

No. 20-6986

ORIGINAL

In re. # 17cv577, 17-41258

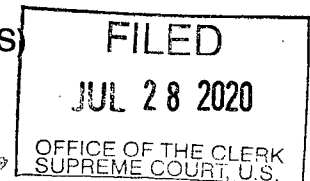
IN THE
Supreme Court of the United States ("Constitution for
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES the United States
of America" Art. III
per se)

Lorenzo Escudero — PETITIONER
(Your Name)

vs.

Jack Skin, et al. Defendants — RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO



United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit
(NAME OF COURT THAT LAST RULED ON MERITS OF YOUR CASE)

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Lorenzo Escudero
(Your Name)

3894 State Highway 98
(Address)

New Boston, Texas 75570
(City, State, Zip Code)

(Phone Number)

QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

Constitutional Violations; Deprivations of "Due Process of Law"; Deprivations of Trial by Jury; Deprivation of Equal Protection of Law; "Unlawful imprisonments"; "Torts"; "Subversions of Res Judicata"; Subversions of "Supreme Court of the United States"; "Precedents"; Ineffective Assistance of Counsel; Indictment not "Constitutional Sufficient"; Habeas Corpus ~~with~~ Fifth Amendment; No probable cause; "Arrest Warrant Affidavit" not "Constitutional sufficient"; No "Constitutional Compelled"; not "Constitutional Sufficient", (petit Trial) Jury; A different entity than "Lorenzo Escudero" as supposedly "indicted", LORENZO ESCUDERO;

Why did petitioner Lorenzo Escudero was deprived "Trial by Jury", "Due Process of Law"; Were Bargains are "Unconstitutional" & "subversions of Equal Protection of Law"; Changing terms of "plea bargains" invalidates plea, breach of contract & promise & good faith. "It is fraud, Subverts due process of law" & Trial by Jury & 14th Amendment;

Unlawful conviction; Unlawful Sentence; Unlawful enhancement in his sentence - case number: 7-83-296 - defective indictment, no probable cause, Escudero would petition the "Court for a writ of Habeas Corpus", were Defendant (petitioner) claim to be innocent in his first unlawful conviction & was unaware of his "Constitutional Rights", having the Court of Smith County violating his constitutional rights of "equal protection of law", right to "Trial by Jury", & ineffective Assistance of Counsel" were he was convicted with a "cruel and unusual punishment", Unlawful plea bargain, (petit trial) Jury; A different "entity" than "Lorenzo Escudero" as supposedly "indicted", LORENZO ESCUDERO; Were Double Jeopardy, from an unconstitutional conviction was used to enhance (case number: 7-83-296) the range of Escudero Sentence from 15 to 99 years. When he was already unlawfully convicted of (case number: 7-83-296) this crime; Unconstitutional oral statement; Assistance of Counsel; Freedom of speech; Freedom of communicating with the "Courts", "Agents" and the outside world;

Deprived "due process of law" by TDCJ agents; denying the right to choose religion; the right to litigate; the "right to transcript papers"

Were the "Courts" have been in denial of Escudero "Constitutional Rights", "due process of law", Equal protection of law, to "petition the gov't. ... for redress" secured and guaranteed by "Constitution for the United States of America", "Bill of Rights", "Fourteenth Art. of Amendment, res-judicata, the Law of the Land, the great first principles, Restraint Upon "Life, Liberty, Property", Pursuant of Happiness", without "due process of law", "Estoppel", "Extorsions", "Exaction", "Frauds", "Falsification of official Records", "Obstruction of Justice", "Abuses of Discretion", "Subversions or supplanting due process of law";

~~THE~~ As a direct result from the court were Escudero was convicted, as a direct result of persistent "obstructions" by the district court, the Court of Appeals from the Fifth Circuit, by various "agents", "officers", "officials", "employees" deliberately depriving Escudero, (Declarant Lorenzo Escudero, Mexican Citizen) meaningful access to courts (Bounds v. Smith; Orient v. Draggis; Boyd v. US; Cummings v. Mo.; Ex p. Merryman; Ex p. Milligan; Keim v. US; Ogden v. Saunders; Cohas v. Va.; Van Horn's v. Dorrance; Pollard's v. Hagan; Wolf v. Mc Donnell; Trop v. Dulles; Elrod v. Burns; Calif Motor; Dinwiddie v. Brown; Monroe v. Pope; Johnson v. Avery; Pierson v. Ray; Toney v. Ohio; In re Murchison; Holloway v. Ark; 6 RCL 433, 435, 477; 164 Am. Jur. 2d 980, 805; "meaningful" exercise of freedom of speech (When the Fifth Circuit using their unconstitutional rules (Pursuant to 5th Cir. R. 47.5. the court determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5th Cir. R. 47.5.1) or of the press and meaningful access to law, (Cites herein; e.g.) "meaningful" exercise of "peaceable assembly" and "meaningful" "right to petition the government for redress of grievances" originally intended" (Kent, Comm. 450; US v. Merchant; US v. Hall; Ex p. Va.; Barber v. Connolly; e.g.) to be "secured and guaranteed" by "Bill of Rights" (ss., the first ten articles of amendment to "Constitution of the United States" and reinforced with "Fourteenth Article of Amendment") Escudero is suffering various constitutional transgressions, Frauds, Estoppels, "official oppressions", Torts "Wanton deprivation of constitutionally compelled (US v. Cronce, 466 US 665, n.38) constitutionally sufficient (Smith v. Gusey, 518 US 704-11) "true meaning and intent" (Kent, Comm. 450) due process of law" (Constitution for the United States of America; "Bill of Rights", 1st Amend.; "the great first principles", (Calder v. Bull, 3 Dall 386) the rule of law; Hargis v. Eve; Malbury v. Madison; Van Horn's v. Dorrance; Chilson v. Ga.; Martin v. Hunters; Pollard's v. Hagan; Ventress v. Smith; Charles R. v. Warren; U.S. Steam v. Merch; Murray's v. Hoboken; Scott v. Sandford; Ex p. Merryman; Ex p. Milligan; Wilkerson v. Va.; US v. Gorman; US v. Throckmorton; Ex p. Va.; Ex p. Siebold; US v. Lee; Ex p. Curtis; Ex p. Wall; N.O. Gas v. La Light; Moore v. US; SC v. US; Chambers v. Balto; Reagan v. Farmers; Pollock v. Farmers; Child Labor; Grosjean v. Am. Press; Murdock v. Penn; Stanton v. Baltic; So Pac v. Lowe; Eisner v. Macomber; Toney v. Ohio; Murchison; Liltnerberg v. Health Serv.; Calif. Motor v. Trucking; Rhodes v. Chapman; Wolf v. Mc Donnell; Accord Bumper v. N.C.; Johnson v. US; Ames v. US; Watts v. Ind.; Adkins v. du Pont; Bounds v. Smith; Ingraham v. Wright; e.g.) and persistently deprived access to resources or reference works or various court "Precedents" & "res judicata" for properly conducting legal affairs; Declarant Lorenzo Escudero is not a lawyer or attorney, were Escudero is forced to use various pieces of legal information and previously compiled legal instruments for assembling assemblage into the crude instrument of which this "preamble" is a part and under "adverse" or unconformable circumstances (Bounds v. Smith; Wolf v. Mc Donnell; Trop v. Dulles; Ruiz v. Estelle; Elrod v. Burns; Calif. Motor; Louisville & N.R.R. v. US; Boyd v. US; US v. Lee; Orient v. Draggis; Harlow v. Fitzgerald; Dinwiddie v. Brown; Monroe v. Pope; Johnson v. Avery; Pierson v. Ray; Ogden v. Saunders; Keim v. US; Smith v. Texas; Chisholm v. Ga.; Van Horn's v. Dorrance; Ventress v. Smith; So. Carolina v. US; e.g.) Furthermore, to wit:

8) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" is any "Indictment" constitutionally sufficient (Lewis v. Casey; US v. Cronin; US v. Lee; others) without a "constitutionally sufficient" grand jury or without all requisite "elements" (Barvier, L. Dict.; Wharton, Cr. L.; US v. Cruikshank; Exp. Va.; N. D. Gas v. La. Lights; Mick Wo v. Hopkins; US v. Lee; Murray's v. Hoboken; others);

9) a prosecutor could get a grand jury to indict a ham sandwich. H. Hyde, House Judiciary Committee Report, May 2000;

9) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" is "original jurisdiction" for any criminal proceeding "perfected" without "constitutionally sufficient"; "probable cause"; or "jurors"; or "indictment"; "individual" sufficient "injured"; or "Assistance of Counsel"; or "Assistance of Counsel" at every step (Smith v. O'Grady; Avery v. Ala.; Glosser v. US; Gideon v. Wainwright; others); or "Trial by Jury";

10) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" is any trial or conviction "constitutionally sufficient" without: "constitutionally sufficient" due process of law (Murray's v. Hoboken; Martin v. Hunter's; Polkards v. Huggins Exp. Va.; US v. Cruikshank; US v. Lee; Boyd v. US; N. D. Gas v. La. Light; Mick Wo v. Hopkins; Tucker, Comm.; Wharton, Cr. L.; "Bill of Rights"; e.g.)

11) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" do "courts" or "legislatures" or "executives" or "administrators" or "attorneys" or "prosecutors" or "police" "compell" or "coerce" or "deceive" or misrepresent or "conceal" any thing or "contract" represented as "due process of law"; or "judgment"; or "conviction"; or "sentence"; or "law"; or "criminal proceedings"; or "Trial by Jury"; or "lawful imprisonment"; or "deprive" "full-disclosure"; or "deprive" "mutual consideration" (Spano v. N.Y.; US v. Lee; Exp. Curtis; Nichols v. Webb; Davis v. Wechsler; e.g.)

12) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" do "courts" or "attorneys" or "prosecutors" or "legislatures" or "executives" or "administrators" or "police" or "committees" or "boards" ~~use~~ use people's ignorance against them, especially when the ignorance is deliberately "inflicted"; or "deprive" full-disclosure (Exp. Curtis; Williams v. Fla.; Chambers v. Fla.; Williams v. US; Boyd v. US; e.g.);

13) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" do "courts" make demands or "enforce" demands or "protect" demands "disguised" (2 Coke 73; 3 Inst. 221; Cohens v. Va.; US v. Lee; Harlow v. Fitzgerald; Boyd v. US; Lucas v. 44th; 6 RCL 433, 435, 477; Murray's v. Hoboken; e.g.) as "ORDER" or as "due process of law" (ante) which are not comprehended or encompassed by "constitutionally compelled" (US v. Cronin) "constitutionally sufficient" (ante) "true meaning and intent" (ante) "due process of law" (ante) or the "Rules of Pleadings" (Stephen, Chitty Dicey, e.g.) inherent thereto "pursuant" to "Bill of Rights" § Fourteenth Art. of Amend. (Martin, ante; Polkards, ante; Murray's, ante; Wall, ante; SC v. US; US v. Lee; Harlow, ante; 6 RCL 433, 435, 477; others);

14) The term "due process" of law used in "Constitution for the United States of America" & "Constitution for the several states of the Union", had a peculiar meaning to America's Founders which has been repeatedly expressed by "Supreme Court of the United States"; as well as supreme courts of the "several states of the Union" thru-out the 19th - & early 20th centuries — Does that not "constitute" "res judicata", or well-established law? Does that not establish "true meaning and intent" of "constitutional guarantees"? What error-in-law did those ~~persons~~ numerous, or renowned, or "revered", "judges" or "justices" or "jurists", or Founders, commit which supplies "foundations" for over-turning

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15 cont.) all those many "judicial decisions" allowing for the continuing "innovations" (ante) or "supplanting" (ante), or frequently changing "rules" or "Rules" or "policy" or "discretion" or "doctrine" or "practice" or "local rules" or "local practice" such as: "Federal Rules of Civil Procedure"; "Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure"; "Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure"; "Federal Rules of Evidence"; or "Circuit Rules" or "U.S. Rule" or "RULES OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES" [sic]; Or, "Texas Rules of Civil Procedure" or "Texas code of criminal procedure", or "Texas Rules of Evidence", or "Texas Rules of Appellate Procedure"; Or many others which are represented or "disguised" (ante) as "constitutionally compelled"; "constitutionally sufficient"; "constitutionally guaranteed" "due process of law" while they do not conform or "comply" with the "mode of proceeding in Courts" before the 20th Century: (See US; Murray's, ante; US v. Lee; Boyd v. US; Cohens v. Va.; US v. Merchant; Martin, ante; Polkard's, ante; Chas. River, ante; Chisholm, ante; Norton v. Shelby; others);

16) "the rule of law" (Murray v. Eve; Calder, ante; Osborne, ante; Cohens v. Va.; e.g.) that, "A man cannot be judge in his own case"; "A judge cannot be a witness in his own case" (Ch. J. Coke: 12 Coke B; 4 Inst. 272; others). That "rule of law", merely another application of "common sense" (which is no longer common?) "sound reason" & "prudence", dis-qualifies, or bans, "judicial officers" of every nature from "reviewing" their own "acts" or "omissions" & requires "appellate review". "Due process of law" pursuant to "Bill of Rights" & "Fourteenth Art. of Amend." guaranty "certain" "appellate" "proceedings" (Osborne, ante; US v. Lee; Boyd v. US; See US; others), just as for "trial" "proceedings", & for all "ordinary" activities of Life within "United States of America", ss. the "several states of the Union" with the "District (not exceeding ten Miles square)" (Martin, ante; Polkard's, ante; Murray's, ante; US v. Lee; Wall, ante; See US; Louisville & N.R.R. v. US; e.g.). "Trial courts", "the inferior courts", "appellate courts", objectly or disclaimingly refuse to "proceed", or even acknowledge, "Constitutional guarantees" & "true meaning & intent" "due process of law". Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" does any "judicial officers" or "Court" whom do not "obey" or "comply" or "conform" with "constitutional guarantees & obligations" & "duties" & "limitations", or do not "obey", "conform", "comply" with the "mode" of proceedings "guaranteed" by "true meaning & intent" & "due process of law" & "Bill of Rights" & "Fourteenth Art. of Amend." & "supreme Law of the Land", obtain "competent jurisdiction" for "reviewing" the "acts" or "omissions" or "errors" of other "judicial officers" or "courts" for "constitutional sufficiency" or "violations" of "due process of law" requisites; or "legislative acts" "Contrary to Constitution for the United States of America", "Bill of Rights", "Fourteenth Art. of Amend.", "supreme Law of the Land"; Likewise, what "errors-in-law" were committed by "Supreme Court of the United States", or "supreme" courts of the "several states of the Union", or "America's founders, which permit "legislatures" or "executives" or "administrators" or "attorneys" or "prosecutors" or "police" or "clerks" or "jurors" or "committees" or "boards" or "corporations" to alter, amend, evade, re-define, "manufacture" (ante), "innovate" (ante), "due process of law", or "the rule of law", or "the great first principles", or "supreme Law of the Land" e.g.: "AEDPA", "PLRA", "ACCA", "VCE" & "LEA", "Military Commissions Act", "PATRIOT Act", "CFRA", "CSA", "ECRA", "FCEN", "FICA", "FDSS", "IAFIS", ~~XXXX~~ "JJDP", "VANA", "UCAP", "UCAN", "VOCA", "All Writs Act", "Judiciary Reform Act", "Administrative Procedures Act", various other "acts" that "declare" any thing "Contrary" to "true meaning & intent" of "supreme Law of the Land", "the rule of law", "the great first principles", "Constitution for the United States of America", "Bill of Rights", "Fourteenth Art. of Amend.", "due process of law", "equal protection of law", "Unanimous declaration of the thirteen United States of America" (1776), "Declaration of Rights" (1771), "Declaration of Rights" (1765), "Treaty with the Delawares" (1778).

8) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" do any "agents" or group or "body" of the "United States", or "government" "established" or "authorized" Under "Article I", spontaneously or automatically, or covertly or indirectly or "artificially" or thru "fictions" expand their "territorial" "limitations" or "authority" beyond the "qualifications" or "specifications" enumerated therein;

0) Under what "authority", "rule of law", "rule of construction" do "agents" of government ("Su. Lee, ante; Harlow, ante; Boyd, ante; e.g.") "grant themselves or others holding" positions of public trust "any form of 'immunity' for 'breaches or violations' of 'public duty' of 'neglected duty' of 'omitted duty' or 'failure of duty, liberty, or property' or assistance of courts 'knowingly' or 'constitutio- nally' constitute 'effective assistance of counsel' or 'fiduciary duty', of 'constitutional guarantees' or 'limitations' of 'dereliction of duty' of 'neglected duty' (Klein, ante); or for any 'invasion' of 'life, liberty or property' or 'pursuant of Happiness' ~~with~~ without 'true meaning & intent' (ante) of 'due process of law', 'Bill of Rights'; Fourteenth Amendment 'supreme Law of the Land' (Cites herein; e.g.);

[illegible]

23) "First Amendment" "Prohibition", "shall make no law" with "Fourteenth Amendment" re-enforcement of "due process of law" (Bolling v. Sharpe; e.g.), "equal protection of law" (Griffin; Martin; Pollard's; Marchant; Murray's; others) for "any person" necessarily applies to each & every individual within "United States" and "United States of America" (Wolf v. Mc Donnell; Ex p. Va.; others). Under what "authority", "rule of law", or "rule of construction" do "judges", "justices", "clerks", "prosecutors", "police", or any "demand" "fees" or "interest", or any "tax" of any nature or "disguise" for: "access to courts" or "access to public records" or "right to petition" or "right to ~~peaceable~~ peaceable assembly" or "right to labor" or "right to property" or "right to life" (Griffin; Shuttlesworth; Gildersleepe; Louisville; Orient; others; herein).

24) Under what "authority", "rule of law", "rule of construction" do "jurors" or "juries" "violate" or "evade" or "suppress" ~~the~~ "Supreme Law of the Land", "great first principles", "rule of law", or "due process of law", "pursuant to" "Bill of Rights", "Fourteenth Amendment", "the laws of Nature and of Nature's God" (US v. Lee; Rutherford; Inst.; Tucker, Comm.; Hurst, pers. Lib.; Rawle, Const.; Wilson, Lectures; e.g.);

25) Ch. J. Chipman, in his treatise, Princ. of Gov't, nicely explains how & why "Constitution for the United States of America" does not create a "federal" gov't.: Under what "authority", "rule of law" or "rule of construction" was America's National Gov't. (So, Gov't. of the United States) "perverted" to a "federal" gov't., or "corporate" "empire" (Rawle; Tucker; Wilson); Under what "authority" or "rule of law", or "rule of construction" does any "agent" or "delegate" of any Nature Whatsoever, spontaneously or instantaneously or "sua sponte" declare his "Principal" "in contempt";

26) Power can never be delegated which the authority said to delegate never possessed itself. N.J. Steam v. Merch.; Ventress v. Smith; Ch. J. Coke: 1 Coke 216; 11 Coke 87a; Story, Ag.; Story Eq. Jur. Kent, Comm. 750; Tucker, Comm.; Rawle, Const.; Chisholm v. Ga.; Van Horn's v. Dorrance; e.g.;

Dale Mainwright "Chairman", Texas Board of Criminal Justice, boldly declare ~~thus~~ thus, to wit: "Our mission [sic] is to provide public safety, promote positive change in offender behavior, reintegrate offenders into society, and assist victims of crimes." [sic];

Mainwright, et alii, perform "Our mission" by "training" prison guards that prisoners "have no rights" [sic] and "Inmates [sic] aren't people they are inmates [sic]" and other such "unconscionable" precepts or "prejudices"; Prison guards humiliate, intimidate, threaten dehumanize, assault batter, slander, libel, harass, retaliate, exact vengeance against prisoners-hostages as their manner of routine and "at defiance" (US v. Lee; Harlow v. Fitzgerald; Wolf v. Mc Donnell; Trop v. Dulles; e.g.) to "law", "Bill of Rights", "Fourteenth ~~Amendment~~ Art. of Amend", per se; Prison guards "protects" their ignorance, incompetence, laziness, brutality, torpidity, negligence, malevolence "exercised" by them using lies; "Falsifications of official records" - subversions of law; "sane reason & prudence", "due process of law" (Bolling v. Sharpe; 6 RCH 433, 435; e.g.); "Misprisons"; "Estoppels"; "Misrepresentations" to do so; Furthermore, TDCJ, TACS, TSO "agents", "officers", "officials" create or maintain hostile, "Delinquent", "Negative" environs within absolute, deteriorating, poorly-maintained, poorly-funded, poorly-manged "facilities" "callously" (Lewis v. Casey, 518 US 101-11) inflicting "Negative" effects while reinforcing "Negative" habits

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designed by Jefferson & Madison but more in the Russian [ss.: "U.S.S.R."] image." J.W.D. Douglas, *Lair v. Tatum*, 40 BUS 1 (at 28);

Under what "authority" or "great first principle" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" is the current "practice" or "doctrine" of "self policing" "government" or "agents" or "bodies" or "offices" or "officials" not Anathema to "Separation of Powers" or "Checks & Balances" or "free government" or "delegated" "Authority" or "We the people of the United States" or "Bill of Rights" or "Fourteenth Art. of Amend." or "supreme Law of the Land"; cites herein; e.g.;

Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" (Smith, Comm.; e.g.) does any "agent" "officer" "official" "committee" "group" "board of any professed" "gov't." or "corporation" "conceal" (Misprision) "misrepresent" "deprive" "full-disclosure" "ignore" "evade" "suppress" wrongs or "errors" or "torts" or "trespasses" or "transgressions" or "breaches" or "derelictions" or "frauds" or "malfeasances" or "non-feasances" or "violations" committed or ~~created~~ creating or approving or "suing" or "defending" "reports" or "records" or "statements" or "falsifying" "official records" which do not "truthfully" "~~and~~ accurately" or "precisely" or "completely" reflect or describe or document or "memorialize" "conditions" or "situations" or "circumstances" or "events" as they "actually exist" or "occurred"; or "misleading" anyone whomsoever; (Smith, Comm.; cites herein; e.g.);

2) Under What "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" do "corporations" or "artificial entities" or "fiction of law" obtain or receive "exercise" superior "rights" or "privileges" or "immunities" or "beneficence" [Madison, herein] to "unalienable Rights" or "rights" or "privileges" or "immunities" or "beneficence" [ante] of "natural persons" or of "Americans". Also see, J. Daniels, various; e.g.;

28) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" is the "recent" [Black's 8th ed.] "innovation" (1 Inst. 66; 2 Inst. 591; 1 Coke 27a; 2 Coke 73; 3 Inst. 221; Osborne (ante); e.g.) of "standing" used to "supplant" (Pound, ante) "due process of law"; "equal protection of law"; "supreme law of the Land"; "Bill of Rights" "Fourteenth Art. of Amend." (Bolling v. Sharpe; So. Carolina v. US; Chisholm v. Ga.; Van Horn's v. Dorrance; Marbury v. Madison; US v. Trackmorton; Orient v. Druggs; others) "intended" (Kent, 150) to be ~~secured~~ secured & guaranteed by "Bill of Rights" "Fourteenth Art. of Amend." "Unanimous declaration... (1776), "Declaration of Rights" (1774), "Declaration of Rights" (1765), "supreme Law of the Land" with "the great first principles" or "rule of law" (cites herein; e.g.)

29) How or where does one obtain "redress of grievances" when the only forum of "individuals" or "agents" or "officers" or "officials" available are committing the "grievances" or inflicting the "wrongs" or "Torts" or "Trespasses" or "Transgressions" or "Contraventions" or "breaches" or "Derelictions" or "Malfeasances" or "Misfeasances" or "Non-feasances" or "Stoppels" or "subversions" or "supplanting" or "suppressions" or "Oppressions" or "Evasions" or "Exactions" or "Extortions" or "Misrepresentations" or "frauds" or "coercions" or "Violations" or "Omissions"; e.g.) inflicting "injury" from which one seeks redress (cites herein; e.g.; Williams v. Bruffy; Exp. White; Thornton v. Smith; Exp. Milligan; ~~Exp.~~ Boyd v. US; e.g.); Va. Coupon; Child Labor;

30) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" is "statutory Displacement" of the common law" [sic] "innovates" (ante) or committed or executed or inflicted (Van Horn's v. Dorrance; Calder v. Bull; Chisholm v. Ga.; Steam v. Merch; Murray's v. Hoboken; Osborne v. Banks; Scott v. Sandford; Exp. Marston; Exp. Milligan; Cummings v. Mo.; US v. Trackmorton; Wilkerson v. Utah; US v. Germain; Exp. Va.; US v. Lee; Exp. Curtis; Exp. Wells; Horrid v. Cal.; US v. Hall; Barber v. Connolly; U.S. Gas v. La Light; Wick Wo v. Hopkins; Moore v. Holohan; Boyd v. US; Norton v. Shelby; Orient v. Druggs; So. Carolina v. US; Smith, Comm.; 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th Art. of Amend., ~~Art. IV~~ Art. IV; Art. VI; e.g.) by any "agent" "officer" "official"

35) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" does any "legislature" or "body" or "group" "board" "committee", "officer", "official", "agent" professing "gov't. authority" or "gov't. functions" spontaneously or instantaneously "cover" "ordinary" acts, "ordinary" ~~acts~~ "omissions" "faults", "vices", into "crime" "felony", "misdemeanor" or "indictment" (Cites herein; e.g.) ~~the following~~ ~~the following~~ ~~the following~~

6) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" does any "legislature" or "body" or "group" or "board" or "committee", "officer", "official", "agent" professing "govt." "authority" or "govt." functions ~~the~~ "innovate" (ante) categories or "policy" or "levels", such as, e.g., "Hate Crimes" or "Hate Speech", for "criminal" prosecution or "indictment" (cites herein, e.g.);

7) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" does any "legislature", "body", "group", "board", "committee", "officer", "official", "agent" professing "govt." "authority" or "govt." functions alter, amend, re-define, over-ride "constitutionally" "secuted & guaranteed" "true meaning & intent" (ante) "due process of law" (ante) by injecting or inflicting the "foreign" instrument known as "information" in to American Society (cites herein e.g.)

8) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" does any "legislature" or "body" or ~~any~~ "group", "board", "committee", "officer", "official", "agent" professing "govt." "authority" or "govt." functions, or of any "corporation" or "artificial" "entity" of any nature, escalate to a "superior" "position" or "status" or "situation" to any "American" or "individual" (Chisholm v. Ga.; Van Horns v. Dorrance; Ventress v. Smith; N.J. Steam v. Merch; Bv. Lee; Story, Cont.; Rawle, Const.; Hurd, Pers. Lib.; e.g.);

9) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" was the "constitutional guaranty" of "Assistance of Counsel", ss., "Counsel of Law", not "representation" by "attorney", altered, amended, re-defined, abolished, or "supplanted" (Murray's v. Hoboken; Van Horns v. Dorrance; Calder v. Bull; Marbury v. Madison; Tucker, Comm.; Rawle Const.; e.g.); Or, of "Trial by Jury"; Or, of "Freedom of speech, or of the press"; Or, of "right to petition the govt. for redress of grievances"; Or, of "free exercise of religion"; Or, of "peaceable assembly"; Or, of "due process of law" (Bolling v. Sharpe; 6 RCL 133, 135, 177); Or, of "Constitution for the United States of America" with "Bill of Rights" (So. Carolina v. US; Louisville v. US; US v. Lee; US v. Gorman; Harlow v. Fitzgerald; Orient v. Drangs; Van Horn's v. Dorrance; Chisholm v. Ga.; Tucker, Comm.; Rawle, Const.; e.g.);

10) Under what "authority" "rule of law" or "rule of construction" does any "legislature", "body", "group", "board", "committee", "officer", "official", "agent", "individual" inject or foist or "coerce" or "deceive" or "disguise" or "incorporate", or "enact", or "enforce" any "foreign" or "personal" or "arbitrary" or "manufacture" or "innovate" (ante) "principles", "concepts", "precepts", "procedures", "doctrine", "dogma", "dicta", "favor", "bias" in to "supreme Law of the Land", or "Bill of Rights" or "the great first principles" or the "rule of law" or "due process of law" or "equal protection of law" or "Fourteenth Art. of Amend."; (cites herein, e.g.);

11) Under what "authority" or "rule of law" or "rule of construction" (Smith, Comm., e.g.) was "America", ss., "United States of America", "several states of the Union", "United States", "District of Columbia" converted or "perverted" (Jefferson, ante) into a "Nanny State" or a "chobocracy" or a "oligarchy" or a "kleptocracy" or a "bureaucracy", or a "faust State" or a "plutocracy", e.g.:

• "Democracy & socialism have nothing in common but one word: equality. But notice the difference: While democracy seeks equality in liberty, socialism seeks equality in restraint & servitude."

Toqueville, Democracy in America; Furthermore:

• Ch. J. Chipman, in his treatise, Prin. of Gov't., nicely explains "How & Why" "Constitution for the United States of America" does not "create" a "federal" govt.: Also see Rawle, Const.; Tucker, Comm.; Wilson, Works, ~~Works~~ "Lectures", Mc ~~Cluskey~~ ed.; Adams: A.F.C.-M.H.S.; Legal Papers; J.A. Diaries; "Thoughts On Gov't"; Otrs. Rights...; S. Adams, writings, Cushing ed.; Tudor, Life of James Otis; Wilson, works, "Lectures"; Jefferson, ante; e.g.; 1 Inst. 122; 3 Inst. 221; 2 Coke 73;

12) The current "Thirteenth Art. of Amend.", or perhaps, "Thirteenth Amend.", is "fraudulent", to wit:

a) It is "internally conflicting" (Smith, Comm., cites herein, e.g.)

b) It conflicts with "true meaning and intent" (Kent, 450; e.g.) of "Constitution for the United States of America" does not ~~create~~ "federal" govt. (Smith, Comm.; Rawle, Const.; Tucker, Comm.; "Unanimous Declaration..."; ante; e.g.);

LIST OF PARTIES

[] All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.

[✓] All parties **do not** appear in the caption of the case on the cover page. A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment is the subject of this petition is as follows:

District Attorney Jack Skeen Jr.; Defendant Attorney J. Guy Conine; Judge Louis B. Gohmert Jr.; Brian Collier (TDCJ); Judge Ron Clark; Robert W. Schorader VI; Magistrate Judge K. Nicole Mitchell; Barksdale (Judge); Judge Higginson; Judge Duncan; Clerk Lyle Cause; Clerk David D'Toole; Clerk Lois Rogers; Clerk Assist. Detable Holmes; Assistant to Guardian Bower; Captain Carron (TDCJ); Mayers (TDCJ Property); Ms Allison (TDCJ Craft-Shop); Bedison (TDCJ Chaplain); Chrissa Norton (TDCJ Officer); Guardian Baker; Assit. Guardian Marshall; George (TDCJ C.O.S); Grievance Officers - E. Huff / E Huffman; Mail room Supervisor Arnold; Charles Horsley (TDCJ); Joe Milburn (TDCJ); In their private and official capacities The State of Texas, alias TSOT, alias the STATE OF TEXAS; with or by the ~~deceased~~ principals, officers, officials, in their private & official capacities; U.S. Attorney Texarkana, Texas, IA in his official & private capacities; Others, singly or collectively, Defendants;

RELATED CASES

Smith County, Tyler, Texas Attempted Burglary of a Habitation under The name Lorenzo Carrasco, In the 7th District Court of Smith County, Texas in Cause Number 7-83-296, which was committed on the 1st day of August; Smith County, Texas - 7th Judicial District Cause Number: 7-81776-18; United States District Court, Eastern District of Texas - Tyler Division - Escudero v. District Attorney Jack Skin et al; Defendants No. 6:17cv577 Judgment entered December 7th, 2017; Escudero v. Jack Skin et al, Defendants, No: 17-41258, United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit, Judgment entered, ~~March 12, 2020~~ March 12th, 2020.

