No.		
TAO.		

In the Supreme Court of the United States

Nicholas Harding, Petitioner, pro se

v.

Google, LLC, Respondent.

On Petition for a Writ of Certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit

APPLICATION FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME WITHIN WHICH TO FILE A PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI

APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME

To the Honorable Clarence Thomas, Associate

Justice of the United States and Circuit Justice for the

Eleventh Circuit:

Pursuant to Supreme Court Rules 13.5 and 30.2, I, Nicholas Harding, Petitioner *pro se* in the above-captioned case, respectfully request a 45-day extension of time, to and including February 1, 2024, within which to file a petition for a writ of certiorari to review the judgment of the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit in this case.

The judgment was entered on September 5, 2023, and the petition for rehearing was denied on September 19, 2023. Therefore, the current deadline to file a petition for a writ of certiorari is December 18, 2023. This Court's jurisdiction would be invoked under 28 U.S.C. § 1254(1). The denial of rehearing as well as the initial rejection of the appeal are unreported and are attached as Exhibits A and B, respectively.

The reason for this request is to ensure adequate time for the preparation of a comprehensive and wellstructured petition, given the complexity and legal significance of the issues involved in this case.

- 1. This case is primarily concerning the current application of subject-matter diversity jurisdiction and how it conflicts with Article 3 Section 2 of the constitution as well as the 14th Amendment's "state wherein they reside clause.
- 2. The Petitioner brought a case against Google LLC in Florida's Fourth Judicial Circuit, the case was removed by Google to the Middle District of Florida. The Petitioner objected to the removal on the grounds that the Respondent was not a diverse party pursuant to the "state wherein they reside" provision of the 14th Amendment. The Middle District overruled, ordering that the case proceed to arbitration, staying and administratively closing the case.
- 3. Petitioner appealed to the Eleventh Circuit Court of
 Appeals on the grounds that the Middle District lacked
 jurisdiction to issue their order when diversity was
 analyzed with a constitutional approach instead of a

statutory approach. The Eleventh Circuit dismissed the appeal sua sponte for lack of jurisdiction on the grounds that an appeal may not be taken from an interlocutory order compelling arbitration pursuant to 9 U.S.C. § 16(b)(3). Petitioner moved for rehearing on the grounds that the order conclusively determined the disputed question and was entirely separable from the merits of the case, which made it appealable. *Cohen v. Beneficial Indus. Loan Corp.*, 337 U.S. 541, 546 (1949). The Eleventh Circuit dismissed the motion for rehearing without comment on September 19th, 2023.

4. This case is one which raises issues of great public importance, as the federal courts have been exercising jurisdiction over parties that are not diverse when their citizenship is analyzed under the 14th Amendment. Such an analysis has not been suggested previously as corporations and other artificial entities have sought to reap the benefits of rights extended under the 14th amendment, while simultaneously avoiding the provision of the same amendment which could serve to force them to be held accountable in state courts.

5. Petitioner had substantial time obligations during the 90-day period preceding the deadline as a law student and full-time employee at a nonprofit organization. The 45-day extension would serve to grant the petitioner additional time to ensure compliance with court rules and arrange for review of the petition.

Accordingly, there is good cause for this motion, and I respectfully request a 45-day extension for filing the petition for a writ of certiorari to and including February 1, 2024.

Respectfully submitted,

nick of

December 7, 2023

Nicholas Harding

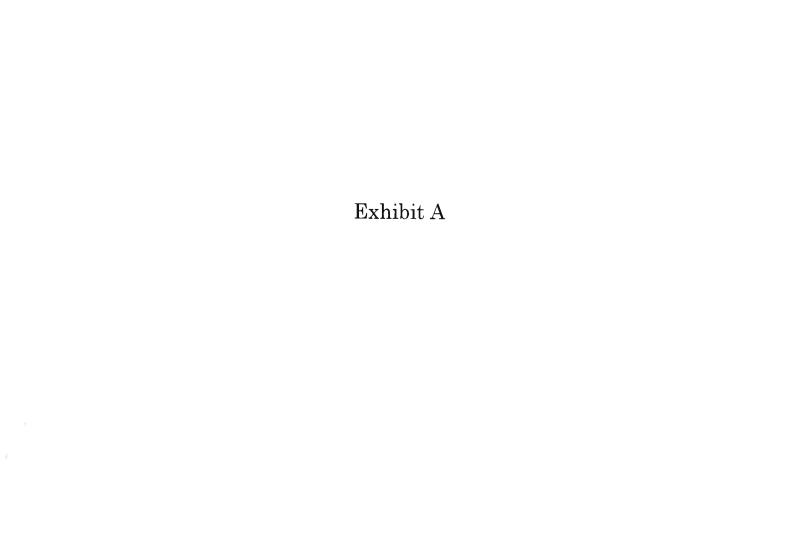
3859 English Colony Dr. N.

