
IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Edward Herbert Hoid — PETITIONER

vs.

Gray MDIA Group, Inc., DBA CBS KKTU 11

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APPENDIX E

APPENDIX E

EXHIBIT FIVE: THE JURISDICTIONAL PATHWAY OF THE FORGED CONVICTION AND APPELLATE COMPLICITY

(Forensic documentation from Habeas Action 1:25-cv-00536 proving that Magistrate Richard Gurley acted with premeditated intent to adopt corporate news scripts into the federal record. These objections trace the exact trajectory of the “imaginary conviction” as it was funneled from the Colorado Attorney General’s Office through the federal bench to the Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals. This exhibit establishes that the Tenth Circuit and the federal district court acted as a coordinated operational shield, knowingly supplying a non-existent conviction to the Supreme Court of the United States. This jurisdictional maneuver was executed to provide legal cover for subsequent assassination attempts and to protect the interests of news defendants through the deliberate falsification of the federal record. These objections were what Gurley did dispatch the recent assassination attempts to my home again over, while staging a mass causality event against an LDS church coordinating with the attorney generals of Colorado for silencing and retaliation.)

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Civil Action No. 1:25-cv-00536-RTG

Edward Hoid

Petitioner,

v.

Colorado Department of Corrections, Division of Parole, and State
of Colorado Attorney General
et al

Respondent(s).

Petitioner’s Objections to the Recommendation

Comes now, Petitioner, Edward Hoid's, objections of the recommendation by the Magistrate Judge for dismissal.

Still, unrepresented for these matters, after motioning for representation and being denied at every level of court, both state and federal, I absolutely object to the recommendation by the United States Magistrate.

The Federal Court is allowed to do what they do because of the American People having the understanding that their job is to enforce the law, the Constitution of the United States of America is the law, and not all of the dancing around and manipulations presented by the State, or any other actor, most of the tailing participations have laughed me out of court rooms, knowing that my family, our children and I have been abused and that I served three prison sentences because the police and paramedic's malpractice delayed a 71 year old from surgery just after sustaining, a known single brain swell injury. It isn't funny anymore, I have proven that the state and other actors attempted to murder me, held me for three successive restraints, mutilated Randall Shubert's body staging an investigation for purposes of news companies fraudulently concealing their offenses, I was first held in maximum security prison for 2 years without charges, and the reason, for a high-profile homicide that never occurred because of the news companies reporting in view of the public that I and two other imaginary people beat Randall Shubert to death for one bike.

After enduring this, I have a detailed explanation of the relationship between news companies and the government, and I can very easily display how all the other people in this country are not free.

I am serving these objections on all the parties, I declare to the respondents, I will not submit to torture or the third successive sentence, and I hope they don't hire more people to come and gun me down again.

I live at 1815 28th Street, Greeley, CO 80631.

I will not go to prison again because of the bicycle accident. I will not comply with parole's demands that I use the Medicaid I have now to get therapy for problems I do not have instead of using it to get lifesaving therapies and medicine. Like I said, it's not funny anymore.

This court, after reviewing the facts, medical facts and science, held that on November 5th, 2020, Randall Shubert crashed his bike and sustained a single brain swell, it was impossible that I encountered him, due to, and I was reported to have been stumbling around singing nursery songs, in a different location, while I was utterly incapacitated from never having been allowed insulin in life as a Type One Juvenile Diabetic, also it was reported that Randall Shubert had walked away before I was seen stumbling around singing nursery songs, I don't remember any of it.

I will briefly elaborate on torture, and what it means to be incapacitated from never having insulin and surviving. I didn't commit any crime. I don't even know what I did, but the courts and police have known the entire time. There is so much out right lying and fear coming from the attorney general's office and every court in Colorado right now, look at what they are doing, then again, the federal court has been.

This Court seems to be refusing to enforce the constitution, plain and simple. I have rights as a human being and an American citizen, this court has a duty and a job to enforce the constitution, it is thought that is what this Court is paid for, I get paid to make things and work,

the Court doesn't have those jobs. If for whatever reason, this Court is not willing to do the job, I have to ask the question, why? Are these State officials' friends of the Court? What is it? I am not afraid to admit I am implying partiality and equal protection violations and if this Court wishes to engage in the egregious law violations, please recuse yourselves and re-assign this case to another Court who will do their job.

I file these objections within 14 days of the recommendation's issuance and therefore do not surrender my right to appeal. Since I am not and never have been represented, I will try to figure out how to petition for certiorari.

The Recommendation and Objections

In the recommendation, the Court refers to the pre-sentence investigation and the record that is proven to be falsified and is illegal. The Court enters the information supplied by a falsified record, falsified for the sake of news companies' fraudulent defenses, onto these records.

Below displays that the pre-sentence investigation was not a component of, nor was given any consideration regarding the conviction. The pre-sentence investigation was achieved through torture and is also falsified record anyway.

23CA1976 Peo v Hoid 12-19-2024

COLORADO COURT OF APPEALS

Court of Appeals No. 23CA1976
Boulder County District Court No. 20CR2138
Honorable Nancy W. Salomone, Judge

The People of the State of Colorado,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

v.

