person, one vote problems.
- 16 Obviously, section 5 is driven by concerns
- 17 about racial discrimination. So, in that sense, it's
- 18 particularly odd, given that what's at issue here is a
- 19 remedy for a one person, one vote problem, that you
- 20 would assume that you're not going to take into account
- 21 the legislature's judgment as reflected in an
- 22 un-precleared plan.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: No, I don't think that
- 24 that's --
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Counsel, I think

- 1 there -- I see two different problems, and I'm not quite
- 2 sure how to come out. One, you cannot assume that the
- 3 legislature's plan should be treated as if it were
- 4 precleared. The district court in Texas cannot assume
- 5 or presume what the district court here in D.C. is going
- 6 to do.
- But, on the other hand, it can't presume it
- 8 the other way. In other words, it can't draw its
- 9 interim plan assuming that there are going to be these
- 10 section 5 violations because that's presuming what the
- 11 court's going to do the other way.
- 12 So, how do we decide between those two --
- 13 you have two wrong choices. How do we end up?
- 14 MR. CLEMENT: Well, I think you try to split
- 15 the difference by trying to apply the preliminary
- 16 injunction standards. And I think if you do that, then
- what you're going to do is that you're going to ensure
- 18 that the remedy that the district court draws for -- as
- 19 an interim matter for the one person, one vote problem,
- 20 which is not the same thing as preclearance, that remedy
- 21 is both consistent with the legislative policy judgments
- 22 but also with section 2, with the Equal Protection
- 23 Clause.
- 24 And I suppose if this Court wants to, it can
- 25 say that for purposes of interim temporary relief, the

- 1 Court can look at section 5 directly. I would think the
- 2 better answer is, no, you just focus it on section 2,
- 3 the Equal Protection Clause, and then you ensure that
- 4 the judicial plan is consistent with section 5
- 5 principles, because that's the test that the Court's
- 6 going to apply in any event.
- 7 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Can you -- can you tell me
- 8 with reference to the two districts, other than the
- 9 senate district, congressional and State house
- 10 districts, did Judge Smith defer or use the -- the Texas
- 11 legislature's 2011 plan as a benchmark to some extent?
- 12 MR. CLEMENT: I -- I don't think Judge
- 13 Smith -- if I can answer your question, I think this
- 14 does: I don't think Judge Smith did this the way that
- 15 we think he should or focused on the benchmark. If you
- 16 look at the congressional plan, what he did is he just
- 17 basically picked one of the proposals that was a
- 18 bipartisan proposal, so-called C216.
- 19 With respect to the house plan, I think he
- 20 got it -- the Texas house plan -- I think he got it
- 21 closer to right. But I don't think he applied the right
- 22 standard. And I would ask you to look at Joint Appendix
- 23 193, and particularly his consideration of house
- 24 district 33, because there what Judge Smith did is said,
- 25 well, you know, there's these allegations, and I find

- 1 this -- he said the State has persuasive responses, but
- 2 out of an abundance of caution I'm going to redraw the
- 3 district.
- 4 That doesn't seem quite right. I mean, if
- 5 the State really does have persuasive responses, that
- 6 ought to be enough to not redraw the district.
- 7 JUSTICE KENNEDY: So, you would fault his
- 8 solution for giving insufficient deference to the State
- 9 of Texas 2011 plan?
- 10 MR. CLEMENT: That's right, but it's -- it's
- 11 certainly a fair improvement over what the district
- 12 court majority did.
- 13 If I could reserve the balance of my time.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
- 15 Mr. Clement.
- Mr. Srinivasan.
- 17 ORAL ARGUMENT OF SRI SRINIVASAN
- 18 ON BEHALF OF THE UNITED STATES, AS AMICUS CURIAE,
- 19 SUPPORTING AFFIRMANCE IN PART AND VACATUR IN PART
- MR. SRINIVASAN: Thank you,
- 21 Mr. Chief Justice, and may it please the Court:
- The fundamental flaw with Texas's approach
- 23 is that it directly inverts the burden established by
- 24 section 5 of the Voting Rights Act. Section 5 places
- 25 the burden on a covered jurisdiction to show that a

- 1 proposed voting change is nondiscriminatory in purpose
- 2 and effect, and the change can't go into effect unless
- 3 and until the State carries its burden in that regard.
- 4 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Let me ask you this:
- 5 Suppose that this -- all the facts are the same except
- 6 that this is in a State that is not subject to section
- 7 5.
- 8 Would there be a problem in your view with
- 9 what the district -- with what the district court did,
- 10 with Judge Smith -- with what Judge Smith did?
- 11 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, with Judge -- with
- 12 what Judge Smith did, I guess in that context,
- 13 Justice Kennedy, there wouldn't be a section 5 issue at
- 14 all.
- 15 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Right.
- 16 MR. SRINIVASAN: And all you'd be dealing
- 17 with is section 2 or the Equal Protection Clause.
- 18 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And then we could -- then
- 19 there would be no problem with using Texas as a
- 20 benchmark, the Texas 2011 as benchmark, as a starting
- 21 point?
- MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, I --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: As a starting point?
- MR. SRINIVASAN: Yes. Well, I guess what I
- 25 would say is this, that in the malapportionment context

- 1 what this Court typically has said the district court
- 2 should do is to start with a plan that's already in
- 3 effect and then modify it according to neutral
- 4 districting principles to remove the malapportionment
- 5 issue. And that's --
- 6 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, what are neutral
- 7 districting principles? Anybody who draws a map faces
- 8 at the outset certain legal constraints, constitutional
- 9 constraints, restrictions that are imposed by the Voting
- 10 Rights Act, maybe some State law restrictions to the
- 11 extent they're not inconsistent with Federal law. Once
- 12 you've gotten beyond that point, all you have left is
- 13 districting policy.
- 14 They're policy choices, and there are many
- 15 factors that can be taken into account in drawing a map:
- 16 how compact you want the districts to be, to what extent
- 17 are you going to respect zones of common economic
- 18 interests, to what extent are you going to try to
- 19 preserve old districts, what about incumbents, what
- 20 about party registration? Are you going to try to have
- 21 balance or are you going to try to favor one party or
- 22 the other? That's all -- those are all questions of
- 23 policy.
- 24 And the question is, whose -- who makes
- 25 those policy decisions? Are they going to be the policy