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Gildersleve, 319 US 528; Jeffries, 9 Okla. Crim. 573, 132 P. 823; 265 Mo. 408, 178 S.W. 65; Mc Colton, 126 US 312; 100 R.L.A. 321, 55 ALR 2d 1072; 426 US 319; Douglas v. Calif., 372 US 353 [426 US 325] Bennett 365 US 708; e.g. } 32.

Lane v. Brown, 372 US 477; 319 US 12, 17; [426 US 331]; 100 L. Ed. 891; 389 US 40; 351 US 19; 365 US 708; 360 US 252; 10 Ohio Ops 2d 404; 84 Ohio L. Abs. 570; 372 US 417, 484; 385 US 192; Mayer, 404 US 189 [404 US 194] [11]; 372 US 487; 9 L. Ed. 2d at 907; 364 US 438, 446; e.g.; } 33.

Enhancement [Double Jeopardy] Ground 8th - August 1993 - Cause number: 7-83-296; Nixon, 400 US 332, 340; 3 Co. Inst. 212, 213, 16 ed. 1680; outrefais acquit & outrefais convict. "universal Maxim of the Common Law of England, Jeopardy - 110. Black Stone, 335, 336; Simpson, 435 US 6; 5th Amend.; Bass, 404 US 336; 432 US 161; 432 US 161; 5th Amend.; Criminal Law § 22, 29, 31 Double Jeopardy; Criminal Law § 22, 29, 31 Double Jeopardy - multiple punishments, 5th Amend.; Criminal Law § 37 - double jeopardy - successive prosecutions - cumulative punishment; e.g. } 34.

Criminal Law § 37 - double Jeopardy 432 US 165; Wilson, 420 US 332, 339, 340; 5th Amend.; Pearce, 395 US 711, 717; Gore, 357 US 386; Bell, 349 US 81, 99; Exp. Lange, 18 Wall 163; 21 L. Ed. 872 (1874); Tonn, 500 US 470, 479 (1991); Ash v. Swenson, 397 US 436; [433 US 166]; Linen, 430 US 564; Green, 355 US 184, 187, 188; 77 Ohio Lubs. 202, 61 ALR 2d 1119 (1957); Pearce, 395 US 711, 717; e.g.; } 35.

V.S. v. Aldrich, 164 F.3d 526 (1999); August 1983 Cause Number: 7-83-296, 5th Amend. Transgressions of individual fundamental unalienable "Rights" intended to be secured and guaranteed by "Constitution of the United States of America," Bill of Rights, (1791), 14th Amend.; Declaration of the Thirteenth United States of America (1776); Declaration of Rights (1774); "Supreme Law of the Land," the great first principles (3 Dall 386; 2 Dall. 304; 14 US 212; 4 Wheat 235; 59 US 272; 164 F.3d. } 36.

of individual fundamental unalienable "Rights" intended to be secured and guaranteed by "Constitution of the United States of America," Bill of Rights, (1791), 14th Amend.; Declaration of the Thirteenth United States of America (1776); Declaration of Rights (1774); "Supreme Law of the Land," the great first principles (3 Dall 386; 2 Dall. 304; 14 US 212; 4 Wheat 235; 59 US 272; 164 F.3d. } 37.

Alblich, 164 F.3d 526, 528; Bear, 116 F.3d 349, 350; Davis, 103 F.3d 660 668; 103 F.3d 1422, 1430; Jones, 16 F.3d 487, 493; Senders, 563 US 379, 383; e.g.;
Lewis, 547 F.2d 1030, 1033; Daniels, 248 US App. D.C. 198, 770 F.2d 1111, 1116; James, 181 US App. D.C. 55, 555 F.2d 992, 1000; Phillips, 401 F.2d 301, 305; Holloway, 1 F.3d 307, 311; Milcheson, 335 US 469, 476; Whalen, 445 US 684; Simpson, 435 US 6; Mexican Embassy, 5th, 14th Amend. Luther, 385 F.3d 947; deprived of his Liberty, violations of his Constitutional Rights; "Time barred that Const. Bill of Rights", 14th Amend. do not delegate authority to any body...; Chisum; Calder; Martin; Marchant; Bolling; Murray's; Ex p. Wall; Lee; Ex p. Curtis; Orient; Weaver; Lucas; Clark Cr. L.H. Book P. 2, 5, 46, 56; e.g.;
357 US 386; Morgan, 237 US 625; De Snow, 120 US 271; Bozza, 330 US 160; Ex p. Nickson, 131 US 176; Sebald, 100 US 371; Lange, 85 US 18, Wall 163 [21: 872]; Ex p. Sebald, 100 US 371 [25: 717]; Wilson, 120 US 332, 1420 US 340; 154 Texas, 154 Tex. Crim. 307; 222 S.W. 2d 219; 1950 Tex. Crim. App. Lexis 3039; Simpler, 143 Tex. Crim. 220, 157 S.W. 2d 903; 445 US 698; [445 US 704]; Crepps, a Corp 640, 98 Eng. Rep. 1283 (KB 1777)... Id at 646, 98 Eng. Rep. at 1287; Double Jeopardy 5th Amend; e.g.;
377 US 210; Fearn, 589 F.2d 1316, 1178; 3 Fed. R. Evid. Ser. (Cullahay) 1329 No. 78-1199; 511 Fed. 894; 273 US 83, 87, 88; 405 US 105; 294 US 103; 410 US 289; 386 US 1; Miranda, 389 US 436; Warton, Amr. Crim. Law; 5th Amend.; "The Rule of law"; Bowler, L. Book Dict. 1st 7ud (1883); Coke, Inst., 200 US 908; 98 US 61; e.g.;
R.C.L. Vol. 6, sec. 433, 435; 59 US 272; 25 Am. Del. 677; Green, 5 Binney (Pa.) 554; 13 US 242; 107 US 265; 267 US 87; 194 US 437; 206 US 46; 181 US 324; 211 US 78; Saco, 58 Am. Dic. 786; Greene v. Briggs, 10 Fed. Case 1136, 1140, 1 Curtis C.C. Rep. 311 Case No. 5764; 142 S.W. 595; 16 H. A.M. Jur. 2d, Const. Law; Codey, Princ. Const.; Codey, Const. Limit.; 1 Wheat, 304; 2 Dall. 304; 2 Dall. 410; Capt. Curzon imper-sonating a judge Case No. (T.D.C.) 20170049378; No factual evidence; Const.; Bill of Rights, 14th Amend.; Fanderson Courts, Williams, 341 US 96, 101; 272 US 438; 338 US 44, 52; 201 US 43; 407 US 800, 818-19; 110 US 516; 44 US 212; 233 US 30; 365 US 109, 119; 566 US No. 10-444; 443 US 301; Step 1 Grievance 2017035532; e.g.;
Mail, Brown v. Martinez, 416 US 396, 99; 490 US 701, 715; Saffley, 482 US 78, 90; Ode v. Kelly, 159 A.2d 1000; 552 N.Y.S. 2d 475, 476; TDCS Sop. Number MSCP. 2-1. Packages, January 1st, 2014 Rekted A.C.H. Standard 4-4491-4-4492; 4-4495-B.P. 03. 91; 1st Amend.; 106 US 196, 220; 106 US 371, 378; US v. Cronin, 466 US 665, n. 38; Const. Art. VI; e.g.;
Case no. (TDCS) 20170049378; 1st Amend. "Free choice of religion"; Elkrod, 422 US 373; 282 US 259; Clark, Cr. L.H. Book P. 2, 5, 46, 56; Lee; Louisville; Lucas; Owen; Martin; N.J. Sturm; Const.; Bill of Rights; 14th Amend.; 1st, 14th Amend. Clark Crim. Law Hand Book P. 2, 5, 46, 56; 42 US 339; 35 US 161; 19 US 304; 2 US 119, 171; 172 US 537; 89 S. Ct. 1709; 233 US 630, 636; 282 US 740, 754; 1 Wheat 235; 59 US 272; 457 US 800, 818-9; Clones, 7 F.3d 1359; 360 US 315, 320; 106 US 196, 200; e.g.;
equal protection of law; Const.; Bill of Rights; 14th Amend.; "Unalienable Rights"; Chisum; Calder; Martin; Marchant; Bolling; Murray's; Ex p. Wall; Lee; Ex p. Curtis; Orient; Weaver; Lucas; Clark, Crim L.H. B. P. 2, 5, 46, 56; 858 F.2d 534; 457 US 818; 106 US 220; 106 US 908; 172 US TDCS Grievance #2017119094; e.g.;
Cognan v. Scarpelly, 411 US 782; Mansey v. Brewer, 704 US 487; 518 US 564-11; 59 US 272; Chicago, 232 US 340; 59 US 396; 430 US 672; 430 US 817; 474 US 327; 383 US 433; 341 US 101; Hull Fed. Case 15, 282; 100 US 339; 6 RCL 433, 435; e.g.; 550 F. Sup. R. 65; 37 F. Sup. 2d 855; 34 US 471; Bound; Lewis; 172 US 566; 25 US 480; 32 US 497; 20 US 471; 14 US 304; 106 US 220; 47 US 344; 35 US 161; 89 S. Ct. 110

Lucus, 337 US 713; 384 US 436; 445 US 622; 427 US 373; US v. Hall; Ex P. Vao; Ex P. Merryman; Ex P. Mil-
ligan; Orient; Louisville, 282 US 259; "Const. . . .", Bill of Rights, 14th Amend. "Constitutional guaran-
ties of due process of law", of equal protection of law (Decla. of Indep., 1776); Kent, Comm. 450, 451
588; Tucker, Comm.; Kent Comm.; Bouvier, L. Dict.; Story, Agency; Dacom, Maxims, 26, reg. 4; 2 Hill
(104) 423; 106 US 196, 220; 106 US 371, 378; US v. Cronin, 466 US 665 n. 38; by Constitution . . . Art. VI; e.g.;
Judicial Notice to Objections to Continuing Friends" No. 6: 17cv 577, Nov. 30th, 2017-Appendix C;
Magistrate Judge: Brads 8th; Hurdado v. Calif., 110 US 516; Casey, 518 US 343, 409; 1st, 7th, 8th, 14th Amends.; Page
Change, 32 US 497; 2 US 419, 471; 3 Dall 386; 5 US 137; 13 US 292; 14 US 304; 4 Wheat 235; 25 US 100; 44 US 212; 47 US
344; 35 US 61; 59 US 272; 71 US 277; 191 US 270; 92 US 542; 93 US 61; 99 US 508; 92 US 542; 93 US 61; 100 US 339; 100 US 371;
106 US 196, 220; 106 US 371, 378; 107 US 265; 110 US 516; 118 US 425; 172 US 357; 199 US 347; 201 US 43; 207 US 142;
233 US 630, 633; 267 US 82; 270 US 108; 377 US 713; 411 US 778; 430 US 817; 445 US 622; 457 US 800, 818; 466 US 668;
518 US 393; 404, 411; 180 L. Ed. 283; 6 RCL 433, 435; 25 Am. Dec. 677; 58 Am. Dec. 786; 309 US 241; 263
263 US 22, 24; 339 US 442; 21 US 326, 332; 5 Greenleaf, law of evidence; Best evidence; do not com-
prehend or "authorize" US "Magistrate Judge" 28 US: C. § 636 (b); "standing order are flagrant
violation of Const. compelled, 466 US 665, n. 38; Const. sufficient, 518 US 343, 409; 411 US 778, 782; 1st, 7th, 8th,
14th Amend.; Laff's Rep., 458 Ch. Coke 77; Story, Conf. laws, 539; e.g.; Black's 8th ed.; e.g.;
Const. . . Art. VI; The Court persistently misrepresents petitioner true identity: Petitioner is not LORENZO
ESCUERO # 878388; Tucker, Comm.; Kent, Comm.; Bouvier L. Dict.; 71 US 2; Hurd, Pers. Lib.; Church, Page
Hab. Corpus; Kent, Comm. 450; "due process of law"; "Bill of Rights"; 14th Amend. "Wharton, Am. Crim. Law;
54 US 272; 107 US 265; 199 US 137; 207 US 142; 267 US 87; Petitioner is no TX Black's 8th ed. P. 216, 393;
Ch. Coke, 10 Coke 70, 76; 2 Inst. 219; 104 US 702; Ch. J. Coke 75; Bouvier, 133; Story, Conf. L.; Ch. J. Coke,
9 Coke 73 b; Tucker, Comm. 405; e.g.;
over-rule Const. . . "Bill of Rights", 14th Amend. "Feds Rule. Civ. P. over-rule or ~~re~~ re-define" Const. . . Page
Bill of Rights, 14th Amend.; supplant (R. Powell Law) Const. . . "Bill of Rights, 14th Amend., supreme
Law of the Land; 2 US 77; 25 US 480; the great first principles (Calder, 3 Dall. 386; 2 Dall. 304; 5 US 137;
47 US 344; 35 US 161; 172 US 657; Watts v. Ind. 338 US 51; 360 US 320; 44 US 222; 457 US 818; Ch. J. Coke: 3 Inst. 221,
2 Coke; 19 US 264; 309 US 241; 372 US 335); Story, Eq. Jur. 389, 390, 395; "imprison"; "contumacy"; Torpe
Droganic Law G. P. 7; Petitioner cannot find any honest "const. comp." "const. suff. courts" within Texas;
S. Bright "Elected Judges", Tex. L. Rev., Vol. 78, p. 1806 (2000); 518 US 404, 441; US v. Cronin, 466 US 665 n.
38; Lewis; true meaning & intent, Kent, Comm. 450; 106 US 220; 2 US 771; e.g.;
3 Dall. 386; 2 Dall. 304; 4 US 304; 5 US 137; 7 US 247; 199 US 437; 40 US 343; 267 US 87; 564 US 211; 107 US 265; 6 RCL 433, 435; Page
Black's 8th ed. P. 293; 25 US 100; 457 US 818; True meaning and intent (Kent, Comm.) of "Writ of Habeas Corpus (Tucker,
Comm.; Kent, Comm.; Bouvier, Various works; Coke, Inst.; Hurd, Pers. Lib.; Church, Habeas Corpus; cites above;
377 US 713; Art. III, Art. VI, Crews v. Petrosky, 509 F. Supp. 1201 contempt of American Law; Const. . . Art. IV, VI;
448 F. 2d 37; 457 US 2d 253; Clark, Crim. L. Hand Book, p. 2, 5, 46, 56; 172 US 557; 47 US 344; 35 US 161; e.g.;
"requisite forms" are not comprehended or encompassed by Bill of Rights, 14th Amend. "due process of law,
supreme Law of the Land, the great first principles; 263 US 24; 21 US 326; Kent, Comm. 450; 19 US 264; Black's
8th ed. p. 226, 293; Wall; Grossman; In contempt of law grant themselves prudential license to defiantly
refuse to address the numerous "constitutional" transgressions, subversions of "due process of law" of Const. . .
Bill of Rights, 14th Amend. defiantly in contempt to express command from "Supreme Court of the United States"
"Precedents" and their calls of office Const. . . Art. IV, VI; 564 US 211; Owens; Lucas; 270 US 108; 263 US 24;
232 US 340; 309 US 241; 207 US 142; S. Carolina; 116 US 616; 113 US 27; 101 US 22; 106 US 220; 118 US 539; 282 US
759; 705 247;

Statutes and Rules.

