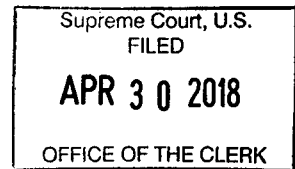


James R. Young
Federal Correctional Complex-Med.
P.O. Box 1032
Coleman, Florida 33521

17A1211



April 16, 2018

Honorable Scott S. Harris
Clerk
Supreme Court of the United States
Washington, D.C. 20543

Re: Young v. Ocasio, No. 17-7141

Letter of Aggrieved Party in accord to Rule 30.4

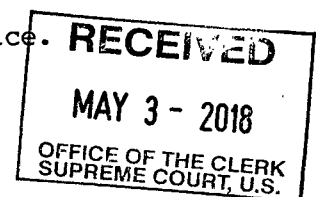
Dear Mr. Harris:

The petition for a writ of certiorari in the above-captioned case was filed on December 1, 2017. The response of the United States is now due, after four extensions, on May 18, 2018. I, however, as the Petitioner, [and as an aggrieved party], respectfully request under Rule 30.4 of the Rules of this Court, that the Solicitor General's most recent request for extension - [See attached] - "be submitted to a Justice [Justice Clarence Thomas is for the Eleventh Circuit] or to the Court" for it's review.

Rule 30.4 - states "The Clerk will report action under this paragraph to the Court".

In support of this request, there are 'exceptional circumstances' involved in this case that are simply the fact that Petitioner Young has completed his 10 year statutory maximum sentence for his § 922(g) conviction in this case, and will be entitled to emergency release if this Court were to grant his Petition for Writ of Certiorari.

Therefore, in this effort of Petition, Petitioner requests that this Court apply it's authority appropriated under it's Rule 36(3)(a), as it is applicable in this case, or that this Court or a Justice ask that the government now move in this case to avoid any further irreparable miscarriage of Justice.



Petitioner, due to a Supreme Court statutory interpretation and a change in law, does not qualify as an ACCA offender and is now serving days in prison, due to the now void unconstitutional residual clause, that have now superceded [by a period of three (3) years], his statutory 10 year maximum for the § 922(g) conviction in his case. He is, thus, likely to succeed on the merits of his case, and is likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief.

The Warden nor his Counsel have in any way attempted to refute any of the above mentioned facts, but have, however, only requested ongoing cycles of extensions without Petitioner's acknowledgment in accordance to Rule 30.4, which could ultimately continue indefinitely and effectively render the power of habeas corpus meaningless. Petitioner's "immediate custody" and "liberty interest", thus, are at issue.

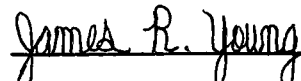
Petitioner, therefore, again requests to at least be allowed at liberty by this Court while this endless cycle of extensions continues, or that this Court request that the Solicitor General now file it's due response, [due solely to the nature of the relief requested], so that Petitioner doesn't have to languish in prison without the application of a statute.

Wherefore, based on all the facts herein and above, Petitioner requests that the Clerk present this matter "to a Justice or to the Court" in accordance to Rule 30.4.

Because Petitioner is an incarcerated federal prisoner proceeding pro se, Petitioner is also requesting a liberal review by the Court or the Justice conducting the review in this matter.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: April 16, 2018


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