

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

---

No. 20-14598-C

---

DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS,

Plaintiff - Appellant,

versus

DEANN MORRIS,  
MITZI HALL,  
FNU LOMAMI,  
FNU BROWN,  
SUSAN OLIVER,  
et al.,

Defendants - Appellees.

---

Appeal from the United States District Court  
for the Southern District of Georgia

---

ENTRY OF DISMISSAL: Pursuant to the 11th Cir.R.42-1(b), this appeal is DISMISSED for want of prosecution because the appellant Daryl DeWayne Riggins has failed to pay the filing and docketing fees to the district court within the time fixed by the rules., effective December 30, 2020.

DAVID J. SMITH  
Clerk of Court of the United States Court  
of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit

by: Walter Pollard, C, Deputy Clerk

FOR THE COURT - BY DIRECTION

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA

DUBLIN DIVISION

DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	CV 320-053
	)	
DEANN MORRIS; MITZI HALL;	)	
FNU LOMAMI; FNU BROWN;	)	
SUSAN OLIVER; FNU LINDSEY;	)	
TARRA JACKSON; KOHELLE	)	
WATSON; EDGINALD GIBBONS;	)	
LAKISHA FRANKLIN; CHABARA	)	
DAVIS BRAGG; and ANTOINE G.	)	
CALDWELL,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

---

**MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION**

---

Plaintiff, an inmate at Johnson State Prison in Wrightsville, Georgia, seeks to proceed *in forma pauperis* ("IFP") in this action filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. For the reasons set forth below, the Court **REPORTS** and **RECOMMENDS** Plaintiff's request to proceed IFP be **DENIED** (doc. no. 4), and this action be **DISMISSED** without prejudice.

**I. BACKGROUND**

A prisoner attempting to proceed IFP in a civil action in federal court must comply with the mandates of the Prison Litigation Reform Act ("PLRA"), Pub. L. No. 104-134, §§ 801-810, 110 Stat. 1321 (1996). 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g) of the PLRA provides:

MOTION TO OPEN (RULE 28) ORAL (WRITTEN) ARGUMENT

In no event shall a prisoner bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding under this section if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility, brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury.

“This provision of the PLRA, commonly known as the three strikes provision, requires frequent filer prisoners to prepay the entire filing fee before federal courts may consider their lawsuits and appeals.” Rivera v. Allin, 144 F.3d 719, 723 (11th Cir. 1998) (internal citations omitted), *abrogated on other grounds by* Jones v. Bock, 549 U.S. 199 (2007); *see also* Lomax v. Ortiz-Marquez, 140 S. Ct. 1721, 1726 (U.S. 2020) (“The point of the PLRA, as its terms show, was to cabin not only abusive but also simply meritless prisoner suits.”). The Eleventh Circuit has upheld the constitutionality of § 1915(g) because it does not violate an inmate’s right to access the courts, the doctrine of separation of powers, an inmate’s right to due process of law, or an inmate’s right to equal protection. Rivera, 144 F.3d at 721-27.

## **II. DISCUSSION**

### **A. Dismissal Is Warranted Because Plaintiff Has Three Strikes Under § 1915(g)**

Plaintiff states he has not had a case dismissed based on the three strikes rule in § 1915(g). (Doc. no. 7-1, p. 13.) However, a review of Plaintiff’s history of filings reveals he has brought at least three cases that were dismissed and count as strikes: (1) Riggins v. Harris, Civ. Act. No. 3:10-CV-0039-JTC (N.D. Ga. July 7, 2010) (dismissed for failure to state claim); (2) Riggins v. Debbie, Civ. Act. No. 3:06-cv-0097-JTC (N.D. Ga. Nov. 1, 2006)

(dismissed for failure to state claim); and (3) Riggins v. Turner, Civ. Act. No. 3:05-CV-0136 (N.D. Ga. Jan. 18, 2006) (dismissed for failure to exhaust administrative remedies)<sup>1</sup>. Moreover, Plaintiff has had numerous cases dismissed based on his status as a “three-striker,” one of which was dismissed less than one month prior to when he signed his amended complaint in this case on October 5, 2020. See, e.g., Riggins v. Riggins, 1:20-CV-0133 (N.D. Ga. Sept. 8, 2020) (collecting cases, denying IFP status, and dismissing case based on accumulation of three strikes). Because Plaintiff has at least three strikes, he cannot proceed IFP unless he can demonstrate he qualifies for the “imminent danger of serious physical injury” exception to § 1915(g). See Mitchell v. Nobles, 873 F.3d 869, 873 (11th Cir. 2017).

**B. Plaintiff Does Not Qualify for the Imminent Danger Exception**

In order to come within the imminent danger exception, a prisoner must be in imminent danger at the time he files suit in district court, not at the time of the alleged incident that serves as the basis for the complaint. Medberry v. Butler, 185 F.3d 1189, 1193 (11th Cir. 1999). General or conclusory allegations are “insufficient to invoke the exception to § 1915(g) absent specific fact allegations of ongoing serious physical injury, or of a pattern of misconduct evidencing the likelihood of imminent serious physical injury.” Sutton

---

<sup>1</sup>In the Eleventh Circuit, “[a] claim that fails to allege the requisite exhaustion of remedies is tantamount to one that fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.” Rivera, 144 F.3d at 731; see also Solliday v. Federal Officers, 413 F. App’x 206, 208 (11th Cir. 2011) (*per curiam*) (same).

v. Dist. Attorney's Office, 334 F. App'x 278, 279 (11th Cir. 2009) (*per curiam*) (citing Brown v. Johnson, 387 F.3d 1344, 1350 (11th Cir. 2004)).

Plaintiff complains about medical treatment dating back to June 2013. (Doc. no. 7-1, p. 5.) He also describes ongoing treatment through September 2020 related to "scrotal pain," including an "ultrasonography," testing by a gastroenterologist, and administration of antibiotics, and an alternative to antibiotics, when it was discovered he had an allergy to one type of medication used to treat him. (*Id.* at 5, 10.) Although Plaintiff describes ongoing pain and swelling from his condition, he has not been denied all care and/or medication. Rather, he complains that he has been deprived of a certain type of treatment and/or medication which he believes he needs. Thus, by his own admission, Plaintiff has not been denied all care and/or medication. *Cf. Brown*, 387 F.3d at 1350 (recognizing exception satisfied where "total withdrawal of treatment for serious diseases, as a result of which [the plaintiff] suffers from severe ongoing complications," makes the plaintiff more susceptible to various illnesses and rapid health deterioration). Moreover, Plaintiff's allegations concerning his belief that Defendants have altered his medical records to support their course of treatment for Plaintiff, (doc. no. 7-1, p. 6), does not satisfy the imminent danger exception. *See Odum v. Bryan Cnty. Judicial Circuit*, No. CV 4:07-181, 2008 WL 766661, at \*1 (S.D. Ga. Mar. 20, 2008) (requiring specific allegations grounded in specific facts indicating injury is imminent).

In sum, Plaintiff fails to demonstrate he should be excused from paying the full filing fee under the "imminent danger" exception to § 1915(g)'s three strike rule.

**C. The Amended Complaint Should Also Be Dismissed Because Plaintiff Failed to Truthfully Disclose His Prior Filing History**

The standard form on which Plaintiff submitted his claims, “Complaint for Violation of Civil Rights (Prisoner Complaint),” requires that prisoner plaintiffs disclose: (1) whether they have begun other lawsuits in state or federal court dealing with the same facts involved in the current action, (2) whether they have filed other lawsuits in state or federal court otherwise relating to the conditions of their imprisonment, and (3) the disposition of any such lawsuits. (Doc. no. 7-1, pp. 14-15.) Under the question concerning whether a prisoner plaintiff has brought any lawsuits otherwise relating to the conditions of his imprisonment, the prisoner plaintiff who has brought any such lawsuits is specifically instructed to describe each lawsuit, including the court hearing the case, and the date of filing and disposition. (*Id.*) If there is more than one such lawsuit, the additional lawsuits must be described on another piece of paper. (*Id.*)

Here, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11, Plaintiff disclosed he filed a prior case dealing with the same facts as this case, (*Riggins v. Womble*, CV 315-085 (S.D. Ga. Oct. 9, 2015), but he denied having a case dismissed based on the three strikes rule or filing other lawsuits in state or federal court otherwise relating to the conditions of his imprisonment. (Doc. no. 7-1, pp. 13-16.) As discussed in Part II(A), *supra*, Plaintiff has filed multiple federal cases related to conditions of his imprisonment and had multiple cases dismissed under the three strikes rule.

The Eleventh Circuit has approved of dismissing a case based on dishonesty in a complaint. In *Rivera*, the Court of Appeals reviewed a prisoner plaintiff’s filing history for

the purpose of determining whether prior cases counted as “strikes” under the PLRA and stated:

The district court’s dismissal without prejudice in Parker is equally, if not more, strike-worthy. In that case, the court found that Rivera had lied under penalty of perjury about the existence of a prior lawsuit, Arocho. As a sanction, the court dismissed the action without prejudice, finding that Rivera “abuse[d] the judicial process[.]”

Rivera, 144 F.3d at 731; see also Sears v. Haas, 509 F. App’x 935, 936 (11th Cir. 2013) (*per curiam*) (affirming dismissal of complaint where prisoner plaintiff failed to accurately disclose previous litigation); Redmon v. Lake Cnty. Sheriff’s Office, 414 F. App’x 221, 223, 226 (11th Cir. 2011) (*per curiam*) (affirming dismissal, after directing service of process, of amended complaint raising claims that included denial of proper medical care and cruel and unusual punishment for placement in a “restraint chair” and thirty-seven days of solitary confinement upon discovering prisoner plaintiff failed to disclose one prior federal lawsuit); Young v. Sec’y Fla. for Dep’t of Corr., 380 F. App’x 939, 940-41 (11th Cir. 2010) (*per curiam*) (affirming dismissal of third amended complaint based on a plaintiff’s failure to disclose prior cases on the court’s complaint form); Alexander v. Salvador, No. 5:12cv15, 2012 WL 1538368 (N.D. Fla. Mar. 21, 2012) (dismissing case alleging deliberate indifference to serious medical needs where plaintiff failed to disclose new case commenced in interim between filing original complaint and second amended complaint), *adopted by* Alexander v. Salvador, No. 5:12cv15, 2012 WL 1538336 (N.D. Fla. May 2, 2012).

