No. 22A1065

Supreme Court, U.S. MAY 3 0 2023 OFFICE OF THE CLERK

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SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Avery SmarTT (Your Name)

VS.

U.S. of America - RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO

THE U.S. COUT OF APPEALS FOR THE SEVENTH CIPCUIT MOTION For BAI RECOGNIZANCE

Avery Smartt

(Your Name)

Federal Correctional Institution/P.O. BOX 6001. (Address)

ASHLAND, KY. 41105 (City, State, Zip Code) 606-982-6414 - F.C.I. AshLand 660-233-6661 - Message PHone (Phone Number)

(S.CT. R. 22) TO JUSTICE KAGAN & ALL OTHER JUSTICES OF THE COURT

PETITIONER IS APPLYING FOR BAIL, AS PETITIONER REQUESTS TO BE RE
Leased on Petitioner'S own Recognizance Pending Disposition of Petitioner'S

Petition For Writ of Certiorari.

-FACTS ON WHICH RELIEF IS BASED -

THE Government, Below Courts, Prosecution, Has Totally unFairly & Ar-BiTrarily Deprived Petitioner of Life, Liberty & Property. Petitioner: Has NO Criminal History-is NOT & NEVER BEEN A FLIGHT risk- is & Has Always Been THE TYPE OF PERSON THAT IS WILLING TO DO THE rIGHT THING & THINKS BEFOre Acting-is NOT & NEVER BEEN A Harm NOR THREAT TO CHIEF WITNESS/S. S. NOR THE COMMUNITY NOR NOTION - DID NOT PLEAD GUILTY - DID NOT AGREE TO NOR SIGN ANY STIPULATIONS FOR THAL - DID NOT ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY AT SEN-TENCING - Was NOT ORDERED TO Pay RESTITUTION. PETITIONER Was WronGFULLY Arrested Detagned & Prosecuted. ALL originally From one (1) Single uniperi-9F9able Nude 9mage THAT was Forged with "S.S. /chief witness 9nitials & fresented to the D.A. BY F.B.I. Special AGENT Tyrone Forte'-Claiming THAT CHIEF WITNESS/S.S. HAD IDENTIFIED & INTIFALED THE UNIDENTIFIABLE IMAGE BUT IN FACT, CHIEF WITNESS DID NOT OFFGINALLY IDENTIFY NOR INFIGURED THE unidentifiable image. Prosecution Has Tampered, Fabricated, reArranged, Recovered From Delete Status, & Has Completely ADDED information/TexT Me-SSAGES THAT NEVER EVEN EXISTED WITHIN PETITIONER'S ONE (1) & ONLY MO-BILE DEVICE (STUDIO BLU MODEL), & used THIS TainTED EVIDENCE TO FACILI-Tate A wrong-Ful Prosecution upon Petitioner. Prosecution Presents NO

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SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO THEIR CLASM NOR TO HAVE LAWFULLY & CONSTITUTIONALLY Convicted Petitioner. Prosecution Coerces THE one (1) & only Relevant CH-9EF WITNESS/SS. TO LIE UNDER DATH AT Trial JUST TO SUSTAIN A Conviction, For WHICH Prosecutions Sustaining is Currently insufficient. It is Clear AS V9-EWED From THE RECORD THAT GUPLT WAS NOT Found, Proven, NOR RENDERED BEYOND A reasonable Doubt. Its Clear As viewed From THE Record THOT Petitioner's 6th Amendment U.S. Constitutional Right To An impartial Jury Treal Has Been veolated. Its Also Evenent From THE Record THAT PETETSioners Trial was BY A BPas Judge. ITS ALSO CLEAR THAT THE BELOW C.A. Judgment JOPINSON 95 erroneous/ConTrary To THE Record 90 ReGards TO THE JUNISDICTIONAL Mens Rea/Commerce Essential Requires Element, AS well AS THE C.A#7 OPTIMON IS HIGHLY DUPLICITOUS, MISLEADING, & NOT SPEAKING ON FACTS IN MANY OTHER Areas within the opinion in Regards To THE PROOF. THE C.A.#7 OPgnion is Defective, Declared unconstitutional, & SHOULD BE Considered VOID, AS ALSO PETITIONERS SENTENCE.

-ARGUMENT -

And regardless of its ultimate reasonableness, A Sentence That Lacks reliability Because of unjust Procedures May well undermine Public Perception of the Proceedings. A Substantive reasonableness is an Entirely Seperate inquiry from whether an Error warrants Correction under Plain-error review (See ROSALES-MIRELES V. U.S., 585 U.S., 138 (S.CT. 2018)). Petitioner Received A 25 Year Sentence That is well beyond what is Reasonable According to Facts, LAW, & The Record, & is Also

Unconstitutional. Petitioners Subfoena-Request Motion-to order office with ess to Afrear For Sentencing was Denied by Chief Judge Rosenstengel.

