

No.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

JANE DOE — PETITIONER

vs.

LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION COUNCIL — RESPONDENT

***ON PETITION FOR EXTRAORDINARY WRIT
TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FORM THE THIRD CIRCUIT 17-3230***

PETITION FOR EXTRAORDINARY WRIT

Prohibition or Mandamus

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March 26, 2018

QUESTIONS PRESENTED/ISSUE PRESENTED

1) Whether, The PA District Court and the 3rd Circuit violated Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 42 U.S.C. § 12111 *et seq.*, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 by placing formidable barriers to block me meaningful access to the court due to my status.

2) Whether, The 3rd Circuit has effectively denied my reasonable accommodation request by *undue delay*. The 3rd Circuit unreasonable delay caused me irreparable harm by denying me access to the February 2018 LSAT. In turn, denied me access to enrollment in the fall 2018 school year. Title II of ADA deemed "undue delay" (over 30 days) the 3rd Circuit had failed to grant/deny my request **four times longer** than the **Justice Department** calls "undue delay"; therefore the 3rd Cir., violated the revised 2016 ADA Title II.

3) Whether, The 3rd Circuit has violated Title II by mishandling personal and private medical information to people who did not have the authority to facilitate the reasonable accommodations as described in by title II and force me to file private medical information to receive accommodations.

4) Whether, The 3rd Circuit obstructed justice by 1) denying the reasonable accommodation request on November 22, 2017, and 2) not filing the order denying my reasonable accommodation request to defied public scrutiny. Only after I filed the clerk's order clearly violating title II of ADA, the 3rd Circuit quickly within 24 hours stated they would send the

reasonable accommodation request to a committee. Four months later, No committee, The 3rd Circuit has effectively denied my reasonable accommodation request by undue delay.

5) Whether, the federal court practice of "DD" (Delay and Dismiss) or (Delay and Deteriorate) a practice judges use towards self-represented litigants to deteriorate complaints due to time without discovery. Federal Courts across the United States implemented "DD" to destroy poor Americans lives by not having meaningful access to the federal court, cause the foreseeable death of Tatiana Vendentsova.

See, Rule 20 ~~case~~ next page

Rule 20

JURISDICTION

I do not know how to write a proper jurisdiction argument, the LSAC block my access to learn for ten years. Please do not deny my petition for lack of jurisdiction; the federal courts' are routinely stalling self-represented litigants' complaints by "*undue delay*" and "*roadblocks*." *The PA District Court* had ignored my reasonable accommodation request for access to the court filing system for nine months. The *DC District Court* Judge Richard J. Leon has delayed ruling on "*defendants' motion to dismiss*" for over **two years**; when the plaintiffs, are African American women in a civil right case. Therefore, stalling our cases for over two years without discovery, causing irreparable harm. The 3rd Circuit is following this pattern of "*water down*" version of *justice* that is exclusive for pro se. **Please hear me**; we are being denied basic access to the court. The 3rd Circuit formally denied my reasonable accommodation request November 22, 2017. The **3rd Circuit, brazenly without any fear of repercussions** violated title II of the ADA. The 3rd Circuit purposely did not file letter/order into the docket. After I filed the clerk's order denying me reasonable accommodation. The 3rd Circuit, immediately deceptive me into believing the 3rd Circuit will follow the rules governing reasonable accommodation and reconsider my request. The 3rd Cir. is over 120 days late, according to the Justice Department; therefore, has effectively denied my reasonable accommodation request by *undue delay*.

MOOTNESS

Once this Petition for Extraordinary Writ is filed with the Supreme Court. The 3rd Circuit will decide to rule on my reasonable accommodation request to cover up their nonfeasance. If the 3rd Circuit rule on my reasonable accommodation request, my Petition for Extraordinary Writ is not moot. I have already been damage my the 3rd Circuit violations of the revised 2016, title II of the ADA. I filed this complaint in June 2016 now it is March 26, 2018, due to the District Court as blocked discovery for over two years. Please hear me, the District Courts have a pattern of ruling on reasonable accommodation request as soon as I file a petition of writ - The CT District Court denied my reasonable accommodation request to use the CMFEC system by ignoring the request for five months, I filed a hearing request motion for the reasonable accommodation. I Capture a "time & location" stamp picture, of me holding the "stamp filed" hearing request motion in front of the courthouse on August 15, 2016, at 2:30 pm. CT refuse to file the motions despite numerous letters and motion. Finally after five months I filed a petition to the 2nd Cir., as soon as I filed a petition of writ of mandamus. The CT District Court filed, the original hearing request, immediately denied the hearing, dismiss the complaint without serving the complaint to the defendant. The 2nd Cir., declared my petition moot because my case was dismissed. DC District Court, denied my sister reasonable accommodation request to use the CM/ECF system for three years despite the fact my sister computer can only read PDF documents that are provided through the CM/ECF system. Soon as I filed a petition of writ of mandamus to the DC Cir., the District Court granted the reasonable accommodations three years late. Poor people are only allowed access to Justice in car accident cases or on "*Judge Judy*." We are Americans, and we are entitled to equal access to justice and enforcement of civil right laws.

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GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS

ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
LSAC.....	Law School Admission Council
SRL	Self Represented Litigant
DSRL	Disabled Self Represented Litigant
DCHA.....	District of Columbia Housing Authority
DD	Delay and Dismiss or Delay and Deteriorated
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act
PA District Court	United States Eastern District Court Pennsylvania
DC District Court	United States District Court for District of Columbia
CT District Court	United States District Court for Connecticut

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

“Congress concluded that there was a ‘compelling need’ for a ‘clear and comprehensive national mandate’ to eliminate discrimination against disabled individuals, and to integrate them ‘into the economic and social mainstream of American life.’” *Ibid.* (quoting S. Rep. No. 116, 101st Cong., 1st Sess. 20 (1989); H.R. Rep. No. 485, pt. 2, 101st Cong., 2d Sess. 50 (1990)). “To effectuate its sweeping purpose, the ADA forbids discrimination against disabled individuals in employment (Title I of the Act), government entity (Title II). This case involves the scope of Title II.

