

No. \_\_\_\_\_

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

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SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL,

Petitioner,

v.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

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ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI  
TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

APPENDIX

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/s/ Kevin Joel Page

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Appendix A Judgment and Opinion of Fifth Circuit, CA No. 20-11056, dated April 19, 2021, *United States v. Paschal*, 844 Fed. Appx. 752 (unpublished).

Appendix B Judgment and Sentence of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas, entered October 8, 2020. *United States v. Paschal*, Dist. Court 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ (1).

## APPENDIX A

United States Court of Appeals  
for the Fifth Circuit

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No. 20-11056  
Summary Calendar

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United States Court of Appeals  
Fifth Circuit

**FILED**

April 19, 2021

Lyle W. Cayce  
Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

*Plaintiff—Appellee,*

*versus*

SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL,

*Defendant—Appellant.*

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Appeal from the United States District Court  
for the Northern District of Texas  
USDC No. 5:20-CR-34-1

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Before KING, SMITH, and WILSON, *Circuit Judges.*

J U D G M E N T

This cause was considered on the record on appeal and the briefs on file.

IT IS ORDERED and ADJUDGED that the judgment of the District Court is AFFIRMED.

United States Court of Appeals  
for the Fifth Circuit

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United States Court of Appeals  
Fifth Circuit

**FILED**

April 19, 2021

No. 20-11056  
Summary Calendar

Lyle W. Cayce  
Clerk

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

*Plaintiff—Appellee,*

*versus*

SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL,

*Defendant—Appellant.*

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Appeal from the United States District Court  
for the Northern District of Texas  
USDC No. 5:20-CR-34-1

---

Before KING, SMITH, and WILSON, *Circuit Judges.*

PER CURIAM:\*

Shawn Travis Paschal was sentenced to 78 months of imprisonment followed by 20 years of supervised release after pleading guilty to possession of child pornography involving a prepubescent minor in violation of

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\* Pursuant to 5TH CIRCUIT RULE 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIRCUIT RULE 47.5.4.

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18 U.S.C. § 2252A(a)(5)(B) and (b)(2). The district court imposed a special condition of supervised release that provided:

[t]he defendant shall have no unsupervised contact with persons under the age of 18, nor shall the defendant loiter near places where children may frequently congregate. The defendant shall neither seek nor maintain employment or volunteer work at any location and/or activity where persons under the age of 18 congregate and the defendant shall not date or befriend anyone who has children under the age of 18, without prior permission of the probation officer.

On appeal, Paschal contends that the district court erred in (1) prohibiting him from having unsupervised contact with minors for 20 years; (2) prohibiting him from dating or befriending anyone with children; (3) forbidding him for 20 years from loitering near places where children may congregate; and (4) engaging in impermissible judicial factfinding.

Because Paschal did not object to his sentence or the conditions of supervised release when allowed to do so, we review these claims only for plain error. *See United States v. Dean*, 940 F.3d 888, 890 (5th Cir. 2019). To demonstrate plain error, a defendant has the burden of showing “(1) an error (2) that is clear or obvious, (3) that affects substantial rights, and (4) that seriously affects the fairness, integrity, or public reputation of judicial proceedings.” *United States v. Izaguirre*, 973 F.3d 377, 380 (5th Cir. 2020) (quoting *United States v. Huor*, 852 F.3d 392, 398 (5th Cir. 2017)).

The district court did not plainly err in prohibiting Paschal from having unsupervised contact with minors for 20 years. Although he argues that the special condition’s length renders it overbroad and that the prohibition is plainly erroneous because there is no evidence that he engaged in any sexual abuse or attempted to contact a child for such a purpose, we routinely uphold conditions limiting a defendant’s ability to associate with minors, particularly when the conditions are limited in scope and duration.

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*See United States v. Duke*, 788 F.3d 392, 401–02 (5th Cir. 2015). Moreover, because the images involved in this case depicted or suggested children engaging in sexual conduct with adults, limiting unsupervised contact with minors did not overly restrict Paschal’s liberty. *See United States v. Buchanan*, 485 F.3d 274, 288 (5th Cir. 2007).

Likewise, the district court did not plainly err in prohibiting Paschal from dating or befriending anyone with children. Paschal argues that this provision is overbroad because there is no evidence that he has used an adult relationship to gain access to children and that the condition is vague because it is unclear what constitutes dating or friendship. While this prohibition may not be related to his offense conduct or his personal history, the prohibition on dating or befriending anyone with children is reasonably related to the need “to advance deterrence, protect the public, and advance [Paschal’s] correctional needs.” *See Huor*, 852 F.3d at 398. Additionally, this provision is not unduly vague because it provides Paschal fair notice of when he must notify and seek approval from his probation officer. *See United States v. Ellis*, 720 F.3d 220, 227–28 (5th Cir. 2013).

