### \*\*THIS IS A CAPITAL CASE-EXECUTION SET FOR JUNE 6, 2023\*\*

No. 22-7398 (connected case)

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

MICHAEL TISIUS, Petitioner,

v.

DAVID VANDERGRIFF, Warden, Potosi Correctional Center, Respondent.

On Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the U.S. Court of Appeals, Eighth Circuit

#### APPENDIX TO APPLICATION FOR STAY OF EXECUTION

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COUNSEL FOR PETITIONER

# **APPENDIX**

1.	Opinion Vacating District Court Order	.1a
2.	February 7, 2023 Order denying panel and en banc rehearing	.3a
3.	September 29, 2022 Redacted/Sealed transportation Order	.4a
4.	October 21, 2023 Order denying dismissal	.6a

## Tisius v. Vandergriff

United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit
November 3, 2022, Submitted; December 19, 2022, Filed
No. 22-3175

#### Reporter

55 F.4th 1153 \*; 2022 U.S. App. LEXIS 34916 \*\*

Michael A. Tisius, Petitioner - Appellee v. David Vandergriff, Warden, Respondent - Appellant

**Subsequent History:** Rehearing denied by, En banc, Rehearing denied by Tisius v. Vandergriff, 2023 U.S. App. LEXIS 3033 (8th Cir. Mo., Feb. 7, 2023)

**Prior History:** [\*\*1] Appeal from United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri - Kansas City.

Tisius v. Jennings, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 203361, 2020 WL 6386874 (W.D. Mo., Oct. 30, 2020)

**Counsel:** For Michael A. Tisius, Petitioner - Appellee: Elizabeth Unger Carlyle, Kansas City, MO; Laurence E. Komp, FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE, Kansas City, MO; Keith P. O'Connor, LAW OFFICE OF KEITH P. O'CONNOR, Kansas City, MO.

Michael A. Tisius, Petitioner - Appellee, Pro se, Mineral Point, MO.

For David Vandergriff, Warden, Respondent - Appellant: Andrew Crane, Gregory Michael Goodwin, Assistant Attorney General, ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, Jefferson City, MO.

**Judges:** Before SHEPHERD, ERICKSON, and STRAS, Circuit Judges.

**Opinion by: ERICKSON** 

## Opinion

[\*1154] ERICKSON, Circuit Judge.

Michael Tisius was sentenced to death in 2001 for killing Sheriff's Deputies Jason Acton and Leon Egley during an attempted jail break. The State of Missouri will soon schedule Tisius's execution, as he has exhausted state and federal review of his convictions. See Tisius v. Blair,

No. 21-1682, 2021 U.S. App. LEXIS 40376, 2021 WL 9528147 (8th Cir. Nov. 9, 2021); <u>Tisius v. Blair</u>, No. 21-8153, 214 L. Ed. 2d 62, 2022 WL 4653572 at \*1 (Oct. 3, 2022).

In early August 2022, appointed counsel, consistent with 18 U.S.C. § 3599, submitted a post-habeas budget for court approval. Two weeks later, on August 17, 2022, Tisius filed an ex parte sealed motion for an order directing the Warden to facilitate or transport Tisius to the hospital for medical testing in furtherance [\*\*2] of his state clemency case. Tisius asserted that even though he was not requesting any funding for the testing or transportation expenses, the district court was vested with authority under 18 U.S.C. § 3599 to grant his request because § 3599 authorizes federally appointed counsel to represent defendants in state clemency proceedings and post-habeas counsel is obligated to zealously represent clients in the same manner as habeas counsel. About a month later, Tisius, relying on the same authority, filed another ex parte sealed motion in preparation for his clemency case—this time requesting that the court authorize a doctor to conduct bone-lead level testing on Tisius, either in a private room in the prison or at another secure location of the prison's choosing. The next day the district court granted the ex parte motion for bone-lead level testing. A few days later, the district court entered an ex parte sealed order directing the Warden and Missouri Department of Corrections to transport Tisius to the hospital on October 24, 2022, at 6:00 a.m. for medical testing.

The State moved the district court to vacate and stay its orders, but before the district court ruled on the motions, the State appealed to this [\*\*3] court and we granted a stay of the district court proceedings and expedited the state's appeal of the *ex parte* orders. "We review questions of subject-matter jurisdiction *de novo*" Cross v. Fox, 23 F.4th 797, 800 (8th Cir. 2022) (quotation omitted), "[a]nd whether 18 U.S.C. § 3599 grants district courts jurisdiction to compel state officials to act is a question of subject-matter jurisdiction." Beatty v. Lumpkin, 52 F.4th

632, 634 [\*1155] (5th Cir. 2022) (citing Ayestas v. Davis, 584 U.S. \_\_\_\_, 138 S. Ct. 1080, 1088-92, 200 L. Ed. 2d 376 (2018) (holding that section 3599 grants courts judicial, not administrative, power), and Lujan v. Defs. of Wildlife, 504 U.S. 555, 559, 112 S. Ct. 2130, 119 L. Ed. 2d 351 (1992) (explaining that the extent of the federal judicial power is a jurisdictional question)).

