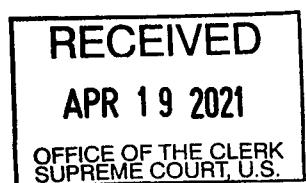


APPEAL

Rule 44.2 and Rule10

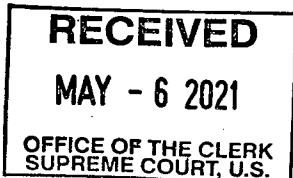


In The
Supreme Court of the United States
Appeal

Vilma Walker & Lorren Soares
v.
Deutsche Bank National Trust Company,
Solely As Trustee For Harborview Mortgage Loan Trust
Mortgage Loan Pass-Through Certificates,
Series 2007-6
No: 20-938
On Petition For Writ Of Certiorari
To The Supreme Court Of Florida

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Lorren Soares & Vilma Walker
P O Box 750871
Forest Hills NY 11375-0871
PH: 1-646-946-1002



Ladies and Gentlemen with regard to United States Supreme Court Rule 44.2 for Rehearing, I Lorren Soares would like to point out that there are intervening circumstances that does have a substantial and also a controlling effect, because I am a person on disability, being knocked down by a car that jumped the sidewalk in New York City as I stood in front of a hotel, waiting for my customer, knocking me out of my wits.

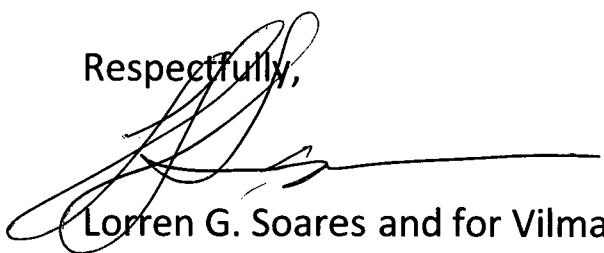
It was already difficult going through Graduate School, but that forced me into an indefinite leave of absence from my already struggling to finish my studies.

Fortunately for me driving that Limousine was a part of funding Graduate School, but unfortunately winding up with a disability.

That three bedroom (3), two and a half bathroom (2 ½) condominium was our retirement home, but more so for Vilma Walker who is 67 years old, and that it was a presentable place for our two kids, one retired from the Navy and the other from the Army, to spend time with their mother.

Deutsche Bank continually refused to meet with us, so they never gave us a chance to understand our situation, and literally sold the condominium to themselves or their associates of which they still have control, and can still return to us or give us compensatory, or be fined punitively, accordingly.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Lorren G. Soares".

Lorren G. Soares and for Vilma Walker

4/14/21

As in Rule 10, none of the courts considered Lorren Soares's disability, and that was a mistake.

Deutsche Bank engaged in a criminal behavioral pattern, consistent with “Systemic Racism.”

Deutsche Bank Violated the Civil Rights Act of 1866, which established the right of African Americans to enter into contracts the same way as white individuals, when the bank repeatedly declined to negotiate with Vilma Walker’s request to get pay off figure, so she could secure a mortgage to pay off Deutsche Bank for its loan.

Deutsche Bank in a facetious manner illegally requested a “Writ of Possession,” when it failed to take into account that Vilma Walker, a bona-fide purchaser of the Association’s foreclosure, was the new owner of the property when issued a Title by the Broward County Court, Florida and might be able to get a loan and pay off Deutsche Bank’s mortgage.

Deutsche Bank along with its partner Ocwen Loan Servicing turned into PHH Mortgage refusal to give Vilma Walker a pay off figure, was to prevent her from securing a loan to pay off the mortgage.

We therefore not only ask this court to grant us what was asked for in the Writ of Mandamus in the Florida Supreme Court, but also the Compensatory and Punitive Damages asked for in the United States Court of Appeals, Eleventh Circuit in Atlanta.

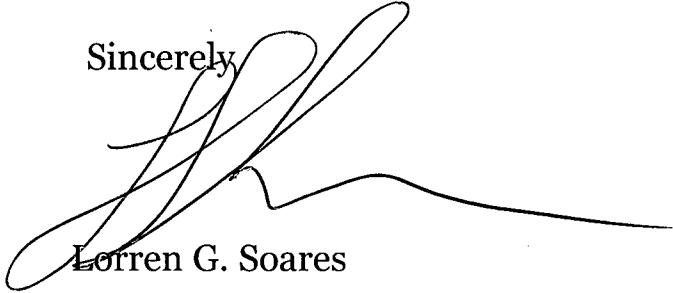
CERTIFICATION OF PETITION

RE: Walker, et al. V. Deutsche Bank National Trust Co., etc.

No: 20-938

I Lorren G Soares do certify that the petition for rehearing is presented in good faith, and not for delay.

Sincerely



Lorren G. Soares

**Additional material
from this filing is
available in the
Clerk's Office.**