Jacksonville, FL 32257

313-670-3068

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Petitioner pro se



In the United States Court of Appeals

For the Eleventh Circuit

No. 23-11974

NICHOLAS HARDING,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

versus

GOOGLE LLC,

Defendant-Appellee.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida D.C. Docket No. 3:23-cv-00321-BJD-JBT

Before WILSON, JORDAN, and NEWSOM, Circuit Judges.

2 Order of the Court

23-11974

PER CURIAM:

The Petition for Panel Rehearing filed by Nicholas Harding is DENIED.

Exhibit B

[DO NOT PUBLISH]

In the

United States Court of Appeals

For the Eleventh Circuit

No. 23-11974

Non-Argument Calendar

NICHOLAS HARDING,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

versus

GOOGLE LLC,

Defendant-Appellee.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida D.C. Docket No. 3:23-cv-00321-BJD-JBT Opinion of the Court

23-11974

Before WILSON, JORDAN, and NEWSOM, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:

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This appeal is DISMISSED, *sua sponte*, for lack of jurisdiction. Nicholas Harding appeals from the district court's order granting Google LLC's motion to compel arbitration and staying the case pending the completion of arbitration. The order also directed the parties to routinely file reports on the status of the arbitration proceedings.

An appeal may not be taken from an interlocutory order that compels arbitration and stays, rather than dismisses, the action. 9 U.S.C. § 16(b)(1)-(3); see Am. Express Fin. Advisors, Inc. v. Makarewicz, 122 F.3d 936, 939 & n.4 (11th Cir. 1997) (dismissing for lack of jurisdiction appeal of an order compelling arbitration, staying proceedings, and administratively closing the case); Green Tree Fin. Corp.-Ala. v. Randolph, 531 U.S. 79, 87 n.2 (2000) (noting that if the district court had entered a stay, rather than a dismissal, the order would not have been appealable, per 9 U.S.C. § 16(b)(1)). The district court's order here stayed, rather than dismissed, the case and expressly contemplated further proceedings. Cf. Martinez v. Carnival Corp., 744 F.3d 1240, 1244 (11th Cir. 2014) (noting that administratively closing a case is not the same as dismissing a case and finding that order compelling arbitration was immediately appealable where it "[n]otably . . . did not stay the proceedings, nor did it contemplate any further action on this case").

23-11974

Opinion of the Court

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All pending motions are DENIED as moot. No petition for rehearing may be filed unless it complies with the timing and other requirements of 11th Cir. R. 40-3 and all other applicable rules.

In the Supreme Court of the United States

Nicholas Harding, Petitioner,

Google, LLC, Respondent.

On Petition for a Writ of Certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit

Proof of Service

On December 7, 2023, I, Nicholas Harding, served the following counsel of record for respondent, Google LLC., a copy of the Application for Extension by United States Postal Service and by electronic mail pursuant to Rule 29.3:

Douglas Kilby

STEARNS WEAVER MILLER WEISSLER ALHADEFF & SITTERSON, P.A. 106 E. College Ave., Suite 700 Tallahassee, FL 32301 (850) 580-7200

Pursuant to Rule 29.5(c) of the Supreme court rules:

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on December 7, 2023.

STATE OF FLORIDA **COUNTY OF DUVAL**

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me by means of physical presence or online RECEIVED notarization, this Today of Docember, 2023, by Nicholas Harding

DEC 12 2023

(Signature of Notary Public - State of Florida)

Personally Known __ OR Produced Identification 🗸

Type of Identification Produced US FC DC