- 1 decisions that were made by the legislature, or are they
- 2 going to be the policy decisions made by the district
- 3 court? And to say they're going to apply neutral
- 4 districting principles is a subterfuge. There is no
- 5 such thing.
- 6 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, I guess I would
- 7 disagree with you, Justice Alito. I want to make two
- 8 preliminary observations on what a district court is
- 9 supposed to do in this regard, and then I'll try to walk
- 10 through the principles that should guide this inquiry.
- 11 The first preliminary observation is what a
- 12 district court is not supposed to do, and what a
- 13 district court is not supposed to do is to take the
- 14 un-precleared plan as a given, because section 5
- 15 forecloses it.
- 16 Now, what's a district court supposed to do?
- 17 It's not at sea, contrary to the underpinning of some of
- 18 the arguments made today, because the district court
- 19 starts with the last legally enforceable plan, which
- 20 after all is the last manifestation of State policies
- 21 and priorities. So, you have that as a starting point.
- 22 And then it has to modify that plan, of course, to deal
- 23 with malapportionment issues and to comply with section
- 24 2 and section 5 --
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I don't want to

- 1 interrupt you too much, but even if you do that, even if
- 2 you start with the old plan and then you modify it to
- 3 the extent necessary to comply with the Constitution and
- 4 statutes, there are still -- I'm sure our computer could
- 5 shoot out dozens and dozens of possible maps, and
- 6 somebody has to choose among them. Now, what criteria
- 7 does a district judge -- does a district court use in
- 8 making that choice?
- 9 MR. SRINIVASAN: There is discretion in the
- 10 inquiry, Justice Alito. I'm not going to -- I'm not
- 11 going to disagree with that. What it looks to is the
- 12 districting criteria that had been applied by this
- 13 jurisdiction in the past. And, for example, in this
- 14 case --
- 15 JUSTICE SCALIA: It's not just discretion.
- 16 It's political discretion. That's what's troublesome
- 17 about it. And you -- it seems to me the Government
- 18 makes -- takes an absolutist approach to the proposition
- 19 that you cannot use an un-precleared plan for any
- 20 purpose. All the law says is that you cannot apply a
- 21 precleared plan. The plan being applied here is not the
- 22 Texas legislature's plan; it's the plan -- a remedial
- 23 plan adopted by Federal judges.
- 24 And to say that they cannot use in drawing
- 25 up that plan the legislature's last political decisions

- 1 seems to me not required by the mere prohibition against
- 2 implementing that plan as the plan of the legislature.
- What would you do if -- if the district
- 4 court in Washington and the district court in Texas --
- 5 neither one of them acts in time, and it's too late?
- 6 It's too late to have any -- any primaries anymore.
- 7 What -- what would happen?
- 8 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, I guess --
- 9 JUSTICE SCALIA: What would happen? You
- 10 can't use the old plan. You have this absolute rule
- 11 against using the new plan. What happens? You
- 12 disenfranchise every voter in Texas --
- MR. SRINIVASAN: No, I don't think you could
- 14 do that.
- 15 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- because there may be
- 16 some voters in Texas, may be, some who will be
- 17 prejudiced by using the current plan? I suggest in that
- 18 situation there's nothing to do but use the Texas plan.
- 19 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, I don't -- not in the
- 20 context of section 5, Your Honor. It's -- that's one
- 21 option, but the other option would be to use a
- 22 malapportioned plan, which this Court has suggested
- 23 would be something the courts could do. Now, that's not
- 24 a preferred option, to be sure.
- 25 But we're not in that situation here,

- 1 because what you have is interim maps that have been
- 2 developed. We're not in the kind of emergency situation
- 3 that you're positing.
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: You acknowledge that there
- 5 are some situations in which you can use the very plan
- 6 that the Texas legislature adopted, even though it's not
- 7 been precleared?
- 8 MR. SRINIVASAN: Only if there's no time for
- 9 a district court to adopt a different plan. But --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: So, it's no longer an
- 11 absolute rule. So, the question is whether this is
- 12 another reasonable exception to a non-absolute rule.
- MR. SRINIVASAN: There is an emergency
- 14 exception, as there is with all sorts of legal rules.
- 15 But that's so far as we would go.
- 16 Now, I would like to address the proposition
- 17 that what the Court would be doing here under Texas's
- 18 view is just a standard application of substantial
- 19 likelihood of success principles, because it's not.
- 20 It's decidedly different from standard operation of
- 21 substantial likelihood of success principles in three
- 22 fundamental respects.
- The first goes to the burden,
- 24 Justice Kennedy, and I think you alluded to this in your
- 25 question. The burden in a preliminary injunction

- 1 context stays with the same party at the preliminary
- 2 injunction stage as at the merits stage. And so, when
- 3 in a preliminary injunction context the court is asking
- 4 has there been a substantial likelihood of success on
- 5 the merits, the same party has to make that showing as
- 6 has to make that showing at the merits stage.
- 7 Here Texas would turn that upside down,
- 8 because at the merits stage, which is the preclearance
- 9 proceeding --
- 10 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, would it be okay if we
- just said, well, Texas has to make the showing?
- 12 MR. SRINIVASAN: That would certainly be
- 13 better. I think that would improve things quite a bit.
- 14 But that's not what Texas -- the approach that Texas
- 15 proposes today.
- 16 But it's different in two other respects
- 17 from a standard preliminary injunction context as well.
- 18 And one is what Justice Ginsburg alluded to, which is
- 19 here you don't have a situation in which the same court
- 20 that's going to forecast its ultimate adjudication of
- 21 the merits is also deciding what it's going to do at the
- 22 preliminary injunction stage.
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, that's exactly
- 24 right, but you see it only on one side of the problem.
- 25 You say, well, you can't treat it as if it's been

