

NO. _____

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Gary Pisner
Applicant

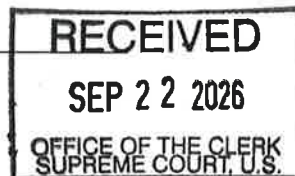
v.
Attorney Grievance
Commission of
Maryland
Respondent

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**APPLICATION FOR AN EXTENTION TO FILE A PETITION FOR
CERTIORARI PURSUANT TO RULE 13.5**

**APPLICATION TO THE HONORABLE
CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN G. ROBERTS
AS CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE**



WHEREAS, Gary Pisner Pro Se , the Applicant herein, will be filings his Petition for Certiorari, related to the judgement of March 2, 2026 in the United States Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit (25-1262 Exhibit A) and an order of July 8, 2026 in response to a Petition for Rehearing (see Exhibit B) respectfully applies to this Court for a sixty (60) day extension, under this Court's Rule 13.5, from what would be the ninety (90) day deadline (October 6, 2026) for filing a Petition for Certiorari, with this Court, which would be the first business day after December 5, 2026, which would be December 7, 2026.

A. Background

1. Proceedings below.

This matter relates to a remand from the Maryland Supreme Court — a court that refused to address the due process deficiencies in the Maryland Circuit Court proceedings, which the Circuit Court claimed lacked the jurisdiction to hear due process issues—that jurisdiction lying solely with the Maryland Supreme Court.

Given the conduct of the Maryland courts, the remand to the Federal District Court for the District of Maryland was the only route to cure the due process deficiencies.

The Maryland Attorney General remanded the case back to the Maryland Supreme Court.

Its main argument to support remanding back to the Maryland Supreme Court, was that there was no Federal Question because Lawyer disciplinary matters are not subject to constitutional due process because disciplinary matters for the State of Maryland are purely the purview of the Courts of Maryland and this applied to lawyers, who the Federal District Court concluded was a special class, without due process for ethics matters; therefore, the Federal Constitution's due process clause pursuant to the 14th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution was not operable, so there was no Federal Question;

The Federal District Court agreed with the State of Maryland and, given that the Maryland Supreme Court had refused to hear the due process issues, the Applicant was disbarred without due process.

The Applicant appealed to the Court of Appeals for the 4th Federal Circuit, where the Court concluded it lacked the jurisdiction to hear the appeal (see Exhibit A).

Because the record indicated that there was a clear civil rights issue, the Applicant filed a Petition for Rehearing, making the appeal jurisdictionally proper; therefore, a Petition for Rehearing was necessary.

The Court responded to the Petition for Rehearing negatively, without explanation.

2. There may be a local procedural factor that drives this case, so that the Court granting a 60-day extension is prudent.

Given that the opinions of the Federal District Court of Maryland and the Fourth

Federal Circuit Court are so contrary to the caselaw and a constitutional workaround, Applicant must file a Petition for Certiorari to this Court to resolve this matter's inconsistency with all other cases.

There is some evidence that the outcome may be due to in-house procedures in these two Federal Courts; therefore, additional time will be required to review hundreds of cases, to investigate this matter fully.

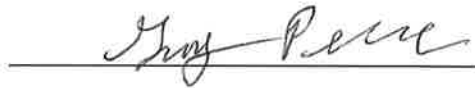
A. Appellant Exercised Due Diligence

This filer submitted the application to this Court more than 10 days prior to the statutory filing deadline.

The Applicant exercised due diligence.

WHEREFORE, Applicant Pisner applies to this Court for a sixty (60) day extension, from October 6, 2026, under this Court's Rule 13.5, from what would be the ninety (90) day deadline, for filing a Petition for Certiorari, with this Court, which would be the first business day after December 5, 2026.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Gary Pisner", is written over a horizontal line.

Gary Pisner, Esq. Pro Se

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CERTIFICATION

Applicant Gary Pisner, pro se, has served a copy of this 581-word application on counsel of record in the Office of the Maryland Attorney General on September 21, 2026, by mail.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Gary Pisner", is written over a horizontal line.

EXHIBIT A

FILED: March 2, 2026

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

No. 25-1262
(8:24-cv-02807-LKG)

ATTORNEY GRIEVANCE COMMISSION OF MARYLAND

Petitioner - Appellee

v.

GARY PISNER

Respondent - Appellant

J U D G M E N T

In accordance with the decision of this court, this appeal is dismissed.

This judgment shall take effect upon issuance of this court's mandate in
accordance with Fed. R. App. P. 41.

/s/ NWAMAKA ANOWI, CLERK

UNPUBLISHED**UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT**

No. 25-1262

ATTORNEY GRIEVANCE COMMISSION OF MARYLAND,**Petitioner - Appellee,****v.****GARY PISNER,****Respondent - Appellant.**

Appeal from the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, at Greenbelt.
Lydia Kay Griggsby, District Judge. (8:24-cv-02807-LKG)

Submitted: February 26, 2026

Decided: March 2, 2026

Before NIEMEYER and QUATTLEBAUM, Circuit Judges, and FLOYD, Senior Circuit Judge.

Dismissed by unpublished per curiam opinion.

Gary Pisner, Appellant Pro Se. Anthony G. Brown, Attorney General, Kevin M. Cox, OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF MARYLAND, Baltimore, Maryland, for Appellee.

Unpublished opinions are not binding precedent in this circuit.

PER CURIAM:

Gary Pisner seeks to appeal the district court's order remanding the case to the state court from which it was removed and the district court's order denying reconsideration.* The district court remanded the case because it lacked subject matter jurisdiction. Generally, an order remanding a case to the state court from which it was removed is not reviewable on appeal. 28 U.S.C. § 1447(d); *see* 28 U.S.C. § 1442 (exception for cases involving "[f]ederal officers or agencies sued or prosecuted"); 28 U.S.C. § 1443 (exception for cases involving "[c]ivil rights cases"). The Supreme Court has instructed that "§ 1447(d) must be read *in pari materia* with [28 U.S.C.] § 1447(c), so that only remands based on grounds specified in § 1447(c) are immune from review under § 1447(d)." *Things Remembered, Inc. v. Petrarca*, 516 U.S. 124, 127 (1995); *see Doe v. Blair*, 819 F.3d 64, 66-67 (4th Cir. 2016) ("A district court may remand a case *sua sponte* for lack of subject matter jurisdiction at any time, and such an order is not reviewable." (citations modified)).

As to the merits, the district court remanded the case because it lacked subject matter jurisdiction. We, therefore, are without jurisdiction to review the remand order. *See Doe*, 819 F.3d at 66. Accordingly, we dismiss Pisner's appeal for lack of jurisdiction. We

* Pisner filed a motion to exceed page limitations for his reply brief. We grant that motion.

dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

DISMISSED

EXHIBIT B

FILED: July 8, 2026

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

No. 25-1262
(8:24-cv-02807-LKG)

ATTORNEY GRIEVANCE COMMISSION OF MARYLAND

Petitioner - Appellee

v.

GARY PISNER

Respondent - Appellant

O R D E R

The court denies the petition for rehearing and rehearing en banc. No judge requested a poll under Fed. R. App. P. 40 on the petition for rehearing en banc.

Entered at the direction of the panel: Judge Niemeyer, Judge Quattlebaum, and Senior Judge Floyd.

For the Court

/s/ Nwamaka Anowi, Clerk