

No. _____

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS,

Petitioner,

v.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI
TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

APPENDIX

/s/ Christopher A. Curtis

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Appendix A *United States v. D'Arde Lee Williams*, 850 Fed. Appx. 313 (5th Cir. June 18, 2021), CA No. 20-10803, Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. Judgment affirmed on June 18, 2021. (unpublished).

Appendix B *United States v. D'Arde Lee Williams*, 5:20-CR-00018-1, United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, Lubbock Division. Judgment and sentence entered on July 30, 2020.

APPENDIX A

United States Court of Appeals
for the Fifth Circuit

No. 20-10803
Summary Calendar

United States Court of Appeals
Fifth Circuit

FILED

June 18, 2021

Lyle W. Cayce
Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff—Appellee,

versus

D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS,

Defendant—Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court
for the Northern District of Texas
USDC No. 5:20-CR-18-1

Before HAYNES, WILLETT, and WILSON, *Circuit Judges.*

J U D G M E N T

This cause was considered on the record on appeal and the briefs on file.

IT IS ORDERED and ADJUDGED that the judgment of the District Court is AFFIRMED.

United States Court of Appeals
for the Fifth Circuit

No. 20-10803
Summary Calendar

United States Court of Appeals
Fifth Circuit

FILED

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Lyle W. Cayce
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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff—Appellee,

versus

D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS,

Defendant—Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court
for the Northern District of Texas
USDC No. 5:20-CR-18-1

Before HAYNES, WILLETT, and WILSON, *Circuit Judges.*

PER CURIAM:*

D'Arde Lee Williams appeals the 30-month prison term and one-year term of supervised release imposed on his guilty plea conviction for escaping from federal custody. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 751(a). We affirm.

* Pursuant to 5TH CIRCUIT RULE 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIRCUIT RULE 47.5.4.

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Reviewing for plain error,¹ we reject the contention that Williams was entitled to a reduction of his base offense level under U.S.S.G. § 2P1.1(b)(3), which establishes a four-level reduction for a defendant who is under arrest on a felony charge or in custody for any conviction and who escapes from the nonsecure custody of a community corrections center, a community treatment center, a halfway house, or a like facility without returning voluntarily within 96 hours, provided he commits no other felony while escaped. *United States v. Rodriguez*, 602 F.3d 346, 351 (5th Cir. 2010); *United States v. Fernandez-Cusco*, 447 F.3d 382, 384 (5th Cir. 2006). Under the plain error standard’s first three prongs, the defendant must show (1) a forfeited error (2) that is clear or obvious, i.e., not “subject to reasonable dispute,” and (3) that affects his substantial rights. *Puckett v. United States*, 556 U.S. 129, 135 (2009); *see United States v. Ellis*, 564 F.3d 370, 377-78 (5th Cir. 2009). Thereafter, remedying the error is a matter of judicial discretion. *Puckett*, 556 U.S. at 135.

Williams fails in his attempt to show that he was in the custody of a halfway house when he escaped and is thus entitled to the offense level reduction. At best, the record shows that the claim is subject to reasonable dispute. *See Puckett*, 556 U.S. at 135; *Ellis*, 564 F.3d at 377-78. The factual resume states variously that at the moment of his escape, Williams was confined in a halfway house in Houston, was in custody at a federal prison in Colorado, was assigned to but not yet at the Houston halfway house, and

¹ The Government argues that the proper standard is “invited error” due to the fact that Williams’s counsel affirmatively stated to the court that the § 2P1.1(b)(3) reduction at issue here was not in play. *See United States v. Baytank (Houston), Inc.*, 934 F.2d 599, 606 (5th Cir. 1991) (“A party generally may not invite error and then complain thereof.”). However, because Williams fails even under plain error, out of an “abundance of caution,” we will examine under plain error review. *United States v. Fernandez-Cusco*, 447 F.3d 382, 384 (5th Cir. 2006)

No. 20-10803

escaped from neither the prison nor the halfway house but from a bus station in Lubbock. These ambiguities alone are a basis for reasonable debate about whether he was in nonsecure custody and thus entitled to the § 2P1.1(b)(3) reduction. The reasonableness of the debate is not diminished by the novel notions Williams advances that he could not be adjudged guilty unless his escape was from the halfway house and that the grand jury's choice of words in the indictment dictates the sentencing determination. *See United States v. Trejo*, 610 F.3d 308, 319 (5th Cir. 2010); *United States v. Gluck*, 143 F.3d 174, 178 (5th Cir. 1998); *United States v. Taylor*, 933 F.2d 307, 309 (5th Cir. 1991).

