

NO. 19-7413

Supreme Court of the United states

BRENNEN CLANCY

Petitioner

v.

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR ADULT OFFENDERS

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY PROBATION

Respondents

REPLY TO BRIEF IN OPPOSITION

On Petition for a Writ of certiorari to the

United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit

Brennen Clancy, Petitioner

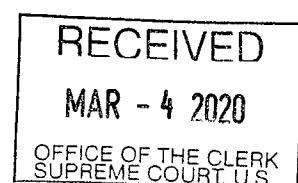
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*R C*

02-27-2020



This is very simple. Not a single case citing supplied by council supports dismissing this claim. Because none of them have to do with a probation department or corrections department changing the sentence. The cases cited have to deal with sex offenders having to register as sex offenders and others deal with probation denying transfers because probationers were of serious felony offenders or convicted murders.

There for my claim is a first of it's kind. The federal question remains can a probation officer or corrections officer change the sentence of a judge? For no good reason and no form of due process.

11<sup>th</sup> circuit court of appeals has stated in this matter that this is all because of natural consequence. Which does conflict with the 3<sup>rd</sup> circuit decision as well it contradicts the words etched in this building equal justice for all. There are 3 time dui offenders sentenced in Florida who upon due process are granted the opportunity to participate in pre trial intervention and save them selves so to say from being labeled a felony offender.

Also under the standard sentence in Florida the max amount of fines to be imposed are 5,000. My fines were in excess of 10,000. So defendant's had no problem going out of their way and participating in this unjust act changing sentence from misdemeanor to felony but left me high and dry on the fines. Isn't that entrapment? Northampton county refuses to release prison record even after being released from probation, until fines are paid. I have paid about 7,000 thus far and 3,000 left to pay.

For defense council to say that there is no right of passage that only indicates a gag rule.

Besides that what is the point of labeling me a felony offender? How does that benefit anyone?

Two years ago One of my probation officers from Florida department of corrections said it best someone messed up but since it was above their pay grade they couldn't do anything about it. I mentioned that in my appeal to the 11<sup>th</sup> circuit. Shortly after that officer was removed from being my probation officer. Claim is on-going and growing.

42 USC 1985 conspiracy to deprive rights under color of law is now in question.

Yes all defendant's are liable. There are remedies for relief under 42 USC 1983.

Supervisor liability, negligence, failure to intervene and excessive force. All apply

For all defendant's.