  
MEGHAN KELLY, ESQ.  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
[Meghankellyesq@yahoo.com](mailto:Meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)  
(302) 493-6693

Clerk of Court  
Robert Meek or  
Chief Justice John Roberts  
1 First Street, NE  
Washington, DC 20543  
US Supreme Court Application No. 23A596

RE: Petition to cure defects to prevent deprivation of **my asserted 1<sup>st</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> Amendments rights/Request to cure US Supreme Court erroring mailing me back documents under consideration of this court/Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania** Application No. 23A596

January 23, 2024

Dear Robert Meek or Honorable Chief Justice Roberts:

On 1/22/2024 I called Danny Bickel and left a message since I wanted to make sure this filing would be accepted. Please docket this letter on the above referenced case. Please give this request to Chief Justice Roberts and if he determines he is not the proper person, please give this to Robert Meek. Thank you.

I write to request help to please cure this US Supreme Court's denial of my 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to fair access to the court without partiality to the government [including itself] in violation of the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment, in my 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to petition on a public record in accordance of the 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment in this quasi criminal proceeding to prevent irreparable injury in terms of vitiation of a number of asserted not waived fundamental rights and other claims but for this court's obstruction to my access to the courts. US Amend I, V, VI.

On December 26, 2023, I physically dropped off a petition for leave to exceed the page limits in a writ of certiorari to appeal Third Circuit Orders in 22-3372, a motion for leave to file in forma pauperis, a letter to the Clerk of Court for Rule 12.6 relief, and a writ of certiorari to appeal the Orders in the 3rd Circuit Case No. 22-3372, Kelly v Eastern District Court of PA.

On December 26, 2023, I also electronically submitted most of the documents to the Court. I could not fit all of the exhibits on the public docket including the attached draft of a motion to exempt the right to a speedy proceeding I never filed with the Delaware Supreme Court I attached to show how lawyers are partial towards maintaining problems to maintain their positions and profit streams arising from the problems as opposed to preventing them.

I also could not fit the certificate of service that shows I mailed the papers to opposing counsel, because it exceeds the 20 page limit. I attach hereto and incorporate herein.

I invoked and continue to invoke the 1<sup>st</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights to a full, fair and public proceeding in this quasi-criminal proceeding regarding the elimination of my right to buy and sell but for finding my religious beliefs in Jesus contained in the speech in my Religious Freedom Restoration Act petition against former President Trump repugnant, based on my association as a lawyer, democrat, Catholic, Christian. US Amend I, XIV.

So, I of course did not waive my asserted 1<sup>st</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, and 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights by eliminating exhibits in favor of a mere certificate of service when I submitted the electronic filing on December 26, 2023. I attach the certificate of service hereto.

Per the attached exhibit, I emailed all of the documents to both US Supreme Court Clerk Donald Baker and opposing counsel in light of the fact this US Supreme Court lost my Supplemental brief submitted in 11 boxes in person on November 6, 2023 necessary for the court's consideration of a petition for a rehearing for US Supreme Court Case No. 22-7695 *Kelly v Pennsylvania Office of Disciplinary Counsel* which deprived me of a full and fair opportunity to petition, access to the courts, in violation of the courts own rules and case law as I outlined in the exhibits on the public docket of this matter and incorporate herein.

This Court considered my December 26, 2023 filings as an Application (23A596) to file petition for a writ of certiorari in excess of page limits in *Kelly v District Court, Eastern District of PA*, and submitted it to Justice Alito.

On January 3, 2024 Justice Alito denied the application.

On January 3, 2024 I immediately drafted a written request to the Honorable Chief Justice Roberts by placing 1 original and ten copies in an envelope and placed this and a copy to opposing counsel in the US mail that same day for pick up the next day.

On January 16, 2024, my father's birthday, this United States Supreme Court erred in sending me another person's filings, which I mailed back, and all of the documents relating to *Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania* Application No. 23A596.

On January 16, 2023 I also received documents from this Court for another matter, *Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, et al.* Application No. 23A361.

This Court also mailed back the attached Exhibit showing "NO IFP Motion" on my petition for more pages denied by this Honorable Court on January 12, 2024 in *Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, et al.* Application No. 23A361.

This note drafted by a US Supreme Court staff gave me hope that the judges or their staff may actually review my physical documents during distribution for conference, making it critical



physical documents are available for the court's ease. They do not appear to rely on the public docket which contains submissions that may not be filed. Even if they did, not all of my documents are on the public filing making this Court's accommodation to cure defects even more pressing.

I am impoverished and do not have the means to attach all exhibits containing assertions. I incorporate them in haste in fear of God that Chief Justice Roberts may vitiate my fair access to the courts by ruling too quick. So I attach a few including the Petitions for more pages in the application for this case and in Kelly v Swartz, et al, and incorporate herein in its entirety.

I act in haste to prevent vitiation of my rights. I am alarmed by the attached note on the petition for more pages as shown in the attached picture for a different application in Kelly v Swartz averring "NO IFP Motion."

In the attached Petition for leave for more pages in Case No. 23A596, the appeal of the Eastern District of PA case, I protected myself by attaching and incorporating the petition for writ of cert and the pet for permission to file Informa pauperis into the petition for more pages by stating:

"Petitioner Plaintiff Meghan Kelly, Esq. pro se pursuant to the 5th Amendment right to a fair proceeding, the 1st Amendment right to petition, the Court's equitable powers and Supreme Court Rules 22 and 32, and any other applicable rule this Court deems just, move this Court to permit me to exceed the page limit under Rule 34 (2)(b) in my petition for writ of certiorari of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit Case No 22-3372 decisions. I file the Petition for writ of certiorari, and Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Motion for Leave to file in Forma Pauperis simultaneously herewith and incorporate them herein, and state:"

I look at the appeal for our case Kelly v Swartz, US Supreme Court No. 23A361 and attach my petition for leave for more pages hereto and incorporate it herein and see I incorporated the in forma pauperis and the petition for writ of cert too by stating, "I file the Petition for writ of certiorari, and Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Motion for Leave to file in Forma Pauperis simultaneously herewith and incorporate them herein, and state." (Emphasis intended)

It is possible the members of the US Supreme Court attempted to review everything but was prejudiced because the staff did not physically hand them the documents in advance when it was transferred to the Court as noted on the public docket on December 6, 2023 :DISTRIBUTED for Conference of 1/5/2024." In this separate case.

My eyes are full of tears because maybe the court attempted to grant me the opportunity to be heard, but in this important appeal now before Chief Justice Roberts I am prejudiced and the courts are in danger because they have no paper documents. I have arguments in No. 23A596 made to protect the courts.

I contacted the case manager Lisa Nesbitt and Danny Bickle during the week of January 16, 2024. They both indicated I did not need to drive back to the US Supreme Court to return the documents sent to me by US mail in error.

Nevertheless, I am prejudiced by the court staff's error.

Chief Justice Roberts may deny my application for more pages necessary to protect 6 fundamental rights from vitiation but for the denial, and necessary to make arguments required to safeguard the US Supreme Court and the rule of law from schemed harm in order to argue no prejudice was made by prejudicing me even more greatly in term of an unfair loss of fundamental rights by denial of the right to petition fully, fairly and effectively in this complicated case.

Chief Justice Roberts may give into temptation to do what serves the government's appearance instead of what is right by applying the impartial rule of law to the petition. This would violate the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment Equal Protections component as applied to me in this case.

This Court did not docket filings its staff recommended in a different case. This court deleted proof of rejected electronic submissions disparately to cover up mistakes. Then a staff blamed it on technical issues. This Court did not docket filings I submitted in Case No. 22-7695 to cure the defects by its members, but instead sought to cover up its mistakes by more egregious Constitutional violations. This Court also removed exhibits in a filing, and would not docket the attached application to cure the defect, attached in part and incorporated herein.

I do not seek to destroy the court or its members. I petition to require the Court to uphold and not violate my protected asserted fundamental rights, its own case law analysis and its own rules by curing defects without insidious favoritism to ignore the rule of law with regards to the government, itself by depriving me of access to the courts based on viewpoint of speech contained in the petition.

When the Court makes mistakes petitioners not disciplinary boards should be permitted to exercise their 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to petition to cure defects to improve the administration of justice as opposed to destroying the court in its members in partial unfair disciplinary proceedings.

The Equal Protections component of the 5<sup>th</sup> applies to me as a class of people or a class of one in that I petition the court to examine whether its members erred and seek to correct the error not destroy the court or its agents in an actual case or controversy. I erred on the side of precaution by resending 11 copies of the written request to this court a second time by certified mail on January 18, 2024.

I sent the attached emails to opposing counsel and Robert Meek to keep the Court and opposing counsel apprised on the status of this matter I attach hereto and incorporate herein.

On January 18, 2024 I saw the written submission was filed as shown on the electronic side which shows the date submissions are filed 1/18/24 as opposed to the date of filing 1/3/24 on the public docket.

I applaud the court for seeking to correct the error. However, I remain prejudiced since Chief Justice Roberts may be tempted to be partial towards the government itself by denying the request to argue there was no prejudice in the court's error in sending me back the documents when denial of my ability to make arguments to preserve the courts from a schemed overthrow in addition to loss of my right to speak fully and fairly before deprivation of 6 fundamental rights is prejudicial.

I am further prejudiced by the error in that not all of the records are on the public docket. I could not fit the Motion to waive a speedy trial I never submitted to the DE Supreme Court which outlines injustices committed by lawyers based on partiality towards maintaining problems to maintain positions and a money stream.

In the Petition for leave for more pages in Case No. 23A596, the appeal of the Eastern District of PA case, I protected myself by attaching and incorporating the petition for writ of certiorari and the petition for permission to file Informa pauperis into the petition for more pages by stating in the opening paragraph, "I file the Petition for writ of certiorari, and Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Motion for Leave to file in Forma Pauperis simultaneously herewith and incorporate them herein, and state:"

All of the documents are required in order for Justice John Roberts and the Court to make a full and fair determination on the resubmission of the application ripe for review.

Since it was the Court's error and US Supreme Court Clerk Donald Baker has all of the physical documents electronically whereas the public docket does not contain them all, specifically the final Exhibit, the court should print out the voluminous amounts of documents and/or may email the documents I sent Donald Baker for the justices for ease.

Anything that eliminates prejudice to cure the Court's error in mailing me back the documents to prevent vitiation of my asserted not waived right of fair access to the courts under the 5th Amendment and my right to petition under the 1st before I am prejudiced by deprivation of 6 fundamental rights should be done.

I pray to God that Chief Justice Roberts grants me pages and that the Court considers my pleas to prevent irreparable loss to me and the harm to its own branch to prevent the schemed very real threat of dissolution to these United States.

I alluded to the fact that the United States and about 200 other countries agreed to the 30/30 agenda where about 30 percent of our land, water and resources would be controlled through the UN and the UN's private partners who are rendered immune from taxes, criminal, civil and Constitutional laws by 2030 in exhibits to the December 26, 2023 filings. There are many different agendas to weaken or eliminate our independence to allow for the overthrow. This is one.

Please cure the prejudice to give me a fair opportunity this Court may grant the Petition for pages to consider all of the pleas without compelled waiver due to government pressured reduction in pages. Thank you.

January 23, 2024

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/Meghan Kelly

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Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939,  
(302) 278-2975  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com,  
Not acting as a lawyer  
US Supreme Court Number 283696  
Defending my religious belief in Jesus as God not money  
or material gain as savior, guide and God Matthew 6:24

Under Religious objection I declare, affirm that the foregoing statement is true and correct

Dated:

January 23, 2024

Meghan Kelly

(printed)

Meghan Kelly

(signed)

part 1 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania/Fw: Your Electronic Filing record has been submitted.

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 04:38 PM EST

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Good afternoon Donald Baker,

I filed a brief for the above referenced case by dropping off 22 boxes with the US Capital Police of the US Capital Police early morning on December 26, 2023, and mailed the same before 8:30 Am this morning per the attached certificate of service with pictures of the drop off and postage with tracking. I could not fit a letter to the clerk or the certificate of service in the electronic filing with the 20 page document limit.

I assert my 1st, 5th and 6th Amendment rights to petition fully, and fairly and publicly in this criminal-like proceeding. So, my pleadings were most important to place on the public docket to have a public docket pursuant to the 6th Amendment right to a public proceeding of an accused. I could not fit the attached letter to the docket.

On December 25, 2023 early morning my computer stopped working completely and suddenly. I was a little scared not only because I lost access to my work I stayed up late for in this matter, but also because a different computer completely broke on August 23, 2021 after I electronically submitted an appeal to this court in the matter for which I am being disciplined Kelly v Trump, No 21-5522.

I am not scared of people I know. Republican local law makers Brian Pettyjohn and former Senator Smyk helped me in secret on occasions even when they disagree with me. And even though I associate as a democrat. That is leadership to care for those outside your own even those with whom you disagree.

It was strangers who attacked me based on perceived religious/political beliefs, speech or association. It was a little scary that people threatened me based on religious-political belief that Trump incited by his establishment of government religion which I argued in 21-5522 Biden continues.

Donald Baker I did not appreciate your suggestion that I contact the news or law makers concerning my belief the courts, people lawyers and the rule of law is in danger. I contacted all 541 law makers with proposals to impeach Trump. I think that is why complete strangers including an out of stater at BJs selectively targeted me as allegedly pro Biden, scaring other people to prompt a young man to come to my defense to say maam is this man bothering you.

It is not normal for people to throw things at my car, talk about shooting me, and the cases labeling me disabled because I petitioned the DE Courts for help due to the government incited attacks endangers me should anything happen in the future.

I actually feel safer with the ongoing lawsuit with Shen Zi-Xiang and by copying David Weiss, and I want to thank them for that. Should my cases be dismissed I won't be safe and if anything happens to me. Assholes will label me disabled and as the problem instead of the greater problem the establishment of gov religion has caused through paid partnerships, or social, physical or other backing.

George Cole one of longest serving state elected Republican officials in DE now retired said the courts will not read my stuff. I know that no one read my stuff when I contacted all 541 law makers unless it was to disagree with me. I heard a republic attack and talk about my writings on public radio as if they were the democrats. No, it was me.

When I checked on the status of my ideas or articles sent to federal law makers, no one could confirm receipt or acknowledge the documents I sent. I got letters, even one where President Obama called me Linda, with another letter where he responded to a different issue which was the exact same letter where he got my name correctly.

With regards to news people yes, I have connections, like an ex-boyfriend who works in DC now married Geoffrey Melada (albeit he appears to have left the journalism field) and others. But contacting the news will not resolve my lawsuits or the claims and issues I assert. The rule of law is not a matter of political opinion or enticing the mob's fickle desire for trendy ever fleeting fads and marketed not actual beliefs. Justice is a matter of truth where we protect people's freedom to believe, even if it is different from our own or conflicts with our faith so long as they do not enslave us to do their will by eliminating our own freedom of religious belief based on economic substantial burdens through partnerships by unions of church and state or otherwise.

Justice is not a matter of popularity. It is a matter of doing what is right, not profitable or convenient.

Only courts are empowered to resolve my pleas and the asserted Constitutional law's protections to protect unpopular individual exercise of rights including mine.

I am in tears now. I had to piece together the brief I filed today from memory sticks because the computer I worked on crashed.

Zi-Xiang Shen my apologies for sending you pics of my computer while you are out of the office enjoying your loved ones.

I drafted an in forma pauperis and a petition for more pages. Even if the courts should disagree with my position, it is the courts, not congress or bureaucrats, who should say "what the law is." Marbury.

I strongly oppose self-regulation and third-party regulation. A case and controversy by appeal or otherwise is sufficient to correct a judge a party believes erred under Art III. The courts must not contract away other people's Constitutional protections under the deception of serving them by creating a court partial towards the regulations that may be used to impeach them instead of the impartial application of the rule of law in an actual case or controversy. I believe the courts are in danger and there is a real aim to eliminate their authority to eventually eliminate the government after 2050. I state this in the attached imperfectly, the brief I had to put together under great duress.

Allowing partial self-serving politicians to attack the Supreme Court Justices by filing disciplinary complaints where they do not have standing in an Art III court allows false allegations or irrelevant opinions by non-parties to harm the court and eliminate the independence needed to uphold the rule of law from lawless partiality to needlessly preserve their positions from attacks grounded not in mere words but desire to use discipline to impeach. US Amend V. The Courts should eliminate the threats to itself in my case even if they think my writing is imperfect or they disagree with me.

I hope the courts read it and proves George Cole wrong by showing the courts care about truth not the deceptive appearance of justice or fickle popular support or opinions which is ever changing.

This case may be a way for the court to limit congress and to say what the law is as applied to itself before others with more sinister aims harm the court not merely with societal peer pressured attacks but unwarranted impeachments based on ethics and regulations which violate the equal protections clause by making judges partial towards the regulations instead of the impartial application of the Constitution to the rule of law.

On an aside David Weiss, I have high regards for you. This is not my best work, but I have to assert my rights to prevent them from being vitiated. So, I am sorry if I let the world down as I seek to preserve these United States from a believed schemed overthrow after 2050. I think that you are smart, and I get sad when people endanger you with their allegations in the news. I want my opponent and the DE AG to protect you.

Thank you.

Very truly,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr.  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
[meghankellyesq@yahoo.com](mailto:meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** "no-reply@sc-us.gov" <no-reply@sc-us.gov>

**To:** "meghankellyesq@yahoo.com" <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**Sent:** Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 08:49:28 AM GMT-5

**Subject:** Your Electronic Filing record has been submitted.

Your Petition for a Writ of Certiorari has been submitted. It will be reviewed once the hard copy is received. If you are not expecting this email, please contact the Supreme Court Electronic Filing Support Group at [eFilingSupport@supremecourt.gov](mailto:eFilingSupport@supremecourt.gov).



Cert of service Dec 26 2023.pdf  
1.7MB



0 Rule 12.6 Letter to the clerk of court.pdf  
1.2MB



0 Motion for leave to file in forma pauperis.pdf  
11MB



0 Petition for leave to exceed the page limit for good cause in the Eastern District Court of PA Appeal.pdf  
171.1kB



Petition part 1 Table of contents authorities questions presented 22-3372 Eastern district Court.pdf  
399.6kB



Petition Part 2 substance 22 3372 Eastern District of PA.pdf  
702.5kB



Signature page to appeal Eastern District of PA.pdf  
58.4kB



1 1-A Eastern PA CONSTITUTIONAL STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED.pdf  
319.3kB



2 App A to H H1 to H5 Orders and exhibits Notice of appeal.pdf  
5.4MB



part 2 part 1 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly,  
Applicant v. United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov;  
david.weiss@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:12 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

Thank you.

