

NO. 20-6325

**IN THE
SUPREME COURT THE UNITED STATES**

KRYSTAL MEGAN DELIMA- PETITIONER

v.

WAL-MART STORES ARKANSAS, LLC. -- RESPONDENT(S)

**ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO
UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE EIGHT CIRCUIT**

PETITION FOR REHEARING

KRYSTAL MEGAN DELIMA, PETITIONER/PRO SE
54985 COUNTY ROAD 586
KANSAS, OKLAHOMA 74347
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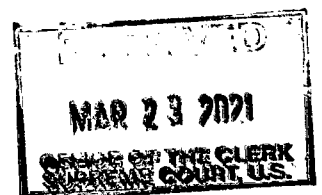


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PETITION FOR REHEARING

Pursuant to Rule 44, Petitioner requests for rehearing and reconsideration on January 19, 2021, the Court Order of denying the Petition for a Writ of Certiorari, on the ground of substantial intervening circumstances not previously presented.

INTRODUCTION

The United States Constitution guarantees the right for PROCEDURAL DUE PROCESS to each individual United States Citizen equal justice and the right to a FAIR TRIAL. Due process requires that the procedures by which laws are applied must be evenhanded. The right to a fair public hearing in civil proceedings is one of the guarantees in relation to legal proceedings. Fair trial and fair hearing rights include that all persons are equal before courts and tribunals the right to a fair and public hearing before a competent, independent and impartial court or tribunal established by law, guaranteed by Fourteenth Amendment.

“A fair trial in a fair tribunal is a basic requirement of due process. Fairness of course requires an absence of actual bias in the trial of cases. But our system of law has always endeavored to prevent even the probability of unfairness.” *In re Murchison*, 349 U.S. 133, 136 (1955).

Hagar v. Reclamation Dist., 111 U.S. 701, 708 (1884). “Due process of law is [process which], following the forms of law, is appropriate to the case and just to the parties affected. It must be pursued in the ordinary mode prescribed by law; it must be adapted to the end to be attained; and whenever necessary to the protection of the parties, it must give them an opportunity to be heard respecting the justice of the judgment sought. Any legal proceeding enforced by public authority, whether sanctioned by age or custom or newly devised in the discretion of the legislative power,

which regards and preserves these principles of liberty and justice, must be held to be due process of law.” Id. at 708; *Accord*, *Hurtado v. California*, 110 U.S. 516, 537 (1884).

Mathews v. Eldridge, 424 U.S. 319, 333 (1976). “Parties whose rights are to be affected are entitled to be heard.”

Confrontation and Cross-Examination. “In almost every setting where important decisions turn on questions of fact, due process requires an opportunity to confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses.” *Goldberg v. Kelly*, 397 U.S. 254, 271 (1970) (citations omitted). Where the “evidence consists of the testimony of individuals whose memory might be faulty or who, in fact, might be perjurers or persons motivated by malice, vindictiveness, intolerance, prejudice, or jealousy,” the individual’s right to show that it is untrue depends on the rights of confrontation and cross-examination. “This Court has been zealous to protect these rights from erosion. It has spoken out not only in criminal cases, . . . but also in all types of cases where administrative . . . actions were under scrutiny.” *Greene v. McElroy*, 360 U.S. 474, 496–97 (1959)

BACKGROUND

Petitioner had been denied in her Petition for a Writ of Certiorari on January 19, 2021, and now this Petition for Rehearing offers the opportunity to be heard. Petitioner’s case is a Personal Injury filed at the Supreme Court by the Petitioner/Pro Se, Krystal Megan De Lima, the injured and the victim of negligence and premise liability by Respondent, Wal-Mart Stores Arkansas LLC. The law says that business operators have the Duty of Care and have the liability of its premise with regards to its business operations. The business operator is liable for the actions of

its employees in the conduct of its business. “A property owner has a duty to exercise ordinary care to maintain the premises in a reasonably safe condition for the benefit of invitees.” *Wilson v. J. Wade Quinn Co., Inc.*, 330 Ark. 306, 308, 952 S.W.2d 167, 169 (1997). The owner will be subject to liability if he or she knows, or would discover through reasonable care, a condition that involves an unreasonable risk of harm that invitees either would not discover or will not protect themselves against, and the owner does not use reasonable care to protect the invitee from the danger. See *AutoZone v. Horton*, 87 Ark. App. 349, 353, 192 S.W.3d 291, 295 (2004) (internal quotation omitted).

