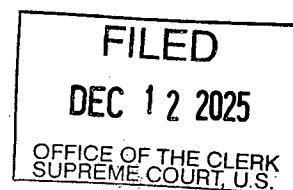


ORIGINAL

25-1393

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In The  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED  
STATES  
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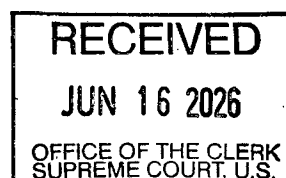


IN RE: PALANI KARUPAIYAN, Petitioner

-----  
On Petition for  
**Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition** to  
United States Court of Appeals  
for the Third Circuit (Dkt 25-2981)  
-----

PETITION FOR WRIT OF  
MANDAMUS OR PROHIBITION

Palani Karupaiyan.  
Pro se, Petitioner,  
6620 Yocum Street,  
Philadelphia, PA 19142.  
212-470-2048(M)



## I. QUESTIONS PRESENTED

Petitioner prayed below 17 reliefs which were as Writs of Mandamus or Prohibition.

1) Should this Court grant a Writ against United States that make amendment to the Constitution that Parental rights are Constitutional rights?

2) Should this Court grant an Order that (i) US Govt/President should not appoint the US Supreme Court Justices and Chief Justice

(ii) Thru Collegium process 51 USCA Judges should be appointed to US Supreme Court for 5 years, and they should retire at 70 whichever comes 1st.

(iii) Most experienced USSC's Associated Justice should be promoted to Chief Justice when Chief Justice retire or vacant

(iv) Invalidate the Judge Brown appointment to US Supreme Court?

3) Should this Court grant an Order that USCA Judges and NJ's Apex Court Judges should be appointed by US govt thru US Supreme Court's Collegium process by inviting nationwide applicants?

4) Should this Court grant an Order that (i) Circuit level collegium should select the US Dist Court Judges/ Bankruptcy Judges, Magistrate Judges by inviting nationwide application and US Govt should appoint the US Dist Judges/ Bankruptcy Judges and (ii) Circuit level collegium should select the [NJ] States trial Judges, Tax Court Judges (including Municipal Judges) and [NJ] state govt should appoint these trial Judges?

5) Should this Court grant an Order to Union of India that US citizen kids should not be hold in India, and US citizen Kids need to return to US for their education, vacations, and holidays, parental rights and properly kids Ancestral inheritance property(s)/wealth need to transfer to the kids in USA?

6) Should this Court grant the Petitioner's prayer that this Court should strike down New Jersey (NJ)'s Constitution and NJ Supreme Court?

7) Should this Court grant an Order that (i) Moving New Jersey Municipal Judges into New Jersey Judiciary payroll and (ii) NJ's Municipal Mayor should not appoint any Municipal Judges and NJ Govt should not Appoint any NJ's Judges including Municipal Judges (iii) Deposit traffic violations fine in New Jersey treasury. (iv) Remove the Petitioner's traffic ticket to US District Court, (v) By party's request Jury should be available in any trial Court including traffic ticket hearing/ municipal hearing?

8) Should this Court grant an Order that NJ and it's local Govt should not tow/taken away the home-less's or less fortunate, marginalized people's property(s)?

9) Should this Court grant an Order that Strike down N.J.S.A. 39:6B-2 : NO LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE ON MOTOR VEHICLE?

10) Should this Court grant an Order to NJ that NJ should standardized the NJ's Municipal Mayors and councilmen 's salary?

11) Should this Court grant an Order that United States should enact United States Universal family Law?

12) Should this Court grant an Order to United States to Abolish the Electoral College process of selecting President of the United States. The President and Vice-President of United States should be elected by House of Representatives?

13) Should this Court grant an Order to United States for the changes in Article II of US Constitution, states with word "He" to "He/She"?

14) Should this Court grant an Order to United States for the changes in "Twenty-Second Amendment's Section 1 of US Constitution, states that US President can be elected only twice" to unlimited times US President/States' Governor should be elected/re-elected?

15) Should this Court grant an Order the each appeared defendant to pay \$15 million for the Petitioner's effort, pain and suffering, expenses, litigation cost or pain and suffering by litigation?

16) Should this Court grant an Order that Elected official of United States (President, vice president, senators, House representatives) and their immediate family members should not buy or owe stocks/shares in Federal Contractors (including defense contractors)?

17) Should this Court grant an Order the respondent Woodbridge Township should pay 295/day for TAKEN AWAY Porsche cayenne to the plaintiff?

## II. PARTIES TO THE PROCEEDING

### **Petitioner(s):**

1. PALANI KARUPAIYAN; Plaintiff at Dist Court and Petitioner at USCA3.
2. P. P- Palani Karupaiyan's minor-son;
3. R. P- Palani Karupaiyan's minor-daughter.

*P.P and R.P were unable to find Attorney at USCA3. Now No Attorney at US Sup. Court and not signing the petition, no appearing in this Court.*

**Only Karupaiyan signed this petition**

### **Respondent(s)**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA;  
STATE OF NEW JERSEY;  
TOWNSHIP OF WOODBRIDGE;  
UNION OF INDIA;  
OFFICER GANDHI (5038);  
WOODBIDGE POLICE DEPARTMENT;  
KULLAR CONSTRUCTION;  
JOE KULLAR;  
AMZA SYED

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and STATE OF NEW JERSEY appeared in the Dist. Court.**

On Nov 12 2025 with delay, United States lettered to USCA that United States do not plan to enter an appearance or participate in this Mandamus Petition. State of New Jersey did not appear or lettered to USCA3.

TOWNSHIP OF WOODBRIDGE, UNION OF INDIA, OFFICER GANDHI, (5038), WOODBRIDGE POLICE DEPARTMENT; KULLAR CONSTRUCTION, JOE KULLAR, and AMZA SYED did not appear at Dist. Court.

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## V. PETITION FOR WRITS OF MANDAMUS, PROHIBITION.

Petitioner respectfully prays that **Writs of Mandamus or Prohibition** to the opinion/judgment/ order of USCA3's Dkt 25-2981, below.

## VI. OPINION(S)/ORDERS/JUDGMENT(S) BELOW

United Courts of Appeal 3<sup>rd</sup> Circuit entered the OPINION (App-A, Page-1) and ORDER (App-B, Page-3) on Dec 8, 2025.

Before: BIBAS, PHIPPS, and NYGAARD, Cir. Judges  
Docket# 25-2981

## VII. JURISDICTION

On Dec 8, 2025, United Courts of Appeal 3<sup>rd</sup> Circuit dismissed Mandamus Petition by OPINION (App-A, Page-1).

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under All Writs Act/ 28 U. S. C. § 1651.

## VIII. CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

Article II of US Constitution,  
Article III of US Constitution,  
14<sup>th</sup> Amendment of US Constitution,  
Parental rights, due process, trial by Jury,  
**Twenty-Second Amendment, Section 1,**  
All Writs Act'/ 28 U. S. C. § 1651.

