

No. 20-8426

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Bin Yang

Petitioner

vs.

The Board of Registered Nursing

Respondent

On Petition for a Writ of Certiorari to
The Supreme Court of California

PETITION FOR REHEARING

Bin Yang

P.O. Box 14

Beverly Hills, CA 90213

310-668-1828

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III. Petition for Rehearing

Pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 44.1, Bin Yang, a resident of Los Angeles County, respectfully petitions for rehearing of this Court's decision issued on October. 4, 2021. Bin Yang moves this Court to grant this petition for rehearing and consider the case with merits briefing and oral argument. This petition for rehearing was first signed on October. 8, 2021 and received on October 19, 2021 (Ex. 1), within 25 days of this Court's decision in this case, and was granted extension for amendment till November 10, 2021 (Ex. 2)

IV. REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

United States Constitution, Amendment XIV offers citizens in every profession the right to quit their job for any reason, not to mention to avoid being set up. The Amendment also grants each citizen equal protection of Law. Constitutional Provisions. United States Constitution, Articles 1-3 want executive, legislature and justice branches to check each other and ensure each to function according to the constitution.

However, the reality is the opposite.

The California Board of Registered Nursing (Respondent) asked Petitioner to take a mental exam in 2017 due to a wrongful change in TX, which was OK if they truly followed up California Business and Professions Code Sec. 820. However, **it was a set up**— to create a mental illness “via their expert” to deny Petitioner’s license or deny Petitioner’s license for refusal. Petitioner already had two mental exams done in CA with normal finding and had no clinical complaint or police report since she reactivated her nurse license in 2013. Petitioner satisfied the continue education auditing in 2017 and was not going to renew her RN license in 2019. Petitioner was willing to take the

mental exam from a university expert on their list. Yet, Respondent refused as they believed that Petitioner knew every doctor in universities. Petitioner could quit her licensing application with medical boards. But Respondent refused to let her quit, and denied her license for “not taking a mental exam” from “their Expert.”

Respondent’s analyst lied in the court that she could not have access to the data of their experts. Deputy Attorney General Vinodhini Ramagopal (DAG) excluded critical evidence, made up stories, and altered facts to give what “her client” needed. For example, DAG wanted exclude the two mental tests done that had been done in CA and the CT scan that proved Petitioner’s innocence. DAG also altered Petitioner’s license reactivation year from 2013 to 2017. Yet, the lower courts either sided with Respondent and DAG or disregard whatever numbers and stories DAG had made up.

The same crime also happened at the Medical Board of California— the Medical Board of California could turn Petitioner’s medical education into nursing via “their expert” in front of Harvard, Baylor and UCLA medical schools and CA law that defined medical training and internship. The crook attorney was a serial fraudster who stool Petitioner’s money, never served defendant, abandoned her after she ran out of money, and caused her case dismissed for “no action.” Yet, the lower courts covered up the crime for both (#20-8427)!

On June 10, 2021, Petitioner filed Petitions for Writ Certiorari against the Medical Board of California and California Board of Registered Nursing. Both respondents have filed a waiver to respond, which means they already admitted what Petitioner has appealed. The Supreme Court of the United State only needs to grant her Petition for Writ Certiorari to stop government agencies from setting innocent up, stop crook

attorneys from knowingly violating law, and stop the legal system from covering the crime of the two, and ensure equal law protection. However, the Court denied both petitions on October 4th, 2021, which deeply shocked Petitioner.

1. Should government agencies set innocent up with “their experts?”

Should an attorney knowingly give false statement to court over and over and abuse law? Should the lower courts side with DAG and Respondent, cover up their crime, and deprive innocent’s constitutional rights?

The correct answer should be “NO” to all the questions if the US is truly for the people, by the people, if Amendment XIV, California Government Code Disciplinary Proceedings 19572, attorney ethics, and United States Constitution, Articles 1-3 are valid.

The rule 1094.5 (e) allows critical evidence to come to the court with due diligence [*English v. City of Long Beach* (1952) 114 Cal. App. 2d 311, 316–317, 250 P.2d 298]. Petitioner’s head CT scan result is indisputable evidence to prove her innocence in Southwest Airlines issue. The psychological evaluation from UCLA further supports her innocence and is what Respondent needs. She reactivated her license in 2013 not 2017. The lower courts should at least let Petitioner quit per the Amendment XIV to save her time. The crook attorney should be disbarred, especially she works at Dept. of Justice in California and can abuse government resources [*Florida v Stephen Diaco The Florida Bar File No. 2013-10,735 (13F); [People v. Scruggs, 52 P.3d 237, 241 (Colo. 2002)]*.! Other government employees involved should also have legal consequence per California Government Code Disciplinary Proceedings 19572.

However, the reality is opposite.

2. Does it destroy the democracy and constitution within the system when government agencies set innocent up, attorneys knowingly violate law and commit fraud on the court over and over, and lower courts cover up the crime of both?

It is not the first time that a government agency set innocent up through their "expert," an attorney knowingly violate law, and lower courts sided with the crook attorney and Respondent, cover up the crime for both, except the crook attorney in the case with the Medical Board of California is a serial fraudster who stool Petitioner's money, never served defendant, abandoned her after she ran out of money, and caused her case dismissed for "no action" (#20-8427)!