Edward Herbert Hoid,

Defendant-Appellant.

ORDER AFFIRMED

Division IV
Opinion by JUDGE HARRIS
Yun and Kuhn, JJ., concur

NOT PUBLISHED PURSUANT TO C.A.R. 35(e)
Announced December 19, 2024

appeal, Hoid did not sufficiently allege that he was entitled to file an appeal. Under section 18-1-409(1), C.R.S. 2024, a defendant who pleads guilty may not appeal his sentence if the sentence imposed “is within a range agreed upon by the parties pursuant to a plea

² The sentencing judge was the same judge who considered and denied Hoid’s Crim. P. 35(c) motion. By denying the Rule 35(c) motion, the judge implicitly found that evidence of Hoid’s diabetes would not have changed the outcome of the sentencing proceedings. See, e.g., *Voytik v. United States*, 778 F.2d 1306, 1310 (8th Cir. 1985) (where district court judge had determined “that he would not have reduced [the defendant’s] sentence” even if counsel had performed as the defendant wished, the defendant’s ineffective assistance of counsel claim failed for lack of prejudice.).

8

Here the Court of Appeals states that the same judge that sentenced me, also denied the petition for post-conviction relief. This while I gave the State a full round opportunity to resolve the constitutional law violations associated with the conviction. The Court of Appeals, the Attorney General’s Office and Judge Nancy Salamone did this so that the falsified record would be given consideration, and not the actual conviction. Nancy Salamone did not sentence me, yet she reports that the evidence of my diabetes would not have changed the outcome of sentencing.

Below displays the judge who entered conviction and sentence, Judge Langer sentenced me so that the pre-sentence investigation, torture and the egregious civil rights violations would not be considered and for purposes of wasting time while these officials concealed news and official misconducts.

Court Address: Boulder Justice Center
1777 Sixth Street P.O. Box 4249
Boulder, CO 80306-4249
Phone Number: 303-441-3750

DATE FILED
May 12, 2023

COURT USE ONLY

Case Number: 2020CR002138

The People of the State of Colorado
vs.
HOID, EDWARD HERBERT

Division: 6

SENTENCE ORDER

Defendant: HOID, EDWARD HERBERT

Date of Birth: 03/19/1984

Count

Class

Plea

Finding

- 1 18-5-902(1)(a) - ID THEFT-USES INFO TO OBTAIN
- 2 18-4-502 - TRESPASS 1-AUTO-W/INTENT TO COMMIT CRIME
- 3 18-3-206(1)(a)(b) - FELONY MENACING-REAL/SIMULATED WEAP
- 4 18-4-401(1),(2)(c) - THEFT-\$750-\$2,000
- 5 18-4-501(1),(4)(c) - CRIMINAL MISCHIEF-\$750-\$1000

- | | |
|----|-----------------|
| F4 | Plea of Guilty |
| F5 | Plea Not Guilty |
| F5 | Plea Not Guilty |
| M1 | Plea of Guilty |
| M1 | Plea of Guilty |

- | |
|-------------|
| Guilty |
| Disrm by DA |
| Disrm by DA |
| Guilty |
| Guilty |

ASSESSED FINES & COSTS

Count # 1

Victims Assistance Fund	\$163.00
Victim Compensation Fund	\$163.00
Court Costs	\$35.00
Court Security Cash Fund	\$5.00
Genetic Testing Surcharge	\$2.50
Public Defender Accts Rcvable	\$25.00
Restorative Justice Surcharge	\$10.00
Department of Corrections: 7 Years	
Restitution	\$998.33

Count # 4

Victims Assistance Fund	\$78.00
-------------------------	---------

Jail: 60 Days

Credit for Time Served: 60 Days

Count # 5

Victims Assistance Fund	\$78.00
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Jail: 60 Days

Credit for Time Served: 60 Days

TOTAL

\$1,537.83

Other Conditions of Sentence:

COUNT 1: 7 YRS OF DOC
CONCURRENT WITH 20CR2137
COUNTS 4,5: 60 DAYS OF JAIL STRAIGHT TIME
60 DAYS CREDIT FOR TIME SERVED
RESTITUTION 998.33

/SG

CANDICE BRUCE

Judge/Magistrate

2023-05-12

Date

HOID, EDWARD HERBERT

Defendant

2023-05-12

Date

NOTICE

Following this hearing you are to present this form to the Clerk's Office for payment. Payment is due by the end of business on your Court Date. Pursuant to §16-11-101.6, C.R.S., if the Defendant does not pay all amounts assessed at the time of order, the Defendant shall pay an additional time payment fee. In addition, the

The Attorney General's Office claims they were not advised of the due process and double jeopardy violations, and yet the proceedings are above, they are acting insane. It is not the facts being presented now that are derogatory, it is the case that the offenses are presentable and are disgraceful.

The officials and respondents need to go to prison, it is what I have left in life to pursue.

Judge Nancy Salamone denied my motion for appointment of counsel in this petition for post-conviction relief and she did not convict me.

