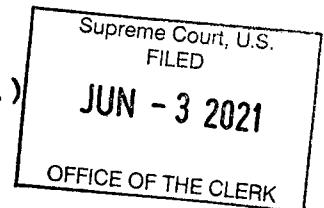


20-8277  
No. \_\_\_\_\_

ORIGINAL

NINTH CIR. No. 20-35884 -- DIST. CT. No. 4:20-cv-05016-SAB

IN THE  
(Article III., §1)-[supreme Court]-sic-(d.b.a.)  
"SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,"  
sic.



In re Richard Wesley Bryan-Appellant/Aggrieved Party

vs.

JEFFREY A. UTTECHT — RESPONDENT(S)

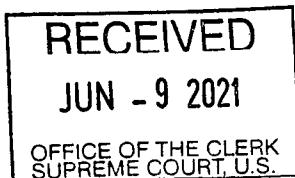
ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO  
Appeal By Right-["Review"]-Appeal De Novo  
The (USDC) Arbitrary & Capricious Dismissal of this sovereigns  
[Original]-State & Federal-[Habeas Corpus]-Action's  
Neither the Ct. of Appeals or Dist. Ct. Ruled on the "merits."  
(NAME OF COURT THAT LAST RULED ON MERITS OF YOUR CASE)

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Richard Wesley Bryan-[a sui juris sovereign]  
(Your Name)

Coyote Ridge Corr. Ctr., P.O. Box 769  
(Address)

Connell, WA, 99326  
(City, State, Zip Code)



N/A  
(Phone Number)

## QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

- 1) has the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (USDC) decision conflict with this aggrieved party's fundamental First Amendment Right?
- 2) has the NINTH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS (COA) sanctioned, i.e. supported, the USDC's unjustifiable decision?
- 3) did either the USDC or the COA "Resolve" any of the plainly pleaded "justiciable" (Article III.) "claim's" or allegation's?
- 4) did the USDC & the COA sanction/support the STATE COURT's Clerk's & Judge's willful misconduct & willful malice?
- 5) has the USDC & COA willfully departed from the accepted and usual course of judicial proceeding's, i.e., the willful violation of the Specific/Statutory-[Legislatures.Enacted/Principles]-Provisions for entertaining an-[Original]-Habeas Corpus-Action?
- 6) does-[any]-Federal Court "Lack.Jurisdiction" over a "matter" (brought to their attention in good-faith, by Affidavit; and declared under penalty of perjury) that plainly involves the willful depravation of fundamental, inalienable, rights by STATE "Bad-Actor's," specifically, but not limited to this aggrieved party's fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress?
- 7) has the USDC & COA violated, "Model Penal Code §2.06?
- 8) would jurists of reason conclude that the USDC or the COA "Resolved" any of this aggrieved party's Art.III., "Claim's?"
- 9) would jurists of reason conclude that this aggrieved party's Constitutional issue's are adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further?
- 10) does this aggrieved party have a fundamental right to an "equitable.remedy" in an Art.III., "Court of Equity"?
- 11) does the "fundamental-miscarriage-of-justice.exception" apply in this aggrieved party's-[Original]-state, Habeas Corpus?
- 12) does this "supreme.Court," sic, i.e., an Article III., Court of Equity; as opposed to the SUPREME.COURT.OE.THE.UNITED STATES, SIC, an executive/administrative "COURT" (28 U.S.C. §451); have "equity.jurisdiction" to "Review" this aggrieved party's, State and Federal, "Original" Habeas Corpus-Action's-de.novae?
- 13) does this aggrieved party have a fundamental right to "Equal Protection" of the Supreme, "Law.of.the.Land?"

## **LIST OF PARTIES**

All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.

All parties **do not** appear in the caption of the case on the cover page. A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment is the subject of this petition is as follows:

## **RELATED CASES**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

OPINIONS BELOW.....	1
JURISDICTION.....	
CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED .....	
STATEMENT OF THE CASE .....	
REASONS FOR GRANTING THE WRIT .....	
CONCLUSION.....	

