

NO. _____

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Maurice Farris,

Petitioner,

v.

United States of America,

Respondent.

On Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the
United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit

**APPENDIX
TO
PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

District of Colorado

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

MAURICE FARRIS

JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE

Case Number: 22-cr-00149-RM-1

USM Number: 02959-510

Stephanie Maureen Snyder

Defendant's Attorney

THE DEFENDANT:

☒ pleaded guilty to count(s) 1 of the Indictment.☐ pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) _____
which was accepted by the court.☐ was found guilty on count(s) _____
after a plea of not guilty.

The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses:

<u>Title & Section</u>	<u>Nature of Offense</u>	<u>Offense Ended</u>	<u>Count</u>
18 U.S.C. § 922(g)	Possession of a Firearm and Ammunition by a Prohibited Person	04/19/2022	1

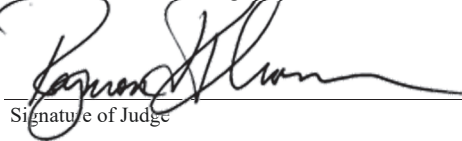
The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 7 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.

☐ The defendant has been found not guilty on count(s) _____☐ Count(s) _____ ☐ is ☐ are dismissed on the motion of the United States.

It is ordered that the defendant must notify the United States attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of material changes in economic circumstances.

November 18, 2022

Date of Imposition of Judgment



Signature of Judge

Raymond P. Moore, United States District Judge

Name and Title of Judge

November 21, 2022

Date

DEFENDANT: MAURICE FARRIS
CASE NUMBER: 22-cr-00149-RM-1

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of: **Thirty-seven (37) months.**

☒ The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons:
The Court recommends to the director of the Bureau of Prisons that the defendant be designated to a facility in Oklahoma or Arizona, where he can receive mental health treatment.

☒ The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.

☐ The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:

☐ at _____ ☐ a.m. ☐ p.m. on _____.

☐ as notified by the United States Marshal.

☐ The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:

☐ before 2 p.m. on _____.

☐ as notified by the United States Marshal.

☐ as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.

RETURN

I have executed this judgment as follows:

Defendant delivered on _____ to _____

at _____, with a certified copy of this judgment.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL

By _____

DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

DEFENDANT: MAURICE FARRIS
CASE NUMBER: 22-cr-00149-RM-1

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, you will be on supervised release for a term of: **Three (3) years.**

MANDATORY CONDITIONS

1. You must not commit another federal, state or local crime.
2. You must not unlawfully possess a controlled substance.
3. You must refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. You must submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and a maximum of 20 tests per year of supervision thereafter.
 - ☐ The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that you pose a low risk of future substance abuse. *(check if applicable)*
4. ☐ You must make restitution in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3663A or any other statute authorizing a sentence of restitution. *(check if applicable)*
5. ☒ You must cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. *(check if applicable)*
6. ☐ You must comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. § 20901, *et seq.*) as directed by the probation officer, the Bureau of Prisons, or any state sex offender registration agency in the location where you reside, work, are a student, or were convicted of a qualifying offense. *(check if applicable)*
7. ☐ You must participate in an approved program for domestic violence. *(check if applicable)*

You must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any other conditions on the attached page.

DEFENDANT: MAURICE FARRIS
CASE NUMBER: 22-cr-00149-RM-1

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

As part of your supervised release, you must comply with the following standard conditions of supervision. These conditions are imposed because they establish the basic expectations for your behavior while on supervision and identify the minimum tools needed by probation officers to keep informed, report to the court about, and bring about improvements in your conduct and condition.

1. You must report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside within 72 hours of your release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs you to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame.
2. After initially reporting to the probation office, you will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when you must report to the probation officer, and you must report to the probation officer as instructed.
3. You must not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer.
4. You must answer truthfully the questions asked by your probation officer.
5. You must live at a place approved by the probation officer. If you plan to change where you live or anything about your living arrangements (such as the people you live with), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
6. You must allow the probation officer to visit you at any time at your home or elsewhere, and you must permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of your supervision that he or she observes in plain view.
7. You must work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you do not have full-time employment you must try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you plan to change where you work or anything about your work (such as your position or your job responsibilities), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
8. You must not communicate or interact with someone you know is engaged in criminal activity. If you know someone has been convicted of a felony, you must not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer.
9. If you are arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours.
10. You must not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person such as nunchakus or tasers).
11. You must not act or make any agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court.
12. If the probation officer determines that you pose a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may, after obtaining Court approval, notify the person about the risk or require you to notify the person about the risk and you must comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that you have notified the person about the risk.
13. You must follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

U.S. Probation Office Use Only

A U.S. probation officer has instructed me on the conditions specified by the court and has provided me with a written copy of this judgment containing these conditions. For further information regarding these conditions, see *Overview of Probation and Supervised Release Conditions*, available at: www.uscourts.gov.

