

24-6872
No.

ORIGINAL

IN THE
Supreme Court of the United States

IN RE Lyle R. Harrison,

A Man,

v.

MOULTRIE COUNTY ILLINOIS, RICHARD L.
BROCH, ROBERT J. STEIGMANN, JAMES A.
KNECHT, THOMAS M. HARRIS, LISA HOLDER
WHITE, JOHN W. TURNER, CRAIG H.
DEARMOND, And PETER C. CAVANAUGH, All in
their individual capacities And All in their official
capacities as Circuit Judges or 4th District Illinois
Appellate Judges, And JOHN OR JANE DOES 1-30
Respondents.

On Petition for a Writ of Mandamus to
the United States Court of Appeals
for the 7th Circuit

PETITION FOR A WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Lyle Roger Harrison
1223 Allen Street
Manitowoc, WI 54220
(920) 629-0771
Lharrison@global.t-bird.edu

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QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether due process allows the Denial of ALL UNREDACTED Police Reports +11½ years (+4,200 days) by Judges; Richard L. Broch, Robert J. Steigmann, Lisa Holder White, Peter C. Cavanaugh, James A. Knecht, Thomas M. Harris, John W. Turner, Craig H. DeArmond And John and Jane Does 1-30?
2. Whether due process allows the Denial of Speedy Trial for +11½ years (+4,200 days) by Judge Richard L. Broch?
3. Whether due process allows for +12.5 years the REFUSAL of Judge Richard L. Broch or the presiding Judges in Moultrie County to issue a FINAL ORDER in Roger L. Harrison Sr's probate case 13-P-26?
4. Whether due process allows for Judge Richard Broch to falsely and fraudulently title the property tax bills on Peter Lux's Estate and Deny the Harrison families lawfully filed Deeds which declared the Harrison family received all their interest in Trust?

PARTIES TO THE PROCEEDING

Lyle Roger Harrison, A Man, is filing this Petition for Writ of Mandamus. He was also called the plaintiff-appellant below.

The Respondents on review were the defendants-appellees below: MOULTRIE COUNTY ILLINOIS, RICHARD L. BROCH, ROBERT J. STEIGMANN, JAMES A. KNECHT, THOMAS M. HARRIS, LISA HOLDER WHITE, JOHN W. TURNER, CRAIG H. DEARMOND, PETER C. CAVANAUGH, And JOHN AND JANE DOES 1-30.

Other Respondents on review are; US 7th Circuit of the Eastern District of Wisconsin, Judge LYN ADELMAN, And US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals Judges; Chief Judge DIANE S. SYKES, Judge MICHEAL B. BRENNAN, Judge CANDACE JACKSON-AKIWUMI.

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OPINIONS BELOW

This case was originally filed in 2018 in the Eastern District of Wisconsin. The case was dismissed, and Lyle filed the Appeal in 2019. The US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals issued, May 20, 2019, a Final Order denying most of Lyle Harrison's Appeal, reserving the malicious prosecution claim(App.A-8) until after the 13CF47 2nd trial. May 2024 Lyle filed a Petition for Rehearing with Milwaukee Federal Court Judge Lyn Adelman and was denied May 30, 2024.(App.B-13) Lyle filed a 2nd Appeal requesting relief from pending +11.5(4,170 days) year criminal case 13CF47. The US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals denied October 21, 2024(App.A*-4) Lyle's 2nd Appeal for his civil rights; speedy trial and the unredacted police reports. Lyle filed a Motion for Rehearing November 13, 2024(App.A**-3) and the US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals denied the Motion for Rehearing December 5, 2024.(A**-1) The 7th Circuit issued a 2nd Mandate, December 13, 2024.(App.A**-2) Lyle's 7th Scotus Writ arrived via FedEx and was signed by Scotus March 4,(App.X-400) The Clerk rejected March 6, 2025.(App.X-400-403) Lyle corrected and refiled this Writ of Mandamus March 20, 2025.

JURISDICTION

The US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals issued, October 21, 2024, a Final Order denying Lyle Harrison's 2nd Appeal.(App.A*-4) The Motion for Rehearing was accepted, November 13, 2024.(App.A**-3) The US 7th Circuit Final Order denying rehearing was issued December 5, 2024.(App.A**-1) The Mandate was issued December 13, 2024.(App.A**-2)

The US Federal Court of Milwaukee Judge Lyn Adelman entered the 2nd final judgment denying Lyle's case May 30, 2024.(App.B-13) No petition for rehearing was filed in Milwaukee because the first because the 1st petition for rehearing after a Final Order was denied September 28, 2018.(Scotus Writ #19-5328) Magistrate William Duffin also signed an Order dismissing Lyle's case.(Scotus Writ #19-5328)

This Honorable Court has jurisdiction to review the 7th Circuit US Court of Appeals(App.A**-1;A*4;A-8), and the US Federal Court of Milwaukee(App.B-13) under the Common Law, the All Writs Act, and the 1st, 4th, 6th, and 14th Amendments of the US Constitution which confer jurisdiction.

PROVISIONS INVOLVED

The Fourteenth Amendment states in relevant part that "Nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law".

The Eighth Amendment states in relevant part that "Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted."

The Sixth Amendment states in relevant part that "In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury..."

The Fourth Amendment states in relevant part that "The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized."

The First Amendment states in relevant part that "Congress shall make no law respecting the establishment of religion, or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances."

The All Writs Act, 28 U.S.C. 1651.

DEDICATION

To the 9 Honorable Supreme Court Justices; John Roberts, Clarence Thomas, Amy Coney Barrett, Stephen Breyer, Samuel Alito, Sonia Sotomayor, Elena Kagan, Neil Gorsuch, and Brett Kavanaugh. This Petition for Writ of Mandamus is dedicated to the Lord Jesus Christ for saving me. This Writ is also filed in memory of Lyle's father, Roger L. Harrison Sr. Who loved his family above all, and was verbally assaulted by Judge Dan L. Flannell for 3 hours at the March 27, 2012 hearing which resulted in extreme emotional duress causing his wrongful death. Yet, He refused to sign away any part of the Trust to the Judge's Bank. This cost Roger Sr. his life. Lyle honors his father, Roger Sr., the +100 lawyers, and 3 Illinois Law Professors; whom all motivated and helped Lyle in the preparation of these appellate filings.

and Lyle Lux Harrison's Federal IRS Tax Form 706 Generation Skipping Tax(GST) forms filed March 1981 by Estate Attorney Robert V. Elder. After Harry Howard Harrison's death, August 19, 1973, the 9 Harrison Children are the owners of the Peter Lux Jr. Estate and Legacy, via **SPRINGING EXECUTORY INTEREST**. The 9 Harrison Children signed both their mother and father's living trusts taking any & all beneficial interest of Peter Lux Jr's Estate in Roger L. Harrison Sr's Living Trust.(App.D68-D83)

According to Estate Attorney Robert V. Elder's IRS tax filings, since August 19, 1973; Hardware State Bank, Judge Dan Flannell(The Guardian Ad Litem), Judge Richard L. Broch, Attorney Dwight O'Keefe III, Attorney David Eberspacher, all 7 Illinois 4th District Appellate Judges, and US Bank, have diverted or stolen +\$1 Million in federal USDA/FSA funds from the 9 Harrison Children. And also diverted or stolen +\$60 Million in Trust funds. This means the respondents in this Petition for Writ of Mandamus have committed federal criminal act's, and continue to commit a federal criminal act every year.(App.G134-G143)

Trustees; Lyle, Andrew, Lux, and Roger Jr. met twice with the Illinois Attorney General's lead investigator, Attorney Edward Carter. Attorney Ed Carter stated repeatedly federal criminal acts were occurring against the Harrison family trust, but he didn't have the jurisdiction to prosecute, because the crimes were federal.

In 2013, based upon; Peter Lux's Estate signed by Illinois Judges Grider, Laughlin, and Ledbetter. And Roger Sr's living trust agreement signed by Illinois Attorney, Jerry Stout. Harrison Farm Management LLC signed a contract with farmer, Robert Kauffman, to harvest 320 acres of the Peter Lux Jr./Trust farmland including the "WIGHTMAN TRACTS". This 320 acres, including the Wightman Tracts, of farmland passed by Peter Lux Jr's Will,(App.C-55) the 1924 Declaration of Trust,(App.D-60) and according to the last page of the 36-CH-63 Agreed Order(App.G-142) was placed in Trust for the "Use of Children", the 9 Harrison Children "FOREVER"(App.G-142) with all the Peter Lux Jr. farmland, via the \$3000 legacy.(App.C-16;D60) Amy Willoughby's mother, Fay Lux Purvis, sold for \$1000 of trust funds, all right, title and interest in Peter Lux's Estate the day after she turned 18, August 27, 1926.(App.D-60) She filed the receipt of sale as a deed

in the courthouse to forever record her sale.(App.D-65;D-66)

In 2013 Attorney Floyd Willoughby confessed, to Lyle Harrison, via telephone conference his wife Amy wasn't an owner of any of Peter Lux's Estate farmland. Attorney Floyd Willoughby asked Trustee Lyle Harrison if he could keep the trust farmland and trust income he attempted to steal. In court cases; 13L7 & 13CH57, Attorney Floyd and Amy Willoughby, filed indentical affidavits admitting Floyd and Amy Willoughby,(his wife) inherited no farmland and bought no farmland.(App.144) They both signed and filed in both civil cases 13L7 & 13CH57 affidavits claiming ownership by theft.(adverse possession)(App.H144) Amy Lou Willoughby's father, Attorney Francis Purvis, was the CEO of Hardware State Bank, and Mr. Purvis married Fay Lux. Attorney Purvis simply seized the Trust farmland, fraudulently changed the tax record in the courthouse, and filed Wild deeds. Estate Attorney Floyd Willoughby, under oath during the trial of criminal case 13CF47, confessed in front of the jury and court, his wife Amy never inherited anything from Peter Lux Jr, she simply filed a deed.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 421a) Attorney Floyd Willoughby also filed civil case 13L7 and confessed he didn't inherit any farmland, but claimed adverse possession. Attorney David Y. Eberspacher, representing Floyd and Amy Willoughby in both civil cases, filed his case under the Marketable Title Act, claiming theft(adverse possession) from the probate of Peter Lux.(C16;D60)

During the August 1, 2016 5-day trial of criminal case 13CF47, farmer Robert Kauffman confessed he ALONE harvested the trust grain in question, but gave all trust grain to the Moultrie sheriff, Chris Sims. Robert Kauffman paid, October 2016, a \$15,000 fine after he confessed to harvesting the trust grain. Farmer Kauffman emphatically confessed under oath, Lyle never trespassed or harvested any grain from Peter Lux's Estate. No witnesses testified Lyle trespassed or harvested anything at any time from Peter Lux's Estate. Lyle Harrison has never operated a combine or tractor in his life. Moultrie County Deputy sheriff, Gary Carroll, testified under oath, he saw Robert Kauffman, ALONE, harvesting and seized the trust grain without a court order, without a warrant or without a court case filed. Both affidavits signed and filed by Floyd and Amy Willoughby, state they knew Lyle HIRED ROBERT TO HARVEST Peter Lux Jr's Estate.(App.H147;H155) Despite the trial, Deputy Carroll's under oath confession, Mr. Kauffman's

confession under oath, no evidence, and no witness testimony, Prosecutor Charles Zalar and Judge Broch both falsely accuse Lyle Harrison of trespassing and harvesting grain. Essentially, its now a criminal act in Illinois to inherit the legacy of Peter Lux's Estate in trust.(C16;D60;T299;U300;P223;Q249;K168;J164;G121;E68)

Judge Richard Broch during case 13CF47 denied Lyle the following rights; the right to inherit Peter Lux's Estate, the right to an unredacted police report, the right to speedy trial, the right to compel witnesses, the right to discovery, the right to no excessive bail, the right to appear without a public defender, the right to face his accuser face to face, the right of innocent until proven guilty, the right to own property in trust, the right to file taxes according to a trust, the right to exculpatory evidence, and the right to file electronically.(Scotus Writs 17-8322 & 17-7881) Judge Richard Broch also denies Lyle's to subpoenas to the Moultrie Police department to force them to file any Unredacted police report. Lyle and 9 attorneys are forbidden to see, review, or look at the unredacted police report.(App.I-159) Judge Richard Broch continues to deny Lyle's rights to conceal federal tax evasion and trust theft committed +51 years by his best friend, Judge Dan Flannell. Chief Judge, Dan L. Flannell, originally appointed, Richard Broch to the bench in 2012. It appears Judge Richard L. Broch believes he owes his friend, **Quid Pro Quo**.