After careful review of the briefs and the parties' arguments, we conclude that 18 U.S.C. § 3599 does not permit the district court to compel state officials to act in furtherance of state clemency proceedings. While the Supreme Court has recognized that § 3599 authorizes federally appointed counsel to represent a death penalty defendant in related state court clemency proceedings, Harbison v. Bell, 556 U.S. 180, 193, 129 S. Ct. 1481, 173 L. Ed. 2d 347 (2009), nothing in the statute or the developed case law supports Tisius's claim that § 3599 gives the district court authority to provide the relief he requested. A majority of the panel in Rhines v. Young, 941 F.3d 894, 895 (8th Cir. 2019), tentatively concluded that we should affirm a district court's conclusion that it lacked authority under 18 U.S.C. § 3599 and the All Writs Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1651(a), to order South Dakota prison officials [\*\*4] to allow an inmate sentenced to death to meet with experts retained by appointed counsel for the purposes of preparing a clemency application. Because of subsequent developments, we concluded a decision on this issue was no longer necessary and found the issues on appeal moot or unexhausted. Id. at 895-96. We now join the other circuits that have held § 3599 is a funding statute, not a mechanism that grants federal courts authority to oversee and compel state officials to act in furtherance of clemency proceedings. See Beatty v. Lumpkin, 52 F.4th at 634-35 (noting § 3599 does not allow a district court to "oversee the implementation of 'reasonably necessary' services by ordering state officials to comply with prisoners' requests related to such services"); Bowles v. DeSantis, 934 F.3d 1230, 1242-44 (11th Cir. 2019) (explaining there is no federal constitutional right to state clemency and federal judges have no general supervisory power over state officials except when necessary to assure compliance with the United States Constitution); Leavitt v. Arave, 682 F.3d 1138, 1141 (9th Cir. 2012) (stating § 3599 provides nothing beyond funding power and does not empower the court to order third-party compliance); Baze v. Parker, 632 F.3d 338, 342-43 (6th Cir. 2011) (same).

Section 3599's authorization for funding neither confers nor implies an additional grant of jurisdiction to order state officials to act to facilitate an inmate's [\*\*5] clemency application. We therefore vacate the district court's orders directing state officials to transport or facilitate testing for purposes of Tisius's clemency case. Because argument would not be helpful or assist us in analyzing this issue of statutory interpretation, Tisius's request for oral argument is denied.

**End of Document** 

# UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT

No: 22-3175

Michael A. Tisius

Appellee

v.

David Vandergriff, Warden

Appellant

Appeal from U.S. District Court for the Western District of Missouri - Kansas City (4:17-cv-00426-SRB)

#### **ORDER**

The petition for rehearing en banc is denied. The petition for rehearing by the panel is also denied.

Judge Benton did not participate in the consideration or decision of this matter.

February 07, 2023

Order Entered at the Direction of the Court: Clerk, U.S. Court of Appeals, Eighth Circuit.

/s/ Michael E. Gans

# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI WESTERN DIVISION

MICHAEL TISIUS,	)		
Petitioner,	)		
vs.	)	Case No. 4:17-CV-00426-SRB	
DAVID VANDERGRIFF,	)	CAPITAL CASE	
Respondent.	)		
		G RESPONDENT TO TRANSPORT ANI	<u>)</u>
PRODUCE PETITIONI	ER FOR PU	RPOSES OF MEDICAL TESTING	1
			ł
		It is hereby	
ORDERED that:			
For purposes of medical	testing, on (	October 24, 2022, at 6:00 A.M., Responden	t
David Vandergriff, Warden o	f Potosi Co	orrectional Center, 11593 State Hwy C	),
Mineral Point, MO 63660, and	the Missour	ri Department of Corrections shall	

This order shall be filed under seal by the Clerk of the Court with access permitted only to the Court, counsel for Petitioner, and any individuals employed by the Department of Corrections whose knowledge of this order is necessary to carry out its intent.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

/s/ Stephen R. Bough STEPHEN R. BOUGH

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Dated: September 29, 2022

# UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT

No: 22-3175

Michael A. Tisius

Appellee

v.

David Vandergriff, Warden

Appellant

Appeal from U.S. District Court for the Western District of Missouri - Kansas City (4:17-cv-00426-SRB)

ORDER

Appellant's motion for a stay pending appeal is granted. It is further ordered that the appellee's motion to dismiss the appeal is denied.

The appellant's motion for an expedited appeal is granted, and the following briefing schedule is established:

Appellant's Brief October 27, 2022 Appellee's Brief November 3, 2022 Appellant's Reply Brief November 10, 2022.

These dates will not be extended.

Upon receipt of the briefs, the court will determine whether argument is required. If argument is necessary, counsel will be advised of the date, time, and method of argument.

October 21, 2022

Order Entered at the Direction of the Court: Clerk, U.S. Court of Appeals, Eighth Circuit.

/s/ Michael E. Gans

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