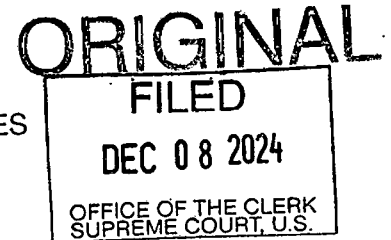


24-7210
No. _____

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES



LOGAN BRADLEY LAKE — PETITIONER
(Your Name)

vs.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, et al. — RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT
(NAME OF COURT THAT LAST RULED ON MERITS OF YOUR CASE)

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Prince Logan the Man Logan Bradley Lake
(Your Name)

PERSON TAG ID.#249572, INDIANA STATE PRISON
% 1 Park Row Street
(Address)

Michigan City, IN 46360-6597 U.S.A.
(City, State, Zip Code)

(224) 401-2218 (Mother Power of Attorney)
(Phone Number) Sandi Lake

QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

Was Petitioner's erroneous interstate NCIC Federal F.B.I. Report Record by McHenry County Sheriff's filed wrongfully Court III of "Sexual Assault" conviction without Illinois State Court charge or conviction common law record, complaint presented at Petitioner's screening insufficient for the United States District Judge or Administrator to meet its ruling burden of Heck barred without a validated proceeding, when Honorable Iain D. Johnston's fraud order and false statement that is wrongfully using an Amended Court II. Attempted Sexual Abuse conviction on January 22nd, 2007, to falsely validate an double jeopardy non-validated May 30th, 2007, wrongful conviction as a legally frivolous claim challenging a parole hearing filed as a conviction without a court case number of Interstate NCIC Federal Record?

LIST OF PARTIES

- [] All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.
- [✓] All parties **do not** appear in the caption of the case on the cover page. A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment is the subject of this petition is as follows:

Mr Kwame Raoul, Attorney General
100 West Randolph Street, 12th Floor
Chicago, Illinois 60601

and

Honorable Iain D. Johnston
327 South Church Street
Rockford, Illinois 61101

RELATED CASES

1. Lake v. Illinois, No. 24-2135, United States Court of Appeals For The Seventh Circuit.
2. Lake V. Illinois, No. 3:24-cv-50144, United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois, Western Division.
3. Lake V. Indiana, No. 45A03-1106-CR-00256, Indiana Court of Appeals.
4. Lake V. Indiana, No. 45603-1003-MR-00002, Indiana Superior Court of Lake County, Criminal Division.
5. Lake V. Illinois, No. 2-20-0518, Appellate Court of Illinois, Second Judicial District.
6. Lake v. Illinois, No. 24-cv-50444, United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois, Western Division.

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES CITED

CASES	PAGE NUMBER
Dawson v. Newman, 419 F.3d 656, 660-661 (7th Cir. 2005), Doctrine of judicial immunity	3
Hagens v. Lavine, 415 U.S. 528 at 533 (Mar. 25, 1975)	3
Scheuer v. Rhodes, 416 U.S. 232, 94 S. Ct. 1683 at 1687 (1974)	5
United States v. Park, 421 U.S. 658, 95 S. Ct. 1903, 44 L.E.2d 489 (1975)	5
Presser v. Illinois, 116 U.S. 252, 29 L.E.2d 615 (1886), Illinois Land Trust	6
United States v. Dickerson, 975 F.2d 1245, at 1250-1251 (7th Cir. 1992)	7
Ashwander v. TVA, 297 U.S. 288 (1936)	8
Mockbee v. Lee, No. 20-2004, 2021 WL 5918556, at *1 (7th Cir. Dec. 15, 2021) (unreported)	9
Heck v. Humphrey, 512 U.S. 477, at 489 (1994)	9