Respondent filed a Motion for Summary Judgment on 10/29/2018, doc. # 44, Addendum P4. (see attached **Addendum P to P15**, 16 pages) Western District Court of Arkansas (Fayetteville) Civil Docket for case # 5:17-cv-05244- TLB, to dismiss this case but was denied due to the fact that there were GENUINE ISSUES of LAW, and the jury trial was set on February 20 to 22,2019, it was a 3 day trial. During the jury trial, there were many irregularities including: misconducts and misrepresentation by the Respondent, and caused the jury not to achieve impartial verdict. The verdict was cloudy and went against Preponderance of Evidence as noted in Petitioner’s Motion for A New Trial but it was denied. Petitioner’s claims of irregularities had been proved: The Court Granted in Part and Denied in part on 03/25/2019 (see attached , **ADDENDUM P14**, doc. #152) after Petitioner’s Motioned for Correction on several transcripts (see doc. 149, 150 and 151) but the correction was not enough to fix the damage. Petitioner also filed Motion to Challenge the Court Accountability of Transcripts and Order Court to Provide Audio Back-up of the Jury Trial Proceeding (doc. #148), but the Court denied the Motion. The case went into appeal but the opportunity for review was denied and the judgment was affirmed because the

opportunity for review was not available, as one of the judges stated on its order, that he was not a part of this consideration or decision. (see Appendix- A1) attached on the Petition for a Writ of Certiorari, which is currently denied and pending and now the opportunity for the Supreme Court of United States to Grant the Petition for Rehearing of which Petitioner had distinctly explained in Good Faith the substantial intervening circumstances never before presented under Rule 44.

REASONS FOR THE PETITION FOR REHEARING

The reasons for rehearing is obvious, this case seeks to be heard in a fair tribunal without any bias. Justice is blind, for it does NOT care what color of skin or what status an individual has in the society. It only weigh the evidences to find the truth and apply the law it deserved and that is what the Petitioner seeks for.

RESPONDENT'S FRAUDULENT/FALSIFIED PETITIONER'S CONFIDENTIAL PRESCRIPTION PROFILE dated, 07/01/2015 through 007/12/2018 (see attached **ADDENDUM A to A, 7 pages**). Respondent's **Exhibits: WM-KD-0372, WM-KD-0373, WM-KD-0374, WM-KD-0375, WM-KD-0376, WM-KD-0377, WM-KD-0378.** Respondent's fraudulent/falsified Petitioner's Confidential Prescription Profile from Walgreen Pharmacy in support of its claims that petitioner has Myalgia and not from injuries suffered due to injury incident at Wal-Mart stores Arkansas, LLC., on November 27, 2014, of which Petitioner suffered multiple injuries and other subsequent health deterioration due to Respondent's negligence and lack of care for safety. According to the law under **18 U.S. Code § 1028 - Fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents, authentication features, and information.**

(a)Whoever, in a circumstance described in subsection (c) of this section—

(7) knowingly transfers, possesses, or uses, without lawful authority, a means of

identification of another person with the intent to commit, or to aid or abet, or in connection

with, any unlawful activity that constitutes a violation of Federal law, or that constitutes a felony

under any applicable State or local law;

(b)The punishment for an offense under subsection (a) of this section is—

(1)except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4), a fine under this title or imprisonment for

not more than 15 years, or both, if the offense is—

(d)In this section and section 1028A—

(7)the term "means of identification" means any name or number that may be used, alone or in

conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual, including any—

(A) name, social security number, date of birth, official State or government issued driver's

license or identification number, alien registration number, government passport number,

employer or taxpayer identification number;

(f)Attempt and Conspiracy.—

Any person who attempts or conspires to commit any offense under this section shall be subject to the same penalties as those prescribed for the offense, the commission of which was the object of the attempt or conspiracy.

Under HIPAA Criminal penalties:

Criminal violations of HIPAA are handled by the DOJ. As with the HIPAA civil penalties, there are different levels of severity for criminal violations.

Offenses committed under false pretenses allow penalties to be increased to a \$100,000 fine, with up to 5 years in prison.

Finally, offenses committed with the intent to sell, transfer or use individually identifiable health

information for commercial advantage, personal gain or malicious harm permit fines of \$250,000 and imprisonment up to 10 years.