Individual "fundamental" "unalienable" Rights intended to be "secured & guaranteed" by "Constitution for the United States of America"; "Bill of Rights" (1791); "Fourteenth Amendment"; "Unanimous Declaration of the Thirteenth United States of America" (1776); "Declaration of Rights" (1774); "supreme Law of the Land"; "great first principles" (Calder v. Bull, 3 Dall. 386; Dorrance, 2 Dall. 309; Martin, 14 US 212; Okeley, 1 Wheat 295; Hoboken, 59 US 272; 59 US 396; Scott, 60 US 393; Chisom, 2 US 419, 471; "American Obedience Law" (F.N. Thorpe G.R.D.); 232 US 390, 354; 130 US at 622; 315 US 60; Chambers; Marchant, 25 US 480; Bolling, 32 US 492; 43 US 394; 35 US 161; Cruikshank, 92 US 542; Ex P. Va., 178 US 557, 566; 199 US 437; Hale v. Hurler, 210 US 43; without "const. compelled" (US v. Cronin, 466 US 662 n.38) "const. suff." (518 US 409) "true meaning and intent" (Kent, Comm. 450) of "due process of law" (cites herein)

Petitioner ~~is~~ a fore mentioned declaring the following transgresses, transgressions, Torts, evasions, or subversions or "supplanting" (R. Board): of "true meaning and intent" (Kent, Comm. 450) of constitutionally compelled ~~(US v. Cronin, 466 US 662 n.38)~~ "constitutionally sufficient" (Lewis v. Case, 1518 US 343, 409) "due process of law" (Constitution... Arts II, IV, VI; "Bill of Rights"; 14th Amend.) (cites herein): of "individual" "fundamental" "unalienable" Rights (Clark, Crim. Law Book, p. 24), "The rule of law" Murray, ante; The standard of Review is 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 14th Amends.; supreme Law of the Land; "the great first principles", Chisholm, 2 US 419, 471; Calder, 3 Dall. 386; Martin, 14 US 212; Cohens; Marchant, 25 US 480; Bolling; Ventress; Polkards; Van Horn; N.J. Steam; Murray's; South v. Md.; Ex P. Milligan; Ex P. Curtis; Ex P. Milligan; Cummings; US v. Hall; Missouri v. Lewis; Ex P. Va; Cruikshank; Throckmorton; US v. Lee; Orient; Ex P. Wall; Hurlado; Barber; Boyd; cites previously lodged continuously; e.g.

Others:

Demands for "fees" constitutes yet another form of collusion unwilling to force the issue... diversion Tony Hadley [sic] (Louisville, ante) insidiously "obstructing" or "prejudicing" the rights ~~of the~~ (Dinnwiedie, ante) of "due process of law" of Equal Rights, equal protection of law; "right to petition the government for redress"; "Life"; "Liberty"; "Property"; "pursuit of happiness" (1st, 7th, 8th, 14th Amend.) "supreme Law of the Land"; "great first principles" (Calder, ante)

Demanding "fees", especially preliminary to or for ~~performance~~ performance of delegated "authority" duty bound (Kent, Comm. ante) by Constitution, ante; (Art. II, IV, VI; "Bill of Rights"; 14th Amend.) in addition to receiving "compensation", salaries, an "operating budget", various emoluments disbursed from the "Public Treasury" authorized by Constitution, ante; expressly for performance "duty bound" (Kent, ante) by "Constitution, ante" constitutes "fraud" or "extortions" or "exactions", or obstructions, at defiance (Lee, ante) of "Constitution, ante" or true meaning and intent (Kent, Comm. 450) of "due process of law" (cites herein); Americus Founders designed an "ingenious" funding system founded upon the "laws of Nature and Nature's God" (Jefferson Unanimous Declaration...) for the law full exercise of delegated authority (Chisholm, ante) for gov't. functioning with no delegation of authority by the "mere arbitrary will" (cites herein); N.J. Steam; Orient v. Druggs, 178 US 557; Weaver v. Palmer, 220 US 408; e.g.

Petitioner-Appellant presents himself as an uneducated man with no help or someone to help him with the skills of the science of law, Escobar's first language (natural language) is Spanish. Escobar is not a lawyer or attorney of the law;

ously being suffered, to wit:

"Constitution for the United States of America" (a. k. a. "Constitution of the United States") expressly creates "one Supreme Court of the United States" at Art. III "having both" appellate jurisdiction and "original jurisdiction" for matters involving aforementioned "Constitution" at "law", "inequity", for "Admiralty / maritime" jurisdictions; Historically, that "one supreme Court of the United States" have conducted their proceedings under the style "Supreme Court of the United States": is referenced in all previous all future as "Supreme Court of the United States"; Furthermore, the term "law" herein like all previous; all future, all current instruments "comprehends" & encompasses all the following authentic renown sources or references on American Law, to wit:

- "Declaration of Rights" (1765); "Declaration of Rights" (1774); "Unanimous Declaration of the thirteen United States of America" (1788); "Bill of Rights" (1791); "Fourteenth Amendment" (1868); Tucker, Comm.; Kent, Comm.; Story, Various; Greenleaf, Various; Bouvier, Various; Coke, Inst.; Chipman, Princ. Gov't.; Parson, Various; Hallard, Various; Rawle, Const.; Webster, Const.; Cross, Mil. L.; Tiedman, Various; Warton, Amr. Cr. L.; Hurd Pers. Lib.; Cooley, Various; Wilson, Works; Jay, Works; Wilson, Works; Madison, Various; Jefferson, Various; Adams, Various; Otis, Rights; S. Adams, ~~Works~~, Writings; Warren, Causes; "The rule of law" (Hanney, post; e.g.); e.g.: "Where'd it go?" (Addelle Inver Gordon, Savannah, Ga.).
- Some people have decided that the Constitution isn't worth defending and that history isn't worth defending. Certainly in my position they both are worth defending. "Justice Clarence Thomas to Laura Ingraham reported in Wilson County News, [Texas] 11/8/19, p. 13A.
 - "Law should be studied and thought as a history science." Justice James Wilson, Works, Vol. 1, p. 70; Ch. J. Coke: 2 Inst. 11, ~~3~~ 3 Coke 7, 10 Coke 20;
 - "The Constitution is a writing instrument. As such its meaning do not alter. That which it meant when adopted it means now..." S. Cordina v. US, 199 US 437, 448 (1905); West Coast Hotel v. Parrish, 300 US 290, 402 (1936);
 - Failure to enforce the law does not change it." Louisville & N. R. P. v. US, 282 US 740, 759; Keim v. US, 177 US 290;
 - It would be idle & trite to say no right is absolute. "Orient Inst. v. Driggs, 172 US 557;
 - A person cannot consent to being deprived inalienable rights." Clark, Cr. L. H. B. p. 2, 5, 16, 56;
 - "gov't. of laws, not for man", Adams, Works, Vol. IV p 203 ff, et seq.;
 - "The Court is to protect ~~the~~ against any encroachment of Constitutionally secured liberty." Boyd v. US, 116 US 616; Van Horn's v. Dorrance, 211 US 304; Calder v. Bull, 3 Dall 386; Marbury v. Madison, 5 US 137; Hanney v. Eve, 7 US 247; Martin v. Hunter's, 11 US 304; Cohens v. Va., 19 US 264; US v. Marchant, 25 US 480; Pollards v. Hagan, 44 US 212; N. J. Steam v. Merch., 47 US 344; Ca. Litt. 304; 2 Kent 324; Murray's v. Hoboken, 59 US 272; Ex p. Merryman, Ex p. Milligan, 71 US 2; US v. Cruikshank, 92 US 542; US v. Throckmorton, 98 US 61; US v. Lee, 106 US 196; Ex p. Curtis, 106 US 371; Hurtado v. Calif., 110 US 516; N.O. Gas v. La. Light, 115 US 650; Norton v. Shelby, 118 US 425; Ex p. Siebold, 100 US 537; Ex p. Vb., 100 US 339; US v. Germain, 99 US 508; Wilkerson v. Utah, 99 US 130; Hale v. ~~Hale~~, Henkel, 120 US 43; Chambers v. Balto, 207 US 442; Child Labor Tax, 259 US 20; Avery v. Ala., 308 V. 444; Smith v.
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v. O'Grady, 312 US 329; US v. Glasser, 135 US 60; Gideon v. Wainwright, 372 US 335; Nollan v. McDaniel, 418 US 339; Toney v. Ohio, 223 US 510; Dallas v. Mitchell, 245 SW 941; e.g.;

- "Whenever there is an interest ~~in~~ and power to do wrong, wrong will be done." Madison, Selections; M. Guire, ed.; Cox 541; Bennet, 541; Cox, Class, Caste, Race; Writings, Gilpin, ed.; Writings, Northampton, ed.; Adams, Diary, Vol. 1, p. 57; Works, Vol. IV, p. 219, et seq.; AFC MMS;
- "Those who do not preserve the law of the Land justly incur the awful & indelible brand of infamy." Ch. J. Coke 3 Inst 221, 2 Coke 73; Cohens, ante; e.g.;
- "The term sovereign is unknown to the Constitution." J. Wilson, Chisholm v. Ga., 2 US 417, 471.
- "... our governors are the agents of the people." Ch. J. Jay, Chisholm v. Ga., 2 US 417, 471; Kent, Comm. 450; e.g.;
- "Shall make no law..."; "First Amendment"; Elrod v. Burns, 427 US 370; Ex p. Va, ante; Barber v. Connolly, 113 US 27; Mich. Wo. v. Hopkins, 118 US 356; others

In object disdain for the unequivocal ~~prohibition~~ prohibition, "judges", "legislators", "legislatures", "attorneys", "prosecutors", "police", "executives", "administrators", "functionaries" (Kreus v. Petrosky, 503 F. Sup. 1194; e.g.; "passively manufacture" (Chambers v. Fla., 309 US 227, 241) "Acts", "codes", "rules", "regulations", "procedures", "practice", "local practice", "policy" (Davis v. Wechsler, 263 US 22) "repugnant" to "constitutional guarantees", "duty", "obligation", "limitations" (Weaver v. Palmer, 270 US 408) to wit:

On the 18th of March, 2020, Escudero received legal mail from the (Fifth Circuit) United States Court of Appeals, such document issued on the 12th day of March, 2020, were accordingly, the judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED. No. 17-4258. ~~THE~~

Where Escudero was appealing the dismissal without prejudice from the District Court of Texas USDC No. 6:17-CV-577,

This court (Fifth Circuit) claims that Escudero never made no effort to contest the Magistrate Judge's decision, when clearly this court (Fifth Circuit & District Court) did ~~not~~ not make any effort to read Escudero's many motion with objections to the Magistrate Judge's order to file a petition for writ of habeas corpus or a civil rights lawsuit, were clearly Escudero begin refuting this order from the magistrate judge as in "Judicial Notice to objections to Various Misrepresentations of Facts & of law contained in professed 'DEFICIENT ORDER', dated the 13th day of October, 2017." [sic] No. 6:17-cv-577, ~~dated~~ dated the 18th day of October, 2017, is ~~annexed~~ annexed. Judicial Notice of Objections to Errors & Transgressions of Due Process of Law, No. 17-cv-577, dated the 18th day of October, were Escudero never consent or assent for the interference of a professed "Magistrate Judge" and never signed a document consenting or assenting for the "Magistrate Judge" interference asked by the District Court on a plainly defective document were they were asking for Escudero consent or assent. "Judicial Notice of Objections to ~~Various~~ Errors & Transgressions of Due Process of law" No. 17-cv-577 dated the 18th day of October, 2017 is annexed;

On the 9th day of October, 2017, Escudero filed a "Declaration of Complaint of Constitutional Violations, Deprivations of 'Due Process of Law', Deprivations of Trial by Jury; Deprivation of 'Equal protection of law', Unlawful imprisonments, torts, subver-

~~Escudero~~

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sions of ~~the~~ "Res Judicata", Subversions of ~~the~~ Supreme Court of the United States" Precedents"; No. 6:17cv577, is annexed, where clearly this Court (Fifth Circuit) and the District Court (of Texas) did not read the Declaration of Complaint, above, annexed herein; "Objections to U.S. Magistrate Judge", No. 6:17cv577, dated the 19th day of October, 2017 is annexed; "Judicial Notice of Objections to Continuing Frauds"; No. 6:17cv577, is annexed; "Additional Judicial Notice to Objections to U.S. Magistrate Judge"; No. 6:17cv577, is annexed; "Judicial Notice of Imperative New Evidence, Vindictive Retaliations"; No. 6:17cv577, dated the 18th day of November, 2019 is annexed; "Motion for Clarification of 'Deficiency Order', No. 6:17cv577 is annexed; "Judicial Notice of Misrepresentation of facts"; No. 6:17cv577, dated the 5th day of December, 2018 is annexed; ~~to~~ "Judicial Notice of Imperative New Evidence, Vindictive Retaliations; Extortion's, Frauds, Estoppels"; No. 6:17cv577, dated the 18th day of November, 2019, is annexed; "Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit for Judgement"; No. 6:17cv577, dated the 18th day of November, 2019 is annexed;

• United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit, Civil Action No. 6:17cv577 "Notice of Appeal" dated the 18th of December, 2017 is annexed; "Petition for Appellate Review", dated the 18th day of December, 2017 is annexed; "Brief of Declaration of Complaint of Constitutional Violations"; Deprivations of "Due Process of Law"; Deprivations of "Trial by Jury"; Deprivation of "Equal Protection of Law"; Unlawful Imprisonments; Subversion of "Res Judicata", Subversions of Supreme Court of the United States' "Precedents"; dated the 7th day of March, 2018 is annexed; "Addendum to the Brief" Annexed. No. 17-41258, dated the 7th day of March, 2018 is annexed; "Brief of Declaration of Complaint...." No. 17-41-41258, dated the 7th of March, 2018 is annexed; "Petition for Appellate Review", No. ~~17-41258~~ 17-41258, dated the 18th day of March, 2018 is annexed; "Motion to file Addendum to the Brief Annexed in the Nature of an Affidavit of Notice for....." No. 17-41258 dated the 22nd day of March, 2018 is annexed; "Motion to Present Findings of Facts and Conclusions of Law"; No. 17-41258 is Annexed, dated the 29th of March, 2018 is Annexed; "Judicial Notice of New Evidence", No. 17-41-258, dated the 7th day of June, 2018 is annexed; "Judicial Notice of Imperative New Evidence for Continuing Constitutional...." No. 17-41258, dated the 8th of July, 2018 is annexed; "Judicial Notice to Objections to Continuous Frauds of Conclusions of law", No. 17-41258, dated the 12th day of December, 2018, is annexed; "Judicial Notice to Objections of Constitutional Errors and Transgressions of Due Process of Law...." No. 17-41258 dated the 2nd day of January, 2019 is annexed; "Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit for Correcting the Record".... No. 6:17cv577, In re: 17-41258, dated the 21st day of January, 2019 is annexed; "Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit of Misrepresentation of Fact; Misrepresentation of Law; Falsification of Records"; No. 17-41258, dated the 23rd day of, 2019 is annexed; "Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit of a Writ of a precept...." No. 17-41258, dated the 12th day of April, 2019 is annexed; "Judicial Notice of Clerk's Misrepresentation falsifying official records; No. 17-41258 dated the 4th of September, 2019 is annexed; "Judicial Notice to Objections of Constitutional errors...." No. 17-41258, dated the 2nd day of January, 2019 is annexed; "Supplemental Brief of Declaration of Complaint of Constitutional...." No. 17-41258, dated the 7th of March, 2018 is annexed.