This Court refers to the night of my arrest and reports that parole was violated because I was throwing rocks at businesses and claims that I threatened a security guard. Why wasn't I charged? I did throw rocks at windows that night because people including law enforcement attempted to murder me, incited offenses and violence incited by the news reporting extensively that I jumped, robbed and beat Randall Shubert to death for a bike. This is not crime and this also is the reason why parole and the CDOC sent me to maximum security prison, below is the transcript, it is exactly reported that the reason I was sent to prison and was held in maximum security prison for the next two years was for infamous or capital crime that did not occur, (highprofile homicide), without charges, and they even reported that.

00:04:17 Speaker 2

OK.

00:04:19 Speaker 1

So I won't take your plea today regarding this new conviction because proof of conviction is proof that you violated your.

00:04:25 Speaker 1.

Parole. Any questions about that?

00:04:29 Speaker 2..

No, ma'am.

00:04:30 Speaker 1

The technical violations in the the technical allegations in the complaint are dismissed without prejudice.

So what that means is that the division can talk about these allegations when they give their statement.

However, it's nothing you can be found guilty of today. Does that make sense?

00:04:49 Speaker 1

Alright, so from the from the division officer Derito, are there any mitigating or aggravating factors I should be aware of or recommendations?

00:05:00 Speaker 3

Yes, it is, ma'am. Mr. Mr. Hoyt right now.

00:05:04 Speaker 3

is currently a suspect in a homicide high profile homicide.

00:05:12 Speaker 3

The division is on. The division is taking verification because.

00:05:17 Speaker 3

We will be able.

00:05:18 Speaker 3

To work may be a danger to it's still a danger to.

00:05:20 Speaker 3

The public no formal charges have been.

00:05:24 Speaker 3

Filed yet because it's still under investigation.

Dec 28 2020 - Parole Hearing audio file HOID 178706_362d_12.28.2020 (1).m4a Page 4 of 11

This also is round number one, or in other words, sentence number one for the same incidents, Randall Shubert falling and me stumbling around singing nursery songs, which I do not remember doing. They reported the reason and I served that sentence for imaginary highprofile homicide. This being a compounded offense involving obvious due process violations and double jeopardy violations, the court and everyone else knows I was sentenced later for the same incidents to seven years prison and another three-year sentence following, all three for the same bike accident. The petition for post-conviction relief raised the issues of due process violations, the respondent now claims they had to know exactly what was meant by that. Are they crazy or not?

I died as a result of this, and because I was not allowed insulin and I am not just diabetic, that is one complication associated with my auto-immune Type One Juvenile Diabetes melitus. Previously Colorado observed my legs fall off because they refused me insulin and medical care, the reason for that is because police had observed me drinking 12 gallons of water, I was incapacitated and was charged with burglary and was sent to crawl around in prison for that previously.

The reason I include this information, is because this Court reported what all this stems from in the recommendation. The entire situation stems from abusive policies and the moment I entered the state of Colorado.


Past Visit Details
✕
⋮

Curt M at 11/26/2024 11:10 AM

Plan

Assessment and Plan:

1) Type 1 diabetes mellitus without complication (HC CODE) (ICD-10: E10.9)
Diagnosed while in jail, released 10/2024. Current regimen: 25u Lantus nightly and 10u AM, 10u Humalog T1D meals.

11/26/2024

Seen in ED for hyperglycemia. Pt reports lifelong history with multiple DKA episodes and a recent arrest for burglary due to entering a business and "Drinking 12 gallons of water for DKA." BG labile and usually very high per pt. He needs another script for a glucometer. Wants GCM as well as a pump. BG today was >400 fasting but pt hesitant to increase PM Lantus. Will add 10u Lantus AM. Pt has been taking 5u Humalog before meals, will increase to 10u. Will check BG 4x daily and have FU in 1 week. GAD65

Orders: POCT GLUCOSE CPT 82962 MANUAL
RESULT ENTRY
AMBULATORY REFERRAL TO PRIMARY
CARE

◀
●
≡

I will not allow the state to torture me anymore or ever again, if they are going to kill me anyway, I will not allow them to do so and submit. I will not comply with the State's current offense that we are calling a restraint or parole.

Below is the law.

Fifth Amendment

Fifth Amendment Explained

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

All the elaborate arguments do not change this law. I was held for capital or otherwise infamous crime without charges, warrants, due process and at maximum security prison for the incidents given rise to the conviction. There is no argument to raise, there is no defense to raise it is precisely reported.

This Court leverages on the falsified record from the Colorado Court of appeals and reports that I was diagnosed in November 2022 and that the diagnosis doesn't suggest due process violations and wouldn't be considered civil rights violations associated with the conviction.

First of all, concerning this, I ask everyone to not misrepresent my medical information especially not for the respondent's sake.

9:38 AM

Bluetooth 4G LTE



Test Details



GLUTAMIC ACID DECARBOXYLASE AB

Collected on November 22, 2024 4:43 PM

Not yet reviewed by care team. See details

Results

Source: Unconfirmed

Specimen Start Date: 202411221643

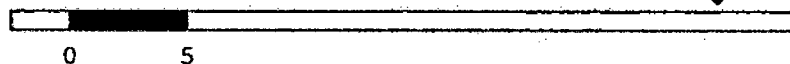
Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase (GAD65)

View trends

Antibody

Normal range: 0.0 - 5.0 IU/mL

181.5



INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Antibody

A value greater than 5.0 IU/mL is considered positive for Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Antibody (GAD Ab). This assay is intended for the semi-quantitative determination of the GAD Ab in human serum.

