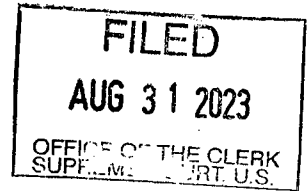


No. 23-5525 ORIGINAL



IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

\*\*\*\*\*

CLARENCE JACKSON – Petitioner

VS

JUDGE MARK GOODWIN et. al. – Defendants

\*\*\*\*\*

On Petition For A Writ Of Certiorari

To The United States Court Of Appeals

For The Seventh Circuit

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PETITIONER FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

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## **CORPORATE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

Petitioner -Plaintiff, Clarence Jackson , Juris Doctor (JD) is a natural person as such and not affiliated with any corporation thus making a statement accordingly is not required .

Clarence Jackson

## QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

- 1 . Does the State Court Judge , Mark Goodwin and the other defendants First Financial Bank and Davis and Delanois Law Firm have the right to invade plaintiff-Appellant's Clarence Jackson's ,privacy rights by taking over his 14th amendment Constitutional Rights to own and control property bequeath him from his brother's " Will " , Palko v Connecticut , 302 U.S. 319 , 325 (1937 ) ?
- 2 . Can a defendant State Court Judge , Mark Goodson who is operating under the color of law pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1983 engage in conduct evaluated as conspiracy and fraud by the other two defendants to invade the 14th amendment right of the plaintiff , Clarence Jackson to be an executor and an heir as designated in his brother's , Hile Jackson's , will and ultimately allowing the other defendants to completely take over plaintiff's inherited property as a result which is denying plaintiff's access to his own property a violation of the Bill of Rights (State Law ) as well , Palko v Connecticut , 302 U.S. 319 , 325 (1937 ) ; Boiling vs Sharpe 347 U.S. 497 (1954 )

#### **LIST OF PARTIES**

Judge Mark Goodwin  
7 N Vermillion Street  
Danville , Illinois 61832

First Financial Bank  
1 Towne Center  
Danville , Illinois 61832

Davis and Delanois Law Firm  
28 W. North St.  
Suite 200  
Danville , Illinois 61832

District Court Judge  
Colin S. Bruce  
US District Court  
201 S. Vine St.  
# 218  
Urbana , Illinois 61802

#### **RELATED CASES**

(No Related Cases )

## **List of Proceedings in Court**

I

- (a) Court : United States District Court  
Urbana , Illinois Location
- (b) Caption : Clarence Jackson (Plaintiff ) vs  
Judge Mark Goodwill et. al ( defendants )
- (c) Docket No. 23-cv-2007
- (d) Entry of Judgment (dismissal )- Amended Complaint  
On February 21 , 2023

II

- (a) Court : United States Court of Appeals  
For The Seventh Circuit
- (b) Caption : Clarence Jackson (Appellant  
vs Judge Mark Goodwin et. al. (Appellees )
- (c) Docket No. 23-1485
- (d) Date of Dismissal : May 25 , 2023 , For “ Motion For  
Reconsideration ” – June 15 , 2025

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IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully Prays that a Writ of Certiorari issue to review the Judgment below .

The opinion of the united States court of Appeals appears at App. A (2) and App. B (2) and is unpublished .

The opinion of the United States District Court appears at App. (1) to the Petition and is unpolished (short version ) .

## **JURISDICTION**

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided this case was June 28 , 2023 .

A timely petition for “ Motion For Reconsideration ” ( Rehearing ) was denied June 15 , 2023 and a copy of the order denying “ Motion For Reconsideration ” appears at Appendix (App.) B (5) after the motion .

## CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

Under the "Due process Clause" of the 14th Amendment plaintiff-Appellant, Clarence Jackson, had a right to access the State of Illinois Probate Law and Rules as they were the result of the "Bill of Rights" entitlement for the use of filings petitions and participating in civil court matters, *Boling vs Sharpe* 347 U.S. 497 (1954), the denial of plaintiff's Probate "Letters of Office" as to enforcement was a distinct and malicious violation of plaintiff's Constitutional Right to access this process under the 14th Amendment.