Very truly,  
Meg  
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Dagsboro, DE 19939  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com



3 App I J K health records averred collapsed dehydration no vehicle or easy access to law library.pdf  
8.3MB



4 Appendix L Rehearing on Nov 13th order defect Const Rts.pdf  
307.2kB



5 Exhibit to Appendix L Emergency filing Multiple exhibits.pdf  
3.5MB

part 3 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov;  
david.weiss@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:15 PM EST

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Please see the attached. I am not done breaking down all of the exhibits in emailable form. Nevertheless, I thought it prudent to do so since this court wrongfully removed other pleadings not only on the public docket but on electronic receipt while it kept other rejected documents on electronic receipt.

This additional act of erasing receipt on the electronic side inhibits the US Supreme Court justices from curing potential clerical errors and was done in bad faith.

Thank you,  
Meg



6 3DI 56 Motion for Reconsideration of Order dated June 30.pdf  
24.6MB

part 4 not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:17 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

Thank you.

Very truly,  
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Dagsboro, DE 19939  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com



7 19th Affidavit DI127 Big Exhibit.pdf  
12.3MB



8 26th affidavit to 9.pdf  
9.7MB

part 5 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov;  
david.weiss@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:17 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

Thank you.

Very truly,  
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Dagsboro, DE 19939  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com



9 26th affidavit 134-10 pages 1-21.pdf  
15.9MB

part 6 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov;  
supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:18 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

I had to break down 9 26th Affidavit even more, It is bigger on the docket contained in one PDF without breaking it down into three sections.

Thank you.

Very truly,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr.  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com



9 26th affidavit 134-10 22-40.pdf  
11.4MB



26th affidavit 134-11-14.pdf  
8.6MB

part 7 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov;  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:19 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

I had to break down one big PDF I filed to 4 separate exhibits therein.

Thank you.

Very truly,  
Meg  
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Dagsboro, DE 19939  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com



77th Affidavit.pdf  
22.2MB



93rd Affidavit.pdf  
947.4kB

Part 8 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov;  
supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:19 PM EST

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Please see the attached. I had to break down one big PDF I filed to 4 separate exhibits therein.

Thank you,  
Meg



107th affidavit.pdf  
7MB



108th affidavit.pdf  
7.8MB

part 9 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov;  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:25 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

Thank you,  
Meg



116th affidavit.pdf  
20.2MB



part 10 124th and 127th affidavits Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144  
Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court for the Eastern District of  
Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; zi-  
xiang.shen@delaware.gov; meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:29 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

Thank you,  
Meg



124th Affidavit.pdf  
16.5MB



127th affidavit.pdf  
6.2MB

## 11 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:35 PM EST

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Please see the attached. I had to break down the Exhibit Agenda to eliminate people judges and people lawyers into two parts, though I electronically and physically submitted it as one.

I apologize it is taking so long.

Thank you,  
Meg



12 133rd affidavit.pdf  
5.2MB



broken down agenda eliminate people lawyers and people judges.pdf  
14.4MB

part 12 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov;  
supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:37 PM EST

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Please see the attached.

Thank you,  
Meg



Broken down small part to agenda eliminate people judges.pdf  
19.5MB

13 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

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From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov;  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:38 PM EST

---

Please see the attached.

Thank you,  
Meg



14 Exhibit showing belief danger based on partnerships.pdf  
18.9MB

## 14 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

---

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: david.weiss@usdoj.gov; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 05:41 PM EST

---

Please see the attached.

Thank you,  
Meg



15 April 26 letter part 1 DI 58 part.pdf  
12.4MB

part 15 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

---

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov;  
david.weiss@usdoj.gov

Date: Tuesday, December 26, 2023 at 06:31 PM EST

---

Please see the last of the documents with the certificate of service again provided.

I invoke my 1st Amendment right to petition without disparate denial based on viewpoint contained in my speech or based on the partial whims of staff who prevent justices from considering pleas that may preserve the courts and the rule of law which binds these United States and every other Constitutional right I assert and do not waive.

I note I petition for grievances against a state court this court's staff appeared to commit in my case and another attorney case based on viewpoint contained in the speech to correct clerical errors and mistakes as a matter of law.

My intent is never to destroy the courts or those who work in them but to require they uphold the rule of law and not violate it to preserve the superseding Constitutional rule of law that preserves these United States.

I do not condone the forced retirement of two Delaware Court staff I petitioned to correct not destroy, not only because DE Supreme Court prevented me the 6th Amendment right to cross examine accusers and witnesses, necessary to my defense, but because I care about these two people. I did not want them to lose their jobs. I did not like hearing about them crying as they departed per a bailiff.

People make mistakes. Courts are where they may be corrected instead of destroyed as opposed to disciplinary proceedings which would destroy federal judges and mar the US Supreme Court justices credibility and word based on threats and fabrications that is sure to come unless the courts use one of my cases to draw the line in the sand and say what the rule of law is, and where it cannot be crossed by the other two branches.

Please grant me an opportunity to be heard. Injustice is guaranteed when pleas are rejected even before they are heard. Please do not deprive me of seeking to cure mistakes by cover ups as DE did by continuing to selectively remove rejected documents on the efilng side.

Thank you and good night,  
Meg



16 part 2 April 26 letter.pdf  
1.9MB



17 Motion to waive speedy trial lawyer bad behavior protecting problems to protect position and pay instead of alleviating them.pdf  
2.5MB



Cert of service Dec 26 2023.pdf  
1.7MB

Part 9 Case No not assigned related application No. 23A144 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v.  
United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania

---

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov;  
supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Date: Thursday, December 28, 2023 at 01:45 PM EST

---

Good afternoon,

I looked in my sent mail and saw this was not sent and write to correct myself. Please see part 9 of the December 26, 2023 filing.

Something creepy happened. I saw this was in my draft folder, but it would not let me to send this to you. Then it deleted out of my draft folder moments later.

I drafted this as a new email.

When I drafted the final email on December 26, 2023 something took over my computer. I lost the draft I worked on which was much better than the one I sent. It was not saved in my draft folder.

I am little bit scared because I knew about how third parties may access everything through the back door's opened up by the Patriot's act to our devices since 2007 through my baby brother through one of his best friend's, another baby brother who used to life guard on the beach with my legendary father and baby brother. He is an FBI agent.

I knew about how the back doors to our devices would allow for digital currency which would be used to control to eliminate the government when I pled in Kelly v Trump. If you read the documents in Kelly v Trump, 21-5522 you will see how I hoped US AG would close the back doors through the bribery statute 18 USC 201.

It is not the government which is my main concern. Though I do not approve of the government violating the law, or firing two court staff I care about to cover up mistakes or misconduct instead of correct or improve the administration of justice. It is the government backed private and foreign partners who will control the resources to control to eliminate the government down the line if the courts do not save us.

I believe the courts are in danger of being eliminated after 2050. I believe the courts must choose to save themselves or not in my cases to prevent the schemed overthrow.

I am quite distraught that 4 filings were not docketed and I am scared this court will not docket this not only to safeguard all of my fundamental rights and the fundamental rights of all citizens to buy and sell without elimination of their licenses based on religious belief in Jesus, but because I believe there really is a schemed overthrow. I learned things when I ran for office in 2018. :(

Thank you,  
Meg



116th affidavit.pdf  
20.2MB

## Kelly v Eastern District of PA/Fw: Not in sent mail but is in in box

---

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: dbaker@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Date: Thursday, December 28, 2023 at 02:11 PM EST

---

Good afternoon,

I see in my in box it appears you in fact did receive part 9, in my sent box it was missing.

I am rightly concerned.

I do not want you to waste paper or time by printing out or reviewing what you already have.

Thank you. I hope you have a good day.

Very truly,  
Meg

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**To:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**Sent:** Thursday, December 28, 2023 at 02:07:48 PM EST

**Subject:** Not in sent mail but is in in box

Sent from my iPhone



IMG\_3619.jpg

1.4MB



IMG\_3620.jpg

1.3MB



Important/Emergency Meg received another person's filings/ USCA 7 22-1770, 22-1785 on 1/16/24/Lisa Nesbett correcting 23 A 596/will resubmit written request to Justice Alito tomorrow or asap given she is working from home today

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: rmeek@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; margaret.naylor@delaware.gov

Date: Tuesday, January 16, 2024 at 02:47 PM GMT-5

Good afternoon,

Per my voice mail I received documents in error. I accidentally received the documents for another claimants matter USCA 7 22-1770, 22-1785 per the picture and care to preserve and not vitiate another parties First Amendment right to access to the courts and to petition.

Errors happen and that is why people court staff are important in correcting errors.

I also note when I initially filed an appeal on the original disciplinary case for which all of the cases relate this court rejected my petition since I filed the motion for more pages prior to and not simultaneously therewith.

I filed an in forma pauperis simultaneously with the pages and the petition in the civil rights case, despite the sticky note by a court representative indicating otherwise on a document received by mail today.

I called my case manager on Jan 3 to alert our case manager Lisa Nesbett I was mailing out a resubmission of Justice Alito's denial for pages to Chief Justice Roberts. I called on Jan, 4 with a message to affirm that. She previously confirmed that.

My case manager indicated she had to send out the papers because I told her I was thinking of filing an application for a stay in hopes of possibly retaining an attorney.

The attorney I was hoping to retain without compelling him unwillingly and without violating my religious beliefs is currently appealing a similar disciplinary proceeding and cannot accept clients at this time. Nor is 60 days a sufficient amount of time to discern whether he may be in a position.

Accordingly, I assert and do not waive my 1st Amendment right to petition fairly and fully pursuant to the 5th and 6th Amendments. Accordingly, the attached letter granting 60 days is not ripe as Chief Justice Roberts has not yet received or ruled on my written request to resubmit Justice Alito's denied application for pages yet.

Should Chief Justice Roberts deny my application I reserve the right to resubmit it to another judge or request it be sent to the entire court, along with the in forma pauperis which doesn't appear to have been submitted in the civil rights case as evidenced by the sticky note the court's staff placed on it. I also request 60 additional days should my request be denied.

I am quite distraught since I believe the courts are in trouble and do not want to be compelled to reduce pages in No. 23A 596, 23 A144 to reduce the arguments contained therein to protect and preserve the courts to preserve the rule of law that creates, sustains and maintains these United States.

Should the courts disagree with me, the courts should retain authority to say what the law is instead of Congress and others who seek to control a no longer free and impartial forum necessary to preserve my 5th Amendment right to a fair proceeding.

Thank you for your kind consideration especially with regards to the receipt of another claimants filings.

Very truly,  
Meg

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr.  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**To:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**Sent:** Tuesday, January 16, 2024 at 01:17:39 PM EST

**Subject:** Emergency Meg wrong case wrong docs

Sent from my iPhone



IMG\_3749.jpg  
607kB



IMG\_3750.jpg  
731.5kB



IMG\_3751.jpg  
725.5kB



IMG\_3753.jpg  
699kB



IMG\_3747.jpg  
986.8kB

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr.  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**To:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**Sent:** Tuesday, January 16, 2024 at 01:17:39 PM EST

**Subject:** Emergency Meg wrong case wrong docs

Sent from my iPhone



IMG\_3749.jpg  
607kB



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731.5kB



IMG\_3751.jpg  
725.5kB

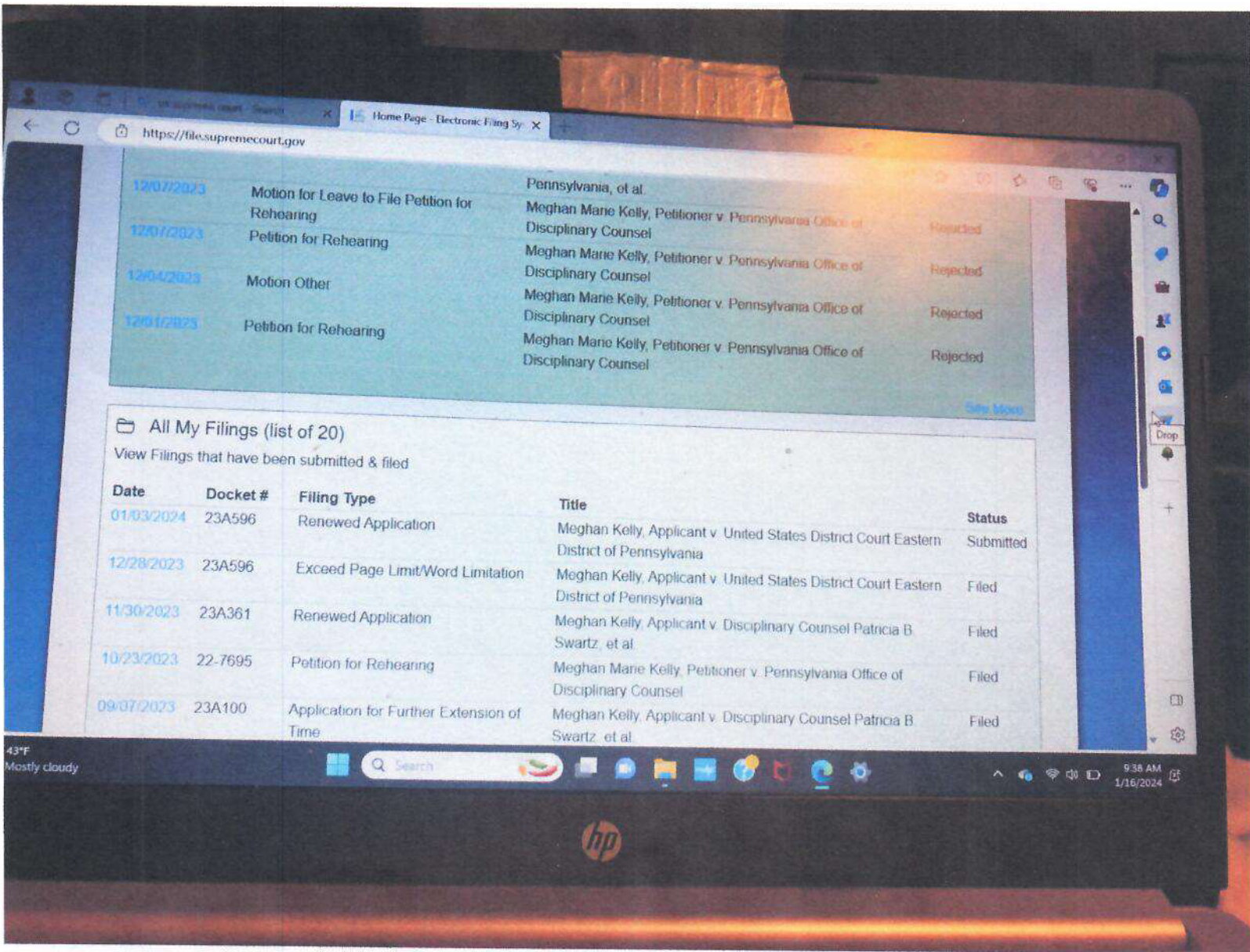


IMG\_3753.jpg  
699kB



IMG\_3747.jpg  
986.8kB





https://files.supremecourt.gov

12/07/2023	Motion for Leave to File Petition for Rehearing	Pennsylvania, et al.	
12/07/2023	Petition for Rehearing	Meghan Marie Kelly, Petitioner v. Pennsylvania Office of Disciplinary Counsel	Rejected
12/04/2023	Motion Other	Meghan Marie Kelly, Petitioner v. Pennsylvania Office of Disciplinary Counsel	Rejected
12/01/2023	Petition for Rehearing	Meghan Marie Kelly, Petitioner v. Pennsylvania Office of Disciplinary Counsel	Rejected
		Meghan Marie Kelly, Petitioner v. Pennsylvania Office of Disciplinary Counsel	Rejected

All My Filings (list of 20)

View Filings that have been submitted & filed

Date	Docket #	Filing Type	Title	Status
01/03/2024	23A596	Renewed Application	Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania	Submitted
12/28/2023	23A596	Exceed Page Limit/Word Limitation	Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania	Filed
11/30/2023	23A361	Renewed Application	Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B Swartz, et al	Filed
10/23/2023	22-7695	Petition for Rehearing	Meghan Marie Kelly, Petitioner v. Pennsylvania Office of Disciplinary Counsel	Filed
09/07/2023	23A100	Application for Further Extension of Time	Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B Swartz, et al	Filed

43°F  
Mostly cloudy

Search

9:38 AM  
1/16/2024



No.  
Application

IN THE SUPREME COURT

Meghan M.

Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, Disc

White, Chief Disciplinary Counsel, Office of

Responsibility of the Supreme Court of the

Committee, Attorne

No IFP  
Motion

I A.

al

Petitioner Plaintiff Meghan Kelly's Petition for Leave to exceed the page limit in her  
Petition for writ of certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit

Case No 21-3198

Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
Pro Se, not represented by  
counsel  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com  
(302)493-6693  
US Supreme Court No 283696



SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001

January 12, 2024

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

RE: Kelly v. USDC ED PA  
(23A596)  
No: 23A144

Dear Ms. Kelly:

The above-entitled petition for writ of certiorari was received December 26, 2023. The papers are returned for the following reason(s):

The petition exceeds the limit of 40 pages allowed. Rule 33.2(b).

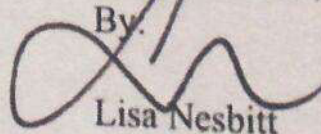
Please correct and resubmit as soon as possible. Unless the petition is submitted to this Office in corrected form within 60 days of the date of this letter, the petition will not be filed. Rule 14.5.

A copy of the corrected petition must be served on opposing counsel.

When making the required corrections to a petition, no change to the substance of the petition may be made.

Sincerely,  
Scott S. Harris, Clerk

By:



Lisa Nesbitt  
(202) 479-3038

Enclosures



IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner

v.

United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

of

Petitioner Meghan Kelly's petition for writ of certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit Case No 22-3372, Motion for leave to file in forma pauperis, Petition for leave to exceed the page limit in her Petition for Writ of Certiorari of the Appellate Court Orders, letter to the Clerk of Court of Supreme Court Rule 12.6 Notice

I, Appellant Plaintiff Meghan M. Kelly, Esquire, hereby certify that on

12/26/2023, I had a true and correct copy of the above referenced document sent to all

Defendants through their attorneys, served via US Mail, and to

Elizabeth B. Prelogar  
Solicitor General  
U.S. Department of Justice  
950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW  
Washington, DC 20530-0001

Dated 12/26/2023

Respectfully submitted,  
/s/Meghan Kelly *Meghan Kelly*  
Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
(302) 493-6693

meghankellyesq@yahoo.com  
US Supreme Court Bar No. 283696  
Not acting as an attorney on behalf of  
another, Defending my First Amendment  
Right to religious belief in Jesus as God, not  
money as God. Matthew 6:24



in VSCA7 #1779 22-1785

IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Jose Israel Leon PETITIONER

*(Jose Leon)  
The Respondent  
is to be written on a  
separate piece of paper*

RESPONDENT

MOTION FOR LEAVE TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS

The petitioner asks leave to file the attached petition for a writ of certiorari without prepayment of costs and to proceed in forma pauperis.

