## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

DONALD J. TRUMP, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, ET AL., APPELLANTS

v.

NATALIA USECHE, ET AL.

ON APPEAL FROM THE UNITED STATES
DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MARYLAND

\_\_\_\_

MOTION FOR EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF THE JURISDICTIONAL STATEMENT AND WAIVER OF THE 14-DAY WAITING PERIOD FOR DISTRIBUTION

The Acting Solicitor General, on behalf of appellants Donald J. Trump, President of the United States, et al., hereby moves,

the jurisdictional statement in the above-captioned case.

pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 21, for expedited consideration of

Pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 18.7, the government also expressly waives the 14-day waiting period for distribution of this case to

the Court.

On November 6, 2020, the three-judge district court below entered a judgment barring the Secretary of Commerce from including information requested by the President about the immigration status of individuals in a report concerning the enumeration for

purposes of apportionment of Representatives; the report has a statutory deadline of December 31, 2020. See J.S. App. 37a-38a; 13 U.S.C. 141(b). The jurisdictional statement in the above-captioned case was filed on November 13, 2020, and appellees' motion to affirm or dismiss is due on December 14, 2020. The government has requested that the Court hold the jurisdictional statement in this case pending its disposition of Trump v. New York, No. 20-366 (oral argument scheduled for Nov. 30, 2020), and then dispose of it as appropriate in light of the Court's decision in that case. New York involves the same questions presented as does the jurisdictional statement in this case. This Court expedited its plenary consideration of New York and set oral argument for November 30, which would allow resolution of those questions before the December 31 statutory deadline.

This Court likewise should expedite its consideration of this appeal. After appellees file their motion to affirm or dismiss on or before December 14, 2020, the Court should distribute the case on its next distribution date for paid cases, which we understand to be December 16, 2020. And once the Court issues its decision in <a href="New York">New York</a>, it should promptly dispose of this appeal in light of the Court's decision in that case. Specifically, if this Court were to reverse or vacate the judgment in <a href="New York">New York</a>, prompt vacatur of the judgment here (and the one in <a href="Trump">Trump</a> v. <a href="San Jose">San Jose</a>, No. <a href="No.20-561">20-561</a> (jurisdictional statement filed Oct. 29, 2020)) would be

appropriate and necessary to permit the Secretary to comply with the presidential directive, and such action would not be possible on the ordinary schedule for conferencing this case absent expedition.

government's inquiry, counsel response to the appellees has informed us that appellees have no objection to the jurisdictional statement's being distributed on the next distribution date for paid cases after their response to the jurisdictional statement is filed. Appellees do not consent to the government's suggestion of a firm deadline for disposition of this case following the Court's disposition of New York, and they that the parties should be afforded a sufficient opportunity to file a supplemental brief under Rule 18.10 addressing the impact of the New York decision on this case. government has no objection to appellees' filing a supplemental brief if time permits, but especially because New York and this case clearly rise or fall together, any such briefing should not interfere with a prompt disposition of this case following the decision in New York. See J.S. 9-11.

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The government respectfully requests that the Court expedite consideration of the government's jurisdictional statement and dispose of it promptly after the disposition of the appeal in  $\underline{\text{New}}$   $\underline{\text{York}}$ .

Respectfully submitted.

JEFFREY B. WALL
Acting Solicitor General

NOVEMBER 2020