Comparative Approaches of Supreme Courts of the World's Largest and Oldest Democracies

--By Justice Hon. Stephen Breyer of US Supreme Court, Chief Justice Hon. NV Ramana of Indian Supreme Court, and William M Treanor, Dean of Georgetown University Law Centre Dated: April 11, 2022.

The Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Act, amended 2019 ;

Indian President Murmu's Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Amendment Ordinance, 2026.

#### IX. STATEMENT OF THE CASE

##### a) USCA3 PROCEEDING

On Oct 14, 2025, Petitioner filed Petition for Writs of Mandamus Or Prohibition with USCA3 docket 25-2981.

On Oct 14, 2025, The US Court of Appeal Ordered the United State and State of New Jersey to appear in 14 Days which did not happen.

On Oct 29 2025, USCA ordered the United States and State of New Jersey to file Appearance Form.

On Nov 12 2025 with delay, United States lettered to USCA that United States do not plan to enter an appearance or participate in this Mandamus Petition.

State of New Jersey did not appear or lettered to USCA3.

On Dec 8, 2025 USCA3 entered the Opinion and Order to deny the Mandamus Petition.

#### X. ALL WRITS ACT, 28 USC § 1651(A)

In Pa. Bureau of Corre. v. US Marshals Service, 474 US 34 – S.Ct 1985 @43

*"The All Writs Act is a residual source of authority to issue writs that are not otherwise covered by statute".*

#### XI. USSC'S RULE 20.1 AND RULE 20.3.

In re US, 139 S. Ct. 452 - Supreme Court 2018 @ 453  
S.Ct. Rule 20.1 (Petitioners seeking extraordinary writ must show "that adequate relief cannot be obtained in any other form or from any other Court" (emphasis added));

**S.Ct. Rule 20.3** (mandamus petition must "set out with particularity **why the relief sought is not available** in any other Court"); see also *Ex parte Peru*, 318 U.S. 578, 585, 63 S.Ct. 793, 87 L.Ed. 1014 (1943) (mandamus petition "ordinarily must be made to the intermediate appellate Court").

The above Substitute the Test-1 of 3 tests requirement of grating the writs in US Supreme Court.

Please see below.

## **XII. WHY LOWER COURTS WAS NOT ABLE TO GRANT THE APPELLANT'S WRITS/INJUNCTION(S) RELIEFS**

*For the Mandamus Petition with USCA3 the United States lettered to USCA that United States do not plan to enter an appearance or participate in Mandamus Petition. State of New Jersey did not letter to USCA for their appearance or Participate Mandamus Petition. These Writs of Mandamus or Prohibition are "a question of first impression is raised" to US Supreme Court.*

## **XIII. PETITIONER'S PARENTING RIGHTS**

Petitioner's Parent's Rights were in 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment of US Constitution, *Troxel v. Granville*, 530 U.S. 57 (2000) and *Washington v. Glucksberg*, 521 U.S. 702,720.

## **XIV. PETITIONER PRAY THE DECLARATIVE/ INJUNCTIVE RELIEFS IN THE LOWER COURT(S) BY FOLLOWING.**

*In Bolin v. Story*, 225 F. 3d 1234 – USCA-11 2000 @ 1243

*"In order to receive declaratory or injunctive relief, plaintiffs must establish that there was a violation, that there is a serious risk of continuing irreparable injury if the relief is not granted, and the absence of an adequate*

remedy at law". See Newman v. Alabama, 683 F.2d 1312 (11th Cir.1982).

In Azubuko v. Royal, 443 F. 3d 302 - USCA, 3rd Cir 2006 @ 304

*Injunctive relief shall be granted when a declaratory decree was violated or declaratory relief was unavailable.*" 42 U.S.C. § 1983; Bolin v. Story, 225 F. 3d 1234 - USCA-11 2000(explaining that the amendment applies to both state and federal Judges); see also Mullis v. United States Bankr. Court for the Dist. of Nev., 828 F.2d 1385 (9th Cir.1987); Antoine v. Byers &Anderson, Inc., 508 U.S. 429, 433 n. 5, 113 S.Ct. 2167, 124 L.Ed.2d 391 (1993) (noting that the rules regarding judicial immunity do not distinguish between lawsuits brought against state officials and those brought against federal officials).

In Bontkowski v. Smith, 305 F. 3d 757 - USCA7, 2002@762 "can be interpreted as a request for the imposition of such a trust, a form of equitable relief and thus a cousin to an injunction. Rule 54(c), which provides that a prevailing party may obtain any relief to which he's entitled even if he "has not demanded such relief in [his] pleadings." See Holt Civic Club v. City of Tuscaloosa, 439 U.S. 60, 65-66, 99 S.Ct. 383, 58 L.Ed.2d 292 (1978);

In Boyer v. CLEARFIELD COUNTY INDU. DEVEL. AUTHORITY, Dist. Court, WD Penn 2021

"Thus a prayer for an accounting, like a request for injunctive relief, is not a cause of action or a claim upon which relief can be granted. Rather, it is a request for another form of **equitable relief**, i.e., a "demand for judgment for the relief the pleader seeks" under Rule 8(a)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. D\*\*\*\*As such, it too is not the

*proper subject of a Rule 12(b)(6) motion. D\*\*\*Global Arena, LLC, 2016 WL 7156396, at \*2; see also Bontkowski v. Smith, 305 F.3d 757, 762 (7th Cir. 2002).*

Petitioner prays this Court for any and all benefit of above rulings.

**XV. THREE TEST CONDITIONS FOR GRANT THE WRITS  
(OF MANDAMUS OR PROHIBITION)**

**Test-1:** No other adequate means [exist] to attain the relief [the party] desires (**In re US, 139 S. Ct. 452**)

Or it (injunction) is necessary or appropriate in aid of our jurisdiction (**28 USC § 1651(a)**)

Or "the party seeking issuance of the writ must have no other adequate means to attain the relief [it] desires";

**Test-2:** the party's `right to [relief] issuance of the writ is clear and indisputable (**In re US, 139 S. Ct. 452**)

Or Bankers Life & Casualty Co. v. Holland, 346 US 379 – Sup.Ct 1953

*clear abuse of discretion or "usurpation of judicial power" of the sort held to justify the writ in De Beers Consolidated Mines v. United States, 325 US 212, 217(1945)*

Or Hobby Lobby Stores, Inc. v. Sebelius, 568 US 1401 – Sup. Ct 2012

*whatever the ultimate merits of the applicants' claims, their entitlement to relief is not "indisputably clear"*

Or the Petitioner must demonstrate that the "right to issuance of the writ is clear and indisputable." Cheney, 542 U.S. at 380-81, 124 S.Ct. 2576



Or *Cheney v. United States Dist. Court for DC,*  
*542 US 367-Sup.Ct 2004*

*Defendant owes him a clear nondiscretionary duty*

**Test-3:** a question of first **impression** is raised.

Or

*"the issuing Court, must be satisfied that the writ is appropriate under the circumstances (In re US, 139 S. Ct. 452 )*

Or

*that the permanent injunction being sought would not hurt public interest (eBay Inc v. Mercexchange llc, 547.US.388,S.Ct 2006)*

i.e When there is need of public interest or nation interest, permanent injunction prayer should be granted.