Respondent's fraudulent/falsified, Walgreen Pharmacy's Confidential Patient Information Prescription Profile dated, 07/01/2015 through 07/12/2018, (see attached ADDENDUM A to A6, 7 pages) contained information that identified Petitioner's name, date of birth, address, phone number, and inaccurate prescription profile which concealed other prescribed pain medications for the treatment of Petitioner's multiple injuries in support of Respondent's defense that Respondent was not negligent and claimed that Petitioner has Myalgia. Respondent's false pretense supported by falsified Petitioner's prescription profile had mislead and deceived fact finders in the court of law in order to win the case and deprived Petitioner from relief and justice. But according to research, Myalgia is cause also by trauma due to injuries (see Appendix G9 attached on writ of certiorari).

**EVIDENCES THAT SUPPORT PETITIONER'S CLAIMS THAT RESPONDENT'S
WALGREENS PHARMACY'S CONFIDENTIAL PATIENT INFORMATION
PRESCRIPTION PROFILE IS FRAUDULENT/FALSIFIED.**

Walgreen Pharmacy's Patient Confidential Information Prescription Profile 07/01/2015 through 07/12/2018, 7 pages, (see attached ADDENDUM A to A6) Respondent's exhibits had concealed the facts that, Tramadol 50 mg, was one of the many medications refilled by Walgreens Pharmacy of the above dates, for the treatment of Petitioner's injuries and other pain medications such as Ketorolac 10 mg, Diclofenac 50.mg, Gabapanten 100 mg.,

were also refilled by Walgreens Pharmacy by the same doctor, Dr. Clemens subsequent to Petitioner's injury incident at Walmart on November 27, 2014, also (see attached ADDENDUM E2) of which Walgreens Pharmacy appeared on 4 pages of this particular addendum with repeated multiple refills with reference to above date range of the profile.

1. **Addendum B to B10 (see attached Addendum B to B10, 11 pages)**-Petitioner's copy of Walgreen Pharmacy Prescription refill receipts (note: original are available) were detailing that between the dates 07/01/2015 through 07/12/2018, Walgreens Pharmacy refills included **Tramadol 50 mg** tablets in quantity of 60, within the above specified dates (see attached **Addendum B** and it is also marked as **Exhibit 630017**) the receipt is dated, **07/03/2015**. Another Walgreen receipt marked as **ADDENDUM B1** also marked as **Exhibit 630016**, dated, **07/23/2015**, Tizanidine 4mg. (see attached **Addendum B1**). Another Walgreens Receipt, **ADDENDUM B2** also marked as **Exhibit 630015**, dated, **07/26/2015**, **Tramadol 50mg**, quantity of 60 (see attached **Addendum B2**). Another Walgreen receipt marked as **ADDENDUM B3**, also marked as **Exhibit 630014**, dated, **09/02/2015**, Tizanidine 4mg, quantity of 30 (see attached **Addendum B3**). Another Walgreen receipt, **ADDENDUM B4** also marked as **Exhibit 630013**, dated **09/03/ 2015**, **Tramadol 50mg**, quantity of 60 (see attached **Addendum B4**). Another Walgreen receipt **ADDENDUM B5** also marked as **Exhibit 630012**, dated, **09/30/2015**, **Tramadol 50 mg**. quantity of 60 (see attached **Addendum B5**). Another Walgreens Pharmacy receipt dated, 11/18/2015, marked as **ADDENDUM B6** also marked as **Exhibit 630011**, **Ketorolac 10 mg**. (see **Addendum B6**). Another Walgreen receipt dated, 11/18/2015, marked as **ADDENDUM B7** also marked as **Exhibit 630010**, **Tizanidine 2mg**, quantity

of 20 (see attached **Addendum B7**). Another Walgreens receipt dated, **12/01/15**, marked as **ADDENDUM B8** also marked as **Exhibit 630008, Diclofenac Sodium 50mg**, quantity of 60 (see attached **Addendum B8**). Another Walgreens Pharmacy receipt dated, **12/01/15**, marked as **ADDENDUM B9** also marked as **Exhibit 630007, Gapapentin 100mg**, quantity of 90 (see attached **Addendum B9**). Another Walgreens receipt dated, **01/11/2016, ADDENDUM B10** also marked as **Exhibit 630006, Tizanidine 2mg**. (see attached **Addendum B10**).