## INDEX TO APPENDICES

**APPENDIX A :** includes this aggrieved party's "Notice of Appeal," Filed on Oct. 8, 2020; the COA "ORDER" Filed on Feb. 9, 2021; and the COA "ORDER" denying reconsideration Filed April 1, 2021.

**APPENDIX B :** includes the USDC "ORDER" dismissing this aggrieved party's "Original" Habeas Corpus-Action, Filed on Oct. 1, 2020.

**APPENDIX C :** includes this aggrieved party's (28 U.S.C. §2241) Extraordinary, Writ of Habeas Corpus; Attachment A, & Exhibit I; which are the Best/Clear and Convincing Evidence that supports

**APPENDIX D :** the Writ; and the USDC's "ORDER" to proceed.

includes [All] of this aggrieved party's Pleading's, that were willfully omitted/ignored by the COA "Judge's."

**APPENDIX E :** includes a Certified Copy of this sovereigns application for his-["Original"]-state, Writ of Habeas Corpus-Action, with Attachment A; the Best/Clear & Convincing Evidence that

**APPENDIX F** supports his "Original" state-Habeas Corpus-Action.

## TABLE OF AUTHORITIES CITED

CASES:	PAGE NUMBER
<u>Bates v. United States Parcel Serv., Inc.</u> -	5
<u>Bond v. United States</u> -	11
<u>Davis v. Wechsler</u> -	7
<u>Lorenz v. Safeway, Inc.</u> -	6
<u>Lujan v. Def's of Wildlife</u> -	5
<u>Miranda v. Arizona</u> -	8
<u>O'Neal v. McAninch</u> -	8
<u>Rios</u> -	11
<u>Whitmore v. Arkansas</u> -	5
STATUTES AND RULES	
28 U.S.C. § 451	1, 5, 9, 11
§1254	1
§2241	2, 3, 10
§2242	10
§2243	10
§2254	4, 10
§3002(15)	1, 11
Chapter 153	2, 4, 7
SUPREME COURT RULES: 10(a); 20, 4(a)	10
Paramount - Constitution (Art. III)	1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12
OTHER	
Washington state Const.: Art. 1, Sec. 13;	3, 7
Art. 1. Sec. 25	<del>3</del> 4
RCW - Chapter 7.36	3, 7
Paramount - Constitution (First Amendment); (Fifth and Sixth Amendment's)	1, 2, 6, 7 6

IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

**OPINIONS BELOW**

**☒ For cases from federal courts:**

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix A to the petition and is

reported at \_\_\_\_\_; or,  
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,  
 is unpublished. *Unknown*

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

reported at \_\_\_\_\_; or,  
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,  
 is unpublished. *Unknown*

**[ ] For cases from state courts:**

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix \_\_\_\_\_ to the petition and is

reported at \_\_\_\_\_; or,  
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,  
 is unpublished.

The opinion of the \_\_\_\_\_ court appears at Appendix \_\_\_\_\_ to the petition and is

reported at \_\_\_\_\_; or,  
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,  
 is unpublished.

## JURISDICTION

### For cases from federal courts:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was Feb. 9, 2021.

No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: April 1, 2021, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix A.

An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including \_\_\_\_\_ (date) on \_\_\_\_\_ (date) in Application No. A.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1); More importantly this, "supreme Court,"sic, has "equity-jurisdiction" over the "matter" because this aggrieved party has been deprived of any "Remedy," STATE OR FEDERAL; with the STATE & FEDERAL "COURT'S" help/sanction, the "Respondent" hasn't even made an Appearance, therefore NONE of the justiciable (Art.III) claim's/allegation's have been "Resolved". See, Reason(s).Below.

### For cases from state courts:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was \_\_\_\_\_. A copy of that decision appears at Appendix \_\_\_\_\_.

A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: \_\_\_\_\_, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix \_\_\_\_\_.