The practice of dismissing a case as a sanction for providing false information about prior filing history is also well established in the Southern District of Georgia. See, e.g., Brown v. Wright, CV 111-044 (S.D. Ga. June 17, 2011); Hood v. Tompkins, CV 605-094

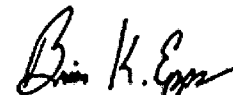
(S.D. Ga. Oct. 31, 2005), *aff'd*, 197 F. App'x 818 (11th Cir. 2006).

Here, under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11, and as described in detail above, Plaintiff failed to truthfully disclose his prior filing history and provided blatantly dishonest answers to the questions on the complaint form. Therefore, even if Plaintiff were permitted to proceed IFP, the case should be dismissed without prejudice as a sanction for the dishonesty.

### III. CONCLUSION

In sum, Plaintiff has accumulated at least three strikes against him and cannot satisfy the dictates of the "imminent danger" exception of § 1915(g). Thus, he fails to demonstrate that he should be excused from paying the full filing fee. Furthermore, even if Plaintiff were allowed to proceed IFP, the case should be dismissed because he has abused the judicial process by providing dishonest information about his filing history. Therefore, the Court **REPORTS** and **RECOMMENDS** Plaintiff's request to proceed IFP be **DENIED** (doc. no. 4), and this action be **DISMISSED** without prejudice. If Plaintiff wishes to proceed with the claims raised in this case, he should be required to initiate a new lawsuit, which would require submission of a new complaint. Dupree v. Palmer, 284 F.3d 1234, 1236 (11th Cir. 2002).

SO REPORTED and RECOMMENDED this 21st day of October, 2020, at Augusta, Georgia.



BRIAN K. EPPS  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA



NO. USCA11 NO. 20-14598

CASE NO. CV320-053-DHB-BKE

APPEAL NO. 20-14598-C

IN THE  
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICE OF THE CLERK  
WASHINGTON, DC 20543-0001

DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS,  
PETITIONER,

VS. APPEAL # USCA11 20-14598

DEANN MORRIS, ET AL.  
RESPONDENT(S)

AMENDED MOTION(S) FOR DIRECT APPEAL / APPEAL AND BRIEF IN SUPPORT THEREOF

COME(S) NOW <FNU> DEANN MORRIS, HSA; <FNU> MITZI HALL, DON; <FNU> BROWN, M.D.; <FNU> AMEDUN, M.D.; <FNU> LOMAMI, PA; <FNU> SUSAN K. OLIVER, NP/PA; <FNU> LINDSEY, NP/PA; TARRA JACKSON, (MEDICAL, UM); LAKISHA FRANKLIN, DWCT; KOCHELLE WATSON, DWS; EDGINALD GIBBONS, DWS; ADAMESSE, DWA; CHABARRA DAVIS BRASS, GC/EC AND ANTOINE B. CALDWELL, W OF JOHNSON STATE PRISON P.O. BOX 344 / 290 DONOVAN - HARRISON ROAD WRIGHTSVILLE, GEORGIA 31096-5045 PPX: <47E> BB4-410Z AS RESPONDENT(S) NOW BY AND THROUGH HIS/HER ATTORNEY OF RECORD(S) AND MAKE(S) THIS PETITIONER AS DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS AMENDED MOTION(S) FOR APPEAL, N. A PROCEEDING UNDERTAKEN TO HAVE A DECISION(S) RECONSIDERATION BY A HIGHER AUTHORITY; ESP, THE SUBMISSION OF LOWER HONORABLE COURT OR AGENCY'S DECISION(S) TO A HIGHER HONORABLE COURT FOR NOW NEW REVIEW AND NOW ALSO POSSIBLE REVERSAL. - APPEAL, V.B. - APPEALABILITY, N... SEE CERTIORARI. PETITIONER, RIGGINS SHOW(S) TO HONORABLE COURT AS FOLLOW(S):

(1)

THE PETITIONER AS RIGGINS RE ASSERT(S) AND RE-ALLEGE(S) EACH AND EVERY ALLEGATION(S) CONTAINED IN RIGGINS AMENDED MOTION(S) FOR APPEAL.

(2)

THE HONORABLE COURT SHOULD GRANT PETITIONER AMENDED MOTION(S) FOR APPEAL FOR THE FOLLOWING REASON(S):

(1) THE COURT ERRED IN ALLOWING IN CASE 3: 20-CV-00053-DHB-BKE DOCUMENT B FILED OCTOBER 21ST, 2020 PAGE 10 OF 7 MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION UNDER:

(B) PLAINTIFF DOES NOT QUALIFY FOR THE IMMINENT DANGER EXCEPTION (LOOK ON P. 4)

ON DECEMBER 5TH, 2019 RIGGINS WENT TO <FNU> BROWN, MD WITH WARNING SIGN(S): A NODE THAT IS AN INCH OR MORE IN DIAMETER (RIGHT UPPER, THIGH); A NODE THAT WAS DRAINING PUS (LOWER, RIGHT) LEG AND FEVER (100.1) ... <FNU> BROWN, M.D. MADE EVALUATION (TO FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL TO RULE OUT DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS; PREECLAMPSIA, CELLULITIS AND OTHER POSSIBLE CAUSE(S) BEFORE DOCTOR IN E.R. CAN DIAGNOSE PHYSIOLOGIC EDEMS. DOCTORS AT E.R. TRIED CALLING <FNU> BROWN, M.D. OF FINDING (SWELLING LIMB (UPPER, RIGHT, THIGH) FROM ULTRASOUNDGRAPH ... DOCTOR, BROWN REFUSED TO CALL BACK. SO DOCTOR AT E.R. DISCHARGED RIGGINS. DOCTOR AT E.R. WAS GOING TO KEEP RIGGINS AND GIVE (1,000 MG VANCOMYCIN) FOR FEW DAY(S);

WHEREFORE, PETITIONER RESPECTFULLY REQUEST(S) THAT HONORABLE COURT GRANT ~~AMENDED MOTIONS~~ <sup>AMENDED MOTIONS</sup> FOR APPEAL.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, THIS 12TH DAY OF APRIL, 20 21

P.O. BOX 344  
290 DONOVAN - HARRIS ROAD  
WRIGHTSVILLE, GEORGIA 31096-5045  
<47E> BB4-410Z (P)

Daryl Dewayne Riggins  
DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS

# SCROTAL PAIN & SWELLING

WHAT FNU, BROWN, M.D. AND FNU, AYEJUN, M.D. SHOULD DO  
DOCTOR FIRST ASK QUESTION(S) ABOUT DRYL DEWHYNE SYMPTOM(S): BROWN STATE PAIN  
ULTRASOUNDGRAPHY EVALUATION OF MONDAY OF JUNE 29TH, 2020 (BURNING SIGN(S));  
SWOLLEN, SEVERE PAIN (UPPER, RIGHT, THIGH) FRONT AND BACK, LET NOW 53mm (BRAIN AREA)  
SWELLING IN RIGID SCROTUM (THE SAC THAT SURROUNDS AND PROTECTS RIGID TESTES)  
BILATERAL AND/OR RED OR BLACK DISCOLORATION OF RIGID SCROTUM AND/OR BETWEEN RIGID  
PENIS AND RIGID ANUS  
SYMPTOM(S) OF RIGID HIGH FEVER (101.1) WHEN CHECKED BY FNU, DORSEY, L.P.

<FNU> SUSAN K. DRIVER, NP/PA AND <FNU> LINDSEY, NP/PA SHOULD HAVE SENT RIGID TO A DOCTOR  
WHO HAS BURNING SIGN(S) AND WAS IN SEVERE PAIN SHOULD SEE A DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY BECAUSE  
SOME CAUSE(S) OF RIGID PAIN CAN LEAD TO LOSS OF RIGID (RIGHT, TESTIS) OR OTHER SEVERE  
COMPLICATION(S).  
<FNU> BROWN, M.D. AND <FNU> AYEJUN, M.D. FIRST ASK QUESTION(S) ABOUT RIGID SYMPTOM(S) AND  
MEDICAL HISTORY AND THEN DO A PHYSICAL EXAMINATION. WHAT THEY FIND DURING THE HISTORY AND  
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OFTEN SUGGEST(S) A CAUSE OF RIGID SCROTAL PAIN AND RIGID (RIGHT TESTIS)  
THAT MAY NEED TO BE DONE. "DOCTOR SHOULD HAVE ASKED"

WHERE THE PAIN IS LOCATED  
HOW LONG PAIN HAS BEEN PRESENT  
WHETHER THERE ARE INJURIES TO RIGID SCROTUM AND/OR BRAIN AREA  
WHETHER THERE ARE ANY PROBLEMS URINATING (SUCH AS BURNING OR DISCHARGE)  
WHETHER THERE ARE ANY DISORDERS THAT MAY CAUSE RIGID PAIN TO TRAVEL TO RIGID SCROTUM  
HONORABLE COURT ALTHOUGH THE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION CONCERNS CONCENTRATION(S) ON THE TESTIS,  
THE SCROTUM AND THE ABDOMEN, DOCTOR(S) ALSO LOOK FOR SIGNS OF DISORDER(S) ELSEWHERE THAT  
MAY CAUSE PAIN TO BE FELT IN RIGID SCROTUM.

<FNU> BROWN, M.D. AND <FNU> AYEJUN, M.D. FIRST LOOK TO IDENTIFY DISORDER(S) THAT REQUIRE SAME  
IMMEDIATE TREATMENT(S).  
THE ONSET AND NATURE OF RIGID PAIN AND RIGID AGE CAN PROVIDE CLUES TO THE CAUSE(S).

## KEY POINT(S)

EPIDIDYMITIS IS THE MOST COMMON CAUSE OF SCROTAL PAIN IN MEN, PARTICULARLY THOSE WITH  
DISCHARGE OR BURNING OR PAIN DURING URINATION;  
DOCTOR(S) MAY DO SURGERY INSTEAD OF IMAGING TEST(S) IF ? THEY ARE PARTICULARLY CONCERNED  
ABOUT TESTICULAR TORSION; AND  
SCROTAL PAIN CAN BE CHANGED BY PAIN THAT IS REFERRED FROM THE ABDOMEN.

## TREATMENT

HONORABLE COURT THE BEST TREATMENT OF SCROTAL PAIN IS TREATMENT OF THE CAUSE OF RIGID  
PAIN <1,000mg VANCOMYCIN, TWICE A DAY> FOR FOUR THROUGH SIX DAY(S) IN A HOSPITAL AND LET  
DOCTOR PUT IN RIGHT ARM & POWER PICC / SOLID CATHETER. FOR EXAMPLE, TESTICULAR TORSION,  
STRAINBLATED HERMIS AND NECROTIZING INFECTION REQUIRE PROMPT SURGERY.