TITLE II REGULATIONS

Title II Rule: A Compilation of Regulatory Provisions and Guidance -- Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability in State and Local Government Services. The Department of Justice's regulation implementing title II, subtitle A, of the ADA which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability in all services, programs, and activities provided to the public by State and local governments, except public transportation services. This document contains the following: (1) supplementary information (the preamble to the revised regulation); (2) the title II regulation updated to reflect the 2010 revisions and the technical corrections (published March 11, 2011) which became effective on March 15, 2011; (3) guidance on the revised regulatory provisions; and (4) guidance on the original 1991 title II regulation. State and Local Governments (Title II) ... Title II extends the prohibition on discrimination established by section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 794, to all activities of State and local governments regardless of whether these entities receive Federal financial assistance.

28 CFR Part 35 -- Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability in State and Local Government Services.

RELIEF SOUGHT

Petitioners seek a Petition for Extraordinary Writ: Directing the district court and the 3rd (1) allow meaningful access to the court, (2) allow discovery, (3) grant reasonable accommodation request. (4) **Judicial Oversight to end the practice of discrimination** against people with disabilities who are poor.

REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS UNDER AMERICAN WITH DISABILITIES ACT

I am a person with disabilities as defined under the American with Disabilities Act. I receive no government entitlements, despite the fact that my disability qualifies me for Social Security Disability, my pride will not allow me to receive welfare. I am a good person! Regardless of how the defendant is trying to degrade me for having the audacity to enforce my rights.

My disability affects my writing skills; I went without; I saved money, to pay for this petition to be professionally edited. I did not have enough money to have the whole petition edited, but I tried writing to the best of my ability;

I pray, despite my social, economic status, I will be allowed access to this court
because all the lower courts have denied me basic access.

I pray, I will be allowed to be seen as an American.

I pray, you allow my voice to be heard.

I pray, I will be allowed justice.

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

☒ For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix A to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☒ is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☐ is unpublished.

☐ For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the _____ court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☐ is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

☒ For cases from **federal courts:** *See Jurisdiction Statement page —*

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was 11/22/17 Reconsider Deny again 3/26/17 Undue delay.

☐ No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ____ A ____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1).

☐ For cases from **state courts:**

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was _____.
A copy of that decision appears at Appendix _____.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ____ A ____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a).

INTRODUCTION

I was raised to believe I can be anything, despite my inherited disability. I was sheltered from the institutionalized racism that oppressed both sides of my family for generations. When you are born believing you are somebody, you are not going to allow anybody to declare you a second-class citizen. To the Clerks or Judges who are reading this petition, if someone tried to steal your rights, what would you do? Would you allow someone to take your rights away without a fight? I have been fighting the LSAC for ten years, and I will fight them for ten more until I receive my rightful accommodations. I have been fighting "Judicial Abuse" for seven years, and I will fight "Jim Crow Justice" for seven more years until I receive my due process rights. My voice is voiceless due to my status, but I will still scream, I will fight, I will show judge's shame through my pleadings, If nobody wants to hear my voice, I will still scream. The "Oppressor" wants me to go away and be silent; the "Oppressor" seeks to sweep judicial abuse under the rug. In the name of my lynched ancestors, I will scream despite nobody hearing my voice.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

The Federal Court has a history of disproportionately denying the rights of poor people, people with disabilities, people of color, and other **vulnerable Americans**. This is not an opinion, let alone some far-out conspiracy. It's a *fact*. Just look at the docket, or the misconduct complaints. Everyday Americans who are too poor to hire a lawyer — too poor to pay the Court fee — are being deprived of justice. And this abuse is happening every day in Federal Courts across America because power that goes unchecked breathes of corruption. Our democracy is being destroyed by judges who subvert the very process that brought them to power and its system for

complaints -- where judges police fellow judges -- is a world so closely controlled and cloaked in secrecy that it defies public scrutiny. We are losing our democracy, **our Courts are the first line of defense in protecting our democracy**, but rather being on the front line, judges are sweeping judicial abuse under the rug and rewriting laws, as it applies to the vulnerable class; and nobody cares because we are weak and voiceless. This declaration has been confirmed by former Chief Judge of the seventh circuit **Richard A. Posner** who was forced into retirement for confirming this systematic oppression of pro se by federal judges. This declaration has already been proven by the 2nd Circuit, the 4th Circuit Court and the DC Circuit; Emboldened Federal Judges are overtly abusing the weak, the poor, and the disabled. Just look at the docket, judges are not hiding their abuse because their power goes unchecked. I have argued and won appeals in the **2nd Circuit**, in the **4th, Circuit**, and in the **DC Circuit Courts**. I am not winning appeals because I am a **legal genius**. I am a person with **intellectual disability**. I am winning appeals because the federal courts across the United States are brazenly denying basic due process with no fear of accountability or repercussions. This conspiracy, has causes me great pain. I am suffering from posttraumatic judicial stress: 1) Every pleading is retraumatizing me, I hurt myself to divert pain away from remembering judicial abuse. Remembering the pain of being denied rightfully entitled rights. 2) I collapse in the street due to the stress of judicial abuse. 3) I am have night terrors of Judge Richard J. Leon. 4) I develop agoraphobia, if the courts are not going to enforce my right, and the cops are not going to enforce my rights. I am safer at home. With all this suffering, I will not forfeit my rights for two reasons. **First**, my mother was born a slave 100 years after slavery was outlawed because Judges and Cops refused to enforce the law in Blackstock SC in the 1960's. **Second**, my great uncle was lynched and my grandfather was