- 1 precleared --
- 2 MR. SRINIVASAN: That's right.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- because that
- 4 would be prejudging what the court in D.C. is going to
- 5 do. But you have no trouble with them saying --
- 6 assuming that there are going to be these section 5
- 7 violations and drawing additional majority-minority
- 8 districts, which is just assuming on the other -- the
- 9 other way what the court here in D.C. is going to do.
- 10 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well --
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I don't know how you
- 12 -- you lean one way and say, well, it's horrible, you
- 13 can't use it because it hasn't been precleared; but it's
- 14 all right in drawing the interim plan to treat it as
- 15 there -- as if preclearance has been denied.
- 16 MR. SRINIVASAN: No, I don't -- I don't know
- 17 about that, because I think what a district court is
- 18 supposed to do when preclearance is pending is not
- 19 accept all the challenges. What it's supposed to do is
- 20 to apply traditional districting criteria to the
- 21 benchmark. So, I guess --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: So, do you contest the view
- 23 that this district court did essentially accept the
- 24 challenges, did sort of say, well, look, there are these
- 25 challenges; so, we have to make sure that we don't do

- 1 anything that cuts against them?
- 2 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, there is some
- 3 language in the opinions to -- to that effect,
- 4 Justice Kennedy. I have to say the district court
- 5 opinions here are not a model of clarity. In some
- 6 respects, they seem to outline the right inquiry. If
- 7 you look at Joint Appendix 137 to 138, I think what the
- 8 district court said it was doing was starting with the
- 9 status quo, which is the benchmark, and then modifying
- 10 it.
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And if you look --
- 12 and if you look at Joint Appendix 146 --
- 13 MR. SRINIVASAN: That's right.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- to 147, it looks
- 15 the exact opposite. It looks like they're drawing
- 16 minority coalition opportunity districts to draw them
- 17 because they have anticipated how they think the
- 18 district court in D.C. is going to come out.
- 19 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, that's -- that's
- 20 right, Mr. Chief Justice, and I think we point to that
- 21 in our brief as an area in which the district court
- 22 could give further explanation on remand.
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You do.
- 24 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Isn't it odd that this is
- 25 a section 2 suit, and yet section 5 seems to be driving

- 1 that -- driving it. That's the problem with this
- 2 litigation, it seems to me.
- 3 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, I think section 5
- 4 can't help but drive --
- 5 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And section 5 applies only
- 6 to -- to some States and not others. Texas is at a
- 7 tremendous disadvantage here in defending the section 2
- 8 suit and in drawing -- and in having -- and the
- 9 judiciary is at a disadvantage in -- in framing a remedy
- 10 for a likely -- a likely section 2 violation in some of
- 11 the districts.
- MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, of course, Your
- 13 Honor, Texas is in a different position precisely
- 14 because it's a covered jurisdiction. And when you have
- 15 a section 5 case, section 5 can't help but take
- 16 precedence in some respects, precisely because a
- 17 proposed change can't go into effect unless and until
- 18 the covered jurisdiction shows that it's
- 19 nondiscriminatory in purpose and effect. But I do think
- 20 it's important --
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, I wonder if it
- 22 should take precedence in a section 2 suit. That's all
- 23 this court -- this is the primary obligation of the
- 24 Texas district court, is to address section 2
- 25 violations.

- 1 MR. SRINIVASAN: That -- that may be, Your
- 2 Honor, but I think then if -- if it can't address the
- 3 section 5 issue at all, then the one thing that
- 4 shouldn't happen is that the section 2 court gives
- 5 effect to the un-precleared plan, because that's
- 6 something that the D.C. district court is supposed to
- 7 do.
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, it's not giving
- 9 effect to the uncleared plan. It's giving effect to a
- 10 legislative judgment as to what is workable for all the
- 11 factors and criteria that Justice Alito referred to,
- 12 county lines, et cetera.
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We -- we'll let you
- 14 go on for a little longer. We may have a few more
- 15 questions.
- 16 MR. SRINIVASAN: Okay. Thank you,
- 17 Mr. Chief Justice. I appreciate that.
- I guess what I would say, Justice Kennedy,
- 19 is, if you use the un-precleared plan as the starting
- 20 point, which is what Texas proposes, you are giving
- 21 effect to that, notwithstanding the preclearance
- 22 requirement of section 5. And with a covered
- 23 jurisdiction, that's something that section 5 doesn't
- 24 allow.
- Now, I do think it's important to consider

- 1 Texas's preclearance submission in the context of the
- 2 other statewide preclearance submissions that have been
- 3 submitted in this election cycle. If you look at the
- 4 Government's brief at pages 1a to 3a, I think what that
- 5 bears out is that there's not a fundamental problem with
- 6 section 5 or the way section 5 operates. The problem,
- 7 insofar as it -- as it exists, is with respect to the
- 8 particular submissions that Texas has made, because
- 9 there were 20 submissions of statewide plans for
- 10 administrative preclearance. In all 20 cases, the
- 11 Attorney General precleared them. In 19 of the
- 12 20 cases, the Attorney General precleared it within the
- 13 initial 60-day window. Now --
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Counsel, I have --
- 15 your position -- I understand you're straddling a
- 16 position. That's why you're sitting in the back rather
- 17 than the front row between the two parties. But it's a
- 18 little unsatisfying because what you say we should do
- 19 when we are all under the gun of very strict time
- 20 limitations is we should send it back to the district
- 21 court so it can give a greater explanation of what it's
- 22 done.
- Isn't that going to be very wasteful? I
- 24 mean, it's kind of an odd order from this Court to send
- 25 to a district court saying, you know, tell us more.