Please check the appropriate boxes.

☒ Petitioner has previously been granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis in  
this court.

United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia

☐ Petitioner has not previously been granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis in any other court.

☒ Petitioner's affidavit or declaration in support of this motion is attached hereto.

☐ Petitioner's affidavit or declaration is not attached because the court below appointed counsel in the current proceeding, and

☐ The appointment was made under the following provision of law:

☐ A copy of the order of appointment is appended.





Lisa Nesbett corrected the problem resubmit to Chief Justice Roberts/Re:  
Important/Emergency Meg received another person's filings/ USCA 7 22-1770, 22-1785  
on 1/16/24/Lisa Nesbett correcting 23 A 596/will resubmit written request to Justice Alito  
tomorrow or asap given she is working form home today

---

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: rmeek@supremecourt.gov

Cc: zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov;  
margaret.naylor@delaware.gov; meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

Date: Tuesday, January 16, 2024 at 02:56 PM EST

---

Good afternoon,

My apologies for the omission.

My case manager kindly spoke with me on the phone today from home. She said she would resolve the error by resubmitting the written request submitted on Jan 3, 2024 in Case No. 23A596 to Chief Justice Roberts tomorrow or ASAP since she is working form home today.

This shows why people staff are so important.

Thank you,  
Meg

---

On Tuesday, January 16, 2024 at 02:47:29 PM EST, Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com> wrote:

Good afternoon,

Per my voice mail I received documents in error. I accidentally received the documents for another claimants matter USCA 7 22-1770, 22-1785 per the picture and care to preserve and not vitiate another parties First Amendment right to access to the courts and to petition.

Errors happen and that is why people court staff are important in correcting errors.

I also note when I initially filed an appeal on the original disciplinary case for which all of the cases relate this court rejected my petition since I filed the motion for more pages prior to and not simultaneously therewith.

I filed an in forma pauperis simultaneously with the pages and the petition in the civil rights case, despite the sticky note by a court representative indicating otherwise on a document received by mail today.

I called my case manager on Jan 3 to alert our case manager Lisa Nesbett I was mailing out a resubmission of Justice Alito's denial for pages to Chief Justice Roberts. I called on Jan, 4 with a message to affirm that. She previously confirmed that.

My case manager indicated she had to send out the papers because I told her I was thinking of filing an application for a stay in hopes of possibly retaining an attorney.

The attorney I was hoping to retain without compelling him unwillingly and without violating my religious beliefs is currently appealing a similar disciplinary proceeding and cannot accept clients at this time. Nor is 60 days a sufficient amount of time to discern whether he may be in a position.

Accordingly, I assert and do not waive my 1st Amendment right to petition fairly and fully pursuant to the 5th and

6th Amendments. Accordingly, the attached letter granting 60 days is not ripe as Chief Justice Roberts has not yet received or ruled on my written request to resubmit Justice Alito's denied application for pages yet.

Should Chief Justice Roberts deny my application I reserve the right to resubmit it to another judge or request it be sent to the entire court, along with the in forma pauperis which doesn't appear to have been submitted in the civil rights case as evidenced by the sticky note the court's staff placed on it. I also request 60 additional days should my request be denied.

I am quite distraught since I believe the courts are in trouble and do not want to be compelled to reduce pages in No. 23A 596, 23 A144 to reduce the arguments contained therein to protect and preserve the courts to preserve the rule of law that creates, sustains and maintains these United States.

Should the courts disagree with me, the courts should retain authority to say what the law is instead of Congress and others who seek to control a no longer free and impartial forum necessary to preserve my 5th Amendment right to a fair proceeding.

Thank you for your kind consideration especially with regards to the receipt of another claimants filings.

Very truly,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr.  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**To:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**Sent:** Tuesday, January 16, 2024 at 01:17:39 PM EST  
**Subject:** Emergency Meg wrong case wrong docs

Sent from my iPhone

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001

January 27, 2023

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

RE: Motion to Exempt Costs; Motion to Exceed Word/Page Limit  
Motion to Submit Appeal in Unconforming Form  
No: 22A476

Dear Ms. Kelly:

The enclosed motions were received January 26, 2023 and are returned for the following reasons:

The motion to exceed word/page limit must be submitted with the petition for a writ of certiorari. If you are filing a paid petition, you have a 9,000 word limit. If you are proceeding in forma pauperis, you have a 40 page limit. Based on how you will be filing, you must specify if you are seeking to exceed the word limit or the page limit.

The motion to exempt costs must be submitted with your petition as a motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis. Forms are enclosed for your use.

The Rules of this Court make no provision for the filing of a motion for leave to submit an appeal in unconforming form and to appeal on the record in lieu of including an appendix.

Sincerely,  
Scott S. Harris, Clerk  
By: [Signature]

Lisa Nesbitt  
(202) 479-3038

I filed an IFP with this application for more pages, but it was sent back

Enclosures

But why are the petitions for more pages treated separately now as applications?  
No. 23A361 and 23A596

Why did a staff send back a note on my application for more pages in 23A361 as pictured stating

No IFP.

I submitted an IFP simultaneously therewith

In accordance with the instructions by my case manager,

and the IFP was not accepted with the petition

for more pages in 22A476

Filed prior to my pet forward of an application



SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001

February 7, 2023

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

RE: Kelly v. DE Office of Disciplinary Counsel  
No: 22A476

Dear Ms. Kelly:

The above-entitled petition for writ of certiorari was postmarked January 30, 2023 and received February 2, 2023. The papers are returned for the following reason(s):

The petition exceeds the limit of 40 pages allowed. Rule 33.2(b).

Please correct and resubmit as soon as possible. Unless the petition is submitted to this Office in corrected form within 60 days of the date of this letter, the petition will not be filed. Rule 14.5.

A copy of the corrected petition must be served on opposing counsel.

When making the required corrections to a petition, no change to the substance of the petition may be made.

Sincerely,  
Scott S. Harris, Clerk  
By

  
Lisa Nesbitt  
(202) 479-3038

Enclosures

*Rejected since  
I filed IFR &  
Pet. for more pages  
first not  
later.*

4  
Supreme Court of the United States  
Office of the Clerk  
Washington, DC 20543-0001

Scott S. Harris  
Clerk of the Court  
(202) 479-3011

February 15, 2023

Ms. Meghan Marie Kelly  
Attorney at Law  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

Re: Meghan M. Kelly  
v. Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, et al.  
No. 22-6783

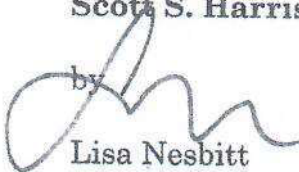
Dear Ms. Kelly:

The petition for a writ of certiorari in the above entitled case was filed on February 6, 2023 and placed on the docket February 15, 2023 as No. 22-6783.

A form is enclosed for notifying opposing counsel that the case was docketed.

Sincerely,

Scott S. Harris, Clerk

by   
Lisa Nesbitt  
Case Analyst

Enclosures

**SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001**

February 7, 2023

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

RE: Kelly v. DE Office of Disciplinary Counsel  
No: 22A476

Dear Ms. Kelly:

The above-entitled petition for writ of certiorari was postmarked January 30, 2023 and received February 2, 2023. The papers are returned for the following reason(s):

The petition exceeds the limit of 40 pages allowed. Rule 33.2(b).

Please correct and resubmit as soon as possible. Unless the petition is submitted to this Office in corrected form within 60 days of the date of this letter, the petition will not be filed. Rule 14.5.

A copy of the corrected petition must be served on opposing counsel.

When making the required corrections to a petition, no change to the substance of the petition may be made.

Sincerely,  
Scott S. Harris, Clerk

By:



Lisa Nesbitt  
(202) 479-3038

Enclosures



5  
Re: 23A596 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: rmeek@supremecourt.gov

Cc: zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; margaret.naylor@delaware.gov; meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

Date: Wednesday, January 17, 2024 at 10:04 AM EST

Please find the attached picture of the court's note on the denied application "NO IFP Motion" and two letters relating to why the original DE Disciplinary Order was rejected.

I am sorry it did not make it. Thank you for correcting the error in the above referenced case and preventing them with regards to IFP Motion issues.

Have a good day.

Thank you,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr.  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

On Wednesday, January 17, 2024 at 09:55:56 AM EST, Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com> wrote:

Good morning Robert Meek,

Below and attached are copies of the written request to resubmit Justice Alito's denial of pages in the above referenced matter to Chief Justice Roberts.

I sent this to opposing counsel immediately after I stuck it in the mail, and left a message with my case manager and confirmed with follow ups that I mailed it out.

Also attached is a sticky note on a different application for more pages returned to me yesterday 1/16/24 in Kelly v Swartz US Supreme Court Case No.23A361 stating "No IFP Motion."

Please be advised I filed an IFP and submitted it simultaneously therewith. I also filed an IFP Motion in the above referenced matter I attach herewith without attaching the required affidavit and attachments theretowhich I filed with this court and is available on the docket to confirm so my access to the courts is not vitiated by any misunderstanding.

My case manager said the court retained a copy of the originals which includes the Motion IFP, and that I did not need to drive back up there to drop off all of the documents.

I am concerned because if you notice in the attached two letters by my case manager she rejected my petition for more pages filed with a motion IFP and to exempt costs for filing it along with other docs, whereas the attached sticky note reasonably leads me to believe the court's staff denied me an opportunity to be heard on the petition for more pages in error in 23A361 since I filed a motion IFP therewith.

This was heart breaking since the petition on the original DE Order was rejected solely because I filed my petition for leave for additional pages first with an IFP Motion not simultaneously with the petition for writ of cert.

I assert my 1st Amendment right to access to the courts fairly in accordance with the 5th Amendment by a full public record pursuant to the 6th Amendment right in this quasi criminal proceeding.

I was not able to electronically upload the last exhibit for the above referenced matter since there is a limit on the number of exhibits that may be uploaded. Nevertheless, I emailed them all to Robert Meek.

I thank the court for curing the error by promising to resubmit the application to Chief Justice Roberts. My intent is to prevent vitiation of my 1st Amendment right to access to the courts as it appears to have been done in the other case No. 23A361 based on confusion of whether I filed an IFP Motion. I did, and I complied with my case manager's instructions.

Please please please let Chief Justice Roberts know and provide him a copy of the IFP Motion on the docket and the original my case manager indicates the court retains so he may grant the petition for more pages. I don't want to delete the arguments I make to preserve the courts and my access to an impartial court because I must focus on other material issues relating to the above referenced case.

Thank you. I applaud the court when it corrects and cures defects.

Have a good day.

Very truly,

Meg

Meghan Kelly

34012 Shawnee Dr

Dagsboro, DE 19939

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**To:** supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov <supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov>

**Cc:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**Sent:** Wednesday, January 3, 2024 at 09:32:53 PM EST

**Subject:** 23A596 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Good evening,

I resubmitted the attached by placing the same in the mail. It will not be picked up until tomorrow.

Thank you and good night.

Best Regards,

Meg

Meghan Kelly

34012 Shawnee Dr

Dagsboro, DE 19939

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** "no-reply@sc-us.gov" <no-reply@sc-us.gov>

**To:** "meghankellyesq@yahoo.com" <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>

**Sent:** Wednesday, January 3, 2024 at 08:57:48 PM EST

**Subject:** Supreme Court Electronic Filing System

A new docket entry, "Renewed application of Meghan Kelly submitted." has been added for [Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania](#).



Meg concerned court staff note and other docs.pdf

556.1kB



Fw: 23A596 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: rmeek@supremecourt.gov

Cc: zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; margaret.naylor@delaware.gov

Date: Wednesday, January 17, 2024 at 09:55 AM EST

Good morning Robert Meek,

Below and attached are copies of the written request to resubmit Justice Alito's denial of pages in the above referenced matter to Chief Justice Roberts.

I sent this to opposing counsel immediately after I stuck it in the mail, and left a message with my case manager and confirmed with follow ups that I mailed it out.

Also attached is a sticky note on a different application for more pages returned to me yesterday 1/16/24 in Kelly v Swartz US Supreme Court Case No.23A361 stating "No IFP Motion."

Please be advised I filed an IFP and submitted it simultaneously therewith. I also filed an IFP Motion in the above referenced matter I attach herewith without attaching the required affidavit and attachments theretowhich I filed with this court and is available on the docket to confirm so my access to the courts is not vitiated by any misunderstanding.

My case manager said the court retained a copy of the originals which includes the Motion IFP, and that I did not need to drive back up there to drop off all of the documents.

I am concerned because if you notice in the attached two letters by my case manager she rejected my petition for more pages filed with a motion IFP and to exempt costs for filing it along with other docs, whereas the attached sticky note reasonably leads me to believe the court's staff denied me an opportunity to be heard on the petition for more pages in error in 23A361 since I filed a motion IFP therewith.

This was heart breaking since the petition on the original DE Order was rejected solely because I filed my petition for leave for additional pages first with an IFP Motion not simultaneously with the petition for writ of cert.

I assert my 1st Amendment right to access to the courts fairly in accordance with the 5th Amendment by a full public record pursuant to the 6th Amendment right in this quasi criminal proceeding.

I was not able to electronically upload the last exhibit for the above referenced matter since there is a limit on the number of exhibits that may be uploaded. Nevertheless, I emailed them all to Robert Meek.

I thank the court for curing the error by promising to resubmit the application to Chief Justice Roberts. My intent is to prevent vitiation of my 1st Amendment right to access to the courts as it appears to have been done in the other case No. 23A361 based on confusion of whether I filed an IFP Motion. I did, and I complied with my case manager's instructions.

Please please please let Chief Justice Roberts know and provide him a copy of the IFP Motion on the docket and the original my case manager indicates the court retains so he may grant the petition for more pages. I don't want to delete the arguments I make to preserve the courts and my access to an impartial court because I must focus on other material issues relating to the above referenced case.

Thank you. I applaud the court when it corrects and cures defects.

Have a good day.

Very truly,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**To:** supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov <supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov>  
**Cc:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, January 3, 2024 at 09:32:53 PM EST  
**Subject:** 23A596 Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Good evening,

I resubmitted the attached by placing the same in the mail. It will not be picked up until tomorrow.

Thank you and good night.

Best Rehards,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** "no-reply@sc-us.gov" <no-reply@sc-us.gov>  
**To:** "meghankellyesq@yahoo.com" <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, January 3, 2024 at 08:57:48 PM EST  
**Subject:** Supreme Court Electronic Filing System

A new docket entry, "Renewed application of Meghan Kelly submitted." has been added for [Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania.](#)



scan.pdf  
2.1MB



FILE ME Motion to file in forma pauperis and to exempt costs.pdf  
193kB



No. VSCA7 22-1770-22-1785

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# United States Supreme Court

Case number 22-1770

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CLERK OF THE CLERK  
SUPREME COURT, U.S.

No. USCA7 22-1770, 22-1785

IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Jose Israel Leon — PETITIONER  
(Your Name)

*The Respondents  
will be written on a  
separate piece of paper*

— RESPONDENT(S)

MOTION FOR LEAVE TO PROCEED *IN FORMA PAUPERIS*

The petitioner asks leave to file the attached petition for a writ of certiorari without prepayment of costs and to proceed *in forma pauperis*.

Please check the appropriate boxes:

☒ Petitioner has previously been granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* in the following court(s):

United States court Western District of Wisconsin

☐ Petitioner has **not** previously been granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* in any other court.

☒ Petitioner's affidavit or declaration in support of this motion is attached hereto.

☐ Petitioner's affidavit or declaration is **not** attached because the court below appointed counsel in the current proceeding, and:

☐ The appointment was made under the following provision of law: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_, or

☐ a copy of the order of appointment is appended.

[Signature]  
(Signature)





**SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES**  
**OFFICE OF THE CLERK**  
**WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001**

May 16, 2023

Jose Leon  
272 Misty Meadows Lane  
Menasha, WI 54952

RE: Leon v. United States  
USCA7 Nos. 22-1770, 22-1785

Dear Mr. Leon:

Returned are the papers for the petition for a writ of certiorari in the above-entitled case, originally postmarked on March 29, 2023 and received again on May 16, 2023, which fail to comply with the Rules of this Court.

As was stated in prior correspondence, this petition is out of time. You must submit your petition with a motion to direct the Clerk to file it out of time.

In addition, you appear to be seeking review of two different decisions from the same lower court. Therefore, you must clearly state in the basis of jurisdiction that you are seeking joint review under Rule 12.4.

If you intend to pay the \$300 docket fee, the petition must be in booklet format and on paper that measures 6 1/8 by 9 1/4 inches. Rule 33.1(a).

The appendix to the petition as required by Rule 14 must be in booklet format and on paper that measures 6 1/8 by 9 1/4 inches. Rule 33.1(a).

Rule 33.1(c) prohibits the use of spiral, plastic, metal or string bindings. Staples may be used, at least two, along the left margin covered with tape.

The petition must bear a suitable cover consisting of heavy paper, front and back. Rule 33.1(e).

The text of the petition and appendix must be typeset in a Century family (e.g., Century Expanded, New Century Schoolbook, or Century Schoolbook) 12-point type with 2-point or more leading between lines. The typeface of footnotes must be 10-point or larger with 2-point or more leading between lines. Rule 33.1(b).

All of the pages in the petition and appendix must contain margins of at least three-fourths of an inch on all sides. The text field, including footnotes, may not exceed 4 1/8 by 7 1/8 inches. Rule 33.1(c).

The text of the document must appear on both sides of the pages. Rule 33.1(b).



**SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001**

March 29, 2023

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

RE: Application to Place Removed Exhibits Back on the Docket  
22A747 & 22-6783

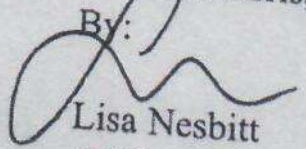
Dear Ms. Kelly:

Your application to place removed exhibits back on the docket, received March 28, 2023, is herewith returned for the following reason(s):

The Rules of this Court make no provision for this filing.

Sincerely,  
Scott S. Harris, Clerk

By:



Lisa Nesbitt  
(202) 479-3038



No. 22-6783

Search documents in this case:

Search

Title:

Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner  
v.

Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, et al.