Results should be interpreted within the context of clinical symptoms.

Performed By: ARUP Laboratories

500 Chipeta Way

Salt Lake City, UT 84108

Laboratory Director: Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD

CLIA Number: 46D0523979

Above is the date I was diagnosed a life long Type One Juvenile diabetic.

VTE Prophylaxis Orders (From admission, onward)		Ordered
Start		
11/13/22 0000	heparin Injection 5,000 Units (VTE Prophylaxis Medical Panel) *Every 8 hours scheduled	11/12/22 2052

Code Status Full

Patient will require a 2 midnight stay. Reason HHS

Expected Disposition home

50 minutes of Critical Care was provided in order to assess and manage the high probability of imminent or life-threatening deterioration of HHS requiring Insulin drip.

This patient encounter is occurring during the national pandemic emergency related to COVID-19. COVID-19 countermeasures are actively being utilized and factored into all documentation and clinical decisions.

Subjective:

Chief Complaint:
Chief Complaint
Patient presents with
• Hyperglycemia

In November of 2022, I refused to enter a guilty plea, I knew I didn't do anything wrong, I just didn't remember what happened.

I was resuscitated because I was not allowed insulin during round one, or the first sentence for the same incidents I am now serving a third sentence for, the first round I was held because the state wanted to aid the news concealing their offenses and for parole reporting the incidents as a high profile homicide.

I was set for diagnosis and follow up appointments so I could be diagnosed as an insulin dependent Type One Juvenile Diabetic. Notice that the date on the charts above is November 2022, because the charts were supplied to the court and Nancy Salamone, the judge who did not sentence me, and the charts reported a high probability of death if I did not get the diagnosis, also the chart reports that I was in HHS or hyperosmolar hyperglycemic state,



Hyperosmolar Hyperglycemic State (HHS): Treatment

Very high blood sugar level (over 600 mg/dL or 33 mmol/L). Mental changes, such as confusion, delirium or experiencing hallucinations. Loss of consciousness.

See the charts below

Left lower leg: No edema.

Skin:

General: Skin is warm and dry.

Neurological:

General: No focal deficit present.

Mental Status: He is alert and oriented to person, place, and time. Mental status is at baseline.

Psychiatric:

Comments: anxious

Operative Procedures Performed:

Lab Results:

Admission on 11/12/2022:

Component	Date	Value	Ref Range	Status
Sodium	11/12/2022	111 (LL)	136 - 145 mmol/L	Final
Potassium	11/12/2022	6.3 (HH)	3.5 - 5.1 mmol/L	Final
Chloride	11/12/2022	78 (L)	96 - 111 mmol/L	Final
CO2 Carbon Dioxide	11/12/2022	24	20 - 30 mmol/L	Final
BUN Urea Nitrogen	11/12/2022	37 (H)	6 - 24 mg/dL	Final
Creatinine	11/12/2022	1.65 (H)	0.65 - 1.36 mg/dL	Final
BUN:Creatinine Ratio	11/12/2022	22	6 - 25	Final
Glucose	11/12/2022	>1,000 (HH)	70 - 99 mg/dL	Final
Calcium	11/12/2022	9.6	8.3 - 10.1 mg/dL	Final
Anion Gap	11/12/2022	15	6 - 18	Final
Anion gap = (Na+K) - (Cl+CO2)				
GFR Glomerular Filtration Rate	11/12/2022	54.2 (L)	>60.0 mL/min/1.73m ²	Final
Units = mL/min/1.73 m ² . GFR results <60 for 3 months or longer: Chronic kidney disease. GFR results <15: Kidney failure. Calculation based on the Chronic Kidney Disease Epidemiology Collaboration (CKD-EPI) equation refit without adjustment for race.				
Beta-Hydroxybutyrate mmol/L	11/12/2022	0.4 (H)	0.0-0.3 mmol/L mmol/L	Final
WBC White Blood Count	11/12/2022	12.7 (H)	4.0 - 9.6 10 ³ /μL	Final
RBC Red Blood Count	11/12/2022	4.57	4.40 - 5.89 10 ⁶ /μL	Final

Printed by 122592 at 12/31/24 6:38 AM

Page 19

I was taken into custody when this happened, days after resuscitation, involving the second sentence because I became incapacitated and the courts, prosecution and jailers knew that I would probably die and would suffer and would be incapacitated, because I was obstructed from the critical diagnosis, I was refused insulin during prosecutions and while being tortured.