Defendant's Signature _____

Date _____

DEFENDANT: MAURICE FARRIS
CASE NUMBER: 22-cr-00149-RM-1

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

1. You must participate in a program of testing and/or treatment for substance abuse approved by the probation officer and follow the rules and regulations of such program. The probation officer, in consultation with the treatment provider, will supervise your participation in the program as to modality, duration, and intensity. You must abstain from the use of alcohol or other intoxicants during the course of treatment. You must not attempt to obstruct, tamper with or circumvent the testing methods. You must pay for the cost of testing and/or treatment based on your ability to pay.
2. You must participate in a program of mental health treatment approved by the probation officer and follow the rules and regulations of such program. The probation officer, in consultation with the treatment provider, will supervise your participation in the program as to modality, duration, and intensity. You must pay for the cost of treatment based on your ability to pay.
3. You must participate in a program of cognitive behavioral treatment (CBT) approved by the probation officer and follow the rules and regulations of such program. The probation officer, in consultation with the treatment provider, will supervise your participation in the program as to modality, duration, and intensity. You must pay for the cost of treatment based on your ability to pay.
4. You must not knowingly associate with or have contact with any individuals you know to be or have reason to believe are gang members and must not participate in gang activity, to include displaying gang paraphernalia, excluding the defendant's natural born children and the biological mothers of those children.
5. You must submit your person, property, house, residence, papers, or office, to a search conducted by a United States probation officer. Failure to submit to search may be grounds for revocation of release. You must warn any other occupants that the premises may be subject to searches pursuant to this condition. An officer may conduct a search pursuant to this condition only when reasonable suspicion exists that you have violated a condition of your supervision and that the areas to be searched contain evidence of this violation. Any search must be conducted at a reasonable time and in a reasonable manner.

DEFENDANT: MAURICE FARRIS
CASE NUMBER: 22-cr-00149-RM-1

CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES

The defendant must pay the total criminal monetary penalties under the schedule of payments on the following page.

	<u>Assessment</u>	<u>Restitution</u>	<u>Fine</u>	<u>AVAA Assessment*</u>	<u>JVTA Assessment**</u>
TOTALS	\$ 100.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

☐ The determination of restitution is deferred until _____. An *Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case (AO 245C)* will be entered after such determination.

☐ The defendant must make restitution (including community restitution) to the following payees in the amount listed below.

If the defendant makes a partial payment, each payee shall receive an approximately proportioned payment, unless specified otherwise in the priority order or percentage payment column below. However, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i), all nonfederal victims must be paid before the United States is paid.

<u>Name of Payee</u>	<u>Total Loss***</u>	<u>Restitution Ordered</u>	<u>Priority or Percentage</u>
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TOTALS	\$ _____	\$ _____
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☐ Restitution amount ordered pursuant to plea agreement \$ _____

☐ The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on the following page may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g).

☐ The court determined that the defendant does not have the ability to pay interest and it is ordered that:

☐ the interest requirement is waived for the ☐ fine ☐ restitution.

☐ the interest requirement for the ☐ fine ☐ restitution is modified as follows:

* Amy, Vicky, and Andy Child Pornography Victim Assistance Act of 2018, Publ. L. No. 115-299.

** Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, Pub. L. No. 114-22.

*** Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

DEFENDANT: MAURICE FARRIS
CASE NUMBER: 22-cr-00149-RM-1

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

Having assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties is due as follows:

- A ☐ Lump sum payment of \$ _____ due immediately, balance due
- ☐ not later than _____, or
- ☐ in accordance with ☐ C, ☐ D, ☐ E, or ☐ F below; or
- B ☒ Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with ☐ C, ☐ D, or ☐ F below); or
- C ☐ Payment in equal _____ (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ _____ over a period of _____ (e.g., months or years), to commence _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or
- D ☐ Payment in equal _____ (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ _____ over a period of _____ (e.g., months or years), to commence _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or
- E ☐ Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or
- F ☐ Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:

Unless the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during the period of imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.