forced to flee Georgia because my family farm was making too much money for N-words in the 1950's. Today 2018, I refuse to allow judges to declare me a second-class citizen by refusing to enforce my rights, refusing to enforce the law. Lack of judicial oversight cause judges to blindly refuse to obey the 2016 revised Title II of American with Disabilities Act. Judges are thumbing their nose at doctors' medical orders declaring a need for accommodations. Lack of oversight causes self-represented litigants' complaints irreparable harm by not having access to timely discovery, only receiving discovery after we win the appeal, then the case reverse and remanded back to the same bias judge. Only then, we are allowed a "water down" version of Justice or no Justice at all. My family inherited disability, which caused predators to take advantage of my mother forcing her to live in the same slave shack, pick the same cotton her ancestors picked since the 1800's. I have the burden of protecting my family from predators like LSAC, stealing our rights because we disabled. Not only does the federal courts empowers the defendant by refusing to allow us meaningful access, but the court is destroying the very fabric of America. The lower court, and the 3rd Circuit has repeatedly violated Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment and other federal and state laws. The 3rd Circuit's abuse is not new, but I never had a Circuit Court brazenly write a letter defying title II of the ADA. (**APPENDIX A**) Asserting, the 3rd Circuit is exempt from title II and allowed to mishandled private, confidential medical records given to the court for facilitating reasonable accommodation request only. (the LSAC would love to simply deny a reasonable accommodation request by saying, "*cannot be handled administratively.*") The District Court and the 3rd Circuit has violated the very foundation of our democracy; **This is not an isolated incident of judicial abuse.** Judicial abuse

is a part of systemic oppression that all poor self-represented litigants face when trying to enforce our rights. The 3rd Circuit wants to pretend the Americans with Disabilities Act, Sec 504 Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act does not supersede the 3rd Circuit Policies. I have indisputable proof, federal courts across the United States are convinced, they are above the law, due to the lack of oversight. Every time, I prove judicial abuse, the Court justifies their abuse with the term, "*it is not serious enough*" but the Court never abuse a person who can afford a lawyer. The victim of Judicial abuse is always poor, and always never "*serious enough.*" These Judges are destroying people lives. (Judicial abuse caused the foreseeable death of Tatiana Vedentsova on Feb 9, 2018. I was screaming about the imminent danger that led to her death, four weeks before she died, but I am voiceless, nobody hears me) The district court, denied my **first**, reasonable accommodation request filed on **June 10, 2016** by "undue delay" (ignoring the request completely). Nine months later, I refiled the reasonable accommodation request in **April 17, 2017**. My **second**, reasonable accommodation request was partly granted, the use of the CM/ECF system. The appointing of a "friend of the court" was denied despite the fact my disability affects my writing and communication skills. The lower court and the 3rd Circuit did not obey Title II of the ADA rules and regulations.

Government entities like the federal court must follow the rules governing reasonable accommodation request:

1. The court must approve or deny the request within 30 days.
2. The court must only give private medical information to employees who can facilitate the request.
3. The court must detail why the government entity (the court) denied the request.
4. The court must detail what information the disabled person needed to give the court to receive the request.

5. The court must provide an *administrative appeal process* for denied request.

All these steps are required by title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, because the Court is a government entity and Courts are NOT EXEMPT. All these steps were denied by the District Court and the 3rd Circuit. On November 16, 2017, The 3rd Cir., denied my ADA request, my request was disregarded and handed to the clerk's office for disposal. The Clerk, had no right to read the reasonable accommodation or have access to my medical information that was addressed to the Chief Judge, sent priority mail to the Chief Judges' chambers. The Clerk has no power to facilitate the request according to her own letter; therefore, 3rd Cir., violated the 2016 revised Title II of ADA. The 3rd Circuit forced me to file a motion on Nov 29, 2017 which was a formidable barrier to block access to the court. Because it created an environment that caused me to file less "proof of need" for accommodations and force me to share private medical information to the public and the defendant attorneys will use against me. This same judicial abuse occurred in the "DC District Court" where Judge Richard J. Leon filed my severely disabled sister's medical records in the public docket. My sister personal medical records detailing her disability were only given to the court to facilitate her reasonable accommodation request and never meet to be shared with the public. Judge Leon, publicly shared my sister's information without allowing us to withdraw the medical records. My sister cannot read or write and have a mind of a child. Judge Leon forced me to act as my sister's lawyer by denying her reasonable accommodation request to be appointed lawyer. The Judge Leon knew that by forcing me to share my sister's medical information publicly and records that I would provide the court with less proof. Because of this, my complaint was dismissed based on discrimination, not because of facts. Three years after I filed the complaint, the DC Circuit court appoint us a

"Friend of the Court" within days the medical records were retracted. I spend three years writing, letters to the Chief Judge, filing motions, filing a petition of writ to the DC Circuit to have the medical documents retracted but a lawyer does it within 24 hours. My case took three years to get to the DC Circuit; finally, the DC Circuit ruled, Judge Richard J. Leon, violated the law, multiple counts of gross abuse of discretion. The DC Circuit also said, the District Court should have approved the reasonable accommodation request to be appointed a lawyer due to my sister disability.

Who do I turn to when the 3rd Circuit violates the law? The 3rd Circuit refused to handle my reasonable accommodation request according to the revised 2016 Title II of ADA. I gave the 3rd Circuit details of how my disability is preventing me from writing a motion, a brief or any other pleadings. November 8, 2017, according to my doctors, disability is now severe. In my reasonable accommodation request, I told the court on November 9, 2017, I would provide more medical information if needed. But 3rd Cir., just handed my request to the clerk office.

Before the defendant disparages me, My best friend from college is a "Yale Psychiatrist" who see a Psychiatrist, I will not be shamed for believing in mental health.

November 8, 2017, at 3:48pm I walk into my Psychiatrist's office for our normal appointment and immediately fainted. My medical doctor and psychiatrist were warning me for months that I was on the edge--mental break. " my DR said *"you have just jumped off the cliff, you are swirling"* I told him, "I have to finish my LASC court case, I had to work on my request for accommodations. I have been working on it for a month with little to no sleep, no food just working on this accommodation request. I told the doctor, The Federal Courts, *"always ignore my two-page reasonable accommodation request, so I have to write a detailed request. It is causing me not to eat, sleep and my fainting spells are increased since the Court started*