Further, even if we reached the third prong of plain error review, we would conclude any error did not affect his substantial rights given the district court's statement that the same sentence would have been entered even if the guidelines calculation was incorrect for the same reasons stated. *See United States v. Richardson*, 676 F.3d 491, 511 (5th Cir. 2012)(even where harmless error review applies, such a statement that the district court would have imposed the same sentence for the same reason can support a finding of harmless error).

AFFIRMED.

APPENDIX B

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS LUBBOCK DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE**§****§****§**Case Number: **5:20-CR-00018-H-BQ(1)**USM Number: **57707-177****Lara M. Wynn**

Defendant's Attorney

v.
D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS**THE DEFENDANT:**

<input type="checkbox"/>	pleaded guilty to count(s)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	pleaded guilty to count(s) before a U.S. Magistrate Judge, which was accepted by the court.	1 of the indictment filed March 11, 2020.
<input type="checkbox"/>	pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) which was accepted by the court	
<input type="checkbox"/>	was found guilty on count(s) after a plea of not guilty	

The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses:

Title & Section / Nature of Offense

18 U.S.C. § 751(a) ESCAPE FROM FEDERAL CUSTODY

Offense Ended

01/13/2020

Count

1

The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 7 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.

The defendant has been found not guilty on count(s)
 Count(s) is Remaining count(s) are dismissed on the motion of the United States

It is ordered that the defendant must notify the United States attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of material changes in economic circumstances.

July 30, 2020

Date of Imposition of Judgment

Signature of Judge

James Wesley Hendrix
United States District Judge

Name and Title of Judge

July 30, 2020

Date

DEFENDANT: D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00018-H-BQ(1)

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of:

30 months as to count 1 to run consecutively with any sentence imposed in Case No. 2005-411,136 pending in the 140th District Court, Lubbock County, Texas.

The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons: Incarceration at FCI Seagoville, Texas.

The Court recommends that, while incarcerated, the defendant receive appropriate substance-abuse and mental-health treatment, but the Court did not lengthen the defendant's prison term to promote rehabilitation. *See Tapia v. United States*, 564 U.S. 319 (2011).

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:

at a.m. p.m. on

as notified by the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:

before 2 p.m. on
 as notified by the United States Marshal.
 as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.

RETURN

I have executed this judgment as follows:

Defendant delivered on _____ to

at _____, with a certified copy of this judgment.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL

By
DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

DEFENDANT: D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00018-H-BQ(1)

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be on supervised release for a term of: **one (1) year to run concurrently with the term of supervised release imposed in Case No. 5:18-CR-084-C(01), United States District Court, Northern District of Texas, Lubbock Division.**

MANDATORY CONDITIONS

1. You must not commit another federal, state or local crime.
2. You must not unlawfully possess a controlled substance.
3. You must refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. You must submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.
 The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that you pose a low risk of future substance abuse. *(check if applicable)*
4. You must make restitution in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3663A or any other statute authorizing a sentence of restitution. *(check if applicable)*
5. You must cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. *(check if applicable)*
6. You must comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. § 20901, et seq.) as directed by the probation officer, the Bureau of Prisons, or any state sex offender registration agency in which you reside, work, are a student, or were convicted of a qualifying offense. *(check if applicable)*
7. You must participate in an approved program for domestic violence. *(check if applicable)*

You must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any additional conditions on the attached page.