The defendant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.

☐ Joint and Several

Case Number

Defendant and Co-Defendant Names
(including defendant number)

Total Amount

Joint and Several Amount

Corresponding Payee, if
appropriate

- ☐ The defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.
- ☐ The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):
- ☐ The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:

Payments shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) AVAA assessment, (5) fine principal, (6) fine interest, (7) community restitution, (8) JVT A assessment, (9) penalties, and (10) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.

FILED

United States Court of Appeals
Tenth Circuit

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE TENTH CIRCUIT

January 16, 2024

Christopher M. Wolpert
Clerk of Court

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff - Appellee,

v.

MAURICE FARRIS,

Defendant - Appellant.

No. 22-1412
(D.C. No. 1:22-CR-00149-RM-1)
(D. Colo.)

ORDER AND JUDGMENT*

Before **MATHESON, BRISCOE, and EID**, Circuit Judges.

Defendant Maurice Farris entered a conditional guilty plea to being a felon in possession of a firearm, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1), and was sentenced to a term of imprisonment of thirty-seven months, to be followed by a three-year term of supervised release. Farris now appeals, arguing that the district court should have dismissed the indictment on the grounds that § 922(g)(1) is unconstitutional under the Second Amendment. After Farris filed his appeal, however, this court rejected the

* After examining the briefs and appellate record, this panel has determined unanimously that oral argument would not materially assist in the determination of this appeal. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2); 10th Cir. R. 34.1(G). The case is therefore ordered submitted without oral argument. This order and judgment is not binding precedent, except under the doctrines of law of the case, res judicata, and collateral estoppel. It may be cited, however, for its persuasive value consistent with Fed. R. App. P. 32.1 and 10th Cir. R. 32.1.

precise argument that Farris now asserts in his appeal. Consequently, exercising jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1291, we affirm the judgment of the district court.

I

On May 4, 2022, a federal grand jury indicted Farris on a single count of being a felon in possession of a firearm, in violation of § 922(g)(1). The indictment alleged that on April 19, 2022, Farris, who had previously been convicted of a felony, knowingly possessed a firearm and ammunition.

Farris moved to dismiss the indictment, arguing that the Supreme Court’s decision in *New York State Rifle & Pistol Association, Inc. v. Bruen*, 142 S. Ct. 2111 (2022), “marked a dramatic shift in Second Amendment law” and effectively overruled Tenth Circuit precedent upholding the constitutionality of § 922(g)(1)’s ban on the possession of firearms by convicted felons. ROA, Vol. I at 32; *see United States v. McCane*, 573 F.3d 1037, 1047 (10th Cir. 2009) (rejecting Second Amendment and Commerce Clause challenges to § 922(g)(1)). After hearing arguments on Farris’s motion to dismiss, the district court denied the motion.

Farris then entered into a written plea agreement with the government. Under the terms of the agreement, Farris agreed to plead guilty to the single charge alleged in the indictment. Farris also “agree[d] to waive appellate review of any and all motions filed by him in this matter, except those raised in his Motion to Dismiss the Indictment under the Second Amendment and the Court’s . . . oral denial of the Motion.” ROA, Vol. I at 62.

On November 18, 2022, the district court sentenced Farris to a term of imprisonment of thirty-seven months, to be followed by a three-year term of supervised release. Judgment was entered in the case that same day. Farris thereafter filed a timely notice of appeal.

II

Farris argues in his appeal, as he did in his motion to dismiss, that § 922(g)(1) is unconstitutional under the Second Amendment. Farris concedes, however, that after he filed his appeal, a panel of this court addressed and rejected the very same arguments that he asserts in his appeal. Specifically, in *Vincent v. Garland*, 80 F.4th 1197, 1202 (10th Cir. 2023), *cert. docketed*, No. 23-683 (U.S. Dec. 26, 2023), a panel of this court “conclude[d] that *Bruen* did not indisputably and pellucidly abrogate our precedential opinion in *McCane*.” In reaching this conclusion, the panel in *Vincent* noted in relevant part that “[t]hough *Bruen* created a new test for determining the scope of the Second Amendment, the [Supreme] Court didn’t appear to question the constitutionality of longstanding prohibitions on possession of firearms by convicted felons” and that, in fact, “*Bruen* contain[ed] two potential signs of support for these prohibitions.” *Id.* at 1201.

