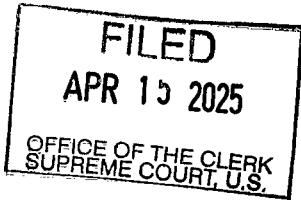


No. USA 11 24-10769 11/24-70
24-7512

ORIGINAL

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES



In Re Walter Drummond — PETITIONER
(Your Name)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Walter Drummond
(Your Name)
unlawfully detained @ Taylor Correctional Institution Annex
8501 Hampton Springs Road
(Address)

Perry, Florida, 32348
(City, State, Zip Code)

N/A
(Phone Number)

QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

IT IS EVIDENT, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, THAT THE RESPONDENTS HAD, AT THE TIME OF THE PETITIONERS' UNLAWFUL ARREST, AN ILLEGAL MIRANDA, CALLED "THE BROWARD COUNTY SHERIFFS OFFICE (BSO) MIRANDA" FROM, AT LEAST;

"March 2001" (West v. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS), MADAM/SIR JUSTICE) 876 So.2d 614; &@ 615 until "May 26, 2004" (President v. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS), 884 So.2d 126; &@ 127; AND, WHERE IT WAS LAWED BY THE 4TH DCA OF FLORIDA; "Nowhere does the form advise of right to have a lawyer present during questioning"; "We agree and reverse"; AND DID SO, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE; "because the Miranda Warning received failed to inform him that he had a right to have an attorney present during questioning (Roberts v. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS), 874 So.2d 1225; &@ 1226)). MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, WITH THE FACTS, ① OF "BASED ON ROBERTS", "sub nomine", State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS) v. Weiss, 935 So.2d 110; &@ 115: "the trial court granted the renewed motion Based on Roberts", AND ② MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, NUMEROUS OTHER CASES GOT OVERTURNED, DUE TO "THE preprinted form that the BSO provides to its officers, The form states as follows:

You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can be used against you in a court of law. You have the right to talk to a lawyer and have the lawyer present before any questioning. If you cannot afford a lawyer, one will be appointed to represent you before any questioning, if you wish.
(MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, NOWHERE DOES THE FORM ADVISE OF RIGHT TO HAVE AN ATTORNEY PRESENT DURING QUESTIONING)" (PRESIDENT, 10@127), SHOULDN'T, PER U.S.C.A 14, SEC. 1, IN WHICH SO LAWS: "No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of the United States", THE PETITIONER ALSO BE ENTITLED TO THE STATE (RESPONDENTS), ENFORCED "Based on Roberts" LAW, IN WHICH MINDLESSLY GRANTED THE "RENEWED MOTION" (STATE (WEISS) @115) AND VACATED ITS PREVIOUS ORDER DUE TO THE SAME, AT TIME, ILLEGAL RESPONDENT MIRANDA?

2. MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, SHOULDN'T THE PETITIONER BE INCLUDED IN State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS) v. West, President, & Roberts (FRANKLIN WASN'T INCLUDED THIS TIME EITHER BY THE RESPONDENTS), 892 So.2d 1014 (Fla. 2005) ON THE BASIS OF THE, AT TIME, PRESCRIBED, ILLEGAL MIRANDA BY THE RESPONDENTS? IF NOT, THEN WHAT CONSTITUTES West, President, & Roberts together AS "RESPONDENTS" OTHER THEN THIS, AT TIME, ILLEGAL MIRANDA BY THIS CAUSES' RESPONDENTS?
4. MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, WHY NOT?

LIST OF PARTIES

[] All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.

All parties **do not** appear in the caption of the case on the cover page. A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment is the subject of this petition is as follows:

1. Roberts v. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS), 874 So. 2d 1225 (FL 4th DCA 2004)
2. West v. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS), 876 So. 2d 614 (FL 4th DCA 2004)
3. Franklin v. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS), 876 So. 2d 607 (FL 4th DCA 2004)
4. President v. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS), 884 So. 2d 126 (Fla. 4th DCA 2004)
5. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS) v. Weiss, 935 So. 2d 110 (FL 4th DCA 2006)
6. State of Florida (THE RESPONDENTS) v. West, President, & Roberts, 892 So. 2d 1014 (Fla. 2005)

* MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, THE RIGHTS ARE DUE PROCESS RIGHTS REQUIRED AS PER 5TH & 14TH AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES
"No Person shall be deprived life, liberty, or property without due process of law."

RELATED CASES

1. Chambers v. Florida << A HISTORICAL COURT CASE FROM YOUR HONORARY, LEGENDARY,
AND SUPREME COURT >>, 84 LED 716, 309 US 227 (1940) ("Florida" being THE RESPONDENTS -
A SUBURBAN WHITE COUNTY.)
2. Brown v. Crosby, 249 F. Supp. 2d 1285 ; INVOLVING THE RESPONDENTS (S.D. Fla. 2003)
BOTH OVERTURNED, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, DUE TO THE RESPONDENTS MISADVISING PEOPLE
ILLEGALLY OF THEIR RIGHTS.