(WRIT OF CERTIORARI)

(MOTION(S) FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT(S))

RULE 28. DOCUMENT(S)

30F

# SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES

ON THURSDAY OF DECEMBER 5TH, 2019 <FNW> BROWN, M.D. SENT DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS ON A EVALUATION: A NODE THAT IS DRAINING PUS (RIGHT-LOWER, LEG 53mm) AND FEVER (100.0) TO FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL FOR THE DOCTOR(S) IN E.R. MUST RULE OUT DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS: BLOOD CLOTS FORM IN VEINS LOCATED DEEP WITHIN PART OF RIGGINS BODY (LOWER-RIGHT, LEG NOW 53mm); IN PREECLAMPSIA: BLOOD PRESSURE AND PROTEIN LEVELS IN RIGGINS URINE INCREASE DURING LIMB SWELLING. FLUIDS MAY ACCUMULATE, CAUSING SWELLING IN RIGGINS (RIGHT-FOOT) --- IF SEVERE, PREECLAMPSIA CAN DAMAGE ORGAN(S) LIKE SUCH AS RIGGINS BRAIN, KIDNEY(S), LUNGS OR LIVER NOW CAN CAUSE PROBLEM(S) IN LEG(S); AND IN CELLULITIS, BACTERIA INFECT RIGGINS SKIN AND TISSUES UNDER RIGGINS SKIN, NOW CAUSING SWELLING WITH REDNESS AND TENDERNESS. CELLULITIS MOST COMMONLY AFFECT(S) RIGGINS (RIGHT) LEG... BUT MAY OCCUR ANYWHERE.

## EVALUATION(S)

DOCTOR(S) AT FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL MUST RULE OUT DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS, PREECLAMPSIA, CELLULITIS AND OTHER POSSIBLE CAUSE(S) BEFORE THEY CAN DIAGNOSE PHYSIOLOGIC EDEMA.

ON MONDAY OF DECEMBER 9TH, 2019 <FNW> LOMAMI, PA SHOULD HAVE SENT RIGGINS TO SEE <FNW> BROWN, M.D. WHO RIGGINS HAVE WARNING SIGN(S) SHOULD SAW BROWN RIGHT AWAY IN CONCERNS OF FINDING (ULTRASONOGRAPHY, UPPER-RIGHT, THIGH)

## WHAT <FNW> BROWN, M.D. DOES

FIRST ASKS RIGGINS QUESTION(S) ABOUT RIGGINS SYMPTOMS (UPPER-RIGHT, THIGH) AND (LOWER-RIGHT, LEG NOW 53mm) AND MEDICAL HISTORY. <FNW> BROWN, M.D. THEN DO A PHYSICAL EXAMINATION. WHAT BROWN FIND DURING THE HISTORY AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION AND NOW SHOULD SUGGEST(S) A CAUSE OF RIGGINS SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES AND NOW TEST(S) THAT MAY NEED TO BE DONE.

WHERE RIGGINS SWOLLEN NODES ARE LOCATED

HOW LONG NODES HAVE BEEN SWOLLEN

WHETHER RIGGINS HAS RECENTLY HAD AN INJURY (PARTICULARLY RAT BITES OR CAT SCRATCHES)

<FNW> BROWN, M.D. THEN DO A PHYSICAL EXAMINATION NOW BROWN CHECK FOR FEVER AND EXAMINE AREA(S) WHERE RIGGINS LYMPH NODES ARE FOUND.

NODES THAT ARE HARD (UPPER-RIGHT, THIGH) VERY ENLARGED AND DO NOT MOVE WHEN PUSHED MAY INDICATE CANCER.

HONORABLE COURT TENDERNESS, REDNESS AND WARMTH IN A SINGLE (RIGHT-UPPER, THIGH) ENLARGED LYMPH NODE (A NODE THAT IS AN INCH OR MORE IN DIAMETER) MAY INDICATE AN INFECTION OF RIGGINS NODE.

## TREATMENT(S)

PRIMARY TREATMENT IS DIRECTED AT RIGGINS CAUSE (I, DDDMS VANCOMYCIN) AND IN RIGGINS RIGHT ARM (POWER PICC) SOLD (CATHETER) FROM A HOSPITAL FOR FOUR THRU SIX DAY(S).

1 SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES ARE TREATED

## On KEY POINT(S)

TESTING IS USUALLY NEEDED WHEN THERE ARE WARNING SIGNS, WHEN OTHER SYMPTOMS OR LYMPH NODES SWELLING HAS NO APPARENT CAUSES;

WHEN RIGGINS LYMPH NODE SWELLING DOES NOT RESOLVE WITHIN THREE OR FOUR WEEKS, A BIOPSY MAY BE NEEDED,

# SWELLING (E1)E1M1)

When (FNU) DEAN MORRIS, HSA; (FNU) MITZI HALL, DON; (FNU) LOMANI, PA; (FNU) S55AN K-OLIVER, NP/PA; (FNU) LINDSEY, NP/PA; TARA JACKSON, (MEDICAL, UM); LAKISHA FRANKLIN, DWT; CHABRA DAVIS BRAB, GC/CC; KACHELIE WATSON, DWS; EDGEMOND GIBBONS, DWS AND ARTDINEB, CRIDWELL, W SHOULD HAVE LET MARYLENE RIGGINS GO TO NO (S) 1854D/11979ZB SEE (FNU) BROWN, M.D. AND (FNU) YEHUD, M.D. SINCE AUGUST 1ST, 2019 THROUGH JUNE 29TH, 2020. RIGGINS WHO HAVE WARNING SIGN(S) SHOULD SEE (FNU) BROWN, M.D. AND/OR (FNU) YEHUD, M.D. SWELLING LMB (LOWER. RIGHT, LEG NOW 53MM) EVALUATION (WARNING SIGN(S) SUDEN, ONSET SWELLING IN RIGGINS SCROTAL PM / SCROTAL SWELLING, THE SAC THAT SURROUNDS RIGGINS AND ALSO PROTECTS RIGGINS TESTS) AND SWELLING IN RIGGINS (UPPER. RIGHT, THIGH) GRAIN AREA; SIGNIFI- CANT PAIN AND TENDERNESS AND/OR SWELLING OF RIGGINS (RIGHT) LEGS NOW THROUGH MARCH 1ST, 2021.

(FNU) BROWN, M.D. OR (FNU) YEHUD, M.D. FIRST ASK RIGGINS QUESTION(S) ABOUT RIGGINS SYMP- TOMS AND MEDICAL HISTORY (DID NOT). DOCTOR'S THEN DO PHYSICAL EXAMINATION (DID NOT). WHAT THEY FIND DURING THE HISTORY AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OFTEN SUBSEQUENT CAUSE OF RIGGINS SWELLING AND THE TEST(S) THAT MAY NEED TO BE DONE.

(FNU) BROWN, M.D. AND/OR (FNU) YEHUD, M.D.; (FNU) DEAN MORRIS, HSA AND MITZI HALL, DON SHOULD HAVE ASKED RIGGINS ABOUT THE LOCATION AND DURATION OF RIGGINS (RIGHT. LEG NOW STILL 53MM) SWELLING AND PRESENCE (UPPER. RIGHT, THIGH) SWELLING AND RIGGINS (RIGHT. BUT) SWELLING AND DEGREE OF PAIN (#B) AND DISCOMFORT.

DURING THE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION; (FNU) BROWN, M.D.; (FNU) YEHUD, M.D.; (FNU) DEAN MORRIS, HSA AND (FNU) MITZI HALL, DON PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO THE AREA(S) OF RIGGINS SWELLING(S) BUT ALSO CAREFULLY EXAMINE RIGGINS FOR OTHER SIGN(S).

(FNU) BROWN, M.D.; (FNU) YEHUD, M.D.; (FNU) DEAN MORRIS, HSA AND (FNU) MITZI HALL, DON SHOULD HAVE LISTEN TO RIGGINS HEART AND LUNGS(S) WITH THEY STETHOSCOPE BECAUSE SWELLING MAY BE A SIGN OF A HEART DISORDER.

## TESTING

(1) FOR MOST PEOPLE WITH WIDESPREAD SWELLING, BLOOD TEST(S) ARE DONE TO EVALUATE THE FUNCTION(S) OF RIGGINS HEART, KIDNEY(S) AND LIVER; (2) URINALYSIS IS USUALLY ALSO DONE TO CHECK FOR LARGE AMOUNT(S) OF PROTEIN WHICH CAN INDICATE NEPHROTIC SYNDROME.

## Key points

2) SWELLING MAY BE WIDESPREAD OR CONFINED TO A SINGLE AREA (RIGGINS RIGHT LEG, 53MM)  
3) THE MAIN CAUSE(S) OF WIDE SPREAD SWELLING ARE HEART, LIVER AND KIDNEY DISORDER(S)  
4) THE MAIN CAUSE(S) OF SWELLING OF A SINGLE LIMB ARE BLOOD CLOT(S) IN (RIGGINS) VEIN AND INFECTION.

## TREATMENT

SPECIFIC CAUSES ARE TREATED (FOR EXAMPLE, ANTICOAGULANTS (BLOOD THINNERS) ARE GIVEN TO PEOPLE WITH BLOOD CLOT(S) IN THE LEGS) ANY DRUG(S) THAT CAUSED RIGGINS SWELLING ARE STOPPED (LAX - SIDE EFFECT(S) MUSCLE CRAMP(S), WEAKNESS, CONFUSION, SEVERE DIZZINESS AND FAST / IRRREGULAR HEART BEAT OR CHANGE IF ? POSSIBLE.

(WIT OF CERTIDARI)

INFORMATION(S) FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT(S) 5 OF

RULE 2B DOCUMENT(S)

## Offender GRIEVANCE FORM (Facsimile)

INSTITUTIONAL STAFF USE ONLY	
OFFENDER NAME: RIGGINS, DARYL (DARYL)	OFFENDER NUMBER: 185345/1191521
INSTITUTION: AUGUSTA STATE PRISON	GRIEVANCE NUMBER: 01257021 Rowland
DATE COMPLETED FORM RECEIVED FROM OFFENDER: 01/25/21	
DATE APPEAL RECEIVED: 1/25/21	BY: [Signature]

YOU MUST INCLUDE SPECIFIC INFORMATION CONCERNING YOUR GRIEVANCE TO INCLUDE DATES, NAMES OF PERSONS INVOLVED, AND WITNESSES.

DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT: ON FRIDAY OF JANUARY 22ND, 2021 PLASTIC SURGEON, M. AGKO CALL DARYL RIGGINS TO AUGUSTA STATE MEDICAL PRISON (ASMP) IN AUGUSTA, GEORGIA ABOUT SWELLING (EDEMA) IS DUE TO EXCESS FLUID (LOWER RIGHT LEG, NOW STILL 53mm) IN RIGGINS LEGS. FNU, LINDSEY, NP/PA ADVISED RIGGINS THE FLUID IS PREDOMINANTLY WATER... SO RIGGINS ADVISED M. AGKO, PLASTIC SURGEON THAT DOCTOR, TERESA (LEE) HATTEN AT FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL STOP RIGGINS FROM TAKING HEART MEDICATION CALLED LASIX (FUROSEMIDE) AND RIGGINS AD SIDE-EFFECTS: BAD HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, RAPID HEART RATE, CONFUSION AND ALLERGY AS (IN RASH ALSO DRY COUGH). SO M. AGKO ASKED RIGGINS ABOUT SCROTAL SWELLING/ SCROTAL PAIN RIGGINS SAC THAT SURROUNDS AND PROTECTS RIGGINS TESTES) RIGGINS ADVISED M. AGKO THAT RIGGINS STILL HAD SWOLLEN, SEVERE PAIN (RIGHT, SWOLLEN TESTES/TESTIS) SO AGKO ADVISED RIGGINS DISTING BLOCKS BLOOD FLOW TO RIGGINS TESTIS AND CAN CAUSE PAIN AND SOMETIMES DEATH "THE TESTIS". BUT AGKO DID CHECK SWELLING IN RIGGINS GROIN AREA (UPPER RIGHT, FRONT THIGH) IT NOT RED/BLACK DISCOLORATION OF RIGGINS SCROTUM OR BETWEEN RIGGINS PENIS AND ANUS (AREAS) RESOLUTION REQUESTED: 10FZ L PAPER ATTACHED

DARYL RIGGINS REALLY NEED LAKISHA FRANKLIN (DIRECT) COME TO ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION 234B) AND HAVE A PERSONAL INTERVIEW IN CONCERNS OF ALL RIGGINS MEDICAL ISSUES BECAUSE RIGGINS BEEN IN ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION SINCE FEBRUARY 3RD, 2020 NOW IT JANUARY 25TH, 2021 BECAUSE (W) SHIRLEY, LPN; (FNU) SUSAN K. OLIVER, NP/PA AND (FNU) LINDSEY, NP/PA STATED TO SAILOR, W/M; WILLIE BR, W/M; TARRA JACKSON (MEDICAL), W/M; KOCHHELLE WATSON, W/M; EDGINALD GIBBONS, W/M THAT RIGGINS TIE SOMETHING AROUND RIGGINS RIGHT LEG TO MAKE IT SWELL OUT (53mm) AND NOW RIGGINS WILL HAVE 'SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES (UPPER RIGHT, LEG); SWELLING EDEMA (SWELLING IS OFTEN IN RIGHT FOOT IN LOWER, RIGHT LEG AS HEART FAILURE AND SCROTAL PAIN / SWELLING (RIGHT BUT) SINCE (FNU) DEAN MORRIS, RIGGINS, DARYL (Riggins, Daryl)

Offender Signature: [Signature] Date: 01/25/21

this grievance being filed within the 10-day time limit? Please answer Yes or No. If the answer is No, please explain why.

DR YES GRIEVANCE BEING FILED WITHIN 10 DAYS DR

JA-2348

WARDEN'S/SUPERINTENDENT'S GRIEVANCE RESPONSE

Offender's Name: Riggins, Daryl

Grievance Number: 319710

GDC #: 186540

Facility: Johnson State Prison

**RESPONSE TO GRIEVANCE:**

Per SOP 227.02, grievance contained more than one issue/incident. Grievance rejected.

At W. C. Smith

2-11-21

Warden's/Superintendent's Signature

(Date)

I ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE ABOVE RESPONSE ON THIS DATE:

Daryl Riggins  
Offender's Signature

2/22/2021  
(Date)

*You have seven (7) calendar days within which to appeal this Response to your Grievance Coordinator. If the last day is not a business day at your institution, you may file it on the next day that is a business day.*

Retention Schedule: Upon Completion, this form shall be maintained with the grievance packet for four (4) years and then destroyed.

WARDEN'S/SUPERINTENDENT'S  
REJECTED GRIEVANCE RESPONSE

SOP 227.02  
Attachment 11  
5/10/19

Offender's Name: Riggins, Daryl

Grievance Number: 319710

#186540

Facility: Johnson State Prison

This grievance revealed that you failed to follow the proper procedure for filing the formal grievance; therefore, this grievance is rejected for the following reason(s):

- ☐ Does not personally affect the offender.
- ☐ Matters over which the Department has no control, including parole decisions, sentences, probation revocations, court decisions, and any matters established by the laws of the state.
- ☐ Disciplinary actions, including any warnings, sanctions, fees, or assessments. The disciplinary appeal procedure is located in SOP 209.01, Offender Discipline.
- ☐ Involuntary assignments to Administrative Segregation. The procedure to appeal such assignment is located in SOP 209.06, Administrative Segregation.
- ☐ Co-pay charges assessed for health care. The procedure to appeal such charges is located in SOP 507.04.03, Offender Health Concerns or Complaints.
- ☐ Transfers of offenders between institutions.
- ☐ Housing assignments, program assignments, security classifications or work assignments, unless there is an alleged threat to the offender's health or safety. The procedure to appeal such assignments is located in SOP 220.03, Classification Committee.
- ☐ Special Religious Requests that request a special religious accommodation outside the accommodations allowed for by policy. The procedure to file a Special Religious Request is located in SOP 106.11, Religious Accommodations.
- ☐ Allegations of Sexual Abuse and/or Sexual Harassment shall be forwarded to the Sexual Abuse Response Team (SART) and processed in accordance with SOP 208.06, Prison Rape Elimination Act – PREA Sexually Abusive Behavior Prevention and Intervention Program.
- ☐ Grievance was filed out of time frames as outlined in policy.
- ☐ Grievance included threats, profanity, insults, or racial slurs that are not part of the offender's allegation.
- ☐ X Grievance contained more than one issue/incident.
- ☐ Grievance contained extra pages other than those allotted and had writing on the backside of a page.
- ☐ Goal Devices including issuance, usage, access, loss or termination of privileges, repair or replacement of the tablets, etc.

Warden's Signature

(Date)

I ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE ABOVE RESPONSE ON THIS DATE:

Offender's Signature

(Date)

You have seven (7) calendar days within which to appeal this Response to your Grievance Coordinator.

If the last day is not a business day at your institution, you may file it on the next day that is a business day.

Retention Schedule: Upon Completion, this form shall be maintained with the grievance packet for four (4) years and then destroyed.

DATE APPEAL RECEIVED FROM OFFENDER \_\_\_\_\_

GRIEVANCE APPEAL FORM

COPY

RIGGINS, DARYL DEWAYNE  
OFFENDER NAME

186540/1177928  
I.D. NUMBER

310549  
GRIEVANCE NUMBER

I reject the Warden's/Superintendent's response to my grievance. The basis for this appeal is as follows: ON THE 7TH DAY OF JULY, 2020 (FM) SUSAN OLIVER (NP/PA) CAME TO JZ 234

ROOM TRYING TO GIVE DARYL RIGGINS GDC #186540 AN ANTIBIOTIC CALLED SUL-  
FAMETHOXAZOLE / TRIMETHOPRIM (BACTRIM / CO-TRIM, SEPTRA) SO RIGGINS ADVISED  
(FM) OLIVER THE SIDE-EFFECTS BLURRED VISION (BURRING), NUMBNESS, TINGLING,  
SHAKINESS AND UNSTEADY WALK (WEAKNESS) IN ARM (LEGS / FEET) PAIN SENSATIONS.

ON THE 29TH DAY OF JUNE, 2020 RIGGINS WENT TO BALDWIN STATE PRISON FOR A  
ULTRASONOGRAPH OF RIGGINS UPPER-RIGHT (LEG) OR SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES (LYMPH  
NODES ARE TINY, BEAN-SHAPED ORGANS THAT FILTER LYMPH FLUID) AND RIGGINS MAY  
EVALUATION DUE TO WARNING SIGNS (A NODE THAT IS AN INCH OR MORE IN DIAMETER  
IN RIGGINS UPPER-RIGHT (LEG); A NODE THAT FEELS HARD OR A FEVER (100 OR UN-  
EXPLAINED WEIGHT LOSS AND THAT IS WHEN (FM) SUSAN OLIVER (NP/PA) AND (WM)  
TARRA JACKSON (MEDICAL) SHOULD HAVE GOT (FM) DEANN MORRIS (HSA) AND  
MITZI HALL (DON) TO CHECK RIGGINS VERY PAINFUL OR DRAINING PUS OR OTHER MATERIAL  
SO RIGGINS SHOULD SAW (FOR) DOCTOR RIGHT AWAY? NEED A MEMBER OF TIM-  
OTHY C. WARD (COMMISSIONER) STAFF TO HELP RIGGINS GET MEDICAL ATTENTIONS.

COMMISSIONER'S DESIGNEE, SOUTHEAST REGION (DEPT.) OFFICE OF profes-  
SIONAL STANDARDS - GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS - OFFICE OF profes-  
SIONAL STANDARDS - P.O. BOX 1529 - FORSYTH, GEORGIA 31029 JDR

NOTE: The option to appeal a proposed resolution rests with the grievant. All grievances indicating a desire for appeal will be forwarded to the next level. However, to allow a full review of all issues the grievant wishes considered, he or she should state these reasons clearly in the appeal. Statements such as "not satisfied" or "appeal further" will result only in a general review. If for some reason this appeal is being submitted later than the allotted time frame, please state clearly the reasons why if you wish for this appeal to be considered. This appeal form along with the Grievance Form must be submitted to your Counselor or Grievance Coordinator.

OFFENDERS'S

SIGNATURE: Riggins, Daryl Dewayne DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Reproduced locally)

RECEIPT FOR GRIEVANCE AT COUNSELOR'S LEVEL

OFFENDER'S NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ I.D.# \_\_\_\_\_

I ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF GRIEVANCE APPEAL NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_ FROM THE ABOVE  
OFFENDER.