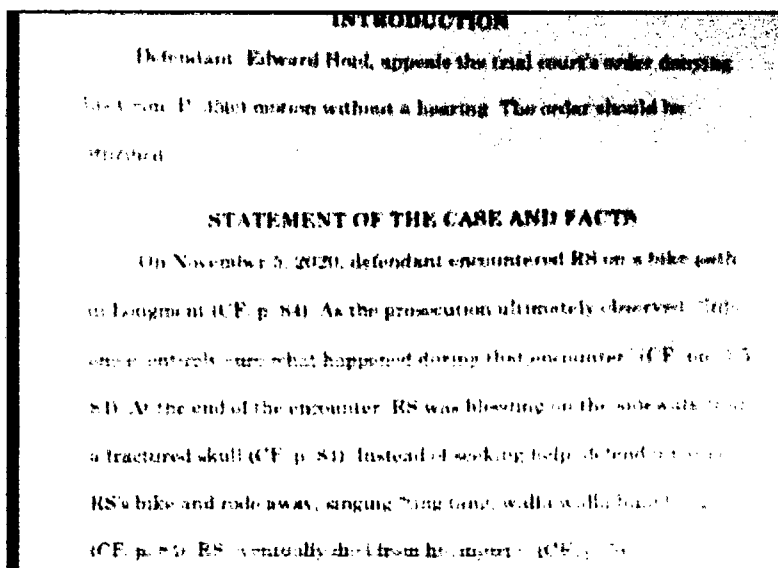
I did almost die, and I was not allowed a diagnosis until I completed the second sentence, 7 years.

Torture is not only unconstitutional it is an international crime against humanity.

The "torture code" refers to 18 U.S.C. § 2340A, which criminalizes the act of torture committed by public officials or those acting under color of law. This section applies to acts of torture committed outside the United States and has extraterritorial jurisdiction when the alleged offender is a US national or present in the United States. @

The pre-sentence investigation forced me to be a witness against myself while I was incapacitated, I was forced to report untrue information that incriminated me under false pretense. The pre-sentence investigator knew I did not have capacity to report what I don't remember and four corrupt lawyers told me what to report if I wanted to get out and get medicine.

Below the Attorney General's Office pointed out the incapacitation during the petition for post-conviction relief.



I am reported as stumbling around singing nursery songs, I was incapacitated and was dying at the time and was not present where Randall Shubert had fallen and walked away. I did not have control of my body while in comatose and did not have a capacity to steal or have any intentions. Soon after I was given a card by a stranger and while I did not even know my own name yet, with instructions.

Giving any consideration to the pre-sentence investigation is to ignore the actual conviction entered by Judge Langer not Judge Salamone, and only advocates for torture.

The first sentence was imposed without a tribunal for high profile homicide that did not occur, and was prosecuted by the news and lies.

5:02 PM



Past Visit Details



Emergency Department - Oct 23, 2024

at UCHHealth Emergency Care - Poudre Valley Hospital



Notes from Care Team



ED Provider Notes

Paul Bacalis, NP at 10/23/2024 7:49 PM

Clinical Impression

- 1 Hyperglycemia due to diabetes mellitus (HC CODE)

Medical Decision Making/Complexity of Problems Addressed/ED Course

Differential diagnosis: Includes but is not limited to diabetes, hyperglycemia, DKA, HHS, cellulitis.

40 y.o. male presented for emergency evaluation. Given his presenting symptoms, severity of illness, illness/injury that poses threat to life or bodily function, chronic illness with exacerbation, progression or side effects of treatment, undiagnosed new problem with uncertain prognosis, acute illness with systemic symptoms, and acute complicated injury as discussed below, I ordered an IV, laboratory evaluation, and medications. External Data Reviewed: Clinic notes (reviewed prior visits & exams).

Patient's diagnosis and/or treatment is significantly limited by social determinants of health with impacted medical decision making process. These include difficulty in access / coordinating / establishing outpatient care. This affected the patient's ability to obtain care, treatment and maintain health.

Discussion: This is a 40-year-old male recently diagnosed with type 1 diabetes while he was incarcerated. He has been discharged home with Lantus and regular insulin. His glucose here in the department is 218. His CBC is within normal limits. His metabolic panel is otherwise unremarkable. He has a normal anion gap and normal CO2. His venous

Above is current treaters explaining how I was denied access to diagnosis and medical care for one of the most severe, incapacitating conditions on earth, NOT TYPE TWO.



Past Visit Details



Diagnoses this visit

Your diagnoses were: MULTIPLE COMPLAINTS, AVASCULAR NECROSIS OF BONE OF HIP, LEFT (HC CODE)

Note To Patients About HC Codes

Some diagnoses on this report may show the (HC code) abbreviation. This stands for Hierarchical Condition Category codes. HC codes are used for population health reporting and do not directly affect patients.

Changes to Your Medication List

as of February 28, 2016 1:41 PM

Avascular necrosis (AVN), or osteonecrosis, is the death of bone tissue due to a lack of blood supply. While it can affect any bone, it's commonly found in the hip and knee. While not directly caused by type 1 diabetes, **individuals with type 1 diabetes may have an increased risk of developing AVN, particularly in the hip and foot.** @

Above is the diagnosis for when the CDOC observed my bones dying, caused by the refused diagnosis. They tortured me at this time as well, and forced me into odd drug therapies

and behavioral therapies, forcing me to use Medicaid to afford correctional staff salaries instead of allowing me to use Medicaid to live and get diagnosed, or allow me to treat the comas and hallucinations with insulin. For some time, parole and the CDOC has tried to force me onto suboxone and I have never used opiates, ever. I don't use drugs and I don't commit crime.