"Cases finding a due process violation based on outrageous government conduct (AS SO IN THIS
CAUSE MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, THE RESPONDENTS, AT TIME, ALREADY PROVEN ILLEGAL MIRANDA)
have one common thread: affirmative and unacceptable conduct by law enforcement or
its agent". Bist v. State, 35 So. 3d 936, 940 (Fla. 5th DCA 2010) " (FROM State of Florida (THE
RESPONDENTS) v Harper, 254 So. 3d 479; 484 (Fla. 4th DCA 2018: R & R.)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OPINIONS BELOW.....	1
JURISDICTION.....	2
CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED	3
STATEMENT OF THE CASE	4
REASONS FOR GRANTING THE WRIT.....	5
CONCLUSION.....	

INDEX TO APPENDICES

APPENDIX A SHOWS HOW THE INNOCENT, BLACK, UNLAWFULLY INCARCERATED UNDER *Drummond v Broward County, USA 11-24-10769*, COMES NOW; "No. 24-7019", i.e. CURRENT writ of certiorari.
THE PETITIONER IS INAIGENT. ALL REPORTS, RECORDS, JURISDICTIONS, ETC. OF THE PAST ARE
IN (ORIGINALS) THE WRIT OF CERTIORARI YOU CURRENT HAVE (THIS IS PER S.C.R 12(2)³)
APPENDIX B
IN RE: MADAM/SIR JUSTICE

APPENDIX C CURRENT EXAMPLE, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, OF PETITIONERS' CURRENT ENFORCE INADIGENCE

APPENDIX D

APPENDIX E

APPENDIX F

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES CITED

CASES

PAGE NUMBER

Thompson v. U.S., 493 F. 2d 480 (8 th Cir. 1978)	2 & 4
Schlip v Deto, 513 US 90; 80 324	2
President v State of Florida, 884 So. 2d 126 (Fla 4 th Cir 2004)	4
State of Florida (THE RESPONDENT) v. Harper, 254 S. 3d 474 (Fla 4 th Cir 2008)	2
	LIST OF PARTIES & RELATED CASES

STATUTES AND RULES

U.S.C.A. 5

4

U.S.C.A. 14

4

SUPREME COURT RULE 20.4(A)

4

OTHER

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of habeas corpus issue.

OPINIONS BELOW

[] For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is
[✓] reported at Writ of certiorari in the above case caused / New Case No. 25 of 4/17/25; or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

[] reported at _____; or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

[] For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

[] reported at _____; or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

The opinion of the _____ court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

[] reported at _____; or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

For cases from **federal courts**:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was PLEASE SEE TO WRIT OF CERTIORARI IN THE ABOVE CAUSE

No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: PLEASE SEE TO WRIT OF CERTIORARI (PAPERS FILED IN THE ABOVE CAUSE), and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ___A_____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1). **SUPREME COURT RULE 12(3); "has so far departed from accepted and usual course of judicial proceedings..." BECAUSE ACCORDINGLY, THE PETITIONER IS "ENTITLED" "THE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL" "BEING INNOCENT" "TO CHALLENGE THE DISTRICT COURTS ~~ACCUSED~~ DETERMINE OF FRIVOLOUS" (THE 8TH COA UNUSUALLY DENIED THOUGH AS Thompson v. U.S., 493 F.2d 460 (8th Cir. 1974)).⁶ THE 11th COA HAS ENTERED A DECISION IN CONFLICT WITH THE 8TH COA ON THE SAME IMPORTANT MATTER. ALREADY IN THIS CAUSE ALSO ACCORDINGLY TO U.S.C., Art. III, Sec. 9, Cl. 2 Habeas Corpus & FURTHER CONCISE AMEND. PER SELBY VS. DELO, 513 US 290; L@324; "To be credible to support his allegations of constitutional error" (APPENDIX B (4) AS INSTRUCTED**

For cases from **state courts**:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was _____. A copy of that decision appears at Appendix _____.

A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ___A_____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a).

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS IN THIS HEREOFORTH CAUSE:

1. U.S.C.A 1 - "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances."
2. U.S.C.A 5 - "No person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law."
3. U.S.C.A 14, Sec. 1 "No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws."

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Walter Drummond

v. Broward County, Florida
No. 24-7019

IN RE APPENDIX B :

The petition/writ of habeas corpus will be in aid of the Court's appellate jurisdiction since ACCORDINGLY, the Petitioner has took the necessary steps in the lower courts to reach this last resource; of THIS HONORABLE SUPREME COURT, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, THE VIOLATION OF DUE PROCESS OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTIONS 5TH AND 14TH AMENDMENTS, AND FLORIDA'S CONSTITUTION, Article I, Section 9, ALL, IN WHICH LAW : "NO PERSON SHALL BE DEPRIVED LIFE, LIBERTY, OR PROPERTY WITHOUT DUE PROCESS OF LAW", THE PETITIONER BEING AFFECTED BY AN, AT TIME, ILLEGAL RESPONDENT MIRANDA IS THE EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCE THAT WARRANT THE EXERCISE OF THE COURT'S DISCRETIONARY POWERS, AND ADEQUATE RELIEF CANNOT BE OBTAINED IN ANY OTHER FORM FROM ANY OTHER COURT BECAUSE ALL THE ACCORDED "LOWER COURTS" HAVE NON-CHALANTLY, PREJUDICIALLY, AND STERIO-TYPICALLY ASSUMED THE PETITIONER "GUILTY UNTIL INNOCENT" AS TAUGHT, FOR THE APPELLATE COURTS, INSTEAD OF, TAKING THE TIME TO READ, USE COMMON SENSE, AND SEE THE VIOLATION OF LAW BY THE RESPONDENTS.