STATUTES AND RULES	PAGE NUMBER
Title 1, Section 7 U.S. Code, Natural Person	3
Title 29, Section 53 U.S. Code, Person or Corporation	3
Title 28, Section 1915(g) U.S. Code	4
Title 28, Appendix Canon 3, Code of Conduct for United States Judges	4
Title 28, Section 3002(15) U.S. Code	4, 6
Title 28, Section 1602 U.S. Code	4
Title 28, Section 453 U.S. Code	5
Title 28, Section 453 U.S. Code	6
Title 28, Section 3102 U.S. Code	6
Title 28, Section 1333 U.S. Code	6
Title 28, Section 1915A U.S. Code, A.	6
Title 28, Section 1654 U.S. Code, A.	6, 9
Title 28, Sections 454-455 U.S. Code	7
Title 28, Section 607 U.S. Code	7

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

☒ For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix A to the petition and is

- ☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

- ☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

☐ For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

- ☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the _____ court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

- ☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

☒ For cases from **federal courts**:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was November 8th, 2024.

☒ No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. A.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1).

☐ For cases from **state courts**:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was _____.
A copy of that decision appears at Appendix _____.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. A.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a).

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

In accordance with Black's Business Law Dictionary, Chap. 10 § 3, The United States Federal Constitution provides specific safeguards for those accused of crimes and U.S. Supreme Court has ruled that the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth Amendments of 1791 apply not only in federal but also in state courts by virtue of life, property, and liberty due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of 1868. Which as a substantive limited-liability Quasi contracts commissioned contractual constitutional contracts implied in Law, as to be wholly alike or uniform principle, made in pursuance thereof C.J.S. Implied and constructive contracts §§ 2-3 and Black's Business Law Dictionary Chap. 12 § 5. That demands equality condition of possessing substantially the same rights, privileges, and immunities applied not only to the procedural enforcement of judicial immunity, see, e.g., Dawson v. Newman at 660-661, but also to the trust fund theory or doctrine substantive strawman ens legis or corporation in personam jurisdiction content of their persons Federal Debt Collection Procedure Act provisions in freedom of contract and freedom from contract protected by Article I § 10 to the Federal Constitution judicial immunity being liable to substantially the same duties, guaranteed under equal protection clause is one's equality under the same conditions and among persons similarly situated in the people's enjoyment of personal rights of use of property as a third party tenant in this matter redress of wrongs in their pursuit of happiness created by a written or typed document or instrument seven points providing security; See, e.g., Hagans v. Lavine at 533; and made in pursuance thereof Title I, Section 7 U.S. Code and Title 29, Section 53 U.S. Code.

The Article VI to the Federal Constitution, supremacy clause "Law of the Land", is important in the ordering of state and federal relationships. When there is a direct conflict between a federal law and a State law, the State law is rendered invalid, however, it is necessary to determine which law governs in a particular circumstance. The 28 U.S.C. §§ 3001-3308 Federal Debt Collection Procedure places all courts under

equity and commerce, and the International Monetary Fund, made in pursuance thereof 27 C.F.R. 72.11, says that all crimes are commercial via strawman persons. The Article IX § 3 of Dec. 27, 1945, 60 Stat. 1413, International Monetary Fund comes under the Uniform Commercial Code (U.C.C.) under banking and business and Trust laws, made in pursuance thereof 1933 Bankruptcy Act and all the Black's Business Law Dictionary, that placed all public officials in a fiduciary position to keep the accounts in balance via faithful discharge for the performance of a duty or the payment of a debt under Title 28, Section 1915(g) U.S. Code. This make both the State and Federal Courts/Judges administrative trustee over the trust and responsible whether or not the Petitioner or Plaintiff or Defendant understands the trust issue terms and and commisson of care add diligence particularity which equity lays upon Judges in protecting the intended beneficiary third party natural person of the GSA contract(s), made in pursuance thereof Title 28, Appendix Canon 3, and Black's Business Law Dictionary Chap. 18 § 2, to uphold and maintain our constitutional form of government under the people's authority that has never been surrendered by the people.