- 1 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, I don't know that it
- 2 is, Your Honor, and I have two -- two responses in that
- 3 respect.
- First -- and this goes to a question that
- 5 Justice Alito asked earlier. What is this Court
- 6 supposed to do in this situation? And I think one thing
- 7 that could absolutely happen is if there were a remand,
- 8 the D.C. district court could complete its preclearance
- 9 proceeding, which would be very illuminating for the
- 10 what the Texas district court is supposed to do.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Do you have an idea of
- 12 when?
- MR. SRINIVASAN. And by way of guidance on
- 14 that, what I would --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Do you have -- what is that
- 16 based on?
- MR. SRINIVASAN: What I would say is this:
- 18 The D.C. district court has scheduled trial to begin on
- 19 January 17th. It's supposed to last 8 days. Closing
- 20 argument is on February 3rd. If you look at what
- 21 happened at the summary judgment stage, Justice Breyer,
- they had summary judgment arguments on one day; 6
- 23 days later, they --
- 24 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes, I read -- I read -- I
- 25 read the opinion and what she said on the phone and so

- 1 forth.
- 2 MR. SRINIVASAN: No, not that.
- JUSTICE BREYER: It seems to me that it's a
- 4 complicated case. Let's suppose you're completely right
- on your time schedule. Then they'll decide something.
- 6 How could any human being redraw maps in 5 days or 10
- 7 days where you'll have different -- six different
- 8 positions? I mean, I think it's impossible. How can
- 9 you -- I don't see how you could do it.
- 10 MR. SRINIVASAN: Well, of course, if
- 11 preclearance is granted, we -- we won't have an issue
- 12 with drawing maps.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Well, I think there's -- it
- 14 seemed to me from reading it, I -- I didn't think that
- 15 the judge there is ready to grant preclearance.
- MR. SRINIVASAN: And we --
- JUSTICE BREYER: But the other thing in
- 18 sending it back, I read the brief, and then I read the
- 19 opinions. I don't think I have -- I'm not being too
- 20 generous to the opinions, but I thought what they were
- 21 saying throughout is we didn't try to draw extra
- 22 coalition or extra opportunity districts; they emerged.
- 23 They say "emerged" about seven times. They emerged as
- 24 we tried to apply equal vote principles. And it's
- 25 hardly surprising that it would, considering that the

- 1 population growth is primarily due to the minority
- 2 expansion.
- 3 So, they didn't seem to me -- now, why do
- 4 you want us to send it back to get more explanation when
- 5 that seems to be the explanation, and to me at first
- 6 blush, it seems like a perfectly good explanation.
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Maybe a brief
- 8 answer. Thank you.
- 9 MR. SRINIVASAN: Yes. Sure. I think it's
- 10 if -- insofar as the coalition districts and ability-to
- 11 districts emerge from natural growth, there's nothing
- 12 suspect about them. The one example I point to is
- 13 district 33. If you look at Joint Appendix, pages 146
- 14 to 147, it's not clear what the -- what the district
- 15 court was doing in that regard.
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
- 17 Mr. Garza.
- 18 ORAL ARGUMENT OF JOSE GARZA
- ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLEES
- 20 MR. GARZA: Mr. Chief Judge, and may it
- 21 please the Court:
- There seems to be general consensus on at
- least three points that we've talked about today.
- 24 First, that the un-precleared plan cannot take effect.
- 25 The second, that the district court is foreclosed from

- 1 entering and engaging in an analysis of the issues that
- 2 are pending before the three-judge court in the --
- 3 Washington, D.C., and that at this point, a
- 4 court-ordered plan must be implemented on an interim
- 5 basis.
- 6 JUSTICE SCALIA: Exclude me from the second.
- 7 I'm not sure that -- that I've gone along on that, as
- 8 you phrased it. The way you phrase it, you say they
- 9 cannot even make the kind of preliminary inquiry that --
- 10 that your friend suggests.
- 11 MR. GARZA: I think we're dealing with a
- 12 matter of semantics, Your Honor, because the question
- is, did the court give the -- the State's plan
- 14 deference? But it itself said that it began, as it
- 15 should, as it has been directed by this Court, with the
- 16 historical or benchmark configurations and then
- 17 respected the State's plan.
- 18 JUSTICE KAGAN: But you know what I don't
- 19 understand about your briefs, Mr. Garza, is if the State
- 20 can't -- if the plan has not been precleared, you should
- 21 be saying the State can't look at the plan. But on the
- one hand, you're saying, well, isn't it great because
- 23 the court did look at the plan, and on the one hand --
- 24 on the other hand you're saying the court can't look at
- 25 the plan. So, which is it? Because there's a real

- 1 tension. On one page, you say isn't it great the court
- 2 looked at the Texas plan. And then you say the court
- 3 can't look at the Texas plan.
- 4 MR. GARZA: We don't say that the court
- 5 can't look at the Texas plan. What we say is that the
- 6 -- the court can't implement the Texas plan, and it
- 7 certainly can't implement the Texas plan if there is any
- 8 suspect of discrimination. And what it did was exactly
- 9 the right measure.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Then you're saying the
- 11 court should look at the merits.
- 12 MR. GARZA: I think that the court did the
- 13 appropriate thing by looking at the -- at those maps.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No. Let -- let's go to
- 15 -- something Justice Scalia asked was what does a court
- 16 do with frivolous claims? Does it assume under your
- 17 theory that those frivolous claims are valid? And if
- 18 you say no, it shouldn't assume that, then what level of
- 19 inquiry should the court engage in before it accepts or
- 20 deviates from the enacted plan?
- 21 MR. GARZA: I think that the court should
- 22 look at -- first of all, should not start with the
- 23 State's plan. It should look at where there have been
- 24 objections made. And the role of the district court in
- 25 the District of Columbia is where the question of

- 1 whether there are frivolous claims have been made. And
- 2 there have been no motions to dismiss any of the claims
- 3 in Washington, D.C., based on frivolity.
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So, the Texas court
- 5 cannot -- should automatically accept all -- that every
- 6 district that a challenge has been raised in the D.C.
- 7 circuit court is --
- 8 MR. GARZA: It should --
- 9 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- court is okay?
- 10 MR. GARZA: It should not accept any of the
- 11 districts that have been challenged. But I think the
- 12 difference in terms of --
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'm sorry. I'm
- 14 not -- I didn't --
- 15 MR. GARZA: -- is it assuming a violation --
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I don't mean to
- 17 interrupt, but I didn't follow that. So long as a
- 18 district has been challenged in D.C., the court in Texas
- 19 should not accept it?
- 20 MR. GARZA: It shouldn't make a
- 21 determination either way, and it didn't, because in
- 22 those districts, it didn't adopt the plans that were put
- 23 forward by the plaintiffs or the challengers in
- 24 Washington, D.C.; it looked at the benchmark plan as a
- 25 starting point.