Roger L. Harrison Sr. July 10, 2012 bought a 2-acre piece of land,(App.E-84) Roger Sr. listed this 2 acre piece of farmland, and +960 acres from Peter Lux Jr.'s Estate, and any other property he owned or controlled in his living revocable trust. The Trust property schedule lists on page 16 +960 acres from Peter Lux Jr.'s Estate.(App.E-83; Scotus Writ 22-6154; 13-P-26) Roger Sr's Living Trust was his estate plan for any and all his farm property. Roger Sr. also signed, filed, and recorded 3 Deeds in Trust before his death.(Scotus Writ 22-6154) Roger Sr's Living Trust was reviewed and signed by Illinois Attorney, Jerry Stout.(App.E-80)

B. EVERYONE ADMITS (including Estate Attorney Floyd M. Willoughby) Lyle Harrison AND THE HARRISON FAMILY INHERITED Peter Lux Jr's Estate

Peter Lux Jr. amassed real property and wealth during his life

and this farmland passed under his Will according to Peter Lux Jr.'s Inheritance Tax Return.(App.C-16) Peter Lux Jr. desired to pass this property to a Line of Heirs.(App.C-16;D-60;G121) Because both his 2 sons(App.C-16) predeceased him; Newton(14 yrs.) and Arthur(33 yrs.) Peter Lux Jr. chose the Line of his oldest Grandson, Harry H. Harrison.(C16;C53-C56;D61)

Mary E. Trabue, married Peter Lux Jr. in 1867, also a French immigrant. Peter Jr. and Mary E. Lux had 3 children; Arthur, Newton, and Susan Myrtle.(App.C-59) Arthur had one daughter, Faye. Susan Myrtle had 2 sons, Harry and Lyle Lux. Newton died in childhood with no issue. Arthur died in 1910, and predeceased his parents.(App.C-59) Peter Lux Jr. was born to a family of 13 children. Peter Lux Jr. served in the Illinois 116th infantry during the Civil War and received the purple heart.

In 1923, Moultrie County Judge Grider agreed to settle the Peter Lux Jr. Estate on his wife, Mary E. Lux, as sole Executrix.(App.C-16) Because the Lux line had ended after the death of Arthur Lux,(App.C-59) Mary E. Lux signed the 1924 Declaration of Trust(App.D-60) with her oldest grandson, Harry Howard Harrison. Hardware State Bank signed the 5th page of the 1924 Declaration of Trust,(App.D-64) agreeing to act as fiduciary thus accepting liability to ensure the 9 Harrison Children(Trust beneficiaries) received their benefit and Inheritance.(App.D-60)

In 1924 Faye K. Lux was a minor, and was to sell her interest when she reached 18.(App.D60-D65) Faye K. Lux(Amy's mother) was born August 26, 1908. Faye K. Lux sold, for \$3000 legacy/trust funds(App.D-65) the day after she turned 18 on August 27, 1926. In accordance with the terms of the 1924 Declaration of Trust, Fay Lux signed, filed, and recorded a quit-claim deed to keep a record in the courthouse forever of this important sale.(App.D65) Mary E. Lux's Inheritance Tax Return documents NO farmland is in her Estate, because it's in trust.(D60;G134; Scotus Writ 17-7881)

Mary's father, Newton A. Trabue, owned 640 acres, and had 12 children, but only 4 survived to adulthood.(App.C59) Newton died at 90 years old in 1916. His 4 surviving children each received a life estate in 160 acres, with remainder to their Children. Newton's 4 children had no Children or heirs, except Mary's.(App.C-59) In 1925, 2 of Newton's children sold their interest in Newton's estate to Harry Harrison in trust. William Trabue and Susan Trabue filed quit-claims as a record of this sale to the Trust.(Scotus Writ 22-6154 – Appendix YY358-YY359) The

Lux and Trabue families' estate plan was to combine both estates in Trust for Harry Howard Harrison's LINE, the Oldest Grandson's Line.(App.C-16;C55-C56;D60;G134)

On June 27, 1936, Harry Howard Harrison, Lyle Lux Harrison(Harry's younger brother), Susan Myrtle Harrison (App.C59;Harry and Lyle's mother) and Moultrie Judge John Laughlin signed the Agreed Order(App.G134) in Case 36-CH-63 that Peter Lux Jr's Estate and the Newton Addison Trabue Estate (Mary's father), should be held in Trust for the Harrison Children FOREVER.(App.G134;D60-D65;E68;C16;C55-C56;C59)

The CEO of Hardware State Bank, Attorney Francis Purvis, SIGNED case 36-CH-63.(App.G132) Attorney Purvis married Faye Lux in 1936.(App.C59) To steal trust funds for his WIFE, Attorney Purvis, filed an unsigned deed contradicting the 36CH63 Agreed court order and case he SIGNED.(App.N183;G132) Attorney Purvis's actions initiated all the fraud against Peter Lux Jr. Estate's and the Harrison Children's Trust. Thus, the CEO of Hardware State Bank, Francis Purvis unlawfully breached his fiduciary responsibility and stole trust income from 9 children for the benefit of his wife and daughter, Amy Willoughby. The reader will note, ALL the family agreed and ALL signed, including Amy's mother, father, and grandmother, that Fay Purvis and Amy Willoughby were not getting Peter Lux's Estate farmland.(App.M182;D60-D65;G132-G133;G142;C21;C16)

Harry Howard Harrison died without issue August 19, 1973, but before his death, 5 of the 9 Harrison children were born, thus the Harrison Children DIVESTED everyone from Peter Lux Jr's Estate.(App.C59;O-184) Lyle was born June 1973 and his older brother Roger Jr. in 1969.(App.R295) After Harry's death August 19, 1973, his brother, Lyle Lux, was still alive.(App.P223) After Lyle Lux's wife died April 1976, Lyle Lux signed Inter-Vivos, a living trust agreement(App.F100) with his only Son, Roger L. Harrison Sr. Thus, Roger L. Harrison Sr. beginning in December 1976 is the SOLE Trustee and Transferee(App.F100) after Lyle Lux Harrison dies.(App.P223; Case #81-P-14;Scotus Writ #17-7881) Moultrie Judge, W.B.Kranz, signed Lyle Lux's probate #81-P-14(App.P223) which states Roger Sr. is the SOLE Trustee and Transferee of the Trust.(App.P224) Two months before Roger Sr.'s death September 19, 2012, Roger L. Harrison Sr. signed Inter-

Vivos, a Living Trust July 10, 2012 (App.E68; Scotus Writ #17-7881) appointing his 5 sons, Roger Jr, Lyle, Lux, Andrew, and Peter as successor Trustees.(Scotus Writ #17-7881) The nine (9) Harrison Children of Roger Sr. are the skip persons of the Peter Lux Jr. Estate, the 1924 Declaration of Trust(App.D60) and the perpetual Trust of 36-CH-63 Court Case and 36-CH-63 Agreed Order(App.G134) by **SPRINGING EXECUTORY INTEREST.** (App.C16;D60-D65;G134;F100;E68;Q249)

Estate Attorney Robert V. Elder in March 1981 filed a GST Generation Skipping Tax form 706 return notifying the IRS the 9 Harrison Children were the sole owners and skip persons of the Peter Lux Jr. Estate. Attorney Robert V. Elder also filed a Generation Skipping Tax (GST) form 706 February 1977 for Lyle Lux Harrison's wife, Alta Bowers.(Scotus Writs #17-7881 & 22-6154) Alta's GST Form 706 informed the IRS the 9 Harrison Minor Children were the sole beneficiaries of +\$100,000 in cash. Lyle Lux Harrison opened at Merrill Lynch 8 Trust accounts numbered and tied to the Children's social security numbers.(Scotus Writs #17-7881 & 22-6154) The 8 accounts were to accrue interest and farm income of no less than \$500,000 a year for +51 years. The 8 numbered Trust accounts were moved from Merrill Lynch to Hardware State Bank while Judge Dan L. Flannell was Attorney over the Banks Trust department as "of Counsel". The 9 Harrison Children NEVER received their trust funds, trust accounts, and never signed giving their trust money away. Judge Dan L. Flannell operated in active concert, or participated, and promoted a federal tax-fraud scheme, and aided or abetted conduct that interfered with the administration and enforcement of federal tax laws. The IRS was notified by the Harrison family, and they issued 3 weeks later a Tax lien to US Bank and Hardware State Bank for \$17.6 Million. The IRS tax lien was increased in 2024 to +\$90 Million.(App.S-296)

Plaintiff's Floyd and Amy Willoughby, Cynthia Huggins Peters and her sister Shirley Huggins Cooper never filed case 11CH27 against; Peter Lux's Estate(App.C-16), the 1924 Declaration of Trust,(App.D60) or the PERPETUAL Trust in the Agreed Court Order(App.G134) of Case 36-CH-36. These three parties were never joined to any case, and these are/were the owners of Peter Lux's Estate farmland. Instead Cynthia, Shirley, Charlotte, Amy

and Floyd Willoughby filed their cases against; UNKNOWN OWNERS because none of them is an heir at law or beneficiary of any Peter Lux/Harrison family Trust. Neither Cynthia, Shirley, Amy, or Floyd is an heir or beneficiary of any Estate plan of any family members stretching back 5 generations.(App.C59) Cynthia and Shirley filed a claim in Roger Sr's probate as a creditor, a 7th class claim. (#13-P-26;Scotus Writ 18-7524) All 3 Judges who presided over Roger Sr's probate, #13-P-26, gave Floyd, Amy, Cynthia, Shirley, or Charlotte Huggins, nothing. Estate Attorney Floyd and Amy Willoughby signed and filed affidavits confessing no one in their family nor they themselves inherited any farmland from Peter Lux Jr or his descendants.(App.H144) Their signed and filed confessions, and Peter Lux Jr's inheritance tax return proves the Willoughby's never purchased or inherited any farmland in any of the pending civil or criminal cases.(App.C16:D60-D65)

C. Moultrie County Civil & Criminal Case 13CF47 History of Death Threats, Farmhouse destruction of +\$50,000, Unlawful and Illegal incarceration of the Heirs of Peter Lux's Estate against the 9 Harrison Children for refusing to sell their Trust farmland or eliminate the IRS tax liability of Hardware State Bank & US Bank.