The district court also did not plainly err in prohibiting Paschal from loitering near places where children congregate. Paschal is unable to demonstrate that the imposition of this prohibition was clearly erroneous because, again, the restriction on his loitering where children congregate is reasonably related to the need “to advance deterrence, protect the public, and advance [Paschal’s] correctional needs.” *See Huor*, 852 F.3d at 398. Moreover, this court has upheld lifetime locational bans even in situations where the defendant did not have a history of targeting children in public places. *See Ellis*, 720 F.3d at 226.

Finally, the district court did not engage in impermissible judicial factfinding when it relied on the number of images involved in determining

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Paschal's sentence. This argument is foreclosed by *United States v. Tuma*, 738 F.3d 681, 693 (5th Cir. 2013), because the number of images involved here only influenced the judge's judicial discretion and did not alter a mandatory minimum sentence.

Based upon the foregoing, the district court did not err in sentencing Paschal, much less plainly err. Accordingly, the judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED.

## APPENDIX B

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS LUBBOCK DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

**SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL**

§ **JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE**  
 §  
 §  
 § Case Number: **5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)**  
 § USM Number: **60252-177**  
 § **David E. Sloan**  
 § Defendant's Attorney

**THE DEFENDANT:**

<input type="checkbox"/>	pleaded guilty to count(s)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	pleaded guilty to count(s) before a U.S. Magistrate Judge, which was accepted by the court.	<b>1 of the indictment filed March 11, 2020.</b>
<input type="checkbox"/>	pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) which was accepted by the court	
<input type="checkbox"/>	was found guilty on count(s) after a plea of not guilty	

The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses:

**Title & Section / Nature of Offense**

18 U.S.C. §§ 2252A(a)(5)(B) and 2252A(b)(2) POSSESSION OF CHILD PORNOGRAPHY INVOLVING A PREPUBESCENT MINOR

<b>Offense Ended</b>	<b>Count</b>
11/15/2019	1

The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 8 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.

The defendant has been found not guilty on count(s)  
 Remaining count(s) are dismissed on the motion of the United States

It is ordered that the defendant must notify the United States attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of material changes in economic circumstances.

**October 8, 2020**

Date of Imposition of Judgment

Signature of Judge

*James Wesley Hendrix*  
**United States District Judge**

Name and Title of Judge

**October 8, 2020**

Date

App. B 001

20-11056.77

DEFENDANT: SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL  
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)

## IMPRISONMENT

The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of:

78 months as to count 1 to run concurrently with any sentence imposed in Case No. 2019-418,831 pending in the 140<sup>th</sup> District Court, Lubbock County, Texas.

The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons: Incarceration at FCI Seagoville, Texas.

The Court recommends that, while incarcerated, the defendant receive appropriate mental-health treatment, but the Court did not lengthen the defendant's prison term to promote rehabilitation. *See Tapia v. United States*, 564 U.S. 319 (2011).

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:

at  a.m.  p.m. on

as notified by the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:

before 2 p.m. on  
 as notified by the United States Marshal.  
 as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.

## RETURN

I have executed this judgment as follows:

Defendant delivered on \_\_\_\_\_ to

at \_\_\_\_\_, with a certified copy of this judgment.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL

By  
DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

App. B 002

20-11056.78

DEFENDANT: SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL  
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)

## SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be on supervised release for a term of: **Twenty (20) years.**

## MANDATORY CONDITIONS

1. You must not commit another federal, state or local crime.
2. You must not unlawfully possess a controlled substance.
3. You must refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. You must submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.
  - The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that you pose a low risk of future substance abuse. *(check if applicable)*
4.  You must make restitution in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3663A or any other statute authorizing a sentence of restitution. *(check if applicable)*
5.  You must cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. *(check if applicable)*
6.  You must comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. § 20901, et seq.) as directed by the probation officer, the Bureau of Prisons, or any state sex offender registration agency in which you reside, work, are a student, or were convicted of a qualifying offense. *(check if applicable)*
7.  You must participate in an approved program for domestic violence. *(check if applicable)*

You must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any additional conditions on the attached page.

DEFENDANT: SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL  
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)

## STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

As part of your supervised release, you must comply with the following standard conditions of supervision. These conditions are imposed because they establish the basic expectations for your behavior while on supervision and identify the minimum tools needed by probation officers to keep informed, report to the court about, and bring about improvements in your conduct and condition.

1. You must report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside within 72 hours of your release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs you to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame.
2. After initially reporting to the probation office, you will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when you must report to the probation officer, and you must report to the probation officer as instructed.
3. You must not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer.
4. You must answer truthfully the questions asked by your probation officer.
5. You must live at a place approved by the probation officer. If you plan to change where you live or anything about your living arrangements (such as the people you live with), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
6. You must allow the probation officer to visit you at any time at your home or elsewhere, and you must permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of your supervision that he or she observes in plain view.
7. You must work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you do not have full-time employment you must try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you plan to change where you work or anything about your work (such as your position or your job responsibilities), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
8. You must not communicate or interact with someone you know is engaged in criminal activity. If you know someone has been convicted of a felony, you must not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer.
9. If you are arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours.
10. You must not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person such as nunchakus or tasers).
11. You must not act or make any agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court.
12. If the probation officer determines that you pose a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may require you to notify the person about the risk and you must comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that you have notified the person about the risk.
13. You must follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

## U.S. Probation Office Use Only

A U.S. probation officer has instructed me on the conditions specified by the court and has provided me with a written copy of this judgment containing these conditions. I understand additional information regarding these conditions is available at [www.txnp.uscourts.gov](http://www.txnp.uscourts.gov).