DATE: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ COUNSELOR'S SIGNATURE: \_\_\_\_\_



# 28 U.S.C. § 1331

THE STATUTE UNDER PETITION AS PETITIONER, DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS BDC ID NO(S) 186540 / 1177928, WHICH A JOHNSON STATE PRISONER CAN FILE A COMPLAINT (BIVENS v. SIX UNKNOWN NAMED AGENTS OFFEDERAL BUREAU OF NARCOTICS, 403 U.S. 388 (1971)) PURSUANT TO CIVIL CASE (CV320-053-DHB-BKE) ON JOHNSON STATE PRISON (MEDICAL/OFFICERS) OFFICIALS QUEST(S) DAMAGE(S) <MONEY>, AS A "REMEDY":

## DAMAGE'S

MONEY CLAIMED AT SIXTY THOUSAND AND 00/100THS (\$60,000.00) DOLLARS AND ASKING THE HONORABLE COURT AWARDED COST(S) AND COURT'S FEE(S) PLUS IN COMPENSATORY DAMAGE(S) ALSO FIFTEEN THOUSAND AND 00/100THS (\$15,000.00) DOLLARS IN PUNITIVE DAMAGE(S) BY PETITIONER, ORDERED RESPONDENT(S) TO PAY TO OR FUTURE DAMAGE(S): MONEY AWARDED TO RIGGINS AS INJURED PARTY OF AUGUSTA STATE MEDICAL PRISON (ASMP) GASTROENTEROLOGIST REPORT(S) ON TUESDAY OF SEPTEMBER 22ND, 2020 TO (FNU) AYEJUN, M.D. IN CONCERN(S) OF LEG (RIGHT, LOWER) AND A BALLOON-LIKE BULGE THAT EXTENDS FROM RIGGINS ABDOMEN INTO RIGGINS SCROTUM (RIGHT, TESTE) THAT CANNOT BE PUSHED BACK, OR PROTECTED EFFECT(S), SUCH AS THOSE THAT REDUCE RIGGINS ABILITY TO FUNCTION. EXAMPLE(S) ARE EXPECTED PAIN (UPPER RIGHT, THIGH) AND STILL SUFFERING (LOWER LEG, 53mm).

## CASE LAW: DAMAGE'S

DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS VERSUS DEAN MORRIS, — F. — D — (11TH CIR. 20 — ) PRISONER <DARYL RIGGINS, BDC ID NO(S) 186540 / 1177928 WERE EXPOSE <JOHNSON STATE PRISON> BY <FNU> BAILEY, LPN THEN TRANSFER TO FAIRVIEW <PARK> HOSPITAL THEN (SAME DAY) TO ATLANTA MEDICAL CENTER IN 2013, TO A KNOWN BY <FNU> BAILEY AS CEFTRIAXONE <ROCEPHIN> AS AN ANTIBIOTIC TO NOW KNOWN <PENICILIN> WHEN PRISON <MEDICAL OFFICIAL> FNU, BAILEY APPLIED ROCEPHIN DIRECTLY FOR THREE DAYS INTO RIGGINS HIP'S WHILE TESTED FOR CELLULITIS (LOWER-RIGHT, LEG) FOR EXTREMITY "EDEMA" STILL TO DAY WITH <FNU> BROWN, MD NOW <FNU> AYEJUN, M.D. SINCE JUNE OF 2013 THROUGH APRIL OF 2021.

PRISONER <DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS> FILE A § 1331 COMPLAINT(S) SUIT(S) AND NOW STILL ASKING HONORABLE DUDLEY H. BOWEN, JR. BACK (AUGUST 25TH, 2020) AWARDED SIXTY THOUSAND AND 00/100THS (\$60,000.00) DOLLARS PLUS U.S. MARSHAL COST(S) PLUS HONORABLE COURT FEE(S), IN COMPENSATORY DAMAGE(S) PLUS ALSO FIFTEEN THOUSAND AND 00/100THS (\$15,000.00) DOLLARS IN PUNITIVE DAMAGE(S) ... STILL NOW APRIL 1ST, 2021 IN CONCERN(S) 'SCROTAL PAIN AND SCROTAL SWELLING; SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES AND<sup>3</sup> SWELLING (EDEMA) ALL IN RIGHT LEG.

<ATIBADE, M.D.; <FNU> COWENS, MD NOW <FNU> BROWN, M.D. AND <FNU> AYEJUN, M.D. STILL LIABLE FOR A FAILURE TO ACT(S), REFLECT(S) A RECKLESS OR CALLOUS INDIFFERENCE TO STILL RIGGINS CONCERN(S) PLUS <FNU> BAILEY, NURSE (LPN) GIVEN (RIGGINS) ROCEPHIN AND / OR PENICILIN.

## DELIBERATE INDIFFERENCE

RIGGINS VERSUS MORRIS — F. — D — (11TH CIR. 20 — ) PRISONER <DARYL RIGGINS> FILED § 1331 PRO SE SUIT AGAINST <JOHNSON STATE PRISON> TERRA JACKSON, (MEDICAL, NM); LA KISH FRANKLIN, DWCT; KOCHELLE WATSON, DWS; EDGINALD GIBBONS, DWS; CHARBARA DAVIS BRAGG, GC/CC; ADAM MESSER, DWA AND ANTOINE B. CALDWELL, W FOR FAILING TO MAKE <FNU> DEAN MORRIS, HSA; MITZI HALL, DON; <FNU> BROWN, M.D.; <FNU> AYEJUN, M.D.; <FNU> LOMAMI, PA; <FNU> SUSANK, OLIVER, NP/PA AND <FNU> LINDSEY, NP/PA TO PRESCRIBE RIGGINS ETIDOLAC IS USED TO RELIEVE PAIN FROM VARIOUS CONDITIONS; IT ALSO REDUCES PAIN, SWELLING AND JOINT STIFFNESS FROM ARTHRITIS ... THIS MEDICATION IS KNOWN AS A NON STEROIDAL ANTI-FLAMMATORY DRUG (NSAID) FROM FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL SINCE MARCH 10TH, 2016 - 12/5/19.

IMMINENT DANGER

**UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT**

ELBERT PARR TUTTLE COURT OF APPEALS BUILDING  
56 Forsyth Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

David J. Smith  
Clerk of Court

For rules and forms visit  
[www.ca11.uscourts.gov](http://www.ca11.uscourts.gov)

December 11, 2020

Daryl DeWayne Riggins  
Johnson SP - Inmate Trust Fund  
PO BOX 344  
WRIGHTSVILLE, GA 31096-0344

Appeal Number: 20-14598-C  
Case Style: Daryl Riggins v. DeAnn Morris, et al  
District Court Docket No: 3:20-cv-00053-DHB-BKE

**This Court requires all counsel to file documents electronically using the Electronic Case Files ("ECF") system, unless exempted for good cause. Non-incarcerated pro se parties are permitted to use the ECF system by registering for an account at [www.pacer.gov](http://www.pacer.gov). Information and training materials related to electronic filing, are available at [www.ca11.uscourts.gov](http://www.ca11.uscourts.gov).**

The referenced case has been docketed in this court. Please use the appellate docket number noted above when making inquiries.

This Court has determined that the "three strikes" provision of the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995 is applicable to you. See Rivera v. Allin, 144 F.3d 719 (11th Cir. 1998), cert. dismissed, 119 S.Ct. 27 (1998).

Consistent with 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), this appeal cannot proceed until the full docketing and filing fees are paid to the United States **DISTRICT COURT**. Pursuant to 11th Cir. R. 42-1 (b), you are hereby notified that if the fees have not been paid within fourteen (14) days from this date, **this appeal will be dismissed without further notice by the clerk.**

**If the docketing and filing fees are paid**, you are hereby notified that pursuant to 11th Cir. R. 31-1, APPELLANT'S BRIEF IS DUE TO BE SERVED AND FILED WITHIN FORTY (40) DAYS FROM THE DATE THE APPEAL WAS DOCKETED IN THIS COURT. This is the only notice you will receive concerning the due date for filing the brief. If appellant's brief is not filed by the due date, this appeal will be dismissed without further notice pursuant to 11th Cir. R. 42-2.

Every motion, petition, brief, answer, response and reply filed must contain a Certificate of Interested Persons and Corporate Disclosure Statement (CIP). Appellants/Petitioners must file a

CIP within 14 days after the date the case or appeal is docketed in this court;  
Appellees/Respondents/Intervenors/Other Parties must file a CIP within 28 days after the case or appeal is docketed in this court, regardless of whether appellants/petitioners have filed a CIP.  
See FRAP 26.1 and 11th Cir. R. 26.1-1.

On the same day a party or amicus curiae first files its paper or e-filed CIP, that filer must also complete the court's web-based CIP at the Web-Based CIP link on the court's website. Pro se filers (except attorneys appearing in particular cases as pro se parties) are **not required or authorized** to complete the web-based CIP.

Sincerely,

DAVID J. SMITH, Clerk of Court

Reply to: Walter Pollard, C  
Phone #: (404) 335-6186

DKT-4 Three Strikes

**UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT**

ELBERT PARR TUTTLE COURT OF APPEALS BUILDING  
56 Forsyth Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

David J. Smith  
Clerk of Court

For rules and forms visit  
[www.ca11.uscourts.gov](http://www.ca11.uscourts.gov)

December 30, 2020

Clerk - Southern District of Georgia  
U.S. District Court  
Federal Justice Center  
600 JAMES BROWN BLVD  
AUGUSTA, GA 30901

Appeal Number: 20-14598-C  
Case Style: Daryl Riggins v. DeAnn Morris, et al  
District Court Docket No: 3:20-cv-00053-DHB-BKE

The enclosed copy of the Clerk's Entry of Dismissal for failure to prosecute in the above referenced appeal is issued as the mandate of this court. See 11th Cir. R. 41-4.

Sincerely,

DAVID J. SMITH, Clerk of Court

Reply to: Walter Pollard, C  
Phone #: (404) 335-6186

Enclosure(s)

DIS-2 Letter and Entry of Dismissal

10F1

APPENDIX H

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA  
DUBLIN DIVISION

FILED  
U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
AUGUSTA DIV.

DARYL DEWAYNE RIGGINS, )  
)  
Plaintiff-Appellant, )  
)  
vs. )  
)  
DEANN MORRIS, et. al., )  
)  
Defendants-Appellees. )

2021 JAN 12 P 2:56

Case No.: CV 320-0530, DIST. OF GA.

