

**IN THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS FILED**  
**OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA** IN COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS  
STATE OF OKLAHOMA

**MARSHALL HENRY ELLIS,**

**Petitioner,**

**-vs.-**

**THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA,**

**Respondent.**

AUG 21 2019

**JOHN D. HADDEN**  
**CLERK**

**No. PC-2018-1210**

**ORDER AFFIRMING DENIAL OF SUBSEQUENT**  
**APPLICATION FOR POST-CONVICTION RELIEF**

The Petitioner has appealed to this Court from an order of the District Court of Woodward County denying him post-conviction relief in Case No. CRF-1985-59. In that case, Petitioner was charged with Count 1, Murder in the First Degree; Count 2, Shooting With Intent to Kill; Count 3, Assault With Intent to Kill; Count 4, Unlawful Delivery of a Controlled Drug; and Count 5, Possession of a Sawed-Off Shotgun.

On January 10, 1986, Petitioner entered a plea of guilty to Count IV, Unlawful Delivery of a Controlled Drug and Count V, Possession of a Sawed-Off Shotgun, and was convicted and sentenced to two years imprisonment on each count, with the

sentences ordered to run concurrently. Petitioner did not file a motion to withdraw his plea within applicable time periods, and thus failed to perfect direct appeal proceedings from those convictions and sentences.

From January 27 through February 10, 1986, Petitioner was tried by a jury on Counts 1, 2 and 3. He was convicted of Count 1, Murder in the First Degree, and Count 2, Shooting With Intent to Kill, but was acquitted of Count 3, Assault With Intent to Kill. He was sentenced in accordance with the jury's verdict to life imprisonment on Count 1, and fifty years imprisonment on Count 2, with the sentences ordered to run concurrently. Petitioner appealed to this Court and his Judgment and Sentence on Counts I and II was affirmed. *Ellis v. State*, No. F-1986-676 (Okl.Cr. April 10, 1990) (not for publication). On petition for writ of certiorari, the United States Supreme Court vacated Petitioner's Judgment and Sentence and remanded to this Court for further consideration in light of *Grady v. Corbin*, 495 U.S. 508, 110 S.Ct. 2084, 109 L.Ed.2d 548 (1990). On remand, this this Court found that *Grady* was inapplicable and affirmed Petitioner's Judgment and Sentence on

Counts I and II. *Ellis v. State*, 1992 OK CR 35, 834 P.2d 895. Petitioner has previously filed an application for post-conviction relief that was denied by the District Court and affirmed on appeal to this Court. *Ellis v. State*, No. PC-1997-626 (Okla. Cr. Aug. 5, 1997).

Post-conviction review provides petitioners with very limited grounds upon which to base a collateral attack on their judgments, particularly in subsequent post-conviction proceedings. *Logan v. State*, 2013 OK CR 2, ¶ 3, 293 P.3d 969, 973. All issues that were previously raised and ruled upon by this Court in Petitioner's direct appeal or his previous post-conviction application are procedurally barred from further review under the doctrine of *res judicata* and all issues that could have been previously raised but were not are waived for further review. 22 O.S.2011, § 1086; *Logan, supra*. Such issues may not be the basis of a subsequent post-conviction application unless the court finds that there is sufficient reason why the otherwise procedurally barred or waived issues were not previously asserted or adequately raised. *Id.*

All of Petitioner's propositions of error in this subsequent post-conviction proceeding are asserted to support his contention that he acted in self-defense on the day he committed his crimes. This Court thoroughly discussed Petitioner's arguments concerning self-defense in the original direct appeal opinion. *Ellis v. State*, No. F-1986-676 (Okl.Cr. April 10, 1990) (not for publication). Petitioner was not able to establish that his jury was improperly instructed or that self-defense was even available to him because of his own actions during the commission of his crimes. *Id.* Petitioner went to the crime scene to participate in an illegal drug transaction armed with a sawed-off shotgun. *Id.* He admits firing the shotgun blasts that killed and injured the victims in this case. *Id.* All of Petitioner's grounds for relief in this matter are procedurally barred or waived, and there is no reason to allow the grounds to be the basis of this subsequent post-conviction proceeding. 22 O.S.2011, § 1086; *Logan, supra*.

In addition, the Post-Conviction DNA Act specifically and clearly states in numerous places that it applies to "forensic DNA testing" and it does not state that it applies to other types of testing

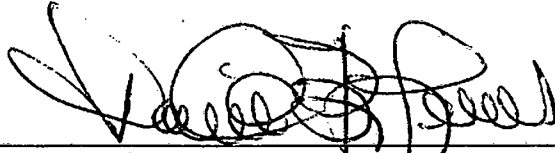
of biological material. 22 O.S.Supp.2013, §§ 1373 – 1373.7. Petitioner also doesn't explain why his writ of assistance could not have been filed and the information obtained prior to the filing of his previous application for post-conviction relief. *Ellis v. State*, No. PC-1997-626 (Okl.Cr. August 5, 1997); see 63 O.S.Supp.1996, § 939 (effective July 1, 1996, the Chief Medical officer shall produce records, documents, evidence or other material of any nature upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction).

Therefore, the order of the District Court of Woodward County denying Petitioner's application for relief under the Post-Conviction DNA Act, and/or his subsequent application for post-conviction relief in Case No. CRF-1985-59 should be, and is hereby, **AFFIRMED**. Petitioner's motion for evidentiary hearing and motion for discovery are **DENIED**. Pursuant to Rule 3.15, *Rules of the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals*, Title 22, Ch.18, App. (2019), the MANDATE is ORDERED issued forthwith upon the filing of this decision with the Clerk of this Court.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**


**WITNESS OUR HANDS AND THE SEAL OF THIS COURT**


this 21<sup>st</sup> day of August, 2019.

  
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**DAVID B. LEWIS, Presiding Judge**

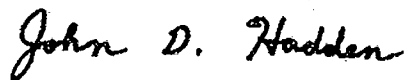
  
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**DANA KUEHN, Vice Presiding Judge**

  
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**GARY L. LUMPKIN, Judge**

  
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**ROBERT L. HUDSON, Judge**

 - **RECUSED**  
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**SCOTT ROWLAND, Judge**

ATTEST:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Clerk  
PA/F