An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including \_\_\_\_\_ (date) on \_\_\_\_\_ (date) in Application No. A.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a); This "supreme Court,"sic, also has "equity-jurisdiction" and or "Original Jurisdiction" over this aggrieved party's application for his-[Original]-state, Writ of Habeas Corpus (see, (Appendix E), because he has NO STATE REMEDY: his civil Writ has been placed in purgatory-[19 months and counting]-see, (28 U.S.C. §2254(b)(1)(B)(i)&(ii); see also "fundamental-miscarriage-of-justice exception" of (1986).

## CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

### Federal:

Article III., §§ 1 & 2, of the paramount "Constitution [for] the United States of America,"sic, (1781); Bill of Rights, 1791, specifically the First, Fifth and Sixth Amendment's.

Chapter 153 - Habeas Corpus - Principles-[Legislative Enacted]-Statutory Provisions, for entertaining [All] Habeas Corpus-Actions.

28 U.S.C. §2254(b)(1)(B)(i) and (ii).

See also, "fundamental-miscarriage-of-justice exception.

### State:

Washington state Constitution Article 1, § 13, and §25.

The Statutory Principles/Provisions of Chapter 7.36-Habeas Corpus.

And Specifically the "fundamental-miscarriage-of-justice exception" of (1986).

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE

For this Article III.-"supreme Court,"sic-convenience, this -[sovereign--man]-who is also an "Aggrieved Party" has provided, in Appendix C, the most relevant & substantial, best/clear and convincing evidence-[that is a matter-of-record]-that plainly articulates the "Statement.of.the.Case," and or the "Nature.of.the.Case" and proves beyond any doubt the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (USDC) Judge complicity of the "STATE COURT'S" and their "Clerk's" and "Judge's" willful misconduct and willful malicious Action's that have "deprived" this sovereign/aggrieved party of his fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress.

This "supreme Court,"sic, and its Justices' whom are vested with the judicial.power of the ["Union"] have a perpetual Primary Duty.to.Review this sovereigns-[Original]-Habeas.Corpus-Action's, both State & Federal, [de.novo], because [NONE] of this sovereigns meritorious & justiciable Article III. claim's/allegation's have been "Resolved" by either the "STATE COURT'S"; the (USDC); nor the UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEAL'S (COA). This sovereign has an absolute fundamental right to a equitable Remedy.

The irrefutable fact of the "matter" is that [every] administrative, "Private," [arbitration.event] thus far, (see, 28 U.S.C. §451), have willfully-[under your watch]-chose to deprive this sovereign/aggrieved party of his fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress by depriving him Access to a Court of Law; specifically an Article III. "Court of Equity"; and "Equal Protection of the Supreme, "Law.of.the.Land." Moral Turpitude/Moral-Wrong Doctrine.

NO "Justice"-[with integrity]-after descrying, de.novo, Case 4:20-cv-05016-SAB would claim that this sovereigns fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress-[litigate his-Habeas.corpus-action's]-have not been willfully abrogated/violated, via, fraud, manipulation, willful misconduct, willful malice, subterfuge, i.e., the use of a "Legal.Fiction," i.e., the irrelevant Standards for a "writ of mandamus; all of which has caused this sovereign an actual "injury.in.fact." The "COURT'S" Action's, both STATE and FEDERAL, truly "shock the conscience"; unjust/unfair.

## REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

First of all, even though the "JURISDICTION" part of this "Action" is invoked by the "COURT" under (28 U.S.C. §1254(1)) in order for the "COURT" (id. §451) to "give binding instructions or require the entire record to be sent up for decision of the entire "matter" in controversy; this sovereign respectfully asserts that this, "supreme.Court," sic, has "equity.jurisdiction," pursuant to (Article III., §1) of the paramount "Constitution [for] the United States of America," sic, (1787), to actually "Resolve" this sovereigns/agrieved party's meritorious "justiciable" (Article III., §2, cl.1) claim's. See, "Case & Controversy Clause, of (1940). See also, "equity.jurisprudence," (1826); and the "jurisdiction.clause, of (1861).