2. **ADDENDUM F to F 66** (see attached 66 pages)- Blue Cross Blue Shield Personal Health Statement Records dated December 06, 2014 through November 07, 2015, were all detailing the dates and names of the prescription medicines and medical doctors who prescribed the medications of which Walgreens Pharmacy had refilled the most prescriptions drugs. Among the prescriptions which were concealed or not listed were the pain medications to manage pain: such as Tramadol, Tizadine, and other pain medications prescribed by Dr. Clemens, Petitioner's medical doctor, for the treatment of injuries, subsequent to the date of Petitioner's injury on November 27, 2014. There were other pain medications administered and prescribed by the attending physician at the Emergency Department at Siloam Springs Regional Hospital on November 27, 2014, but not included on this attached Addendum F-F21 to limit the dates to support for the above Petitioner claims that the above mentioned Petitioner's Prescription Profile is fraudulent.

3. **ADDENDUM R to R4**, (see attached 5 pages)- Community Physicians Group- Medical Record of Petitioner, indicating that Tramadol 50 mg quantity of 60, which was prescribed to treat severe pain, was one of the prescriptions pain medications prescribed

by Dr. Clemens on various dates: 07/01/2015, 07/21/2015, 08/05/2015, 09/30/2015.

Other pain medications were also prescribed by Dr. Clemens, mentioned on the above paragraph detailed on **Addendum B to B11**, all refilled by Walgreens Pharmacy's and were concealed on prescription profile 07/01/2015 through 07/12/2018 (see attached **Addendum A to A6**). Addendum R-R4, confirmed that other prescriptions should had been a part on Petitioner's Confidential Information Prescription Profile but were concealed to support Respondent's defense that Respondent was not negligent and claims of Myalgia which mislead and deceived fact finders in finding the truth to win the case.

OTHER EVIDENCES

1. **ADDENDUM C to C1** (see attached 2 pages) is Petitioner's HIPAA Privacy Authorization, AUTHORIZING WALGREENS PHARMACY with address: 440 Highway 412 W. Siloam Springs Arkansas, to release medical prescriptions information to MITCHELL, WILLIAMS, SELIG, GATES, & WOODYARD, P.L.L.C., RESPONDENT'S ATTORNEYS with address: 4206 South J. B. Hunt Drive, Suite 200 Rogers, AR 72758.FROM 11/27/2009 to DECEMBER 30, 2018. (see attached Addendum C-C1). This evidence shows Respondent was given access to obtain Petitioner's prescription information in conjunction to this legal proceeding.

2. **ADDENDUM D to D1** (see attached, 2 pages) - PETITIONER'S HIPAA PRIVACY AUTHORIZATION, authorizing, BLUE CROSS BLUE SHIELD- ARKANSAS with address: P.O BOX 2181 Little Rock, AR 72203-218 TO RELEASE MEDICAL/ HEALTH INFORMATION TO MITCHELL, WILLIAMS, SELIG, GATES, & WOODYARD, P.L.L.C. , RESPONDENT'S ATTORNEYS with address: 4206 South J.

B. Hunt Drive, Suite 200 Rogers, AR 72758. This evidence shows the Respondent was given authorization to obtain from Blue Cross Blue Shield Health Insurance, protected medical information by Petitioner in conjunction of this legal proceeding.

3. ADDENDUM E to E4, (see attached 5 pages) - Blue Cross Blue Shield Member Medications for Krystal M. Delima, detailing Petitioner's prescription medications before the injury incident and subsequent to injury incident. It listed Tramadol, Tizadine, Declofenac, Gabapentin, and other pain prescriptions refilled by Walgreens Pharmacy (see attached Addendum E2) showing Walgreens Pharmacy had refilled prescriptions during 07/03/2015 through 09/26/2017 which was within the date range of the profile.

4. ADDENDUM F to F66, (see attached 66 pages) -Blue Cross Blue Shield Personal Health Statement for Krystal M. Delima, dated between, 07/03/2015 through 02/25/2016, Tramadol 50mg, Tizanidine 4mg, Diclofenac Sodium 50 mg, Gabapentin 100mg are all included in the details of these documents. It is also showing that Walgreens Pharmacy refilled multiple times the above prescription medications which were concealed on Walgreens Pharmacy's Confidential Patient Information Prescription Profile (see attached Addendum F-F2,22 pages), detailing Tramadol 50mg, Ketorolac 10mg, Gabapentin 100mg and other prescription medications prescribed by Dr. Clemens to Petitioner.

