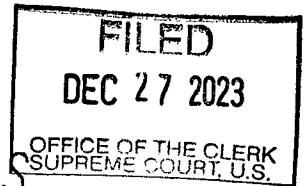


23-7698
No. _____

ORIGINAL

IN THE

SUPREME COURT OF UNITED STATES



GARCIA COLEMAN - PETITIONER

VS.

DAN CROMWELL - RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO

State Of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County, Presiding Judge Daniel S George,
State Of Wisconsin, Columbia County Circuit Court Judge Branch II W. Andrew Voigt (?)
United States Court of Appeals For the Seventh Circuit

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

GARCIA Coleman, DOC #183591 D.O.B. 5/21/1970
New Lisbon Correctional Institution
P. O. Box 2000
New Lisbon, WI 53950

QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

Because the law worketh wrath: for where no law is
there is no transgression,

transgression: infringement or violation of law or duty

However there was an abridgment:

to reduce in scope: Diminish < attempts to ~~~~~ the right
of Free speech and the power to have custody of the individual
(Garcia Coleman, DDC #183591 the power to make decisions related
to mobility and travel)?

How can Garcia Coleman the individual at issue here
is not Garcia Coleman himself arguing that the State of Wisconsin
Department of Corrections is depriving him of substantial due
process rights or constitutional rights but that the State of
Wisconsin Department of Corrections or State of Wisconsin,
Circuit Court, Columbia County, Circuit Court Judge W. Andrew Voigt
is, is not, or may be denying Garcia Coleman's guardian the sub-
stantial due process rights, Free Speech right, Liberty right,
Equal Protection right, treatment right, Patient Health Care records,
Liberty: the limits within which a certain amount of freedom may
be exercise related to mobility and travel; freedom from not in use-
take liberties to be too impertinent in action or speech such as
There are no circumstances under which ooooooooo so completely
supersedes a Judgment of conviction such that the Guardian had
(not) the authority to inform the Department of Corrections to release

a ward from prison, associated with the guardianship case?

How can't Alline Coleman Garcia Coleman's guardian have a absolute constitutional right to the exercise of the rights granted under the guardianship and any abridgement/a curtailment as with impairment to the exercise of those powers created by the law making branch of the State of Wisconsin legislature ascribed to be transferred to the Guardian which the State of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County, Circuit Court appointed Alline Coleman Guardian of the person Garcia Coleman, DOC #183591 with having transferred to Guardian of the Person 14 power(s) specifically ☒ g. The power to make decisions related to mobility and travel., and ☒ o. The power to have custody of the individual (Garcia Coleman, DOC #183591 D.O.B. 5/21/1970), if an adult, prerequisite/required beforehand or as a direct charge/ to load burden on; give as a duty, etc. to make responsible for. The Court Orders: granted confer formally do without the State of Wisconsin Department of Corrections objecting timely to the direct charge instead chosen not even timely appeal/the direct charge of the circuit court to a higher court for review, rather than constitute a constitutional abridgment of the State of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County direct charge afforded < Alline Coleman a direct charge The power to have custody of the individual > obviation?

From which place, source, or cause < can Garcia Coleman winning argument is to argue the above from the appearance of a thing as seen from a specific point; view: perspective of the court appointed guardian and not himself toward the prisoner aspect of

constitutional litigation or the science or philosophy of law: Jurisprudence, or jurisdiction/ the administering of justice; authority to decide cases in accordant with the § 54.10 Chapter 54 Wisconsin Statutes provided and this Supreme Court of The United States predicates a right to due process as Headnote 1 of Cone v. Bell, 556 U.S. 449, 129 S.Ct. 1769, which W. Andrew Voigt Columbia County Circuit Court Judge, Branch II Enunciated no further action will be taken by the Court And the United States Court of Appeals For the Seventh Circuit on Oct. 4, 2023 Ordered so no appeal may be taken (.) is it adverse/ moving or working in an opposite or contrary direction; opposed to > As the law has dominion/ supreme authority, over the W. Andrew Voigt Circuit Court Judge which concluded no further action will be taken by the Court, there from deprived/ to take something (the power to have custody of the individual, if an adult) away from the W. Andrew Voigt Circuit Court Judge to declare by law, to the place from which Wis. Stats. § 54.10 (3) transferred (the power to have custody of the individual, if an adult) from (the Wis. Legislature (?) which the Wisconsin Circuit Court Judge may have or may have not restrain or suppress the authorize/ to give official permission for the guardian having the power to have the Wis. Circuit Court to honor a guardian having the power to enforce the charge the Wis. Department of Corrections was charge to load as a burden on; give as a task, duty, etc. to make responsible for [a nurse was charged with the care of the child] authority/ person having the power or right to enforce Wis. Stat. § 54, law, by having the Wis. Circ. Court to take further