Docketed:

February 15, 2023

Linked with 22A747

Lower Ct:

United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit

Case Numbers:

(21-3198, 22-2079)

DATE	PROCEEDINGS AND ORDERS
Feb 06 2023	<p>Petition for a writ of certiorari before judgment and motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis filed. (Response due March 17, 2023)</p> <p>Motion for Leave to Proceed in Forma Pauperis</p> <p>Service    Petition    Petition    Petition    Proof of    Appendix</p> <p>Appendix    Appendix    Appendix    Appendix    Appendix</p>
Feb 11 2023	<p>Application (22A747) for a stay, submitted to Justice Alito.</p> <p>Lower Court Orders/Opinions    Main Document    Main Document    Main Document    Main Document</p> <p>Document    Main Document    Main Document    Proof of Service    Main</p>
Feb 22 2023	<p>Application (22A747) denied by Justice Alito.</p>
Mar 03 2023	<p>Motion to expedite consideration of the petition for a writ of certiorari filed by petitioner Meghan Kelly.</p> <p>Proof of Service    Main Document    Main Document    Proof of Service</p>
Mar 06 2023	<p>Letter to the Clerk of Court per Robert Meek's kind suggestion regarding submission of my motion filed today of Meghan Kelly not accepted for filing. (March 13, 2023)</p>
Mar 06 2023	<p>Different Emergency Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2101 (f) to grant an interim stay of Third Circuit case Kelly v Swartz et al, No 21-3198 and 22-2079 for a different additional reasons, pending this courts determination on her Writ of Certiorari before of Meghan Kelly not accepted for filing. (March 13, 2023)</p>

Exhibits remain missing



No. 22-6783

Search documents in this case:

Search

Title:

Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner  
v.  
Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, et al.

Docketed:

February 15, 2023

Lower Ct:

United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit

Case Numbers:

(21-3198, 22-2079)

DATE

PROCEEDINGS AND ORDERS

Feb 06 2023

Petition for a writ of certiorari before judgment and motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis filed. (Response due March 17, 2023)

Motion for Leave to Proceed in Forma

Pauperis      Petition      Petition      Petition      Proof of  
Service      Appendix      Appendix      Appendix      Appendix      Appendix

Mar 03 2023

Emergency Application to the Honorable Justice Samuel A. Alito, Junior to expedite this Court's decision in Kelly v Swartz Case Number 22-6783 so as not to deprive me of my 5th Amendment opportunity to be heard and irreparable injury in terms of loss of r of Meghan Kelly submitted.

Other      Other      Other      Other      Other      Other      Proof of  
Service      Main Document      Main Document      Main Document      Proof  
of Service

Mar 06 2023

Different Emergency Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2101 (f) to grant an interim stay of Third Circuit case Kelly v Swartz et al, No 21-3198 and 22-2079 for a different additional reasons, pending this courts determination on her Writ of Certiorari before of Meghan Kelly submitted

Main Document      Main Document      Main Document      Main  
Document      Main Document      Main Document      Main  
Document      Main Document      Main Document      Main  
Document      Main Document      Proof of Service      Proof of Service

Mar 06 2023

Letter to the Clerk of Court per Robert Meek's kind suggestion regarding submission of my motion filed today of Meghan Kelly submitted.

Main Document      Main Document      Other      Other      Other      Proof  
of Service      Proof of Service

These exhibits  
were removed  
March 9, 2023



## Fw: Envelopes Jan 1, 2024/23A596

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: rmeek@supremecourt.gov

Cc: david.weiss@usdoj.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; margaret.naylor@delaware.gov

Date: Thursday, January 18, 2024 at 02:25 PM EST

Good afternoon,

After I checked the electronic system side and despite assurance of the court that my Jan 3 pleadings would be filed, I needed to cover myself. This Court's staff recommended I file things in the past that were not accepted. Ultimately, I must assert and not waive the right to access to the courts by reliance on the staff when their past assurances were faulty.

Moreover, this court lost a massive amount of pleadings and has no explanation as to where my Nov. 6, 2023 submissions are or why they were not docketed relating to the Nov 6, 2023 PA case filings.

Further, I received someone else's pleadings for the third time. Although this is the first time before the USSC, other people's filings were incorrectly docketed in 22-45 and in 21-3198 initially with regards to someone else's financials for an IFP motion.

Accordingly, I sent 10 copies of the Jan 3, 2024 written requests relating to 23A596 this court already should have received again with tracking to cover myself today per the attached pictures.

I received the documents back from this court relating to 23A596 in error, including one that was not uploaded on the electronic filing as it exceeded the 20 document limit.

It is not fair that the court does not have the physical documents in light of the fact I hope Chief Justice grants my request. It causes a burden upon me and prejudices the court in its determination as to wrongly persuade the court to rule against me to cover up its agents' errors.

It is not fair.

My case manager said they retain one original and the electronic copies, and yet I have a 6th Amendment right to a full public proceeding under the 6th as an accused in a quasi-criminal proceeding not a partial prejudicial proceeding where the members of the US Supreme Court do not have the papers to mull through important issues. Further, I have not received 10 complete versions of the filings, only partial. It is possible not all documents have been delivered yet. In addition, I am impoverished. I do not have a bank account as the new rules violate my religious beliefs against debt nor do I have income since the proceedings prevent me from working at my former law firm.

I see this court the Jan. 3, 2023 submission after I wasted money to send them out as a precaution.

I also drove to Ocean View post office twice this morning to send back the documents this court incorrectly sent me relating to another case. The post office said they would send it back for free but I should not have opened the envelop. So, I put it in a clean envelope, and they said it would be about 10 dollars. I said I thought you said it would be return to sender at no cost. They said no. I needed a box from the US Supreme Court

So, I drove home, and retrieved a box from the recycables that was hanging together by tape, and I took it to Millsboro post office along with the envelop.

The postal workers promised to return it to sender at no cost to me or the courts. I did my due diligence to protect another person's access to the courts. I am at the law library now and do not have copies of the card I placed in the box addressed to Lisa Nesbitt regarding one of her other case docs were inadvertently sent to me.

Please inform her the post office is in possession of those documents and they said they will come back to you at no cost.

I don't know where the voluminous amount of boxes I submitted with the court for the Nov. 6, 2022 are. If you are still in possession of them please tell me. I would like them back with a letter information why they were rejected with an opportunity to cure them per case law so as not to deprive me of underlying fundamental rights not merely my 1st Amendment right to access to the courts to petition.

Thank you.

On an aside, I seek to preserve my 1st, 5th, and 6th Amendment rights as applied to the federal courts, not to destroy the staff or the court for deprivations based on infringements that may be cured. The fact we may contact people staff to correct errors is why they are indispensable to uphold equal access to the courts to preserve the fundamental 1st Amendment right to petition and other fundamental liberties.

Please forgive any typos, I write under great duress and haste to assert my rights to prevent my rights from wrongful vitiation.


Thank you. Have a good weekend.


Very truly,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr  
Dagsboro, DE 19939


----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**To:** Meg Kelly <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**Sent:** Thursday, January 18, 2024 at 01:16:07 PM EST  
**Subject:** Envelopes

Sent from my iPhone

 IMG\_3767.jpg  
601.1kB

 IMG\_3769.jpg  
509.6kB

 IMG\_3770.jpg  
655.3kB



 IMG\_3771.jpg  
666.8kB

 IMG\_3772.jpg  
665.3kB

21-1490 Can the legal theories in two US Supreme court cases extend constitutional protections to attorneys resolving splits Fw: FedEx Shipment 789204864762: Your package is delayed.

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; margaret.naylor@delaware.gov

Date: Thursday, January 18, 2024 at 09:50 AM EST

Greene is not a criminal case and should be extended to lawyers in a professional proceeding. I am brainstorming here. Even if you are opponents will you please help me extend Constitutional protections to lawyers and judges to preserve their independence necessary to uphold the rule of law as applied to all not merely partial regulatory interests?

I do not feel so well, and am severely dehydrated and require time.

Yet, I have to act quick.

If I draft something up maybe I can work with you prior to filing it? My printer repairs are delayed per below.

You are great brilliant minds. I do not have easy access to research. It is possible your responses will change the world and preserve the rule of law.

Thank you,  
Meg

Greene v. McElroy, 360 U.S. 474, 475 (1959) ("this Court will not hold that a person may be deprived of the right to follow his chosen profession without full hearings where accusers may be confronted and cross-examined").

" "Perfection may not be demanded of law, but the capacity to counteract inevitable . . . frailties is the mark of a civilized legal mechanism." *Rosenberg v. United States*, [346 U.S. 273, 310](#) (1953) (Frankfurter, J., dissenting). " *McGautha v. California*, 402 U.S. 183, 285 (1971)

"This is how the cases themselves have defined the scope of *Lovell-Freedman* doctrine. Such license requirements are struck down only when they affect the "enjoyment of freedoms which the Constitution guarantees." See *Staub v. City of Baxley*, [355 U.S. 313, 322](#) (1958)." *Lakewood v. Plain Dealer Publishing Co.*, 486 U.S. 750, 777 (1988)

Overly broad discretion is a license to whims

Overly broad not notice

*Dombrowski v. Pfister*, 380 U.S. 479, 494 (1965) ("This overly broad statute also creates a "danger zone" within which protected expression may be inhibited. Cf. *Speiser v. Randall*, [357 U.S. 513, 526](#). So long as the statute remains available to the State the threat of prosecutions of protected expression is a real and substantial one. Even the prospect of ultimate failure of such prosecutions by no means dispels their chilling effect on protected expression. *A Quantity of Copies of Books v. Kansas*, [378 U.S. 205](#); *Bantam Books, Inc. v. Sullivan*, [372 U.S. 58](#); *Marcus v. Search Warrant*, [367 U.S. 717](#); *Speiser v. Randall*, *supra*. Since § 364(4) is so intimately bound up with a definition invalid under the reasoning of



*Baggett v. Bullitt*, we hold that it is invalid for the same reasons.”)

“the constitutional principles there applied forbid the judiciary, as well as the legislature, of a State to interfere with the free exercise of religion. Pp. 190-191. ” *Kreshik v. St. Nicholas Cathedral*, 363 U.S. 190 (1960)

“This is how the cases themselves have defined the scope of *Lovell-Freedman* doctrine. Such license requirements are struck down only when they affect the “enjoyment of freedoms which the Constitution guarantees.” See *Staub v. City of Baxley*, [355 U.S. 313, 322](#) (1958).” *Lakewood v. Plain Dealer Publishing Co.*, 486 U.S. 750, 777 (1988)

Overly broad discretion is a license to whims

splits in attorney discipline

Splits

- *Gunter v. Virginia State Bar, ex rel*, 241 Va. 186, 187 (Va. 1991) held “An attorney has no procedural due process right to discovery in a disciplinary proceeding.”
- *Rosenthal v. Justices of the S. Ct. of Calif*, 910 F.2d 561, 565 (9th Cir. 1990) (“We reject Rosenthal’s confrontation clause claim. The confrontation clause is a criminal law protection. Therefore, it does not apply to a disbarment case.”)
- The court in *Mississippi State Bar v. Attorney-Respondent in Disciplinary Proceedings*, 367 So. 2d 179, 183 (Miss. 1979) seeks to eliminate USSC holding in *Spevack* extending 5th Amendment protections against self-incrimination to lawyers in disciplinary cases.
- *Rosenthal v. Justices of the S. Ct. of Calif*, 910 F.2d 561, 564 (9th Cir. 1990) (“We reject both of Rosenthal’s attacks upon Section 6083(c). A lawyer disciplinary proceeding is not a criminal proceeding. See, e.g., *Standing Comm. on Discipline v. Ross*, [735 F.2d 1168, 1170](#) (9th Cir.), cert. denied, appeal dismissed, 469 U.S. 1081, 105 S.Ct. 583, 83 L.Ed.2d 694 (1984). As a result, normal protections afforded a criminal defendant do not apply.”)
- *Rosenthal v. Justices of the S. Ct. of Calif*, 910 F.2d 561, 564 (9th Cir. 1990) (“The principle of presumption of innocence is a creature of a criminal proceeding; and hence, does not apply in a lawyer disbarment proceeding.”) [The 9<sup>th</sup> Circuit, including California is so scary.]
- *Rosenthal v. Justices of the S. Ct. of Calif*, 910 F.2d 561, 564 (9th Cir. 1990) (“Similarly, Section 6083(c) does not violate the command of the 14th Amendment that the state prove every element of an offense beyond a reasonable doubt. That command, which arises from *Sandstrom v. Montana*, [442 U.S. 510, 99 S.Ct. 2450, 61 L.Ed.2d 39](#) (1975), applies only in criminal proceedings, not in a lawyer disbarment such as this one.”)
- *Hyman v. Bd. of Prof’l Responsibility of the Supreme Court of Tenn.*, 437 S.W.3d 435, 445 (Tenn. 2014) (“Attorney disciplinary proceedings are “quasi-criminal” in nature. *Moncier v. Bd. of Prof’l Responsibility*, [406 S.W.3d 139, 155](#) (Tenn.2013) (citing *In re Buffalo*, [390 U.S. 544, 551, 88 S.Ct. 1222, 20 L.Ed.2d 117](#) (1968)). Accordingly, attorneys who are subject to discipline are entitled to procedural due process, which includes notice of the alleged misconduct and an opportunity to be heard. *Moncier*, [406 S.W.3d at 156](#). An attorney disciplinary proceeding does not, however, give rise to “the full panoply of [due process] rights afforded to an accused in a criminal case.” *Id.* (quoting *People v. Harfmann*, [638 P.2d 745, 747](#) (Colo.1981)). ”)
- *People v. Harfmann*, 638 P.2d 745, 747-46 (Colo. 1981) held, “We disagree with the respondent’s contention that disciplinary proceedings, which are *sui generis*, must be afforded the same constitutional safeguards which are provided to an accused in a criminal case. We conclude that the exclusionary rule should not be extended to provide a shield to a lawyer charged in a disciplinary complaint.” *People v. Harfmann*, 638 P.2d 745, 747 n.6 (Colo. 1981) (“The exclusionary rule was made applicable to the states in *Mapp v. Ohio*, 367 U.S. 643, 81 S.Ct. 1684, 6 L.Ed.2d 1081 (1961).”)
- **This shows a split from the Nevada Court** This court grants right to confrontation under the 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment. “Both the disciplinary counsel and the respondent “shall be entitled to examine or cross-examine witnesses.” *Cerame v. Bowler*, Civ. 3:21-cv-1502 (AWT), at \*4 (D. Conn. Aug. 29, 2022)



- **I think this Court also shows a split from the Nevada case.** [Utah not Nevada] "The Review Panel conducts a hearing after notice. Respondent is entitled to representation, cross-examination of witnesses, and submission of evidence. If the Review Panel recommends discipline, respondent may present exceptions which are heard by the Kansas Supreme Court." *Phelps v. Kansas Supreme Court*, 662 F.2d 649, 650 (10th Cir. 1981)

8. In *re Discipline of Harding*, 104 P.3d 1220, 1225 (Utah 2004), held, "These measures are adequate, given the nature of lawyer discipline proceedings, to ensure due process to a lawyer accused of misconduct. Direct and cross-examination of the witnesses is not required in the quasi-administrative setting of the screening panel. As a result, we find no due process deficiencies in Harding's case." There were even other lawyer disciplinary cases citing this case.

•

2. As of the time I checked today per the attached picture with date and time 1:11 PM, Jan 11, 2024 my Jan 3, 2024 has not yet been docketed. I am reasonably scared it may be lost since no one in the US Supreme Court knows where or will answer or address my question as to the physical location of the Supplemental brief in the PA case.

3. I am also horrified to learn there appears to be a split in forums where courts arguably argue incorrectly that prison disciplinary procedures permit attorney disciplinary boards and state Supreme Courts to deny lawyers the 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to cross examine witnesses in criminal-like proceedings.

4. In *In re Discipline of Harding*, 104 P.3d 1220, 1225-26 (Utah 2004), the Court held:

"The Rules of Lawyer Discipline and Disability, under which the proceedings were conducted, do not provide to the attorney who is the subject of the hearing the right to cross-examine witnesses. In fact, all questioning is usually done by the screening panel, and includes opportunity for the lawyer, his legal counsel, and the complaining party, to suggest areas of inquiry to the panel. The accused lawyer is given prior notice of the charges, notice of the hearing, a right to be present at the hearing, and to be represented by counsel at the hearing. The lawyer is guaranteed a right to appear and present testimony, offer witnesses on his own behalf, and present an oral argument with respect to the complaint against him. The proceedings are recorded and preserved for review as necessary, and a written report of the panel's findings and conclusions is given to the lawyer. Utah R. Lawyer Discipline Disability 10."

5. Prisoner disciplinary proceedings should be a different standard than professional disciplinary standards. Even in the initial prosecution of crime the accused has the protected 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to cross examine witnesses.

6. In *Carroll v. Ill. Dep't of Corr.*, 2018 Ill. App. 4th 170465, 9 (Ill. App. Ct. 2018), Court stated, "The right to call witnesses in a [prison] disciplinary proceeding is limited. *Baxter v. Palmigiano*, [425 U.S. 308, 321](#) (1976)." The Court further stated

"Prison officials maintain necessary discretion to keep disciplinary hearings within reasonable limits and to refuse to permit the testimony of witnesses who may create a risk of reprisal, undermine authority, or provide irrelevant or cumulative and repetitive testimony. *Wolff*, [418 U.S. at 566](#)." *Carroll v. Ill. Dep't of Corr.*, 2018 Ill. App. 4th 170465, 9 (Ill. App. Ct. 2018)

In *Baxter v. Palmigiano*, 425 U.S. 308, 320-21 (1976), the USSC held:

"In *Wolff v. McDonnell*, we held that "the inmate facing disciplinary proceedings should be allowed to call witnesses and present documentary evidence in his defense when permitting him to do so will not be unduly



hazardous to institutional safety or correctional goals." [418 U.S., at 566](#). We noted that "[o]rdinarily, the right to present evidence is basic to a fair hearing; but the unrestricted right to call witnesses from the prison population carries obvious potential for disruption and for interference with the swift punishment that in individual cases may be essential to carrying out the correctional program of the institution."

7. I am horrified that lawyers are deemed without Constitutional rights namely the right to a fair proceeding by a state disciplinary forum where they may cross examine witnesses in Utah.

8. *In re Discipline of Harding*, 104 P.3d 1220, 1225 (Utah 2004), held, "These measures are adequate, given the nature of lawyer discipline proceedings, to ensure due process to a lawyer accused of misconduct. **Direct and cross-examination of the witnesses is not required in the quasi-administrative setting of the screening panel.** As a result, we find no due process deficiencies in Harding's case." There were even other lawyer disciplinary cases citing this case.

9. This week in horror I learned Richard Abbott and I both were denied the asserted right to call witnesses and cross examine our accusers because the Court fired them in my case and hid that fact, and I had no idea Abbott had 17 or so subpoenas quashed.

10. We have a 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to cross examine witnesses and a 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to petition to do so and a 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment state right to a fair proceeding.