discriminating against me again." DR said, *"I been warning you for awhile you are headed off the cliff"* *"you are NOW off the cliff, you need to prioritize your health."* *"I am tired of being treated like a Second Class American; I must finish my accommodation request I am almost done, I am just editing down and fixing grammar mistakes. I CAN NOT GO TO THE EMERGENCY ROOM"* My doctor started getting MAD, *"you are not listening to me"* *"You need to go to the ER"* He started listing a bunch of medical problems I could have. He said, *"the medication you are on does not make you dizzy or faint, so you need to find out why."* I told him, *"I can not go to the Emergency Room every time I faint!"* He said, *YOU ARE NOT LISTENING! YOU ARE GOING TO BURN BRIDGES WITH ME....DO YOU WANT TO BURN A BRIDGE?"* I started crying, *"you are not listening to me, I can not go to the ER, The Court will take away my Civil Rights! They are looking for any reason to throughout my case out! The Federal Courts make up reasons to throughout my case."* My doctor was outraged, DR said, *"it is my medical advice you are going to the Emergency Room. "Do not burn a bridge!"* I said, *"I will die trying to enforce my rights, like my Great Uncle did when the KKK lynch him for trying to enforce his rights."* *"I am tired of being treated as a second-class American and having the court abuse me."* DR, *"Your Health is more important! ME: "You are NOT hearing me! I have to protect my rights or nobody well! nobody cares, and you are fired!"* That is when the nurse wheeled me away. The director of the clinic started trying to convince me to go to the Emergency Room. After an hour, the staff finally gave up and had me sign a release.

November 8, 2017, at 3:48 pm is indisputable proof my disability has taken over my mind, and I am not making good decisions. I should have gone to the Emergency Room, I should have put my health first, I should NOT have fired my doctor who was just trying to help. I can no longer

work this hard to fight LSAC's four ivy league lawyers with their big-time law firm's support staff. My learning disability already makes it hard to communicate, but now my physical and mental disability have me falling off a cliff, my doctors warned me would happen for months. I wrote to the 3rd Circuit, and explain why I need a reasonable accommodation request to be appointed a lawyer for this emergency petition of writ and provide medical information from my doctor. The 3rd Circuit denied my request for accommodation. I look back; the court wanted me to write a brief when I was not in my right mind due to judicial abuse. *This abuse is not new to me, the DC District Court* force me to write pleadings for my severely disabled sister's case **high on medication after surgery in my hospital bed** but never a **Circuit Court**.

On November 30, 2017, the court revised their order only after I filed the *clerk's order/letter* clearly violating Title II of ADA and the motion the Court order me to write to receive accommodation on Nov 29, 2017. I thought finally, the 3rd Circuit is going to stop violating, I was wrong, the 3rd Circuit just implemented "DD" "delay and distort." Denying my reasonable accommodation request by undue time. According to the 2016 revision of Title II of the ADA, accommodation request must be granted or denied within 30 days, it been over four months. The 2018 school year is lost, due to the 3rd Circuit's violations of the revised 2016 title II of ADA "timely" granting or denying the accommodation request.

On March 23, 2018, the 3rd Circuit **informally denied** my reasonable accommodation request by an **unreasonable and undue delay** which cost me another school year. I filed this complaint in June 2016. The lower court placed a formidable barrier after formidable barrier denying my right to basic access to the court. I am still at the complaint stage of the case with no pre-discovery or regular discovery. My evidence is deteriorating due to the District Court is

forcing me accept a "watered down" version of "justice." To stop the District Court from costing me another school year, I requested a protective order to be allowed to take the LSAT on December 2, 2017, with accommodations. I knew the 3rd Circuit would not rule on my request before the December 2, 2017, deadline. But according to title II of the ADA, the 3rd Circuit is required to response to reasonable accommodation request to act "in a timely manner." **The 3rd Circuit has "effectively denied" the reasonable accommodation request by undue delay.** The 3rd Circuit undue delay cost me access to the February 2018 LSAT testing date and therefore, cost me another school year. The LSAC had discriminated against me for ten years denying me access to the LSAT which means denying me access to law school. In the last ten years, the ADA has been revised six times. Each time, it is revised to stop people like the LSAC, (and the federal court) from discriminating against the poor and the disabled who can not afford to take an expensive \$5,000 test to receive accommodations. I received accommodation all my life. Before the rich start using it to cut in line a Disney or bring their untrained dog on an airplane. Dec 19, 2015 at 6:30pm, I just had surgery and was wheeled onto an airplane. I was attacked by an untrained emotional support dog. I could not walk away. I sat there and was attacked by a rich person's dog abusing reasonable accommodation laws. Rich people are freely given access to "reasonable accommodation." But poor disabled people who rely on these accommodations to live a full life are denied because we are too poor to enforce our rights. Accommodations are essentially "leveling the playing field." These accommodations are to allow people with disabilities equal access to LSAT and the Courthouse. When I had money, I received accommodations freely for 30 years without barriers before the LSAC, and the Court denied me basic access. I live in the same neighborhood as Justice Sonia Sotomayor, I see her all

the time, but I am invisible. I walk by the Supreme Court, the Capital, and the White House, symbols of justice, but yet, justice so far away due to institutionalized ableism.

THE OUTCOME OF INSTITUTIONALIZED ABLEISM, RACISM, AND SEXISM

(Before the defendant blames the victim, I must start by saying that no one in my immediate family, drinks, smokes or does drugs.)

In November 2007, I was sexually assaulted by a security guard at 40/40 club in Atlantic City. I called 911 three times. On the 911 calls, you can hear me screaming because the manager would not let me go without signing a release. Four to six police cars arrived. One of the police officers, Andre Corbin immediately started fist bumping my attackers. I tried to explain what happened. But the police refused to take my report and threatened to arrest me if I did not sign the blank release form. Outrageous! I began, telling the police that I am from Connecticut and that I know my rights. When I started explaining the law to the cop, he pulled out his handcuffs to arrest me. I had my severely disabled sister next to me. She would not be able to make it to the hotel on her own due to her disability. I was forced to sign the release form, and the cops refused to arrest the security guard who sexually assaulted me or the manager who refused to let me leave the club. I immediately reported what happened to 911. The next day I called the sheriff and internal affairs. A week later, I wrote to the Justice Department and followed up on my letters to the sheriff and internal affairs department.

In March of 2008, the sheriff wrote back, "**It never happened.**" Outraged, I wrote a follow-up letter to the Justice Department and included the Sheriff's official statement.