During the pending civil court cases, Moultrie County has seized, under threat of incarceration, more than +\$2 Million of Trust funds.(Scotus Writ 22-6154) Judge Dan Flannell even went so far as to pay the Bank he owns Common Stock in, Hardware State Bank, a "management fee" of +\$79,000 for managing the seized Trust property from the Harrison family during the pending civil lawsuits.(Scotus Writ 17-7881) Judge Dan L. Flannell also paid his former law firm +\$39,000 to "represent" Hardware State Bank during the case.(Scotus Writ 17-7881) For +51 years, Judge Flannell and Judge Broch used their position and authority to confiscate, convert, and misallocate, +\$23 Millions of Trust assets, through the vehicle of Hardware State Bank n/k/a 1st Community Bank of Moultrie County Illinois.(Scotus Writs 22-6154 & 23-7848)

At the March 27, 2012 hearing, Judge Dan L. Flannell confessed to the Harrison family, "if Hardware State Bank becomes a party to this case, I must recuse myself, because I was the former 'Of Counsel' of the Bank". This by default makes Presiding Judge

Dan L. Flannell the “Guardian Ad Litem” for the Harrison Children. Judge Dan L. Flannell also stated, “If Attorney Robert V. Elder becomes a party to this case I must recuse myself because he is my personal friend.” Both of these statements were made during the March 27, 2012 hearing. Where he verbally abused in court, Roger L. Harrison Sr., resulting in his wrongful death.

Judge Flannell appointed Hardware State Bank as Farm Manager over the seized Trust land September 17, 2012, +2 years before Roger Sr’s Trust was added as a party to the case. Judge Flannell’s Orders were approved and signed off on by Illinois 4th Appellate Court Judges.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 344a) Judge Broch re-appointed Hardware State Bank. April 2013, Hardware State Bank CEO, Elliot Ray Duncan, was put on the witness stand by Attorney Philip Nathanson. Under oath Mr. Duncan stated, “The Bank doesn’t have to pay taxes, because Judge Dan Flannell told me I don’t have to”. The court refused to allow an independent court reporter and the courthouse reporter altered the transcripts.(Scotus Writ 17-7881) Judge Flannell also threatened at the April 2013 hearing to “jail the 9 Harrison Children from oldest to youngest until each one signed away their interest to Hardware State Bank”.

Judge Dan L. Flannell threatened Roger Jr. that if he did not dissolve his father’s Trust, and become the personal representative for his father’s Estate, he would be incarcerated. Pastor Roger L. Harrison Jr. refused under any circumstances to be the personal representative, and was incarcerated by Court Order for 7 days.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 257a) Roger Jr. declared, signed and filed an affidavit in 13-P-26, as his entire family did,(App.K168) all his interest is in Trust and his father, Roger L. Harrison Sr, died TESTATE. Roger Jr. appealed his sentence to the Illinois 4th Appellate District, and was denied relief. Plaintiff’s filed in 2015 a 2nd Amended Complaint falsely stating Roger Jr. was the personal administrator/representative, and the Illinois 4th District believed this LIE. Roger Jr. is NOT, and NEVER will be the personal representative. Roger Jr signed and filed his affidavit March 2014 stating he is NOT. Roger Jr. is a Trustee.(App.K173) Judge Flannell also signed Orders December 2014 falsely alleging “contempt of court” incarcerating Trustee Lyle Harrison 211 days while Lyle was filing an appeal at the courthouse. Judge Flannell

incarcerated Lyle's younger brother Andrew Harrison 91 days. Lyle appealed his 7 months sentence, and was denied relief by the Illinois Supreme Court. Judge Flannell signed December 2016 a 2nd false warrant for "contempt of court" to incarcerate Trustee Lyle because Lyle refused to appear in CIVIL case 11CH27 anymore due to Judge Dan L. Flannell's illegal and unlawful incarcerations.

December 15, 2014, 4 months after being substituted from cases 13L7 and 13CH57, Judge Dan L. Flannell signed an Order to incarcerate Lyle unless Lyle withdrew a counterclaim filed against Judge Flannell's bank, Hardware State Bank.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 138a) Lyle refused, and was wrongfully incarcerated 211 days. At the 180th day of Lyle's wrongful incarceration, June 2015, Judge Dan Flannell threatened Lyle during a Court hearing and said, "I will give you a life sentence in that jail unless you withdraw your counterclaims against Hardware State Bank." The court transcripts were altered as Lyle's Attorney sworn affidavit to the FBI says is normally the case.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 - App.345a)

Presiding Judge, Richard Broch, also acted in concert with this unlawful incarceration abuse and federal tax evasion. Attorney David Eberspacher declared to Lyle in the presence of Lyle's Attorney, "you will rot and die in jail unless you sign away your trust income to Hardware State Bank". During the August 2016 fake criminal trial of Lyle Harrison, Appellate Prosecutor Charles R. Zalar stated publicly in front of +50 witnesses, Lyle Harrison and his 8 siblings, "Should have been aborted(killed) the day they were born!" Lyle's Attorney, Ms. Dennison, filed with the FBI an affidavit stating the transcripts were altered to change the death threats as stated in court in front of her.(Scotus Writs 22-6154 & 23-7848 & 19-5328)

Illinois Supreme Court Rule 68, requires Judges to file an annual financial disclosure. From 2011 – 2016, Judge Dan L. Flannell filed annually with the Illinois Supreme Court his financial disclosure forms. Lyle put the 2011-2016 years in the Appendix of Scotus Writ 22-6154 Appendix EE94-124EE. Those annual forms signed and altered by Judge Flannell itemize Common Stock ownership in Hardware State Bank. The entire time all 6 civil cases(11CH27, 13CH35, 13L7, 13CH57, 13CF47,

13P26) against the Harrison family were pending, Judge Flannell retained common stock ownership in Hardware State Bank.(Scotus Writ# 23-6154 Appendix EE94) Judge Flannell lied to the Illinois Supreme Court filing NO cases were pending for 6 years against ANY entity he owned Interest/common stock in. Judge Flannell, signed an Order of incarceration in 2014, "until Lyle withdrew his counterclaims against Hardware Bank".(Scotus Writ 22-6154)

US Bank filed 3 fraudulent deeds, and filed false tax returns with the State of Illinois. Harry's Inheritance Tax Return itemized +\$20,000 paid in Taxes,(App.O-184) when the Treasurers of 2 counties involved told the Harrison's, "no taxes were ever paid to Springfield or Moultrie Counties when Harry Howard Harrison died."(App.O184;Harry's #73-P-672 & P223; Lyle's #81-P-14)

Lyle Harrison spoke on the phone with Illinois Attorney Registration and Disciplinary Committee (ARDC) Chief investigator, Attorney Peter Rotskoff. Attorney Rotskoff told Lyle to file a Motion for substitution of Judge to force Judge Flannell to leave the case. If Judge Flannell will not leave the case Mr. Rotskoff boldly stated, "I will get in my car and drive down to Moultrie County and personally force him to leave the bench". Lyle filed 3 motions before Judge Flannell signed the December 7, 2016 final order. All three motions were denied, and a 2nd arrest warrant for the false accusation of contempt of court was issued to Lyle because he filed a Motion to substitute Judge Flannell.

Judge Richard Broch, a personal friend and Judicial appointee of Judge Flannell, unlawfully dismissed Lyle's counterclaims against Hardware State Bank in sister cases 13-CH-57 and 13-L-7. Lyle never signed, but was released after 211 days in jail after the counterclaims were dismissed by Judge Broch.(Writ #22-6154)

Upon release from jail, Roger Jr., Lyle, and Andrew Harrison met with the IRS. Upon seeing the evidence, 3 weeks after the meeting, the IRS issued a \$17.8 Million tax lien October 7, 2015 against **Hardware State Bank and US Bank** in the name of the Roger L. Harrison Sr. Revocable Trust.(App.S296) The \$17.8 Million Tax Lien was also issued against any land or property titled in the name of Roger Sr's Trust to the Moultrie County Treasurer and the State Secretary of Illinois October 10, 2015. Plaintiff's Cynthia and Shirley Huggins Attorney, Craig Runyon,

denied in his Appellate Brief the IRS Tax Lien was against any of the Land.(Scotus Writ 22-6154) The one page IRS tax lien sent to the Moultrie County Treasurer specifically states, “Any property and rights to property belonging to this taxpayer.”(App.S296) The 5 trustees signed and filed 5 deeds(+960 acres) September 9, 2013, 2 years before the IRS tax lien, conveying the equitable interest into the Roger Sr. Revocable Trust. The 5 Trustee deeds were filed and recorded 2 years before Judge Flannell signed a final Order in case 11CH27.(Scotus Writ 22-6154 – Appendix NN197-NN216)

US Bank falsified Harry Harrison’s probate #74-P-672, filed false tax documents with the Courthouse, filed 3 fraudulent deeds on the Trust property, stole +\$50,000 of Federal FSA/USDA funds from the Harrison children, committed federal tax evasion, and also illegally converted \$20,000 Trust income.(Scotus Writ 22-6154)

While the October 2015 \$17.8 Million IRS tax lien was pending against **Hardware State Bank**, Judge Dan L. Flannell continued to sign Orders unlawfully and illegally “reappointing” 2016 and 2017, Hardware State Bank as; “a neutral third-party, independent farm manager” of the seized Trust farmland. Judge Dan Flannell also continued to illegally pay himself with Trust funds, via annual dividends, an annual “management fee”.(Writs 17-7881 & 22-6154) The Trust/Harrison family never authorized or agreed at any time, to give any Trust money to anyone EVER.(Writ #22-6154) Lyle mailed to the Courthouse, 4 Objections, 3 days before the final hearing on December 5, 2016.(Writ 22-6154) Judge Dan Flannell refused to allow the Moultrie Clerk Cynthia J. Braden to file-stamp 2 of Lyle’s verified objections.(Scotus Writ 19-5328) Lyle and Roger Jr. refused to return to court, because Judge Flannell incarcerated them the last time they came to court for objecting to Judge Flannell’s repeated threats of incarceration(Writ 22-6154) unless they signed Trust funds to his Bank.(Writ 17-7881) No rational person would give away +\$25 Million dollars of Trust money. No sane person would appear before a Judge who incarcerated them for exercising their God given 1st Amendment right to “petition their government for redress”. Lyle’s Attorney documented the Court Transcribers transcript manipulations and filed a sworn affidavit with the FBI attesting to the transcript manipulation by Moultrie County Officers.(Scotus Writs 19-5328 & 22-6154)

After five years Judge Dan Flannell issued a Final Order, we Appealed. The April 2016 Appeal was denied for “lack of a final appealable order”.(Scotus Writ 19-5328) Lyle waited another year for Judge Dan Flannell to sign a 2nd final Order, December 7, 2016.(Writ 19-5328) This 2nd appeal was filed as Lyle’s 2nd SCOTUS Writ #17-7881. Judge Dan Flannell signed the December 7, 2016 Order, after Lyle filed Mandamus #121585 with the Illinois Supreme Court November 2016 forcing his retirement. Judge Dan Flannell retired 6 weeks after Mandamus #121585 was filed. Roger L. Harrison Sr. died September 19, 2012, 6 months after Judge Dan L. Flannell verbally assaulted him for 3 hours in open court. This Verbal assaulted is what Lyle believes caused the wrongful death of his father, Trustee Roger L. Harrison Sr.

