No. _____

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

DWAYNE LAMONICA FORD,

Petitioner,

v.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

APPENDIX

/s/ Maria Gabriela Vega

JASON HAWKINS Federal Public Defender Northern District of Texas TX State Bar No. 00759763 525 Griffin Street, Suite 629 Dallas, TX 75202 (214) 767-2746 (214) 767-2886 Fax MARIA GABRIELA VEGA ** Assistant Federal Public Defender Northern District of Texas TX State Bar No. 24084014 525 Griffin Street, Suite 629 Dallas, TX 75202 (214) 767-2746 (214) 767-2886

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- Appendix A Opinion of Fifth Circuit, CA No. 24-10735, United States v. Ford, 2025 WL 973176 (5th Cir. Apr. 1, 2025)(unpublished).
- Appendix B Judgment and Sentence of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, entered August 12, 2024. *United States v. Ford*, Dist. Court 4:24-CR-062-P.

APPENDIX A

United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit

No. 24-10735 Summary Calendar United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

April 1, 2025

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Lyle W. Cayce Clerk

Plaintiff—Appellee,

versus

DWAYNE LAMONICA FORD,

Defendant—Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas USDC No. 4:24-CR-62-1

Before KING, SOUTHWICK, and ENGELHARDT, *Circuit Judges*. PER CURIAM:^{*}

Dwayne Lamonica Ford pleaded guilty to possession of a firearm after felony conviction, and he was sentenced to 10 months of imprisonment. He now raises three challenges to 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1). First, for the first time on appeal, he asserts that the district court erred by accepting his guilty plea because the jurisdictional element of § 922(g)(1) requires more than past

^{*} This opinion is not designated for publication. See 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.

No. 24-10735

interstate travel at an indeterminate time. Second, he renews his assertion that the statute exceeds Congress's authority under the Commerce Clause. Finally, he renews his argument that § 922(g)(1) is facially unconstitutional under the Second Amendment based on *New York State Rifle & Pistol Ass'n*, *Inc. v. Bruen*, 597 U.S. 1 (2022). The Government has moved without opposition for summary affirmance or, alternatively, for an extension of time to file its brief.

Ford correctly concedes that his arguments are foreclosed. *See United States v. Perryman*, 965 F.3d 424, 426 (5th Cir. 2020); *United States v. Diaz*, 116 F.4th 458, 471-42 (5th Cir. 2024), *petition for cert. filed* (U.S. Feb. 24, 2025) (24-6625). Because the Government's position "is clearly right as a matter of law so that there can be no substantial question as to the outcome of the case," summary affirmance is appropriate. *Groendyke Transp., Inc. v. Davis*, 406 F.2d 1158, 1162 (5th Cir. 1969).

Accordingly, the motion for summary affirmance is GRANTED, and the judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED. The Government's alternative motion for an extension of time is DENIED. APPENDIX B

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS Fort Worth Division

UNITED STATES OF AMERICAJUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASEv.Case Number: 4:24-CR-00062-P(01)U.S. Marshal's No.: 94907-510U.S. Marshal's No.: 94907-510DWAYNE LAMONICA FORDFrank Gatto for Justin Beck, Assistant U.S. Attorney
Michael Lehmann, Attorney for the Defendant

On April 17, 2024 the defendant, DWAYNE LAMONICA FORD, entered a plea of guilty as to Count One of the Indictment filed on March 13, 2024. Accordingly, the defendant is adjudged guilty of such Count, which involves the following offense:

Title & Section	Nature of Offense	Offense Ended	<u>Count</u>
18 U.S.C. §§ 922(g)(l) and 924(e)(l)	Possession of a Firearm by a Convicted Felon	5/18/2023	One

The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 5 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to Title 18, United States Code § 3553(a), taking the guidelines issued by the United States Sentencing Commission pursuant to Title 28, United States Code § 994(a)(1), as advisory only.

The defendant shall pay immediately a special assessment of \$100.00 as to Count One of the Indictment filed on March 13, 2024.

The defendant shall notify the United States Attorney for this district within thirty days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid.

Sentence imposed August 9, 2024.

MARK T. PITTMAN U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE

Signed August 12, 2024.

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant, DWAYNE LAMONICA FORD, is hereby committed to the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) to be imprisoned for a term of **Ten (10) months** as to Count One of the Indictment filed on March 13, 2024.

The Court recommends to the Bureau of Prisons that the defendant be incarcerated at the FMC Fort Worth facility, if possible.

The defendant is Ordered to self-surrender to the designated Bureau of Prisons facility on or before 2:00p.m. on Tuesday, September 10, 2024.

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be placed on supervised release for a term of **Two** (2) years as to Count One of the Indictment filed on March 13, 2024.

While on supervised release, in compliance with the standard conditions of supervision adopted by the United States Sentencing Commission, the defendant shall:

- 1) The defendant shall report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where he or she is authorized to reside within 72 hours of release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs the defendant to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame;
- 2) After initially reporting to the probation office, the defendant will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when to report to the probation officer, and the defendant shall report to the probation officer as instructed;
- 3) The defendant shall not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where he or she is authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer;
- 4) The defendant shall answer truthfully the questions asked by the probation officer;
- 5) The defendant shall live at a place approved by the probation officer. If the defendant plans to change where he or she lives or anything about his or her living arrangements (such as the people the defendant lives with), the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change;
- 6) The defendant shall allow the probation officer to visit the defendant at any time at his or her home or elsewhere, and the defendant shall permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of the defendant's supervision that he or she observed in plain view;

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- 7) The defendant shall work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation excuses the defendant from doing so. If the defendant does not have full-time employment, he or she shall try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses the defendant from doing so. If the defendant plans to change where the defendant works or anything about his or her employment (such as the position or the job responsibilities), the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change;
- 8) The defendant shall not communicate or interact with someone the defendant knows is engaged in criminal activity. If the defendant knows someone has been convicted of a felony, the defendant shall not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer;
- 9) If the defendant is arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, the defendant shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours;
- 10) The defendant shall not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person, such as nunchakus or tasers);
- 11) The defendant shall not act or make an agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court;
- 12) If the probation officer determines that the defendant poses a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may require the defendant to notify the person about the risk and the defendant shall comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that the defendant has notified the person about the risk; and,
- 13) The defendant shall follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

In addition the defendant shall:

not commit another federal, state, or local crime;

not possess illegal controlled substances;

not possess a firearm, destructive device, or other dangerous weapon;

cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the U.S. probation officer;

submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court;

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pay the assessment imposed in accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 3013; and,

participate in an outpatient program approved by the probation officer for treatment of narcotic or drug or alcohol dependency that will include testing for the detection of substance use, abstaining from the use of alcohol and all other intoxicants during and after completion of treatment, contributing to the costs of services rendered (copayment) at the rate of at least \$25 per month.

FINE/RESTITUTION

The Court does not order a fine or costs of incarceration because the defendant does not have the financial resources or future earning capacity to pay a fine or costs of incarceration.

Restitution is not ordered because there is no victim other than society at large.

RETURN

I have executed this judgment as follows:

Defendant delivered on ______ to _____

at _____, with a certified copy of this judgment.

United States Marshal

BY Deputy Marshal

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