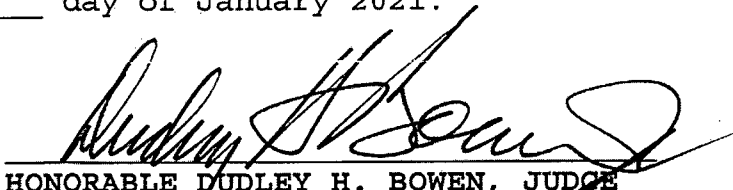
Appeal No.: 20-14598-C

ORDER

The appeal in the above-styled action having been dismissed by the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit for want of prosecution,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the mandate order of the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit is made the order of this Court.

SO ORDERED, this 12<sup>th</sup> day of January 2021.

  
HONORABLE DUDLEY H. BOWEN, JUDGE  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA

APPENDIX I

**UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT**

ELBERT PARR TUTTLE COURT OF APPEALS BUILDING  
56 Forsyth Street, N.W.  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

David J. Smith  
Clerk of Court

For rules and forms visit  
[www.ca11.uscourts.gov](http://www.ca11.uscourts.gov)

January 19, 2021

Daryl DeWayne Riggins  
Johnson SP - Inmate Legal Mail  
PO BOX 344  
WRIGHTSVILLE, GA 31096

Appeal Number: 20-14598-C  
Case Style: Daryl Riggins v. DeAnn Morris, et al  
District Court Docket No: 3:20-cv-00053-DHB-BKE

The court is in receipt of your document "Application for Leave to Proceed/Motion for Leave to file Appeal Out of Time". However, no action will be taken due to the case being dismissed for failure to pay the filing fees. It has been determined that you are a "3 STRIKER" and no action will be taken unless the fees are paid in full.

Sincerely,

DAVID J. SMITH, Clerk of Court

Reply to: Walter Pollard, C  
Phone #: (404) 335-6186

MP-1

APPENDIX 5

## Offender GRIEVANCE FORM (Facsimile)

INSTITUTIONAL STAFF USE ONLY	
OFFENDER NAME <u>RIGGINS, DARYL</u>	OFFENDER NUMBER <u>1A6540</u>
INSTITUTION <u>JOHNSON STATE PRISON</u>	GRIEVANCE NUMBER <u>01042021</u>
DATE COMPLETED FORM RECEIVED FROM OFFENDER <u>01/04/2021</u> BY <u>STAFF</u>	
DATE APPEAL RECEIVED <u>          </u> BY <u>          </u>	

YOU MUST INCLUDE SPECIFIC INFORMATION CONCERNING YOUR GRIEVANCE TO INCLUDE DATES, NAMES OF PERSONS INVOLVED, AND WITNESSES.

DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT: ON THURSDAY OF DECEMBER 31ST, 2020 IN (JZ-Z34-B) ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION THEY PASSED OUT POPEYES (CHICKEN SANDWICH); LITTLE CUP, MAYONNAISE; HOT FLAME CHEESE PUFF AND A FRYGO (COKE) SODA FOR NEW YEAR AND RIGGINS, DARYL GDC #1A6540 HAD ADVISED ANTONIE G. CALDWELL (W); KOCHHELLE WATSON (W) AND CAPTAIN ABOUT RIGGINS ALLERGY AS EGG (CHICKEN); FISH; SHRIMP AND TOMATOES AND RIGGINS GOT A CHICKEN BOX ON WEDNESDAY OF DECEMBER 30TH, 2020 AND ON FRIDAY OF DECEMBER 11TH, 2020 RIGGINS GOT A TOMATO PASTE; HAMBURGER PIZZA AND ON TUESDAY OF DECEMBER 1ST, 2020 WAS CHICKEN TENDERS ... WHY? ADA MESSER (W) DOES NOT ASK (FNU) DEAN MORRIS, HSA OR (FNU) MITZI HALL, DON OR LAKISHA FRANKLIN (W) TO CHECK WITH JOHNSON STATE PRISON (MEDICAL) OFFICIAL ABOUT PROFILES. ON WHOPPERS. (I.E., ALL RIGGINS WANT CHABARA DAVIS BRAGG, GC/CC DO IS GET ADMINISTRATIVE / WARDEN GIVE RIGGINS TWO PACKAGES OR BUY RIGGINS TWO WHOPPER AND TWO FRENCH FRIES AND RIGGINS WOULD BE HAPPY) ... WITH PICKLES; CHEESE AND LETTUCE. APPRECIATE THAT. ON WHOPPERS.

## RESOLUTION REQUESTED:

DDR DARYL RIGGINS NEED ANTONIE G. CALDWELL (W) OR ADA MESSER (W) AND LAKISHA FRANKLIN (W) TO CONTACT (FNU) DEAN MORRIS, HSA AND (FNU) MITZI HALL (DON) IN MEDICAL AND PULL UP RIGGINS PROFILES AND THEY WILL SEE RIGGINS HAS A PROFILE FOR 'TOMATOES; 2 FISH; 3 SHRIMP ALSO 4 EGGS AND JOHNSON STATE PRISON DO NOT GIVE RIGGINS CHICKEN OR EGGS AND WILL APPRECIATE IF RIGGINS COULD GET SOMETHING IN REPLACE BACK AND BRING IT TO RIGGINS AND RIGGINS WILL DROP THIS GRIEVANCE FORM IN JZ Z34B AS ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION. DDR

Riggins, Daryl 1A6540

(MONDAY) JANUARY 4TH, 2020

Offender Signature

Date

Is this grievance being filed within the 10-day time limit? Please answer Yes or No. If the answer is No, please explain why.

DDR YES THIS GRIEVANCE FORM WILL BE FILED WITHIN TEN DAYS DDR

J2-234B

**WARDEN'S/SUPERINTENDENT'S GRIEVANCE RESPONSE**

Offender's Name: **Riggins, Daryl**

Grievance Number: 319663

GDC #: 186540

Facility: **Johnson State Prison**

RESPONSE TO GRIEVANCE: Per offender's allegations offender is grieving the fact of his medical profiles of being allergic to eggs, fish and tomatoes. All offenders were given an incentive per Central Office and if any offender has a medical allergy accommodations and substitutes will be corrected according. Therefore, it is recommended that this grievance be rejected.

A. L. Collins  
Warden's/Superintendent's signature

1-28-2021  
(date)

I ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE ABOVE RESPONSE ON THIS DATE:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Offender's signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
(date)

*You have seven (7) calendar days within which to appeal this Response to your Grievance Coordinator. If the last day is not a business day at your institution, you may file it on the next day that is a business day.*



Timeframe: 03/08/2021 to 04/30/2021

House: J-J2

Bed: J-J2-234-B	Name: RIGGINS, DARYL	GDC ID: 186540
Birthdate: 06/15/1962	Age: 58 Race: BLACK	Security: MEDIUM

SCHEDULED ACTIVITIES

Day	Start Time	End Time	Start Date	End Date	Activity Name	Report To	Activity Location
-----	------------	----------	------------	----------	---------------	-----------	-------------------

PROFILES

Start Date	End Date	Profile Description
11/13/2017		MOBILITY IMPAIRMENT: WALKER WITH WHEELS
11/03/2011		ALLERGY: FISH
11/03/2011		ALLERGY: TOMATOES
10/06/2016		MEDICAL RESTRICTION: NO SPORTS
03/22/2016		MOBILITY IMPAIRMENT: PERSONAL LOCK & KEY ALLOWE
11/06/2015		MEDICAL RESTRICTIONS: FOOD TRAY ASSISTANTS
09/12/2013		ALLERGY: EGGS
04/13/2018		SAFETY PROFILE: BOTTOM BUNK
10/26/2020	10/26/2021	MEDICAL SUPPLY: PILLOW (FOAM) WEDGE
10/26/2020	10/26/2021	MOBILITY IMPAIRMENT: CANE

# SCROTAL PAIN & SWELLING APPENDIX A

(PAIN IN RIGGINS SCROTUM (THE SAC THAT SURROUNDS AND PROTECTS RIGGINS TESTES) CAN OCCUR IN MALES OF ANY AGE, FROM NEWBORNS TO OLDER MEN. RIGGINS TESTES ARE VERY SENSITIVE, SO EVEN MINOR INJURIES MAY CAUSE PAIN OR DISCOMFORT.

## CAUSES

PAIN MAY BE DIRECTLY RELATED TO RIGGINS TESTES OR BE CAUSED BY DISORDERS IN RIGGINS SCROTUM, GROIN OR ABDOMEN.

COMMON CAUSES OF SUDDEN SCROTAL PAIN(S) INCLUDE(S):

- \* TWISTING OF A TESTIS (TESTICULAR TORSION)
- TWISTING OF THE TESTICULAR APPENDAGE (A SMALL PIECE OF TISSUE ATTACHED TO THE TESTIS)
- INFLAMMATION OF THE EPIDIDYMIS (EPIDIDYMITIS)

TESTICULAR TORSION OCCURS WHEN RIGGINS (RIGHT) TESTIS TWISTS ON ITS SPERMATIC CORD. NOW THIS TWISTING BLOCKS BLOOD FLOW TO RIGGINS (RIGHT) TESTIS NOW CAUSING PAIN AND SOMETIMES DEATH OF RIGGINS (RIGHT) TESTIS.

LESS COMMON CAUSE(S)

A HERNIA IN RIGGINS (RIGHT) GROIN (INGUINAL HERNIA) INJURY

## EVALUATION

ON MONDAY OF JUNE 29TH, 2020 (FNU) AYEJUN, MD SENT RIGGINS TO BALDWIN STATE PRISON FOR A ULTRASOUNDGRAPHY IN CONCERNS OF INJURY AS COMMON FEATURES (RIGGINS SWELLING OF THE SCROTUM AND WHEN RIGGINS RETURNED BACK TO JOHNSON STATE PRISON (MEDICAL OFFICIAL) AS (FNU) DORSEY, LPN WITH TARRA JACKSON, (MEDICAL, UM) RIGGINS HAD A FEVER (101.1) AND JACKSON DID NOT MAKE DORSEY TO CONTACT (FNU) AYEJUN, MD; (FNU) MITZI HALL, DON OR (FNU) DEAN MARRIS, HSA ... JACKSON TOOK RIGGINS BACK TO ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION (JZ 234B) ROOM AS WARNING SIGNS:

SUDDEN, SEVERE PAIN (RIGGINS UPPER, RIGHT THIGH); SWELLING IN RIGGINS (RIGHT) TESTES) AS BROWN AREAS AND RED/BLACK DISCOLORATION OF RIGGINS SCROTUM AND BETWEEN RIGGINS PERIS AND ANUS.