AUSA Ms. Reflect Presented Fabricated Evidence At Sentencing to wrong Fully Enhance Petitioners Sentence. Petitioner Obtected to the Entire PSR. Petitioner was refresented by A Total of Six (6) ineffective Attorneys that were All a Conflict of Interest. Petitioners Sentence is in total violation of the Confrontation Clause as Judge Rosenstengel Relied on Fabricated tainted Evidence & Extensive Hearsay. Petitioners Sentence is Substantively unreasonable due to unjust Procedures & in violation of Substantive & Procedural Due Process of Petitioners & Chief witness Rights of the 5th 6th & 14th Amendments of the U.S. Constitution.

Reviewing THE Expeditions Finding of Facts in Appendix-A, & Appendix

-F-v7 (Qor The Record) of Petitioner's Petition For A writ of Certiforari, The

Finding of Facts would reveal that Petitioner's 6th Amendment U.S. Constit
Utional right to An impartial trial/Jury trial has been violated, Essential

Required Elements of the Alleged Crimes has not been proven beyond A

Reasonable reasonable Doubt, & A Miscarriage of Justice Currently Exists

PreJudicing & Deliving Petitioner of his Liberty.

THE COURT (U.S. Sufreme Court) refeated LY Has reversed Judgment For Plain Error on Basis of inadvertent or unintentional Errors of the Court or the e Parties Below (See ROSALES-MIRELES V. U.S., 585 U.S., 138 (S.CT. 2018) Criting within-SILBER V. U.S., 370 U.S. 717 (S.CT. 1962). According to U.S. V. OLANO, 507 U.S. 725 (S.CT. 1993), & on Page 9 & 40 of Petitioner's Petition

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For Writ of Certiforari, Petitioner Presents Plain Error. According to the Reasons For Grantish The Petition Startish on Page 38 (& Not to be Limited to) of Petitioner CS Petition For writ of Certiforari, Petitioner Declares the Reasons Are Findings of FACT, & or Supported by the Record & Evidence That Petitioner Have Provided. If the Below Courts & Prosecutions Erroneous unlawful unconstitutional Practices Are Not Corrected or Atleast Curbed, the nation within the Tith Circuit Are Going to unwarrantably Continue to be Greatly Predudiced, DePrived of Liberty, & Just Suffer, All From the Cause of unrestrained Complicitous Prosecutional Misconduct.

THE BELOW COURTS JUDGMENT IS Erroneous & unconstitutional, & Any Presented Stay by the below Courts to Stay fits order Pending Disposition of Petitioner's Petition For writ of Certiforari Should be Deemed Denied (See GRAVES V. BARNES, 405 U.S., 1201 (S. CT. 1972).

THIS COURT Leaving THIS Case in THE BELOW COURTS Hands (WHEN IN FACT, THE BELOW Parties NEVER RIGHTFULLY/DUE Process NOR LAWFULLY Satisfied the Prerequisites For Subject-Matter Jurisdiction to begin with), & with the Great High Degree of Biosness & Malfeasance Coming & Committed By the Below Courts/Parties, its Going to Lead to irreparable Harm to Petitioner, to where AS ALL Parties Below has Decetifully orchestrated it to where irreparable Harm has Already Started to Set in upon petitioner, petitioner is Rapidly deteriorating from—As Dr. Szyhowski has Diagnosed Petitioner with—MAJOR MENTAL DEPRESSION DISORDER on the 5th EDITION LEVEL ETC. Gee: Appendix-B.@61, Page 50F 13 @#1, Till Page 70F 13 @#2;—Also See Petitioners

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Petition For writ of Certiorari Page 14, Last Paragraph & Going onto Page
15 TILL Lane Just Before [2]). Petitioner WOULD ALSO LIKE TO Make A Correction
on Page 15 (of Petitioners "Petition For Writ of Certionari) AT Top, First Sent-
ence, Last word Men-", its Meant to Be Mental Disorder".
AT A minimum, A Bail Applicant must Demonstrate A reasonable Pro-
Bability THAT Four Justices OF THE United States Sufreme Court Are Likely
TO VOTE TO Grant Certiforari in Order to be Granted Bail Pending Disposition
OF THE APPLICANTS PETITION For WIST OF CETTIONARY (See JULIAN V. U.S., 463
U.S. 1308 (S.CT. 1983)).
Petitioners Petition For Writ of Certiorary, & WHat Petitioner Limite-
DLY Explaines Herein THIS APPLICATION/MOTION For Bash, Demonstrates A reason-
able Probability THAT Four Justices OF THIS Court - & According TO ROGERS
V. ALABAMA, 192 U.S. 226 (S. CT. 1904) Exercise OF Juris Diction By Sufreme
Court to Protect Constitutional Rights Cannot Be Declined when it is PL-
On THAT Fair Result of Decision is to Deny Rights - Are Likely to Comma-
nd THE VOTE OF Four Justices to Grant certiforari.
-CONCLUSION-
WHEREFORE, Petitioner PRAYS, THAT Honorable Justice
KAGAN, & ALL OTHER JUSTICES OF THE U.S. SUPREME COURT Can
PLease, Grant Petitioner Avery Smartt Relief, & Release Petitioner
Smartt on His (Petitioner) own Recognizance under Any Type of Con-