action to inform the Dept. of Corrections to release a ward from prison to effect — effectuation the power to have custody of the individual where the Wis. Circ. Court Judge would not take no further action — by the Court depriving due process, a right to due process since October 31, 2019 SEE Exhibit

and determine the factuality of the denial of a right to due process by Columbia County W. Andrew Voigt Circuit Court Judge, Branch II?

Can the Petitioner-Appellant appeal a Non final Judgment on claims in a petition occurring before in time or order; prior? SEE sentence 6 of the United States Court of Appeals For the ~~Seventh~~ Seventh Circuit Order.

~~Can the Petitioner-Appellant be held to pay,~~

~~for no appeal which hasn't been taken of which the United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit construed a proposed brief filed by Garcia Coleman as a request for a certificate of appealability? see Exhibit 2A~~

~~Will the Supreme Court of the United States please order the United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit to reimburse \$500 Garcia Coleman, DOC # 183591, the money Coleman paid for appeal which provided the Seventh Circuit ordered so no appeal may be taken Oct 4, 2023?~~

Can a individual who is subject to having been adjudge due to his criminal conviction be in receipt of the denial of error correction entity (something that has separate and distinct existence and conceptual reality of error correcting which instead to make actual: Realize a individual no longer had those powers: the power to have physical custody of G. Coleman and the right to determine where G. Coleman resides when the error correcting Court of Appeals to add to: Augment/to make more intense by incrimination/showing charge with proof of G. Coleman in a fault rather than suggest the existence of a guide and a ~~strat~~ straying from the right course through failure to make effective use of this procedural error of the Columbia County Circuit Court Judge W. Andrew Voigt of not referencing the Wis. Statute § 54 which the Circuit Court imbued with adjudging to transfer the powers the Department sought the Court to be transferred and was transferred to Guardian Allive Coleman on April 1, 2011 of which provision a measure taken be forehand to deal with a need or contingency: Preparation the State of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County Judge Daniel S. George made a final Judgment/Order for purposes of Appeals on April 1, 2011 whereon the Department of Corrections instead to select freely and after consideration or lack there of decided not to timely appeal or to timely submit a reason or argument presented in opposition to the Final Judgment/Order ~~by the~~ by the Court rather than to manage to bear without serious detriment/a cause of injury or damage to G. Coleman or guardian Allive Coleman right to equal protection: a

guarantee under the 14 Amendment to the U.S. Constitution that a State (Court of Appeals) must treat an individual or class of individuals the same as it treats other individuals or classes in like circumstances; the act or process of arguing/to prove or try to prove by giving reason: Maintain < asking for a chance to argue his 'case' > yet/in addition: Besides the Wis. Court of Appeals directly, firmly, and explicitly stated 'The original judge retired and as is necessary a new judge was assigned to decide the petition without the Wis. Court of Appeals to avoid answering directly: turn aside from questioning the original presiding judge retired 'why did not the ordered power to have custody of the individual (Garcia Coleman, DOC #183591), if an adult, was subject to the State of being abridged with the individuals Guardian Alline Coleman being denied the power to have custody of the individual in Alline Coleman's actual: existing in reality the part of space within one's immediate vicinity i.e. an area or place Alline Coleman has dominion should be considered absolutize: to make absolute: convert into an absolute Exculpate: to clear from alleged fault) failure to appeal/to take a lower court's decision to a higher court for review?

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 Garcia Coleman

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IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF UNITED STATES

Garcia Coleman

Petitioner,

vs.

Dan Cromwell

New Lisbon Correctional Institution

P.O. Box 2000

New Lisbon, WI 53950-2000

Respondent T(s).