By law, all state and federal judges are administrative state officers for the Federal Bank, not as judges, but as a private trustee individual administrator (In his person) for the banking and Title 28 U.S.C. § 3002(15) Federal United States, INC. Corporation that prohibition against investing the money or property in the investments which are speculative or otherwise imprudent that makes the aforesaid trustee liable to the beneficiaries for all damages caused by Judge Iain D. Johnston. The Judiciary and Judicial Procedure 28 U.S.C. § 3002(15) interest in justice in every civil and criminal proceeding in every court protected by the Federal Constitution Article IV § 2 of United States "Privileges And Immunities Clause, of which substantive Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act of 1976 within relation thereto "Exterritoriality Doctrine content of the Title 28 U.S.C. § 1602

provisions, et seq., exemptions this immunity as carrying with them their territorial status (Prince and Illinois) of the people's Republic native state entitled to all citizens in the several states subject of UNITED STATES international intercourse, see, e.g., SENATE Document No. 170, 82ND CONGRESS, 2ND SESSION. That the U.S. Supreme Court, Mr Justice Marshall in his opinion qualified the word "intercourse" with the word "commercial"; and see, e.g., Scheuer v. Rhodes at 1683, the U.S. Supreme Court stated that "when a state officer acts under a State law in a manner violative of the Federal Constitution, he comes into conflict with the superior authority of that Constitution, and he is in that case stripped of his official or representative character and is subject in his person to the consequences of his individual conduct. The State has no power to impart to him any immunity from responsibility to the supreme authority of the United States." The Fourteenth Amendment of 1868 to the Federal Constitution erects no UNITED STATES shield(Ⓢ) against merely private conduct, made in pursuance thereof "Responsible Person" Doctrine, see, e.g., United States V. Park of 1975, United States District Judge private conduct as a state officer representation of their common law record with its NCIC Federal Record is in a fiduciary position "responsible relationship" to both INDIANA and ILLINOIS corporation(s), and had the power to prevent the violation through being largely incoherent due to complete lack of due diligence standard of care duties management activity negligence particularly imposed fraudulently by law or oath of office affirmative promise or quasi-contract statement and the non-performance of an appearance personally executory stipulation scope of his employment "will administer justice without respect to persons... So help me God.", made in pursuance thereof Title 28, Section 453 U.S. Code. As used in First Amend. of 1791 constitutional Federal Bill of Rights provisions thereto State Constitution Article I Bill of Rights to not BAR Religious witness(es), this phrase is equivalent to religious liberty or Romans 2:15 freedom of their conscience also bears witness

and their conflicting thoughts accuse or even defend them".

The supreme political authority in America is the American Declaration of Independence of July 4th, 1779, organic "United States" has no relation to the statutory "UNITED STATES", Conclusion; Constitution, Preamble, PERIOD, and its Title 28 U.S.C. § 3002(15) corporation provisions is not a "citizen", see, e.g., Presser V. Illinois of 1886, via Law of Illinois Land Trust for its corporate sale of goods and lands/bodies or ~~COLLECTION~~ OF PAPERS, calls for contracts conveyance of GSA Banking, Business, and Trust interest in real property via strawman Interstate Identification enumeration commercial crime commission surety investment bond security Act of 1933 species of WRIT OF ATTACHMENT FOR THE BODY OF A LOGAN BRADLEY LAKE PERSON ORDERED/ISSUED, made in pursuance thereof Title 28, Sections 3102 and 1333 U.S. Code. A court cannot confer jurisdiction where none existed and cannot make a void proceeding valid. It is clear WAREHOUSE DATA and well established law that a void order can be challenged in any court, but not limited any ruling that involves violation of due process of law under the Fifth, Sixth, and/or Seventh Amendments is also a void judgment. VOID judgment can be attacked or vacated at any time and there is no statute of limitations, in accordance with 37 Am J3d, Fraud § 8.