This sovereign has a right to be heard, i.e., he has fundamental "natural.rights"-[that are inalienable]-and absolute. These primary-[private]-rights have been broken, via, subterfuge, deception, fraud, willful misconduct, and willful malice, by the "STATE" and "FEDERAL" executive/administrative "COURT'S" (§451), and their "Clerk's" and "Judge's," whom are merely, "third party-arbitrators," in "Arbitration Event's." NOTE: this sovereign has figured out, the irrefutable fact that this, "supreme.Court," sic, (see, paramount Constitution [for] the United States of America, sic, (1787), (Article III., §1); and the "SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES," sic, (see, 28 U.S.C. §451, and §3002(15)); occupy the same space, in the same building, at the same address; and that the "Justice's" of the "supreme.Court," sic, also sit on the Bench, of the "SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES," as

"third party-arbitrator's"; which is absolutly a "Conflict.of-Interest," to say the least. But I digress, moving on.

This sovereign was forced to "File" his (id. §2241)-Habeas Corpus-Action (see, (Appendix C)), because the "STATE COURT'S," and their "Clerk's" & "Judge's," willfully chose to abrogate and or violate this sovereigns fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress. Meaning, this sovereigns application for his-[Original]-state, Writ of Habeas Corpus (OsWoHC) has been intentionally placed.in.purgatory-[19 months and counting].

The (USDC-Judge-arbitrator) determined that this sovereigns Habeas.Corusp-Acton-is.NOT.frivolous-by granting his, in forma pauperis; and the (USDC-Judge) even attested to the "justiciable" (Article III.) claim's and allegation's that are plainly and adequately pleaded; yet ultimately the (USDC-Judge-arbitrator) willfully chose to protect, sanction/support the "Bad-Actor's" by manipulating the "nature" of this sovereigns habeas corpus-Action by using a [Legal Fiction] to dismiss his meritorious habeas corpus, in violation of mandated principles/provisions of Chapter 153; without "Resolving" [any] of this sovereigns "justiciable" (Article III.) claim's; knowing full-well that the "Bad-Actor's" willfully deprived this sovereign of his fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress. See the, "fundamental-mis-carriage-of-justice.exception," of (1986) ("The doctrine allowing a federal.court in a habeas.corpus.proceeding to address a claim of constitutional.error that, although ordinarily unreviewable, is subject.to.review because of a state-court procedural default that rendered the proceedings basically Unfair."). You mean like NOT properly Filing this sovereigns (OsWoHC)-its own cause No.;

or like violating the States Legislative-[mandated]-Principles, Provisions of Chapter 7.36-Habeas Corpus-Procedures for entertaining an "Original" Habeas Corpus-Action; or like violating (Article 1, Sec. 13), the State created "entitlement" for all prisoners'-that was codified to support this sovereigns fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress. That being said, isn't the "Bad-Actor's," action's criminal in nature (see, Appendix C), and therefore contrary to the Supreme, "Law.of.the.Land," and this, "supreme.Court." Their actions, "shock.the.conscience."

So, the relevant Question is: since when does a Federal.Court "Lack.Jurisdiction" over a "matter" that involves the willful depravation/violation of a sovereigns fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress? Or the willful depravation/violation of a sovereigns fundamental right to "Access a Court of Law," or more importantly, deprive this sovereign his fundamental right to, an (Article III)-"Court of Equity"? Or how about depriving this sovereign of his fundamental right to the, "Equal.Protection.of.the.Supreme-[natural]-Law.of.the.Land? As stated, these irrefutable fact's are a "matter.of.record." See, Appendix C, and E.

This sovereign "Filed" his (\$2241-Habeas Corpus-Action) in good-faith; by.Notarized.Affidavit; and declared his claim's and allegation's under penalty of perjury.