COLORADO

Department of Corrections

adults who have experienced traumatic events, such as physical or sexual abuse, significant loss, or natural disasters, or who have been a witness to violence. Mr. Hoid endorsed elevated scores for the following critical items: *No elevations*. Edward acknowledged the following elevated scales: *Atypical response, Anxious Arousal, Anxiety, Depression, Somatic Preoccupations - Pain and General, Insecure Attachment, Rejection Sensitivity, and Sensitization*.

The (RIST-2) is a brief screening measure of overall intellectual functioning normed for individuals between 3 and 94 years old. Edward earned a RIST-2 Index of (92) in the *Average* intellectual range. The OSU-TBI-ID was used to determine a person's history, duration, and age of the last head injury. Mr. Hoid had the following entries: *Emergency room after assault in the Boulder County Jail, LOC for less than 30 min, Dazed - Yes, Age 38, Fallen on, LOC for less than 30 min, Dazed - Yes, Age 11, Blackout (4-6x) - About 5 of the LOC were in 2020. Dazed - Yes, Age 10-38, and Explosions in steel balls and wires, No LOC. Dazed - No, in my 20s. Repeated/multiple impacts to the head: Not reported. Non TBI affecting cognition: Exposed to toxins, Dazed - Yes, In my 20s. The Adult Symptom Questionnaire shows that the client ranks in *memory concern, delay processing, attentional problems, inhibition problems, language problems, organizational problems, mental flexibility problems, and emotional problems*.*

Mr. Hoid was administered a series of symptom self-screeners: ACE, IEC, GAD-7, PHQ-9, DAST, and RISB. The (ACE) Questionnaire is a 10-item self-report measure developed for the ACE study to identify childhood experiences of abuse and neglect. Mr. Hoid's score of (1) indicates an *Average* range for future health concerns from adverse childhood experiences. According to the IEC-5, he

scored in the *Moderate* range on the GAD-7. Also noteworthy, he reported depression on the (PHQ-9) items, in the *Mild* range of malaise. He was in the *Mild* range for substance abuse use on the DAST, specifically with *methamphetamine, caffeine, tobacco, and cannabis*.

February 11, 2025

Re: Edward H Hoid (DOB: 3/19/1984)

To Whom It May Concern:

I am the primary care doctor for Mr. Edward Hoid. He has been under my care since October of 2024 and during this time I have treated him for the sequelae of head wounds and head trauma as well as very poorly-controlled type I diabetes mellitus. Per his report, his type I diabetes was not treated appropriately while he was incarcerated. Certainly from my perspective his type I diabetes has not been under control for the past 3-6 months. Type I DM is insulin-dependent diabetes, and always requires treatment with insulin. Any time Mr. Hoid was not treated with insulin would be sub-therapeutic treatment.

Additionally, Mr. Hoid has a clear record of avascular necrosis of the hip. While this occurred prior to my caring of Mr. Hoid, he does have mobility issues now secondary to this medical condition that impact his day-to-day life and this could be related to prior undiagnosed avascular necrosis.

Mr. Hoid does have scarring across his face as well as history of trauma and current mental health struggles likely related to his significant head and brain injury he has sustained in the past.

While I have been unable to verify with outside sources the reasons for these wounds, I have no reason to doubt Mr. Hoid's explanations of the injuries he has experienced and his story has always been consistent. As previously noted, any time Mr. Hoid was not receiving insulin for his type I diabetes he was untreated.

If you have any questions or concerns, please don't hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

 MD

Electronically signed by:
Lauren McVeigh, MD
Dept: 970-495-8800
2/11/2025, 9:38 PM

Edward H Hoid

DOB: 3/19/1984

(1 of 1)

Above, during the second sentence for the same bike accident spent in prison, it is reported that I endured severe human suffering. This was experienced during the proceedings and was imposed to make me a witness against myself. It is torture.

Regarding ADA Discrimination, please feel free to contact UC Health and argue with the doctors who report why I was denied access to life and life saving medicine, it was all for the sake of the news and the relationship the government enjoys with the news in injuring the American People and squandering federal aid funds such as Medicaid.

I have rights to equal protection of law, especially that being constitutional law and I am a United States Citizen.

The respondents caused my families children to become taken for a month and molested. Two of siblings are thought to have called police after witnessing me on the news and reported that I have been trying to rape and murder them and their kids. I say thought to have because one, I haven't spoken with my siblings for over twenty years, and second, one of the siblings who police say reported I was trying to rape and kill their kids, doesn't have kids. It is thought vigilantes, after being supplied with my family's information by the news, called and impersonated my siblings. Either way this Court mentions my family in the recommendation and none of this is remotely true, my siblings will testify. They almost murdered me and tried to have me murdered. I also need insulin as much as I need air to live. The district court and prosecution, the pre-sentence investigator knew this when they were given notice of such with medical charts in November 2022, and so they chose to deprive me of substance that keeps me alive and that was deliberate and nearly killed me.