5. ADDENDUM G - CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT WITH RETURN RECEIPTS MAILED to MICHELL, WILLIAMS, SELIG, GATES & WOYARD, P.L.L.C, RESPONDENT'S ATTORNEYS with address: 4206 South J. B. Hunt Drive, Suite 200 Rogers, AR 72758. PETITIONER'S 15 HIPAA AUTHORIZATIONS mailed on 04/25/2018. This document confirmed that the Respondents had received the 15 HIPAA

Authorizations of which Walgreens Pharmacy was one of them (see attached **Addendum G** and **Addendum G1- is a letter sent to Respondent of certified mail with return receipt) containing the 15 HIPAA Authorizations**, in conjunction with this case.

6. **ADDENDUM H** –PETITIONER’S GMAIL EMAIL COMMUNICATION dated 04/23/18 to ATTORNEY MC ELROY, RESPONDENT’S ATTORNEY. Petitioner’s email, stated to stop harassing and forcing her to sign the authorization to release petitioner’s medical information from medical providers, pharmacies, chiropractor, physical therapist and other medical practitioners, the authorization that has no beginning and end date and no expiration date which is a violation to HIPAA PRIVACY CORE ELEMENT AUTHORIZATION. (see attached ADDENDUM H)

7. **ADDENDUM- I** - PETITIONER EMAIL COMMUNICATIONS ON DATES: 04/12/18 TO 04/30/18 of HIPAA AUTHORIZATIONS TO RESPONDENT’S ATTORNEYS. (see attached ADDENDUM I). This document shows that Petitioner used HIPAA Authorizations which mailed to Respondent to use in obtaining confidential medical information.

8. **ADDENDUM J to J11**- PETITIONER PRE-TRIAL DISCLOSURES RULE 26.2 (see attached Addendum J to J11, 12 pages). Detailing summary of the case and the above specific exhibits which are attached as Addendum as specified on this Petition for Rehearing (see attached Addendum J-J11).

9. **ADDENDUM K**- PETITIONER’S HIPAA AUTHORIZATION to SILOAM SPRINGS INTERNAL MEDICINE CLINIC, address: 3721 Highway 412 Siloam Springs AR 72761, to RELEASE MEDICAL INFORMATION to MICHELL,

WILLIAMS, SELIG, GATES & WOODYARD, P.L.L.C, ATTORNEYS with address:
4206 South J. B. Hunt Drive, Suite 200 Rogers, AR 72758 (see attached Addendum K).

10. **ADDENDUM L to L3** (see attached 4 pages)-Petitioner medical records obtained by Respondent from Siloam Springs Internal Medicine Clinic with address: 3721 Highway 412 Siloam Springs AR, marked as, WM-KD-0265, WM-KD-0266, WM-KD-0267 & WM-KD-0268, (see attached ADDENDUM L to L3, dated 11/25/2014) Petitioner's medical record 2 days prior to injury on November 27, 2014. These medical records shows that Petitioner's health diagnosis were only High blood Pressure, Hyperlipidemia and skin rash (see ADDENDUM L). But Petitioner's health deteriorated after the injury incidents on November 27, 2014, multiple medical diagnosis and medical complications such as: Acute Pancreatitis, Chronic Pain, Cervigalia, Dorsalgia, Chronic Kidney, Stage 3 and others were all subsequent diagnosis after the traumatic injury at Walmart, on November 27, 2014.

11. **ADDENDUM M-M5, (see attached 6 pages)** (PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT LIST FOR THE JURY TRIAL ON FEBRUARY 20-22, 2019). (see attached Addendum M to M5, 6 pages). Petitioner Exhibits for the trial included Exhibit 38- Summary of Blue Cross Blue Shield-Summary of Medications and Refills by Pharmacies of which Walgreens Pharmacy appeared on 4 pages from dates 12/04/2014 through 12/07/2018 (see attached **Addendum E to E3**). Walgreens had refilled Tramadol 50mg. repeatedly.