According to the definition in Black's Law Dictionary-Fifth Pocket Edition, Page 367-a writ of habeas corpus is-("A writ employed to bring.a.person.before.a.court, most frequently to ensure.that.the.person's-[in this case a sovereign]-imprisonment or detention is.not.illegal. \* In addition to being used to test the legality of arrest or commitment, the writ may be used to --

obtain judicial review of (1)..., (2)..., or (3) the jurisdiction of a court that has imposed a criminal sentence.").

This sovereign challenged "the jurisdiction" of the court that imposed his criminal sentence; challenged Statutory law (Article 1, Sec. 25), as it was applied to this sovereign; yet this sovereign has suffered unconscionable, unjustifiable & unconstitutional action's that are "criminal in nature," which has cause this sovereign an actual injury in fact. And NOW, the FEDERAL COURT'S have also caused this sovereign an actual injury in fact, by willfully violating the Legislature's-[mandatory]-Statutory Principles/Provisions of Chapter 153-Habeas Corpus-Proceedings; even though the FEDERAL COURT accepted this sovereigns "Filing Fee" and determined that his habeas corpus-Action-is NOT frivolous.

What happened to the (USDC-Judge) bringing the "Respondent" to the court to "Answer" this sovereigns meritorious, justiciable (Article III.) claim's and allegation's.

Appendix C, plainly proves, not only the irrefutable fact that the (USDC-Judge) arbitrarily dismissed his habeas corpus-Action, via, bias, prejudice and impropriety, but also plainly proves that this sovereign, Has No STATE Remedy! See, (28 U.S.C. §2254(b)(1)(B)(i) and (ii)); see also, the "fundamental-miscarriage-of-justice exception," of (1986); and "fundamental-fairness doctrine," of (1969); and "fundamental right," (17c). "WHY" the willful deprivation of this sovereigns fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress? Because the STATE and FEDERAL, executive/administrative "COURT'S" know that this sovereign has Discovered The Law; and his habeas corpus-Action's, both STATE & FEDERAL, fully exposes their willful, by design, corruption.

This sovereigns "Original"-Habeas Corpus-Action-(USDC-Cause-No.4:20-cv-05016-SAB); and especially his-[Original]-state, Writ of Habeas Corpus, (Appendix E), are of Immense Public Interest!! And it is important, not only to this sovereign/aggrieved party, but also to others similarly situated. This sovereigns-Habeas Corpus-Action's are also of immense "national.importance," because "subversive.organization(s)" have literally displaced & disempowered, "We.The.People's," de.jure.judicial.system! Descry for yourselves Appendix C, E, and especially Appendix D.

This (Article III., §1)-"supreme.Court," sic-[as opposed to the, "SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES," sic-(§451)]-Justices' need to take off their "arbitrator" Hat's, and put on their "Judicial" Hat's, so you can actually make a proper "judicious" decision/determination of the plainly obvious "corruption" that is going on-[under your watch]-in both the STATE and FEDERAL, executive/administrative-[!Private!]-Arbitration Event's. See, "American.Arbitration.Association," of (1926). And also make a proper "judicious" decision/determination on the actual "merits" of this sovereigns/aggrieved party's "Original" Habeas Corpus-Action's. In other words, actually-[Resolve]-this sovereigns meritorious, "justiciable" (Article III., §2, cl. 1) claim's. See, Lujan.v..Def's.of.Wildlife, 504 U.S. 555, @ 559, 112 S.Ct. 2130, 119 L.Ed.2d 351 (1992) ("... the justiciable sort referred to in Article III. [,]" those that are appropriately resolved through the judicial process.")(quoting, Whitmore.v..Arkansas, 495 U.S. 149, @ 155, 110 S.Ct. 1717, 109 L.Ed.2d 135 (1990)).