The United States District Court is required by 28 U.S.C.A. § 1915A authority to screen the complaint in order and 28 U.S.C.A. § 1654 authority for the court to hear the case by appearance personally (No face, No Case) testimony of a competent natural person fact witness presumption burden of establish his complaints grounds for relief by a preponderance of the evidence, in other words, sufficiency of pleadings without his strawman or use of person's rights. These laws are for the pleader to make his effective initial foundation for the ascertainment to support his affirmative

truth defense, in accordance with Black's Business Law Dictionary Chap. 11 § 3, for the Court to have "draw reasonable inference" matter of presumption law in civil cases) logical decision to conclude premissibly deducted from the record of evidence before the U.S. District Court as an general Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 301. Whereby, Judge Iain D. Johnston is practicing law, see, e.g., Appendix B's 6th paragraph last 2 lines, has administer justice with respect to prosecution of his persons' inference without an record of evidence, in violation thereto Title 28 U.S.C. §§ 454 - 455 and 607, undertaken in retaliation during appeal process for seeking the exercise of legally protected statutory appearance personally at screening and Seventh Amendment of 1791 Federal constitutional jury trial right, see, e.g., United States V. Dickerson at 1250 - 1251. As used in Fifth Amend. of 1791 constitutional Federal Bill of Rights provisions thereto State Constitution Article I Bill of Rights to be heard by counsel and himself in relation "Mirror Image" designations of "actual" or "positive" fraud or "fraud in fact" or "fraud in law," to "be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself"; "nor be deprived of life, liberty, or (real) property, without due process of law", this phrase is equivalent to 5th, 6th Amendment religious liberty by Holy virtue of the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of 1868, or James 1:22 Freedom of "Be doers of the word and not hearers only, deluding yourselves" religiously. Therefore, Iain D. Johnston as a United States State Officer administrator trustee has taken in judgment the Petitioner's LOGAN BRADLEY LAKE real property in investments which are speculative in nature and cause imprudently as a criminal fraud order and false statement, made liable to the Petitioner Mr Logan Bradley Lake and UNITED STATES for all damages, made in pursuance thereof Title 18, Section 1001 U.S. Code, et seq., in violation thereto, ABA Code of Judicial Conduct, § Canon 3C(3)(b), Uniform Fiduciaries Act, and the Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act. Any court Federally (Federal) shall use the exemptions that are "free access to all courts of justice" to this Privileges and Immunities clause to the United States Constitution under Ashwander Rule, see,

e.g., *Ashwander v. TVA* of 1936, 297 U.S. 288, made in pursuance thereof C.J.S. Constitutional law §§ 88-89, 92, for the procedural enforcement shall rule on the constitutionality harmed by statute(s) to the Fourteenth substantive law constitutional person principle citizens jurisdiction of United States Privileges and Immunities provisions that "No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge" of the United States / UNITED STATES. Which are protected by the 14th Amendment are those which arise out of nature and essential character of national/Interstate government admitted into the Union and its "Federal Corporation" Judiciary and Judicial Procedure Title 28, Section 3002(15) U.S. Code of its Constitution.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On the August of 2006, Petitioner was charged only with an Class 4 felony Count I. OBSTRUCTING JUSTICE and Class 2 felony Count II. AGGRAVATED CRIMINAL SEXUAL ABUSE; Action Code 720 ILCS 5/12-16(a)(2).

On January 22ND, 2007, Petitioner Mr Logan Bradley Lake under fraud and such duress, was force to unlawfully accept into the signing thereto a plea agreement that "Nolle Prosequi" thereof Count I. and AMENDED Count II. from "AGGRAVATED" to "ATTEMPTED"; Class 3 felony Action Code 720 ILCS 5/12-16(d).