In the USSC, test-1 is not required to grant the Writs.

#### **XVI. OLDEST WRITTEN DEMOCRACY/ CONSTITUTION**

1100 years ago written Elected

 Democracy/ Constriction in stone inscription  
 Uththiramerur, Tamil Nadu, India. This  
 place is 20 Km away from my old office.

Reported by BBC Tamil service.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ndRyWvbspYY>



In English

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TFDNR92kolU>

## XVII. COLLEGIUM<sup>1</sup> SYSTEM OF RECOMMENDING THE JUDGES/JUSTICE APPOINTMENT.

- a) Collegium process is used selecting the Indian Supreme Court Justices and States' High<sup>2</sup>[Apex] Court Judges and Govt of India appoint these Justice/Judges.

This collegium has Chief Justice of India, with four Justices of Supreme Court as members.

Selecting parameters<sup>3</sup> are 1) Seniority 2) Merit 3) Integrality 4) diversity such as gender, religion, caste/community/race/ethnicity and marginalized.

In the past, early 1990s one of the senior lawyer of Supreme Court of India, Mr Pushan, criticized that to become Justice of Indian Supreme Court, you should know the law minister than you should know the law which bring the collegium process of selecting the Supreme Court and High Court Justices/Judges.

- b) In Washington DC, Judges of Court of Appeals and Trial Court Judges were recommended by Judicial Nomination commission.

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<sup>1</sup> Collegium System and Judicial Nomination commission are interchangeable which recommends the set of judges/justice to govt to appoint.

<sup>2</sup> **Article 124(2) [Indian Constitution]** states that every judge of the Supreme Court shall be appointed by the President by warrant under his hand and seal after consultation with such number of the judges of Supreme Court and of the **High Courts (in states)**

<sup>3</sup> CJI Chandrachud interview with Press Trust of India (PTI)/India Today. Collegium related content at minutes 33 to 47.



<https://youtu.be/Vv-mElxTHA4?si=mlXrKbEvpe7Mhar1>

*[When Wash, DC is party, Judges of Court of Appeals selected by USSC's collegium and Trial Court Judges selected by USCA's collegium]*

The District of Columbia Judicial Nomination Commission (JNC) screens all judicial applicants and recommends three nominees. The President of US appoints one of the nominees, and the Senate confirms the appointment.

- c) There are 20 states in United States have Judicial Nominating Commissions/ Assisted Commission which similar or subset of Collegium process for appointing States' Supreme Court Justices.
- d) Circuit level collegium should select the State's trial Judges by inviting nationwide applicant without violating US Citizenship and State govt should appoint these Trial Judges (including Municipal Judges, Tax court Judges).
- e) Circuit level collegium should **select** the US District Court Judges, Bankruptcy Court Judges, and Magistrate Judges by inviting nationwide applicant (without violating US Citizenship) and US govt should appoint these US Dist Court Judges, Bankruptcy Court Judges, and Magistrate Judges.

#### **XVIII. PROMOTION OF CHIEF JUDGES**

Any of USCA's chief Judge retire or vacant, most experienced USCA's Judge from all Circuits should be promoted to fill the USCA's chief Judge's vacancy. Same process when Dist Court chief Judge retire or vacant. Always promotion comes with Transfer to other place which bring diversified experience.

#### **XIX. PRO SE PLEADING STANDARDS**

*Erickson v. Pardus, 551 US 89 - Supreme Court 2007 @ 2200*

*A document filed pro se is "to be liberally construed," Estelle, 429 U.S., at 106, 97 S.Ct. 285, and "a pro se complaint, however inartfully pleaded, must be held to less stringent standards than formal pleadings drafted by lawyers.*

## **XX. REASONS FOR GRATING THE WRITS**

### **a) ORDER AGAINST US AND NJ**

#### **1) Writ against United States that make amendment to the Constitution that Parental rights are Constitutional rights**

**Test-2:** Plaintiff requested multiple times to govt of United States/Dept. of States to deny that kids' passport(s) and my kids should not go to India because the kids should be injured /endangered /kidnapped /abducted which was denied. When the kid went to India, the kids were seriously injured, endangered in India and their life is threatened. Since Aug 2015 to today I'm separated from my kids illegally. Kids' education, health, well beings, day to day parent-child relationship, cultural relationship, religious relationship and theirs' day to day care need were violated.

**Test-3.** It is violation of US. In Washington v. Glucksberg, 521 U.S. 702 (1997), @ 720

*"that the Constitution, and specifically the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment, protects the fundamental right of parents to direct the care, upbringing, and education of their children".*

In Troxel v. Granville, 530 U.S. 57 (2000)

*"The United States Supreme Court has recognized the right of parents to be and active and integral part of their children's lives as "perhaps the oldest*

*of the fundamental liberty interests recognized by [the Supreme] Court."*

In *Troxel* @ 65

*The Fourteenth Amendment provides that no State shall "deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law." We have long recognized that the Amendment's Due Process Clause, like its Fifth Amendment counterpart, "guarantees more than fair process." Washington v. Glucksberg, 521 U. S. 702, 719 (1997). The Clause also includes a substantive component that "provides heightened protection against government interference with certain fundamental rights and liberty interests." *Id.*, at 720; see also Reno v. Flores, 507 U. S. 292, 301-302 (1993).*

For Any and all reasons stated above, petitioner prays this Court to order the United States to make amendment to US constitution to make amendment for parental rights.

2) Order that (i) US Govt/President should not appoint the US Supreme Court Justices and Chief Justice

(ii) Thru Collegium process 51<sup>4</sup> USCA Judges should be appointed to US Supreme Court for 5 years, and they should retire at 70 whichever comes 1st. (iii) Most experienced<sup>5</sup> USSC's Associated Justice should be promoted to Chief Justice when Chief Justice retire or vacant. (iv) Invalidate the Judge Brown appointment to US Supreme Court.

Test-2: When this case (or related case) was at Sub-Judice, President Biden nominated Judge Brown for US Supreme Court because he promised in the election campaign that he should appoint a black women Justice to US Supreme Court if he wins the election. Now Judge Brown is appointed to Supreme Court.

Racial based promising itself wrong/incorrect where/when Justice System or US Supreme Court needs unbiased decision maker.

If US President should have promised in his election that he should appoint all black women Justices to entire US Supreme Court, no one in the civilized society accept the biased promise where unbiased decision needs to be taken.

US President and US govt appointing Judge Brown Jackson to US Supreme Court is violating racial, age, and gender discrimination as in (i) Babb v. Wilkie, 140 S. Ct. 1168 – Sup. Ct 2020 and

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<sup>4</sup> India has 34 States so Supreme Court of India has 34 Justices by *The Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Act, amended 2019*. Unites States has 50 States with Washington DC which bring 51 Justices to US Supreme Court.