Petition for Writ of Certiorari

~~The above named parties~~ Addendum nothing added. Addition to comply with Rule 14.1(d) (e) (g) & (h) Sec. B backside of exhibit 19A

Garcia Coleman as a party conspicuously aggrieved by the decision of the Wis. Court of appeals did not have the right to have the restrict the action of; restrain; to deprive of physical liberty or repressing Alline Coleman's Free Speech and inhibiting her transferred power to act in all proceeding as an advocate of the individual by way of putting into words, to maintain or defend her Court transferred powers but Alline Coleman was not afforded or allowed to point to anything in the record to support these assertions and the allegations not being substantiated by or due to being found to being incompetent

~~Garcia Coleman is unable effectively to receive and evaluate information~~
~~or to make or communicate decisions~~ of which the Wis. Court of Appeals did not find the allegation is substantiated despite an act showing defiance the Wis. Court of Appeals instead used an academic exercise in oral defense of a proposition to be proved or one advanced without proof: Hypothesis: insufficient evidence to provide more than a tentative explanation < a hypothesis explaining Those powers did not include physical custody of G. C., or the right to determine where he resides, because, due to his criminal conviction, G. C. no longer had those powers. Without the Wis. Court of Appeals to manage to bear without serious a cause of injury or damage to procedural due process — a course of formal proceedings carried out regular and in accordance with established rules and principles and a guarantee under the 14 Amendment to the U.S. Constitution that a state Wis. Court of Appeals must treat an individual (Garcia Coleman) the same as it treats other Department of Corrections in like circumstances with attempting to address each point individually the argument However made by Garcia Coleman's argument being the same as it treats other, classes in like circumstances: by factfinder not by a errorcorrecting Wis. Court of Appeals due to G. C.'s criminal conviction which the Court of Appeals acknowledge as a criminal conviction yet did neither fulfilled/to put into effect: Execute its error-correcting charge of error-correcting G. C.'s criminal conviction nor remand/send back (G. C.'s argument that the guardianship order transferred custody of him from the Department to the guardian, without attempting to address each point individually, none of the

arguments made by G.C. without being appised: to give notice to: Tell Coleman from what place, source or cause < inquire whence his argument that the guardianship order transferred custody of him the Department to the guardian originated? > nor did the Wis. Court of Appeals independently inquire how the incompetent Coleman argumentation anything when the petition requesting a writ of Habeas Corpus for the ward G. Coleman was denied without the State of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County being inquired about the question: whom, what source, from what cause, from what place, was the power to have custody of the individual (G. Coleman, DOC #183591) transferred from? Nor did the Wis. Court of Appeals independently inquire or treat the Department of Corrections brief explains in like circumstances establish that the Department has not lost its legal powers over G.C.'s person as none of arguments made by the Department's brief explains its explanation how the Department's establish that the Department has not lost its legal powers over Garcia Coleman's person specifically applies to what is precisely and fully treated in particular by the Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County in transferring the power to have custody of the individual (G.C.), if an adult, means to a, or may be interpret/ to tell the meaning of: present in understandable terms, or, to conceive in the light of the individual circumstance: construed/ to understand the intention of usu. in a particular way or respect to a given set of circumstance < construed the Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County having transferred the

power to have custody of the individual (Garcia Coleman DOC #18359d), if an adult, to guardian Alline Coleman without having factual/ or relating to facts < a factual error > which the error correcting Wis. Court of Appeals erroneously imputed/blame for often unjustly: characterized by injustice: Unfair/marked by injustice upon: Thereon G. Coleman's argument rather than on the state of Wisconsin, Circuit Court Judge, W. Andrew Voigt, Branch II, for erroneously not to explain by setting forth in careful and often elaborate detail whom ever or whatever did in fact had the power to have custody of the individual, if an adult, transferred from to Alline Coleman Guardian of the person, due to the Wis. Court of Appeals act of imprudent deviation from error correcting ~~to~~ Columbia County Circuit Court Judge, W. Andrew Voigt, Branch II notifying no further action will be taken by the Court, without the Wis. Court of Appeals order back the Petition for writ of Habeas Corpus which the right of a citizen to obtain a writ of habeas corpus as a protection against illegal imprisonment was not even inquired into illegal imprisonment, or inquired into the lawfulness of the restraint of Garcia Coleman is detained in Kevin A Lar's custody, which purports, no further action will be taken by the Court, irrebutability to show the denial of substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right, of due process was in fact denied by Columbia County Circuit Court Judge, W. Andrew Voigt, Branch II, so no appeal may be taken. see exhibits 19 A, 2 A, and 3 A