This sovereigns meritorious, "justiciable" (Article III.) claim's gives him "Standing" in this equitable, "supreme.Court,"-- Reason(s)

sic. See, Bates v. United States Parcel Serv., Inc., 511 F.3d 974, @ 985 (9th Cir. 2007) ("Standing is a threshold matter central to our subject.matter.jurisdiction."). See also, Lorenz v. Safeway, Inc., 241 F.Supp.3d 1005, @ 1014 (N.D. Cal. 2017) ("The Supreme Court has made clear that when considering whether a plaintiff has Article III..Standing, a federal court must assume arguendo the merits of his or her legal.claim's."). Question, EXACTLY, how, did the (USDC-Judge) "dismiss" this sovereigns "Original"-Extraordinary, Writ of Habeas Corpus without-[Resolving]-the merits/justiciable (Article III.) claim's, i.e.: (1) the irrefutable fact that the "STATE COURT'S," and their Clerk's and Judge's willfully chose to deprive this sovereign of his fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress; (2) their willful violation of this sovereigns Fifth & Sixth Amendment Right's; (3) their willful denial of this sovereigns fundamental right to "Access a Court of Law," especially an (Article III.) "Court of Equity"; (4) their willful denial of this sovereigns fundamental right to "Equal Protection of the Supreme, "Law.of.the.Land"; all of which is a "matter.of.record," and therefore irrefutable.

Question, is the abrogation/violation of this sovereigns fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress, NOT CONSIDERED an (Article III.) "justiciable.claim," in and of itself? If not, please explain, exactly, in legal term's, how this sovereign has got this "matter" wrong? The definition of "Standing," in Black's Law Dictionary-Fifth Pocket Edition, page 734, states-("To have standing in federal.court, a plaintiff must show (1) that the challenged.conduct has caused the plaintiff actual.injury, and (2) that the interest.sought to be protected.is.within.the.zone

of interest meant to be regulated by the statutory or constitutional guarantee in question").

Plainly, the interest sought-[by this sovereign]-to be protected are within the zone of interest meant to be regulated by the Statutory Principles/Provisions-[mandated/enacted by the Legislature]-of Chapter 153. - Habeas Corpus - Proceedings; and the Constitutional guarantee's in question4; see Bill of Rights. Not to mention the State's Statutory Principles/Provisions of Chapter 7.36 - Habeas Corpus - Proceedings; see also, the State created "entitlement" (Article 1, Sec. 13), that the State Legislature enacted to support this sovereigns fundamental First Amendment Right To Redress.

The irrefutable fact of the "matter" is that the executive/administrative, STATE and FEDERAL "COURT'S"- [arbitration forums]- are willfully "obstructing justice" by allowing the Respondent to "evade" answering this sovereigns meritorious, "justiciable" (Article III.) claim's and creditable allegation's; "Federal Question's." See, Appendix C, E, and especially Appendix D.

Irrefutable fact, the "Resopndent(s)" haven't even been made to make an appearance? STATE or FEDERAL. How, EXACTLY, is that even possible, in a Court of Law, or especially in an (Article III.) "Court of Equity," where the plaintiff has "Filed," in good-faith, by Notarized Affidavit; and declared under penalty of perjury, an-["Original"]-Habeas Corpus-Action, that plainly and reasonable/adequately pleaded "justiciable" (Art.III) claims?

The Davis Court made clear, ("The assertion of federal rights, when plainly and reasonably made, are not to be defeated under the name of local practice.") Davis v. Wechster, 263 U.S. 22, -- Reason(s) Page 7 of 12

@ 24; Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436, @ 491. See also, O'Neal v. McAninch, \_\_\_ U.S. \_\_\_, \_\_\_, 115 S.Ct. 992, @ 995-97, 130 U.Ed.2d 947 (1995) ("The petitioner does not have the burden of proving the harmfulness of errors affecting substantial rights.").

All act's/action's, thus far, STATE and FEDERAL, are absolutely unconscionable; truly shocks the conscience; one might even call their action's, High-Treason, against this sovereign. Heck, the (USDC-Judge-[arbitrator])-even had the gull to question this sovereigns, Sovereignty.

The STATE and FEDERAL, executive/administrative, arbitration forums, which are in fact, "extrajudicial," have willfully abused their limited authority/power, by departing from the well established, long-standing, accepted and usual course of judicial proceedings, especially the Habeas Corpus-Principles/Provisions, see, (Appendix C), or have sanctioned such departure by a lower court, as to call for this, "supreme Court,"sic, to exercise its "equity jurisdiction," to prevent a miscarriage of justice. This sovereign [is] "innocent" of all criminal allegation's.

