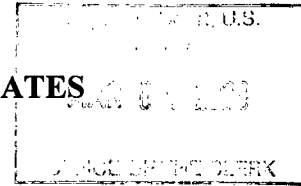


No.

19A 994

ORIGINAL

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES



PATRICIA A. MCCOLM, *Petitioner,*

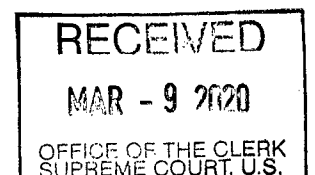
v.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA et. al., *Respondent.*

*APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE PETITION FOR WRIT OF
CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT*

To the Honorable Elena Kagan, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States and Circuit Justice for the Ninth Circuit:

Pursuant to this Court's Rule 13.5, Petitioner Patricia A. McColm, a 73 year old female, qualified person with disability under the American's With Disability Act, prays for an accommodation of illness (EXHIBIT A) and disability by 60-day extension of time to file her petition for certiorari in this Court to and including May 16; or as the 16th is a Saturday, to Monday May 18, 2020 if time extended by weekend. The form Order denying permission to appeal in the Ninth Circuit, saying the Appeal was "**DISMISSED**," (EXHIBIT B) was entered on December 18, 2019 and the time to petition for certiorari in this Court expires March 17,



2020. An appeal raising an issue of deprivation of civil rights of constitutional interest, is not so “insubstantial as to not warrant further review,” inflicting an Order that: “it shall not proceed;” in particular where an appeal is urgent to ensure, that effects of illness and permanent disability do not become a measure of denying access to the court and due process in this Country.

If there is an informal process by which this Court may tell the Ninth Circuit to proceed with the appeal; without necessity for the certiorari process, it is hereby respectfully requested in the interest of judicial and party economy.

A copy of the form order re denial of permission to appeal is attached hereto (Exhibit B) along with Exhibit C which contains the Ninth Circuit docket, Motion for Appointment of Counsel and Notice of Appeal with supporting documents as required by the 25 year old “pre-filing” Order, which by now; possibly, should have been vacated by time. Perhaps that is another issue for review.

The underlying case pertains to a single California Superior Court, Trinity County clerk’s letter imposition of a 15 minute time limitation on access to court/court services; without providing notice of cause or providing a hearing and opportunity to be heard in opposition; even after objection and request for the facts and authority upon which the restriction is based; a restriction which continues at this time, in disregard of Petitioner’s inquiries and request to withdraw same; and appears will continue to be a deprivation of constitutional rights, with impunity, absent appellate review.

Petitioner is informed and believes that the prejudicial restriction on access to the court/court services and harassment/threats pertaining thereto from court employees (clerks and Marshals); is in retaliation for having previously filed an ADA/age discrimination/retaliation

civil rights action against employees of the inaccessible two admittedly biased/disqualified judges of the Trinity County court.

Further, Petition believes that the Trinity court's unfounded prejudicial restriction and related retaliatory harassment/threats is unconstitutional and properly enjoined as requested in the complaint. Accordingly, the California Eastern District Court's dismissal under 28 U.S.C. 1915, without even a first leave to amend is wrong; as is its position that this plaintiff should have amended the initial civil rights case; instead of filing a separate action; even though, the statute of limitations would have run on a retroactive effort to add the cause to the 2012 case, a case that has now also been dismissed; thus, making the magistrate judge's reasoning moot. Thus, it appears that the real question is whether or not the Justices of the Ninth Circuit will continue to allow its pro se unit to recommend that persons with disability be denied review and as in this instance, without ruling, denied consideration for appointment of counsel in bringing a constitutional issue before the court; and instead, as it appears, just recommend all such pro se appeals not be allowed to proceed.

This application is being express mailed for filing 10 days before the due date.

Petitioner is concerned that the standard for denial of access to federal courts by persons alleged to be "vexatious litigations;" is being measured by limitations of disability pro se. Although this Court at some point will need to address the stigma and loss of access to justice and destruction of life, liberty and property by imposition of insurance industry advocated "vexatious litigant" orders; at this time, Petitioner just wants the Ninth Circuit to tell the District Court to proceed with the case wrongfully imposing restrictions on access to the court/court services and to enjoin such restrictions imposed without due process.

The extension is requested for good cause of illness, urgent conflicting medical appointments, acute injury, limitations of disability; as well as other time limited appellate conflicts.

It has not been possible for an earlier request by reason of continuing illness and acute injuries on February 21 and on February 24, 2020; which added orthopedic pain and swelling to the already limiting respiratory infection; thus also inflicting, substantial interference with sitting and use of injured hand for keyboarding.

On January 31, 2020 it was necessary to seek emergency treatment at the Trinity Hospital emergency department for a severe potentially life threatening respiratory illness, diagnosed as bronchitis; from which the physician recommended against activity requiring competent cognitive function.

On February 3, 2020, Meghnana Dipti Gadgil, M.D. at UCSF, my primary physician; wrote a letter advising of the substantial infirmity from the lung infection, which “precludes her attention to preparation of her court materials” making it “medically advisable to request an extension of 60 days” for court dates; a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **EXHIBIT A** and made a part hereof. A number of out-of-town medical appointments are scheduled prior to the due date for filing the Petition in this case.

The respiratory illness with coughing up muck and loss of sleep, continues to cause limitations in timely competent attention to all pending matters inflicting extreme exhaustion and lack of concentration aggravating many symptoms of M.S. and other limitations of disability.

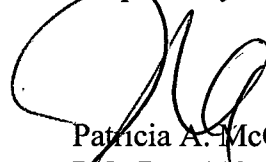
Petitioner has been struggling to timely prepare an opening brief on appeal, in a civil case in which she was sued under false pretenses by Pacific Gas and Electric for a prescriptive

easement on her property, where at trial appropriate accommodations were not provided nor time granted to obtain the assistance of counsel. The resulting wrongful judgment Nunc pro tunc to 1957 where there were no prior proceedings or orders of the court at that time, places petitioner at risk of losing her home. The times are conflicting to accomplish both of these important matters.

Your kind consideration in granting a 60 day extension from the due date of March 17, 2020 is appreciated; to ensure a reasonable opportunity for this person with disability, to accomplish the Petition in such a fashion as to have fair and equal opportunity with able-bodied persons; to achieve a favorable result in this substantial civil rights case seeking review on appeal.

Wherefore petitioner respectfully requests that an order be entered extending her time to petition for certiorari for sixty days to and including May 16, 2020 and as 16th is a Saturday, to Monday May 18, 2020, if time is extended by weekend.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Patricia A. McColm', is written over the typed name.

Patricia A. McColm
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(415) 333-8000