

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE
UNITED STATES

TAYLOR WINSTON WRIGHT,)

Case No. 22-6140

Petitioner,)

)

VS.)

)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)

Respondent,)

SUPREME COURT RULE 44

REHEAREING

On January 9th, 2023, The Clerk's Office for the Supreme Court
issued an order denying Writ of

Taylor Winston Wright

247 w. Woodbury rd.

Altadena, Ca 91001

RECEIVED

FEB - 7 2023

**OFFICE OF THE CLERK
SUPREME COURT, U.S.**

Certiorari. The Petitioner regards the fact that the Honorable Court has to review approximately ten thousand filings each Year. And Petitioner is aware the Honorable Court's judgment. To grant Certiorari is precatory. However, petitioner's request For rehearing is strictly in the interest of: 1) National Concern And 2) The Interest of Justice

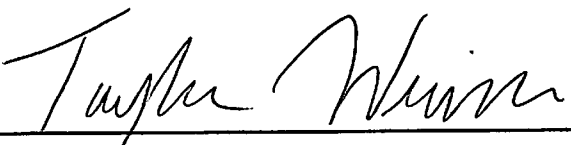
The issue the petitioner presented before the Court was in Regards to a plea agreement. And under federal law, Plea Agreement are contracts. The Contracts according to the District Court web site represent over 90% of federal cases are Resolved this way. In addition to these plea agreements being Contracts, federal law dictates that these contracts are promises that the law will enforce.

However, in petitioner's case the District Court and Appeal Court fail to enforce the promises in the contract. By failing to Enforce the promises in the contract, the Aforementioned Court[s] denied the petitioner his rights under contract law. The national importance is that over 90% of defendants in federal court sign these contracts. And federal law states that These contractual promises are enforceable by federal law.

In closing, the petitioner asks the Court to recognize the National importance of enforcing the promises in the contract pursuant to defendants are held to the promises in the contract And therefore, the government should equally be held to the contractual promises the law will enforce.

By holding the petitioner to the promises in the contract and not holding the government to the promises in the contract that mean that over 90% of plea agreements are illegal contracts. Petitioner prays for a rehearing in the interest of justice.

Sincerely Submitted

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Taylor Winston Wright", is written over a horizontal line.

Taylor Winston Wright

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE
UNDER RULE 44

The Undersign presents that the attached hereto Rehearing UNDER RULE 44 is in Good-Faith and not intended to harass or vex the Court. The Good-Faith intent is focused on the following.

STATEMENT:

... The Grounds are limited to intervening Circumstances of substantial or controlling effect or to other substantial grounds not previously presented.

In the instant case, the Undersign request the Court to look to “controlling effect or to other substantial grounds not previously presented.”

In the Petitioner's attached Reahearing Motion, he presents "CONTROLLING LAW" that a plea agreement must comply with. See CONTRACT LAW, AMERICAN JURISPRUDENCE. For CONTRACT LAW states that plea agreements are contracts, and once signed must be honored. In addition, contract law states that the promises in a contract are promises that the law will enforce. These grounds where not previously presented.

In fact, The District Court's order stated the Original promises in the plea, the Undersign presents that the District Court violated those promises and the reasoning behind their failure to enforce the promises was that the Petitioner failed to comport to Ninth Circuit Case Law. The Undersign states with authority that the promises in [A] contract supersede Ninth Circuit case law. That issue the Petitioner didn't present

Previously. The Undersign presents that the Government should be held to the promises in the contract, but because the Petitioner attacked his conviction after his release, the promises in the contract are not enforceable. The Undersign states that this is a violation of controlling Law and was not an issue previously presented.

Sincerely

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Sharif Washington". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above a horizontal line.

Sharif Washington

SCRIVENER OF LAW