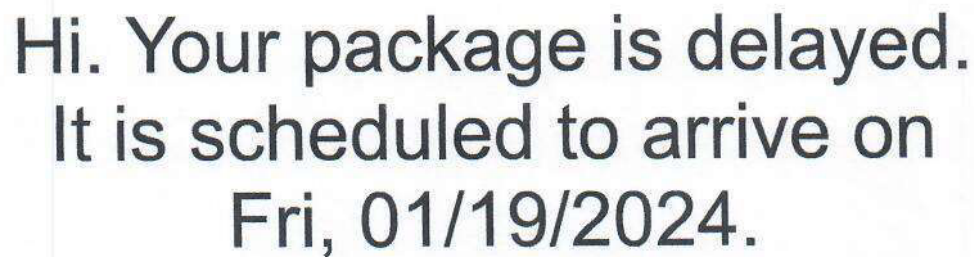
11. I did not know there was a split in jurisdictions where some courts say hey lawyers you do not have a 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to cross examine witnesses until I saw the similarity in Abbott's case which caused me to look.

12. I think it imperative for the US Supreme Court to resolve the split so professionals including lawyers are not deprived of Constitutional freedoms for business of boards who sacrifice them to market their positions to maintain profit streams at the cost of human sacrifice of lives and liberties for the bottom line, the mark of the beast untamed by love or the just rule of law. When the courts deem business preempts freedom, or business is freedom, there is no freedom. Everything is for sale. Lives and feigned liberties are bought, and the Constitution is a lie not enforceable by the government when government officials wrongly hold they are immune to the law and above the law like Former President Donald Trump appears to do. It is folly to say the courts have no competence to judge whether the other branch violated the Constitution for security reasons. That makes Presidents rulers, not servant leaders safeguarding liberties. Courts eliminate liberties when they hold the other branches are above the Constitutional laws that safeguard the people from the government enslaving or sacrificing them for moth and rust. See in Isaiah 14 how the devil sought to be his own God and judge above the law.

----- Forwarded Message -----

**From:** TrackingUpdates@fedex.com <trackingupdates@fedex.com>  
**To:** "meghankellyesq@yahoo.com" <meghankellyesq@yahoo.com>  
**Sent:** Thursday, January 18, 2024 at 08:16:06 AM EST  
**Subject:** FedEx Shipment 789204864762: Your package is delayed.





Initially expected: Thursday 01/18/2024




1/18/2024 7:46 PM

	Plainfield, IN, US, 46168
<b>PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER</b>	240112-001070
<b>REFERENCE</b>	X8GN148296
<b>RMA</b>	0051052815
<b>SHIP DATE</b>	Mon 1/15/2024 12:00 AM
<b>DELIVERY LOCATION</b>	ZIONSVILLE, IN
<b>PACKAGING TYPE</b>	Package
<b>ORIGIN</b>	Dagsboro, DE, US, 19939
<b>DESTINATION</b>	Plainfield, IN, US, 46168
<b>SPECIAL HANDLING</b>	E-mail Return Label Package Returns Program
<b>STANDARD TRANSIT</b>	Thu, 01/18/2024
<b>NUMBER OF PIECES</b>	1

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No. \_\_\_\_\_, Application No. 22A747

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner

v.

Pennsylvania Disciplinary Counsel et al

Appellant Plaintiff Meghan Kelly’s Application to the Honorable Justice Alito to place exhibits back on the Docket to prevent the deprivation of her 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment Equal Protections and procedural due process right to a full and fair opportunity to be heard without selective, arbitrary, disparate, unfavorable treatment towards her as applied, and to preserve her 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right

Pursuant to the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment Equal Protections component, the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment Due Process Clause, the 1st Amendment right to petition, 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to a public proceeding, 28 USC § 1651, Supreme Court Rule 22 (a) or other applicable authority, I, Appellant Meghan Kelly apply to the Honorable Justice Alito for the Court to place the physically filed and electronically filed exhibits relating to my March 6, 2023 Application for an extension of time to file a writ of certiorari in the above referenced file to be placed on the public electronic docket available on its web page.

1. Pursuant to 28 USC § 1651

“a The Supreme Court and all courts established by Act of Congress may issue all writs necessary or appropriate in aid of their respective jurisdictions and agreeable to the usages and principles of law.

(b) An alternative writ or rule nisi may be issued by a justice **or judge** of a court which has jurisdiction.” (emphasis intended)

2. Accordingly, I argue that Justice Alito has jurisdiction to determine the issue at hand to prevent 1. disparate, arbitrary, unfavorable treatment against me, as a party of one, in violation of the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment’s Equal Protections component, 2. 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment Due Process right to a full and fair opportunity to be heard before this Honorable United States Supreme Court, the 1st Amendment right to petition, and my 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to a public proceeding as the accused.

3. An application, not a motion is the only means I have to seek this relief under the circumstances. A motion would likely be reviewed too late to grant relief.

4. I filed the application for an extension of time electronically in two separate electronic entries as a continuation of the application for an extension of time as an addendum by entering in application for an extension of time on the system. Per the attached Exhibit filed with the Third Circuit Docket Number 3198 at DI-192, I incorporate herein in its entirety (herein referred to as “DI-192”), I include emails to the US Supreme Court’s efilings clerks noting the problems of electronic filing, the solution of uploading the pleading in two entries, and my invocation of my 1<sup>st</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights to be adhered to by the US Supreme court without waiver.

5. In DI-192, I also include affidavits regarding mailing concerns, with pictures, discussions with my case manager regarding delays in receipt of the orders, and a copy of the letter I file simultaneously herewith to Justice Jackson for reconsideration of Justice Alito’s denial of my motion for more time despite the loss of my First Amendment right to petition and fundamental rights, property interests, harm to health with records and pictures of a recent emergency injury, family reunion and my poverty creating a substantial burden upon my access to the courts.

6. The attached two exhibits I incorporate herein as Exhibits 11 and 12 were not uploaded on the public record despite my invocation of my rights under 1<sup>st</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> Amendments. Exhibits 11 and 12 were electronically and physically filed on May 6, 2023. The exhibits contain information material to my application and claims. They also are important because I note where I disagree with the Courts. When claimants or lawyers believe courts violate the Constitution, claimants and lawyers should uphold the Constitution by showing the

courts where they erred to prevent manifest injustice towards them or the public. I believe the Courts may only be corrected within the purview of the Constitution by 1 cases and controversies or 2 impeachment. Should courts waive that requirement by agreeing to regulations or statutes beyond the Constitutional limits injustice would result by tempting judges towards partiality towards upholding the regulations as opposed to the impartial rule of law. If I am not allowed to plead in a case or controversy to correct judges than a Constitutional check is eliminated, judges may be left uncorrected within the purview of the Constitution, essentially making judges above the law. This would allow for more criticism to wrongly encourage regulations of the courts. I do not want that. The Courts do not want that. Use my case(s) to limit not eliminate judicial checks please. Otherwise, injustice will arise to all.

7. Having a complete electronic record eases other reviewing justices' and other courts' ability to review the public record, protects my right to a public record and safeguards the public by noticing them of where I believe the government or Courts erred by eliminating freedoms in exchange for business. In addition, I also note my belief of harm towards our nation by a schemed economic crash to overthrow our government in the undocketed exhibits that I pray this court unravels. (Exhibit 12). These are important interests the public and the press has a 1<sup>st</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> amendment right to know of by public record too. Finally, the documents material to my application were contained therein including but not limited to the attached certification.

8. The sixth amendment provides the accused with the right to a public proceeding. See, e.g., *Waller*, 467 U.S. at 43, 104 S.Ct. at 2214, 81 L.Ed.2d at 36. The public trial guarantee ensures that the accused is tried fairly as opposed to prejudicially mistreated in a secret proceeding. *Waller*, 467 U.S. at 46, 104 S.Ct. at 2215, 81 L.Ed.2d at 38. This explicit sixth amendment right to a public proceeding invokes the same considerations raised implicitly in the



first amendment right of the press and public to attend an accused's trial. Id. at 46, 104 S.Ct. at 2215, 81 L.Ed.2d at 38. Because of this similarity, the Supreme Court found that under the sixth amendment any closure of a public trial over the objections of the defendant must meet the tests set out under the first amendment analysis in *Press-Enterprise Co. v. Superior Court of California*, 464 U.S. 501, 104 S.Ct. 819, 78 L.Ed.2d 629 (1984). See *Waller*, 467 U.S. at 47, 104 S.Ct. at 2216, 81 L.Ed.2d at 39.

9. In my case no party seeks to close the proceeding. I assert my 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to a public proceeding with a public record of the proceeding to defend my life, liberties, especially my religious exercise of belief in Jesus Christ, health, life, eternal life, and other protected interests, the public's 6<sup>th</sup> and 1<sup>st</sup> amendment interests and in the interests of justice for all Exhibits 11 and 12 must be docketed. The courts, even the US Supreme Court must not violate Constitutional asserted rights to serve their own partial lusts for convenience, avoidance of costs, productivity at the cost of eliminating Constitutional rights towards me, a party, and the public.

10. Freedoms are not for sale by barter or exchange. When courts entertain cost benefits analyses as to whether a party is worthy of being heard, and worthy of other Constitutional rights, the courts violate the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment Equal Protections Clause by deeming some people worthy of rights and others not, based on the partial interests of the courts as opposed to the impartial rule of law. As applied the denial of the application and uploading the exhibits in full appears to be based on the Court deeming me or my private-political-religious beliefs contained in the exhibits unworthy or repugnant in violation of the 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment's Equal Protection's component since there is no rational basis for the Court to deny my application under the circumstances given I need time to prevent irreparable injury in terms of

loss of Constitutional liberties, licenses, harm to my life and health, to attend a funeral, and time with family.

11. The 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to a public proceeding must extend to the accused me as applied in this case. It is a distinguishing question as to whether it should apply to the states too, since to the best of my knowledge every federal attorney disciplinary proceeding appears to have an open public attorney disciplinary proceeding in the Circuit and District Courts below, unless the accused exercises his rights to move to close them.

12. The disciplinary proceedings are brought to punish me for my private exercise of the right to petition to safeguard my belief in Jesus Christ from compelled government violations of my religious beliefs. The states prevent me from buying and selling but for my religious beliefs.

13. This Court may direct the filings on May 6 to be incorporated into the March 6 2023 application by reference to this entry or by requiring the clerk electronically file my submitted electronic entry containing the two documents. My rights in a public proceeding are not moot, but is necessary to defend my faith in Jesus and exercise the 1<sup>st</sup> amendment right to petition to defend my rights from continual government persecution.

Wherefore I pray this Court grants me relief by docketing Exhibits 11 and 12.

Dated: May 11, 2023

Respectfully Submitted,  
/s/Meghan Kelly  
Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
[meghankellyesq@yahoo.com](mailto:meghankellyesq@yahoo.com), 302-493-6693  
US Supreme Court Number 283696  
(Word Count 1,474)

No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Application No. 23A144  
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner  
v.  
United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania

**Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Petition for leave to exceed the page limit in her Writ of  
Certiorari of the Appellate Courts Orders**

Petitioner Plaintiff Meghan Kelly, Esq. pro se pursuant to the 5th Amendment right to a fair proceeding, the 1st Amendment right to petition, the Court's equitable powers and Supreme Court Rules 22 and 32, and any other applicable rule this Court deems just, move this Court to permit me to exceed the page limit under Rule 34 (2)(b) in my petition for writ of certiorari of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit Case No 22-3372 decisions. I file the Petition for writ of certiorari, and Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Motion for Leave to file in Forma Pauperis simultaneously herewith and incorporate them herein, and state:

1. I Meghan Kelly, for good cause, respectfully request to be excused from the page limit. Rule 34 (2)(b) limits the page of briefs not provided in booklet format to 40.
2. This case arising from reciprocal discipline of a Delaware Order placing my license on inactive/disability relates to a petition I brought against former-President Donald J. Trump under the Religious Freedom Restoration Act to protect my exercise of belief in Jesus Christ without government sponsored persecution in the state of Delaware.
3. The Delaware original disciplinary case and this reciprocating case represents examples of government persecution based on my exercise of religious beliefs, contained in my speech in my petitions to the Delaware Courts.
4. In the August 23, 2021 letter DE Disciplinary Counsel indicated my religious beliefs contained in my speech contained in my private-religious petitions is the source of their



concern of my mental fitness to practice law. In the DE ODC's petition at 7, the Disciplinary Counsel points to my references to the bible e, as evidence of a disability. Third Circuit Docket Items ("3DI") 3DI-3, page 34, and 3DI21-4.

5. This Reciprocal Order by Appellee is based on the Delaware Order I seek to overturn based on lack of subject matter jurisdiction, violations of my First Amendment rights, procedural due process violations and other claims, especially since the DE Supreme Court acted as witness, judge and prosecutor's assistant in a civil rights case, while it concealed evidence in my favor necessary to my defense.

6. Justice Diamond of the Eastern District Court entrapped me despite indicating it was not disciplining me because it knew I believed I was retired before the Court and required to call witnesses since I was deprived of that right in the original forum despite my assertion. So, the Court disbarred me as retired. This may cause 6 additional law suits and potential appeals needlessly wasting judicial resources while causing irreparable injury to me in terms not only of loss of my right to buy and sell but for my religious beliefs, but punishment and loss of 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment rights to petition, speak, believe, exercise belief and associate. US Amend I, XIV.

7. Given the severity of the order, and the risk of loss, and other additional important information I attempted to alert the court too including but not limited to my belief there is a scheme to overthrow the government after 2050, I require additional pages. This Court did not docket pleadings apprising this court of all of my concerns and the danger I believe the members of the US Supreme Court are in.

8. This Court has inherent equitable powers over their process to prevent abuse, oppression, and injustice, including irreparable injuries in terms of loss of 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment rights. *Gumbel v. Pitkin*, 124 U.S. 131 (1888). This Court must grant my request to prevent injustice by

denial of words which essentially denies me the opportunity to be heard in defense of my religious speech reflecting my religious beliefs in my Freedom of Religion Restoration Act Complaint against former President Donald J. Trump. US Amend I, V. 3DI 21-4 pages 126 through 248.

9. This Court must grant my request for additional words to prevent government abuse against my person, oppression, and injustice.

10. Nevertheless, the Constitutional issues must be addressed to protect not only me, but others beyond me from professional government backed persecution based on exercise of fundamental rights.

11. A professional's private exercise of First Amendment exercise of speech, association, religious belief, religious exercise, and the right to petition to defend the exercise of Constitutional freedom in their private capacity must not be eliminated in exchange for a mere license.

12. I must not be compelled to violate my religious belief by compelled religious violations of my belief in order to regain my license.

13. Nor should I be punished for my exercise of the right to access to the courts to defend my religious beliefs because the original disciplinary Court finds my citations to the Bible and religious beliefs contained in my speech in my private petitions illogical. <sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>. See, *Brief of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, the Ethics & Religious Liberty Commission, the International Mission Board, and Dr. R. Albert Mohler, Jr. as amici curiae in Support of Petitions before the US Supreme Court by the Little Sisters of the Poor Home for the aged, Denver Colorado, et.al, Petitioners v. Sylvia Matthews Burwell, Secretary of Health and Human Serviced*, et. al, No.15-105, 2015 WL 5013734 (US).(The Court allowed references to the bible in other RFRA petitions); See, *Burwell v. Hobby Lobby Stores, Inc.*, 573 U.S. 682, 682. ("Courts have no business addressing whether sincerely held religious beliefs asserted in a RFRA case are reasonable.") *Also see, Africa v. Pennsylvania*, 662 F.2d 1025, 1025 (3d Cir.), cert. denied, 456 U.S. 908 (1982); ("Judges are not oracles of theological verity, and the founders did not intend for them to be declarants of religious orthodoxy."); *Employment Div., Dept. of Human Resources of Ore. v. Smith*, 494 U. S. 872, 887, ("Repeatedly and in many different contexts, we have warned that courts must not presume to determine the place of a particular belief in a religion or the plausibility of a religious claim."); *Cantwell v. State of Connecticut*, 310 U.S. 296, 60 S. Ct. 900,

14. “To be sure, a state may not condition the grant of a privilege, [a license,] or benefit upon the surrender of a constitutional right.” *Minn. Ass’n, Health Care v. Minn. Dept., P.W.*, 742 F.2d 442, 446 (8th Cir. 1984); *Citing, Western Southern Life Insurance Co. v. State Board of Equalization*, 451 U.S. 648, 657-58, 664-65 (1981); *Sherbert v. Verner*, 374 U.S. 398, 404-05, (1963).

15. “The doctrine that a government, state or federal, may not grant a benefit or privilege on conditions requiring the recipient to relinquish his constitutional rights is now well established.” <sup>2</sup>

16. “Neither the state in general, nor the state university in particular, is free to prohibit any kind of expression because it does not like what is being said.” *Jones v. Board of Education*, 397 U.S. 31, 35-36 (1970)

17. The United States Supreme Court in *Kennedy v. Bremerton School Dist.*, No. 21-418, at \*15 (June 27, 2022) held, “Where the Free Exercise Clause protects religious exercises, whether communicative or not, the Free Speech Clause provides overlapping protection for expressive religious activities.”

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84 L. Ed. 1213 (1940); *Remmers v. Brewer*, 361 F. Supp. 537, 540 (S.D.Iowa 1973) (court must give "religion" wide latitude to ensure that state approval never becomes prerequisite to practice of faith); *Presbyterian Church in U. S. v. Mary Elizabeth Blue Hull Memorial Presbyterian Church*, 393 U. S. 440, 450, (1969) (holding that “the First Amendment forbids civil courts from” interpreting “particular church doctrines” and determining “the importance of those doctrines to the religion.”); *Ben-Levi v. Brown*, 136 S. Ct. 930, 934; *See, Holt v. Hobbs*, 574 U.S. 352; *In re Eternal Word Television Network, Inc.*, 818 F.3d 1122, 1140 (11th Cir. 2016) (“The Supreme Court cautioned that “federal courts have no business addressing” such questions of religion and moral philosophy.” (Internal citation omitted)); *Thomas v. Review Board*, 450 U.S. 707, 714 (1981), “religious beliefs need not be acceptable, logical, consistent, or comprehensible to others in order to merit First Amendment protection.”).

<sup>2</sup> *Citing, Jones v. Board of Education*, 397 U.S. 31, 34 (1970); *E.g., Cafeteria Workers v. McElroy*, 367 U.S. 886, 894; *Sherbert v. Verner*, 374 U.S. 398, 404; *Speiser v. Randall*, 357 U.S. 513, 519-520; *Garrity v. New Jersey*, 385 U.S. 493, 499-500; *Kwong Hai Chew v. Colding*, 344 U.S. 590, 597-598; *Frost Trucking Co. v. Railroad Comm’n*, 271 U.S. 583, 593-594; *see Van Alstyne, The Demise of the Right-Privilege Distinction in Constitutional Law*, 81 Harv. L. Rev. 1439, 1445-1454 (1968); *Comment, Another Look at Unconstitutional Conditions*, 117 U. Pa. L. Rev. 144 (1968).