In May of 2008, Justice Department wrote back, "we receive your numerous letters" "**your complaint is not serious enough.**" So I thought to myself, helping a sexual assault victim get

justice is not a serious matter? Is it also not serious that the police officers who I thought were supposed to protect me instead helped my abusers?

On this day, I vowed never to have my rights stolen from me again and applied to take the LSAT.

In 2009, the Atlantic City Police and 40/40 club were exposed by a woman who could afford access to justice. How many women could have been saved from sexual assault if the police and Justice Department did their job.

In 2015, Andre Corbin, the police officer who fist-bumped my attacker was arrested for raping teenagers in his police car from **2013- 2015**.

I sent a warning to the Justice Department in 2007 about the police department cover-up sexual assault and the Justice Department did not care. I still have the original letter from the Justice Department. I keep it to remind me that I have to fight for my rights every day and never be a victim of police abuse again. I applied to law school to stop the institutional abuse towards disabled women. *According to the Arc*, people with disabilities are the most raped and murdered minority. Nobody hears our voice because we have no representation in Congress, there are no intellectually disabled congresspersons, there are no intellectually disabled Judges. The 3rd Circuit made it very clear people with intellectual disability does not matter. Last week, "March 1st" was "National **filicide day**" – disabled people murdered by their family members or caregivers. No news about FILICIDE, we are dying and nobody cares, we are raped and nobody cares, our rights are stolen and nobody cares.

In November of 2008, the LSAC refused to allow me testing with accommodation. I have *never* taken a test from elementary school to college without accommodations. I was allowed

accommodations with all my professional standardized license test, 1) life and health insurance license(1999), 2) stock broker license(2000), 3) real estate license(2007). I received accommodation before it became a trend for rich people to bring the dogs on airplanes. Occurring to the LSAC and the Federal Courts' actions, reasonable accommodations are not for poor disabled people like me, who are born with an inherited disability that affects all members of her family. This access is only given to those who can afford to pay additional \$5,000-\$8,000 to take the LSAT with accommodations.

In June of 2011, a new landlord, Equity Residential Management took ownership of my severely disabled sister's apartment. They started charging rent that surpassed what was in the rental agreement amount. Equity Residential Management filed false documents declaring her unit was not a government subsidized unit. Filed false documents, declaring she was not paying rent. I provided Equity Residential Management lawyer with the indisputable proof she was not in default, and her unit was subsidized. (I record the phone call) Despite the fact, I provided Equity Residential Management proof. Equity Residential Management continued to use their false narrative that her unit was not subsidized and she was delinquent in rent. Equity Residential Management clearly committed perjury by providing the court with false pleadings, knowing it was false still proceeded to harm my sister because she is a person with disabilities and the new landlord did not want her kind in the building. Large apartment owner like, *Equity Residential Management, Kushner family* routinely lies by filing a deliberate false declaration about subsidized units. More too often court blindly believing the lawyer who files these false declarations due to Judicial bias. I filed a complaint in **July 2011**, Fair Housing and ADA in the Maryland District Court. Chief Judge Deborah K. Chasanow denied access to the court and

dismissed the complaint for *"failure to exhaust all administrative remedies"* a rule that only applies to employment discrimination, not Fair Housing or ADA. Also, the defendant did not argue "failure to exhaust all administrative remedies." Chief Judge Chasanow made up laws that do not apply to deny access to the Court due to my sister disability. - **The 4th Circuit Court confirmed this abuse.** My sister was evicted for enforcing her right. In violations of Retaliation Act, Fair housing, and ADA. But the Federal Court does not see us because they deem us, second-class citizens.

In November of 2014, a class action was brought against Equity Residential Management for charging rent over the rental agreement amount. The case was quickly settled in **2015**. There would be fewer victims if the Federal Court allowed me access to stop Equity Residential Management scam? This case proves the Federal Court only allows people who can afford lawyers access will those who cannot afford lawyers are victims of corporations who preys on the vulnerable class not being able to afford access to justice.

2012, A Connecticut lawyer left me a threatening voicemail because I provided the Judge with proof that the lawyer was not following the rules. The Judge placed the lawyer in contempt., the lawyer threatens me on voicemail. Lawyers threaten me all the time, but none of them was dumb enough to threaten me on voicemail. I immediately reported the lawyer to the bar association and the bar association sanctioned him, but most of the time the bar association ignores attorneys abuse of self-represented litigants but the Bar could not ignore a tape.

CONFIRMED BY THE DC CIR., IN DECEMBER 2016, 14-7144

June 9, 2013, My sister was threatened with an illegal eviction by District of Columbia Housing Authority, (DCHA) without a court order.

July 11, 2013, I filed a Complaint and Emergency Protective Order detailing the foreseeable danger. Reasonable accommodation request to appoint my severely disabled sister who can not read or write a lawyer.

July 11, 2013- August 28, 2013, DC District Court ignored all of our pleadings. Even the Emergency Protective Order and all three of my certified letters to the Chief Judge begging for access.

July 18, 2013, My sister was in foreseeable danger, DC District Court refused to rule on the emergency motion. The landlord's agent physical attack my disabled sister, I called the police, and the police refuse to enforce my landlord/tenants rights due to my status as disabled African American female.

July 19, 2013, I filed an internal affairs department complaint, Office of Police Complaints, and a Federal civil right complaint against the DC police for failure to enforce my sister landlord/tenants rights due to my status as disabled African American female and another color of law violations.

Sept 20, 2013, at 2 pm, interview and investigation with Rebecca M. Beyer with the Office of Police Complaints.

May 15, 2015, I filed a Freedom of Information Act... for information that Judge Leon denied me access to due to judicial abuse.

June 29, 2015, the FOIA's verdict **"it never happen"** we have no record of the incident, despite me filing a timely, 1) formal internal affairs complaint, 2) an Office of Police complaint and 3) a federal lawsuit.

December 19, 2016, Washington Post reporter exposed the Metro DC police failure to enforce African Americans rights compared to Whites living in the District of Columbia.