In a joint supplement filed with this court, Farris “agrees that his constitutional challenge to § 922(g)(1) before this Court is foreclosed by *McCane* and *Vincent* and [he] does not oppose a summary affirmance for that reason.” Joint Supp. at 2–3. Farris asserts only that “he seeks to preserve the claim for possible en banc reconsideration or Supreme Court review.” *Id.* at 3. In light of Farris’s concession,

we agree that a summary affirmance is appropriate. *See United States v. Borne*, No. 23-8008, 2023 WL 6383732 at *1 (10th Cir. Oct. 2, 2023) (summarily affirming district court's decision upholding the constitutionality of § 922(g)(1) in light of *Vincent*).

III

The judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED.

Entered for the Court

Mary Beck Briscoe
Circuit Judge

Supreme Court of the United States

No. 23-7501

MAURICE FARRIS,

Petitioner

v.

UNITED STATES

ON PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI to the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit.

THIS CAUSE having been submitted on the petition for writ of certiorari and the response thereto.

ON CONSIDERATION WHEREOF, it is ordered and adjudged by this Court that the motion for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* and the petition for writ of certiorari are granted. The judgment of the above court is vacated, and the case is remanded to the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit for further consideration in light of *United States v. Rahimi*, 602 U. S. ____ (2024).

October 7, 2024



FILED
United States Court of Appeals
Tenth Circuit

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE TENTH CIRCUIT

November 8, 2024

Christopher M. Wolpert
Clerk of Court

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff - Appellee,

v.

MAURICE FARRIS,

Defendant - Appellant.

No. 22-1412
(D.C. No. 1:22-CR-00149-RM-1)
(D. Colo.)

ORDER

Before **MATHESON** and **EID**, Circuit Judges.*

The Supreme Court of the United States entered a judgment on November 8, 2024 reversing the judgment of this court and remanding the cause for further proceedings.

Upon further consideration, the mandate issued to the United States District Court for the District of Colorado on February 7, 2024 is RECALLED effective immediately, and the judgment of this court filed January 16, 2024 is VACATED.

* The Honorable Mary Beck Briscoe, United States Senior Circuit Judge, took inactive senior status after the decision was issued in this appeal, and before this matter was remanded by the Supreme Court. The practice of this court permits the remaining two panel judges, if in agreement, to act as a quorum. *United States v. Wiles*, 106 F.3d 1516, 1516 n. * (10th Cir.1997); *see also* 28 U.S.C. § 46(d) (noting circuit court may adopt procedures permitting disposition of an appeal where remaining quorum of panel agrees with the disposition). The remaining panel members have acted as a quorum with respect to this order.

This matter is ABATED pending this court's decision in *Vincent v. Garland*, 21-4121. Within 30 days of the date of this order, and every 30 days thereafter, Appellant shall file a status report regarding the status of *Vincent*. Within ten days of this court's issuance of (1) a decision in *Vincent*, or (2) another decision that controls the outcome of this appeal, the parties shall file a status report to advise the court of their position(s) regarding further proceedings in this matter.

Entered for the Court,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Christopher M. Wolpert', with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

CHRISTOPHER M. WOLPERT, Clerk

2025 WL 1078234

Only the Westlaw citation is currently available.

United States Court of Appeals, Tenth Circuit.

UNITED STATES of America, Plaintiff - Appellee,

v.

Maurice FARRIS, Defendant - Appellant.

No. 22-1412

I

FILED April 10, 2025

(D.C. No. 1:22-CR-00149-RM-1) (D. Colorado)

Attorneys and Law Firms

Elizabeth Ford Milani, Office of the United States Attorney,
Denver, CO, for Plaintiff - Appellee.

Leah Deborah Yaffe, Office of the Federal Public Defender,
Denver, CO, for Defendant - Appellant.

Before MATHESON and EID, Circuit Judges. * , 1

ORDER AND JUDGMENT**

Per Curiam

*1 On May 4, 2022, a federal grand jury indicted Defendant Maurice Farris on a single count of being a felon in possession of a firearm, in violation of § 922(g)(1). Farris moved to dismiss the indictment, arguing that the Supreme Court's decision in *New York State Rifle & Pistol Association, Inc. v. Bruen*, 142 S. Ct. 2111 (2022), “marked a dramatic shift in Second Amendment law” and effectively overruled *United States v. McCane*, 573 F.3d 1037 (10th Cir. 2009), in which we held that § 922(g)(1) does not violate the Second Amendment.