12. **ADDENDUM N to N6**, (see attached 7 pages)- RESPONDENT'S PRE-TRIAL DISCLOSURES –FOR JURY TRIAL ON FEBRUARY 20-22, 2019. (7 pages) This document is showing unfairness to the Petitioner. The documents are clearly supporting

clearance of attempted misconducts to take place during the trial since there is no indication of specific Exhibit numbers to be offered during the trial, of which during the jury trial, irregularities and surprises were manifested that resulted on cloudy jury verdict of which jury verdict went against Preponderance of Evidence (see attached N4), which is page 5 of Respondent's Final Pre-Trial Disclosures.

13. **ADDENDUM O to O1** (see attached 2 pages)- RESPONDENT EXHIBIT LIST FOR THE JURY TRIAL ON FEBRUARY 20-22, 2019, concealed many pain prescriptions drugs to manage pain during the treatment to mislead fact finders from knowing truth and deprived Petitioner from reliefs and justice.

14. **ADDENDUM P to P15** (see attached 16 pages)- WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS (FAYETTEVILLE) CIVIL DOCKET FOR CASE #; 5:17-cv-05244-TLB (16 PAGES) - These Court documents is showing that the Petitioner had a hard time fighting for fairness which the Petitioner did not achieve at this Court.

15. **ADDENDUM Q to Q2**, (see attached 3 pages)- Affidavit of Christopher Milam, the store manager of the Respondent, which was responsible for the multiple injuries to Petitioner when he recklessly announced the opening of the sales-event at 8:00pm on November 27, 2014. Affiant, Christopher Milam, did not certify under the penalty of perjury that all that is stated in this affidavit is true.

16 **ADDENDUM S to S8** (9 pages) Respondent's Exhibits of Petitioner's medical record fro Siloam Springs Regional Hospital Emergency Department on November 27, 2014, Exhibits: WM-KD-0090 to WM-KD-0098, detailing that Petitioner's treatment of multiple injuries and was prescribed with pain medications (see Addendum E to E4 and

also see Addendum S, stated petitioner received contusion and strain when trampled at Walmart approximately close to hours prior to arrival at Emergency Department.

Respondent had concealed under false pretense some material facts to deceive fact finders in this legal proceeding in support of Respondent was not negligent and claims of Myalgia. But the truth according to the research is also caused by trauma due to injuries (see Appendix G9, attached to Writ of Certiorari). Other diagnosis by Dr. Clemens were Dorsalgia and Cervicalgia all related to trauma due to injury. All of the above diagnosis were never before in Petitioner's medical records (see attached Addendum L to L3) from Siloam Springs Internal Medicine Clinic dated, November 25, 2014, which is 2 days before the injury incident on November 27, 2014.

One body, one life to live in this body which now full of pain and health complications which were never before in all of Petitioner's medical record as obtained by the Respondent's Exhibits. (see attached ADDENDUM- L3). Respondent's fraudulent/ falsified and misleading Prescription Profile is punishable by law under **18 U.S. Code § 1028 - Fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents, authentication features, and information (a) (7) (b) (1) (d) (7) (A) (f).** (b)The punishment for an offense under subsection (a) of this section is—
(1)except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4), a fine under this title or imprisonment for not more than 15 years, or both, if the offense is—

Finally, offenses committed with the intent to sell, transfer or use individually identifiable health information for commercial advantage, personal gain or malicious harm permit fines of \$250,000 and imprisonment up to 10 years.

Petitioner is claiming additional damages against Respondent for violations under the above provision on penalties under **18 U.S. Code § 1028 and HIPAA.**

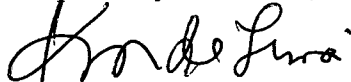
REASONS TO GRANT THE PETITION FOR REHEARING

Petitioner is requesting the Supreme Court of the United States to Grant the Petition for Rehearing to have this case be heard in a fair tribunal. Petitioner hope and pray this case will finally have the Due Process of Law and finally Justice be served with fairness.

CONCLUSION

Therefore, the Petition for Rehearing should be granted.

Respectfully Submitted,




KRYSTAL MEGAN DELIMA, Petitioner/ Pro Se
54985 County Road 586
Kansas, Ok 74347
(479)238-3566

Date: March 18, 2021

CERTIFICATE OF OF GOOD FAITH

I hereby certify that this petition for rehearing is presented in good faith and not for delay, and that it is restricted to the grounds specified in Supreme Court Rule 44.2.


KRYSTAL MEGAN DELIMA
Petitioner / Pro Se

Date: March 18, 2021