18. In that case, the Court granted a professional coach the right to exercise private religious belief and speech, indicating the state's punishment violated the Coach's first Amendment right applicable to the state pursuant to the 14th Amendment, despite his association as a government employee or agent.

19. That right must be extended to me to prevent the state, federal government and additional governments' including Appellee's punishment of me, but for the exercise of my exercise of my religious belief, as outlined in my speech in my petitions, no matter how repugnant or illogical my religious beliefs appear to the state and Federal government.

20. The Words are needed to argue, under the unique facts of this case in defense of my ability to buy and sell as a professional lawyer but for my exercise of my fundamental rights.

Wherefore, I pray this Court grants my motion.

December 19, 2023

Respectfully submitted,  
/s/Meghan Kelly  
Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
DE Bar Number 4968  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
[meghankellyesq@yahoo.com](mailto:meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)  
(302) 278-2975 (1, 637Words) pro se

Under Religious objection I declare, affirm that the foregoing statement is true and correct

Dated: 12/19/2023

Meghan Kelly  
(printed)

Meghan Kelly  
(signed)

No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Application No. 23A100

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner

v.

Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, Disciplinary Counsel Kathleen M. Vavala; David A. White, Chief Disciplinary Counsel, Office of Disciplinary Counsel, Board on Professional Responsibility of the Supreme Court of the State of Delaware, Preliminary Investigatory Committee, Attorney General Delaware

**Petitioner Plaintiff Meghan Kelly's Petition for Leave to exceed the page limit in her  
Petition for writ of certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit  
Case No 21-3198**

Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
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Dagsboro, DE 19939  
Pro Se, not represented by  
counsel  
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US Supreme Court No 283696

## QUESTION PRESENTED

Whether I, Petitioner Meghan Kelly averred good cause requiring this Court to grant my request for leave to exceed the page limit given:

1. the voluminous amount of claims I must assert and not waive to prevent the vitiation of my fundamental rights, and other asserted claims, not merely my licenses to practice law, most importantly my private 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment exercise of religious belief in Jesus Christ, my private 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to petition the government regarding government incited substantial burdens upon my religious exercise of belief in Jesus as God not money as God; and my private 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to speech contained in my petitions applicable to the Defendants pursuant to the 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment;
2. the irreparable injury to me in terms of loss of Constitutional rights and other claims should pages be denied;
3. Justice Alito denied my second application for time I require to tighten up and more effectively and concisely draft my petitions;
4. the Third Circuit Court's mandate indicates my claims were not included on the record when I asserted them on the record and must include my verbatim claims and attach the records to prevent irreparable injury to me in terms of vitiation of my private Constitutional rights and other claims based in part on an error of fact by the Appellate court to show the facts were presented and preserved for appeal and included in my appeal in the appellate court.
5. Some of my claims will be vitiated by statute of limitations including but not limited to violations of my 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to petition without government retaliation but for the exercise of my right to petition the courts to alleviate a government incited substantial



burden upon attorneys facing economic hardship during a global pandemic for exemptions on bar dues filed January and February 2020. Other claims approach the statute of limitations,

6. I must assert my claims now since poverty and my religious beliefs against debt create an obstacle so great as to deny me access to the courts should I be compelled in bad faith to start all over again as I continue to fight other reciprocal cases or threats of reciprocal cases, and
7. the Constitutional issues and claims below must be addressed to protect not only me, but others beyond me from professional government backed persecution based on eliminating people's license to buy or sell based on exercise of fundamental rights, specifically in my case my religious belief in Jesus.

## **LIST OF PARTIES**

All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.

## **CASES DIRECTLY RELATING TO THIS CASE**

Kelly v Swartz, et al, Delaware District Court No. 21-1490, and Third Circuit Court of Appeals Matter No 21-3198. US Supreme Court filings Kelly v Swartz et al 22A747, Kelly v Swartz et al. 22-6783, Kelly v Swartz et al. 23A100.

Kelly v Trump Chancery Court No. 2020-0809, Delaware Supreme Court No. 119-2021, US Supreme Court No. 22-5522

Kelly v Democrats Delaware Chancery Court No 2020-0157.

The Original disciplinary case in Delaware Supreme Court matter No. 22-58 and IMO Meghan Kelly Number 541 regarding to appointment of counsel where I was denied copies or access to the filed pleadings. US Supreme Court application 22A476 Kelly v DE Office of Disciplinary Counsel.

Reciprocal disciplinary case Eastern District of PA matter No 22-45, Third Circuit Court of Appeals No. 22-3372.

Reciprocal Disciplinary case I believe is stayed Delaware District Court No. 22-341.

Reciprocal Case in the Third Circuit Court of Appeals 22-8037. Reciprocal disciplinary case before the US Supreme Court Kelly v Third Circuit Court of Appeals No. 22-6584 and application No. 22A478.

PA Supreme Court No 2913 DD3, US Supreme Court filing Kelly v Pennsylvania Office of Disciplinary Counsel US Supreme Court Numbers 22A981, 22-7695

DC and the US Supreme Court have refrained from discipline, DC based on jurisdiction.

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## STATEMENT OF CASE

I, Petitioner Plaintiff Meghan Kelly, Esq. pro se pursuant to the 5th Amendment right to a fair proceeding, the 1st Amendment right to petition, the Court's equitable powers and Supreme Court Rules 22 and 32, and any other applicable rule this Court deems just, move this Court to permit me to exceed the page limit under Rule 34 (2) (b) in my petition for writ of certiorari of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit Case No 21-3198 decisions. I file the Petition for writ of certiorari, and Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Motion for Leave to file in Forma Pauperis simultaneously herewith and incorporate them herein, and state:

1. I Meghan Kelly, for good cause, respectfully request to be excused from the page limit. Rule 34 (2)(b) limits the page of briefs not provided in booklet format to 40 pages.

2. I am appealing a decision dismissing a voluminous amount of claims. Some of the claims will expire by the statute of limitations should this appeal be denied, leaving me no remedy, including but not limited to violations of my exercise of my right to petition on behalf of all attorneys facing economic hardship for an exemption of bar dues (A-4, A-5), my right to petition for an exemption from notarizing pleadings while Defendant Trump had covid without government retaliation but for my exercise of the right to petition, (DI 2, DI58), for relief from violations of my right to petition to defend my exercise of religious belief from the substantial burden former President Donald J. Trump caused by his establishment of government religion under the First Amendment and Religious Freedom Restoration Act lawsuit ("RFRA"), right to petition the Chancery Court and Delaware Supreme Court concerning the Court's own violations of constitutional law, and other claims including but not limited to claims under 42 USC §§§ 1983, 1985, 1988, violations of procedural due process, Equal Protections claims, First Amendment violations of private right to petition, religious belief, exercise of belief, speech and



association, loss of employment opportunities, or other economic harm, harm to my reputation, and emotional distress manifesting in high blood pressure and other claims arising during *Kelly v Trump*.

3. My assertion that Defendants and coconspirators violated my right to petition in my January 2020, and February 2020 letters for relief from bar dues for all attorneys facing economic hardship during the global pandemic by retaliation but for the petition, some claims arising during *Kelly v Trump*, and other rights would be vitiated by statute of limitations if this case is dismissed. Other claims will expire soon after by the statute of limitations should this appeal be dismissed, including additional claims that arose after I filed this lawsuits which I preserved in the record on the trial and appellate court.

4. I have to assert claims arising during *Kelly v Trump*, and arising after this civil rights proceeding was filed which now approach the statute of limitations. Otherwise I will be without any forum to assert my rights. Given the government compelled me into poverty by placing my license to practice law on inactive disabled but for my private exercise of the 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to exercise religious beliefs averred in my private exercise of my 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to speech contained in my private 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment exercise of the right to petition applicable to the Defendants pursuant to the 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment, I could not afford to start over by swiftly filing a new law suit for remaining claims as I fight other outstanding reciprocal law suits or threats of law suits.

5. Further going into debt is against my religious beliefs. Any needless additional costs in terms of starting over creates a substantial burden and obstacle to my access to the Courts in contravention to my Equal Protection to the 1st Amendment right to access to the Courts to defend my exercise of fundamental rights applicable to the Federal Courts via the

Equal Protection component of the 5th Amendment, for me, a member of class of one due to religious beliefs against incurring debt combined and due to utter poverty. *See, Abdul-Akbar v. McKelvie*, 239 F.3d 307, 317 (3d Cir. 2001) *See, Lewis v. Casey*, 518 U.S. 343, 370 (1996); (“[A]t all stages of the proceedings the Due Process and Equal Protection Clauses protect [indigent persons] from invidious discriminations.”); *Tennessee v. Lane*, 541 U.S. 509, 533 n.20 (2004); (“Because this case implicates the [Constitutionally protected rights of exercise of religion, speech, petition, belief and association and the] right of access to the courts,” the government’s disparate treatment towards me, based on poverty, is still unconstitutional under a strict scrutiny basis test.)

6. While, poverty is not a suspect class, my right to meaningful access to the courts, despite the inherent burden of poverty, and my religious beliefs and strongly held religious exercise relating to my religious belief against indebtedness is protected. In addition, fundamental rights are implicated. Delaware Disciplinary Counsel and Delaware agents violated my fundamental rights of religious beliefs, religious-political speech, religious-political petitions, religious-political-association, religious-political exercise, procedural and substantive due process opportunity to be heard, to prepare and present evidence, to subpoena witnesses, and to cross examine my accuser. US Amend I, VI, XIV

7. Delaware Disciplinary Counsel and reciprocating courts persecute me and seek to defame my character by taking away my property interest in my active license to practice law but for my exercise of Constitutionally protected conduct, in violation of my freedom to petition concerning my religious-political speech, religious-political exercise, religious-political belief, religious-political association, and association as a party, attorney, Democrat, Catholic and Christian when I believe there has been a grievance committed against me.

8. Justice Stevens, with whom Justice Brennan, Justice Marshall, and Justice Blackmun joined, in dissenting of US Supreme Court in *Murray v. Giarratano*, 492 U.S. 1, 18 (1989) recognized,

“When an indigent is forced to run this gantlet of a preliminary showing of merit, the right to appeal does not comport with fair procedure. . . . [T]he discrimination is not between ‘possibly good and obviously bad cases,’ but between cases where the rich man can require the court to listen to argument of counsel before deciding on the merits, but a poor man cannot. . . . The indigent, where the record is unclear or the errors are hidden, has only the right to a meaningless ritual, while the rich man has a meaningful appeal.” Douglas, 372 U.S., at 357-358

9. For good cause I request additional pages to prevent irreparable injury in terms of the loss of my Constitutional rights. This United States Supreme Court has held ‘[t]he loss of First Amendment freedoms, for even minimal periods of time, unquestionably constitutes irreparable injury.’ in *Dr. A v. Hochul*, 142 S. Ct. 552, 555 (2021); Citing, *Elrod v. Burns* , 427 U.S. 347, 373, 96 S.Ct. 2673, 49 L.Ed.2d 547 (1976)

10. I require pages pursuant to the 1<sup>st</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights to fairly defend, assert, and preserve my private fundamental rights including but not limited to the denial of the 5<sup>th</sup> or 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to a fair proceeding, notice, opportunity to be heard, an accurate docket, access to the state record in matter No. 541 where I am the accused, and other claims, including but not limited to retaliation, collusion by members of the Delaware Supreme Court, Chancery Court, and other court staff to punish me and to cause me to forgo my 1st Amendment right to petition to cover up court misconduct and mistakes, not limited to court staff obstructing service in *Kelly v Trump* by writing on an October 5, 2020 praecipe, instructing me to cross off local counsel’s address to prevent service on another praecipe, and Court staff misleading me to miss my filing deadline.

11. I also seek to assert my 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to a fair proceeding without partial retaliation by the Appellate Court below in terms of threatening punishment for my petitions to remove items the Appellate Court's staff misfiled onto the matter below, and for the Clerk's inclusion of information the Court knew was untrue in threatening sanctions in response to my motions correct the Appellate Court's mistake. Namely I used US Mail per the postal envelop contained in the last few pages of App. DD attached to the petition. I did not use the emergency email to correct documents the Appellate Court misfiled in the civil rights case. The Clerk's order incorrectly and falsely alleges I used the emergency email to remove the docket items the court misfiled on this case that belong in another case.

12. I seek to show I preserved on the record for appeal in my motions for reargument and motion to amend the complaint the 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to cross examine witnesses, 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to self-represent as an accused, 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment rights to religious belief, my exercise of religious belief, association, speech, and right to petition in *Kelly v Trump*, this civil rights proceeding, the Disciplinary proceeding, regarding bar dues, other petitions to safeguard my private right to religious exercise of belief, claim for denial to access to the courts or obstruction to the courts, witness tampering, Defendants collusion to conspire with the Delaware Supreme Court members to attack me by sending the Courts arms DE-Lapp and Defendants to threaten me, to interfere with and to cause me to forgo my right to petition in *Kelly v Trump* by sending Court of Common Pleas Judge Kenneth S. Clark to attack me in a store, sending Defendants and DE-Lapp to threaten me with letters to punish me for petitioning regarding bar dues and for *Kelly v Trump*, and other claims including but not limited to equitable relief, nominal damages and damages for emotional distress, defamation, Constitutional claims applicable to Defendants pursuant to the 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment. Defendants violated Del. Law. R. of



Disciplinary Proc. Rule 9 (d) (3) by denying me notice, the right to perform discovery, subpoena, and call witnesses. I require additional pages to assert claims for equitable relief, nominal damages, and damages under US Amend I, XIV, 42 USC §§§ 1983, 1985, 1988, emotional distress, economic harm, defamation and other claims I included in my lengthy Complaint filed October 25, 2021 which are too voluminous to include without additional papers. I also preserved Constitutional arguments against the Disciplinary rules and proceedings which I reserved for appeal. (DI 58 for example).

13. Other claims must in the interest of justice be allowed to be included as I apprised the courts below concerning them after the latest notice of appeal was filed, and asserted my right to amend the complaint once as a matter of right. For Example, Defendants did not provide me documents they intended to cite in the Disciplinary proceeding which they were required to present to me 10 days prior to any hearing Del. Law. R. of Disciplinary Proc. Rule 12 (h). In fact I had to request the documents after the hearing on January 31, 2022, which prejudiced me by not affording me opportunity to prepare and to review the documents Defendants cited.

14. The unfair partial disciplinary proceeding brought in conspiracy by the Delaware Supreme Court, Chancery Court agents, ODC and Board, (collectively, and individually “State”) to conceal Court agents’ unconstitutional interference with the “due process” adjudication of *Kelly v Trump*, and thereby in interference with my personal-religious-political-speech; personal-religious-beliefs; personal-religious-political-exercise; and personal-religious-political-petitions has punished me and violated by constitutional protections by selective disparate treatment against me, for the exercise of fundamental rights, as a party of one, as an indigent individual with religious-political beliefs in God as savior and the state as civil authority curbed by the first amendment from establishing religion.

15. The hearings and actions taken against my professional license in retaliation for my exercise of Constitutional rights are in violation of the First Amendment, the Procedural and Substantive Due Process Clause and Equal Protection Clauses of the Fourteenth Amendment. They must be rejected as by “rule of law” rather than personal vendetta for my personal-religious-political speech contained in the petitions. (US Amend I, XIV)

16. The State denied me asserted substantive and procedural due process rights in this disciplinary proceeding. The record shows clear and convincing evidence that the proceedings were brought, with religious-political animus, in retaliation against me for filing *Kelly v Trump* and for petitioning the court regarding bar dues to safeguard my liberties.

17. The state abused its discretion by 1. Vindictive prosecution, which constitutes a violation of due process, and by Selective prosecution, which constitutes a denial of equal protection.

18. I have a right to petition the courts when I believe a transgression has been committed against me by the establishment of government religion by President Trump.

19. I uphold my oath by requesting government agents, judges, presidents and members of congress adhere to rule of law by allowing me to exercise my Constitutional rights. The steps taken to orchestrate this proceeding circumvent due process protections and, thereby, manifest selective; targeted; unjust persecution.

20. The amount of pages are necessary since the Third Circuit Court of Appeals and Delaware District Court did not read my filings, and asserted inaccurate false or misleading information. The District Court misrepresented the fact my pleadings in *Kelly v Trump* containing my religious beliefs and assertions of procedural due process violations in the **Delaware Supreme Court filings** were the admitted source of bringing a disability proceeding

against me by citing the August 23, 2023 letter attached to the petition, and only referring to the Chancery Court in its Orders, not the Delaware Supreme Court.

21. Moreover, the District Court ignored my assertion that the Delaware Supreme Court and its members incited the attacks against me to cause me to forgo *Kelly v Trump* to conceal its own misconduct in my initial complaint, motions to amend the complaint, motions for reargument and other pleadings. Both the trial court and appellate court ignored the proof I submitted on the record that the Delaware Supreme Court colluded in inciting its arms and agents to attack me during *Kelly v Trump* to cause me to forgo my petition, incited the subsequently brought Disciplinary proceeding, secretly concealed evidence in my favor by sealing my petitions in *Kelly v Trump*, attached to the petition at A-4 and A-5, without providing me notice or an opportunity to be heard to prevent the US Supreme Court and other courts from seeing the procedural due process violations so great as to eliminate subject matter jurisdiction in *Kelly v Trump*.

22. The Delaware Supreme Court then colluded in terminating the employment of two key witnesses, staff in the Chancery Court, to prevent their testimony in my cases through Delaware Supreme Court staff attorney Robinson. (Petition, DI 58). Then, during the disciplinary proceeding the Board and the Court ignored all of my motions until two days before the hearing I received an email the hearing was on, denying me notice within the scope of the state rules, a fair opportunity to be heard, to prepare, to call witness and defend myself. The Delaware Supreme Court denied me access to my records in the case against me, Number 541, ignored my asserted right to religious beliefs and the right to self-represent, notice, fair

opportunity to prepare, and perform discovery, despite never providing me formal notice within the purview of the 20 day requirement of the rules designed to protect me the accused <sup>1</sup>

23. On December 30, 2023 **fewer than two weeks before the tentative hearing** Judge Vaughn signed an order permitting me to self-represent causing me to get the shingle and fall ill, with insufficient time to call witnesses. I at no time sat on my rights. I called the Administrator of the Board from the law library, as I did not own a phone at the time, to check on the status of my motions which were ignored and never responded to. She did not accept my calls.