August 28, 2013, DC District Court denied my sister reasonable accommodation under title II of ADA despite my sister being unable to read or write and has a mind of a child. Then to make matters worse, Judge Richard J. Leon, filed my sister medical records. The medical records were given to the court to facilitate the accommodation request and were never attended for the Court to file into public records. Three years of writing to the Chief Judge, filing motion to remove the medical, filing petition of writ mandamus with the DC Circuit, Judicial Misconduct.

The DC Circuit appointed a lawyer, for the appeal: the **medical records were retracted within 48 hours** on May 25, 2016. Twenty years ago at Howard University, The nature of my disability was never disclosed to the instructor without my permission. The ADA was revised six times, getting stronger each time, to protect privacy and to prevent Judges from filing medical records (given to the court for accommodation purpose only) into the public records. The DC District Court filed a detailed doctor's report, and the 3rd Circuit forced me to file a motion with details of my medical information, knowing I will be forced to provide less information because it is now public. Both accommodations were denied. Both examples are violations of Title II of the ADA. These violations would never occur if I could afford a lawyer.

October 6, 2014, and **October 9, 2014, APPENDIX B**, two different self- represented litigants, filed Judicial Misconduct complaint about Judge Richard J. Leon, denying access to the court by undue delay for failure to rule on motions for over two years. My complaint, Judge Leon refused to rule on "defendants' motion to dismiss" stalling my case for 18 months. Ms. Smith, Judge Leon refused to rule on "defendants' motion to dismiss" stalling her case for two years. Both

women are African American. Both women are poor. Both women filed a Civil Right action against a DC government agency. Chief Judge Garland ruled we did not cite a pattern of discrimination happening to other pro se or African American women being denied due process by Judge Leon. Both cases were denied in summary with prejudice without discover or any meaningful access to the court. Chief Judge Garland dismiss our plea for help three days apart. Chief Judge Garland was complicit in Judge Leon's judicial abuse. This abuse is normal for the "voiceless." The Court uses the practice of not ruling on "defendants' motion to dismiss" to stall complaints for years to make an appearance of due process to the outside world. It looks like the case been in the court system for years, but it really do not have any access and this practice causes irreparable harm to the self-represented litigants' complaints by the derivation of time destroying evidence.

In 2015, I filed a second, complaint, Judicial Misconduct Complaint against Judge Richard J. Leon. This time I included Ms. Smith abuse suffered by Judge Leon to illustrate a pattern of Judicial abuse on African American, poor self-represented litigants. I used the legal phrase "Lazy Judge" to describe the abuse of stalling my complaint for two years without any access to the court. Judge Merrick Garland belittled me for suggesting Judge Leon was a "lazy judge" and claim *"maybe he did not have time to rule."* Note: I filed a motion for Judge Leon to recuse himself or transfer the case to a Magistrate Judge, but Judge Leon refused to recuse himself. Judge Leon's undue delay in ruling on motions created uncertainty of being evicted at any time due to DCHA's refusal to accommodate my sister's reasonable accommodation request for a living aid despite her doctors stating *"without this reasonable accommodation will cause life threaten harm"* to my sister. After Judge Garland ruling, I filed a writ of certiorari to the

Supreme Court, Judge Garland intercept the writ of certiorari and declared, “he already ruled on this matter.” I am not a lawyer; maybe I should have taken the appeal personally to the Supreme Court and not relied on the DC Circuit Court to transfer it to the Supreme Court. However, I did not know how to properly appeal to the Supreme Court, but I did know what Chief Judge Merrick Garland and Judge Richard J. Leon are doing is wrong.

February 28, 2014, Justice, vs. Water Down Justice: I found out why, the District Court did not allow rule on my emergency protective order ..when my sister was in imminent, foreseeable danger. According to email from the DC District Court head clerk’s office. Rich people who can afford to pay the \$400 filing fee have access to emergency protective orders. While poor people who file a fee waiver are not allowed access to emergency protective order and the poor must wait eight weeks before a Judge looks at your complaint. **APPENDIX E** - A clear violation of the equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. The Court is very *open* with it abuse because they know poor people are invisible along with our rights.

September 2013, Judge Leon allowed DCHA to file additional medical records given to DCHA for accommodation purpose only.

March 29, 2015, writing pleadings from hospital bed high on medication after surgery for my severely disabled sister.

August 2015, without any access to the court or discovery, Judge Leon dismiss our Complaint with Prejudice for Lack of Jurisdiction. We appealed.

September 2015, DC District Court claimed they never received our notice of appeal. Despite the fact, I paid the USPS for certified mail to prove the DC District Court received the notice of appeal on time. The Court still denied us access for another year.

October 26, 2015, DC District Court filed both my sister and I fee waivers as part of our complaint. Then the District Court claimed they never received our fee waiver. Our fee waiver is still apart of the docket to this day March 26, 2018. Despite the many motions and complaints.

May 20, 2016, appointed a friend of the court, medical records were retracted within days.

May 24 2016, Appointed Georgetown Law Clinic, the student was horrified at the abuse I suffered under Judge Leon. The law student repeatedly asked their teacher how Judge Leon could do this? The teacher could not answer her; I told the student, this abuse is what self-represented litigants face every day trying to enforce our rights.

December 6, 2016, Hearing date, the student who worked on my case graduated but flew back to DC to attend the hearing. It was winter break, but Georgetown law students pack the courtroom because word spread about the systemic oppression I face for three years just trying to protect my severely disabled sister.

December 6, 2016, the DC Circuit Court found the Judge Richard J. Leon made gross abuse of discretion and numerous errors and reversed and remanded the case back to the lower court, however, the court failed to remove Judge Leon as the Judge despite his extreme abuse of his judicial power. 14-7144 (D.C. Cir. 2016)

April 2017, Mandatory Settlement Conference, DCHA used Judge Leon bias as a weapon to force us to settle the case and sign an NDA, or the lawyer would degrade, attack, abuse, and belittle my severely disabled sister who should be treated as a child. DCHA lawyers, threaten to claim my sister was not disabled at all, and they were going to evict her if she did not settle. DCHA lawyers even made a fraudulent medical report claiming it was from my sister doctor. My sister Doctor said, she nor anyone in her practice send DCHA any information that would reverse

her early findings of being in need of accommodation. My sister's doctor stated to our lawyer, she would **testify** in Court she never rescind her original detail diagnosis. The fake medical report was signed by a DCHA agent WHO DID NOT WORK at DCHA's office of ADA accommodations in September 2013. DCHA in the three years of litigation never mention they had a written letter from my sister doctor only a phone call. I believe DCHA lawyers new someone in the DCHA's office created a fake medical report to cover up their negligence. I believe DCHA's lawyers knew the document was falsified...that why they never brought it up in court. After three years of litigation DCHA only mentation this falsified document in a *Confidential Settlement Conference*. The lawyer would never pass this falsified medical report in court but use it to bully us into settling. If DCHA's lawyers were crazy enough to pass a bogus medical report they would do anything to hurt my sister; therefore I force my sister to settle against her will to protect her for DCHA's threats. This is what lack of discovery and meaningful access to the Court does to poor, disabled people complaints.