- 1 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But could it -- could it
- 2 look at the district and say, well, it respects county
- 3 lines; it follows a river; it's got urban and rural.
- 4 Could it look at it for that reason?
- 5 MR. GARZA: What it --
- 6 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And rely on the
- 7 legislative judgment as making a sound judgment that the
- 8 river runs through here, and the county line is there
- 9 and so forth? That's -- that's what seems to me the
- 10 difficulty with saying, oh, you can't look at the plan.
- 11 MR. GARZA: I think the problem with that,
- 12 Your Honor, is that then it would be assuming that the
- 13 State is correct, that it doesn't violate section 5.
- 14 That is -- that is an inquiry that's reserved to the
- 15 district court in the District of Columbia. And --
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And that's right,
- 17 but -- but it goes the other way when you say they can't
- 18 approve something that's been challenged. Aren't you
- 19 assuming that the plaintiffs are right?
- MR. GARZA: No.
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And that's an
- 22 inquiry that belongs to the district court in D.C.
- MR. GARZA: No, because what the court did
- 24 is it didn't accept as a remedy what the plaintiffs
- 25 proposed there. It reverted to State policy, which is

- 1 what it's directed to do by this Court. It -- it went
- 2 back to State policy, and it looked at the benchmark
- 3 plan, and it started with the benchmark plan. Even with
- 4 the congressional plan, where there are four new
- 5 districts, and there is no comparable district in the
- 6 benchmark, it looked to the legislatively enacted plan
- 7 to determine where it would place those districts.
- 8 JUSTICE SCALIA: But that is not the current
- 9 State policy. The benchmark plan is gone. It's old.
- 10 The Texas legislature now has a different policy, and
- 11 that, you say, should be ignored.
- 12 MR. GARZA: That policy cannot be deferred
- 13 to. It is incorporated in the court's plan by -- in the
- 14 manner in which it did review the plans. That is --
- 15 JUSTICE SCALIA: Now, what's -- there's a
- 16 presumption of its invalidity. You can't presume it
- 17 valid, but you can presume it invalid.
- 18 MR. GARZA: Either way. And, in fact, what
- 19 the court did is --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Well, not either way.
- 21 You're presuming it invalid.
- MR. GARZA: It -- you -- you're not
- 23 presuming it is invalid. You're -- you're suggesting
- 24 that -- you're reverting to the next State policy.
- 25 You're not incorporating it, but you're not -- you're

- 1 not making any decisions. And the way you sort of walk
- 2 that tightrope is you go to what the State policy was
- 3 before the enacted plan.
- 4 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, let's say -- let's say
- 5 a legislature says we have a new policy, and that is
- 6 that once we've satisfied our constitutional obligations
- 7 and our obligations under the Voting Rights Act, the
- 8 only thing we're going to do is try to draw the
- 9 districts that are the most compact possible,
- 10 compactness over everything else.
- 11 They draw up a plan that embodies that
- 12 policy, and it's challenged under section 5. Now, can
- 13 the district court just say, well, that's -- the State's
- 14 policy is compactness over everything else, but we don't
- 15 agree with that, because we have other neutral
- 16 principles that advance the interest of the collective
- 17 public good, which is the term that this -- the words
- 18 that this court used. Can they do that?
- 19 MR. GARZA: I don't believe they can, and
- 20 this court didn't. The court, in fact --
- 21 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, if they can't do that,
- 22 then you're saying that they are constrained by State
- 23 policy, except to the extent the Constitution or the
- 24 Voting Rights Act requires otherwise.
- 25 MR. GARZA: And in this case, part of the

- 1 Voting Rights Act is section 5, and in those areas and
- 2 in those districts where there have been challenges --
- 3 and by the way the district court has -- in the District
- 4 of Columbia has determined that those challenges are
- 5 substantial because they've denied preclearance, and, in
- 6 fact, they've said that Texas has not disputed --
- 7 JUSTICE GINSBURG: They denied summary
- 8 judgment. They didn't deny preclearance.
- 9 MR. GARZA: I'm sorry?
- 10 JUSTICE GINSBURG: They denied summary
- 11 judgment.
- MR. GARZA: They denied summary judgment,
- 13 but they went even further. They -- they said Texas has
- 14 not disputed many of the intervenors' specific
- 15 allegations of discriminatory intent. So, it's -- it's
- 16 -- and under the summary judgment standard, they have to
- 17 find that the challenges that are being made are
- 18 substantial.
- 19 The district court in Texas was not free to
- 20 incorporate discriminatory districts in its interim
- 21 plan, and it didn't. But it first went to the State's
- 22 plan, the benchmark plan, to begin its process on how it
- 23 was drawing those districts.
- 24 And there's a good reason why Texas is
- 25 covered under the Voting Rights Act. As this Court

- 1 indicated in -- in LULAC v. Perry, there's a terrible
- 2 history of historical discrimination in Texas, including
- 3 discrimination in 2006.
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: The
- 5 constitutionality of the Voting Rights Act isn't at
- 6 issue here, right?
- 7 MR. GARZA: That's not.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Okay. Maybe you
- 9 could turn for a moment to the issue that I see on Joint
- 10 Appendix 146 and 147. They don't say a minority
- 11 coalition opportunity district just happened to emerge.
- 12 It said that district 33 was drawn as a minority
- 13 coalition opportunity district. And we've never held
- 14 that it is appropriate or even permissible to draw a
- 15 district where you're putting in together two
- 16 minorities, two different minority groups. And it seems
- 17 to me that that raises all sorts of different concerns.
- 18 It's one thing under the Voting Rights Act
- 19 to say that this group votes as a bloc and has been
- 20 discriminated against in its ability to elect
- 21 representatives of its choice. It's another thing to
- 22 say that two different minority groups are put together
- 23 because they share some particular view so that one
- 24 candidate is going to be each of theirs candidate --
- 25 candidates of choice. That goes quite a step further