~~For 17-41258~~ 24 of

~~2020~~, is annexed; Judicial Notice to Objections to Clerk, to Correct the ~~Record~~ Record . . . " No. : 17-11258, dated ~~the 10th day of February, 2020~~ the 10th day of February, 2020 is annexed; Motion to File Supplemental Brief of Declaration of Complaint . . . " ~~Annexed~~ Annexed . . . " No. : 17-11258, dated the 5th day of March, 2020 is annexed; "Motion Seeking Leave of Court to File Supplemental Brief of Declaration of Complaint . . . " Annexed, dated the 10th of February, 2020 — dated the 5th day of March, 2020, is annexed;

The Fifth Circuit (Court of Appeals) declared in the legal mail dated the 12th day of March, 2020, received by Escudero on the 18th day of March, 2020, were in such document accordingly, the judgment of the district court is affirmed or AFFIRMED. ~~THE~~

Were this Court (Fifth Circuit) clearly declares (or did not read, Escudero's "Petition for Appellate Review") that Escudero, "Despite the Magistrate Judge's warning the case would be dismissed if he failed to submit either a Habeas form or a 28 USC § 2241 form, within 30 days, were Escudero filed several motions were Escudero expressly declared in several ~~motions~~ Judicial Notice to Objections to Various Misrepresentations of fact & of law contained in proffered ~~DEFICIENCY ORDER~~ dated the 13th day of October, 2017; Clearly this Court has not read all of this motions or pretend that they do not know law; Furthermore, Escudero has filed ~~many~~ many Objections to US Magistrate Judge, were Escudero never give his consent or assent and never will consent for a Magistrate judge to rule on his case;

On the Judicial Notice of Objections to Various Misrepresentations of fact & law Contained in Proffered Deficiency Order . . . " dated the 23rd day of October - No. 6:17-cv-517, Escudero clearly and expressly declared that "Escudero was ~~not~~ not proceeding pro se ~~Esq~~ : Escudero is proceeding "as a "natural" man, attempting to "vindicate" (Crews v. Petrosky, 509 F. Sup. 1199, 1204; Harris v. Pile, 87 F.2d 315, 317; Colby v. Conboy, 447 F.2d 251, 253; cites previously lodged) his "inalienable rights" supposedly "secured and guarantee" by "Constitution of the United States", "Constitutional law", "Fourteenth Amendment", "due process of law", "equal protection of law"; a person cannot consent to being deprived inalienable rights. "Clark Co. L. H. B., P. P. 2, 5, 16, 56; Tucker, Comm.; Kent, Comm.; others; "Bill of Rights";

the courts want only use peoples ignorance against them, which ignorance is insidiously inflicted, without providing "full disclosure" at defiance" (Lee v. US, 106 US 196; e.g.) to their board (Kent, ante; Const. ante, Art. VI, art. II);

2) He has not specified whether he ~~desires~~ desires to bring this lawsuit as a petition for Writ of habeas corpus or a civil right lawsuit. Generally, § 2241 suits are the proper vehicle to attack unconstitutional ~~confinements~~ confinements and prison procedures . . . A habeas Petition, on the other hand, is the proper vehicle to seek release from custody. Carson v. Johnson, [sic], 112 F.3d 818 . . . The lawsuit is deficient to the extent that Escudero has not filed out [sic] the requisite form, habeas or civil rights, which is required by the court.

The passage deliberately misrepresent the facts and law" and "res judicata";

Escudero presents in his lawsuit. That the passage demonstrate either the lack of comprehension of the fact law represents in his lawsuit, or deliberately evasion of facts, errors, "law", "due process of law", and "constitutional guaranteed" by the Court (Lewis v. Casey, 518 US 104; Harlow v. Fitzgerald, 457 US 600, 608; others

When clearly, Escudero clearly declared in the many motion, with many pages all the effort that this Court (Fifth Circuit) did not read or do not comprehend "law" or "constitutional guarantees";

• When clearly Escudero declared in the many motions as well on the Petition for Appellate Review dated the 17th day of December, 2017-N, E:17CV577 where Escudero have demonstrated with law why 42 USC § 1983 Federal Rule of Appellate Procedures 28.0, Fed. R. App. P. 28(a)(5);

• "Whenever there is an interest and power to do wrong, wrong will be done." Madison, Selections, M^cGuire ed.; Cox 54 Bennett 574; Cox, Class, Caste, Race & Writings, Gilpin, ed.; Writings, Worthington, ed.; Adams & Dairy, vol. I, p. 57; Works, vol. IV, p. 219, et seq.; AFC "MFS";

• "Those who do not preserve the law of the land justly incur the awful & indelible brand of infamy"; Ch. J. Coke 3 Inst. 221, 2 Coke 73; Cohens, ante; e.g.;

• "The term sovereignty is unknown to the Constitution". J. Wilson, Chisholm v. Ga., 2 US 417, 471;

• "... our governors are the agents of the people." Ch. J. Jay, Chisholm v. Ga., 2 US 417, 471; Kent, 50, ed.;

• "Shall make no law..." "First Amendment"; Elrod v. Burns, 427 US 347; E.A.P. Va., ante; Barber v. Connolly, 13 US 27; Mick Wo v. Hopkins, 118 US 356; others;

In ~~the~~ object disdain for the ~~the~~ unequivocal prohibitions, "Judges", "legislators", "attorneys", "prosecutors", "police", "executives", "administrators", "functionaries" (Crews v. Petrofsky, 523 F.Supp. 1194; e.g.; persistently "manufacture" (Chambers v. Fla., 309 US 227, 241) "Acts", "codes", "rules", "regulations", "procedures", "practice", "local practice", "policy" (Davis v. Wechsler, 263 US 22) "repugnant" to "Constitutional" "guarantees", "duty", "obligations", "limitations" (Weaver v. Palmer, 220 US 108);

• "The American one stalked round the world for liberty is no longer cut in the image designed by Jefferson & Madison, but more in the Russian L.S.S., "U.S.S.R." (Image) Laird v. Tatum, 408 US 1, at 28; Spence, Police State;

There can be no doubt for the truth to J. Douglass' ~~Conclusion~~ Conclusion & Many Marxist precepts or "planks", have been injected in to American Life & Society; e.g.;

• The extermination of "private" property;

• Centralized monetary system for control or manipulation (e.g.; "inflation").

• Control over ("disguised" as "regulation", "security", "equality") over all labor, manufacturing, agriculture, "disguised" as "regulation", "taxes", "license", "fees", "penalties";

• In the same vein, "judges", "legislators", "legislatures", "prosecutors", "attorneys", "police", "executives", "administrators", "functionaries" incenssantly "misrepresents" the following terms or devices to wit:

"due process of law", "U.S. Constitution", "U.S. Citizen", "Constitution of the United States", "Bill of Rights", "14th Amend.", "code", "legislative act", "UNITED STATES", "United States", "civil rights", "Unalienable Rights", "assistance of counsel", "effective assistance of counsel",

"representation", "represent your self", "law", "procedure", "represent yourself", "14th Amend.", "procedure", "rules", "policy", "local practice", "discretion", "jury trial", "Trial by Jury", "indictment", "information", "presentment", "conviction", "range of sentence", "appeal", "error", "harmless error", "habeas corpus", "crime", "felony", "misdemeanor", "possession", "intent", "probable cause", "evidence", "income", "ownership", "property", "private property", "title", "certificate of title", "dead", "rule of law", "license", "registration", "constitutional limitations", "self defense", "Warrant", "deed", "deed of trust", "Supreme Law of the Land", "res. judicata", "the great first principles", "liberty", "Bar Ass'n", "travel", "memorandum", "brief", "appendix", "resident", "residence", "Pro- le", "assets", "contract", "trust account", "emphasis", "unconscionable contract", "agency", "bank- ruptcy", "constitutionally sufficient evidence", "full disclosure", "trust", "artificial entity", "fictitious entity", "fiction of law", "usury", "compound", "interest", "interest", "compensation for labor", "benefits", "social security", "government", "de facto government", "corporation", "incorporation", "courts", "jurisdiction", "Thirteenth Amendment", "motor vehicle", "State-owned motor vehicle", "driver license", "traffic", "transportation", "vehicle insurance", "liability insurance", "speeding ticket", "traffic ticket", "collateral damage", "marriage license", "business license", "bldg. permit", "bldg. inspection", "zoning", "ZIP code", "domestic", "domestic", "two letter state code", "US PS", "USPD", "T.S.D.T.", "the state", "the State of Texas", "THE STATE OF TEXAS", "commerce", "regulate commerce", "interstate commerce", "warrantless arrest", "warrantless search", "warrantless seizure", "capitalism", "free enterprise", "free elections", "voting", "electoral college", "suffrage", "immunity", "judicial process", "service of process", "US Marshall Service", "city Marshall", "Eminent Domain", "search warrant", "search & seizure", "taking of private property", "sovereign", "sovereignty", "relief", "certiorari", "per- petuities", "monopoly", "extortion", "coercion", "duress", "consent", "sales tax", "property tax", "inheritance tax", "voir dire", "jury", "grand jury", "petit jury", "trial jury", "constitutionally sufficient jurors", "assignment", "mortgage", "U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE", "Federal Rules of Civil Procedure", "Federal Rules of Criminal Pro- cedures", "Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure", "Supreme Court Rules", "Texas Rules of Civil Procedures", "Texas Code of Criminal Procedure", "Texas Rule of Criminal Procedure", "P.D.R.", "Gov't. Code", "Family Code", others; as a mere minuscule sampling of ~~the~~ routine "misrepresentation by judges", ~~the~~ "prosecutors", "legislatures", "legislators", "attorneys", "police", "clerks", "magistrate", "executives", "administrators", (Smith v. Texas, 233 US 630; Hale v. Hanks, 201 US 13; Amer. Com. Ass'n v. Douds, 339 US 382; Chisholm v. Ga., 2 US 172; Van Horn's v. Dorrance, 2 US 301; Martin v. Hunter, 17 US 307; Pollock v. Farmers, 158 US 601; Grosjean v. Am. Press, 297 US 233; Orient v. Druggs, 122 US 572; Louisville v. US, 282 US 740; Poe v. Seaborn, 383 US 101; Hannay v. Eve, 7 US 247; Marbury v. Madison, 5 US 132; Elrod v. Smith, 427 US 377; Cohens v. Va., 19 US 261; McFarland v. Am. Sugar, 271 US 79; O'Con- nor v. Donaldson, 422 US 563; Williams v. US, 371 US 92; Exp. Merryman, Exp. Milligan, 79 US 2; US v. Marchant, 25 US 180; US v. Lee, 106 US 196; Owens v. Ind. 145 US 622; N.J. Steam v. Merch, 17 US 34; others;

- "When anything is prohibited everything by which it is reached is also prohibited." Ch. J. Coke: 2 Inst. 48; Co. Litt. 223; Livingston v. Harris, 11 Wend. (NY) 324;
- "If one has the power to prohibit or prevent a thing but does not, it is as though he did the thing himself." Ch. J. Coke: 2 Inst. 146, 308; 3 Inst. 158; Keim v. US, 177 US 290;
- "The court is to protect against any encroachment of constitutionally secured liberty." Boyd v. US, 16 US 616; Lee, ante; Louisville, ante; Marchant, ante; Kent, Comm. 450; Bouvier, L. Dict.; Dallas v. Mitchell, 241 S.W. 944; Chambers v. Balto, 207 US 142; Lucas v. 44th, 377 US 713; Merrett v. Welch, 104 US 694;

Thru-out the course of Escudero's litigation, "the courts" have persistently excluded their betrayals of their "duty bound" (Kent, ante; Baylis, ante) to "protect against any encroachment" (Bayl., Lee, cites herein), as well as their manufactured (Chambers v. Fla., 309 US 227) "local practice" by the Fifth Circuit clerks (Davis v. Wechsler, 263 US 22; Martin, ante; Murmays v. Hoboken, 59 US 272; 6 RCL 433, 435; Ex p. Wall, 107 US 265; Ex p. Siebold, 100 US 537; e.g.), "rules", "doctrine", "weighing & balancing", "tests", "prongs", "procedures", "policy", "at defiance" (Lee, ante) to "the rule of law" (Hannay, ante) (Adams, ante), "the great first principles" (Calder, ante; Lucas, ante; Balto, ante; Van Horn's, ante; Chisholm, ante; Germain, ante; Siebold, ante; Norton v. Shelby, 118 US 423; Child Labor, ante; SC v. US., ante; Smith, Comm.; Tucker, Comm.; Wilson, Works; e.g.) "to which they all give solemn oath (Art. VI) for defending" (Thomas).

Corruption is always the ~~forerunner~~ forerunner of despotism. "Mequire v. Corwine, 10 US 103;

... These entrusted with power have in time and by slow operation perverted it to tyranny. Jefferson, Misc., Randolph, ed.; Writings, Washington, ed.; Writing, Ford, ed.; Jeffersonian, Cyclo., Foley, ed.; e-text: virginia.edu/jefferson/quotations/; Merritt, ante; Corwine, ante; Worman v. West, 5 Watts & Serg. 171 (1843);

"Due process of law demands an unbiased judge." (Tomey v. Cho, 273 US 510; In re Murchison, 359 US 133; Lijerberg v. Health Serv., 186 US 847; e.g.) whereas "history" (Thomas) particularly thru-out these last 13 ~~years~~ yrs., ~~reveals~~ reveals utter want of "unbiased judges" (Also see, Bureau of Justice Statistics various Reports; E. Kingston v. Towle, 48 NH 57 (1868); Guardians v. Greene, 5 Binney (Pa.) 554; Van Ness v. Poecard, 27 US 137; Pawlet v. Clerks, 13 US 292; e.g.)

Where the Clerks from the Fifth Circuit do not enforce "Constitution", ante; "Bill of Rights", 1st Amend.; "res judicata", "the rule of law", (Hannay, ante) as well as their "manufacture" (Chambers v. Fla. above) rules, local practice in transgression of "Constitution", ante) "the rule of law", in transgression of oath of office (Art. VI).

No one can be a judge in his own case. Ch. J. Coke: 12 Coke 13; 8 Coke 113a, 118b; 1 Inst. 272;

Since Court of Appeals "has no constitutional authority to exist, let alone obtain funding from the public treasury" or conduct any functions whatsoever, Nor they do obey or enforce "Constitutionally compelled" (US v. Cronin, ante) "constitutionally sufficient" (Lewis v. Casey, 518 US 401-11) "due process of law", (1st, 7th, 14th Amendments); Nor they do obey or enforce Supreme Court of the United States "Precedents", "res judicata"; Also see Bouvier, L. Dict.: Since United States District courts do not ~~enforce~~ obey or enforce "constitutionally compelled" "constitutionally sufficient" "due process of law"; Nor they do obey or enforce Supreme Court of the United States "Precedents", "res judicata" (cites herein); e.g.) Escudero is deliberately deprived "meaningful access to courts" (Bounds v. Smith, 330 US 817; other) "meaningful access to law"; "meaningful access to redress" ("Bill of Rights"; 1st Amend., Elrod, ante; Wolf, ante; Va. Coupon, ante; cites herein); as are all Americans at large.

The best surest way ~~to~~ of expounding an instrument is by referring to the time which and circumstances under which it was made. 2 Inst. 11; 10 Coke 216; 3 Coke 7; 10 Coke 70; 8 Coke 169; Kent, Comm. 555; Story, Various; Smith, Comm.; Tucker, Comm.; e.g.