DiTions This Honorable Court Deem Appropriate, During THE Pendency

OF Petitioner's Petition For Writ of Certiforari.
THANK YOU & GOD BLESS THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED -> Including Last Second NOTE
Avery SmarTT/ Overy Smarth
DATE: MAY 28Th, 2023
Last Second NOTE: See Appendix-F-v3, @ 11, Page 6@*3, To
Page 7@*4, & ALSO on THE Same Page 7@*1, To Page 8@*2.
ALSO See From THE RECORD (C.A.#7 DOC.34 FILED 01/06/22) AS ALSO
Listed on Page 10& 11 in THIS Same Appendix-F-V3@11, CHaracter
LETTERS. WITH ALSO ALL EXHIBITS IN APPENDIX-F-VT. AS CHIEF WITNESS/S.
S. STATES in Her NOTATIZED STATEMENT/Complaint (See Affendix-F-V7,@ 1) & 2),
THAT THIS WHOLE Case IS A LIE, THAT S.S. Was COERCED TO LIE ATTIGAL TO SAY
THAT AN UNIDENTIFICABLE NUDE IMAGE WAS OF HER/S.S., BUT IN FACT, THE
gmage is NOT OF S.S. AS S.S. ALSO STATES in Her ComplainT THAT THE UNID-
entiffable image was/is NOT OF Her/s.s. S.S. ALSO STATES in THE COMPL-
agnit that shels.s. DOES NOT want Petitioner in Josl For Something
THAT PETITIONER DID NOT DO.
WHOTS ALL STATED & TO BE REFERENCED TO 91 THIS LAST SECOND
NOTE-& NOT TO BE LIMITED TO - IS TO SUPPORT PETITIONER'S MOTION FOR BAIL.
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IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
A C ==
Avery SmarTT — PETITIONER (Your Name)
VS.
U.S. of America — RESPONDENT(S)
PROOF OF SERVICE
, do swear or declare that on this date, MAY 30 Th , 2023, as required by Supreme Court Rule 29 I have served the enclosed MOTION FOR LEAVE TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS and MOTION FOR BAIL on each party to the above proceeding or that party's counsel, and on every other person required to be served, by depositing an envelope containing the above documents in the United States mail properly addressed to each of them and with first-class postage prepaid, or by delivery to a third-party commercial carrier for delivery within 3 calendar days.
The names and addresses of those served are as follows:
Sufreme Court of the U.S., 1 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20543
Solicitor General of THE U.S., Room 5616, DOJ, 950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W., Wastfinfton, D.C. 2050
Laura Reppert, Office of the U.S. Allornex, 9 Executive Dr., Fairview Heights, IL. 62208
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
Executed on
Overy Smartt (Signature)

No. __

United States Court of Appeals

For the Seventh Circuit Chicago, Illinois 60604

January 21, 2022

By the Court:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	A_{I}] Appeal from the United
Plaintiff-Appell	lee,] States District Court for
] the Southern District of
No. 21-1637	v.	-] Illinois.
]
AVERY SMARTT,]] No. 3:18-cr-30138-NJR-1
Defendant-Appell	ant.]	"
		.]] Nancy J. Rosenstengel,
]] Chief Judge.

Pursuant to this court's order of December 16, 2021, IT IS ORDERED that Amir Mohabbat, CHICAGOLAND & SUBURBAN LAW FIRM, P.C., 248 S. Marion Street, Oak Park, IL 60302, amir@chicagolandlawfirm.com, is appointed to represent defendant-appellant Avery Smartt pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal Justice Act. Counsel is directed to contact the defendant-appellant immediately.

Briefing shall proceed as follows:

- Defendant-appellant shall file his brief and required short appendix on or before April 21, 2022.
- Plaintiff-appellee shall file its brief on or before May 23, 2022.
- 3. Defendant-appellant shall file his reply brief, if any, on or before June 13, 2022.

IT IS FINALLY ORDERED that the District Court add attorney Amir Mohabbat to their CM/ECF database for purposes of accessing District Court documents.

Important Scheduling Notice!

Hearing notices are mailed shortly before the date of oral argument. Please note that counsel's unavailability for oral argument must be submitted by letter, filed electronically with the Clerk's Office, no later than the filing of the appellant's brief in a criminal case and the filing of an appellee's brief in a civil case. See Cir. R. 34(b)(3). The court's calendar is located at http://www.ca7.uscourts.gov/cal/argcalendar.pdf. Once scheduled, oral argument is rescheduled only in extraordinary circumstances. See Cir. R. 34(b)(4), (e).