24. Then, the Board in bad faith rescheduled the proceeding with fewer days than State Disciplinary Rule 9 requires to call witnesses 8 days for a reason I did not request, the shingles, in the sham proceeding against me. I immediately appealed the new date as insufficient and prejudicial, essentially denying me the right to notice, a fair opportunity to prepare, call witnesses and effectively defend my 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment rights to religious belief in Jesus Christ not money as God, petition, speech, petition, exercise of belief, association, and other rights including but not limited to Equal protections, procedural due process, 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to self-represent, 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to cross examine witnesses, Constitutional challenges to the proceeding and certain rules, many of which compel 5th Amendment violations of the right to self-incrimination by allowing examinations which violate my religious beliefs. At the time of the hearing and prior to the hearing, I was unaware the Delaware Supreme Court sealed

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<sup>1</sup>Del. Law. R. of Disciplinary Proc. Rule 9 (d)(3) Provides:

“The Administrative Assistant shall serve a notice of hearing upon the ODC and the respondent, identifying the members of the Board assigned to the matter, and the date and place of the hearing. The notice shall be given at least 20 days in advance of the date of the hearing. The notice of hearing shall state that the respondent is entitled to be represented by a lawyer at the respondent’s expense, to cross-examine witnesses, and to present evidence.”



documents in my favor and concealed two witnesses, but I fought for an opportunity to perform discovery to uncover collusion and misconduct such as this. I was actually prejudiced by the deprivation of a fair opportunity to prepare or uncover this additional bad faith misconduct by the members and agents of the Delaware Supreme Court.

25. The Delaware Supreme Court denied hearing my appeal of the new Order extending the hearing 8 days colluding in denying me the opportunity to call and to cross examine witness to collude to cover up the fact it fired or otherwise terminated Arline Simmins to conceal her testimony in my favor. The postponement was for 8 days, fewer than the 10 days prior notice subpoenaed witnesses are required to receive according to the state rules.<sup>2</sup>

26. I also have good cause to include the verbatim assertions I made to preserve the record below because the Third Circuit panel falsely claimed in a footnote, “Kelly presents challenges to the Delaware Supreme Court's order adjusting her status, claiming she was denied notice, discovery, an impartial judge, an ability to present evidence and witnesses, and the like. These issues are beyond the scope of the current appeal.” In its 4/20/23 Order.

27. These issues are within the scope of the appeal as I mentioned the threat of infringement to my bar license in my Motions for a preliminary injunction, a temporary restraining order and in my complaint filed October 25, 2021. I preserved the other issues by asserted them in my motions for reargument in the DE District Court and must show this US

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<sup>2</sup> Del. Law. R. of Disciplinary Proc. Rule 12 (h) provides:  
“Exchange of information. The ODC and the respondent shall exchange names of witnesses and copies of documents to be used by each side in its case in chief 10 business days prior to any hearing, and may supplement those lists thereafter with the approval of the opposing party or the chair of the Hearing Panel. Recorded statements, if any, of all witnesses so designated shall be exchanged at the same time. The exchange may take place by first-class mail to the respondent’s last known address. The Hearing Panel may exclude any evidence offered by a party who fails to comply with this Rule.”

Supreme Court by attaching them and placing them on the record to defend the most important thing in my life which is not my license to practice law. It is my faith in God, the father, the son, Jesus and the holy spirit. My religious belief is not for sale to be exchanged for a license to buy and sell as an attorney or to be eliminated for the convenience of any human or even for material gain of others under the deception of the public good. Other people's 1st Amendment right to religious beliefs and constitutional liberties will soon be sacrificed and no longer protected under the lie of sustaining the world when the 2030 and 2050 agendas sustain debt control, to sustain positions, profit, and power of the few who eliminate freedom by controlled order reflecting the image of the beast should this US Supreme Court not save us with the just rule of law to protect Constitutional liberties. 1 *John* 5:19. I am quite upset that the Third Circuit's mandate indicates this is not a subject for the appeal when I appealed these very issues and preserved them on the record below.

28. I trust no court, and must place the evidence I averred in my petition to safeguard my religious beliefs in Jesus and other claims should the court commit what I believe is lawlessness in the eyes of God by valuing its own vanity, productivity, avoidance of costs, profit and convenience more than upholding the Constitutional rule of law by justice as a matter of truth with mercy, not by barter or exchange. I believe this is the sin that damns people to hell on the last day should they not repent human sacrifice of freedom, life and health under the lie of the public good, common good or the welfare of the people when it is for mammon, material gain, not for justice. *Matthew* 6:24.

29. The Circuit Court also appeared to ignore all of my Motions for reargument and the evidence I presented in the initial complaint wherein I showed the members and agents of the Delaware Supreme Court incited the attacks against me during *Kelly v Trump*, colluded with the

Defendants, and other evidence showing the Delaware Supreme Court instigated and participated in inciting the disciplinary proceeding, and denied me Constitutional rights afforded to other attorneys and parties in the Disciplinary proceeding.

30. So, I must attach the pleadings and draft them into my petition. So this Court may not simply ignore and deny me the 1<sup>st</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights to petition, for a full and fair opportunity to be heard to prevent the vitiation of my fundamental 1<sup>st</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment fundamental rights and other claims.

31. My duty is to uphold the Constitutional rule of law, not to the appearance of the members who sit in the three branches when they violate the Constitution and the law. I hold religious beliefs differently than most. Nevertheless, the government is charged with safeguarding even my private religious beliefs. Instead, the state prevents me from buying and selling but for asserting my right to believe in Jesus Christ not money and material gain as guide, savior and God of my life and eternal life.

32. I have good cause for additional pages. I have insufficient time to draft this petition, given my limited resources. Justice Alito denied my second application for additional time prejudicing my ability to assert my claims in this matter under application No. 23A100. I do not have sufficient time to tighten, shorten and draft my brief. I draft my pleadings imperfectly in haste in order to assert and not waive my rights and claims.

33. This case arises because of the Defendants and members of the Delaware Supreme Courts (hereinafter “the State”) attacks against me in *Kelly v Trump* to cause me to forgo my case but for their disdain for my religious-political beliefs contained in my petitions and poverty in violation of my private-1<sup>st</sup> Amendment rights to petition, religious belief, exercise

of religious belief, association and procedural due process applicable to the state via the 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment.

34. The Delaware Supreme Court sealed 4 documents wherein I asserted procedural due process violations, and fired 2 Chancery Court staff members to cover up evidence necessary to my defense in the disciplinary proceeding that was allegedly initiated on December 10, 2023, despite the fact no notice was sent to me that date. December 13, 2023, Counsel was appointed, I immediately refused and fired. Notice was sent to no one on December 10, 2023, since alleged counsel was not even appointed despite my horror in violations of my religious belief until 3 days later to my utter surprise and horror.

35. After I filed the case the State committed additional deprivations to my Constitutional rights including but not limited to placing my license on inactive/disability but for my religious beliefs contained in my speech in the petition I brought against former-President Donald J. Trump under the Religious Freedom Restoration Act to protect my exercise of belief in Jesus Christ without government sponsored persecution in the state of Delaware.

36. The Delaware original disciplinary case represents an example of government persecution based on my exercise of religious beliefs, contained in my speech in my petitions to the Delaware Courts.

37. In the August 23, 2021 letter DE Disciplinary Counsel indicated my religious beliefs contained in my speech contained in my private-religious petitions is the source of their concern of my mental fitness to practice law. In the DE ODC's petition at 7, the Disciplinary Counsel points to my references to the bible, as evidence of a disability. See Exhibits A-D attached to the petition.



38. I seek to overturn the Disciplinary Order based on lack of subject matter jurisdiction since the DE Supreme Court acted as witness, judge and prosecutor's assistant, and for violations of procedural due process that shock the conscience, concealing evidence, preventing me from subpoenaing witnesses to testify in my favor and many more unconstitutional acts that are too voluminous to outline herein. I face irreparable injury in terms of loss of fundamental rights should an application of time not be granted. I require pages to show the court I face irreparable injury should time not be granted since the State's persecution against me, but for my exercise of the 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment rights to petition and religious belief has been ongoing for about 20 years.

39. This Court has inherent equitable powers over their process to prevent abuse, oppression, and injustice. *Gumbel v. Pitkin*, 124 U.S. 131 (1888). This Court must grant my request for additional pages to prevent injustice by denial of words which essentially denies me the opportunity to be heard in defense of my religious speech reflecting my religious beliefs. This Court must grant my request for additional pages additional words to prevent government abuse against my person, oppression, and injustice.

40. The Appellate Court below previously deprived me of access to this United States Supreme Court in appealing the original Delaware Disability order by denying me a stay due to poverty, lack of time and means to petition all cases simultaneously. (App. DD attached to petition) Similarly Judge Alito's denial of additional time deprives me of needed time to tighten my petitions.

41. The Constitutional issues and claims below must be addressed to protect not only me, but others beyond me from professional government backed persecution based on

eliminating people's license to buy or sell based on exercise of fundamental rights, specifically in my case my religious belief in Jesus.

42. A professional's private exercise of First Amendment exercise of speech, association, religious belief, religious exercise, and the right to petition to defend the exercise of Constitutional freedom in their private capacity must not be eliminated in exchange for a mere license. US Amend I, XIV.

43. I must not be compelled to violate my religious belief by compelled religious violations of my belief in order to regain my license as State Court's opinion requires. Nor should I be punished for my exercise of the right to access to the courts to exercise my private First Amendment right to petition the courts to defend my religious beliefs because the original disciplinary Court finds my citations to the Bible and religious beliefs contained in my speech in my private petitions illogical. <sup>3</sup>

44. "To be sure, a state may not condition the grant of a privilege, [a license,] or benefit upon the surrender of a constitutional right." *Citing, Western Southern Life Insurance Co. v. State Board of Equalization*, 451 U.S. 648, 657-58, 664-65 (1981)

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<sup>3</sup> See, *Burwell v. Hobby Lobby Stores, Inc.*, 573 U.S. 682, 682. ("Courts have no business addressing whether sincerely held religious beliefs asserted in a RFRA case are reasonable.") *Also see, Africa v. Pennsylvania*, 662 F.2d 1025, 1025 (3d Cir.), cert. denied, 456 U.S. 908 (1982); ("Judges are not oracles of theological verity, and the founders did not intend for them to be declarants of religious orthodoxy."); *Employment Div., Dept. of Human Resources of Ore. v. Smith*, 494 U. S. 872, 887, ("Repeatedly and in many different contexts, we have warned that courts must not presume to determine the place of a particular belief in a religion or the plausibility of a religious claim."); *Cantwell v. State of Connecticut*, 310 U.S. 296, 60 S. Ct. 900, 84 L. Ed. 1213 (1940); *Remmers v. Brewer*, 361 F. Supp. 537, 540 (S.D.Iowa 1973) (court must give "religion" wide latitude to ensure that state approval never becomes prerequisite to practice of faith); *Presbyterian Church in U. S. v. Mary Elizabeth Blue Hull Memorial Presbyterian Church*, 393 U. S. 440, 450, (1969) (holding that "the First Amendment forbids civil courts from" interpreting "particular church doctrines" and determining "the importance of those doctrines to the religion."); *Ben-Levi v. Brown*, 136 S. Ct. 930, 934; See, *Holt v. Hobbs*, 574 U.S. 352; *In re Eternal Word Television Network, Inc.*, 818 F.3d 1122, 1140 (11th Cir. 2016) ("The Supreme Court cautioned that "federal courts have no business addressing" such questions of religion and moral philosophy."; *Thomas v. Review Board*, 450 U.S. 707, 714 (1981), "religious beliefs need not be acceptable, logical, consistent, or comprehensible to others in order to merit First Amendment protection.").

45. “The doctrine that a government, state or federal, may not grant a benefit or privilege on conditions requiring the recipient to relinquish his constitutional rights is now well established.”<sup>4</sup>

46. “Neither the state in general, nor the state university in particular, is free to prohibit any kind of expression because it does not like what is being said.” *Jones v. Board of Education*, 397 U.S. 31, 35-36 (1970).

47. The United States Supreme Court in *Kennedy v. Bremerton School Dist.*, No. 21-418, at \*15 (June 27, 2022) held, “Where the Free Exercise Clause protects religious exercises, whether communicative or not, the Free Speech Clause provides overlapping protection for expressive religious activities.”

48. In that case, the Court granted a professional coach the right to exercise private religious belief and speech, indicating the state’s punishment violated the Coach’s first Amendment right applicable to the state pursuant to the 14th Amendment, despite his association as a government employee or agent. I must argue this case must be extended to me to prevent the state, federal government and additional governments’ including Appellee’s punishment of me, but for the exercise of my exercise of my religious belief, as outlined in my speech in my petitions, no matter how repugnant or illogical my religious beliefs appear to the state and Federal government.

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<sup>4</sup> Citing, *Jones v. Board of Education*, 397 U.S. 31, 34 (1970); *E.g.*, *Cafeteria Workers v. McElroy*, 367 U.S. 886, 894; *Sherbert v. Verner*, 374 U.S. 398, 404; *Speiser v. Randall*, 357 U.S. 513, 519-520; *Garrity v. New Jersey*, 385 U.S. 493, 499-500; *Kwong Hai Chew v. Colding*, 344 U.S. 590, 597-598; *Frost Trucking Co. v. Railroad Comm’n*, 271 U.S. 583, 593-594; see *Van Alstyne, The Demise of the Right-Privilege Distinction in Constitutional Law*, 81 Harv. L. Rev. 1439, 1445-1454 (1968); Comment, *Another Look at Unconstitutional Conditions*, 117 U. Pa. L. Rev. 144 (1968). As stated in *Homer v. Richmond*, 292 F.2d 719, 722: (“One may not have a constitutional right to go to Baghdad, but the Government may not prohibit one from going there unless by means consonant with due process of law.”)

49. The Words are needed to argue, under the unique facts of this case in defense of my ability to buy and sell as a professional lawyer but for my exercise of my fundamental rights.

50. I also assert my right to assert Constitutional arguments against Attorney disciplinary proceedings, certain disciplinary rules, federal judicial disciplinary proceedings and regulation of the United States Supreme Court by a Code of conduct or otherwise from a very rule attack against the United States supreme Court to preserve or otherwise assert the right to an impartial judiciary by limiting the scope of judicial correction or discipline within the purview of the United States Supreme Court by 1. Cases or controversies under Art III, and 2. by impeachment.

51. In order for the US Supreme Court to limit the correction of its justices and federal judges within the purview of the Constitutional limits, this court must allow attorneys to petition to correct courts and judges for mistakes and misconduct without threat of retaliation for upholding the rule of law.

52. This Court does not have a compelling reason to deny my request somehow more important than my fundamental rights. Whereas I face the loss of Constitutional liberties.

Wherefore, I pray this Court grants my motion.

Dated October 7, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Meghan Kelly

Meghan Kelly, Pro se

Not acting as an Attorney

34012 Shawnee Drive

Dagsboro, DE 19939

meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

(302) 493-6693

Bar No. 283696, pro se, defending my religious belief in Jesus as God, not money and mammon as God. *Matt 6:24*

Application No. 23A596  
Related Application No. 23A144

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner

v.

United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE  
of

**Petitioner Meghan Kelly's petition to cure defects to prevent deprivation of my asserted 1st, 5th, 6th Amendments rights/Request to cure US Supreme Court erroring mailing me back documents under consideration of this court/Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania Application No. 23A596**

I, Appellant Plaintiff Meghan M. Kelly, Esquire, hereby certify that on 1/23/2024, I had a true and correct copy of the above referenced document sent to all Defendants through their attorneys, served via US Mail, and to

Elizabeth B. Prelogar  
Solicitor General  
U.S. Department of Justice  
950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW  
Washington, DC 20530-0001

Dated Jan. 23, 2024

Respectfully submitted,  
/s/Meghan Kelly *Meghan Kelly*  
Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
(302) 493-6693

meghankellyesq@yahoo.com  
US Supreme Court Bar No. 283696  
Not acting as an attorney on behalf of  
another, Defending my First Amendment  
Right to religious belief in Jesus as God, not  
money as God. Matthew 6:24



Under Religious objection I declare, affirm that the foregoing statement is true and correct

Dated: January 23, 2024

(printed) Meghan Kelly

(signed) Meghan Kelly

Pr  
1/13



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Elizabeth B. Prelogar  
Solicitor General

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No. 23A596 Emergency/Petition to cure defects to prevent deprivation of my asserted 1st, 5th, 6th Amendments rights/Request to cure US Supreme Court erroring mailing me back documents under consideration of this court/Meghan Kelly, Applicant v. United States District Court Eastern District of Pennsylvania Application No. 23A596

---

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: rmeek@supremecourt.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov; supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; dbaker@supremecourt.gov; margaret.naylor@delaware.gov

Date: Tuesday, January 23, 2024 at 09:35 AM EST

---

Hi Robert Meek,

I left a message with Danny Bickle yesterday and told him I was going to file the above referenced document I attach hereto and incorporate herein that were mailed out before 9:00 AM this January 23, 2024.

Per the attached emails you will see I emailed Donald Baker the filings in full for the December 26, 2023 submitted matter.

I will forward those documents to you so you are able to grant relief requested to prevent vitiation of my rights.

Thank you. Have a good day.

Very truly,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr.  
Dagsboro, DE 19939



0 part 1 Letter Chief Justice John Roberts staff sent back documents in error.pdf  
84.2kB



0 Part 2 Signature and Declaration Jan 23 2024.pdf  
132.8kB



1 Exhibit Motion waive speedy trial lawyer bad behavior protecting problems to protect position & pay instead of alleviating.pdf  
2.5MB



2 exhibit Dec 26 Certificate of service original.pdf  
1.4MB



3 Exhibit email Donald Baker all of the documents via email.pdf  
1.2MB



4 multiple exhibits from Kelly v Swartz 21-1490.pdf  
7.2MB



5 Exhibit Petition leave to exceed the page limit for good cause in the Eastern District Court of PA Appeal.pdf  
171.2kB



6 Exhibit Civil rights case Motion for leave to exceed page limit.pdf  
289.1kB





7 Certificate of Service Tracking sent before 9 AM this morning.pdf

619.4kB

No. \_\_\_\_\_

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner

v.

Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, Disciplinary Counsel Kathleen M. Vavala; David A. White, Chief Disciplinary Counsel, Office of Disciplinary Counsel, Board on Professional Responsibility of the Supreme Court of the State of Delaware, Preliminary Investigatory Committee, Attorney General Delaware

**Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Emergency Application to the Honorable Justice Samuel A. Alito, Junior to stay or pause the time to appeal the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit 21-3198 to discern whether Richard Abbott may represent me as counsel in the civil rights case**

Petitioner Meghan Kelly pursuant to Rules 22 and 23, 28 U.S.C. § 2101 (f), and/or this Court's equitable power or any other provision of law that may apply Rule respectfully requests the time for this case be paused by a stay to determine whether Richard Abbott may represent her in this civil rights matter.