After the district court denied Farris's motion to dismiss, Farris pleaded guilty to the single charge alleged in the

indictment. On November 18, 2022, the district court sentenced Farris to a term of imprisonment of thirty-seven months, to be followed by a three-year term of supervised release. The district court entered judgment that same day. Farris thereafter filed a timely notice of appeal.

On appeal, Farris continued to argue that *Bruen* rendered § 922(g)(1) unconstitutional. However, after Farris filed his appeal a panel of this court addressed and rejected the very same argument. *See Vincent v. Garland*, 80 F.4th 1197, 1202 (10th Cir. 2023) (concluding that *Bruen* did not abrogate *McCane*, which rejected Second Amendment and Commerce Clause challenges to § 922(g)(1)). As a result, Farris agreed that his constitutional challenge to § 922(g)(1) was foreclosed by *Vincent* and *McCane*, and he acquiesced to summary affirmance of the district court's judgment. Exercising jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1291, we affirmed the judgment of the district court. *United States v. Farris*, 2024 WL 159939, at *2 (10th Cir. Jan. 16, 2024).

On July 2, 2024, the Supreme Court vacated our judgment in *Vincent* and remanded for further consideration in light of *United States v. Rahimi*, 602 U.S. 680 (2024). *See Vincent v. Garland*, 144 S. Ct. 2708 (2024) (mem.). On October 7, 2024, the Supreme Court likewise vacated our judgment in this case and remanded for further consideration in light of *Rahimi. Farris v. United States*, 145 S. Ct. 122 (2024) (mem.). On remand in *Vincent*, we concluded that *McCane* remains binding after *Rahimi*, and we readopted our prior opinion. *Vincent v. Bondi*, 127 F.4th 1263, 1266 (10th Cir. 2025) (“*Vincent II*”).

Given *Vincent II*'s holding that *McCane* remains binding, Farris's constitutional challenge to § 922(g)(1) continues to be foreclosed by our precedent. Accordingly, the judgment of the district court is **AFFIRMED**.

All Citations

Not Reported in Fed. Rptr., 2025 WL 1078234

Footnotes

- * After examining the briefs and appellate record, this panel has determined unanimously that oral argument would not materially assist in the determination of this appeal. See Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2); 10th Cir. R. 34.1(G). The case is therefore ordered submitted without oral argument.
- 1 The Honorable Mary Beck Briscoe participated in this appeal but not in this Order and Judgment. The practice of this court permits the remaining two panel judges, if in agreement, to act as a quorum in resolving the appeal. See *United States v. Holcomb*, 853 F.3d 1098, 1099 n.** (10th Cir. 2017) (first citing 28 U.S.C. § 46(d) (2012); then citing *United States v. Wiles*, 106 F.3d 1516, 1516, at n* (10th Cir. 1997)).
- ** This order and judgment is not binding precedent, except under the doctrines of law of the case, res judicata, and collateral estoppel. It may be cited, however, for its persuasive value consistent with Fed. R. App. P. 32.1 and 10th Cir. R. 32.1.

**Supreme Court of the United States
Office of the Clerk
Washington, DC 20543-0001**

Scott S. Harris
Clerk of the Court
(202) 479-3011

July 1, 2025

Ms. Leah D. Yaffe
Office of the Federal Public Defender
633 17th Street, Suite 1000
Denver, CO 80202

Re: Maurice Farris
v. United States
Application No. 25A2

Dear Ms. Yaffe:

The application for an extension of time within which to file a petition for a writ of certiorari in the above-entitled case has been presented to Justice Gorsuch, who on July 1, 2025, extended the time to and including August 8, 2025.

This letter has been sent to those designated on the attached notification list.

Sincerely,

Scott S. Harris, Clerk

by

Angela Jimenez
Case Analyst

**Supreme Court of the United States
Office of the Clerk
Washington, DC 20543-0001**

Scott S. Harris
Clerk of the Court
(202) 479-3011

NOTIFICATION LIST

Ms. Leah D. Yaffe
Office of the Federal Public Defender
633 17th Street, Suite 1000
Denver, CO 80202

Mr. D. John Sauer
Solicitor General
United States Department of Justice
950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20530-0001

Clerk
United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit
Byron White Courthouse
1823 Stout Street
Denver, CO 80257