The language of an statute is to be understood and interpreted ~~step by step~~ like ordinary spoken language. 10 Coke 101b; 1 Coke 5. Smith Comm.; Likewise every other court

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or "this Court" does not obey or enforce "constitutionally compelled" "constitutionally sufficient" "due process of law"; nor obey or enforce Supreme Court of the United States "Precedents", "res judicata" which unquestionably constitutes (Elrod, ante) obstructing justice; "gross miscarriages of justice"; obstructing meaningful access to courts; obstructing meaningful access to law; obstructing meaningful access to redress; Obstructing Meaningful Access to "Supreme Court of the United States" contrary to Constitution for the United States of America, Art III; to "Bill of Rights", 1st Amend., to "Supreme Law of the Land"; conspiracy to prejudice the right of litigants, *Dix v. Diehl*, 351 US 421; *Monroe v. Pape*, 359 US 67; *Pierson v. Ray*, 386 US 537; *Crews v. Petrosky*, 50 F. Sup. 1199, *Harris v. Pate*, 138 F. 3d 315; *Coxby v. Conboy*, 152 F. 2d 251; *Estelle v. Gamble*, 429 US 97; e.g. In USA Today & San Antonio Express News revealed that less than 24% of Americans have any faith in the lawful validity of "this Court's" rulings — as "history" (Thomas) & the cites herein prove Americans have sound reason for their distrust of "this court" P. ~~1000~~ & various Bureau of Justice statistics reports proving even more sound reason for the loss of trust in this Court's "competence". In the vein, of following instruments are annexed here by reference thereof for inclusion in their entireties as the verbatim herein again a new, to wit: All of his motion have been annexed herein in this "Declaration of Habeas Corpus"; as well Petition for Appellate Review dated the 12th day of 2020; "the courts" plainly admit They are not "competent" (Kent, Comm. 120, 150; Co. Litt. 365; cites herein; e.g.) to comprehend the numerous "flagitious" (Rawle Const.) "constitutionally transgressions", "matters of law" (Kent, comm. 150), "due process of law", "equal protection of law", "Bill of Rights", 1st Amend., "Law of Agency", "Law of Contracts", "the rule of law" (Hanney, ante), "the great first principles" (Calder v. Bull, ante) Vanhorn's ante; Chisholm, ante; Marbury, ante; Martin, ante; Cohens, ante; Marchant, ante; e.g.), "res judicata". The Courts by their object "disdainful" "indolence" admit They are not competent to comprehend such flagitious "constitutional transgressions" or subversions of "Bill of Rights", 1st Amend., "due process of law", "shall make no law" (1st Amend.) as those repeatedly lodged by Escudero or Petitioner, Ross or Petitioners (Va. Coupon, 114 US 270; Bouvier L. Dict. 155; Co. Litt. 1176; Bouvier, Inst. 241; 2 Inst. 326; 5 Coke 1; Kent, 121; Co. Litt. 154; Cummings, 71 US 277; Campbell v. Holt, 115 US 620; N.O. Gas v. Lu. Light, 115 US 620; Schechter v. US, 295 US 495; Balto, ante; Chambers v. Fla, 309 US 222; Louisville, ante; Merrit, ante; Hanney, ante; Lucas, ante; Bonds, ante; Wolf, ante; Nat. 15:9; e.g.), such as:

- No "constitutionally sufficient" "constitutionally compelled", "constitutionally guaranteed" "indictments" have been issued or executed for decades (6 RCL 133, 135; Murray's; Martin; Marbury; Tucker; Comm. Wharton, Am. Cr. L.; Bouvier, L. Dict.; US v. Cruikshank, 92 US 513; Exp. Va, 100 US 339; Lee, ante; Truckmorton, ante; e.g.)
- Escudero ~~has~~ has never been lawfully "indicted" (cites herein);
- Escudero is a victim of corrupt "judges", "prosecutors", "attorneys", "police", "legislature", "legislators", "Acts" (cites herein)
- No "constitutionally sufficient" "constitutionally compelled", "constitutionally guaranteed" "grand jury" or "jury" or "jurors"; Americans are utterly ignorant & naïve regarding their "duty", "obligations", "limitations", & requisite "fundamentals" of "Supreme Law of the Land", "the great first principles", "the rule of law", "due process of law"; Juries are the judges of fact & law of American jurisprudence. *State v. Brailsford*, 3 US 17. However, "judges", "prosecutors", "attorneys", "police", schools deliberately fail to "fully" & "properly" educate

Americans in the requisite "fundamentals" of law or "history" (Thomas) for them to "knowingly" ~~and~~ ^{and} "lawfully" perform their lawful "sacred" duty "pursuant to Bill of Rights", 14th Amend. "due process of law", "equal protection of law", "the great first principles", "the rule of law", "the supreme Law of the Land" - More "Frauds" insidiously depriving "due process of law" (Throckmorton) which "unquestionably constitutes irreparable injury" (Elrod, ante; others) and "gross miscarriage of justice", "There can be no valid trial jury [sic] by less number than 12 ~~men~~ men and consent even by the defendant to a trial by a less number is absolutely void". Hunt v. State, 61 Miss. 571; Tucker; Bowyer; ~~Wharton~~ Wharton; others.

Today Americans are "fraudulently" convicted [sic] by so called "juries" having "less than 12 men" or even zero "men" in "kangaroo courts" (Williams v. US, 371 US 97): Escudero in particular is a victim of such "kangaroo courts" (~~repeatedly~~ repeatedly) by Jack Stern; Guy Conine; Louis B. Gohmert and others; ~~were~~ Escudero, Ross, Olive and others each are victims of such "miscarriage of justice", loathsome "Acts" (Spano v. NY, 360 US 315; Lees, Curtis; Harlow v. Fitzgerald, 357 US 800; Lucas; Owens v. Ind., 445 US 622; Chambers v. Fla., 309 US 227; Weaver v. Palmer, 236 US 408; Orient; Murray's; 6 RCL 133, 135; Merrit; Hannay; e.g.;

• Judgment notwithstanding the verdict is a treasonous" (3 Inst. 221; 2 Coke 73; Cohens; others: Acts by "judges", "legislatures", "legislators", "attorneys"

Were the Fifth Circuit AFFIRMED or affirmed, the judgment of the district court for failure to identify an error" (quoting Weaver v. Puckett, 896 F. 2d 126, 128 (5th Cir. 1990))

1 Escudero clearly declared in the many ~~judicial~~ "Judicial Motions"; "Objections"; "Judicial Notices"; "Judicial Notice of Objections" & other "Motions" annexed herein that he is not proceeding "pro se" that he is proceeding as ~~an~~ an individual man (not a corporation) to vindicate his unalienable rights guaranteed by "Constitution for the United States"; "Bill of Rights" 14th Amend. "The rule of law", "res judicata", "the supreme Law of the Land", "the great first principles", "due process of law", "equal protection of law" (cites herein)

2. Escudero never consent and absolutely no submissions were made under "Prison Litigation Reform Act": In fact, in law, Escudero expressly proved that "Prison Litigation Reform Act" is "unconstitutional" in the many motions as well as the "Petition for Appellate Review" annexed herein; Motion in the Nature of an Additional Affidavit to Proceed In Forma Pauperis. No. 6:17-cv-57 In re: 17-11258 dated October 21st is annexed ~~to~~ herein ~~as the record~~ ^{as the record} hereof by reference, for inclusion in their entirety as to verbatim herein again a new; Where Escudero continuously declared that "Federal Rules of Appellate Review": 24(a)(1) - 24(a)(3). Are unconstitutional violating "Bill of Rights" & 14th Amend. guarantees preserving "due process of law"; "Federal Rules of Appellate ~~Procedures~~ Procedures" are in contempt of "res judicata", Supreme Court of the United States "Precedents" previously lodged, such as; Chisholm v. Ga.; Martin; Pollard's v. Hagan; Cohens; Marchant; Bolling v. Sharpe; Ventress v. Smith; U.S. Steam v. Merchants; Murray's; Ex P. Merryman; Ex P. Millican; US v. Hall; Commings v. Missouri; Hurtado v. Calife; Barber v. Connolly; ~~US v. Bond~~; US v. Crickshank; US v. Throckmorton; US v. Bond; Norton v. Shelby; Orient v. Driggs; S. Carolina v. US; Chambers v. Balto; Ex P. Grossman; Glasser v. US; Lucas v. 44 Ass.; ~~Owens~~ Owens v. Ind.; Bond v. US; Kent, Comm. 450; Tucker, Comm. Vol 5; Wharton American Crim. Law; Greenleaf Evidence; Best Evidence; S. Bright "Elected Judges", Tex. Law Rev. Vol. 76, P. 1806 (2000); P. Sobtaroff, "With Justice for None", Rolling Stone, Jan. 11-25, P. 12; cites herein; cites continuously & previously lodged;

3. Escudero persistently suffer escalating wanton "bureaucratic" gameship by the district court as well the Fifth Circuit "wantonl[ly] or insidiously depriving him: access to courts"; Access to persons trained in law; "access to constitutionally sufficient" (Lewis, ante) legal resources, references for attempting to enforce their individual Rights /unalienable rights"; U.S.D.C., like TSOI professed "courts" openly demonstrate their bias" (Murchison, ante); against Petitioner-Appellant Escudero, against "American" Law; against Constitution (ante), Art. III, IV, VI; Bill of Rights, 1st Amend.; favoring "gov't. actors" or agents "at defiance (Lee, ante); with their oaths of offices" (Const. ante Art. VI (L. Gormest (R. Tex.), House Judiciary Committee, 7/12/16; e.g.); with their duty bound" (Kent, Comm. 150) by "Constitution" (ante); with their fiduciary duty as "judicial" officers of the United States or of the several states (cites herein); United States District Court as well the Fifth Circuit have demonstrated persistently the abuses described by S. Bright, "Elected Judges"; Texas L. Rev. Vol. 28, 1800 (2000) even as appointed "judicial officers" on "commission" and "duty Bound" (Kent, ante) by "oath or affirmation" (Const., ante, Art. VI) escalating their misconduct & openly expressing their "Financial interest" (Liljerberg v. Health Serv., 786 US 817; Haupt v. Dillard, 17 F.3d 285; Murchison, ante; 28 US 455; Kent, Comm. 150; others:

• 28 USC 1; Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 28; Fed. R. App. P. 28(a)(5); Fed. R. App. P. 28(a)(8)(a) requires disqualification no matter how substantial the financial interest and regardless of whether or not the interest actually creates an appearance of impropriety. See 28 USC (d)(1), In re Cement and Concrete Litigation, 315 Supp. 1076 (Ariz. 1981); Liljerberg, ante; The goal of 9 USC (a) is to avoid even the appearance of partiality. Hall v. SBA, 695 F.2d 173, 179 or bias in the case... 796 F.2d at 802. Liljerberg, ante; "The right to a fair trial is a basic requirement of due process of law and includes [sic] the right to an unbiased judge". In re Murchison, 349 US 133, 136; Escudero have been deprived "of a fair trial", trial by jury "an unbiased judge", "effective assistance of counsel" incriminately? Also see, "Revenge";

3 Courts have no jurisdiction or Constitutional authority to inflict or collect "taxes" or "fees" "regardless of the label" used to "disguise" (Ch. J. Coke: 2 Coke 73, 3 Inst. 221) them such action "difies" (Lee, ante), among other "great first principles" (Caldwell, ante) "Separation of Powers" ("Checks-and-balances"). Also see Chisum v. Ga., 2 US 174, 177; Wilson, ante; Tucker, ante; Story, Various Works; Bouvier, Various Works; Rawle, Const.; Kent, Comm.; e.g.; Atkins v. du Pont, 335 US 339;

• "Should make no law" (1st Amend.) comprehended or encompassed: "shall make no bill"; shall make no resolution; "shall make no Act"; shall make no statute; "shall make no rule"; shall make no regulation; "shall make no code"; shall make no order; shall make no policy; "shall make no ordinance"; shall make no guidelines; "shall make no local practice"; shall make no test" (see Const., ante, Art. VI; Bill of Rights; 1st Amend.; cites herein) regarding freedom of speech; "religion"; peaceable assembly; "right to petition for redress"; due process of law" (see Columbia v. Ohio, 41 West. 235; Pawlet v. Clarke, 13 US 292; Martin v. Hunter's Lessee, 11 US 304; Polk v. Hogan, 44 US 212; N.J. Steam v. Merch, 37 US 344; 35 US 161; Marchant, 25 US 180; Bolling v. Sharpe 32 US 477; US v. Cruikshank, 92 US 512; Ex P. H. 100 US 339; Ex P. Wall, 107 US 265; Lee, ante; Curtis, ante; US v. Hall Fed. Case 15, 282; Chisum, ante; Ex P. Merryman; Ex P. Milligan; Hurl, Perc. Lib.; Tucker, Commem; Kent, Comm.; Story, ante; Bouvier, ante; Wilson, ante; e.g.). J Black was evidently not vehement regarding the unequivocal "meaning and intent" of "shall make no law" (see J Black, Various writings; Tucker, ante; Rawle, ante; cites herein; Also see "unconscionable contracts (Black's 6th ed.)"; "attorinder"; Ch. J. Coke: 2 Coke 35; 7 Coke 28; e.g.;

5. Demanding "fees" to perform one's "duty bound" (Kent, Comm. 150) by "Constitution, ante for which one is handsomely compensated from public funds to perform as delegated and intended by Constitution, ante is an arbitrary (Okeley, ante; Murray's v. Hobden, 59 US 22; Martin, ante; Wall, ante; 6 RCL 133, 135; e.g.) change or supplanting" (R. Pound) to constitutionally compelled (Cronic, ante) "constitutionally sufficient" (Lewis, ante) "true meaning and intent" (Kent, ante) "due process of law" (Bill of Rights, 11th Amend.) (Cites herein) which is expressly prohibited as against the gov't. (J. Brandeis, Olmstead v. U.S., 277 US 108; e.g.) see: Okeley, ante; Murray's, ante; Martin, ante; Hale v. Henkel, 201 US 73; 6 RCL 133, 135; e.g.; Also see, Marbury v. Madison, 5 US 137; regarding prohibitions to altering constitution, ante; by "acts" of "gov't." 56 v. 13, 199 US 137; Lucas v. 14th Assem., 377 US 73; "Law of Agents"; "Law of Contracts"; quotations herein; e.g.;

6. Demanding "fees", especially preliminary to or for performance of delegated "duty bound" (Kent, Comm.) by "Constitution, ante, ~~which is handsomely compensated from public funds~~ (Art. III, IV, VI; Bill of Rights, 11th Amend.) in addition to receiving "compensation", "salaries", "operating budget", various emoluments disbursed from the public funds "Treasury, authorized by Constitution, ante expressly for performing "duty bound" (Kent, ante) by "Constitution, ante, constitutes frauds or extortions or exactions or destructions at defiance" (Lee, ante) of "Constitution, ante, or true meaning and intent" (Kent, ante) of "due process of law" (Cites herein) America's Founders designed an ingenious funding system founded upon the laws of Nature's and of Nature's God (Jefferson, "Unanimous declaration...") for the "lawful" exercise of "delegated" authority (Chisum, ante) for gov't. functioning with no "delegation" of authority for professed "gov't." to change that or any "delegated authority" by their "merely arbitrary will" (Cites herein): N.J. Steam, ante; Orient Ins. v. Dragoys, 172 US 557; Weaver v. Palmer, 270 US 108; e.g.;

- It is idle and idle to say that no right is absolute. "Orient, ante;
- No person can consent being deprived inalienable rights". Clark, Cr. L. H. B., pp. 23, 16, 56; e.g.;

Petitioner-Appellant have "inalienable rights to "due process of law", "equal protection of law", "right to petition... for redress"; "free speech"; "freedom of religion"; "right to peaceable assembly", "right to self defense" which such demand for "fees" insidiously hinders "infringes"; "abridges"; "destroys"; "prejudice" (Dinwiddie, post) or effectively render such "Rights" mere "formal rights" having no substance effect power or profitability; Petitioner-Appellant Escudero need not "apply" to exercise a right under "supreme Law of the Land"; "great first principles"; "due process of law"; "intended" to be secured and guaranteed by "Constitution, ante, Bill of Rights"; "11th Amend." (Cites herein) Also see, "Law of Agents" (Chisum, ante); Parson, Political Rights, Personal Rights, Property Rights; Parsons Comm.; Hurd, Pers. Lib.; Cooley, various works; Smith, Comm.; Hillard, various works; e.g.; (Cites herein)

7. "Filing fees", "copying fees", "recording fees" are nothing other than "taxes" on "free speech", "right to peaceable assembly", "freedom of religion"; "right to petition... for redress"; "right to self defense"; "right to due process of law"; "right to equal protection of law" (11th Amend.) (US v. Hall, ante) which are certain of the "great first principles" (Calder, ante) inherent to "America" "supreme Law of the Land" ("Organic Law", Thorpe, ante, Louisville, ante) upon which America war for independence was executed to successful conclusion (see: Jms O'His; Mo Oo Warren; Jⁿ Adams; Geo Mason; P. Henry; To Jefferson; Jms Madison; B. Franklin; e.g.) "Constitution, ante, provides a certain method for lawful funding constitutional obligations "delegated to the sundry branches of "gov't." founded under the great principles" (Calder, ante) of: "free enterprise"; "private property"; "due process of law"; "equal protection of law" with no authority, "delegated" for making any changes to their design or to "true meaning and intent" (Kent, ante); Such "fees" are merely a disguise (Ch. J. Coke, ante)