Defendant's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

DEFENDANT: SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL  
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

1. The defendant shall have no unsupervised contact with persons under the age of 18, nor shall the defendant loiter near places where children may frequently congregate. The defendant shall neither seek nor maintain employment or volunteer work at any location and/or activity where persons under the age of 18 congregate and the defendant shall not date or befriend anyone who has children under the age of 18, without prior permission of the probation officer.
2. The defendant shall neither possess nor have under his control any sexually oriented, or sexually stimulating materials of adults or children. The defendant shall not patronize any place where such material is available.
3. The defendant shall not possess, have access to, or utilize a computer or Internet connection device, including, but not limited to Xbox, PlayStation, Nintendo, or similar device, without permission of the probation officer. This condition requires preapproval for categories of computer or Internet access or use; it does not require separate pre-use approval every time the defendant accesses or uses a computer or the Internet.
4. The defendant shall participate in sex offender treatment services as directed by the probation officer until successfully discharged. These services may include psycho-physiological testing (i.e., clinical polygraph, plethysmograph, and the ABEL screen) to monitor the defendant's compliance, treatment progress, and risk to the community. The defendant shall contribute to the costs of services rendered (copayment) at a rate of at least \$25.00 per month.
5. The defendant shall participate in mental health treatment services as directed by the probation officer until successfully discharged. These services may include medications prescribed by a licensed physician. The defendant shall contribute to the costs of services rendered (copayment) at a rate of at least \$40.00 per month.
6. The defendant shall participate in a program (inpatient and/or outpatient) approved by the U.S. Probation Office for treatment of narcotic, drug, or alcohol dependency, which will include testing for the detection of substance use or abuse. The defendant shall abstain from the use of alcohol and/or all other intoxicants during and after completion of treatment. The defendant shall contribute to the costs of services rendered (copayment) at a rate of at least \$40.00 per month.

DEFENDANT: SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL  
 CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)

## CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES

The defendant must pay the total criminal monetary penalties under the schedule of payments page.

	<u>Assessment</u>	<u>Restitution</u>	<u>Fine</u>	<u>AVAA Assessment*</u>	<u>JVTA Assessment**</u>
<b>TOTALS</b>	\$100.00	\$.00	\$.00	\$.00	\$.00

The determination of restitution is deferred until after such determination.  
 The defendant must make restitution (including community restitution) to the following payees in the amount listed below.

If the defendant makes a partial payment, each payee shall receive an approximately proportioned payment. However, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i), all nonfederal victims must be paid before the United States is paid.

Restitution amount ordered pursuant to plea agreement \$  
 The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on the schedule of payments page may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g).  
 The court determined that the defendant does not have the ability to pay interest and it is ordered that:  
 the interest requirement is waived for the  fine  restitution  
 the interest requirement for the  fine  restitution is modified as follows:

\* Amy, Vicky, and Andy Child Pornography Victim Assistance Act of 2018, Pub. L. No. 115-299.

\*\* Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, Pub. L. No. 114-22

\*\*\* Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

DEFENDANT: SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL  
 CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)

## SCHEDEULE OF PAYMENTS

Having assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties is due as follows:

- A  Lump sum payments of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ due immediately, balance due
  - not later than \_\_\_\_\_, or
  - in accordance  C,  D,  E, or  F below; or
- B  Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with  C,  D, or  F below); or
- C  Payment in equal \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ over a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g., months or years), to commence \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or
- D  Payment in equal 20 (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ over a period of \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g., months or years), to commence \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or
- E  Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within \_\_\_\_\_ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or
- F  Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:

**It is ordered that the Defendant shall pay to the United States a special assessment of \$100.00 for Count 1, which shall be due immediately. Said special assessment shall be paid to the Clerk, U.S. District Court.**

Unless the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.

The defendant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.

- Joint and Several
 

See above for Defendant and Co-Defendant Names and Case Numbers (including defendant number), Total Amount, Joint and Several Amount, and corresponding payee, if appropriate.
- The defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.
- The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):
- The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:

Payments shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) AVAA assessment, (5) fine principal, (6) fine interest, (7) community restitution, (8) JVTA assessment, (9) penalties, and (10) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.

DEFENDANT: SHAWN TRAVIS PASCHAL  
CASE NUMBER: 5:20-CR-00034-H-BQ(1)

## **FORFEITED PROPERTY**

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 2253(a) and Fed. R. Crim. P. 32.2(b)(4)(B), it is hereby ordered that defendant's interest in the following property is condemned and forfeited to the United States: one Samsung Galaxy 5, Model SM-G900V, Serial No. 990004043478135.