On January 9, 2024 I asked opposing counsel her stance on a stay pending Richard Abbott's bar status in the Delaware District Court and before this United States Supreme Court. She did not oppose or respond. Richard Abbott appears to be disciplined for exercising his right to petition on behalf of himself and his clients. I too am punished for exercising and not waiving my Constitutional rights. I am petitioning foremost to safeguard my right to 1. Petition 2. to safeguard my right to religious belief, 3. exercise of belief, 4. speech outlining my beliefs in petitions, 5. association, 6. procedural due process, including but not limited to a fair meaningful opportunity to be heard, 7. equal protections without insidious disparate treatment based on viewpoint in speech and favoritism towards the government, as a party of one, 8. 6<sup>th</sup> and 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment Right to self-represent in quasi criminal matters based on my religious belief in Jesus, along with other claims. These are 8 Constitutionally protected important rights.

The Delaware Supreme Court unfairly disciplined Richard Abbott apparently for representing a party who previously retained 3 or 4 other attorneys before the Chancery Court relating to neighborhood issues. The Honorable Vice Chancellor Glascock appeared to be annoyed about hearing neighborhood squabbles that remained unresolved. Per newspapers Vice Chancellor Glascock even visited the property and invested years to the unpleasant case. I think

the courts took out their frustration upon Attorney Abbott when the case was not immediately disposed of. The Court appeared to admonish him for not disposing of the case quickly. As a result Abbott appeared to immediately comply with the courts requests by refraining from petitioning further. See the attached appeal by Abbott I incorporate herein.

In DE there is prejudiced based on place of origin and firm size. I drafted a petition concerning this problem I submitted to a DE Supreme Court Justice I attach here and incorporate herein. Abbott recognized big firms and government attorneys who aggressively defend clients in a similar fashion as he was alleged to do are not admonished as he appeared to be.

So, Richard rightly exercised his right to petition to prevent disparate treatment against him. I live in Delaware. Delaware Judicial prejudice and favoritism based on place of origin, wealth, firm origin and firm size status as Richard's alleged small firm size unfortunately exists by the government through its judicial agents in DE. My first case ever, I filled in for another attorney before retired Judge Smalls of the Court of common pleas. The opposing counsel had an attorney filling in too. Yet, Judge Smalls called me a Philadelphia attorney as if that is a bad word, even though I am from DE to admonish me for filling in. The other counsel received no criticism. It was wrong. Judge Slights told me to go back to Pennsylvania after a CLE when I answered a question correctly and appeared to steal his thunder during the CLE. He said that meanly after class and made my former colleague Stephanie Noble have big deer eyes and scurry off.

Richard Abbott and I both were denied the asserted right to perform discovery, call witnesses and cross examine our accusers because the Court fired them in my case and hid that fact, and I had no idea Abbott had 17 or so subpoenas quashed. *In Greene v. McElroy*, 360 U.S. 474, 475 (1959) the US Supreme Court held, "this Court will not hold that a person may be deprived of the right to follow his chosen profession **without full hearings where accusers may be confronted and cross-examined.**" Del. Law. R. of Disciplinary Proc. Rule 9 (d) (3) provides Abbott and I the right to call witnesses and cross examine them. We also have a 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to cross examine witnesses and a 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to petition to do so and a 14<sup>th</sup>

Amendment state right to a fair proceeding. Nevertheless, there is a split in the circuits and states. See, *In re Discipline of Harding*, 104 P.3d 1220, 1225 (Utah 2004), (“Direct and cross-examination of the witnesses is not required in the quasi-administrative setting”); But see, *Cerame v. Bowler*, Civ. 3:21-cv-1502 (AWT), at \*4 (D. Conn. Aug. 29, 2022) (This court grants right to confrontation under the 6th Amendment. “Both the disciplinary counsel and the respondent “shall be entitled to examine or cross-examine witnesses.”) I think it imperative for the US Supreme Court to resolve the split(s) so professionals including lawyers and judges are not deprived of Constitutional freedoms.

Since Abbott faced similar deprivations he is more suitable to asserting my claims because he understands my positions. In a lengthy opinion the State averred Abbott’s speech in asserting and not waiving his Constitutional rights of procedural due process and Equal Protections was a reason for the discipline. I can’t see what he averred in the state disciplinary case. They are sealed and are secret. Nevertheless, the state seemed to impose discipline but for his exercise of petitioning to defend himself. What was more outrageous is the state’s improper partiality to itself the government including the courts in contravention of the 1<sup>st</sup>, and 14<sup>th</sup> amendment Equal Protections component in the exercise of Abbott’s right to petition the courts applicable to the state via the 14<sup>th</sup>. The State Court lamented Abbott did not apologize for asserting his Constitutionally protected 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment right to assert Constitutionally protected defenses. Abbott and other attorneys as myself should not be compelled to exchange Constitutional liberties we professed to uphold in exchange for a license to buy and sell. Abbott’s speech is protected.

The US Supreme Court appeared to protect speech of another attorney whose discipline this Court reversed for publicly decrying the unfairness of a proceeding against her client. Whereas Abbott defended himself in secret or before forums whose duty is to protect the Constitutional right to petition without condemning and chilling people’s exercise of this most important right under which every other right is protected. The US Supreme Court *In re Sawyer*, 360 U.S. 622 (1959) reversed discipline and held,

"While actively participating as one of the defense counsel in a protracted and highly publicized trial in a Federal District Court in Hawaii of several defendants for conspiracy under the Smith Act, petitioner appeared with one of the defendants at a public meeting and made a speech which led to charges that she had impugned the impartiality and fairness of the presiding judge in conducting the trial and had thus reflected upon his integrity in dispensing justice in the case. These charges were preferred by the Bar Association of Hawaii before the Territorial Supreme Court; that Court referred the charges to the Ethics Committee of the Bar Association, which held a hearing, and found the charges sustained. The Territorial Supreme Court, upon review of the record, also sustained the charges, and ordered that petitioner be suspended from the practice of law for one year. The Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit affirmed. Held: The record does not support the charge and the findings growing out of petitioner's speech, and the judgment is reversed. Pp. 623-640, 646-647."

The Court further held:

"HN[3] Speculation cannot take over where the proof fail. HN[4]Lawyers are free to criticize the state of the law. HN[5]A lawyer's criticism of the rules of evidence does not constitute an improper attack on the judge who enforces such rules and presides at the trial. HN[6]Permissible criticism of the law may be made by a lawyer as well as to a lay audience as to a professional. HN[7]Without impugning the judiciary, a lawyer may criticize the law- enforcement agencies of the government and the prosecution, even to the extent of suggesting wrongdoing on their part. HN[8]The public attribution of honest error to the judiciary is no cause for professional discipline, even though some of the audience may infer improper collusion with the prosecution from a charge of error prejudicing the defense. HN[9]"An attorney is not guilty of professional misconduct by saying that the law is unfair or that judges are in error as a general matter, even if he is counsel of record in a case pending at that time." Id.

Should the Courts reverse Abbott's discipline I would like him to represent me in this matter should it go forward, and he would agree in light of my religious beliefs. I assert my 1<sup>st</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights to self-represent in quasi criminal cases where I am indicted based on my religious beliefs in Jesus and related Constitutionally protected rights. However, this is a civil rights case I brought, and is not a case brought against my person. Jesus said let the holy spirit be my advocate when brought to the court as distinguished from me bringing the case to defend my belief in Jesus.

Abbott is appealing his case before the US Supreme Court and the DE District Court. I have been awaiting a decision by the DE District Court, but I don't think they will act until after this US Supreme Court acts. Per the attached Order, dated January 8, 2024 this court rejected my petition for pages. Per the attached letter this Court requires an appeal be filed by or before March 12, 2024. While there is no guarantee Abbott will accept my case especially since I have



religious objections to debt, I do not have the resources to fairly petition against the Defendants effectively even if I should win on appeal. The Order against me prevents me from working at my former law firm and has left me destitute. I have religious objections to debt slavery. I assert my 1st and 13th amendment rights against involuntary servitude.

While, poverty is not a suspect class my right to meaningful access to the courts despite the inherent burden of poverty, my religious beliefs and strongly held religious exercise relating to my religious belief against indebtedness and other religious beliefs are protected. I believe that you cannot serve God and Money, and object to debt by being compelled to serve Satan by making money savior to eliminate slavery to masters other than God. The government need not adopt my religion as government religion but must protect my religious beliefs under the First Amendment. "Because this case implicates the right of access to the courts," the government's disparate treatment towards me, based on poverty, is still unconstitutional under a strict scrutiny basis test. *Citing, Tennessee v. Lane*, 541 U.S. 509, 533 n.20 (2004). Further, I face substantial threat of loss of the 8 Constitutional rights should this Court not grant a stay pending the DE District Court and this Court's decision in Abbott's case.

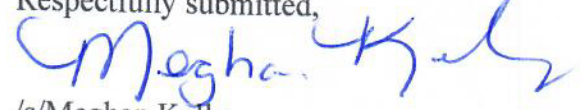
There is a fair prospect that a majority of the Court will conclude upon review that the decision below on the merits was erroneous, under the facts of this case. This case relates to affording me an opportunity to buy and sell but for my religious beliefs that will affect other professionals.

This Court has inherent equitable powers over their process to prevent abuse, oppression, and injustice. *Gumbel v. Pitkin*, 124 U.S. 131 (1888); *Covell v. Heyman*, 111 U.S. 176 (1884); *Buck v. Colbath*, 70 U.S. 334 (1865); *Krippendorf v. Hyde*, 110 U.S. 276, 283 (1884). I aver injustice must be prevented by granting me relief. Wherefore I pray this Court grants this application.

Dated

2/7/2024

Respectfully submitted,



/s/Meghan Kelly

Meghan Kelly, Esquire

34012 Shawnee Drive

Dagsboro, DE 19939

(302) 493-6693

meghankellyesq@yahoo.com

US Supreme Court Bar No. 283696

Pro se

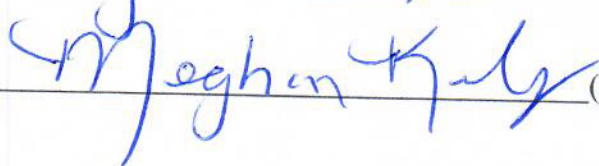
Under Religious objection I declare, affirm that the foregoing statement is true and correct

Dated:

2/7/2024

Meghan Kelly

(printed)



(signed)

## 21-1490 Kelly v Swartz plus 22-3372 Kelly v Eastern District of PA

---

From: Meg Kelly (meghankellyesq@yahoo.com)

To: supremectbriefs@usdoj.gov

Cc: meghankellyesq@yahoo.com; david.weiss@usdoj.gov; zi-xiang.shen@delaware.gov

Date: Tuesday, January 9, 2024 at 04:17 PM EST

---

Good afternoon,

I researched online and at the law library other cases to support my case. I saw Richard's case seemed similar to mine. But I had no idea that he too was denied the asserted right to perform discovery and cross examine witnesses apparently with 17 or so subpoenas quashed per the attached filing available on PACER to the public or through the resource the upper law librarian Galen Wilson has that I told him to buy.

Galen will help out of staters too if you need help by contacting him at [galen.wilson@delaware.gov](mailto:galen.wilson@delaware.gov).

I do not feel so well, and am quite dehydrated and need time to sustain my life and health as I have asserted in all cases, due to the bad healthcare performed on me as a child in high school.

I was thinking about asking for a stay contingent on the outcome of Abbott's appeal. He cannot represent me now in the civil rights case, nor has he agreed to, nor has he disclosed any documents or the information contained in the attached to me. I pulled his filings and thought I would want someone who does the right thing like he did to represent me more than anyone else in the world.

It is the mere opportunity not the guarantee in the choice of counsel I seek to protect. He certainly is not my slave and may say no due to my religious beliefs against debt and inability to pay him which is sound.

Thus, I thought I would ask your stance on an interim stay pending the appeal to the USSC for his disbarment as punishment for exercising his 1st Amendment rights to petition for retaliation for exercising discretion in his attorney duties where the court appeared to punish him for the behavior of his client as annoying, retaining 3, 4 or so other attorneys for the same issue, but not apparently breaking the law. I extracted this information from reading the papers where the court noted irritation. Sometimes judges may make bad decisions. Disbarring Richard Abbott is one of them.

Thank you for your kind consideration.

Very truly,  
Meg  
Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Dr  
Dagsboro, DE 19939



4 Richard abbott.pdf  
5.4MB

3

## MEGHAN MARIE KELLY, ESQUIRE

---

34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
(302) 537-1089

The Honorable Henry DuPont Ridgely  
Supreme Court of Delaware  
502 South State Street  
Dover, DE 19901

### RE: INFORMAL COMMENTS ON CLE

October 1, 2012

Dear Justice Ridgely:

Thank you for participating in the CLE. I enjoyed it immensely. However, I had some concerns.

I was concerned by the appearance of some of the speakers' partiality towards Delaware attorneys. Every attorney that comes before a Delaware Court should be treated the same regardless of where they are from. The Court should not take a Delaware attorneys word over an out of state attorneys word solely on the illogical basis that the Delaware attorney is from Delaware.

I was also concerned about the comment that a judge let an out of state attorney practice pro hac vice because they were from a "respectable firm." I think all attorneys should be held by the same standard regardless of the size or reputation of the firm. They should be looked at as individual attorneys who will potentially have influence within the courts in this state.

On the other hand, I was very impressed by your graceful demeanor. You did not show partiality, nor did you support the above referenced remarks. Instead you sat back silently like a wisdom filled father observing all behavior. Thank you for being a good model for judges and attorneys.

Unfortunately, I have seen partiality towards Delaware attorneys in my practice. In fact during my first appearance in this state a judge accused me of being a "Philadelphia lawyer," as if this was a bad word.

I also worked with Delaware lawyers who grew up in other states, and I was surprised that some lawyers treated me differently because I grew up here. They would treat me with respect, lend me forms offer to meet me for lunch etc...Conversely, I recall how some Delaware attorneys mistreated my former non-native colleague by condescendingly describing "how things are done in Delaware" and "the Delaware way." I recall with disappointment that some Delaware lawyers even used bad language to discuss the Delaware way. I think such language and partiality makes Delaware attorneys look bad. Although it's nice to be given preferential treatment because of where I grew up it does not make it right.

On a personal note, one of the reasons why I became a lawyer was my faith, Christianity. Under my faith, Jesus Christ was executed for no lawful purpose. Instead he died as a result of the passion of the people instead of logic and reason under the law. That is wrong. The judicial system should remain impartial, and individuals should not face such irrational persecution. Nonetheless, this is not the case in our world. That is why I went to law school. And that is why I think it's important to bring my concerns relating to partiality before this Honorable Court to you.

You are the law and all attorneys including myself will strive to adhere to this Honorable Courts wishes. Further, you are the law for all of the lower courts as well. Accordingly, all judges will also strive to adhere to your wishes. Will you please consider discussing the importance of being impartial to your peers?

Thank you for being a good role model and for making a positive impact on Delaware attorneys and Delaware Courts, and thank you for considering my comments.

Have a good week.

Very truly,

/s/Meg Kelly  
Meghan M. Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
(302) 537-1089  
DE #4968



4

Supreme Court of the United States  
Office of the Clerk  
Washington, DC 20543-0001

January 8, 2024

Scott S. Harris  
Clerk of the Court  
(202) 479-3011

Ms. Meghan Marie Kelly  
Attorney at Law  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

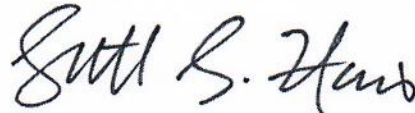
Re: Meghan Kelly  
v. Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, et al.  
No. 23A361

Dear Ms. Kelly:

The Court today entered the following order in the above-entitled case:

The application to file a petition for a writ of certiorari in excess of page limits addressed to Justice Gorsuch and referred to the Court is denied.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Scott S. Harris", written in a cursive style.

Scott S. Harris, Clerk

5

**SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001**

January 12, 2024

Meghan Kelly  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939

RE: Kelly v. Swartz, et al.  
(23A361)  
No: 23A100

Dear Ms. Kelly:

The above-entitled petition for writ of certiorari was received October 18, 2023. The papers are returned for the following reason(s):

The petition exceeds the limit of 40 pages allowed. Rule 33.2(b).

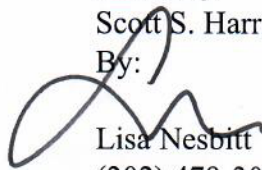
Please correct and resubmit as soon as possible. Unless the petition is submitted to this Office in corrected form within 60 days of the date of this letter, the petition will not be filed. Rule 14.5.

A copy of the corrected petition must be served on opposing counsel.

When making the required corrections to a petition, no change to the substance of the petition may be made.

Sincerely,  
Scott S. Harris, Clerk

By:



Lisa Nesbitt  
(202) 479-3038

Enclosures

No 23A361  
Related Application No. 23A100  
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
Meghan M. Kelly, Petitioner

v.


Disciplinary Counsel Patricia B. Swartz, Disciplinary Counsel Kathleen M. Vavala;  
David A. White, Chief Disciplinary Counsel, Office of Disciplinary Counsel, Board on  
Professional Responsibility of the Supreme Court of the State of Delaware, Preliminary  
Investigatory Committee, Attorney General Delaware

**Certificate of Service of  
Petitioner Meghan Kelly's Emergency Application to the Honorable Justice Samuel  
A. Alito, Junior to stay or pause the time to appeal  
the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit 21-3198 to discern whether  
Richard Abbott may represent me as counsel in the civil rights case**

I, Appellant Plaintiff Meghan M. Kelly, Esquire, hereby certify that  
on 2/7/2024, I had a true and correct copy of the above referenced document  
sent to all Defendants through their attorney,

Zi-Xiang Shen  
Delaware Department of Justice  
Carvel State Building 820 N. French St. 6<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Wilmington, DE 19801

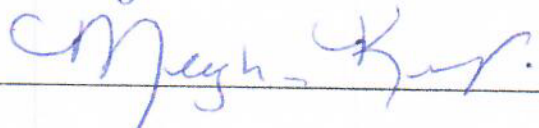
Dated 2/7/2024

Respectfully submitted,  
/s/Meghan Kelly   
Meghan Kelly, Esquire  
34012 Shawnee Drive  
Dagsboro, DE 19939  
(302) 493-6693  
meghankellyesq@yahoo.com  
US Supreme Court Bar No. 283696

Under Religious objection I declare, affirm that the foregoing statement is true and correct

Dated:

2/7/2024  
Meghan Kelly (printed)

 (signed)





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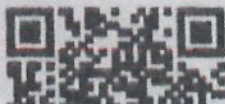
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