## WHEN TO SEE

(FNU) AYEJUN, MD

\* (FNU) DORSEY, LPN AND TARRA JACKSON (UM/MEDICAL) SHOULD HAVE SENT RIGGINS, DARYL WHO HAVE WARNING SIGN(S) AND WAS IN SEVERE PAIN SHOULD SEE (FNU) AYEJUN, MD IMMEDIATELY ... BUT NOT ONLY THAT BECAUSE SOME CAUSE(S) OF RIGGINS PAIN CAN LEAD TO LOSS OF A TESTIS OR OTHER SEVERE COMPLICATION(S).

<sup>1</sup> EPIDIDYMITIS IS INFLAMMATION OF THE COILED TUBE ON TOP RIGGINS TESTIS IN WHICH SPERM MATURE.  
<sup>2</sup> EPIDIDYMITIS IS THE MOST COMMON CAUSE OF SCROTAL PAIN IN ADULTS. <sup>3</sup> EPIDIDYMITIS IS USUALLY CAUSED BY AN INFECTION, TYPICALLY A SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED ONE.  
HOWEVER, HONORABLE COURT, SOMETIMES THERE IS NO INFECTION ... IN SUCH CASES, DOCTORS STILL BELIEVE THE EPIDIDYMIS BECOMES INFLAMED BY REVERSE FLOW OF URINE INTO THE EPIDIDYMIS, OR PERHAPS BECAUSE OF STRAINING (AS WHEN WALKING OR LIFTING SOMETHING HEAVY) - DANGEROUS DISORDERS THAT SOMETIMES CAUSE SCROTAL PAIN INCLUDE A RUPTURED ABDOMINAL AORTIC ANEURYSM AND NECROTIZING INFECTION OF THE PERINEUM - THE AREA(S) BETWEEN THE GENITALS AND ANUS - CALLED Fournier GANGRENE.  
(CANCER OF A TESTIS ONLY RARELY CAUSES RIGGINS PAIN.

# SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES

APPENDIX B

LYMPH NODES ARE TINY, BEAN-SHAPED ORGANS THAT FILTER RIGGINS (RIGHT, LOWER / UPPER) LEG LYMPH FLUID. THEY ARE LOCATED THROUGHOUT RIGGINS BODY, BUT PARTICULAR COLLECTIONS ARE FOUND JUST UNDER RIGGINS SKIN IN RIGGINS (RIGHT) GROIN AREA. HONORABLE COURT LYMPH NODES ARE PART OF RIGGINS LYMPHATIC SYSTEM, WHICH IS ONE OF RIGGINS BODY'S DEFENSE MECHANISMS AGAINST THE SPREAD OF INFECTION(S) AND CANCER.

LYMPH IS CLEAR FLUID THAT IS MADE UP OF WATER, WHITE BLOOD CELLS, PROTEINS AND FATS THAT HAVE FILTERED OUT OF RIGGINS BLOOD VESSELS INTO THE SPACE(S) BETWEEN CELL(S). NOW SOME OF THE FLUID IS REABSORBED BY THE BLOOD VESSELS BUT REST ENTERS RIGGINS LYMPHATIC VESSELS. LYMPH THEN PASSES THROUGH THE LYMPH NODES, WHICH ARE SPECIFIC COLLECTION POINTS WHERE DAMAGED CELLS, INFECTIOUS ORGANISMS, OR CANCER CELLS ARE FILTERED FROM RIGGINS FLUID AND DESTROYED. IF ? MANY INFECTIOUS ORGANISMS OR CANCER CELLS ARE PRESENT ... RIGGINS LYMPH NODES SWELL. BUT SOMETIMES, ORGANISMS CAUSE INFECTION WITHIN A LYMPH NODE.

A FEW SMALL NODES OFTEN CAN BE FELT IN HEALTHY PEOPLE. LYMPH NODES THAT ARE LARGER ON RIGGINS (RIGHT, FRONT THIGH) AND RIGGINS (RIGHT TESTES) AND NOW EASILY FELT MAY BE A SIGN OF A DISORDER. HONORABLE COURT HOWEVER, LYMPH NODES ARE NOT ISLANDS. DOCTORS AT FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL USE THE TERM LYMPHADENOPATHY TO REFER RIGGINS TO SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES.

LYMPH NODES IN ONLY ONE BODY AREA MAY BE SWOLLEN (UPPER, RIGHT FRONT / BACK THIGH) OR MORE BODY AREAS (LOWER, RIGHT LEG NOW 53mm) CAN BE SWOLLEN. NOW LIKE RIGGINS SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES ARE PAINFUL AND HAVE SIGN OF INFLAMMATION (FOR EXAMPLE) LIKE NOW REDNESS / TENDERNESS. DOCTOR NOW CALLING RIGGINS CONDITION IS TERMED LYMPHADENITIS.

ON THURSDAY OF DECEMBER 5TH, 2019 (FNU) BROWN, MD SENT DARYL RIGGINS TO FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL FROM INTERVIEW OF RIGGINS ADVISING WARNING SIGNS (A NODE THAT IS AN INCH OR MORE IN DIAMETER (UPPER, RIGHT THIGH); A NODE THAT IS DRAINING PUS (LOWER, RIGHT LEG NOW 53mm) AND FEVER (100.0).

DOCTOR OF FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL FINDING WAS IN A ULTRASOUNDOGRAPHY (RIGGINS UPPER RIGHT, LEG) FRONT THIGH (SWOLLEN LIMB) BACK THIGH (SWOLLEN LIMB) LOWER, RIGHT LEG (SWOLLEN TO 53 mm; WITH DRAINING PUS).

DOCTOR IN E.R. AT FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL ADVISED (FNU) BROWN, MD TOLD THEM TO: MUST RULE OUT DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS, PREECLAMPSIA, CELLULITIS ... NOT DIAGNOSE PHYSIOLOGIC EDEMA. DOCTOR CALLED JOHNSON STATE PRISON (MEDICAL) OFFICIAL (FNU) GREEN, LPN. BUT COULD NOT CONTACT (FNU) BROWN, MD SO RIGGINS WAS DISMISSED.

ON MONDAY OF DECEMBER 9TH, 2019 RIGGINS MEET (FNU) LOMAMI, PA AS A WALK-IN AND RIGGINS ADVISED LOMAMI OF RIGGINS WARNING SIGNS: A NODE THAT IS AN INCH OR MORE IN DIAMETER; A NODES THAT WAS STILL DRAINING PUS AND RIGGINS RIGHT LEG (53mm).

(FNU) LOMAMI, PA BECAME INSUBORDINATION IS DEFINED AS UNCOOPERATIVE AND DISRESPECTFUL MANNER TOWARD RIGGINS ADVISING SHE DOES NOT CARE AND FAIRVIEW (PARK) HOSPITAL SHOULD HAD KEPT RIGGINS (GET OUT OF MY OFFICE).

(FNU) LOMAMI, PA SHOULD HAVE LET (FNU) BROWN, MD KNOW ABOUT RIGGINS VERY PAINFUL AND DRAINING PUS AND OTHER MATERIAL (RIGGINS SHOULD SEE A DOCTOR) RIGHT AWAY.

---

PLASTIC SURGEON AS M. AGKO SUSPECT CANCER IN RIGGINS UPPER RIGHT, THIGH OR LOWER RIGHT, LEG (53mm) OR LYMPHOMA, RIGGINS HAS A LYMPH NODE BIOPSY. BIOPSY MAY ALSO BE NEEDED WHEN WIDESPREAD LYMPH NODE SWELLING DOES NOT RESOLVE WITHIN 3 TO 4 WEEK(S).

## TREATMENT(S)

PRIMARY TREATMENT IS DIRECTED AT THE CAUSE(S) ... SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES ARE NOT TREATED.

SOMETIME(S) DOCTOR(S) CAN NOT DETERMINE THE CAUSE(S) OF RIGGINS SWELLING, BUT LOADING OF VANDAMYCIN (IT GOES AWAY, WITH SIX THROUGH 10 DAYS) WITH GIVEN TWICE A DAY (HOSPITAL).

## APPENDIX I

DR PART OF LIMB IS MOST COMMONLY  
 (1) A BLOOD CLOT IN A DEEP VEIN IN A LIMB ( DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS); (2) SKIN INFECTION  
 RIGIDS (LOWER, RIGHT) LEG (53mm) CELLULITIS (R(3) BLOCKAGE (UPPER, RIGHT) LEG (LYMPHVESSEL)  
 RIGIDS AND CELLULITIS ( TYPICALLY CAUSED SOME SWELLING OF RIGIDS SKIN OVER ONLY PART  
 OF A LIMB (RIGHT, UPPER THIGH) UNKNOWN BUT NOT (LOWER, LEG) (95.53 mm).  
 OF A LIMB (RIGHT, UPPER THIGH) NOT RIGIDS BUT RIGIDS FROM TISSUES

HOSPITAL FOR DUCTS IN E.R. MUST HAVE DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS, FREEFLAPPING, LITIS AND OTHER POSSIBLE CAUSE(S) BEFORE THEY CAN DIAGNOSE RIGIDS PHYSIOLOGIC EDEMA. THE DOCTOR AT E.R. AT FARRIVEW (PARK) HOSPITAL TRIED TO CONTACT (FNU) BROWN, MD IN THE CONCERN(S) OF RIGIDS (UPPER. RIGHT, LEG) SWELLING LYMPH NODES (ARE TRY, BEAN-SHAPED) ORGANS (FRONT AND BACK, UPPER THIGH) FNU, BROWN, MD REFUSED TO RETURN PHONE CALL, SO DOCTOR IN E.R. DISCHARGED RIGIDS.