When State Court Judge, Mark Goodwin, allowed the other defendants, First Financial Bank and Davis and Delanois Law Firm to invade plaintiff's Probate case by taking over plaintiff's property that plaintiff's received as an heir from his brothers, Hile Jackson's, "Will" is a violation of 42 U.S.C. 1983 cause the judge was at all times acting under the color of law and is an intentional act called an invasion of privacy under law and alone is clearly eligible for tort punitive damages, *Palko vs Connecticut*, 302 U.S. 319, 325 (1937).

The above acts by the defendants plus the intentional act by the defendant First Financial Bank and Davis and Delanois Law Firm not to inform the State Court Judge Goodwin that plaintiff had his brother's "Will" before the court had made any rulings after the passing of plaintiff's brother, Hile Jackson. This Will name plaintiff executor over Hile's estate and the sole heir to all of Hile's property. The act of the defendant's including the State court judge together taking over this which is now plaintiff's property is a conspiracy and the act not to inform the court of the knowledge of the Will once learning of the Will is an intent to defraud the court but after the State court Judge Mark Goodwin learning of the Will, his actions after this point is a conspiracy to violate all of plaintiff's 14th Amendment and Rights under 42 U.S.C 1983 as it relate to this case.

See Appendix B (3), (5) and all of B(7) and B(8) for support of the above.

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Petitioner who is and has been the recipient of food stamps Benefit since becoming eligible for the " Bar Exam " (Law License Test ) some 20 years or so ago was denied a waiver of court filing fees both in the District and Appeals Court and since this point and this point alone became the reason Petitioner's case was dismissed, which make this action on the denial of the filing fee waiver Jurisdictional because the case was dismissed because of Petitioner's " Motion For In Forma Pauperis Application " was denied .This fact in this case along with the fact that the State Court Judge (Mark Goodwin ) is one of the defendants in this case and was acting in his official capacity as a Judge at all times when he acted in this case along with defendants , First Financial Bank and the Davis & Delanois Law Firm together denies Petitioner , Clarence Jackson , his 14th Amendment Constitutional Rights by not responding to any of Petitioner's charges of conspiracy in how Petitioner being named as Executor in his brother's , Hile Jackson , Will and the only heir to his estate,while totally denying Petitioner possession and control of what is now by law the sole property of Petitioner and the defendant Judge allowing the bank and the law firm to continue being participants in this the Petitioner's Probate Law Suit and case (a clear invasion of privacy – an intentional Tort ) still even when the court attempted to correct this fraud and conspiracy by awarding "letters of Office " to Petitioner but the defendants all together speeded up their invasion into Petitioner's property by dismissing Petitioner's entire Probate Law Suit and allowing the defendants Bank and Law Firm to control and own Petitioner, Clarence Jackson , property .This is a pattern of taking wealth producing opportunities away from Petitioner and is shown in

some of the other Writs Petitioner has filed with the U.S. Supreme Court including the one dealing with the Judgment Petitioner obtained against being denied his law license which further demonstrate these very similar types of acts depriving Petitioner of his 14th Amendment Right to access property and wealth and being forced into situation of poverty which makes the Writ as the only way to recover the losses and is the reason why the Writ should issue .

## **REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION**

The United States Supreme Court is the only venue left to restore plaintiff's Rights under the 14th amendment covering his inherited property pursuant to the failed action by the state court Judge Mark Goodwin to honor plaintiff's Rights not only under the 14th amendment but 42 U.S.C 1983 and the Bill of Rights as well . These Rights being violated also easily qualify as invasion of privacy of plaintiff's inherited property . Allowing these defendants conduct as described by these violations to go unchecked will set a Post – Emancipation Proclamation precedent that will be known as approved modern day slavery meaning a Black U.S. citizen can be stripped of his/her property at any time by any Caucasian appearing as Judge and under color of law to commit robbery , theft , conspiracy or possibly worse to to defeat the Black citizen's Constitutional Right to own and control his inherited property .

## CONCLUSION

The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted .

Respectfully submitted ,

Clarence Jackson

Date : September 2, 2023