- 1 from what we've upheld under the Voting Rights Act. And
- 2 here you have the district court creating that in the
- 3 absence of any State expression of a desire to create
- 4 that type of -- of district.
- 5 MR. GARZA: I think -- I think that the
- 6 statement that the court made is a correct statement.
- 7 It did create a coalition district in Dallas. But
- 8 that's not describing how it reached that -- that
- 9 district.
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Oh, it is. It
- 11 says --
- 12 MR. GARZA: Where it describes how it
- 13 reached that district is in a number of other places;
- 14 however, as discussed above, the court has not
- intentionally created any minority districts.
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: New district 33 was
- 17 drawn as a minority coalition opportunity district. I
- 18 don't see how that can be read any way other than
- 19 saying -- saying when we sat down and drew it, we drew
- 20 this one as a minority coalition opportunity district.
- 21 MR. GARZA: Of course, it can be read
- 22 differently than Your Honor's interpretation of this,
- 23 because the court has said over and over again we did
- 24 not attempt to create coalition districts; we did not
- 25 attempt to draw minority majority --

- 1 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'm sorry. When you
- 2 say something can be read differently than that and say
- 3 because they said something else somewhere else, that's
- 4 not responsive.
- 5 MR. GARZA: What I'm -- what I'm suggesting
- 6 is what he's saying is that this is the result of what
- 7 they've done. That sentence can also be interpreted as
- 8 saying this is the result of what we -- we've done. We
- 9 have created a minority opportunity --
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: Drawn as? Drawn as --
- MR. GARZA: Yes.
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- a coalition?
- MR. GARZA: Yes.
- JUSTICE BREYER: What he says two sentences
- 15 before, if I can be helpful to read it, the fourth new
- 16 district, district 33, was drawn in the Dallas-Fort
- 17 Worth Metroplex "to reflect population growth in that
- 18 area." All right?
- JUSTICE SCALIA: All right.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Then he goes on to say just
- 21 what Justice Scalia says.
- 22 And I -- I did read that as saying, well,
- 23 when you apply -- I read it consistent what they've said
- 24 in -- elsewhere, which is that what they're doing is
- 25 population grows; you have to have one person, one vote;

- 1 the legislature itself in the new plan did create a
- 2 minority, whatever you -- the opportunity district here;
- 3 so, we're following what they did; we're taking into
- 4 account population, and it turns out to be, and we do
- 5 create it as -- in which case there is some ambiguity
- 6 here.
- 7 MR. GARZA: Precisely. And there's no
- 8 independent evidence that this was a racial gerrymander.
- 9 What do courts look at for evidence of racial
- 10 gerrymanders? Split-voting precincts where you go out
- 11 and carve and bring in minority voters. This district
- 12 maintains voting precincts intact. It is entirely
- 13 within one county. It is a compact district, especially
- 14 when you compare it to the district in that part of the
- 15 State --
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'm sorry. Why --
- 17 why do you care -- why do they care then that it was
- 18 drawn as a minority coalition opportunity district?
- 19 You're saying they didn't do that at all. They just
- 20 followed precinct lines and everything else. Why would
- 21 they say something?
- MR. GARZA: I believe it's describing what
- 23 the result of their map drawing is, and I think that's
- 24 perfectly legitimate.
- 25 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Can we infer from either

- 1 the ambiguity or -- or the other reading of the sentence
- 2 that the Chief Justice suggested that, in the court's
- 3 view, it was desirable to have a minority coalition
- 4 district? I draw that inference.
- 5 MR. GARZA: I think -- I think it is
- 6 desirable to have a minority district there.
- 7 JUSTICE KENNEDY: A minority coalition
- 8 district?
- 9 MR. GARZA: A minority coalition district.
- 10 Moreover, I think the court is --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: All right. So, you would
- 12 defend the plan on the ground that this is a sound
- 13 result?
- MR. GARZA: I believe that the plan that was
- 15 drawn by the court is fair. Is it the optimum plan that
- 16 the plaintiffs wanted? It is not.
- 17 JUSTICE SCALIA: One of -- one of the basic
- 18 rules that -- that was followed in drawing up the court
- 19 plan was not to divide any voting districts, right?
- MR. GARZA: That's one of the principles.
- 21 JUSTICE SCALIA: Why? Why did the -- that
- 22 certainly is not a principle that the Texas legislature
- 23 agrees with.
- MR. GARZA: There's two reasons, Your Honor.
- 25 One is --

- 1 JUSTICE SCALIA: So, the court just made it
- 2 up?
- MR. GARZA: No. There are two reasons why
- 4 the court saw maintaining voting precincts as important.
- 5 One is because that is what it's been directed by this
- 6 Court in Bush v. Vera. In Bush v. Vera, the Court said
- 7 we have an interim election or a -- or an impending
- 8 election, and it's important for elections
- 9 administrators in -- in order to be able to -- to
- 10 implement without -- without interference a legitimate
- 11 election process, to have whole precincts because whole
- 12 precincts makes a big difference in terms of how the
- 13 election is -- is administrated.
- 14 The second reason is that this court didn't
- 15 adopt this plan without any inquiry into the standards
- 16 and proposals from the parties. It was very deliberate.
- 17 It was very cautious, and it was very open. We had 3
- 18 days of hearings on what these plans should look like
- 19 and what the standards ought to be, including testimony
- 20 from elections administrators and from the Texas
- 21 Secretary of State.
- 22 And in every instance, those administrators
- 23 and that representative from the Secretary of State said
- 24 the most important thing that the court should consider,
- 25 if it's going to order us to start conducting elections

- 1 under a different plan, is maintain voting precincts
- 2 because that is the most cumbersome part.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, if Texas says we don't
- 4 care about maintaining voting precincts; this is -- this
- 5 is a matter of -- of administrative burden and expense,
- 6 and we're willing to bear that, so disregard that, the
- 7 district court can say, well, we think -- we disagree
- 8 with you; in order to make it more convenient to hold
- 9 the election and less expensive for Texas, we're going
- 10 to respect voting districts. They can do that?
- 11 MR. GARZA: The State didn't do that in this
- 12 instance, number one.
- 13 JUSTICE ALITO: But could they do that?
- MR. GARZA: And --
- 15 JUSTICE ALITO: Could the district court do
- 16 that? That's my question.
- 17 MR. GARZA: It -- yes, I think they could
- 18 because there's still the authority of this Court in
- 19 Bush v. Vera that directs courts, in drawing interim
- 20 plans for impending elections, to -- to be cautious
- 21 about that, number one. And, number two, if in fact in
- 22 order to get an appropriate map, you must split a number
- of precincts, which means then that you can't conduct
- 24 the election on April 3rd, we still have time. As -- as
- 25 the Government's attorney indicated, the -- there are