The irrefutable fact of the matter that make the ultimate difference in reaching a "justifiable" result in this sovereigns Habeas Corpus-Action, isn't just the fact that the STATE lacked the element's to charge 1st degree crimes against this sovereign, but the ultimate dispositive fact that NO Grand Jury was convened in either identified Judgment and Sentence (J&S), see Appendix E, page 1, and therefore NO True, "Bill of Indictment" exist. This is-["WHY!"]-this sovereigns application for his-[Original]-state, Writ of Habeas Corpus, sits in purgatory-[19 months & Counting]. See, Appendix E, a Certified Copy of this Sovereigns Writ.

These irrefutable fact's are "dispositive"; a dispositive fact is decisive in a legal matter, evidence that definitively "Resolves" the issue or "matter" in controversy. The dispositive facts described above make the (J&S's) challenged, in this sovereigns (OsWoHC), "void.ab.initio," as a matter of Natural Law and de jure Justice, Period. The (J&S's) are in fact, merely private "arbitration" contract's. This is one of the main reasons "WHY" the private corporation, known as "STATE OF WASHINGTON," sic, & its "private" executive/administrative "COURT'S, i.e., arbitration forums, and their Judge's, i.e., arbitrator's, refuse to "entertain" this sovereigns meritorious and creditable Writs; they have willfully aloud the "Respondent" to "evade" this sovereigns "justiciable" (Article III.) "claim's." And, "NOW," the executive/administrative FEDERAL COURT (id. §451), & their arbitrator's have willfully chose to sanction/support their fellow, associate's, i.e., the "STATE COURT'S" and their judge's and clerk's, "civil.wrongs," which are "criminal.in.nature," see, complicity-( "Involvement in or knowledge of a situation that is morally wrong or entails dishonesty." ). Simply descry (Appendix-C), de.novo; it plainly proves the corruption which has been willfully perpetrated upon this sovereign; just because he is exercising his fundamental-[natural]-rights & speaking the truth.

There are sooooo many more "Reason(s).For.Granting.Review" of this sovereigns-[Habeas.Corpus]-Action(s); simply descry this sovereigns (USDC-Case No.4:20-cv-05016-SAB), in its entirety, de.novo. This sovereign guarantees that any-[Justice]-with integrity, who has a conscientious mind, will see-["RED"]- when you descry/understand [all] the "civil.wrongs" that have been will-  
Reason(s)

fully perpetrated upon this sovereign; just to protect, and or "evade" the exposure of their lawless corruption. You can't make this shit up!!! And as stated, its all a "matter of record."

This, "Supreme Court," sic, has a perpetual, primary duty, to protect this sovereigns fundamental-[natural]-absolute rights; "God" given rights. Therefore this "supreme Court," sic, must-review this sovereigns "Original"-Habeas Corpus-Action's, State and Federal, (see, Appendix C, and E), de-novo, as a matter of Law and to ensure Justice, i.e., "Resolve" this sovereigns meritorious, "justiciable" (Article III., §2, cl. 1) "claim's."

Especially the justiciable claim's, plainly & adequately pleaded in this sovereigns-[Original]-state, Writ of Habeas Corpus (Appendix E). See, the "fundamental-miscarriage-of-justice exception," of (1986); the "fundamental-fairness doctrine," of (1969); and "fundamental law."

This sovereign/aggrieved party, has done his best to cover all the criterion/requirements of (Rule 10(a)); (Rule 20.4(a)); the "COURT'S" instructions (XIII.); and the §2241, §2243, and §2254 provision's; and inparticularly the last paragraph of §2242. This sovereign did "File" his §2241-[Extraordinary]-Writ of Habeas Corpus-Action, in the District Court (Appendix C), but it did him absolutely "NO GOOD"; to much bias/prejudice, i.e., corruption, and impropriety. In other words, their Interest is in conflict with this sovereigns "Vested Liberty Interest".