<sup>5</sup> Who took the oath first. First in First out.

(ii) Babb v. SECRETARY, DEPT. OF VETERANS AFFAIRS, 992 F. 3d 1193 - Court of Appeals, 11th Circuit 2021 (iii) Article II Section 3 [he [President] shall take Care that the Laws be faithfully executed]

US Supreme Court (Constitutional guardian) cannot take racial, age and gender based discriminative decision which applicable to US Govt and President (Constitutional leader) when they make (public) decisions.

When this petitioner was injured in Little Rock, Arkansas, I filed Petition and its reconsideration with US Supreme Court which was denied because not enough resource (Justices) available with US Supreme Court which violation of 1st amendment, petition to Court clauses. Nowhere in the constitution said Justice can be denied (because of not enough Justice)

Also, Constitution does not specify/require qualifications for US Supreme Court Justices such as age, Education, profession, or citizenship.

When chief Justice retire or vacant, one of the most experienced (by oath taken) associates Justice should be promoted to Chief Justice. By this promotion, women should become chief Justice which never happened over 200 years of Independence.

**Test-3:** Now Judge Brown is appointed by President Biden's Racial based promising of Election campaign.

Also, Politician/US govt appointing Justice in the US Supreme Court violated the Title VII, age, race, and Gender discrimination, , Babb v. Wilkie, 140 S. Ct. 1168 - Supreme Court 2020 and

Babb v. SECRETARY, DEPT. OF VETERANS AFFAIRS, 992 F. 3d 1193 - Court of Appeals, 11th Circuit 2021, equal employment opportunities, EQUAL

**JUSTICE UNDER LAW** which was welcome message of US Supreme Court's front of the building.

In session dated Apr 11, 2022 **Comparative Approaches of Supreme Courts of the World's Largest and Oldest Democracies** with Hon. Justice Stephen Breyer of US Supreme Court, Hon. Chief Justice NV Ramana of Indian Supreme Court, and William M Treanor, Dean of Georgetown University Law Centre, Justice Breyer said below:

*"Breyer recalled being impressed by a clinic he saw in Ahmedabad, Gujarat on a visit to India more than two decades ago. It offered women the chance to present problems they were experiencing to a panel of three experts: a lawyer, a psychologist and a social worker"*

*"Those three women who hear the problem will try to figure out how to help them. It might be going to the police, it might not be. It might be bringing a law case, it might not be." Breyer added that he kept a photo of that scene on his office wall for years, and often described the model to visitors"*

*He [Justice Breyer] really appreciated the system.*  
In same above session Justice Ramana said that Collegium process to appoint Judges most democratic.

*On judicial appointments, CJI Ramana said that although the government is a key stakeholder, when the collegium reiterates its decision to appoint a candidate, the government has no choice but to comply with it.*

*'Cannot get more democratic than this [Collegium process].*

*Supreme Court of India has 34 Justices including CJI. (by The Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Act, amended 2019)*

.....



*The PIL (Public Interest Litigation) jurisdiction is an innovation of the Indian judiciary, particularly the Supreme Court. It is mainly meant for the marginalized people who cannot approach the Court through advocates to expose their cause. The idea is to promote access to Justice.*

US Govt and President that to make Constitutional changes that age, citizenship need to US Supreme Court Justice as the age, citizenship requirement of US president. Educational/ Professional qualification requirement should match Admission to the Bar of the Federal Court

Nowhere in the constitution states that this Petitioner Justice could be denied because of not enough Justices in the US Supreme Court.

Any and all reasons stated above, petitioner prays this Court for

i) US Govt should not appoint Chief Justice and Justice to US Supreme Court which need to be thru collegium process and US Supreme Court should invalidate the Hon. Justice Brown's appointment by US President/Govt.

ii) Thru US Supreme Court's Collegium process, without violating age, race, gender, Babb v. Wilkie, 140 S. Ct. 1168 - Sup. Ct 2020 and Babb v. SECRETARY, DEPT. OF VETERANS AFFAIRS, 992 F. 3d 1193 - Court of Appeals, 11th Circuit 2021 promote 51 most experience/expertise USCA Judges to US Supreme Court for 5 years, and they should retire at 70 whichever comes 1<sup>st</sup>. Every subject matter expert should be given equal opportunity to serve the noble jobs/duty.

iii) When Chief Justice of US Supreme Court retire, the most experience associate Justice of US Supreme to be promoted as Chief Justice of US Supreme Court. Recently in the Supreme Court of

India, Hon. Chief Justice Uday Lalit served 70 days only and cleared 10,000 dockets. Because of this promotion unavailable, over 200 years no women were Chief Justice of USSC.

This Court should invalidate the Justice Brown Appointment which violated violating Age, Race, Gender, 140 S. Ct. 1168 and 992 F. 3d 1193 and Article II Section 3. This appointment is pure racial discrimination, unlawful, unconstitutional.

Indian President **Droupadi Murmu** on Sunday (May 17, 2026) has promulgated an ordinance increasing the number of judges in the Supreme Court to 38 including the Chief Justice of India (CJI) by The Supreme Court (Number of Judges) Amendment Ordinance, 2026.

The ordinance was promulgated in accordance with the powers of the President under Article 123 of the Constitution.

The gazette notification, dated May 16, stated the "Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that the circumstances exist which render it necessary for her to take immediate action".

**3) Order that USCA Judges and NJ's Apex Court Judges should be appointed by US govt thru US Supreme Court's Collegium process by inviting nationwide applicant(s).**

**Test-2:** Washington DC, Apex Court's Judges were appointed by US Govt thru collegium process. Collegium of appointing Judges is true democracy.

**Test-3:** Otherwise, when US citizenship is violated, Supremacy clause is violated. The US Supreme Court's collegium should select the USCA Judges from US district Courts/ Bankruptcy Judges by inviting nationwide based on experience/expertise

without violating Age, Race, Gender, 140 S. Ct. 1168 and 992 F. 3d 1193.

The above US Supreme Court's collegium should select [NJ] Apex Court Judges by inviting nationwide application of trial Judge (at least, sister states, neighbor States) and US Govt should appoint the State's apex Court Judges.

Washington DC apex Court Judges are appointed this way, so no US citizen is injured. This option should be available to every US citizen. The biggest democracy India, this method happening.

*By Supremacy clause, All the States' democracy [smaller umbrella] is under US democracy, the bigger umbrella, so to have one US Supreme Court level* <sup>6</sup> Collegium should select State apex Court Judges (without violating US Citizenship) and US govts to appoint the selected Judges to State' Apex Court.