DEFENDANT: D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00018-H-BQ(1)

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

As part of your supervised release, you must comply with the following standard conditions of supervision. These conditions are imposed because they establish the basic expectations for your behavior while on supervision and identify the minimum tools needed by probation officers to keep informed, report to the court about, and bring about improvements in your conduct and condition.

1. You must report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside within 72 hours of your release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs you to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame.
2. After initially reporting to the probation office, you will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when you must report to the probation officer, and you must report to the probation officer as instructed.
3. You must not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer.
4. You must answer truthfully the questions asked by your probation officer.
5. You must live at a place approved by the probation officer. If you plan to change where you live or anything about your living arrangements (such as the people you live with), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
6. You must allow the probation officer to visit you at any time at your home or elsewhere, and you must permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of your supervision that he or she observes in plain view.
7. You must work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you do not have full-time employment you must try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you plan to change where you work or anything about your work (such as your position or your job responsibilities), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
8. You must not communicate or interact with someone you know is engaged in criminal activity. If you know someone has been convicted of a felony, you must not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer.
9. If you are arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours.
10. You must not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person such as nunchakus or tasers).
11. You must not act or make any agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court.
12. If the probation officer determines that you pose a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may require you to notify the person about the risk and you must comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that you have notified the person about the risk.
13. You must follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

U.S. Probation Office Use Only

A U.S. probation officer has instructed me on the conditions specified by the court and has provided me with a written copy of this judgment containing these conditions. I understand additional information regarding these conditions is available at www.txnp.uscourts.gov.

Defendant's Signature _____

Date _____

DEFENDANT: D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00018-H-BQ(1)

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

1. The defendant shall participate in a program (inpatient and/or outpatient) approved by the U.S. Probation Office for treatment of narcotic, drug, or alcohol dependency, which will include testing for the detection of substance use or abuse. The defendant shall abstain from the use of alcohol and/or all other intoxicants during and after completion of treatment.

DEFENDANT: D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS
 CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00018-H-BQ(1)

CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES

The defendant must pay the total criminal monetary penalties under the schedule of payments page.

	<u>Assessment</u>	<u>Restitution</u>	<u>Fine</u>	<u>AVAA Assessment*</u>	<u>JVTA Assessment**</u>
TOTALS	\$100.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

The determination of restitution is deferred until after such determination.
 The defendant must make restitution (including community restitution) to the following payees in the amount listed below.

If the defendant makes a partial payment, each payee shall receive an approximately proportioned payment. However, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i), all nonfederal victims must be paid before the United States is paid.

Restitution amount ordered pursuant to plea agreement \$
 The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on the schedule of payments page may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g).
 The court determined that the defendant does not have the ability to pay interest and it is ordered that:
 the interest requirement is waived for the fine restitution
 the interest requirement for the fine restitution is modified as follows:

* Amy, Vicky, and Andy Child Pornography Victim Assistance Act of 2018, Pub. L. No. 115-299.

** Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, Pub. L. No. 114-22

*** Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

DEFENDANT: D'ARDE LEE WILLIAMS
 CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00018-H-BQ(1)

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

Having assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties is due as follows:

- A Lump sum payments of \$ _____ due immediately, balance due
 - not later than _____, or
 - in accordance C, D, E, or F below; or
- B Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with C, D, or F below); or
- C Payment in equal _____ (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ _____ over a period of _____ (e.g., months or years), to commence _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or
- D Payment in equal 20 (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ _____ over a period of _____ (e.g., months or years), to commence _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or
- E Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or
- F Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:
It is ordered that the Defendant shall pay to the United States a special assessment of \$100.00 for Count 1, which shall be due immediately. Said special assessment shall be paid to the Clerk, U.S. District Court.

Unless the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.

The defendant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.

- Joint and Several
 See above for Defendant and Co-Defendant Names and Case Numbers (including defendant number), Total Amount, Joint and Several Amount, and corresponding payee, if appropriate.
- The defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.
- The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):
- The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:

Payments shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) AVAA assessment, (5) fine principal, (6) fine interest, (7) community restitution, (8) JVTA assessment, (9) penalties, and (10) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.