Roger Sr’s probate #13-P-26 was closed with no final order, by the Harrison family March 2014 with 10 family affidavits, and was repeatedly reopened by Judge Flannell +3 years(Scotus Writ 19-5328 - Appendices 263a-260a), even though Roger Sr’s Estate contains nothing! Under pressure from the Illinois Supreme Court, Judge Broch, closed Roger Sr’s probate with NO Final Order December 18, 2017, 5 days after the death of Plaintiff Charlotte Huggins.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 262a;76a)

D. Federal Judge William Duffin overturned the 6th Judicial Circuit, 4th Appellate District, and Illinois Supreme Court, proving Rooker-Feldman is not relevant in this case.(Case History - Fee Waiver & Indigency of Lyle Harrison)

Lyle applied for Indigent status in Moultrie County Case 13L7 and criminal case 13CF47 with the Moultrie Courthouse in 2014. Judge Richard Broch presided in both cases and denied Lyle’s Indigent application in all Civil cases 13-L-7, 11CH27, & 13CH57 but accepted Lyle as Indigent in Criminal Case 13-CF-47?(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 91a)

Criminal case 13-CF-47 was filed against Lyle to coerce/extort Lyle into signing away his Trust interest to, Attorney Francis Purvis’s(former CEO of Hardware State Bank) daughter, Amy Willoughby.(Writ 19-5328 – See Appendix 149a) Amy Lou Willoughby, deceased August 26, 2017, is Lyle’s second

cousin.(App.C59) Criminal case 13-CF-47 was a total failure and was Reversed on appeal for violations of Lyle's Civil Rights.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 15a) Lyle was falsely accused of harvesting \$10,300 of corn grain with no evidence, no witnesses and falsely charged with trespassing and grain theft. Lyle owns the Trust farmland he was accused of stealing from. Lyle never harvested anything in his life, does not own a combine, and has never even driven a combine. All witnesses testified in Court under oath Trust Farmer, Robert Kauffman, harvested the Trust property. Nevertheless, Judge Broch, *Sua Sponte*, quashed all discovery, all exculpatory evidence, and all witness testimony on Lyle's behalf. The jury wrongfully convicted Lyle based upon the Judge denying Lyle the following rights; right to effective counsel, right to compel witness, right to discovery, right to expert testimony, right to speedy trial, and right to impartial trial venue...et al.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 - Appendix 15a)

Trust farmer, Robert Kauffman, confessed to harvesting the grain, returned all the grain, and paid a \$15,000 fine October 2016. Four months after farmer Robert Kauffman's confession, Judge Broch signed an Order sentencing Lyle to 180 days in jail,(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 134a) and after time served, another 3-year's probation. Bail was set excessively at \$500,000(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 383a) for an alleged \$10,500 theft. When the Illinois 4th District Appellate Court REVERSED Lyle's conviction, they stated Lyle was sentenced to 3-year's probation.(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 15a) The Appellate Court forgot Lyle was sentenced to 180 days in jail?(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 134a) In Illinois it is against the law to sentence a first-time, non-violent felony offender convict to any jail time. However, Judge Broch still needs to extort a signature out of Lyle so Judge Broch Ordered jail time of 180 days.(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 134a) The US 7th Circuit Appeals Order is very concerned with "reaching" Lyle to stop him exercising his 1st Amendment rights to file in court, but unconcerned with Lyle's rights to UNREDACTED police reports.(App.A*-4) Judge Broch attempted to extort a signature from Lyle by falsely incarcerating Lyle for (alleged) Contempt of Court. Judge Broch, after 160 days, cut off food to inmate Lyle, when he was incarcerated. But this was a ruse, to threaten, browbeat, and starve Lyle for his trust rights. All 3 witnesses testified only Robert Kauffman harvested the trust property. Even the affidavits signed and filed by Attorney Floyd and Amy Willoughby testify

that Lyle hired Robert Kauffman.(App.H144) No police report was filed in case 13CF47, even though the police stopped Trust farmer Kauffman from harvesting Peter Lux's Estate(Wightman Tracts) and seized under color of law the Trust grain with no court case, no court order, and no Warrant! Lyle's farmhouse was broken into in 2023, and Trust farmer stated +\$50,000 in damages, with satanic symbols were painted inside the house. The Moultrie police stated in April 2023 the Harrison family would receive a police report in 2 weeks. 2 years later, still no police report for the house damages. It appears whenever Lyle files in Federal Court his farmhouse is vandalized! Golly gee Johnny, its going to take some real sleuthing to find out who's doing this criminal vandalism? ☺

Before these Trust farm cases; Lyle had no false criminal charges and no unlawful incarceration. Lyle has never drunk alcohol, never smoked, and has never used drugs. The public defender refused to file Lyle's PSI(pre-sentencing investigation) report with the court. Lyle earned 5 college degrees; 3 master's degrees, and 2 undergraduate degrees. Including a BSME in engineering and an MBA in international finance. Lyle is also a licensed minister. The US government financed Lyle's education providing +\$180,000 in loans. Because of the court cases, Lyle is unable to pay for +15 years +\$100,000 in student loans he owes. In 2015 Thunderbird University filed a lawsuit in Cook County Illinois against Lyle to obtain the student debts. After Cook County Judge, Roger Fine, reviewed the evidence Moultrie County Judge, Dan Flannell, Hardware State Bank and US Bank had robbed Lyle's trust +\$20 Million, he almost had a heart attack on the bench. Judge Roger Fine, *Sua Sponte*, dismissed the student loan case against Lyle Harrison.

Lyle appealed criminal case 13-CF-47 as Indigent to SCOTUS March 28, 2018 as Writ #17-8322 and Lyle's In Forma Pauperis was accepted by SCOTUS 5 times. When case 11-CH-27 was appealed from the December 7, 2016 final Order, the case went to SCOTUS February 20, 2018 as #17-7881.(Scotus Writ 17-7881 - App.50a) Lyle and Roger Jr. filed a SCOTUS appeal as Indigent with IFP's, and #17-7881 was accepted as Indigent.

Criminal case 13CF47 is pending +11.5 years,(App.L-180) and Judge Broch denies a trial.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 382a) Lyle filed +9 Speedy trial demands since May 1, 2018.(App.L-180)

Judge Broch waited +3 years for the fake 2016 trial and Lyle filed 4 Speedy trial demands to get that 2016 trial. On appeal, the 4th Appellate court ruled it was Lyle's fault! The court ruled against Lyle's rights, but overturned the false conviction, because both the prosecutor and public defender filed Judge Broch had denied Lyle's civil rights.(Scotus Writs #17-8322 & 22-6154)

To obtain Federal USDA/FSA funds on the Trust farmland, Lyle filed this Federal Case #18-0957 June 26, 2018 and was accepted by Milwaukee Wisconsin Federal Court Order as Indigent August 26, 2018.(See IFP filed for this Writ) Basically, Magistrate William Duffin overturned all the Illinois state courts(proving Rooker-Feldman doesn't apply in this case) which falsely ruled Lyle was not indigent. In 15 years of court, no man has ever filed a single document contesting Lyles indigent status. Illinois courts rule against Lyle's rights, and appear to deny his 1st amendment rights to continue the federal tax evasion.

Lyle filed the Notice of Appeal in case 11CH27 March 16, 2018. April 6, 2018, the Illinois 4th District Appellate Clerk sent Lyle a letter notifying he must file a Fee Waiver or pay for his appeal. (Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 85a) Lyle filed his Fee Waiver April 13, 2018 with the 4th District Appellate.(Writ 19-5328 - App.86a) April 16, 2018 Lyle's Fee Waiver was DENIED by the Illinois 4th District Appellate.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 Appendices 86a & 92a) Lyle and Roger Jr. appealed the August 31, 2018 Illinois 4th District Court Sanctions Order, which Ordered Lyle and Roger Jr.'s appeal frivolous and sanctions of \$4,215.87 to Plaintiff's.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendices 44a & 46a) The Order states, "Until such time as appellants pay the sanction in full, this court directs the clerk not to accept any pleadings from appellants". It appears the real reason the Illinois 4th District Appellate Court denies Lyle as Indigent, is to sanction him so he cannot afford to file anymore, thus denying Lyle his 1st Amendment rights. Lyle filed this appeal to Object to the Illinois Judges Orders, denying Federal funds from the Farm Services Administration(USDA) to the Harrison family, until they agree to receive the annual \$10,000 - \$50,000 of federal funds(FSA/USDA) outside of Trust or dissolve their Trust.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendices 340a;343a;335a;336a) Judge Flannell is responsible for +51 years of missing Federal FSA/USDA funds on +1280 acres(+\$1 Million). Judge Flannell admitted this by closing

Roger Sr.'s probate December 2017 with nothing in it,(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 262a) and admitted +320 acres is due to the Harrison Trust. The amount of Federal funds(USDA) due to the Harrison children's Trust +\$1 Million. This federal liability grows annually by at least +\$40,000, as well as IRS tax lien liability which grows annually by +\$15 Million.(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 296a) The IRS income tax lien grew from \$17 Million to +\$90 Million in 2025. What happens when the IRS figures out Judge Flannell's money laundering through his private bank, Hardware State Bank, has a true tax bill +\$190 million? Does that amount make it easier for both banks to end the cases or payoff Illinois Judges? Now you see why 90% of the Illinois Attorney's interviewed don't believe in due process anymore.

