

No. 24-6012

IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

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Cyrus Hazari

Petitioner and private attorney general

v.

Superior Court et al.

Respondents

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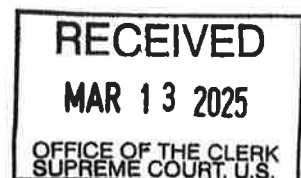
On Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the  
California Supreme Court

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**NOTICE OF RULE 44 MOTION**

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Cyrus Hazari  
Petitioner pro se and  
Private Attorney General  
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Without providing me any safe harbor or disability accommodation, the clerk of this court, on behalf of its 9 justices, demanded (Exhibit A) that I provide the following information or be deprived of justice by this court, once again. This court controls my bodily autonomy and deprives me of life-saving treatment as reported repeatedly in my motions for safe harbor and disability accommodation which this court ignores and discards, while subjecting me to prejudice by virtue of my coerced filings.

The attached motion in Exhibit B is based on the grounds that, while an action in this court is pending, a motion to disqualify any or all of its justices must be heard prior to the adjudication of the action if the disqualification motion is filed prior to the disposition of the action. This was not done in this action. The attached motion is based on the grounds that, the date of filing of a motion in this court is the date at which the motion is deposited in the United States Mail addressed to this court with postage paid. This was not respected in this action. The attached motion is based on the grounds that, this court represented to an angry public (Exhibit C) that it has finally adopted a canon of ethics, codifying "good Behaviour" under Article III, but had no intention of conforming to the new code of ethics, which therefore constitutes a public misrepresentation of its intention to honor the Code of Conduct (Exhibit D).

A review of the disqualification motions confirms that this court lacked jurisdiction, absent corrective actions specified, to render any decision on the writ action. The writ action contained a complaint for human rights violations, which under Article VI and the *jus cogens* of customary international law incorporated in Article VI by four human rights treaties, required action by this court before any adjudication of the writ action.

The improper refusal of this court to first address the disqualification motions before denying the action constitutes sufficient intervening circumstances of substantial or controlling effect that require the reconsideration and reversal of the denial of the writ action. The improper refusal of this court to first address the disqualification motions before denying the action constitutes other substantial grounds not previously presented.

As in every filing that has been attempted by me in this court, this filing is presented in good faith and not for delay. It is this court that delays justice in bad faith. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Cyrus Hazari, 6 March 2025