On May 30th, 2007, at the Illinois Department of Corrections Graham Correctional Center at Petitioner's parole violation for not having a place to parole too, the Illinois McHenry County Sheriff filed an Agency NCIC FBI Report that had turned Petitioner's parole violation into another Count III. conviction of "AGGRAVATED" Action Code 720 ILCS 5/12-16(a)(2). That Petitioner had never been charge with in any state and without a case number nor common law record of proceedings, under D.O.C. # R18606.

On November 21st, 2007, Petitioner Mr Logan Bradley Lake sentence expired and then had been discharged from the Illinois Department of Corrections Robinson Correctional Center. Which shortly after, Petitioner registration, sex offender information that was using Illinois Police Department Palatine Agency's NCIC Federal Record subject of Registration that was using an erroneous January 22ND, 2007, "ATTEMPTED" conviction with wrongful Action Code 720 ILCS 5/12-16(a)(2), NCIC F.B.I. Report filed by McHenry County Sheriff Agency.

In Re: Mockbee v. Lee at *1 (2021) and Title 28, Section 1654 U.S. Code; and Statute stated with Law of Illinois in only Represented by its appointed office by thereto affirmative promise or oath IN PERSON ATTORNEY GENERAL and Persons with in and for the people by the people as one individually numbered to be found and lost. My-self appearance to-my-self by myself together as real property via Body and Name. Prince Rome Named Flag Banner Law principle Zealous Good Works content.

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

PROVISION BE KNOWN BY ALL BY THESE PRESENTS: One Prince Logan in rem: COME NOW the Petitioner Practice of his law justice for all, Attorney-In-Fact, by Mr Logan Bradley Lake, hereby declare under penalties of perjury, so help me God, affirmed as follows: Challenge (PERSON) ~~PER~~-PERSON Jurisdiction of Banking and Business aid in the conduct for the people and he will says: Supreme Court should grant TO WIT: This Supreme Court's 512 U.S. at 489, exercise similarly situated erroneous national importance; 1. Point: Heck-barred Doctrine For a Section 5 1983 lawsuit is legally frivolous, record commercial held Conviction Business case report common law cause ~~together~~, VOID JUDGMENT AND ORDERED/ORDER. And the guaranteed mandate under the Supremacy clause particular vinture of liberty interest in justice for freedoms in Mr Logan Bradley Lake's current miscarriage of justice IN PERSON substantially fundamental,

constitutional questions juris framework dictionary analytical objective raised in order to answer against the imposition by these court's administrative convenience in substantive interpretations displacement under the color of law lost.

As used in some Fourteenth Amendment constitutional religious liberty provisions:

2. Point: As a deprivation matter of due process in Body Human Rights, Privileges, and immunities secured by the Constitution and this laws that shall independently resolve the complex illegal enforcement of Abstract Code under The Ashwander Rule of law in any kind or way thereto unjust enrichment travel difficulties of Quantum meruit doctrine defects providing principled creation of trust that erects no shield against private conduct that associated with these finance statistical closure depository debt mandated civil jurisdiction only by the people personally appearance may have give of being indebted to the government in any way, it is because Petitioner w/k/a Mr Logan Bradley Lake is presently left without civil action or criminal recourse - NO REMEDY AVAILABLE. Freedom of Religious "Warning against false Doctrine" First Timothy 1:5 of instruction; THEREFORE, Person Liability for all Discharged without prejudice, in accordance with Black's Business Law Dictionary, made in pursuance thereof this Constitutions and United States to its Will. §§ 1-207, 3-305(c) and 3-609, et. seq.; When a judge acts as a trespasser of the law, when a judge does not follow the law, the Judge loses subject matter jurisdiction and the judges' order are not voidable, but VOID (RED INK), and of no legal force or effect. Pray Amen. "Meeting of minds in the TENT Rights of Privacy Reserved."

CONCLUSION

The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ By: Logan Bradley Lake, Prince
Thee Man Logan Bradley Lake

Date: November 25th, 2024, Amen
/s/ Execution in the year of our Lords (A.D.)