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The right to a fair trial is a basic requirement of due process of law and includes [sic] the right to an unbiased judge. In re Murchison, 349 U.S. 133, 136; Escudero have being deprived of fair trial, "trial by jury," "an unbiased judge," "effective assistance of counsel" incessantly. Also see, "Peonage";

On November 18th, 2020, Escudero file "Judicial Notice of Imperative, New Evidence, Vindictive Retaliation," in to U.S. District Court (Tyler Division of Texas) No. 6:17cv577; In re: 17-11258, ~~which~~ is annexed hereto by reference thereof;

On January 21st, 2014 Escudero filed a "Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit for Correcting the Record, 'Due Process of Law'"; No. 6:17cv577 and No. :17-11258 in to the District Court & Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit annexed herein therof by reference and for inclusion as rec'd a new; On this Motion Escudero clearly express that the District Court granted Escudero "In Forma Pauperis" issued by the District Court on the 28th of December, 2013, but not received by Escudero until the 8th of January, 2014 were the unauthorized Magistrate Judge K. Nicole Mitchell signed the such "ORDER", after the many objection declared by Escudero that he never consent, never will consent for the interference of Magistrate Judge, were Escudero never signing any consent; no post mark of this document;

~~When the Court was asking Escudero for the sum of money to pay the filing fee, dated the 14th day of December, 2018, but not received by Escudero until the 22nd~~

On November 2nd, 2018 "the Court" was asking Escudero for the Sum of \$400⁰⁰ fee (VS DC.)
On November 14th, the District Court (Tyler Division) again was asking Escudero for the sum of \$505⁰⁰ filing fee (November 14th, 2018)

that demand is misleading (Stoppel) thus: Petitioner did not comply "to proceed without prepayment of fees": Petitioner filed a Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit to Proceed In Forma Pauperis continuously, (see Motion above dated the 21st of January, 2014) "according to American Law 'due process of law', equal protection of law 'res judicata' (Adkins, ante; Marchant, ante; Bolling, ante; weaver, ante; Louisville, ante; Orient, ante; S. v. US, ante; Cummings v. Missouri, 71 US 277; Balto 202 VS 112; Davis, ante; 6 RCL 433, 435; e.g.);

1st Amendment expressly prohibits all charges to the right to petition the gov't. for redress of grievances, but "this Court" deliberately makes or allow "arbitrary" "rules" or demands "obstructing or hindering" petitioners attempting to petition for redress of grievances (Bond v. US, 564 US 21);

"This Court" know that there is no (Harlow v. Fitzgerald, ante) trust fund account for petitioners, but deliberately "exerts" fabricated documents for misrepresenting material facts to "exort" filing fees, for fabricating documents for misrepresenting material facts "law", misrepresenting "due process of law", "misrepresenting obligations, limitations, prohibitions of constitution, ante; herein; e.g.;

Where Escudero demanded for "the Court" (see, Motion, dated January 21st, 2014 above, ~~and~~ annexed herein above) "Clarified and correct the record of the Informa Pauperis prepayment (Dkt. #12) "Granted", who's paying for Escudero's? And why? Who ever is paying? When Escudero never give his consent to prepay or pay for a "Constitutional Right", the right to "petition the gov't... "for redress", the right to litigate (Dimwiddle v. Brown, 351 US 97);

Monroe v. Pope, 365 US 167; Pierson v. Ray, 386 US 547;
• Petitioner repeatedly notified the courts. (Affidavit in the Nature of a Motion to Proceed In Forma Pauperis" dated, October 9th, 2017. No. 6:17cv577, is annexed hereto by reference thereof for inclusion in its entirety as the recited renewed verbal; and all the other motions "annexed here-in; Affidavit in the Nature of a Motion to Proceed In Forma Pauperis"; No. 6:17cv577; In re: 17-11258, dated the ~~21st~~ of October, 2018, is annexed hereto by reference thereof and for inclusion. January 18th, 2018,

• Enhanced "Motion to proceed In Forma Pauperis", No. 6:17cv577; In re: 17-11258, dated the ~~10th~~ 1st day of February, 2018, is annexed hereto by reference thereof for inclusion in its entirety as the recited a new; "Motion in the Nature of an Additional Affidavit to Proceed In Forma Pauperis" (Adkins v. Du Pont, ~~335~~ 335 US 331) dated the 21st day of October, 2018. No. 6:17cv577; In re: 17-11258, is annexed hereto by reference thereof for inclusion in its entirety as recited a new; Motion with Affidavit to Proceed In Forma Pauperis; No. 6:17cv577; In re: 17-11258, dated the 12th day of November, 2018, is annexed hereto by reference thereof for inclusion in its entirety as the recited a new; even after the many declarations that Escudero lawfully have made in every "Motion" above, that he have no money, no income, receive no compensation for labor, but a defiance (see, ante) to "equal protection of law", "in forma pauperis", "re judicata", petitioner current state of poverty and in forma pauperis "affidavits" ("due process of law" Adkins v. du Pont, ante, e.g.) the Court "maliciously" "elort" fees or fraudulent documents for deliberately evading "constitutional obligations", evading "constitutional transgressions" torts, continuously being suffered by Petitioner-Appellant, & family which deliberately protects those who continuously inflict the many wrongs Owen v. Ind., 115 US 622; Lucas v. 41st Gen. Assem., 377 US 713; e.g.) Also see: Post America's Rotten Prison Industrial Complex; Herivel, Prison Nation: Rose Cellings of America; Sheik, Actual Innocence; Christanson, with Justice for some; Spence, Police State; Wright, Prison Profiteers; any or every legal issue of Prison Legal News (PLN) issued monthly,

• The Court "wantonly and maliciously, and continuously keeps Misrepresenting Escudero's "true and original identity"; "Lorenzo Escudero" is not "LORENZO ESCUDERO";

• "What is like is not the same, for nothing that is similar to another is the same", i.e., no ~~like~~ likeness is exact identity." Ch. J. Coke: 4 Coke 18; Co. Litt. 3a; 2 Bl. Comm. 162; Tucker, Comm.;

• The expression of one thing is the exclusion of another. "Ch. J. Coke, Co. Litt. 210; Person v. Lord, 6 Mass. 81;

• Identity of a thing means the sameness in all that constitutes the objective reality of a thing". State v. Eujive, 33 N.W. 2d 305;

• The Court "by not "Exorting" Escudero's "consent" & "unconditional consent" admit (covertly, of course);

a) Fraud;

b) The "Trust ~~and~~ Account" actually to TDCJ or TSO, but the "Terms" & "Beneficiaries" and "Administrators" remained "concealed" — more "Fraud";

c) The "Trust Account" is not under Escudero's control;

d) ~~The~~ The Court "admits the truth of Escudero's declarations regarding the fundamental "law" of "Trust";

e) The Court "admits this new" behavior "that the Court is ignorant of law —
~~Refrain~~ 37 of

"Ignorance of law is no excuse." Bouvier, Inst. n. 3828, 646, 1000; Story, Eq. Jur. III: 2, 206
36; 1 Coke 77; 11 Coke 25; Kent, Comm. 588, 491; Black, 2d 698; US v. Lee, 106 US 196; Owens v.
Ind., 145 US 622; Horlan v. Fitzgerald, 157 US 800; e.g.;

- Were Lorenzo Escudero ever created any "trust" Escudero's family has never de-
clared any "trust" for him; Escudero has no "authority" to "approve", "authorize", "execute", "consent",
any "transaction" for any "trust";
- The Court "persistently and continuously" "coerced", "forced", by "threat", by "duress" "obtained by
fraud", "extorted", "executed" when the Court "ORDER" dated Nov. 27th, 2018, said letter states
that "failure to comply with the Court's ORDER" will result in the recommendation that "petitioners
motion to proceed in forma pauperis on ~~appeal~~ appeal be denied". No rule of law; rule
of constitution (Smith, Comm.) or Supreme Court of the United States "Precedents"
- On December 1st, 2018 "ORDER REGARDING MOTION TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS ON APPEAL
(Dkt # 41)" "ORDERED" that is "GRANTED", No post mark, not received until December 22nd, 2018;
- Again in December 28th, 2018, "ORDER" (Dkt # 41) is "DENIED", "Motion for leave to
proceed in forma pauperis"; "the Court" "exaction" of a "fee" without Escudero's "consent"
(Court fee) which is unconstitutionally by the Court "extorted", "extorted", "taxed" a "constituti-
onal Right", the "right to litigate", "Bill of Rights", "14th Amend." unlawfully "exaction" of "fees"
without Escudero's "consent" and after they (the Court) proceed to "take", "rob", "exact"
Escudero's money, The court "denied" Escudero's to proceed in forma pauperis; were
the Courts "charge" Escudero in forma pauperis (USDC and the Fifth Circuit) did not proceed
lawfully according to "constitution", ante, Bill of Rights, "14th Amend.", the rule of law"
(cites herein).

"PLRA" is "unconstitutional" for the following reasons, perhaps others to wit:

- "altering", "amending", re-defining, "supplanting" (Pound Law) "subverting" "constitutionally
compelled", "constitutionally sufficient", "constitutionally guaranteed" "true meaning and intent",
"due process of law" (cites herein & previously lodged).
- "Taking" the "exercise" of "fundamental rights", "secured and guaranteed" by "Constitution for
the United States of America"; (cites herein, cites previously lodged).
- The Court has no "constitutional authority" to declare an action for gross "unreasonable"
"constitutional transgressions" "subversions" of "due process of law", "dereliction of duty", "breach
of fiduciary duty", in "abeyance" — especially when such a "unreasonable" "order" dic-
ta (as the US Unconstitutional Magistrate Judge K. Nicolle) who is a "ruler", a "dictator",
"tyrant" who use "local rules", "local practice", "code", "policy", "procedures", "manufactures (Fla.
ante) "procedures" ~~FRCP~~ "FRCP", "FRAP", "Fed. rules of Evid.", "Administrative Procedures Act", "PLRA",
Public Law, "All Writs Acts", US ~~Constitution~~ "Constitution" (sic); others; to "supplant" ~~(FRCP)~~ (R.
Pound, Law), "Bill of Rights", "14th Amend.", "due process of law", "equal protection of law", "con-
stitutional guarantees" or "limitations"; or "enforcing" "unreasonable contracts"; for man-
tain a scheme of "obiter dicta", Scott v. Sandford, 60 US 393; e.g.; or for "discretionary
justice", or discretionary "jurisdiction" "subverting" "equal protection of law", "Bill of Rights",
"14th Amend.", "due process of law", "free exercise of" "individual" or "unalienable rights",
ss., "Kangaroo Courts" (Williams v. US, 341 US 97; e.g.); is created by mere "functionary"

(Grews v. Petroskey, 509 F. Supp. 1199) "unconscionable" pretending to exercise the authority or "fiduciary duty" of a "constitutionally ~~compelled~~ compelled"; constitutionally sufficient "fiduciary duties" pursuant to "due process of law"; "Bill of Rights"; "14th Amend."; "Constitution for the United States"; Art. III, Art. IV, Art. VI. Calder v. Bull, 3 Dall. 386; Van Horns v. Dorrance, 2 Dall. 304; Marchant, ante; Martin, ante; Cummings, ante; Boyd, ante; Lucas, ante; Smith, Comm.; Tucker, Comm.; Kent, Comm.; Rawle, Const.; Hurd, Pers. Lib.; others.

b) The Court "erroneously claims" 28 USC "Changes or amends or overrules" constitutionally compelled; "constitutionally guaranteed" "due process of law"; cites above; cites previously and continuously lodged.

c) Principle ss. "rule of law" regarding "Trust": Because the "Trust" is created by TDCS or TSOT "agents" & appointing "themselves as" "administrators" or "Trust Officials". The "fiduciary principle for the creation of a Trust" is subverted because TDCS or TSOT "agents" are "biased" against Escudero in favor of TDCS or TSOT or US District Court who Escudero suspects are the true "Beneficiaries" of the Trust "account", not the prisoners - One "clue" is the use of ~~the~~ "ALL" "CAPITAL LETTERS NAME" which of course, do not belong to Escudero or Lorenzo Escudero "true & original identity"; so now they (the Court) shifted, "concealed", "extortion" thru "compelled consent" to avert "test" by deliberate: "Misrepresentation" & depriving full disclosure to Escudero's family, Because Escudero's family is sending money "under false pretenses", which is being used in ways not intended by Escudero's family & for things contrary to "law"; "due process of law"; "Bill of Rights"; "14th Amend." ss. To avert "Monopoly" contrary to "Constitution for Texas", ~~Art. 5~~ Art. 526 & "Supreme Law of the Land", "the great first principles", "the rule of law", "Separation of powers".

d) Courts have no constitutionally authority to inflict or collect "taxes" or "fees" regardless of the level used to "disguise" (Ch. J. Coke: 2 Coke 73, 3 Ins. 221) them such action defies (see ante), among other "great principles" (Calder, ante) "Separation of powers" (Checks & balances); Also see; Chisholm v. Ga., 2 US 319, 371; Wilson, ante; Tucker, ante; Story, various works; Rawle, Const.; Kent, Comm.; e.g.; Adkins v. Clift, 335 US 339;

e) "Shall make no law" ("1st Amend.") comprehends or encompasses: "Shall make no ~~law~~ bill"; "shall make no resolution"; "shall make no act"; "shall make no statute"; "shall make no rule"; "shall make no ordinance"; "shall make no regulation"; "shall make no code"; "shall make no order"; "shall make no policy"; "shall make no guidelines"; "shall make no local practice"; "shall make no test" (see "Const., ante, Art. VI, Art. VI, Bill of Rights", "14th Amend." cites herein); regarding "Freedom of speech"; "religion"; "peaceable assembly"; "right to petition... for redress".

("The law wills that in every case where a man is wounded and endangered he shall always have a remedy". Co. Litt. 1976; Bowyer, Inst. 291; Cummings, ante) "due process of law" (see Co. Lombard v. O'Leary, 4 Wheat. 235; N. J. Steam v. Merch, 37 US 347; 35 US 161; US v. Marchant, 23 US 189; Rawlet v. Clark, 13 US 292; Martin, ante; Pollard's ante; Bolling v. Sharpe, 32 US 477; US v. Cruikshank, 92 US 542; Exp. Va., 100 US 339; Exp. Wall, 107 US 265; Lee, ante; Curtis, ante; US v. Hall, Fed. Case 15, 282; Chisom, ante; Bowyer, ante; Wilson, ante) "shall make no law" (Black's 6 ed.); "attainder"; Ch. J. Coke: 2 Coke 35, 3 Coke; e.g.; ~~the~~ 36-of-

"Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit for Correcting the Record," Due Process of Law",
USDC (Tyler Division - N. 6:17cv577; & Court of Appeals ~~5th~~ Fifth Circuit, No.: 17-41258
dated the 21st day of January, 2019; is annexed hereto by reference thereof for inclusion
in its entirety as tho rectified a new. On this Motion, above, Escudero mentions & declares
the many legal documents from United States District Court as well the Fifth Circuit that
came in the mail with no post mark; see, Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit"
Herein, above.