Now we are beginning the third sentence and restraint a three year sentence, and parole is threatening to send me to prison for a third stay, if I don't use my Medicaid towards therapy for drug problems I do not have. This would pay their colleagues and would deprive me again of critical care. I will not comply. If the respondents would like to send their hired hands to my house to gun me down again for this, go ahead and this falls on the courts lap.

Conclusion

I thank this Court for being the first to report other than Randall Shubert was beaten to death, knocked off of his bike etc.

I respect this Court for this.

All the issues I raised and hand wrote after being refused representation, are relevant probable cause the sixth, fifth, fourteenth and eighth amendment violations and criminal acts by the state are affirmed and undisputed.

The respondents and the other participants need to go to prison. This conviction needs to be vacated and it needs to be held that it is unconstitutional.

I respectfully request the Court to withdraw the recommendation to dismiss. Alternatively, I move the Court to preserve the record in anticipation of appeals and if need be, certiorari.

I respectfully request appointment of counsel.

Respectfully submitted this 8th day of June, 2025

Edward H. Hoid

08-JUN-2025

Phone: (970)692-6916

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APPENDIX J

APPENDIX J
TENTH CIRCUIT ORDER OPINION

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FILED

United States Court of Appeals

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

Tenth Circuit

FOR THE TENTH CIRCUIT

November 10, 2025

EDWARD HOID,

Plaintiff - Appellant,

v. No. 25-1058

(D.C. No. 1:24-CV-01127-PAB-CYC)

GRAY MEDIA GROUP, INC., d/b/a CBS

KKTV 11,

Defendant - Appellee.

(D. Colo.)

Christopher M. Wolpert
Clerk of Court

ORDER AND JUDGMENT*

Before **HARTZ, EID**, and **ROSSMAN**, Circuit Judges.

Edward Hoid sued Gray Local Media, Inc. in state court, asserting defamation-related claims based on news content that Gray Media had published about him.¹

Gray Media removed the case to federal district court based on diversity jurisdiction.

* After examining the briefs and appellate record, this panel has determined unanimously that oral argument would not materially assist in the determination of this appeal. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2); 10th Cir. R. 34.1(G). The case is therefore ordered submitted without oral argument, and Hoid's motion for oral argument, filed August 25, 2025, is denied. This order and judgment is not binding precedent, except under the doctrines of law of the case, *res judicata*, and collateral estoppel. It may be cited, however, for its persuasive value consistent with Fed. R. App. P. 32.1 and 10th Cir. R. 32.1.

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The district court granted Gray Media's motion to dismiss, concluding that Colorado's statute of limitations for defamation claims barred Hoid's action. He appeals *pro se* from the dismissal.² We have jurisdiction, *see* 28 U.S.C. § 1291, and we affirm.

¹ The defendant was identified in district court as "Gray Media Group, Inc." Gray Media notifies us that its name has changed to "Gray Local Media, Inc." *See* Aplee Br. (cover) n.1.

² We liberally construe Hoid's *pro se* filings, but we do not act as his advocate. *See Luo v. Wang*, 71 F.4th 1289, 1291 n.1 (10th Cir. 2023).

BACKGROUND

Hoid's claims are based on Gray Media's reporting about the death of Randall Schubert, a 71-year-old man who died on November 16, 2020, from injuries sustained 11 days earlier. Hoid contends that Schubert died from an improperly treated subdural hematoma resulting from a fall from his bicycle. He alleges that Gray Media falsely reported that Hoid had murdered Schubert as part of a robbery and assault.

Hoid filed his complaint in state court on February 29, 2024. The complaint asserts claims for defamation, placing Hoid and his family in a false light, and child endangerment. Gray Media removed the case to the United States District Court for the District of Colorado.

Gray Media then filed a special motion to dismiss the complaint under Colorado's Anti-SLAPP statute.³ Among other things, Gray Media argued that Hoid

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³ The Anti-SLAPP (Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation) statute provides that "[a] cause of action against a person arising from any act of that person in furtherance of the person's right of petition or free speech under the United States constitution or the state constitution in connection with a public issue is subject to a special motion to dismiss unless the court determines that the plaintiff has established

could not demonstrate a reasonable likelihood of success on his claims because he had filed his complaint after the statutory limitations period expired.

Although given several extensions to do so, Hoid did not timely respond to the motion to dismiss. A magistrate judge recommended granting the motion. The district court accepted the magistrate judge's recommendation and dismissed the action with prejudice. The district court found that Hoid's complaint was untimely under Colorado's one-year statute of limitations for defamation claims and that he had not shown that the limitations period should be equitably tolled.

DISCUSSION

We review de novo the district court's dismissal of an action under an Anti-SLAPP statute. *See Kearney v. Foley & Lardner, LLP*, 590 F.3d 638, 643 (9th Cir. 2009). We also review de novo the district court's interpretation and application of statutes of limitations. *United States v. Piette*, 45 F.4th 1142, 1159 (10th Cir. 2022).