State of Wisconsin Circuit Court Columbia County drawing concl-

visions through the case of a person that has been found to have custody of

the individual at the time of the person's residence

State of Wisconsin Circuit Court Columbia County drawing concl-

The Wisconsin Court Of Appeals District IV did not show the fact of being indifferent + marked impartiality: Un-biased, when the Wis. Cou. Of App. Dis. IV in the act of acquiescing: the state of being acquiescent with 'as the Department's brief explains, the appointing of a guardian did not transfer powers of the Department to the guardian, but instead transferred to the guardian only those powers that are held by the ward. The Wis. Cou. Of App. Dis. IV did not neither deducible from nor incompatible with another statement ~ postulates > Why the Wis. Cou. Of App. Dis. IV failed to proceed to independently send back the case to another court or to the Clerk of court with a order demanding that the clerk provide the Wis. Cou. Of App. Dis. IV ~~to provide~~ a copy of the 'Determination and Order on Petition for Guardianship Due to Incompetency' for Case No. 11GN1' filed APR-1 2011 so as to allow the Wis. Cou. Of App. Dis. IV to go over or examine critically or deliberately as to determine whether or not: in any case the transfer of custody by way of The power to have custody of the individual (Garcia Coleman, DOC # 183591), if an adult (was transferred or not) to be transferred to Guardian of the Person (as the individual is unable effectively to receive and evaluate information or to make or communicate decisions, it would be impractical for G.C. by way of his impairment to make or communicate so as to transfer his custody he does not have due to his criminal conviction per the Wis. Cou. Of App. Powers to be transferred to Guardian of the Person in full on April 1, 2011, without the Court delineating from whom or what marked the box to the far left which would set forth with accuracy or in detail if a power is to be affected. A power the Wisconsin legislature made law, Wisconsin Statute 54.25 (2) Powers (d) Guardian authority to exercise certain powers. 2.0. Wisconsin Statutes and Annotations as published in the 55th edition of 2019-20; Guardianships and Conservatorships Chapter 54.25 Duties and powers of guardian of the person. (2) Powers (a) Rights and powers of a guardian of the person. A guardian of the person has only those rights and powers that the guardian is specifically authorized to exercise by statute, rule, or court order. By Court order, and by way of the Department specifically petitioning the State Of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County, in a petition for guardianship due to incompetency in case No. 11GN1 the St. Of Wis., Cir. Co., Col. County acted in accord with Wis. Stat. Chapter 54 and entered a final Judgment / Order to petitioner: Ordering Powers to be transferred to Guardian of the Person in part or in full. The Cou. Of App. Dist. IV did not remand to the fact finding or another Circuit Court for resolution as to whether the Department had "abdicated" its authority to imprison him without an act or process of reviewing the Final Judgment / Order (delineated Power to be transferred to Guardian of the Person on April 1, 2011) For Purposes Of Appeal."

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

☒ For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

[] reported at (?) (?); or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

[] reported at _____; or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

☒ For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix A to the petition and is

[] reported at (?); or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

The opinion of the _____ court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

[] reported at _____; or,
[] has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
[] is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

☐ For cases from **federal courts**:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was October 4, 2023.

☐ No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. A.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U.S.C. § 1254(1).

☒ For cases from **state courts**:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was 12-2-2021.
A copy of that decision appears at Appendix A.

☐ A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

☐ An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. A.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U.S.C. § 1257(a).