**4) Order that (i) Circuit level collegium should select the US Dist Court Judges/ Bankruptcy Judges, Magistrate Judges by inviting nationwide application and US Govt should appoint the US Dist Judges/ Bankruptcy Judges and (ii) Circuit level collegium should select the [NJ] States trial Judges, Tax Court Judges (including Municipal Judges) and [NJ] state govt should appoint these trial Judges.**

**Test-2:** and **Test-3:** US citizen reside Washington DC has these option. In the democratic way, Judges were independent decision maker who

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<sup>6</sup> **Article 124(2) [Indian Constitution]** states that every judge of the Supreme Court shall be appointed by the President by warrant under his hand and seal after consultation with such number of the judges of Supreme Court and of the **High Courts (in states)**

should not depend the politician. These methods remove the corruption in the democracy. Collegium process of appointing Judges was democracy. US citizen of Washington DC has this option.

Inviting application for judicial decision maker beyond the boundary state which avoid US citizenship violation and remove the local politician connection.

**b) AGAINST INDIA FOR PARENTAL AND INHERITANCE /PROPERTY RIGHTS**

**5) Order to Union of India that US citizen kids should not be hold in India, and US citizen Kids need to return to US for their education, vacations, and holidays, parental rights and properly kids Ancestral inheritance property(s)/wealth need to transfer to the kids in USA**

**Test-2:** Union of India have habit of holding US citizen kids in India for the reasons that Kids admitted in Indian school or going to school in India.

Petitioner requested Indian consulate/embassy that do not issue visa/travel document to kids to go India because of injury, endangerment of children in India, endangerment of abduction of children, which was denied. When the kids went to India, they were endangered and injured in India. No medical attentions were given to kids injuries/endangered.

Petitioner's father-in-law, brother-in-law tried to abduction my children for the purpose of refusing/deny to provide in heritance to the children, to do corruption against Govt of India by abducting to India.

The same reasons, as my relatives, multiple times, India also hold the US citizen children in India, refused to return the children back to US. Also deny

the US Court orders to return the US citizen kids to USA.

In India, by law, children inherit the parents/fore-parents inheritance (Heir) automatically, without will.

**Test-3:** India and my relatives (in India)'s wrong doings violate 42 USC § 1982 and Hindu Succession Act, 1956 and its amended (2005), parental rights as in 14th Amendment of US Constitution, *Glucksberg, Troxel*,

In *Sullivan v. Little Hunting Park, Inc.*, 396 US 229 Sup.Ct 1969 @237

*"Section 1982 [42 U.S.C § 1982] covers the right to inherit, purchase, lease, sell, hold, and convey real and personal property."*

For any and all reasons stated above, petitioner prays this Court for their prayer to be granted.

c) AGAINST NEW JERSEY

**6) Petitioner prays that this Court should strike down New Jersey (NJ)'s Constitution and NJ Supreme Court.**

**Test-2:** New Jersey is State and not a nation or country to have constitution. US citizen reside Washington DC does not have local constitution. US constitution gives enough constitutional protections/rights the US Citizen who are Washington DC residents or any US citizen who reside in any US's states.

NJ Supreme Court is not needed when the federal Courts have 3-tier Courts under US Supreme Court.

**Test-3:** Local States having local constitution give opportunities to get separated from United States.

See. YesCalifornia.org. Yes California National Divorce starts in California. **CALEXIT 3.1.** These separation is supported by Russian Govt.

For specific local need, Local govt has right to create a Local law so the Local constitution is unwanted.

In India, only one state, Jammu Kashmir had local constitution and always wanted to get separated from India. Recently Govt India and Indian Supreme Court removed the Special status to Jammu-Kashmir state.

US Citizen in Washington DC has 2-tier Courts under US Supreme Court so quickly access the US Supreme Court to get Justice which should be available to any US citizen who reside in any US states.

Now NJ State's Supreme Court review Certiorari as well US constitutional rights and further petitioner to file a Certiorari with US Supreme Court. These methods delay the Justice which against US Constitutional rights/protection. This petitioner's many constitution rights including 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment of US Constitution parents' rights violated and delayed over 8 years now by NJ Supreme Court. NJ Supreme Court denied the Certiorari review with judicial defect of its own and delayed the Justice. Without need of NJ Supreme Court, petitioner should have reached the US Supreme Court very quick as US citizen reside in Washington DC.

Due to NJ govt appointment and some NJ SC Judges violated Petitioner's constitutional rights, either they should be removed or invalidated.

Above stated reason(s). This Court completely strike down and close NJ Supreme Court and Strike down NJ's local Constitution. **N.B:** States, in India, does not have State's Supreme Court.

7) Order that (i) Moving New Jersey Municipal Judges into New Jersey Judiciary payroll and (ii) NJ's Municipal Mayor should not appoint any Municipal Judges and NJ Govt should not Appoint any NJ's Judges including Municipal Judges (iii) Deposit traffic violations fine in New Jersey treasury. (iv) Remove the Petitioner's traffic ticket to US District Court (v) By party's request Jury should be available in any trial Court including traffic ticket hearing/municipal hearing.

Test-2: NJ Municipal Judges are appointed by Municipal Mayor who are relative/friend to Mayors for the purpose of generating revenue for municipality by Municipal Judges who were writing traffic ticket orders.

By the revenue generated by Municipal Judges, they were paid by Municipal govt.

For the benefit of Municipal Mayor, municipal police are ordered to write more tickets to generate more money for the personal gain/benefit of Municipal Mayor and Municipal Judges.

See Fenton, LA generate 92% of revenue thru traffic ticket and Mayor himself municipal Judge, which violate US Supreme Court ruling.

 <https://www.fox8live.com/2023/11/16/this-louisiana-town-runs-largely-traffic-fines-if-you-fight-your-ticket-mayor-is-your-judge/>



US Citizens / Petitioner is entitled to file claim/ counter claim against the false charges of Municipal govt which is constitutional rights. Also, these matters need to be heard by Jury which is constitutional rights.

NJ Municipal Court charges, additional appearance fees when any citizen/this petitioner contest the false traffic ticket.

**Test-3:** Municipal Judges are appointed by NJ Municipal Mayor when parties entitled to hear by democratically appointed Judges.

Judge should be disinterested person of money from the order he signs which is failing in the Municipal Court function, municipal Judges appointment by Mayor from theirs' list of friends/relatives, Municipal Judges sign order to generate money and Judges paid from the money generated.

Municipal Judges were encouraged by Municipality and its mayor to Write traffic ticket orders to generate revenue. So the Mayor and municipal Judges were beneficiary of the money generated.

Citizens, Residents were biased, prejudiced/injured, constitutional rights were violated, by the municipal Judges appointed by Municipal Mayor and by Municipal Writing orders to the benefit of Municipal Mayor and Municipal Judges (together).

Citizens/Petitioner is entitled to file claim/counter claim against the false charges and those claims should be heard/tried together which is constitutional rights. So, these Woodbridge traffic ticket docket to be moved to Dist Court.

NJ Municipality also charges, additional appearance fee when any citizen contests the traffic ticket which violate the fair Justice, petition to Court clause of 1<sup>st</sup> amendment, due process guaranteed in the constitution.