These are only a few examples of systematic judicial abuse I have personal experience in the Federal Civil Justice System. I was only trying to enforce my sister rights and Judge Leon, and the federal court placed "formidable barrier" after "formidable barrier" that caused me to developing post-traumatic stress due to judicial abuse according to my doctors. I became fearful of going outside and started screaming in the middle of the night.

THE PAIN INSTITUTIONALIZED ABLEISM, RACISM, AND SEXISM HAVE ON THE VICTIM

August 2013, I started having night terrors and grinding my teeth.

December 2013, I started gaining weight and my beautiful long thick hair started falling out.

July 26, 2014, My two sisters and I was in a luxury hotel in Atlanta, I started screaming (death

curdling) screams, “Leon” (after Judge Leon who was raping my rights). Hotel security quickly came to my door because they thought someone name “Leon” was beating me. I told security that I suffer from night terrors. They searched my room to make sure that I was not hiding “Leon” who they believed was beating me.

On March 30, 2015, following surgery, I warned my nurse that I suffer from night terrors.

On December 8, 2015, second surgery, screaming in my sleep. The nurse aide came in and saw blood all over me- she screamed. She thought I was dead. The IV came out, blood poured everywhere and I would not wake up. Once again, I had to explain about Judge Leon abuse.

February 2016, I started developing agoraphobia. If the Court was not going to enforce my right, and the cops not going to enforce my rights. I am not safe.

January 2017, I started hurting myself while writing court pleadings. My doctor said I was transferring pain. Battling the LSAC’s abuse and the Federal Court’s abuse was destroy my life.

February 9, 2018, Tatiana Vedentsova died due to judicial abuse, I tried to warn the Federal Court, I tried to warn my Senator, but my voice is voiceless due to my second-class status. My Senator is too busy with Trump to care about his own Connecticut constituents who are still in imminent harm as of March 26, 2018.

March 15, 2018, due to posttraumatic judicial stress, my medical doctor order house calls.

I am a disabled American who is forced to act as my disabled brother and sister's lawyer so their rights would not be forfeited. I wrote a reasonable accommodation request for myself, my brother and my sister to be appointed a lawyer, but all the requests was denied despite the this are serious civil right cases and the fact that my sister cannot read or write due to her disability. The Judges thinks, doctor's opinion on receiving accommodations does not matter.

How can someone have a disability, which causes her not to be able to read or write at all, is not a reason to be appointed a lawyer in a civil right enforcement case? My story of abuse is confirmed by the "DC Circuit Court" who details the many reasons Judge Richard J. Leon raped by rights away, including filing personal private medical records I gave the court for reasonable accommodation. The Court public filed personal financial fee waivers into the docket. Judge Richard J. Leon acted as the defendant's lawyers by ordering a summary dismissal with prejudice for lack of jurisdiction on the grounds that the defendant's lawyers had not argued. Judge Richard J. Leon's Judicial Abuse destroyed my life. However, Connecticut Chief Judge Janet Hall judicial abuse caused the foreseeable death of Tatiana Vedentsova. Again acting has my brother lawyer; I warned both the Federal Court and the City of Hartford that their abusive actions would discourage others from filing OSHA complaints in the future, costing Connecticut citizen lives. But the Court repeatedly ignored my warnings. As a result, Tatiana Vedentsova's life was cut short. My brother did everything right. He saw something; he said something. My brother's boss told him— *"to shut up and get back to work"* He persisted, he took pictures, he email me the photos, he showed his boss the pictures. Once again, he was told *"to shut up and get back to work."* My brother was voiceless, so I filed an OSHA complaint online for my brother, submitted the pictures to OSHA, thinking they'd protect my brother identity. Nope! OSHA acted immediately because people's lives were in danger. Brother was called a troublemaker; the harassment was out of control. He felt like my boss was trying to force me to quit, so I begged OSHA to help my brother. They told him to file a report with the Labor Department, but the Labor Department did nothing to stop the harassment. I felt sick; I put my brother livelihood in danger because I believed in my government. I believed we were Americans and *not* second

class Americans. My brother said he made a mistake; he should have never filed an OSHA complaint. He saved lives, (it would have been an explosion killing many, I still have the pictures) but our government failed to protect him from the City of Hartford agents who were abusing him for being a snitch. And yet, after 20 years of working for the City of Hartford without a single incident report, He was label as a troublemaker and fired. Here I thought that the United States Government wanted people to report illegal actions. Judging by the behavior of the City of Hartford and the Federal Court, I thought wrong.

