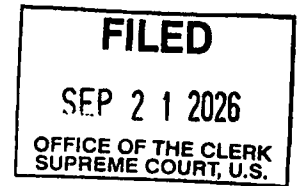


ORIGINAL

26-5706

No. _____



IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Jill M. Fox _____ — PETITIONER
(Your Name)

vs.

New York State _____ — RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO

The New York State Court of Appeals

(NAME OF COURT THAT LAST RULED ON MERITS OF YOUR CASE)

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Jill M. Fox

(Your Name)

100 Isla Way, 2105

(Address)

Brockport, New York 14420

(City, State, Zip Code)

(315) 663-8899

(Phone Number)

QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

Does the U.S. Constitution, Article VI, Clause 2, have jurisdiction in state courts over state laws, and does it apply before state laws? Is justice denied by judges who affirm an oath to the U.S. Constitution yet fail to uphold or apply Article VI, Clause 2, and who author and/or preside over changes and falsification of names and dates in sworn court filings in their court decisions, in bias and in favor of the defendant in a claim against the defendant's systemic civil rights violations and engagement with RICO under color of law?

LIST OF PARTIES

A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment is the subject of this petition is provided below. If a party is a corporation with a stock ticker symbol, that symbol is also included.

Fox v. State of New York, Claim 143681, State of New York Court of Appeals.
Decision entered June 23, 2026.

Fox v. State of New York, Claim 143681, State of New York Court Of Claims.
3 - Decision and Order(s) entered on November 6, 2025.

New York State

RELATED CASES

McCulloch v. Maryland (1819)
Gibbons v. Ogden (1824)
Arizona v. United States (2012)

42 U.S.C. 1983
436 U.S.C. 658 (1978)
18 U.S.C.1621
P.L. 104-292, H.R. 3166 (1996)
18 U.S.C. 3166
940.18 U.S.C. 1341
Concurrent Jurisdiction
18 U.S.C. 371
18. U.S.C.1621
18 U.S.C.1341
18 U.S.C. 1343
18 U.S.C. 1961-1968

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APPENDIX B	Decision of the New York State Court of Claims, November 6, 2025 Decision of the New York State Court of Claims, November 6, 2025 Decision of the New York State Court of Claims, November 12, 2025
APPENDIX C	Documentation of fabricated welfare fraud phone call and voicemail, WEBEX, September 16, 2025, 3:11 pm. Documentation of the Judge's response to the phone call. September 18, 2025.
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18 U.S.C. 371
18. U.S.C. 1621
18 U.S.C. 1341
18 U.S.C. 1343
18 U.S.C. 1961-1968

OTHER

Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504)
Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

☐ For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

- ☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

- ☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

☒ For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix A to the petition and is

- ☒ reported at Decision of the State of NY Court of Appeals; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the State of NY Court of Claims court appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

- ☒ reported at Decision of the New York State Court of Claims; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

☐ For cases from **federal courts**:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was _____.

☐ No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ____ A ____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1).

☒ For cases from **state courts**:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was June 23, 2026.
A copy of that decision appears at Appendix A.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ____ A ____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a).

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

McCulloch v. Maryland (1819)
Gibbons v. Ogden (1824)
Arizona v. United States (2012)

Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504)
Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)
The RICO Act

42 U.S.C. 1983
436 U.S.C. 658 (1978)
18 U.S.C. 1621
P.L. 104-292, H.R. 3166 (1996)
18 U.S.C. 3166
940.18 U.S.C. 1341
Concurrent Jurisdiction
18 U.S.C. 371
18. U.S.C. 1621
18 U.S.C. 1341
18 U.S.C. 1343
18 U.S.C. 1961-1968

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Jill M. Fox, Pro Se, a profoundly disabled citizen certified as disabled by the NYS Department of Education and VESID in 1985, filed Claim 143681 against New York State in the New York State Court of Claims, alleging systemic violations of the petitioner's federally protected civil rights and the systemic Trifecta of RICO comprised of the Governor, the Attorney General, and the 22-year-entrenched presiding judge on the NY Court of Claims. The U.S. Constitution, Article VI, Clause 2, the 1st and 14th Amendments, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504), the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) were cited. The defendant has copiously and fallaciously challenged the jurisdiction of Plaintiff's claim and motions despite an oath to the U.S. Constitution and the duties of the position.

The petitioner earned three motions: 102474, 102534, and 102693. The defendant's response to the first two motions denied the U.S. Constitution's Article VI, Clause 2, clarifying the Supremacy Clause as "The law of the land," Concurrent Jurisdiction, and its application before state laws in state courts. The defendant engaged in fraud in the first two motions when the Administrative Assistant 1 filed Affidavits of Service "Sworn to on this 14th day of August 2025." The Assistant Attorney General authored the responses the following day as documented in court filings. Two threatening phone calls were received by the plaintiff via WEbex. The first call left a terse message, which was documented. The second call was answered by the plaintiff. Multiple male voices were on the line, alleging "welfare fraud." Plaintiff replied no fraud, no documentation of fraud exists, and no phone call or "fair hearing" was scheduled. Plaintiff immediately contacted the court about the alarming calls.

The judge's response was to change and falsify names, dates, and actions in the first two motions in blatant bias and in favor of the defendant. In the third motion, the judge falsified the facts of the motion, failed to mention or rule on the defendant's failure to respond to the motion, failed to address the threatening phone call about welfare fraud, which could only originate with the state, and decided to order a mendacious and fallacious decision contrary to documented facts. The presiding judge reviewed and ordered the three decisions two months later. The NYS Court of Appeals failed to apply the U.S. Constitution's Article VI, Clause 2, Concurrent Jurisdiction, the RICO Act, and applicable federal laws detailed in the court filings as well. Instead, this court chose to deny their oaths of office, deny justice, and prolong indefinite court proceedings at the plaintiff's peril and expense.

New York State judges who engage in fraud and/or the omission of the U.S. Constitution's Article VI, Clause 2, and Concurrent Jurisdiction, despite filing their oaths of office, denied justice to the petitioner. The 2026 NYS Budget allocated \$64.2 million for illegal aliens' legal services. In August 2026, the governor announced that an additional \$7.25 million would be infused into the legal aid fund for illegal aliens.

When a cabal of judges engages in systemic unconstitutional acts, only the U.S. Supreme Court can restore the rule of law.

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

The U.S. Supreme Court must reaffirm and restore the hierarchy of the U.S. Constitution, the Supremacy Clause, and Concurrent Jurisdiction in state courts, as well as the ramifications of failing to do so. Judges have a deontological duty to uphold the U.S. Constitution, act ethically, and rule without bias. Failure to act endorses state corruption against its most vulnerable and needy citizens.

CONCLUSION

The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "S. J. Lee", is written over a horizontal line.

Date: September 21, 2026