- 1 States that conduct primaries as late as June 26th. The
- 2 drop-dead deadline is not April 3rd; it's November 6th.
- 3 So, if this Court disagrees with our
- 4 position and is determined to send this back to the
- 5 district court, then it should consider this: The
- 6 district court in the District of Columbia is about
- 7 30 days away from rendering a complete decision in the
- 8 section 5 case. That would place the court in Texas in
- 9 exactly the Upham circumstance. In that circumstance --
- 10 and the court is poised to move. It can move with all
- 11 due diligence. It had 2 weeks of trial in which it
- 12 heard testimony on the plaintiffs' claims. It's -- it
- 13 is -- it is ready.
- 14 Once the district court in the District of
- 15 Columbia tells us these are the problems with the
- 16 State's plan, the court in Texas is primed to make its
- 17 decision on the plaintiffs' claims under section 2 and
- 18 the Constitution. In that circumstance --
- 19 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Mr. Garza, what's the
- 20 real drop-dead date? It's not November 6th because
- 21 that's the day of the general election. What's the
- 22 latest election -- primary election that any State has?
- 23 June 26th?
- MR. GARZA: June 26th, Your Honor.
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right. So, working

- backwards, what's the last --
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, that's for
- 3 presidential primaries, isn't it? I don't want to
- 4 interrupt, but isn't that the date of the last
- 5 presidential primary rather than congressional?
- 6 MR. GARZA: That's correct.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Yes.
- 8 MR. GARZA: So, Utah is the last -- is the
- 9 State with the last primary in which it conducts both
- 10 the State's primary and the presidential. There are in
- 11 -- in fact, States that conduct primaries as late as
- 12 September that have no presidential primary at all.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So, how many days before
- 14 that election do -- does the voting mechanism or
- 15 apparatus need to set up the voting booths, et cetera?
- 16 MR. GARZA: The -- the critical date is
- 17 45 days from the election in order to ensure -- sending
- 18 out a ballot to overseas voters, including the military.
- 19 So, if you -- if you go back 45 days and then you give
- 20 the jurisdiction sufficient time to develop a ballot,
- 21 because you need a ballot to send to the -- to the
- 22 soldiers, then that's about what they've -- what the
- 23 testimony was, is that takes about 90 days, I believe,
- 24 is what they testified. So, 45 days plus 90 days, and
- 25 that's the drop-dead deadline.

| 1 | JUSTICE | SCALIA: | Go | back | from | June | 26th. |
|---|---------|---------|----|------|------|------|-------|
| | | | | | | | |

- 2 Where does -- where does that leave us?
- 3 MR. GARZA: If you go back from June 26th --
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: June, May, April. It's the
- 5 end of March. Right?
- 6 MR. GARZA: You could develop a plan by the
- 7 end of March. And we could conduct an election in June,
- 8 in late June.
- 9 JUSTICE SCALIA: And when do you expect the
- 10 D.C. court to finish?
- 11 MR. GARZA: I would expect it to finish
- 12 by -- within 30 days of today because we have closing
- 13 arguments on -- on the 3rd of February, and if the court
- 14 has -- will act with the sort of diligence that it did
- 15 on summary judgment, which was a complicated record and
- 16 a large record -- 6 days later, it made its
- 17 determination. It didn't issue its memorandum opinion,
- 18 but it gave us something that we could run with.
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: When -- so, when do
- 20 you --
- MR. GARZA: So, that would be --
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And when do you
- 23 expect our decision on the appeal from the district
- 24 court in D.C.?
- 25 (Laughter.)

- 1 MR. GARZA: Later this afternoon.
- 2 (Laughter.)
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: They did write in a -- in
- 4 their summary judgment opinion, they made it sound like
- 5 it's very complicated.
- 6 MR. GARZA: Yes.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: And so, that's why I'm --
- 8 I have some doubts about how swiftly they're going to
- 9 render their decision after -- what is the date? The
- 10 trial will end on February 3rd?
- 11 MR. GARZA: That will be closing arguments.
- 12 Yes, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Is there anything in the
- 14 opinion from the three-judge court in the District of
- 15 Columbia that indicates that there are some likely
- 16 potential violations that are section 2 violations as
- 17 well as section 5 violations?
- MR. GARZA: From the -- from the --
- 19 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And -- and I can amend
- 20 that to -- and in the submission of the parties?
- 21 MR. GARZA: In the District of Columbia?
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Yes.
- MR. GARZA: Well, I believe that the -- that
- 24 the court has found that the -- the plaintiffs have made
- 25 substantial claims with regard to retrogression and

- 1 intentional discrimination. And, of course, intentional
- 2 discrimination --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: The second -- the second
- 4 being section 2 violations as well.
- 5 MR. GARZA: Intentional discrimination is a
- 6 component of section 2. Yes, Your Honor.
- 7 And it -- and I think it's important to note
- 8 that Judge Smith in Texas used, in a manner of speaking,
- 9 the preliminary injunction standard that's being
- 10 advocated by the State, and they would not be able to
- 11 meet that standard because, generally, Judge Smith
- 12 determined that the plaintiffs had presented colorable
- 13 claims of statutory or constitutional infirmity, ruled
- 14 that the plan was an extreme gerrymander, ruled that
- 15 elimination of district 149 presented section 5
- 16 problems, ruled that the legislature dismantled a
- 17 minority district in Nueces County that presented
- 18 section 5 --
- 19 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Do you have substantive
- 20 objections to the plans suggested by Judge Smith in the
- 21 house and congressional districts?
- 22 MR. GARZA: Yes, Your Honor. We believe
- 23 that there are section 5 claims with regard to Harris
- 24 County. Judge Smith addressed the constitutional --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Oh -- no, do you have some