The hidden truth is that NJ governor to get the political/election support from the Municipal mayor, NJ govt allow the Municipal govt to charge the traffic



ticket, Municipal mayor is benefited and so the mayor support the NJ governor in Election.

To this petitioner or any citizen, the municipal Court issued arrest warrant for the false charge without jury hearing. Municipal Court dispute, claims, counter claims should be heard by Jury which is constitutional rights. In this case, the Municipal govt issue arrest warrant without jury trial for Municipal wrong doing against the petitioner is violation of constitutional rights.

For any and all reason stated above the petitioner pray this Court

i) Move all the NJ municipal Judges to NJ judiciary payroll and deposit all the traffic violation fines in NJ treasury.

ii) Municipal Govt should not appoint Municipal Judges and NJ govt should not appoint the trial Judges including Municipal Judges. This appointment should be thru USCA's collegium process without violating US citizenship.

iii) Jury should be available in all NJ trial Courts including Municipal Court on demand of parties and without Jury hearing local Court should not issue arrest warrant.

iv) Remove the Woodbridge charges against the petitioner to US Dist Court. (All claims against all parties need to put together and heard)

v) Municipal Court should not charge appearance fee

vi) vehicle should not be towed without due process. Taking car or driving license out of citizen cause livelihood problem. See

***Bell v. Burson, 402 US 535 - Supreme Court 1971 @539*** Once licenses are issued, as in petitioner's case, their continued possession may become essential in the pursuit of a livelihood. Jan 14, 15 2024,

petitioner walked to USPS to send the Brief to US Supreme Court, spine injury pain, back pain elevated.

vii) Order that Woodbridge twp. should bring the car to Current staying place. Car out of Petitioner by illegal, predatory towing. Petitioner has no income to tow the car now.

**8) NJ and it's local Govt should not tow/taken away the home-less's or less fortunate, marginalized people's property(s).**

**Test-2:** When petitioner is homeless, NJ's div./ Motor Vehicle Commission refused to register my vehicle because car registration has stop order which is not petitioner's fault and Woodbridge taken away without notifying petitioner and without jury hearing. Woodbridge charging \$1445 for towing. When petitioner requested the Woodbridge to provide the itemized billing/invoice for \$1445 for towing which was denied.

In fact, petitioner called and waited for local tow service which ready to tow for \$45. The same matter was posted on car's window and windshield.

**Test-3:** Local municipal govt taking away petitioner's sleeping property/mobile home violate the due process and jury trial, excessive fine instead of local govt to help the less fortunate poor.

Petitioner suffered from sleeping on the roadside, covid attached, **finger is disfigured** because the local govt taking away my property. Still the lungs are not cleared which situs inversus totalis ill formed lungs.

The NJ municipal including Woodbridge twp have towing contract with the towing companies who are relative/friend /sponsored the election expense to the Township mayor. To share the predatory towing money between towing agency and Mayor, these

predatory towing is happening. See. The local Govt towing fee is \$1445 and local private towing fee is \$45.

Local Govt towing the car or take away property is violating **Due process**, when the car is waiting for local tow man to tow for \$45.

Petitioner/ hominess's car is sleeping place which is equal to MOBILE home property. Without jury hearing the Woodbridge taken away the petitioner's property.

For any and all reasons stated, petitioner prays this Court for their above prayer to be granted.

**9) Order that Strike down N.J.S.A. 39:6B-2 :  
NO LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE ON  
MOTOR VEHICLE**

**Test-2:** N.J.S.A. 39:6B-2 provides that any owner or registrant of a motor vehicle required to carry insurance under 39:6B-1 who operates or causes to be operated a motor vehicle upon any public road or highway in the State without such insurance is in violation of the statute. It also provides that any driver who operates a motor vehicle who knows or should know from the circumstances that it is uninsured is in violation.

**NJ MVC penalties:**

A first-time violation of NJSA 39:6B-2 – Driving Without Liability Insurance includes a fine between \$300 and \$1,000, community service, DMV surcharges of \$250 for three years, and a mandatory license suspension of one year. There are also Court costs and fees that are required to be paid in addition to the penalties listed above.

A second offense carries with it a fine of up to \$5000, a mandatory jail sentence of 14 days, 30 days community service, and a license suspension for two years. The license is not automatically returned after that date and the violator must make application to

the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for reinstatement.

**Test-3:** Elected democratic Local govt cannot force/compel the petitioner or any US citizen to sign car insurance contract and charge penalty when petitioner unable to sign insurance contract with capitalist owned Private insurance companies. When the petitioner's job (only source of income) is outsourced by capitalist, local govt did not take any effort to stop outsource or bring back the job. Twice Petitioner injured in car accident and still suffering, claims were denied for the benefit of local Judge fraud trial, local politician, and capitalist insurance companies. See Nat. Fedn. of Indep. Business v. Sebelius, 567 US 519 - Supreme Court 2012@ 2573-2574

*(The most straightforward reading of the individual mandate is that it commands individuals to purchase insurance. But, for the reasons explained, the Commerce Clause does not give Congress that power).*

The shared responsibility or shared liability is attached to Gas tax. The more drive, more gas consumed who should contributed/ share more responsibility/more liability. Mobile(home) parked in one place for 4 months, no need to share liability. Shared responsivity/liability should be thru Gas consumed, otherwise Private insurance, local elected govt official, local municipal/trial Judges connected to be in corruption circle.

The petitioner's prayer that Strike down N.J.S.A. 39:6B-2 should be granted.

**10) Order to i) NJ that NJ should standardized the NJ's Municipal Mayors and councilmen 's salary.**

**Test-2:** NJ municipal Mayor and Councilmen raise their salary themselves which violation of 27th amendment.

**Test-3:** NJ Assembly men/women salary is standard thru entire NJ. This year alone Jersey City mayor increased his salary \$50k on top on this salary. It is corrupt practices and violation of 27th amendment of US Constitution and injury to US citizen who locally reside. So, petitioner's prayer that NJ should standardized the NJ's Municipal Mayors and councilmen 's salary to be granted.

**d) AGAINST UNITED STATES FOR MARRIAGE LAW**

**11) Order that United States should enact United States Universal family Law**

**Test-2:** When Entire United States, the family and relationship between family numbers, Every State have different family law. India, biggest democracy of the world has family act/marriage act through India when every state has different demography/diversity. Based on marriage law, family properties are attached to inheritance.

**Test-3:** Child Support Recovery Act (CSRA) , CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT-18 U.S.C. § 228 , Federal Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (UFISA) , Respect for Marriage Act is there for unconventionally married people. Because majority people married in traditional way the United States should not ignore the traditional marriage of US citizen. We are US citizen and family belong to the United State. Parental rights are under 14th Amend of US Constitution by, *Troxel v. Granville*, 530 U.S. 57 (2000) and *Washington v. Glucksberg*, 521 U. S. 702,

720. *The States in United States have different family law to do the different level of corruption. My son PP, born from Little Rock, Arkansas where family law available and my daughter born from Edison, NJ where no family law. Which states family law applicable and why should choose? Why the petitioner is not able to choose? Family relationship is not shopping between states. Respect for Marriage Act has protection under **Full Faith and Credit Clause** of the U.S. Constitution. Without family law, NJ killed my children childhood over 10 years. So the petitioner's prayer that United States should enact United States Universal family Law should be granted.*

**12) Order to United States to Abolish the Electoral College process of selecting President of the United States. The President and Vice-President of United States should be elected by House of Representatives.**

**Test-2:** Electoral College process of selecting President and Vice President of the United States is not true democratic way.