There are exigent circumstances that exist-[Covid-19]-and therefore this sovereign prays that this, "supreme Court," sic, will expedite this sovereigns-[Original]-Habeas Corpus-Action's.

This Case is absolute, "Immense Public Interest"!!!

The Justices' of this (Art.III., §1) "supreme Court," sic, unequivocally know the difference between the paramount-"Constitution [for] the United States of America," sic, (1787); and the "private" corporate-[bylaws]-of the elite's "private" corporation known as, "United States," (28 U.S.C. §3002(15)), i.e., their "constitution [of] the United States," sic. See, Rios, 2020: ("[I]f a Bill of Rights protection is incorporated, there is no daylight between the federal and state conduct it prohibits...").

This sovereigns fundamental-absolute-[natural rights]-are "God" given rights, that are "inalienable"; meaning, they do not need to be incorporated, especially by any "subversive Organization(s), or any "fictitious" corporation, or (§451-COURT), which exist only on "Paper." See, Bond v. United States, 131 S.Ct. 2355, @ 2364(A)(4)(2011) ("Corporations are not and can never be Sovereign. They are not real, they are fiction and only exist on paper." - "... all laws created by these government corporations are private corporate regulations, called public law, ... to conceal their true nature. Since these government bodies are not Sovereign, they cannot promulgate or enforce Criminal Laws;..."). See, Appendix E; the (J&S's) have NO force or effect.

These dispositive/irrefutable facts of the "matter" at hand, plainly proves that this sovereign has been imprisoned, "under color of law, i.e., "color of process"; an "arbitration event, which is in fact "extrajudicial," meaning, "outside the functioning of the Sovereigns de jure "court system." Faist.

This sovereign, based upon the dispositive facts, plainly articulated in this Action; and throughout his entire litigation, Motions this "supreme Court," sic, for "Summary Judgment." This Reason(s)

sovereign/aggrieved party has an absolute-[natural right]-to an equitable "Remedy" by this (Art.III.)-"supreme Court"-[Court of Equity], as a matter of "natural Law" and "Justice."

I, Richard Wesley Bryan, of the honorable Bryan clann, in his sui juris sovereign capacity/Standing, "files" this Certiorari-For Review of his "Original" Habeas Corpus-Action's in good-faith, by notarized Affidavit; and declares under penalty of perjury, (within) the Laws of the United States of America," that all the allegation's and "justiciable" (Article III., §2, cl. 1) claim's plainly articulated above, True and Correct, and based upon this sovereigns/aggrieved party's First Hand Knowledge, Understanding and Beliefs.

Further, this Affiant, Richard Wesley Bryan, Saith Naught.

Done this 25<sup>th</sup> day of the month of May, 2021, A.D..

Richard Wesley Bryan  
Richard Wesley Bryan, sui juris sovereign  
all rights reserved **CONCLUSION**  
Coyote Ridge Corr. Ctr.  
P.O. Box 769  
Connell, WA. 99326

The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted; In order for this (Article III., §1) - "supreme Court," sic-[Court of Equity]-to "Review"-[*de novo*]-this sovereigns "Original" Habeas-Action's.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard Wesley Bryan  
Richard Wesley Bryan

Date: May 25, 2021

Notary:

SEAL

In witness herein, Richard Wesley Bryan, did personally and physically appear before ME with Picture ID and being sworn upon oath, certifies and declares that this "Certiorari-For Review" of his "Original" Habeas Corpus-Action's, State and Federal, is brought in good-faith, by notarized Affidavit; and declared under penalty of perjury, that the foregoing is True & Correct and based upon his First Hand Knowledge.

Dated this 25<sup>th</sup> day of the month of May, 2021, A.D..

Lana L. Rowlette  
Notary; State of Washington; County of Franklin  
My Commission Expires: 02/13/2025  
Reason(s) Page 12 of 12