- 1 section 2 objections? Well, that doesn't quite work.
- 2 You have to talk about retrogression, I suppose.
- 3 MR. GARZA: Right. And in -- in district --
- 4 in Harris County, the court did equalize population per
- 5 the failure of the State to justify the sorts of
- 6 deviations that are contained in that district but
- 7 didn't provide, in our opinion, additional remedies.
- 8 But Judge Smith's proposed plan for the
- 9 State house is in fact very similar to the plan that was
- 10 proposed by the majority. It -- it differs by only one
- 11 minority district. That is, one additional minority
- 12 district is contained in the interim plan than is
- 13 contained in Judge Smith's plan.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Garza, what would you
- 15 think of a system in which the court could start with
- 16 the Texas plan and say -- the new Texas plan and say
- 17 anything that's consistent with statutes and the
- 18 Constitution can go forward, but it's Texas that has to
- 19 show that consistency? So, flipping the burden of proof
- 20 in the way that Mr. Srinivasan was suggesting? In a way
- 21 that makes it more consistent --
- MR. GARZA: Right. Right.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: -- with section 5's burden.
- 24 MR. GARZA: Well, I -- I think that our
- 25 position is that section 5 is clear that this court

- 1 should not start with the interim plan, but if the Court
- 2 disagrees with me, I think that that's a much more
- 3 reasonable approach than the one offered by the State,
- 4 for the same reason argued by the United States. That
- 5 is, that in the State's argument, you really turn
- 6 section 5 on its head because one of the principal
- 7 benefits for the minority community in having section 5
- 8 is it alters of the burden of proof. And if you
- 9 maintain the burden of proof on the State before it can
- 10 implement any portion of its newly adopted but
- 11 un-precleared plan, that's far more preferable than
- 12 shifting the burden, which would be inconsistent with
- 13 section 5 in its intent.
- I don't think I have anything else.
- 15 (Laughter.)
- MR. GARZA: Thank you.
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I don't think we do,
- 18 either. Thank you, counsel.
- 19 Mr. Clement, you have 3 minutes remaining.
- 20 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF PAUL D. CLEMENT
- 21 ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLANTS
- MR. CLEMENT: Thank you, Mr. Chief Justice.
- Just a few points in rebuttal. As one of
- 24 Justice Alito's questions highlighted, one of the things
- 25 that makes remedying a one person, one vote problem

- 1 particularly unique is there's literally an infinite
- 2 number of ways to solve the problem. And for that
- 3 reason, this Court has always looked wherever it could
- 4 to legislative guidance, so much so that in White v.
- 5 Weiser, this Court looked for legislative guidance to a
- 6 plan that had been declared unconstitutional for failing
- 7 to accommodate one person, one vote problems, but yet
- 8 this Court still said that the district court erred in
- 9 not taking that into account to the extent that it
- 10 could.
- 11 As to the hard choice, if it comes to that,
- 12 of using either the legislative plan that reflects the
- 13 legislative will or the judicial plan that even the
- 14 United States concedes is flawed, I think this Court has
- 15 faced even more difficult choices in the past: Bullock
- 16 v. Weiser and in Whitcomb. And in both of those cases,
- 17 this Court chose between an adjudicatedly
- 18 unconstitutional State plan and a judicial remedy that
- 19 it determined was flawed. And in both cases, it ordered
- 20 the election to take place under the flawed
- 21 constitutionally adjudicated imperfect plan.
- Compared to that, simply saying that an
- 23 election should go forward under a plan that hasn't been
- 24 precleared is a far less serious step.
- Now, there was a reference made to the 3

- 1 days of hearings. But the problem is, 3 days of
- 2 hearings with an unadministrable standard is worse than
- 3 1 day of hearing with an unadministrable standard. And
- 4 what we ask is for a preliminary injunction standard
- 5 that's familiar to everybody, everybody understands, and
- 6 everybody can apply.
- 7 JUSTICE SCALIA: Why -- why shouldn't it be
- 8 inverted the way your friend suggests?
- 9 MR. CLEMENT: Well, I'll join everybody in
- 10 saying that that's -- that's better than the -- than the
- 11 worst alternative I face, which is to say it's better
- 12 than the district court's opinion.
- But here's why it shouldn't: That actually
- 14 further intrudes on the D.C. court because the question
- 15 that the remedial court should not be asking is, geez,
- 16 do I really think -- you know, what are the odds that
- 17 the D.C. court is going to preclear? It shouldn't ask
- 18 that question at all. It should ask the questions that
- 19 are before it. Is there a section 2 violation? Is
- 20 there an equal protection violation? If there aren't
- 21 those and I use the State's plan, does that create a
- 22 section 5 violation?
- That's different from the preclearance
- 24 question. And on that section 5 question, the burden is
- 25 not logically on the State. And that's the same section

- 1 5 question that the court considered on its own motion,
- 2 because it understands that even when it takes a plan,
- 3 it has to be consistent with section 5 principles.
- Now, Justice Kennedy, you've asked the
- 5 question, what if we take section 5 out of this, what
- 6 happens? Then it's an easy case. Then it's the
- 7 preliminary injunction standard. Now, the objection to
- 8 that, of course, is, well, but how can you take section
- 9 5 out of it? But there's not interference with section
- 10 5 because Texas still understands it needs to get
- 11 preclearance. Before its changes can take permanent
- 12 effect, it absolutely, positively needs preclearance.
- 13 It's never wavered from that recognition. So, you go
- 14 back -- I'll --
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Finish the sentence.
- 16 MR. CLEMENT: Okay. Well, I was simply
- 17 going to say if you go back, the default problem here is
- 18 that there's an infinite number of solutions. It's
- 19 particularly a problem with respect to the congressional
- 20 map, where there's now four new seats. There's nothing
- 21 else to defer to than the judgment of the legislature
- 22 reflected in this plan, notwithstanding that it hasn't
- 23 been precleared.
- Thank you.
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.

| 1 | All counsel, I appreciate the extraordina | ĵУ |
|----|---|-----|
| 2 | efforts you had over the holiday season. Thank you ve | ery |
| 3 | much. | |
| 4 | The case is submitted. | |
| 5 | (Whereupon, at 2:08 p.m., the case in the | |
| 6 | above-entitled matter was submitted.) | |
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