Gray Media argues that Hoid's appellate arguments do not provide a basis to overturn the district court's judgment. We agree.

"The first task of an appellant is to explain to us why the district court's decision was wrong." *Nixon v. City & Cnty. of Denver*, 784 F.3d 1364, 1366 (10th Cir. 2015). In his 83-page brief Hoid makes only a few, scattered references to

that there is a reasonable likelihood that the plaintiff will prevail on the claim.” Colo. Rev. Stat. § 13-20-1101(3)(a).

the statute of limitations. The closest he comes to an argument on that issue is in his unsupported, conclusory statements that his claims are exempt from any limitations period. He also contends, without elaboration, that the district court’s “fraudulent concealment and refusals of subpoenas did make it impossible to file sooner” and that he “was hand writing [sic] claims while incapacitated and under maximum security prison scrutiny.” Aplt. Opening Br. at 49. These isolated, undeveloped statements do not adequately raise an appellate issue for our review. Any challenge to the dismissal based on the statute of limitations is therefore waived. *See Sawyers v. Norton*, 962 F.3d 1270, 1286 (10th Cir. 2020) (“Issues not raised in the opening brief are deemed abandoned or waived . . . [as are] arguments that are inadequately presented” (internal quotation marks omitted)).⁴

⁴ Hoid also states that he “proposed an amended complaint to include all the participants and offenses,” which “the District Court would not allow, which is an obstruction of justice.” Aplt. Opening Br. at 76. Hoid did make two unsuccessful attempts to amend his complaint. First, he filed a motion for leave to amend on September 19, 2024. The magistrate judge recommended denying this motion as moot because any attempt to amend would be futile. Second, the district court rejected Hoid’s renewed attempt to obtain leave to amend in a responsive pleading he filed. The district court reasoned that he had not filed a separate motion and had failed to submit an amended pleading for its review. Hoid has failed to explain why the district court erred in these rulings and has therefore waived any challenge to the denials of leave to amend. *See Sawyers*, 962 F.3d at 1286.

Although Hoid raises many other contentions in his opening brief, he has not shown that they warrant reversal of the district court's dismissal of his complaint as untimely.

And even if we were to reach the merits, we would affirm the district court's decision. Defamation claims are subject to a one-year statute of limitations under

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Colorado law. *See* Colo. Rev. Stat. § 13-80-103(1)(a).⁵ Gray Media posted its article about Hoid on November 18, 2020, thus beginning the running of the statute. He did not bring his claims until February 29, 2024, long after the statute of limitations had expired.

The district court further held that Hoid failed to demonstrate that he was entitled to equitable tolling of the statute of limitations. We review a district court's denial of equitable tolling for an abuse of discretion. *Braxton v. Zavaras*, 614 F.3d 1156, 1159 (10th Cir. 2010). The district court determined that Hoid failed to show that either his incarceration or his alleged incapacity from improperly treated diabetes warranted equitable tolling of the relevant limitations period. In particular, the court cited Hoid's failure to explain precisely when he became incapacitated after he was arrested on November 27, 2020, which was after the statutory

limitations period had already begun running. We discern no abuse of discretion in the district court's denial of equitable tolling under the circumstances.⁶

⁵ Although only one of Hoid's three claims was expressly identified as a defamation claim, Gray Media persuasively argued that all three claims were time-barred, even if we applied to the other two claims Colorado's two-year statute of limitations for tort claims in general. *See* Colo. Rev. Stat. § 13-80-102(1)(a). We agree and may affirm on this alternative basis. *See Schell v. Chief Justice & Justices of Okla. Supreme Ct.*, 11 F.4th 1178, 1186 (10th Cir. 2021) (We may affirm a dismissal "on any ground supported by the record, so long as the plaintiff has had an opportunity to address the alternative ground." (brackets and internal quotation marks omitted)).

⁶ The record reflects that Hoid managed to file other actions against media defendants based on similar articles in 2023, nearly a year *before* he filed this case in

February 2024. He also claimed that he had filed complaints in other cases in February 2020 and March 2023, claims in federal courts in 2022 and 2023, and

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CONCLUSION

We affirm the district court's dismissal. We grant Hoid's motion to proceed on appeal without prepayment of costs or fees.

Entered for the Court

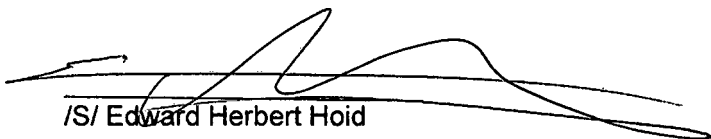
Harris L Hartz
Circuit Judge

unspecified "claims" with either an agency or the courts in 2021, "while incapacitated," R. at 608. In light of this litigation activity during these crucial years after his alleged injury in this case, he fails to show that the district court erred in denying equitable tolling based on his incarceration and/or alleged incapacity.

Respectfully Submitted this 22nd Day August, 2026

/S/Edward Hoid

22-AUG-2026

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Edward Hoid', is written over a horizontal line.

/S/ Edward Herbert Hoid

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**Additional material
from this filing is
available in the
Clerk's Office.**