It took my brother a long time to find a **new job**. There, he witnessed MORE danger. What does he do? Tell and lose another Job or work in ***hazardous working conditions***. I wrote to the Court in my brother's pleadings: *"their judicial abuse is discouraging me (Curtis) to file an OSHA complaint with my NEW job Windsor Sanitation"* I warned the Court in great detail of the foreseeable danger. But the Court treated me like a second-class citizen and dismissed my complaint without even bothering to serve it to the defendant. **On December 27, 2017**, I tried to figure out a way to report immediate danger without getting my brother fired. So I wrote to **Senator Blumenthal**, who serves on the Judiciary Committee, It is his duty to oversee the Federal Courts. It his duty to protect Connecticut constituents from immediate harm. I wrote a letter/email for a meeting in before Connecticut January 8, 2018 or after in DC. I explained the Court denied my brother basic access. How this is an immediate danger to Connecticut citizens' lives because it is discouraging people who work for the City of Hartford from reporting hazards to OSHA. These are direct quotes from my former coworkers: My boss is saying, "Did you see what happened to Curtis? That can happen to you." "You like your job?" I wrote to Senator Blumenthal *(in my brother's voice,)* - *"The lack of Justice is preventing me from filing an OSHA*

complaint in my new job. It is foreseeable that people will die due to my new boss cutting corners to save money, but I have learned my lesson — I will never report hazardous working conditions again.” “After being homeless and unemployed, I finally got a job working with big trucks, which can be dangerous if not maintained properly. I am working in a hazardous environment that may cause harm to other citizens in Hartford. But I learned my lesson; I will never file an OSHA complaint again. If people die, it will be the fault of the Chief Judge Janet Hall and the City of Hartford. I did my civic duty and reported danger. The City of Hartford and the Federal Court spat on me.”

Four weeks after writing to Senator Blumenthal, Tatiana Vedentsova died. To this day, Senator Blumenthal’s team has never gotten in touch with me to advise me on how to report a hazard without getting fired. It made my brother sick that Tatiana Vedentsova’s death was preventable and that this Court and the City of Hartford punished the whistleblower. My brother gave his current job two-weeks notice; **“I cannot watch another death.”** Why do we care about saving Connecticut resident lives more than the people who are paid to care?

This is a human rights problem. The Federal Civil Courts has a history of disproportionately denying the rights of people with disabilities. Everyday Americans who are too poor to hire a lawyer are being deprived of justice. The CT District Court caused Tatiana Vedentsova's death by denying my brother equal access to the Court. 16-3074 (2d Cir. 2018) The 2nd Circuit Court confirmed the Judicial abuse of Chief Judge Janet Hall on January 12, 2018, and reversed and remanded all federal claims and ruled Chief Judge Hall was taking the role as the defendant lawyer denying fundamental due process rights. I won appeals in the 2nd Circuit, 4th, Circuit, and the DC Circuit Courts. I am a legal genius. Federal Courts are openly abusing

the poor pro se. I am a person with intellectual disability who have the burden of protecting my family's rights. Our disability breeds abuse from people who job is to protect us. This abuse of power, caused my mother's family to be enslaved by the same people who enslaved her ancestors since the 1800's. *(what happened to the emancipation proclamation)* My mother grew up in the same slave shack *(what happened to building code)* picking the same cotton *(what happened to children going to school)* 100 years after slavery was over. This abuse was a direct result of what happens when police and judges refuse to enforce the law. And allow people with disabilities to be taken advantage of an enslaved or refuse accommodations. The Constitution is just words on paper, if the people who have the duty to enforce these laws refuse to enforce the laws to a subgroup of Americans. This same abuse that enslaved my mother in the 1960's is happening to me in 2018. Judges must enforce laws, but racism and classism within our justice system have crippled our democracy.

We are living in a dangerous time where:

- Trump Administration is **appointing unqualified racists, and homophobic judges for life** Judgeship, where they can freely deny Constitutional Rights to the vulnerable class for the direct and proximate result of lack of Judicial Oversight.
- Trump Administration Defunded the "**Office for Access to Justice**" to make it harder for "Vulnerable Americans" to have access to Justice.

My family are victims of our inherited disability and the inherited racism that is ingrained in the DNA of America. This racism allowed powerful people, to keep African American enslaved 100 years after Slavery was over. It is because powerful Judges, Police, who have a duty to enforce my family rights from 1865-1965 took advantage of my family disabilities. This same practice is being used today. Vulnerable people lives are being destroyed, Americans are dying because

powerful people are not enforcing rights in 2018. **We are not in the Wild West**, where Judges are allowed to rewrite the laws and apply different laws to different people. Judges can't dismiss complaints on the grounds that the defendant did not argue with prejudice, in summary, dismissal. Judges can not allow defendants to file disabled people's private medical records that were given to the defendant for accommodation purposes only. Judges cannot deny access to the Court filing system under a reasonable accommodation request according to Title II of ADA; therefore, not allowing the disabled person computer to read the Court's order. (It is a free and simple request routinely denied by federal judges.) Judges cannot refuse to file motions, even after the pro se takes a picture holding the motion in front of the Courthouse. Judges cannot move a complaint filed in Hartford, CT to New Haven, CT and then move a hearing to Bridgeport, CT; therefore forcing the indigent person to pass three federal courthouses and travel 140 miles without access to transportation. (poor people do not have cars or reliable cars) Judges cannot simply deny reasonable accommodation by handing the accommodation to the clerk for disposal. But the Federal Court has done all these things much more. It is 2018, and in the United States of America, this systematic abuse needs to stop. The District Court is on the wrong side of history. Sympathizing with bias Judges who discriminate against the vulnerable class. Just like in the 1950's when my grandfather was force to flee from KKK that were made up of Judges and Police. Just like the Judges who turn a blind eye to Slavery in the 1960's a 100 years after slavery was over. Those Judges were deemed honorable in their day, and now are disgrace. Judges who complicit in the systemic discrimination of the vulnerable class will also be disgrace. What side of history are you on?

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE WRIT

This Court should grant review:

1. Poor people with disabilities are openly being denied enforcement of rights and accommodations by the federal courts across America for lack of oversight.
2. Accommodations request are being mishandled violating title II and Federal Privacy law.
3. Judicial abuse caused the death of Tatiana Vedentsova. Connecticut residents are still in imminent harm.
4. Former Chief Judge of the Seventh Circuit Richard A. Posner was forced into retirement for confirming the abuse against poor SRL trying to enforce their rights. The abuse I outline in this petition. It is not just a voiceless person saying we are being abused, It is the most respected Chief Judge in America, but Judges rather force him into retirement then address the fact Judges are destroying disabled Americans lives.

This Court should grant review of the decision below because it conflicts with decisions of this Court and other Circuits, and because Judges are undermining the very foundation of our democracy, declaring people with disabilities as second-class Americans.

CONCLUSION

For these reasons, this Court should grant the petition for certiorari.