April 13, 2018 Circuit Clerk Cynthia Braden emailed Lyle to file a Fee Waiver(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 61a) or pay for the Appeal. Lyle filed, May 7, 2018,(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 64a) his Application for Fee May 8, 2018, Judge Broch instructed Lyle via docket entry and Order(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 67a;68a) to file his pay stubs and tax returns for 2017-2018 and set Lyle's Fee waiver application for a May 25, 2018 hearing in the Moultrie Courthouse. For +11 years, Lyle has no income, no pay stubs, no house, and no personal tax returns for years 2014-2025. Lyle filed the supporting information Judge Richard Broch Ordered him to file, with the Moultrie Courthouse on May 23, 2018.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 70a). Judge Broch, the same Judge who signed accepting Lyle as Indigent August 2014 for Criminal Case 13CF47, DENIED Lyle in the civil cases, *Sua Sponte*, Lyle's Fee Waiver petition May 25, 2018 by docket entry.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendices 83a - 84a). The 7th Circuit said nothing!(App.B-13)

October 5, 2018 Lyle filed simultaneously an Application for Fee Waiver with his PLA(See Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendices 93a & 111a) with the Illinois Supreme Court. October 10, 2018 the Illinois Supreme Court Order DENIED Lyle's Fee Waiver.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 - Appendix 43a) The Illinois Supreme Court Clerk's letter denied Lyle's Fee Waiver October 18, 2018.(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 42a) October 23, 2018 Lyle filed a Motion to Reconsider his Fee Waiver Application w/ supporting information and attached the August 23, 2018 Federal Order of Indigency signed just 2 weeks earlier by Federal Judge William Duffin.(Writ 19-5328 –

Appendices 99a;135a; See IFP filed in this Writ) October 24, 2018, the Illinois Supreme Court DENIED Lyle's Motion to Reconsider Fee Waiver.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 41a) Lyle appealed January 22, 2019 and Scotus Petition for Writ of Certiorari was denied March 29, 2019(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendices 385a & 384a) and again May 20, 2019(Scotus Writ 19-5328 - Appendices 387a & 386a) with instructions to correct and refile with the Illinois Supreme Court Final Order of Dismissal. Lyle sent two letters to the Illinois Supreme Court(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – See Appendix 419a), but ALL Illinois Judges after +12 years still refuse to sign a Final Order in Roger Sr's probate 13P26. The only Final Order of dismissal the Illinois judges sign is against 2 dead people and UNKNOWN OWNERS. As of March 21, 2025 no Final Order in Roger Harrison Sr's probate case #13P26 is signed.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 - Appendices 39a;41a;40a)

E. Criminal Case 13-CF-47 – Exceptional Circumstances of the Denial of All Civil Rights by States Attorney, Jeremy Richey, who filed Case 13CF47 in 2013, withdrew in 2014 after filing his conflict of interest, and then he re-entered case 13CF47 as Judge in 2020 signing an Order quashing all 3 of Lyle's subpoenas for the Police Reports

During the Criminal case 13CF47 2016 Fake Trial, Lyle Harrison, a Man, was denied the following basic human rights;

- a. The right to inherit/own farmland(Peter Lux's Estate)
- b. The rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness
- c. The right to an Unredacted police report
- d. The right to appear as himself and answer for himself without the assistance of counsel
- e. The right to speedy trial
- f. The right to compel witnesses and discovery
- g. The right to face his accuser face to face
- h. The right of innocence until proven guilty
- i. The right to prevent the State from imposing excessive bail requirements
- j. The right to have an impartial Judge, who is not the same prosecutor who filed the criminal case

Four times before the 2016 trial Lyle filed for speedy trial and

was denied 3 times. Lyle filed subpoena's to compel witnesses Attorney Robert V. Elder, Hardware Bank CEO Ray Duncan, Sally Duncan, the FBI, and +40 witnesses. Judge Broch appeared to quash all subpoena's, deny Lyle any witnesses, deny all police reports, and deny Lyle's right to argue his own case. He instead forced public defender, Twila Garrett, whom he could control. Case 13CF47 was Reversed and Remanded on appeal(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 15a) for Judge Broch violating Lyle's rights. How bad is an Illinois Judge in order to be overturned on appeal by a Pro Se litigant? Lyle filed since May 1, 2018, +9 times for speedy trial and was denied all +9 times.(App.L-180) Lyle filed 6 Writs with the US Supreme Court for; speedy trial, his Trust farmland, and unredacted police reports. All 6 Writs so far were denied.

In January 2013 States Attorney Jeremy Richey seized a \$17,265 Trust check and deposited this check in the bank owned by Judge Flannell.(Scotus Writ 22-6154) October 2013 Jeremy Richey filed criminal case 13CF47 against Lyle Harrison, falsely alleging Lyle trespassed and harvested Peter Lux's Estate, specifically the "WIGHTMAN TRACTS".(App.C-55) After filing his conflict of interest in 2014 with the Illinois Supreme Court, Jeremy Richey withdrew from case 13CF47. Appellate Prosecutor Charles Zalar was appointed. In 2020, Jeremy Richey re-entered case 13CF47 as presiding Judge, and signed an Order quashing all subpoenas for police reports. Illinois is a banana republic, and Judge Richey is still presiding as far as Lyle is aware. At the end of fake case 11CH27 in 2018, the \$17,265 trust check was never returned, and the trust money never accounted.

F. Annual illegal Bank seizure of Harrison family Trust's FSA & USDA Federal farm subsidies for +52 years

Lyle and his 8 siblings are denied USDA FSA federal funds on all their farmland from Peter Lux's Estate. Judges Flannell and Broch signed Orders admitting the 9 Harrison Children are owners in Trust of 320 acres.(Probate 13-P-26 & Scotus Writs 17-7881 & 22-6154) After 2018 they denied any FSA/USDA federal subsidies to the Harrison children unless they sign outside of Trust for their federal subsidies.(App.T-299;U-300;V-305) All so the Banks can launder the stolen trust funds and USDA subsidies on the rest of Peter Lux's Estate.(Scotus Writs 19-5328 & 22-6154)

From 1973 – 2013, all deeds were titled in the name of 2 dead ancestors, Harry Howard Harrison(deceased August 19, 1973) and Lyle Lux Harrison.(deceased June 1980)(App.V-305) The Moultrie County USDA/FSA office and the Moultrie Courthouse refused to allow the names updated to reflect the Trust even though both Lyle Harrison's ancestors died +50 years ago.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 149a)

From 1983 – 2010, the USDA/FSA office issued federal funds to a partnership. The partnership was cancelled February 9, 2011 by Charlotte Huggins. This fraudulent partnership never purchased any of the farmland assets of any court case, nor were any deeds ever titled in the name of this partnership for +100 years. The partnership was a fraudulent lease agreement dealing only with the income from the Lux family Trust. Under Illinois law, a partnership only owns property if the property has been purchased with partnership funds or titled in the name of the partnership. Neither occurred with the Peter Lux's Estate farmland. This partnership cited by the US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 1a) was created by Charlotte Huggins' husband, Attorney Rollin C. Huggins, as a fraudulent corporation designed to conceal the true ownership, the trust skip persons, and owners of the Peter Lux Jr. farm, *the 9 Harrison children.*(Scotus Writs 22-6154 & 19-5328 – Appendix 149a)

G. Peter Lux's Estate farmland property tax bills were for +52 years falsely titled, and today are still falsely titled to steal the Trust income of the 9 Harrison Children

From 1973 – 2013, 640 acres of deeds were titled in the name of 2 dead ancestors, Harry Howard Harrison(deceased August 19, 1973) and Lyle Lux Harrison.(deceased June 1980)(App.V-305) The Moultrie County USDA/FSA office and the Moultrie Courthouse refused to allow the names updated to reflect the true Trust even though both Lyle Harrison's ancestors died +50 years ago.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 149a). Only after the IRS issued the \$17 Million tax lien(App.S-296) and levy to the Moultrie Courthouse, then they changed the names from Lyle Lux and Harry Howard Harrison. However, they changed the names to Fee Simple and Estate of Roger L. Harrison Sr, instead of the correct

titling, in Trust!(App.T-299;U-300;V-305) There is nothing in Roger Sr's Estate, and there never has been. To falsely title Peter Lux's Estate, is a scam to steal and launder USDA and trust funds through the vehicle of First Community Bank of Moultrie County.

Lyle wrote in 2024 a 2nd letter to the Moultrie Tax Assessor office, Stephanie Helmuth, for falsely titling the property tax bills on Peter Lux's Estate farmland.(App.T-299) Lyle instructed her to title the property tax bills, "Peter Lux Estate in care of the Roger L. Harrison Sr. Revocable Trust".(App.T-299;U-300) Thus far, she has no response, and has refused to change the tax bills to reflect the true state of the ownership of Peter Lux's Estate.

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT OF Lyle R. Harrison

Lyle is denied due process and civil rights +11.5 years, namely the right to the Unredacted police reports, a Final Order in his father's probate pending +12 years, his enjoyment of inheritance of the entire Peter Lux Estate in trust, all Peter Lux Estate property tax bills to be accurately titled in Trust, and speedy trial. Lyle or his Attorney's attended every hearing in case 13CF47. Lyle is denied ALL his rights, including the right to unredacted police reports and speedy trial for 11.5 years! Lyle's argument agrees with the US Supreme Court that speedy trial is automatic after 8 years, and does not require the courtroom presence of the accused for trial. Malicious prosecution, a Final Order in probate 13P26, Unredacted police reports and speedy trial have nothing to do with Rooker-Feldman.

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT OF THE US 7th DISTRICT COURT AND US 7th CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS

Prosecutor Charles R. Zalar, the US 7th District Court Judge Lyn Adelman, and the US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals have argued, Lyle was denied due process, the Unredacted police reports, speedy trial and his civil rights for +11.5 years only because Lyle's Attorney appeared, but Lyle has not appeared in person in Moultrie County since September 2016.

They also appear to argue Rooker-Feldman applies to a civil rights case. Therefore, when any State denies Americans their God given rights, or Trust farmland, those Americans have no right to appeal to Federal Court for the denial of civil rights.(App.A*-4)

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

I. Review is warranted because the Mandamus Writ will Aid the Court's Appellate jurisdiction for the 7 reasons listed below and the US Supreme Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Lyle Harrison's claims under the Common Law & 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 & 1343 & 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

A. Lyle Harrison exhausted all remedy after all Illinois State Courts denied him +11.5 years, Lyle filed and was denied remedy from Milwaukee District and Chicago Appeals Court with both levels of the 7th Circuit Courts stating they won't secure Lyle's Civil Rights where a State Court has denied them.

The 14th Amendment states; “....nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law”.

Lyle filed +11.5 years, and hired 2 attorneys both of whom have filed for the Unredacted police reports. Both Lyle and his 2 attorneys are currently denied(App.I-159) the unredacted police reports. The last Order signed by the US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals denying Lyle his unredacted police reports means Lyle has no recourse in State or Federal Court to obtain police reports which exonerate him in pending criminal case 13CF47.

There is no US Supreme Court precedent stating Americans whose civil rights are denied by States Courts, have lost the right to file for civil rights in federal court. It's an absurd assertion and the worst Order Lyle has read in +12 years. Indeed, +70% of the 8,000 annual appeals to the US Supreme Court are because 14th Amendment civil rights were denied in State Courts. The 7th Circuit Court Orders are against; all precedent, all case history, and all law which Lyle read and reviewed.(App.A*-4;A-8;B-13)

B. Illinois State and Federal Court Orders citing Rooker-Feldman, contradict the US Supreme Court speedy trial precedent, thus the 7th District and 7th Appellate Courts Erred at Law and should be overturned.