"Supplemental Brief" of "Declaration of Complaint" " No.: 17-41258; In re 6:17cv577,
dated the 10th day of February, 2020, is annexed hereto by reference thereof in its entirety
as tho rectified a new;
"This Court" as well the (USDC) Fifth Circuit has denied all "Motions" & others legal instruments
without the "rule of law" or the "Supreme Court of the United States" "Precedents";

"Fraud vitiates the most solemn contracts, documents, even judgments." US v. Throckmorton, ante;
Story, Eq. Sur.; Bigelow, Estoppel; US v. Tweed, 550 F. 2d 297; US v. ~~Prudden~~ Prudden, 724
F.2d 1021; Carmine v. Brown, 64 A 932; Batty v. Ariz. Dent. 112 P2d 870; 87 Ariz. 239; Morrison
v. Adon, 198 P2d 590, 68 Ariz. 27; Co. Litt. 352a; 10 RCL 675; Murray's, ante; 6 RCL 433, 435; Har-
low, ante; Owens; Orient; cites herein & previously lodged - ~~repeatedly~~ repeatedly;

"Power can never be delegated that the authority said to delegate never possessed itself." US Steam
ante; Germain; Pollard's. Be. v. Seaborn, 282 US 101; Aston, ante; ~~Shuttlesworth v. Birmingham~~
Birmingham, 393 US 262; Van Horn's; Locust; Ch. J. Coke 2 Inst. 597, 9 Coke 77, 3 Inst. 221, 2
Coke 73; Story, Eq.; Kent, 633, 324; Bouvier, Inst., n. 1330, 1936; Black's, 2d 317, 1181.
"A delegated authority cannot be again delegated." 2 Inst. 597, 9 Coke 77; Bouvier, Inst., n. 1300,
1936; Story, Eq.; e. g.:

"Failure to enforce the law does not change it." Louisville, ante; Chisholm; Van Horn's; Martin; New-
chant; Ventress v. Smith, 35 US 161; Charles v. Warren, 36 US 120; Pollard's; Murray's; Ex p. Va; Crykshank;
Se v. US; N. D. Bos; Batty, ante; Hale, ante; Boyd, ante; Marbury, ante; Wolf, ante; Elrod; others
herein & previously lodged - repeatedly;

Those who dictate "the Constitution isn't worth defending" (Thomas) are one or two things: (1) Utterly
ignorant of the "true meaning and intent" (Kent; Tucker; Rawls; Const.; e. g.) of "our Constitution" (L.
Gohmert, ante) and the true "history" from which it was born (see: Warren, Causes; Ols, Rights; Adams,
various; S. Adams, various; Henry, Writings; Mason, Writings; Jefferson, ante; e. g.); Or (2)
some insidious hidden motive is at work;

"a reasonable competent official should know the law," Harlow, ante; Lee, ante; Cohens, ante; Boyd, ante;

"It would be idle & trite to say that no right is absolute." Orient, ante;

"A person cannot consent being deprived unalienable rights." Clark, Cr. L. B., p. 215, 76, 56;

America's "War for Independence" was fought & won to "preserve" (3 Inst. 221; Cooley, various;
Guardians, ante; others) the body of law that existed ~~thru~~ thru American Colonies during the 17th
& 18th ~~centuries~~ Centuries (see, "law", ante; Guardians v. Green, 5 Binney (Pa.) 554, Black's 8th
ed., p. 293; cites herein; e. g.); having accomplished "preserving" "Supreme Law of the Land" to a
certain degree America's Founders appreciated a need for greater coordination & cooperation
~~preserved~~ 32-a-

amongst the several States of the Union"; With the new implementation of the new "Constitution for the United States of America" (encompassing "Bill of Rights", ~~the~~ "supreme Law of the Land" & the "great first principles" upon which "Constitution" (Gohmert, ante) was founded Ch. J. ~~John~~ Jay, J. Wilson, J. Rutledge ~~and~~ (later Ch. J.) J. Tredell, e.g., provided the "true meaning & intent" (Kent) of "the Constitution" (Thomas) in the "Precedents" they established. Also see, the works of renowned American jurist as Ch. J. Parson, Ch. J. Chipman, Ch. J. Tilghman, J. Tucker, J. Kent, J. Bouvier, J. Story, Prof. Rawle, Prof. Wharton, Prof. Smith, Prof. Hurd, Prof. Hilliard, e.g.; Their "Precedents" established "res judicata" for all future generations, ss. "our posterity" (preamble); Regrettably, after 1830 "things got rather and further of course: very few of America's Founders remained alive; ~~and~~

1) Taft insidiously "perverted" (Jefferson, ante) "Supreme Court of the United States" jurisdiction, explicitly delegated by "Constitution" for Art. III, former "discretionary" "jurisdiction" in contempt of: "supreme Law of the Land"; "the great first principles"; "Law of Agency"; "Constitution for..."; per se; "res judicata"; "Supreme Court of the United States" "Precedents" such as: Chisholm; Van Horn's; Calder; Marbary; Martin; Cohens; Pollards; Murray's; Charles; Scott v. Sandford, 60 US 393; e.g.; T. Marshall bluntly declared "discretionary" "jurisdiction" in *T.R.S. v. Asphalt*, 182 US 123. One must ponder the hair-splitting distinction he made between "discretionary" & "arbitrary". One must ponder which "rule of construction" or "rule of law" or "great first principles", or "principle" of "law" of Agency or Law of Contracts recognizes "discretion" for evading or "breaching the terms" of the "delegated authority" or "performance" or "conduct" or "consideration" — especially considering the following to wit:

• "What I cannot do by myself, I cannot by another." 1 Coke 216; 11 Coke 87a; Co. Litt. 309; Kent, 321; ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~principle~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~law~~ ~~of~~ ~~agency~~ ~~is~~ ~~that~~ ~~one~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~another~~ ~~what~~ ~~he~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~himself~~ ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~principle~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~law~~ ~~of~~ ~~agency~~ ~~is~~ ~~that~~ ~~one~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~another~~ ~~what~~ ~~he~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~himself~~ ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~principle~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~law~~ ~~of~~ ~~agency~~ ~~is~~ ~~that~~ ~~one~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~another~~ ~~what~~ ~~he~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~himself~~ ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~principle~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~law~~ ~~of~~ ~~agency~~ ~~is~~ ~~that~~ ~~one~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~another~~ ~~what~~ ~~he~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~himself~~ ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~principle~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~law~~ ~~of~~ ~~agency~~ ~~is~~ ~~that~~ ~~one~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~another~~ ~~what~~ ~~he~~ ~~cannot~~ ~~do~~ ~~by~~ ~~himself~~ ~~and~~ ~~the~~ ~~principle~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~law~~ 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IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

☒ For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix A to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☒ is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☒ is unpublished.

☐ For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the _____ court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

[] For cases from **federal courts**:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was 03/12/2020.

[☒] No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

[] A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

[☒] An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including June 3rd, 2020 (date) on August 10th, 2020 (date) in Application No. A. again Sep. 9, 2020 date on Nov. 9, 2020
Sep. 16, 2020; Dec. 16th, 2020
The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1).

[] For cases from **state courts**:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was _____.
A copy of that decision appears at Appendix _____.

[] A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

[] An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. A.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a).

PK 10-of

All of the following instruments are annexed hereto for reference thereof;

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

Declaration of Complaint of Constitutional Violations; "Brief" of "Constitutional Complaint of Constitutional Violations," dated March 4th, 2018
No 17-41258; In re. 6:17cv577; "Notice of Appeal" In the United States Court of Appeals, Dec. 12th, 2017; ~~Petition~~
"Petition for Appellate Review" No. 17-41258, In re. 6:17cv577 dated, Dec 18th, 2017;
"Addendum" to the "Brief" Annexed, No. 17-41258, dated March 4th, 2018;
"Motion to File 'Addendum to the brief' Annexed" in the Nature of an Affidavit of Notice for Supplemental Imperative Material Facts No. 17-41258, dated March 22nd, 2018; "Motion to Present Findings of Facts and Conclusions of law", No. 17-41258, dated, March 24th, 2018; "Judicial Notice of New Evidence", No. 17-41258, dated June 7th, 2018; "Judicial Notice to Objections to Continuous Frauds of Conclusions of Law", No. 17-41258, dated, December 17th, 2018; "Judicial Notice of Imperative New Evidence for Continuing Constitutional" No. 17-41258, July 8th, 2018;
"Judicial Notice to Objections of Constitutional Errors and Transgressions of Due Process of Law, Extortions, Frauds" No. 17-41258, dated, Jan. 2nd, 2019;
"Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit for Judicial Orders Process With Execution" No. 17-41258, dated, Feb. 11th, 2019; "Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit of a Writ of a Procipe To Enforce Constitution for the United States", Right to Petition the Government for Redress of Grievances No. 17-41258 dated, April 1st, 2019;
"Motion in the Nature of an Affidavit for Correcting the the Record" No. 17-41258, dated, Jan. 21st, 2019; "Judicial Notice of Clerk's Misrepresentation" falsifying official Records; (Estoppel) No. 17-41258, dated, Sept. 4th, 2019; "Motion In the Nature of an Affidavit of Misrepresentation of Fact, Misrepresentation" No. 17-41258, Dec. 23rd, 2019; "Judicial Notice to Objections to clerk, to correct the Record of Clerk's Misrepresentation? (Estoppel) No. 17-41258, dated, March 4th, 2020; "Motion to File 'Supplemental Brief' of 'Declaration of Complaint . . . Annexed" No. 17-41258, dated, March 5th, 2020; "Motion Seeking Leave of Court to File 'Supplemental Brief of" No. 17-41258, dated, Feb. 10th, 2020; "Supplemental Brief of 'Declaration of" No. 17-41258, dated Feb. 10th, 2020;
All other Judicial Notice; Objections, Motions, Judicial Notice to Objections, and all other, ~~is~~ See "Appendix ~~amp~~ C, D, E, F,
Are ~~annexed~~ ~~for~~ annexed ~~for~~ hereto by reference thereof

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Ineffective "Assistance of Counsel"; Indictment is not constitutional sufficient; "Arrest Warrant" not constitutional sufficient (Lewis v. Casey, 518 US 404-11); No "constitutional compelled" (Cronic) ~~and~~ constitutional sufficient (Lewis) petit trial jury; A different "entity" than Petitioner "Lorenzo Escudero" as supposedly "indicted" "LORENZO ESCUDERO" is not the same as "Lorenzo Escudero"; name, mistaken "identity"; "Unlawful Arrest".

In 1998, Escudero was indicted without a "probable cause", no accurate description, "vague" facts are not "constitutionally sufficient", do not create reasonable or credible sequence of events or believable story "affiant", not verified complaint as is "constitutionally compelled" (US v. Cronic, 466 US 665, N. 38).

Escudero was an ignorant person of his "individual" unalienable rights at the moment of his unlawful conviction, not knowing what to make of the indictment and because he got coerced by the "District Attorney" Jack Skin and his Counsel that if he do not play guilty in this unlawful conviction ~~as~~ he was risking to get 60 years and up to 99, that it was better for him to take the time, At the time, no body explained Escudero his "Constitutional Rights" secured and "Guaranteed" by "Constitution for the United States of America", Bill of Rights, "14th Amend", "the rule of law", "supreme law of the Land", "the great first principles", cites repeatedly cited; Escudero did not know much English and he did not had an interpreter to explain to Escudero what he was written, The sixth Amendment provides that "In all criminal prosecutions, the accused should enjoy the right to a speedy trial by an jury, were Escudero was striped of all his "constitutional rights" (above) without Escudero knowing or was aware of the situation he was in, The Court, The District Attorney and his Assistance of Counsel took advantage of Escudero's native or ignorance because the court was aware of Escudero's ignorance and violated ~~the~~ "Constitution" by not enforcing Escudero's rights; furthermore, The Court enhanced Escudero range of unlawful conviction by using another unlawful conviction from 1983-cause no. :7-83-296- were Escudero did not know English, did not know his "Constitutional rights" (above) and plea bargain coerced by the detectives and the District Attorney, and Counsel to take two years and do the time in his first time, no protection was ever offered to Escudero, and Escudero knows that the indictment was not ~~not~~ "Constitutional sufficient" because Escudero was never at the place, they took Escudero's tennis shoes and Escudero knows that there was no foot print at the place because Escudero was never there, so there was no probable cause for a conviction much less for an indictment or "arrest warrant". And the State use this unlawful conviction to enhance Escudero range of unlawful sentence against "5th Amend." of the "Constitution" above. See: Original Declaration of Complaint ~~or~~ or "brief" of "Declaration of Complaint...".

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REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

All of the reasons for granting the Petition for Habeas Corpus or "Declaration for Habeas Corpus Proceedings" Pursuant to "Constitution for the United States of America", "Bill of Rights", Fourteenth Article of Amendment; Petitioner Appellant have "unalienable rights to ~~due process of law~~" "due process of law", equal protection of law, right to petition the gov't... for redress"; free speech, "freedom of religion", "right to peaceable assembly", "right to self defense" which are certain the "great first principles" (Calder, ante) inherent to "America" "supreme Law of the Land" ("Organic Law", Thorpe, ante, Louisville, ante) upon which America war for independence was executed to successful conclusion (see: Jms Otis; M. D. Warren; Jn Adams; Geo Mason; P. Henry; To Jefferson; Jms Madison; B. Franklin; E.G.) "Constitution ante, provides certain method for lawfully funding constitutional obligations "delegated" to the sundry branches of "gov't" founded under the "great principles" (Calder, ante) of: free enterprise, "private property", "due process of law", "equal protection of law" with no authority "delegated" for making any changes to their desing or true meaning and intent" (Kent, Comm. 450); such "fees" are merely a "disguise" (Ch. J. Coke, ante). The right to a fair trial is a basic requirement of "due process of law" and includes [sic] the right to an unbiased judge. In re Murchison, 349 US 133, 136; Escudero has been deprive a fair trial, "trial by jury", an "unbiased judge", "effective assistance of Counsel" - Individuals are convicted (as Escudero) of "crime", "felony" that conform to the "true meaning and intent" (Kent, 450) of fundamental definitions of "crime", "felony", "intent", "probable cause", "grand jury indictment", "Trial by jury", "voir dire", "jury", "conviction", "verdict", "criminal proceedings", "due process of law", "possession", "equal protection of law", "sentence", "Bill of Rights", "14th Amend.", "Assistance of Counsel", "meaningful access to courts" ss. "convicted by kangaroo courts (Williams v. US, 341 US 97; Tucker, Comm.; Warton, Amr. Cr. L.; Clark, Cr. L. H. B., p. 2, 5, 46, 56) Bouvier, L. B. Dict.; Story Various; Baylin v. Ala., 390 US 238, "Constitutional Law", "due process of law" guilty plea, if a defendant guilty plea is not voluntarily and knowingly, it has been obtained in violation of "due process of law" is therof void & * p. 277 - violation of the "14th Amend."

The Constitution of the United States protects the liberty of an individual from arbitrary power when gov't. acts in excess of its lawful power's liberty is at stake, were Escudero was found guilty under an "unconstitutional" plea bargain, because Escudero naive and ignorance of American Law" 13-d-96

Where there were insufficient grounds for Escudero's ~~unlawful~~ "unlawful convictions" (cause no.: 7-81776-98 and cause number: 7-83296), redress not time barred that "Constitution" ante, "Bill of Rights", "7th Amend." do not delegate "authority" to any "body", "official", "agent", "employee", for creating any "law", "statute", "rule", "code", or "practice" bring "redress" for "constitutional transgressions" of "equal protection of law", "transgressions" of "due process of law", "transgressions" of "constitutional guarantees", "transgressions" of "individual" "unalienable rights". Chisholm; ~~Calder~~; Marten; Marchant; Bolling; Murray's; Ex parte Wall; Lee; Curtis; Orin; Weaver; Lucas; Clark, Cr. L. H. B. P. 2, 46, 56. e.g. others;

• The "Constitution" (ante) prohibits the criminal evidence conviction of any person except upon proof sufficient to convince trier of facts of guilt beyond reasonable doubt. ~~CF. 2784~~ CF. 2784. This rule has prevailed in our courts "at least from our early years as a nation. "In re Winship, 397 U.S. 358, 361... Mr. Justice Stevens, with whom the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Rehnquist, join, concurring in the judgment. See Original Declaration of Complaint...." p. 16, 17;

CONCLUSION

~~"The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted."~~

"Declaration of Habeas Corpus Proceedings...."

Respectfully submitted, Under the laws of the United States
of America

Lorenzo Escudero

Date: November 18th, 2020