AS A REQUIREMENT BY U.S.C.A. § 8814.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE (BEING CONCISE, AS INSTRUCTED)

8. RULE 20.4(A) STATEMENT

The Plaintiff is now held "without due process of law" of the 5th & 14th U.S.

Consstitutional Amendment, as it so states. No person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law, as he was unjustly misandled by the Respondent's who didn't give due process of law. In fully and properly advising him of his rights or property without due process of law, the Respondent's

THE PETITIONER ILLEGALLY ARRESTED BY THE RESPONDENTS IN MARCH, 2002, called "The Boward Shari, et al's Office (BSO MIRANDA)." He prepared form that the BSO Boward Shari, et al's Office (BSO MIRANDA), at time (from, at least, March 2001, until, May 26, 2004). With the Respondents illegal arrest, he could ask to speak to a lawyer during questioning. We specifically advised that he could talk to counsel during questioning. We have reasonably addressed this same issue and held that a Miranda warning which advised the suspect of the rights to counsel during interrogation. At the same time the Plaintiff Justice, numerous other cases got overturned due to this. At this time the Plaintiff MIRANDA, was unlawfully harassed and forced to sign a waiver which was now his inaccurate action to disaccordance to these laws & rules and that's why he signed it. As now, his inaccurate action to disaccordance to these laws & rules and that's why he signed it. NOT BEING TREATED AS ALL CIVILIZENs. ALSO, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE, the 11th circuit, United States Court of Appeals made a judgment in conflict with the 8th circuit, United States Court of Appeals on the same importation matter: ALLOWING THE ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL WHEN THE DISTRICT COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PLAINTIFF SEE TO, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE; THOMPSON V. U.S., 493 F.2d 480 (8TH Cir. 1974). THE 8TH CIR. LAWED (A) THOMPSON, ID. ¶ 481: "IF THE DEFENDANT court determine that the appeal is frivolous, a writ of habeas corpus is available to challenge the court's finding and to have the assistance of counsel in doing so."

SUPREME COURT RULE 20.4(A):

BEING A ACTUAL INNOCENT BLACK MAN, AND THIS CAUSES DIFFERENCE ACCORDANCE SO FAR BE- PARTING FROM ACCEPTED AND USUAL COURSE OF JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS CONDUCIVE THE FACTS TO THE RESPONSIBILITY OF FLORIDA - MIRANDA, HAVE CAUSED THIS BY BURNING FULLY RULING THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE DISTRICT IN WHICH THE APPLICANT IS HELD."

THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE DISTRICT IN WHICH THE APPLICANT IS HELD, "ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL TO CHALLENGE PERIODICALLY DISTRICT OF FLORIDA - MIRANDA, HAVE CAUSED THIS BY BURNING FULLY

MARKING APPLICATION TO THE DISTRICT OF THE DISTRICT IN WHICH THE APPLICANT IS HELD, "BY ACCORDINGLY INVESTIGATING THIS MATTER: THE PETITIONER

BEING DEFERRED LIFE, LIBERTY AND PROPERTY WITHOUT DUE PROCESS OF LAW, THE RESPONDENTS ILLEGALLY, "BOWARD SHAREEF'S OF HIS MIRANDA."

LAWS BY, THE RESPONDENTS ILLEGALLY, "BOWARD SHAREEF'S OF HIS MIRANDA."

THANK YOU RESPECTFULLY, MAGAN/SIR JUSTICE

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

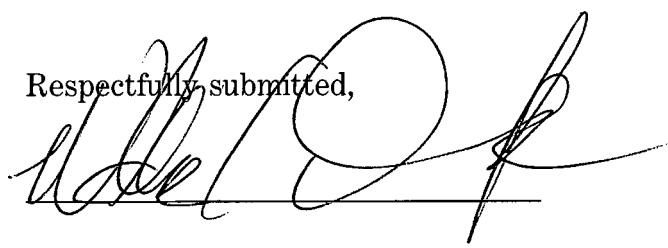
BEING CONCISE, AS I INSTRUCTED *

1. THE PETITIONER'S WHOLE INCARCERATION IS ILLEGAL; BEING DISACCORDING TO THE U.S. CONSTITUTION'S ⁵⁸ 14 AMENDMENT, DEPRIVING THE PETITIONER OF LIFE, LIBERTY, AND PROPERTY WITHOUT THE DUE PROCESS LAW WITH THE RESPONDENTS ILLEGAL MIRANDA.
2. IT WILL BE A MISCARRIAGE OF JUSTICE IF YOU DIDN'T, MADAM/SIR JUSTICE.

CONCLUSION

The petition for a writ of habeas corpus should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature consisting of stylized, fluid lines forming a unique, abstract shape.

Date: 4/29/25