**Test-3:** House of Representative were democratically elected by US Citizen. House of Representative were truly democratic representative of US Citizen who, individually, should elect/select the President and Vice President of US.

The Electoral College process, (Winner-take-all) of selecting president /vice president is equal to elected by State's governor.

**Electoral College process slavery time practice which is not abolished after slavery abolished.**

The Electoral College framed from Slavery time and slave owner(s). Electoral College causing gerrymandering dispute which comes to USSC very often.

The winner-take-all manner of allocating a state's electors generally decreases the importance of minor parties which is not true democracy.

See **The Two-Party Duopoly, Seventeen ways America is less Democratic.**



Figure 2

<https://secondratedemocracy.com/the-two-party-duopoly/>

President Bill Clinton<sup>7</sup> and President Donald

Trump<sup>8</sup> did not like Electoral College process.

Petitioner prays this Court to abolish the Electoral College of Electing the President/Vice President of United States and House of Representative should select the President and Vice President of United States.

- e) WRIT AGAINST UNITED STATES FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGE REGARDING WOMEN GENDER VIOLATION IN ARTICLE II OF CONSTITUTION.

**13) Order to United States for the changes in Article II of US Constitution<sup>9</sup>, states with word "He" to "He/She"**

<sup>7</sup> <https://www.bloomberg.com/news/videos/2023-09-27/president-bill-clinton-supports-abolishing-the-electoral-college> 

<sup>8</sup> [https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/2016/live-updates/general-election/real-time-updates-on-the-2016-election-voting-and-race-results/trump-in-2012-the-electoral-](https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/2016/live-updates/general-election/real-time-updates-on-the-2016-election-voting-and-race-results/trump-in-2012-the-electoral-college-is-a-disaster-for-a-democracy/)

[college-is-a-disaster-for-a-democracy/](https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/2016/live-updates/general-election/real-time-updates-on-the-2016-election-voting-and-race-results/trump-in-2012-the-electoral-college-is-a-disaster-for-a-democracy/) 

<sup>9</sup> CONSTITUTION ANNOTATED - Analysis and Interpretation of the US Constitution <https://constitution.congress.gov/>

**Test-2:** The following in the Article II of US Constitution<sup>10</sup>, states with word "He" that only man can be the US president.

**Article II, Section 1, Clause 1:**

*The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his Office during the Term of four Years, and, together with the Vice President, chosen for the same Term, be elected, as follows*

**Article II, Section 1, Clause 7:**

The President shall, at stated Times, receive for his Services, a Compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the Period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that Period any other Emolument from the United States, or any of them.

**Article II, Section 1, Clause 8:**

*Before he enter on the Execution of his Office, he shall take the following Oath or Affirmation:—I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the Office of President of the United States, and will to the best of my Ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States.*

**Article II, Section 2, Clause 1:**

*The President shall be Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the Militia of the several States, when called into the actual Service of the United States; he may require the Opinion, in writing, of the principal Officer in each of the executive Departments, upon any Subject relating to the Duties of their respective Offices, and he shall have Power to grant Reprieves and Pardons*

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<sup>10</sup> CONSTITUTION ANNOTATED - Analysis and Interpretation of the US Constitution <https://constitution.congress.gov/>



*for Offences against the United States, except in Cases of Impeachment.*

**Article II, Section 2, Clause 2:**

*He shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, to make Treaties, provided two thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, shall appoint Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, Judges of the supreme Court, and all other Officers of the United States, whose Appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by Law: but the Congress may by Law vest the Appointment of such inferior Officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the Courts of Law, or in the Heads of Departments.*

**Article II, Section 3:**

*He shall from time to time give to the Congress Information of the State of the Union, and recommend to their Consideration such Measures as he shall Judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary Occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in Case of Disagreement between them, with Respect to the Time of Adjournment, he may adjourn them to such Time as he shall think proper; he shall receive Ambassadors and other public Ministers; he shall take Care that the Laws be faithfully executed, and shall Commission all the Officers of the United States.*

**Test-3:**Because of above in the US constitution,

- 1) Over the 200 years of history, Women never been president of United President.
- 2) The above violates the women rights in 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment of US Constitution.

The US constitution was written at the time of 1787, ratified in 1788, and in operation since 1789<sup>11</sup> which is the time of Slavery was active until 1865<sup>12</sup>.

The US Constitution was written by Slave owner(s) who were men.

“Of the 55 delegates to the Constitutional Convention, about 25 owned slaves. Many of the framers harbored moral qualms about slavery. Some, including Benjamin Franklin (a former slaveholder) and Alexander Hamilton (who was born in a slave colony in the British West Indies) became members of anti-slavery societies”



<https://www.crf-usa.org/black-history-month/the-constitution-and-slavery>

- 3) After abolishing the slavery in 1865, or after 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment of US Constitution was not revisited to enforce the women right to be President of United States.
- 4) Nikki Haley is a candidate in the 2024 Republican Party presidential primaries for president of the United States in the 2024 U.S. **presidential election. She announced her campaign in February 2023**
- 5) Marianne Williamson, is a candidate in the **2024 Democratic Party presidential primaries for president of the United States in the 2024 U.S. presidential election**

<sup>11</sup> <https://www.senate.gov/about/origins-foundations/senate-and-constitution/constitution.htm>

<sup>12</sup> 13th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution: Abolition of Slavery (1865)

<https://www.archives.gov/milestone-documents/13th-amendment#:~:text=Passed%20by%20Congress%20on%20January,slavery%20in%20the%20United%20States.>

- 6) My daughter Roshna, Minor want to focus to become President of United States.

Any and all reasons stated above, Plaintiff / petitioner prays this Court for order/ Writ to United State to change the Constitution as above needed.

So Petitioner's prayer that United States for the changes in Article II of US Constitution, states with word "He" to "He/She" to be granted.

**14) Order to United States for the changes in "Twenty-Second Amendment's Section 1 of US Constitution"<sup>13</sup>, states that US President can be elected only twice" to unlimited times US President/States' Governor should be elected/re-elected.**

Test-2 and Test-3., In India, which got freedom from British (1947), the Indian Prime minister (equal to US President) and State's Chief ministers (equal to US's State's Governor) elected/re-elected unlimited times. So, this Court should change the US Constriction (Twenty-Second Amendment's Section 1 ) should allow the US President and State's Governor should be allowed to elect or re-elect unlimited times. Current Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi elected/re-erected 3 times. Tamil Nadu's Chief Minister MG Ramachandran elected/re-elect 3 times (1977, 1980, and 1985). New Jersey should follow the US Constitution.