ALLERGIc (RASH, ITCHING/SWELLING (THROAT), SEVERE DIZZINESS OR LRAIX (SIDE EFFECTS) CLIMAXMYCIN (SIDE EFFECTS) HEART BURN, JOINT PAIN/SWELLING, YELLOWING EYES / SKIN OR RIGHT (LOWER, LEG) 53mm DOWN IN FOURTHROUGH SIX DAYS BECAUSE RIGIDS CANNOT GET <FNU> BROWN, MD KNEW THAT I, DDMMS (VANDOMYCIN) TWO TIME A DAY WOULD TAKE RIGIDS

[illegible]

RUN DATE: 01/10/16  
RUN TIME: 1116  
RUN USER: F.NUR.BNS

RXM - GEORGIA NW \*\*LIVE\*\*  
PHARMACY MONOGRAPH

PAGE 1

#### ETODOLAC - ORAL

**IMPORTANT: HOW TO USE THIS INFORMATION:** This is a summary and does NOT have all possible information about this product. This information does not assure that this product is safe, effective, or appropriate for you. This information is not individual medical advice and does not substitute for the advice of your health care professional. Always ask your health care professional for complete information about this product and your specific health needs.

#### ETODOLAC - ORAL

**WARNING:** Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (including etodolac) may rarely increase the risk for a heart attack or stroke. The risk may be greater if you have heart disease or increased risk for heart disease (for example, due to smoking, family history of heart disease, or conditions such as high blood pressure or diabetes), or with longer use. This drug should not be taken right before or after heart bypass surgery (CABG). This drug may rarely cause serious (rarely fatal) bleeding from the stomach or intestines. This effect can occur without warning at any time while taking this drug. Older adults may be at higher risk for this effect. (See also Precautions and Drug Interactions sections.)

Stop taking etodolac and get medical help right away if you notice any of these rare but serious side effects: black/tarry stools, persistent stomach/abdominal pain, vomit that looks like coffee grounds, chest/jaw/left arm pain, shortness of breath, unusual sweating, confusion, weakness on one side of the body, slurred speech, sudden vision changes. Talk to your doctor or pharmacist about the benefits and risks of taking this drug.

**USES:** Etodolac is used to relieve pain from various conditions. It also reduces pain, swelling, and joint stiffness from arthritis. This medication is known as a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID). It works by blocking your body's production of certain natural substances that cause inflammation. If you are treating a chronic condition such as arthritis, ask your doctor about non-drug treatments and/or using other medications to treat your pain. See also Warning section.

**OTHER USES:** This section contains uses of this drug that are not listed in the approved professional labeling for the drug but that may be prescribed by your health care professional. Use this drug for a condition that is listed in this section only if it has been so prescribed by your health care professional. This medication may also be used to treat gout attacks.

**HOW TO USE:** Read the Medication Guide provided by your pharmacist before you start using etodolac and each time you get a refill. If you have any questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Take this medication by mouth as directed by your doctor,

RUN DATE: 03/00/16  
RUN TIME: 11:15  
RUN USER: F.NUR.BNS

RXM - GEORGIA NW \*\*LIVE\*\*  
PHARMACY MONOGRAPH

PAGE 2

#### ETODOLAC - ORAL

Usually 2 or 3 times a day with a full glass of water (8 ounces/240 milliliters). Do not lie down for at least 10 minutes after taking this drug. To prevent stomach upset, take this medication with food, milk, or an antacid.

The dosage is based on your medical condition and response to treatment. To reduce your risk of stomach bleeding and other side effects, take this medication at the lowest effective dose for the shortest possible time. Do not increase your dose or take it more often than directed. For ongoing conditions such as arthritis, continue taking this medication as directed by your doctor.

If you are taking this drug "as needed" (not on a regular schedule), remember that pain medications work best if they are used as the first signs of pain occur. If you wait until the pain has worsened, the medication may not work as well.

For certain conditions (such as arthritis), it may take up to two weeks of taking this drug regularly until you get the full benefit.

Tell your doctor if your condition does not improve or if it worsens.

**SIDE EFFECTS:** See also Warning section.

Upset stomach, nausea, diarrhea, drowsiness, or dizziness may occur. If any of these effects persist or worsen, tell your doctor or pharmacist promptly.

Remember that your doctor has prescribed this medication because he or she has judged that the benefit to you is greater than the risk of side effects. Many people using this medication do not have serious side effects.

This medication may raise your blood pressure. Check your blood pressure regularly and tell your doctor if the results are high.

Tell your doctor right away if you have any serious side effects, including: easy bruising/bleeding, difficult/painful swallowing, hearing changes (such as ringing in the ears), mental/mood changes, swelling of the ankles/feet/hands, sudden/unexplained weight gain, change in the amount of urine, unexplained stiff neck, vision changes, unusual tiredness.

This drug may rarely cause serious (possibly fatal) liver disease. Get medical help right away if you have any symptoms of liver damage, including: dark urine, persistent nausea/vomiting/loss of appetite, stomach/abdominal pain, yellowing eyes/skin.

A very serious allergic reaction to this drug is rare.

However, get medical help right away if you notice any symptoms of a serious allergic reaction, including: rash, itching/swelling (especially of the face/tongue/throat), severe dizziness, trouble breathing.

This is not a complete list of possible side effects. If you notice other effects not listed above, contact your doctor or pharmacist.

In the US -

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You

RUN DATE: 03/10/16  
RUN TIME: 1116  
RUN USER: F.NUR.BNS

RXM - GEORGIA NW \*\*LIVE\*\*  
PHARMACY MONOGRAPH

PAGE 3

#### ETODOLAC - ORAL

may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or at [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch).

In Canada - Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to Health Canada at 1-866-234-2345.

**PRECAUTIONS:** Before taking etodolac, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are allergic to it; or to aspirin or other NSAIDs (such as ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib); or if you have any other allergies. This product may contain inactive ingredients, which can cause allergic reactions or other problems. Talk to your pharmacist for more details.

Before taking this medication, tell your doctor or pharmacist your medical history, especially of: asthma (including a history of worsening breathing after taking aspirin or other NSAIDs), blood disorders (such as anemia, bleeding/clotting problems), growths in the nose (nasal polyps), heart disease (such as previous heart attack), high blood pressure, liver disease, stroke, throat/stomach/intestinal problems (such as bleeding, heartburn, ulcers).

Kidney problems can sometimes occur with the use of NSAID medications, including etodolac. Problems are more likely to occur if you are dehydrated, have heart failure or kidney disease, are an older adult, or if you take certain medications (see also Drug Interactions section). Drink plenty of fluids as directed by your doctor to prevent dehydration and tell your doctor right away if you have any unusual change in the amount of urine.

This drug may make you dizzy or drowsy. Do not drive, use machinery, or do any activity that requires alertness until you are sure you can perform such activities safely.

This medicine may cause stomach bleeding. Daily use of alcohol and tobacco, especially when combined with this medicine, may increase your risk for stomach bleeding. Limit alcohol and stop smoking. Consult your doctor or pharmacist for more information. This medication may make you more sensitive to the sun. Avoid prolonged sun exposure, tanning booths, or sunlamps. Use a sunscreen and wear protective clothing when outdoors.

Before having surgery, tell your doctor or dentist about all the products you use (including prescription drugs, nonprescription drugs, and herbal products).

Older adults may be more sensitive to the side effects of this drug, especially stomach/intestinal bleeding, kidney problems, and worsening heart problems.

Before using this medication, women of childbearing age should talk with their doctor(s) about the benefits and risks (such as miscarriage, trouble getting pregnant). Tell your doctor if you are pregnant or if you plan to become pregnant. During pregnancy, this medication should be used only when clearly needed. It is not recommended for use during the first and last trimesters of pregnancy due to possible harm to the unborn baby and interference with normal labor/delivery.

It is unknown if this medication passes into breast milk.

RUN DATE: 03/10/16  
RUN TIME: 11:15  
RUN USER: F.NUR.BNS

RXM - GEORGIA NW \*\*LIVE\*\*  
PHARMACY MONOGRAPH

PAGE 4

#### ETODOLAC - ORAL

Consult your doctor before breast-feeding.

**DRUG INTERACTIONS:** Drug interactions may change how your medications work or increase your risk for serious side effects. This document does not contain all possible drug interactions. Keep a list of all the products you use (including prescription/nonprescription drugs and herbal products) and share it with your doctor and pharmacist. Do not start, stop, or change the dosage of any medicines without your doctor's approval. Products that may interact with this drug include: aliskiren, ACE inhibitors (such as captopril, lisinopril), angiotensin II receptor blockers (such as losartan, valsartan), cidofovir, corticosteroids (such as prednisone), lithium, "water pills" (diuretics such as furosemide).

This medication may increase the risk of bleeding when taken with other drugs that also may cause bleeding. Examples include anti-platelet drugs such as clopidogrel, "blood thinners" such as dabigatran/enoxaparin/warfarin, among others.

Check all prescription and nonprescription medicine labels carefully since many medications contain pain relievers/fever reducers (aspirin, NSAIDs such as celecoxib, ibuprofen, or ketorolac). These drugs are similar to etodolac and may increase your risk of side effects if taken together. However, if your doctor has directed you to take low-dose aspirin to prevent heart attack or stroke (usually at dosages of 81-325 milligrams a day), you should continue taking the aspirin unless your doctor instructs you otherwise. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for more details.

This medication may affect certain laboratory tests, possibly causing false test results. Make sure laboratory personnel and all your doctors know you use this drug.

**OVERDOSE:** If overdose is suspected, contact a poison control center or emergency room right away. US residents can call their local poison control center at 1-800-222-1222. Canada residents can call a provincial poison control center. Symptoms of overdose may include: severe stomach pain, trouble breathing, extreme drowsiness.

**NOTES:** Do not share this medication with others. Laboratory and/or medical tests (such as blood pressure, complete blood count, liver/kidney function) may be performed periodically to monitor your progress or check for side effects. Consult your doctor for more details. If you have arthritis, lifestyle changes (such as weight loss if overweight, strengthening/conditioning exercises) may help improve your flexibility and joint function. Consult your doctor for specific instructions.

**MISSED DOSE:** If you are taking this drug on a regular schedule (not just "as needed") and you miss a dose, take it as soon as you remember. If it is near the time of the next dose, skip the missed dose and resume your usual dosing schedule. Do not double



RUN DATE: 03/10/16  
RUN TIME: 1116  
RUN USER: F.NUR.BNS

RXM - GEORGIA NW \*\*LIVE\*\*  
PHARMACY MONOGRAPH

PAGE 5

ETODOLAC - ORAL

the dose to catch up.

STORAGE: Store at room temperature away from light and moisture.  
Do not store in the bathroom. Keep all medications away from  
children and pets.  
Do not flush medications down the toilet or pour them into a  
drain unless instructed to do so. Properly discard this product  
when it is expired or no longer needed. Consult your pharmacist  
or local waste disposal company.

Information last revised October 2015.  
Copyright(c) 2015 First Databank, Inc.