The US Supreme Court precedent for Americans 6th Amendment right to speedy trial was illustrated perfectly in the following cases;

The 1st Circuit thought a delay of 9 months overly long, absent a good reason, in a case that depended on eyewitness testimony. *U.S. v. Butler*, 426 F.2d 1275, 1277(1970). Lyle wonders what the US Supreme Court says after a delay of 4,200 days(+11.5 Years)? The denial of speedy trial by the State of Texas was held by the US Supreme Court in *Smith vs. Hooey* grounds for Mandamus of dismissal. In the case of *Doggett vs. United States*, the US Supreme Court held that the delay of speedy trial of 8-12 years between petitioner's indictment and arrest violated his Sixth Amendment right to speedy trial. The US Supreme Court held that it violated his right to speedy trial with Justice David Souter in 2012 delivering the opinion. In these cases, precedent was set that after +8 years of a pending criminal case, the accused DOES NOT HAVE TO FILE for speedy trial, its automatic. In fact, the accused (Doggett) was outside the USA and unable to come to court +5 years, and the US Supreme Court set precedent stating, "even if the accused cannot OR does not appear for trial, after 8 years the State MUST go to trial, OR DISMISS all criminal charges". Lyle was unable to attend court due to physicians review, and when asked has submitted medical information of his hospitalization to his Attorney, Twila Garrett. Ms. Garrett did not file nor inform the court of his medical condition. Ms. Garrett was hand picked by Judge Broch, and has appeared +8 years at every hearing.

Lyle is willing to submit additional information on his medical inability to attend previous hearings if asked. Lyle has NEVER been asked. Lyle would submit his information from the same Physician Ms. Amy Willoughby used when refusing to face the accused for the 2016 fake trial. However, Ms. Willoughby NEVER submitted anything, she just refused to appear in court and denied Lyle his 6th Amendment rights to face his accuser face to face. Judge Broch was fine with Ms. Willoughby's denial of Lyle's rights.

Milwaukee 7th District Judge Lyn Adelman signed his 2nd Order in 2024 dismissing Lyle's case for malicious prosecution, citing the Rooker-Feldman doctrine as the main reason for his dismissal of all Lyle's civil rights.(App.B-13) Lyle filed +7 federal cases and 3 Mandamus' with the Illinois Supreme Court, to secure his civil rights, and to obtain a Final Order in his father's probate. Rooker-Feldman has nothing to do with the denial of Civil Rights in State Courts. Rooker-Feldman is the doctrine that once a State has

decided a case, the case cannot be relitigated in Federal Courts. Finally, the Federal Judges have stated they will not preserve Lyle's Rights once the State Courts have denied them. The following 6 exceptions were not taken into account by the Honorable Judge Adelman when he signed his Order;

1. Rooker-Feldman does not apply where the State has already relinquished jurisdiction.(Trusts, Agreed Order's, or Probate's)
2. Rooker-Feldman does not apply where the State has exceeded its authority, or the State has ruled where it has no jurisdiction.
3. Rooker-Feldman does not apply where the State Court has committed a crime or federal tax evasion with its ruling.
4. Rooker-Feldman does not apply where the State Court has ruled against a Federal entity.
5. Rooker-Feldman does not apply where the State Court has refused to Rule or sign a Final Order.(Like 13P26)
6. Rooker-Feldman does not apply where the State Courts have denied Americans their Civil Rights.(Like Speedy Trial)

Lyle's 3 Civil cases and Criminal Case 13CF47, qualify for 5 out of 6 of the reasons Rooker-Feldman doesn't apply. Lyle's father's probate has no Final Order for +12.5 years. All probate attorney's and criminal defense attorneys interviewed by Lyle are unanimous that until Roger Sr's probate has been closed with a final order, the criminal case is a FAKE extortion case to ram farmland through Roger's Estate and distribute outside the trust. The "Cash for Kids case" filed in Pennsylvania Federal Court is a perfect example of the Federal Court overturning 1200 State cases previously litigated, because Rooker-Feldman was incorrectly applied. All 1200 cases are examples of State Judges committing a criminal act, and therefore, Reversal upon appeal to federal court.

The +110 year precedent in Illinois, is where farmland has passed through a man's estate, and ESTATE TAXES HAVE BEEN PAID ON those individuals, the Illinois Supreme Court precedent for +100 years in the Illinois Supreme Courts own words;

"There is; No Deed, No Court Case, No Court Order, which can ever take that land from that individual."

Peter Lux's Estate paid the Estate Transfer Taxes in Fee

Simple for the “**WIGHTMAN TRACTS** and **PIATT COUNTY TRACTS**” on Harry Howard Harrison.(App.C55) Harry Harrison bought Faye’s life estate and right, title and interest with “Trust funds” for the Harrison Children.(App.D60) Lyle Harrison legally and lawfully inherited the “Piatt County and WIGHTMAN tracts” of land and the LEGACY from Peter Lux’s Estate by SPRINGING EXECUTORY INTEREST, in Trust.(App.C16;D60;G134;E68) Estate Taxes were paid on Lyle and his 8 siblings of +\$7,219 in 1922,(App.D55-59) because Harry died without issue. The Agreed Order of 36CH63, (App.G134;D60) the 1924 Declaration of Trust, and Fay’s(Amy mothers) sale of all right, title, and interest in Peter Lux’s Estate for \$3000 of Trust money, is what gives the 9 Harrison Children their interest & ownership.(App.C55-C59;D60-D65;E68;G134;F100)

C. Both the 7th District and 7th Circuit Court of Appeals either cannot or will not secure Lyle’s 6th amendment rights to the Unredacted police reports.

Lyle filed more Civil rights cases and more civil rights appeals than most of the +100 attorneys he consulted. At the beginning of these court cases, about 50% of the attorneys had confidence the State Court system would work. After +14 years, that number is now 10%. Now it appears only 10% of attorneys have confidence in the Illinois judicial system. All 3 of Lyle’s Attorney’s who agreed to take Criminal case 13CF47 to trial, confessed they cannot get any of Lyle’s rights during a 2nd fake trial. The Founding Fathers of America called a trial without rights, an execution, not a trial. Illinois calls the denial of the 6th Amendment rights, due process. How sad.

Lyle filed twice with the US 7th Circuit Court of appeals in 7 years. How many times must Lyle file for his 6th Amendment rights and for a Final Order in Roger Sr’s probate? It’s pending +12.5 years, and No Final Order. Both Orders from the 7th District confirm, neither court is interested in securing Due Process or any Rights for Lyle.(App.A*4;A8;B13) Neither State nor Federal Court is willing to secure Lyle’s rights to the unredacted police reports.(App.I-159) For +11.5 years the Illinois Judicial system allowed Prosecutor Zalar to deny Lyle his 6th Amendment rights. Why? The last 12 years is further proof Lyle

has exhausted all remedy in Illinois State and Federal Courts.

D. Both the 7th District and 7th Circuit Court of Appeals either cannot or will not clarify their own orders and neither will state who inherited Peter Lux's Estate and Legacy, although Peter Lux's Estate was settled in 1922.

Lyle's Petition for Rehearing was filed in May 2024, and an Order was signed dismissing his case.(App.B13) Lyle filed a 2nd appeal with the US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals September 2024. The appeals Court dismissed Lyle's appeal for the Unredacted police reports,(App.A*-4) so Lyle filed a Motion for rehearing, which was also dismissed December 2024.(App.A**-1) Lyle filed that Motion, asking the Appeals court to clarify their own orders, which they refused to do.(App.A**-1) Lyle also filed with Milwaukee federal Judge Lyn Adelman asking him to clarify the Courts Order, he refused, and dismissed Lyle's case.(App.B13) The honorable US 7th Circuit Court of Appeals stated several things patently false things about Lyle, and that no Attorney or Judge has filed anywhere on the planet. Their Order states,

“...IN fact, he(Lyle) did not own the land, but that did not stop him from harvesting its corn...”(App.A10)

Firstly, when Lyle filed a motion for clarification and 2nd appeal for the court to clarify, they refused to say whom inherited Peter Lux's Estate. Secondly, Lyle knows and Floyd & Amy Willoughby admitted in 2 FILED affidavits(App.H144) and 2 civil cases 13L7 & 13CH57 the Willoughby's were NEVER in a partnership(App.A10) and NEVER INHERITED from Peter Lux's Estate. They claim they STOLE from Peter Lux's probate, trust farmland.(App.H144) Thirdly, Lyle has NEVER harvested anything, and never operated a harvester or tractor in his life. Lyle has no equipment, and no license to operate a Truck or Combine. The court signed Orders contradicting ALL witnesses, including the police officers and farmers, during the fake 2016 trial. Robert Kauffman and all police testified under oath, Robert alone harvested and Lyle NEVER trespassed, never harvested, or used any equipment EVER. The Police testified Lyle never trespassed. How does a man harvest a 40 acre field with no combines or trucks? How do you harvest 40 acres of farmland

without entering the field? Magic carpet? Quantum wormholes? The Appeals court refuses to explain their orders of ownership, exactly whom inherited Peter Lux's Estate. They claim, "Roger Sr. and distant relatives". But refused to say whom are the distant relatives.(App.A9) With all due respect to the Court, when the Court refuses to clarify their own Orders, how can non-attorney, Lyle, respond to delusion?(App.A10) Criminal defense Attorney's argue, if you don't know who bought or who inherited Peter Lux's Estate,("Wightman Tracts") how do you know who stole? Worse, if you are accusing all the police officers who testified and farmer Robert Kauffman of perjury, what witnesses are you relying upon for your Court Orders? The Court never said because there are no witnesses, no Estate documents that agree with their Order. Lyle inherited Peter Lux's Estate! What is more exceptional than a Justice system prosecuting Heirs for inheriting land, and denying heirs their rights to extort their Trust money?

E. Plaintiffs in +4 civil cases filed admitting they inherited nothing, indirectly admitting the Harrison family inherited Peter Lux's Estate and Legacy. Attorney Floyd and Amy Willoughby state they stole money(adverse possession) from the 9 Harrison Children's Trust,(Peter Lux's Estate) and they now claim ownership of the Trust, irrespective of the 36CH63 Agreed Court Order.