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<sup>13</sup> CONSTITUTION ANNOTATED - Analysis and Interpretation of the US Constitution <https://constitution.congress.gov/>

15) Order the each appeared defendant to pay \$15 million for the Petitioner's effort, pain and suffering, expenses, litigation cost or pain and suffering by litigation.

Test-2: Because of this case, Over two winters, without petitioner with car to survive and the litigation is going on, extended by the obstruction of Justice by the defendant(s). Lot of effort to draft the pleading. Lot of painful effort to draft with spine injuries. Because I dedicated time to draft the pleading I was not able to physical activity to bring down the blood sugar went up. Now both leg, foot are numbing. Im afraid kidney should be permanent damage. Due to Situs inversus the born defect, adapting body parts is not possible either.

Test-3: The defendant hired someone to attempted murder the Petitioner. The attack to the Petitioner was deadly, injured the spine. With the pain in the spine, Petitioner drafted all pleading. Pray USSC to order them \$15 million dollar each defendant should pay for the time and effort, pain and suffering. In the painful situation, appointing attorney also denied. Or this prayer should be paid in pain and suffering. When I tried to find attorney and unable to find since I'm poor and not able to pay down payment to the attorney. Lower Court denied pro bono attorney as well. Also I have claim against the NJ Supreme Court violation of freedom of information act.

Boyadjian v. Cigna Companies, 973 F. Supp. 500 Dist.Court,NJ 1997@504

*Although plaintiff may not recover attorneys' fees, he may recover litigation costs reasonably incurred. See Cunningham, 664 F.2d at 387 n. 4; Carter, 780 F.2d at 1482; DeBold, 735 at 1043 (citing Crooker v. United States Dep't of*

*Justice: 632 F.2d 916, 921 (1st Cir.1980)) ("[A] pro se litigant who substantially prevailed certainly is entitled to 'litigation costs reasonably incurred' A pro se litigant is made whole thereby, serving as a small incentive to pursue litigation if no attorney may be found to represent the litigant.")*

The First Circuit has reached the opposite conclusion in Crooker v. Department of Justice, supra, holding that "in actions where the complainant represents himself, sometimes as a hindrance instead of an aid to the judicial process, an award of fees does nothing more than subsidize the litigant for his own time and personal effort.

So, petitioner's prayer that each appeared defendant to pay \$15 million to petitioner.

**16) Order that Elected official of United States (President, vice president, senators, House representatives) and their immediate family members should not buy or owe stocks/shares in Federal Contractors (including defense contractors)**

**Test-2:** Elected official of United States (President, vice president, senators, House representatives) and their immediate family members buy or owe stocks/shares in Federal Contractors (including defense contractors).

**Test:3:** Elected official of United States and their immediate family members buy/owe stock/share in Federal Contractors (including defense contractors) which allow them benefit financial gain which violated the 27th amendment of Constitution. Any of the USSC's Justice hold share in any corporate, they recuse when that corporate's dispute is heard.

The Due Process clauses of the United States Constitution require Judges to recuse themselves

from cases in two situations: Where the Judge has a financial interest in the case's outcome.

The above same applicable to elected official as well.

Politician Nancy Pelosi buy stock/share from Microsoft and in days US govt gave \$22 billion dollars contract to Microsoft which raise the Microsoft's stock 11%.

|                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <a href="https://www.foxbusiness.com/politics/pelosi-husband-bought-microsoft-shares-options">https://www.foxbusiness.com/politics/pelosi-husband-bought-microsoft-shares-options</a> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

The above Pelosi's action violates the 27th amended. There are 2000 other stocks were available to invest for Pelosi(s).

f) AGAINST WOODBRIDGE

**17) Order the respondent Woodbridge Township should pay 295/day for TAKEN AWAY Porsche cayenne to the plaintiff.**

**Test-2:** Petitioner's home evicted and unable to secure/lease an apartment yet due to disability and unemployment, suffering from financial hardship. In this hardship situation, cayenne is sleeping place for the petitioner.

When the petitioner was waiting for local towing man to tow the car for \$45, respondents Woodbridge towed the car/sleeping property by violating due process and deceptive business practice and predatory towing. These illegal towing, Woodbridge charging \$1445. When the petitioner asked Woodbridge to provide itemized invoice for \$1445, which was denied because of deceptive, predatory towing. Woodbridge profiled that Porsche

owner should be ready to pay \$1445 for towing when Woodbridge should illegally harass petitioner.

**Test-3:** Without car, so many days Petitioner slept on the road side bench which was seen by Woodbridge police. In the Summer time, so many days the temperature was over 90. When car not available to petitioner Corona attached disfigured the finger. From Corona, till today the lungs are not clear. Situs inversus lungs.

Porsche cayenne rental cost \$295/day from Porsche USA. See below.



Imagine a situation to anyone whose car is stopped middle of the way to home, picking taxi to home, and continues use the taxi for every day-to-day need. See petitioner situation when he is poor, unable to hire taxi either. Walked day after day, month after months, now more than year which 450 days.

For printing paper for the petition to US Supreme Court, I walked 6 miles on way to Walmart to buy printing paper and on the way back I need to walk on rain and cross the highway. Someone with mercy stopped the car at middle of the highway for me to help crossing the highway while rain. Otherwise, deadly killing situation should happen. I'm diabetic, and situs inversus totalis. Being home evicted, homeless, this car is sleeping place/property. Anyone imagine the situation of sleeping on the road side bench when the temperature is over 90 degrees and corona attacked situation.

When One day without car is unacceptable suffering to anyone, day by day suffering's magnitudes is higher after higher. Jan 14,15 2024 petitioner walked with brief to USPS for a mile, spine injury pain elevated.

The petitioner's car is towed by the towing agency is relative/friend to the Mayor so they local govt do the predatory towing for the personal gain of the mayor and towing agency

Petitioner prays this Court order the Woodbridge to pay \$295/per day. When the case end, parties will calculate the no of days. If anyone say to Bill Gates that they will be paid \$295 and walk to home and they will not accept this amount because \$295 is not worth living without Porsche. So this Court should grant this prayer.

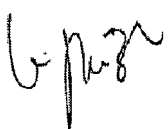
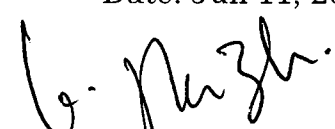
**And petitioner prays that remand the case back to lower Court.**

#### XXI.CONCLUSION

Petitioner Palani Karupaiyan pray the US Supreme Court for the Petition for Writs of Mandamus or Prohibition should be granted.

Respectfully submitted.

Date: Jun 11, 2026.

  
  
 Palani Karupaiyan, Pro se, Petitioner,  
 6620 Yocum Street,  
 Philadelphia, PA 19142.  
212-470-2048