Government agencies are the executive article of the Constitution, the lower courts are the judicial article of the Constitution, and attorneys are the officers of the court. The Constitution cannot protect justice and democracy efficiently unless each article check and balance other's action per United States Constitution, Articles 1-3.

When Government agencies, the lower courts and attorneys knowingly violate law and cover up each other's crime, the US system will become a crime-making machine that deprive human right, destroy justice and democracy, which is no better than the Communist China!

3. Is it necessary for this Court set a good example for those who dare to destroy the democracy and constitution within the system? Should this Court Resolve the Constitutional Issues in this Case with Full Briefing and Argument?

The social and constitutional impacts of the two cases are profound and lasting. Not to take the right action is equal to permitting these law violations, encouraging those criminals to continue to do what they desire, which will deprive the constitutional rights

of innocents and destroy the democracy and constitution that the nation has spent over 245 years to build.

Both respondents have filed a waiver to respond and admitted what Petitioner has appealed. By granting the Petition for rehearing, this Court can set a good example for those who dare to destroy the democracy and constitution within the system and protect the Constitution.

V. CONCLUSION

Petitioner respectfully requests that this Court grant the petition for rehearing and order full briefing and argument in the merits of the case.

DATED this 8th day of November, 2021.

Respectfully submitted,


Bin Yang

VI. CERTIFICATE OF BIN YANG

I hereby certify that this petition for rehearing is presented in good faith and not for delay.



Bin Yang

VII. DECLARATION OF BIN YANG

I, Bin Yang, declare:

I am above 18 years old, a party with a beneficial interest in the case. I have the personal knowledge of the matters set forth in this Declaration and, if called as a witness, could and would testify truthfully and competently thereto.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State California the foregoing is true and correct and that the declaration was executed on November 8, 2021, at Los Angeles, CA.

Date & Time:
11/8/2021



Bin Yang

Bin Yang

P.O. Box 14, Beverly Hills, CA 90213
Tel: 310-668-1828, theprince168@protonmail.com

October 8, 2021

Jacob A. Levitan, Case Analyst
Office of the Clerk
Supreme Court of the United State
Washington, DC 20543-001

Re: Reconsider 20-8426 and 20-8427

Dear Mr. Levitan:

I was astonished to receive your reply letters dated on Oct. 4.

Both respondents have filed a waiver to respond, which meant they already admitted what I have appealed. The Supreme Court of the United State only needs to grant my request to stop CA medical board and nursing board from setting innocent up, stop the legal system from covering the crime within the government, and stop crook attorneys from making dirty money.

These two cases will help The Supreme Court of the United State set a good example for those who dare to destroy the democracy and constitution within the system.

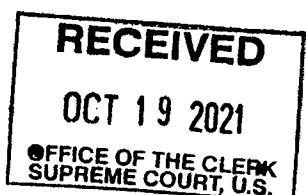
Not to take the right action is equal to permitting these law violations, depriving the rights of innocents, and destroying the democracy and constitution that the nation has spent over 200 years to build.

I urge the Supreme Court of the United State to reconsider my cases and their social and constitutional impacts.

Sincerely,

Bin Yang
Bin Yang

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Ex. 1

**SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICE OF THE CLERK
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001**

October 26, 2021

Bin Yang
P.O. Box 14
Beverly Hills, CA 90213

RE: Bin Yang
20-8426 & 20-8427

Dear Ms. Yang:

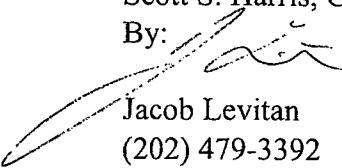
The petition for rehearing in the above-entitled case was postmarked October 8, 2021 and received October 19, 2021 and is herewith returned for failure to comply with Rule 44 of the Rules of this Court. The petition must briefly and distinctly state its grounds and must be accompanied by a certificate stating that the grounds are limited to intervening circumstances of substantial or controlling effect or to other substantial grounds not previously presented.

You must also certify that the petition for rehearing is presented in good faith and not for delay.

Please correct and resubmit as soon as possible. Unless the petition is submitted to this Office in corrected form within 15 days of the date of this letter, the petition will not be filed. Rule 44.6.

Sincerely,
Scott S. Harris, Clerk

By:


Jacob Levitan
(202) 479-3392

Enclosures

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Ex. 2

IX. PROOF OF SERVICE

I am a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of 18 years; my address is: 9454 Wilshire Blvd, #600. Beverly Hills, California 90212.

On November 8, 2021, I served the within **PETITION FOR REHEARING** on the interested parties in said action, by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail, addressed as follows:

Solicitor General of the United States,
Room 5614
Department of Justice
950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20530-0001

Diann Sokoloff, Deputy Attorney General
Diann.Sokoloff@doj.ca.gov
California Department of Justice
1515 Clay Street
Oakland, CA 94612

Executed on November 8, 2021, at Los Angeles, California. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.



Judith Sullivan