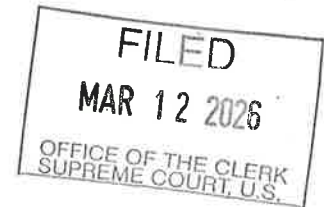


ORIGINAL

Charlie Bullock # 1071668
Green Rock Correctional Center
Post Office Box 1000
Chatham, Virginia 24531



Charlie Bullock # 1071668,
Petitioner

V.

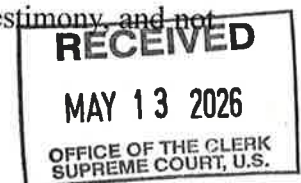
No. 25-6445

Commonwealth of Virginia,
Respondent

MOTION FOR REHEARING

COMES NOW, Petitioner Charlie Bell Bullock, pro se, and moves this Honorable Court and ask that Pursuant to United States Supreme Court Rule 44, that it will grant him a rehearing in reference to the above listed case as his 14th Amendments Rights to Due Process were violated, and that new precedents has been set.

In his Writ of Certiorari to your court, and throughout every other filing related to his case, petitioner has maintained that the Commonwealth's Attorney engaged in misconduct. Specifically, Petitioner alleges that the Commonwealth refused to call the Victim, Listed as A.S. only (A minor), to testify although he was present. The Commonwealth allowed the Victim's sister, Brittney Carmon to falsely testify thereby assisting her by eliciting the testimony, and not



correcting it, although he had an obligation to do so which violated Petitioner's 14th Amendment Right to Due Process. *Napue v. Illinois*, 360 U.S. 264.

Since Petitioner's trial, and all the proceedings and filings thereafter, there has been a significant ruling of your Court in regards to Stare Decisis, the 14th Amendment, and on February 25, 2025, in the decision of *Glossip v Oklahoma*:

HN4 In *Napue v. Illinois*, this Court held that a conviction knowingly "obtained through use of false evidence" violates the Fourteenth Amendment's Due Process Clause. 360 U. S., at 269, 79 S. Ct. 1173, 3 L. Ed. 2d 1217. To establish a *Napue* violation, a defendant must show that the prosecution knowingly solicited false testimony or knowingly allowed it "to go uncorrected when it appear[ed]." *Ibid*. If the defendant makes that showing, a new trial is warranted so long as the false testimony "may have had an effect on the outcome of the trial," *id.*, at 272, 79 S. Ct. 1173, 3 L. Ed. 2d 1217—that is, if it "'in any reasonable likelihood [could] have affected [**627] the judgment of the jury,'" *Giglio v. United States*, 405 U. S. 150, 154, 92 S. Ct. 763, 31 L. Ed. 2d 104 (1972) (quoting *Napue*, 360 U. S., at 271, 79 S. Ct. 1173, 3 L. Ed. 2d 1217). In effect, this materiality standard requires "'the beneficiary of [the] constitutional error to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the error complained of did not contribute to the verdict obtained.'" *United States v. Bagley*, 473 U. S. 667, 680, n. 9, 105 S. Ct. 3375, 87 L. Ed. 2d 481 (1985) (quoting *Chapman v. California*, 386 U. S. 18, 24, 87 S. Ct. 824, 17 L. Ed. 2d 705 (1967)).

Petitioner avers that in the instant petition, the case of *Glossip v. Oklahoma*, 604 U.S. 226, is not materially indistinguishable from his case and that it appears to apply retroactively.

CONCLUSION

This Petition for rehearing is being filed in good faith and, the Petitioner prays that after a careful review of its content, that this honorable court will grant him a hearing.

Respectfully Submitted,

Chache Bullock . 5-3-26

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I have, this 3rd day of MAY, 2020, mailed a true
copy of the foregoing Motion for Rehearing
postage prepaid, to counsel for the defendants at the addresses shown below.

Attorney General
202 N. 9th Street
Richmond, VA 23219

Clerk of Court
United States Supreme Court
One 1st Street N.E.
Washington, DC 20543

Plaintiff

**SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICE OF THE CLERK
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001**

April 21, 2026

Charlie Bullock
#1071668
Central Mail Distribution Center
3521 Woods Way
State Farm, VA 23160

COPY

RE: Bullock v. Virginia
Petition for Rehearing
No: 25-6445

Dear Mr. Bullock:

The petition for rehearing in the above-entitled case was postmarked March 12, 2026 and received March 19, 2026 and is herewith returned for failure to comply with Rule 44 of the Rules of this Court. The petition must briefly and distinctly state its grounds and must be accompanied by a certificate stating that the grounds are limited to intervening circumstances of substantial or controlling effect or to other substantial grounds not previously presented.

You must also certify that the petition for rehearing is presented in good faith and not for delay.

Please be advised the cover of the petition for rehearing must include the petitioner's full first and last name, address and phone number (if applicable). Rule 34.1(f).

Please correct and resubmit as soon as possible. Unless the petition is submitted to this Office in corrected form within 15 days of the date of this letter, the petition will not be filed. Rule 44.6.

Sincerely,
Scott S. Harris, Clerk
By:

Susan Frimpong
(202) 479-3039

COPY

Enclosures