Where any title, (charge) privilege is specially set up under the statutes of the State of Wisconsin.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Garcia Coleman upon having been found to be incompetent, because of impairment is unable effectively to make or communicate decisions to receive and evaluate information as a result of serious and persistent mental illness and evaluate information is expected to provide a concise statement of the case containing the facts material to the consideration of the question(s) presented: you the Court should (?) summarize how the Wisconsin Court of Appeals purportedly allowed an individual who was found to be incompetent as a result of serious and persistent mental illness and degenerative brain disorder because of impairment is unable effectively to make or communicate decisions that took place in the lower courts without having or being provided the effective assistance of counsel whom obeyed the order or orders of the State of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County, A Final Judgment / ~~Order~~ Order (to the petitioner Department Of Corrections) For Purposes Of Appeal, By The Court: Judge Daniel S. George, April 1, 2011 Provided G.C. did Not have Physical custody of G.C. due to G.C.'s Criminal Conviction which the Wisconsin Court Of Appeals itself acknowledged: generally admitted by the error correcting court Yet to the date of May 21, 2024 have failed to error correct the Criminal Conviction, G.C. no longer had those powers that are held by G.C., and provided G.C. argued the Department had "abdicated" its authority to imprison him, irregardless of the Department's brief explaining instead transferred to the guardian only those powers that are held by G.C., does the Court of Appeals provide resolution/the act or process of resolving: as to whether the Department had "abdicated" its authority to imprison him (G.C.), Without attempting to address each point individually none of the arguments (Purportedly) made by G.C. establish that the Department has lost its legal powers over G.C.'s person, However has the Department lost/no longer possessed a person of consequence which the Department knowingly: Deliberate in petitioning the State Of Wisconsin, Circuit Court, Columbia County on a Petition for Guardianship Due to Incompetency or in petitioning the State Of Wisconsin Circuit ~~Court~~ Court, Columbia County on a Petition for Guardianship Due to Incompetency the Department had "abdicated"/to (have-had) renounce a function, its authority to imprison him by arguing the need for the decision of law to be made by someone or something with an insider's perspective of what was done with can and do show what was done with which can and do show what was done: Please See Determination and Order on Petition for Guardianship Due to Incompetency Case No. 11GN1 and please determine whether the Department of Corrections waived/to relinquish voluntarily (as a legal right) to appeal ~~the~~ the Final Judgment / Order (to Department of Corrections) For Purposes Of Appeal, For or it would be incapable of dealing sensibly or prudently with practical matters to because ~~of~~ of impairment communicate decisions for him to transfer specific powers or to even be

aware that specific powers were transferred from the individual's person as well as from the petitioner the Department of Corrections to the Court appointed Guardian of the person By the Court on April 1, 2011. As the Wisconsin Court of Appeals purportedly did a independent review of the record that is included trial transcript of trial/defense counsel attorney Frank Campenni closing argument confessing or capitulation/ the act of surrendering or yielding, to when he told the jury that defense (he nor Coleman) was not controverting/ to dispute or oppose by reasoning that the victim died as a result of the beating where to to what purpose, or end the state prosecutor instituted a charge with an offense judicially, the defense Counsel Attorney Frank Campenni explicitly stated And what I would like to keep in mind at all times is that this parade of horrible details, -o-, -o-, testimony showed that a man was beaten -o- -o- the words of the District Attorney -o- or -o- times, -o- or viciously beaten, and that as a result of this beating he died. Either a substantial factor or the factor. All of that has been firmly established and never controverted /to (have been) disputed or opposed by reasoning by the defense. (with the Trial Court Not instantaneously reach as a logically necessary end by reasoning: infer on the basis of evidence on defense counsel Attorney Frank Campenni's confessing or capitulation concluding the trial; ATTEMPT prior to the Jury being given: Granted < that all are equal before the law > While the Wisconsin Court of Appeals is charged primarily with error correcting, However The Court of appeals Without attempting to hold the Trial Court for not instantaneously (halt/ to bring to a stop, the trial court proceedings so as to allow the trial Court to reach as logically necessary and ending the trial: Attempt prior to the Trial Court allowing the accused to be afforded a right to a trial rather than a never controverted by the defense All that has been firmly established Trial Court not to bring by or as if by leading conduct implies taking responsibility for the acts and achievements of the action or process of trying or putting to the proof: Test which the Court of Appeals did not even acknowledge the Trial Counsel not even being to indicate duties or obligations to by the Trial Court's omission of occurrence or performance: specif: a failing to perform a duty or expected action demand trial counsel to dispute or oppose by reasoning the District Attorney all of that ~~had~~ has been firmly established and never controverted by the defense for the Wis. Court of Appeals can not be allowed to Not hold the trial Courts to continue to allow the District Attorney's to never be controverted by the defense and the Appeals Court Not admonishing it but allowing the Court of Appeals to use such NON admonishing of the Trial Court to allow Coleman's defense counsel to argue against; dispute; oppose the District Attorney ~~was~~ was not acknowledged as an issue of arguable merit or ~~acknowledged~~ acknowledged by the Judge/ Court that inhibited the trial from occurring in the first instance an issue of arguable merit of which the error-correcting court of Appeals was obliged to recognize being a issue of arguable merit which the fact-finder must not only recognize as impugn/ to assail by words, or to disclose knowledge of, defense counsel Attorney Campenni not controverted by defense, but never controverted by defense.

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

So as to determine ~~if~~ if or whether a defense attorney in a case
can defeat a trial by way of never controverting the words
of the District Attorney in a case by showing no trial actually
~~occurred~~ occurred.

CONCLUSION

The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,

Mr. Solomon Garcia Coleman

Date: June 3, 2024