During the fake 2016 trial of criminal case 13CF47, Attorney Floyd Willoughby stated on the witness stand under oath, "my wife didn't inherit farmland (from Peter Lux), she got her interest from a deed".(adverse possession) The only deed referenced by Attorney Floyd Willoughby was a deed signed by his wife, Amy Willoughby, conveying interest from herself to her and her husband, Floyd. Both affidavits signed and filed by Floyd and Amy Willoughby in their civil cases 13L7 & 13CH57 admit they didn't buy and they didn't inherit any farmland from Peter Lux or the Harrison family ever. Both affidavits also admit Lyle Harrison never harvested Peter Lux's Estate, but that Lyle hired farmer Robert Kauffman to harvest.(App.H147;H155) Prosecutor Charles Zalar contradicted the Willoughbys when he stated in Court the Willoughby's inherited farmland from Peter Lux. They didn't, and they both filed affidavits admitting they didn't inherit.(App.H144) All evidence from Peter Lux's Estate and the Case 36CH63 Agreed Order contradicts the claims of prosecutor Zalar.(App.G134)

F. Roger Harrison Sr. died +12.5 years ago in 2012, yet all Illinois Judges refuse to sign a Final Order in 13P26.

Central to the 4 civil cases filed in Moultrie County by distant family members not in the Harrison family is the probate of Roger L. Harrison Sr. Roger Sr. died September 19, 2012, however the probate Attorney's in Chicago and central Illinois told the Harrison family, the Judge refuses to sign a Final Order in Roger Sr's probate, because to sign taking something out of trust is to make the County pay the tax bill and to sign the truth, that nothing is in Roger Sr's probate, is to make both banks pay +\$17 Million in income tax evasion. Lyle has filed 3 Mandamus' with the Illinois Supreme Court, and 7 Writs with the US Supreme Court to close Roger Sr's probate. All to no avail, Judge Broch refuses to sign a Final Order in 13P26, even though all Attorney's in Illinois agree, and the Harrison family agrees, there is NOTHING and there NEVER was anything in Roger Sr's probate. Judge Broch keeps the probate from ending, because according to the Attorney's, it's the only way to keep Judge Flannell's bank from having to pay the IRS, the +\$17 Million tax lien and levy. If Floyd, Amy, Charlotte, Cynthia, and Shirley inherited from Peter Lux's Estate, why No Final Order in Roger Sr's probate 13P26 for +12.5 years?

G. Illinois State and Federal Judges' refusal to correctly title the annual property tax bills of Peter Lux's Estate, therefore the Harrison family has no other remedy except the United States Supreme Court.

When Judge Dan Flannell signed December 9, 2016 Final Order in case 11CH27, He mistitled Peter Lux's Estate. Judge Flannell signed deeds contradicting the Harrison family trust. Judge Flannell signed fake deeds appearing to ram 120 acres though Roger Sr's Estate, 160 acres Fee simple in the 9 Harrison Children, and 40 acres in the Roger L. Harrison Sr. Revocable Trust.(Scotus Writ 22-6154) Attorney Dan Flannell wanted to cover up the fact the tax bills were fraudulently titled in the names of 2 dead ancestors, Harry and Lyle Lux Harrison's names +40 years after they died.(App.V305) Both Banks did this to conceal the true owners, the 9 Harrison Children. Is mistitling annual tax bills to steal from the IRS the goal of Illinois Attorney's and Prosecutors? It appears that way! The smoking gun, is no Final Order signed in Roger Sr's probate. Rooker-Feldman has nothing to do with signing a final order in probate!

Why does Judge Flannell's 11CH27 Final Order not allow the Harrison family to refile their 2013 Trustees Deeds.(Scotus Writ 22-6154 – Appendix NN197) The Harrison family is unanimous, and signed agreeing 3 times to take ALL interest in Peter Lux's Estate in Trust. The 1st time signing Roger Sr's Trust, 2nd their mother Joys Living Trust, and 3rd signing 2014 affidavits in probate 13P26.(App.K168) Why does Judge Flannell want the Harrison family to file income taxes on Peter Lux's Estate outside of Trust? Why does Prosecutor Zalar care how the Harrison family files taxes? Attorney Thomas Hamill and other Illinois tax attorneys said, when the Harrison family files in Trust, it creates a tax liability on the whole Peter Lux Estate. This means distant family members, not Trust beneficiaries, cannot steal income now without the IRS charging both banks millions.(App.S296)

When Attorney Robert V. Elder falsely altered the tax bills to steal a house from his clients mother, Judge Flannell and the Illinois Supreme Court stated outrage.(Scotus Writ 22-6154 – Appendix BB68-80) +10 years later, Judge Flannell did the same as Attorney Elder, creating a massive \$17 Million(App.S296) IRS tax liability,(now \$90 Million) and the Illinois Supreme Court and Illinois Prosecutors office says and does nothing. It was fake moral outrage as all the Illinois Attorneys can now see.

II. Review is warranted because Part I-II state the 7 reasons or exceptional circumstances that warrant the exercise of the Courts discretionary powers to end the denial +11.5 years of all Lyles 6th Amendment Rights, the 7th District and 7th Circuit Appeals Court, under the common law, should have secured, but instead allowed the weaponization of the Justice system against Lyle and the Harrison family +11.5 years(+4,200 days)

A. The relief should uphold General Constitutional civil rights Governments Must provide due process; in a criminal case and before confiscating Trust farmland after estate taxes were paid and the Judge has signed 36CH63 Agreed Order

Lyle Harrison inherited Peter Lux's Estate via the legacy in Trust, upon the death of Harry Howard Harrison without issue,

- d. The right to speedy trial
- e. The rights to discovery and to compel witnesses
- f. The right to face his accuser face to face
- g. The right to be innocent until proven guilty
- h. The right to prevent the State from imposing excessive bail requirements

3 years Before the August 2016 trial Lyle filed for speedy trial 4 times and was denied 4 times. Lyle sent/filed for subpoenas to Estate Attorney, Robert V. Elder, Hardware State Bank CEO Ray Duncan, Sally Duncan, and +40 witnesses. Judge Broch did not allow Lyle any discovery, refused to allow Lyle to see any police reports, and refused to allow Lyle to argue his own case, but instead forced a public defender, Attorney Twila Garrett. Consider the trial was so egregious, that Lyle, a Pro SE filer, filed his own appeal brief and the Illinois 4th Appellate District agreed to reverse and remand criminal case 13CF47.(Scotus 19-5328 – Appendix 15a) Since May 1, 2018, Lyle filed +9 times for speedy trial and has been denied all 9 times.(App.L180) The US 7th Circuit Court of appeals falsely stated “Lyle harvested grain”.(App.A-10) This is NOT true. Floyd and Amy Willoughby signed and filed(App.H-147) in their 2014 Affidavits. Lyle hired farmer Robert Kauffman who harvested the grain on the schedule of Trust property on page 16 of the 2012 Roger L. Harrison Sr. Revocable Trust. This trust was signed by Attorney Jerry Stout, with the last deed of record signed, filed and recorded by Lyle 3 weeks before harvesting.(App.J-164) Mr. Kauffman returned all the grain in question, and paid a \$15,000 fine October 2016 on \$10,200 worth of grain. Lyle was set excessive bail requirements of \$500,000 in Judge Broch’s February 2017 Order!(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 383a) Why? To force incarceration, stop the appeal brief, torture, and extort a signature.

Prosecutor Zalar’s argument, contradicts the theft confession of Attorney Floyd and Amy Willoughby in both their affidavits (App.H144) and 2 civil cases 13L7 & 13CH57. Attorney Floyd and Amy Willoughby affidavits appear to state they stole from Peter Lux Jr’s Estate settled on the Harrison children in 1921. However, because the Willoughby’s stole from the 9 Harrison children’s trust, the IRS will not charge them taxes. Prosecutor Zalar, contradicts both Willoughby affidavits,(App.H147) by falsely stating Lyle did not hire farmer Robert Kauffman. Mr. Zalar also had Ms. Sandra

Sanders as his witness in the police reports(App.I-159) and for his on the stand “expert opinion” of self-confessed, NON-Attorney Ms. Sandra Sanders. (App.W325;W317;W345;I-159). Prosecutor Zalar quashed Lyle’s trial subpoena of the attorney who filed Floyd and Amy’s deed, Attorney Robert V. Elder.

Why? The US 7th Circuit falsely stated Floyd owned the 320 acres of Peter Lux’s Estate(App.A10) Apparently they never read Peter Lux’s inheritance Tax return or Will, which lists Fay Lux, (Amy Willoughby’s mother) receives \$17,000,(App.C54;D60-65) but NO farmland. The farmland the Willoughby’s claim they stole had the fee simple transfer tax paid for Harry Howard Harrison and Harrison Children!(App.C55) If Peter Lux’s Estate was given to Roger Sr. as the US 7th Circuit asserts,(App.A10) it was in trust, as Roger Sr. was born 1937, +14 years after Peter Lux Jr. died.

After denying Lyle’s civil rights +14 years in court, plaintiffs Attorney’s don’t file any probate files, inheritance tax returns, Wills, or Trusts from any of their five generations of common ancestors. Plaintiff’s won’t file a family tree!(App.C59) The reason Plaintiffs’ left out all family Estate plans is quite simple. Peter Lux’s Will(App.C16-C59) and Inheritance Tax Return signed by ALL family members(including Amy’s mother and father) and Judge J. Grider is Claim Preclusion(Res Judicata). And the Moultrie Case 36-CH-63 Agreed Order signed by Trustee Susan Harrison,(App.G134) Beneficiaries Harry H. Harrison, Lyle L. Harrison and Judge John Laughlin is Issue Preclusion(Collateral Estoppel).(App.C16;C54-C59;D60-D65;G134-G142;E68;F100)

After +14-years of civil litigation Illinois Courts filed fake partition deeds on Trust farmland, which according to the Moultrie Case 36-CH-63 Agreed Order,(App.G134) was held in Trust by Harry, Lyle, and Susan and their Heirs, Executors, and Assigns FOREVER.(App.G134) The 11CH27 & 13L7 fake Illinois Court Orders increased the IRS tax liability and violated all of Lyle’s civil rights. The famous 1765 British court case *Entick v. Carrington* decision of the Court was the forerunner of our 4th Amendment;

“Our law holds the property of every man so sacred, that no man can set foot upon his neighbors without his leave.”

The problem for Americans in 1750, was that they did not enjoy the benefits of this law, but were instead subject to General Warrants/Writ of assistance. The General Warrant gave the British Government the right to enter any man's home and property at any time and take what they wanted. President John Adams said this very abhorrent evil was;

“The spark in which originated the American Revolution.”

American Lawyer, James Otis, attacked the Writs of assistance so much, he was elected to represent the Massachusetts colonial legislature. Later in 1776, the Virginia Declaration of Rights explicitly forbade the use of General Warrants, and this was the precedent for the 4th Amendment. Because Judge Flannell, Judge Broch, and the 7 Illinois 4th District Appellate Judges employed the illegal and unlawful use of General Warrants, the 9 Harrison children are denied their Trust money and USDA federal subsidies +52 years.(App.C16;G134;D60) If the US 7th Circuit Appeals Court was correct when they stated Roger Sr. was a co-owner(App.A10) of Peter Lux's Estate, Roger Sr's estate plan is a Living Trust, not a partnership.(App.E68) Their false Order now denies Roger Sr's Trust, +\$20,000 of federal USDA subsidies +15 years. (+\$300,0000)

When Trust land is seized by Courts simply by filing a case against “UNKNOWN OWNERS”, the 14th & 4th Amendments are meaningless paper. The Courts only purpose is to protect the rights and real property of the individual from the masses. At the April 2015 Moultrie County Court hearing, Judge Richard Broch said to Lyle and his Attorney, Ms. Joanne Dennison; “the US Constitution is a document that has no bearing, place or relevance in my courthouse.”(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 345a)

When Illinois Judge's overrule probates and Orders signed +90 years ago denying the Children's Trust farmland, what purpose is the law? There is no evidence or witnesses filed with any Court in any case Lyle committed a crime. If Lyle is guilty, Why has the Court violated Lyle's right to unredacted police reports, and denied speedy trial in 13CF47 +11.5 years? If Lyle never inherited Peter Lux Jr's Estate, why were Lyle and his 8 siblings sued +14 years in case 11CH27? Why is there no Final Order in Roger Sr's probate 13P26? The US 7th Circuit Order says Lyle is barred by State

Court Orders including Lyle's God given civil rights to; speedy trial, unredacted police reports, and right to file property taxes in trust.(App.A*-4;A-8;B-13) Due process and the 14th Amendment says they must be overturned.

The US 7th court of appeals Order states Roger Sr. co-owned Peter Lux's Estate,(App.A10) With whom? They refuse to clarify who the distant Co-Owners are. Roger Sr. was the SOLE Trustee and Transferee appointed by his father, Lyle Lux Harrison's 1976 Living Trust and 1981 Inheritance Tax Return signed by Judge W.B. Kranz.(App.P223) Roger Sr's estate plan was his purchase of a 2 acre farm, his trust deeds, and his living Trust.(App.E68) Why did Charlotte sue Lyle, his 8 siblings, and his mother if they didn't inherit Peter Lux's Estate? Roger Sr's spouse Joy and 9 children NEVER signed a partnership, EVER. Pastor Roger Harrison Jr., was incarcerated because he refused to sign and become the personal representative, and he refused to sign or dissolve his father's Trust.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 418a;257a) Criminal case 13CF47 was remanded May 2017 with instructions to allow Lyle to argue his own case, because Judge Broch denied Lyle this right.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 15a) After +11.5 years Public Defender, Twila Garrett, hasn't withdrawn and Judge Broch Never signed releasing her. Judge Broch didn't obey the May 2017 Order of the 4th District Appellate Court,(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 15a) So why would he obey the US Constitution?

The Illinois Supreme Court denied Lyle rights to file indigent 2 weeks after Federal Judge, William Duffin signed his Order(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendices 12a;39a) allowing Lyle to file as Indigent. The US Supreme Court allowed Lyle to file as Indigent twice in the same case! Lyle has no income, and filed no tax return +12 years, 2014 – 2025. The US Supreme Court has long ruled a part of due process is allowing indigent persons to file without having to pay court costs. The federal *informa pauperis* statute, enacted in 1892 and codified as 28 U.S.C. § 1915, is designed to ensure indigent litigants have a meaningful access to the federal courts. *Adkins v. E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.*, 335 U.S. 331, 342-343(1948)

The October 10, 2018 Illinois Supreme Court Order denied Lyle's Fee Waivers.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 43a) Lyle filed

a timely Motion to Reconsider(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 99a) with attached Order signed by Federal Magistrate Judge William Duffin accepting Lyle Harrison as Indigent August 23, 2018.(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 12a) The Illinois Supreme Court Denied Lyle's Motion to Reconsider October 24, 2018(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 41a) even after Lyle filed he has no income, no pay stubs, no house, no car, no assets, +\$100,000 of college debt, and Lyle filed no tax returns, 2014-2025.(Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 93a) Lyle didn't file case 11CH27. Plaintiff's added Lyle to the partition lawsuit March 27, 2012, 6 months before the death of Roger Sr. Plaintiffs contend their Partnership owned the land, one in which neither, Lyle nor his 8 siblings never signed nor agreed to. Thus, 11CH27 is a frivolous case to weaponize the Court system against Trust owners. The wrongful death of Roger Sr. wasn't enough, Prosecutor Zalar appears to seek the death of the 9 Harrison Children. So outspoken was his goal, during the fake 2016 criminal trial, appellate Prosecutor Zalar told the jury in front of +50 witnesses, "it would have been much easier for Floyd and Amy Willoughby (to steal) if all 9 Harrison Children had been aborted at birth".

This Courts long standing precedent has always been to uphold the 1st Amendment right to Petition the government for redress. *Adkins v. E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.*, 335 U.S. 331, 342-343(1948) Neither Lyle, nor his family filed criminal case 13CF47 or the +8 year civil cases. Civil case 11CH27 was filed July 2011 by Charlotte Huggins, Cynthia Peters and Shirley Cooper. Charlotte Huggins died December 13, 2017.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 76a) Remaining Plaintiff's, Cynthia and Shirley are not Heirs, Heirs at law, legatees, or devisee's in any Estate plan of any member of the family for 5 generations.(App.C59;E68;F100) Both filed a 7th class claim +12 years ago as creditors in Roger Sr.'s probate #13-P-26. For +12.5 years all three Judges presiding over Roger Sr's probate awarded nothing to Cynthia, Shirley and Charlotte. In +14 years of Case 11CH27, and +20,000 pages of filings, neither of these ladies claimed to inherit anything from Peter Lux or any family member. Their cases are frivolous and should be dismissed Instanter. Why delay a final order +12 years?

Lyle filed an ARDC complaint, two motions firing her, and filed federal case #16-CV-4831 against Public defender Ms. Garrett. After the 4th District Appellate Court remanded the case back, she

still remains on case 13CF47 +9 years! Lyle filed this federal case against Judge Broch, federal case 24-CV-2369 against Jeremy Richey, and Mandamus' #123568 & #128725 with the Illinois Supreme Court for violating his civil rights. And for changing the Moultrie court transcripts.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 345a) Lyle filed two federal cases and subpoena's on Judges Broch and Richey as witnesses in case 13CF47. Both Judges Broch and Richey still preside in criminal case 13CF47!

For denial of Lyle's civil rights and seizure of his trust bank accounts, Lyle filed ARDC complaints on; Attorney Rollin Huggins, Attorney Craig Runyon, Attorney Robert Elder, Attorney Twila J. Garrett, Attorney Jeremy Richey, and Attorney Duane Deters. Also, a JIB complaint and Mandamus on Judge Dan Flannell, 2 Mandamus' on Judge Richard Broch, and on Circuit Clerk Cynthia Braden. Illinois Attorney General lead investigator, Attorney Ed Carter said to 4 witnesses, **US BANK, HARDWARE STATE BANK**, and the Illinois Prosecutors or Judges were committing federal crimes against the Harrison family.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 298a-299a) However, these federal crimes were outside his jurisdiction. If this Court does not protect Lyle's God given; 1st Amendment right to petition the government for redress, 14th Amendment rights to inherit farmland and 6th Amendment rights to the unredacted police reports & speedy trial, what court will?

Illinois Judge, Dan Flannell, presided in case 11CH27; July 2011 to January 2017. Judge Flannell signed the final Order and the Fake Deeds of Partition.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 50a) The entire time Flannell presided in case 11CH27, Flannell owned common stock in Hardware State Bank.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 – Appendix 300a) and was the Guardian Ad Litem over the 9 Harrison Children's trust accounts. Lyle never received his bank account set up by his grandfather. Judge Flannell is the only living witness who knows who emptied & stole 9 bank accounts. How can Judge Flannell preside in a case he is also a witness in?

Illinois Supreme Court Rule 68 states; "A judge shall file annually with the Clerk of the Illinois Supreme Court(the Clerk) a verified written statement of economic interests and relationships of the judge and members of the judge's immediate family(the statement)." Lyle filed (Scotus Writ 22-6154 Appendix – EE94) the

statements of financial disclosure Judge Dan Flannell signed and filed with the Illinois Supreme Court, 6 years 2011-2016. The 4th Appellate District approved Judge Dan Flannell presiding in case 11CH27, a case he has filed his economic interest, because they said Judge Flannell's shares were "di minimus". How do they know his shares are di Minimus? The Illinois 4th District Appellate Court, admitted they don't know the total shares in the bank, and they don't know the "shares value" because Judge Dan Flannell never filed that with the Illinois Supreme Court.(Scotus Writ 19-5328 - Appendix 300a) Judge Dan Flannell never filed how many shares he owns in Hardware State Bank on those forms.(Scotus Writ 22-6154 – Appendix EE94-124) Lyle proved Judge Flannell lied +3 years, when Flannell told the Illinois Supreme Court no cases were pending(Writ 22-6154;App.EE94) against Hardware State Bank, AFTER Judge Flannell signed an order incarcerating Lyle for filing Counterclaims against Hardware State Bank.(Scotus Writ 22-6154) Why did Judge Flannell file lies if his shares are di Minimus? All Attorneys now see criminal case 13CF47 was filed and weaponized against Lyle to remove the IRS trust income tax liability of **Hardware State Bank and US Bank.**(App.S-296)

The 1982 OPERATION GREYLORD resulted in the IRS and the FBI indicting 101 Officers of the Cook County Illinois Courts. This operation was the largest sting operation in FBI history since the FBI was created! Of these indictments, 79 were convictions, 22 of which were judges. These Judges employed the same tactics as Judges Flannell, Richey, and Broch. Incarceration of Heirs, employing GENERAL WARRANTS, fake criminal cases against heirs, assault, murder, federal tax evasion, money laundering using banks, and fraudulent receiverships. If the U.S. Supreme Court fails to act, more people will lose confidence in the Illinois Justice system, as 90% of Illinois Attorneys interviewed by Lyle have already lost all faith in any part of the Illinois justice system.

CONCLUSION

Founding father John Adams said, "To hold out an olive branch to the British government when they deny our rights, is a matter of gross imbecility". The 1776 Declaration of Independence says,

"King George has deprived us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by Jury and He has obstructed the Administration of

Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws establishing Judiciary powers: and He has refused his assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good and For transporting us beyond the seas to be tried for pretended offences: and... We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all Men are created equal and are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights and among these rights are, life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, and when any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is in the right of The People to alter or abolish it... the history of the King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny... in every stage of these oppressions we have petitioned for redress in the most humble terms, and our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant is unfit to be the ruler of a free people." Insert Illinois everywhere you see tyrant, prince, or King.

February 2025, Illinois Governor Pritzker declared on national television, President Trump will lose the fight with Illinois because "Illinois is a State that follows the Law." Then why, pray tell, did 4 of the last 8 Illinois governors end up in Federal prison? Why was OPERATION GREYLORD necessary in Illinois? Because as Lyle proved, Illinois robs Widows and Children of their inheritance. For the foregoing exceptional circumstances listed, the petition for a writ of mandamus should be granted. But in the alternative, this Honorable Court should reverse the Tyranny of the Illinois Court Orders denying Lyle's God given rights; Order the unredacted police reports, the Final Order in Roger Sr's probate pending +12 years, the fraudulently titled trust property tax tracts from Peter Lux's Estate, and Order Speedy Trial in Lyle's +11.5 year (+4,200 days) case 13CF47.

Respectfully submitted,

Lyle R. Harrison

Lyle R. Harrison, *A Man*
1223 Allen Street
Manitowoc, WI 54220
(920)629-0771
Lharrison@global.t-bird.edu

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