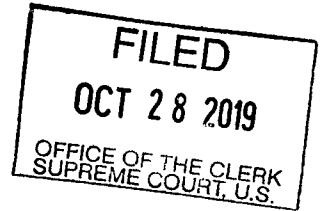


19-6470
No. _____

ORIGINAL



IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

DARRELL LAMAR MARSHALL - PETITIONER

VS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE, GEORGE C. STEEH,
THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION,
MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES REHABILITATION
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE, BERNARD A. FRIEDMAN -
RESPONDENTS.

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO
THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SIXTH CIRCUIT

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Darrell Lamar Marshall", written over a horizontal line.

DARRELL LAMAR MARSHALL, PRO SE

15794 STEEL ST.

DETROIT, MICHIGAN 48227

Ph. (313) 492-7352

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QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. **Did United States District Judge, George C. Steeh, the Social Security Administration, Michigan Department of Human Services, Rehabilitation Services, and United States District Judge, Bernard A. Friedman Act Under Color of Federal Law to Deprive petitioner of his Constitutional Rights?**

LIST OF PARTIES

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE, GEORGE C. STEEH

THE SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES, REHABILITATION SERVICES

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE, BERNARD A. FRIEDMAN

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IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

☐ For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix C to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

☐ For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the _____ court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,
☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
☐ is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

The date on which the United States Court Of Appeals decided my case was July 16, 2019.

A timely petition for rehearing en banc was denied by the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit on August 23, 2019. A copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix (A).

The jurisdiction of this court is invoked under 28 U.S.C. Section 1254 (1), (2) and Supreme Court of the United States Rule 10. (A) and (C).

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

TITLE 42 U.S.C. SECTION 1983 INEQUITY, DEPRIVATION OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS. TITLE 42 U.S.C. SECTION 1985, CONSPIRACY TO DEPRIVE PETITIONER OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS. TITLE 42 U.S.C. SECTION 1986 NEGLECTING TO PREVENT VIOLATION OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS. TITLE 42 U.S.C. SECTION 12101 AND 12102 OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT, DISCRIMINATION BASED MENTAL HANDICAP. MICHIGAN'S STATUTE OF LIMITATION ON TOLLING OF THE STATUTE, EQUITABLE ESTOPPEL, AND LACHES ON PERSONAL DISABILITIES, SECTION 2.4 INFANCY, SECTION 2.5 INSANITY, AND SECTION 2.13 FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT. FEDERAL RULES OF EVIDENCE, ARTICLE VIII. HEARSAY RULE 801. EXCLUSIONS FROM HEARSAY, RULE 802. THE RULE AGAINST HEARSAY, RULE 803. EXCEPTIONS TO THE RULE OF HEARSAY REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE DECLARANT IS AVAILABLE AS A WITNESS. ARTICLE IX RULE 901. AUTHENTICATING AND IDENTIFYING EVIDENCE. RULE 902. EVIDENCE THAT IS SELF AUTHENTICATING.

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ARTICLE X. CONTENT OF WRITINGS, RECORDINGS, AND PHOTOGRAPHS, RULE 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005 1006 1007, AND 1008. ARTICLE XI. MISCELLANEOUS RULES 1101 AND 1102.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On October 24 2018 petitioner, Darrell Lamar Marshall attempted to file a Civil Rights Complaint in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan in Detroit Michigan, pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C. Section 1983 Inequity, for Acting Under Color of Federal Law to Deprive petitioner of his Constitutional Rights, Title 42 U.S.C. Section 1985 Conspiracy To Deprive petitioner of his Constitutional Rights, Title 42 U.S.C. Section 1986, Neglecting To Prevent Violation of Constitutional Rights and Title 42 U.S.C. Section 12101 and 12102, Discrimination Against Petitioner based on Mental Disabilities. Petitioner was requesting injunctive relief against United States District Judges, George C. Steeh and Bernard A. Friedman.

On October 24, 2018 while attempting to filed the Civil Rights Complaint, Petitioner was stopped by a representative from the Federal Pro Se Law Clinic. The representative from the Federal Pro Se Law Clinic determined that because Petitioner had been enjoined from filing any new Civil Rights Complaints in the Federal Courts, they would review the Civil Rights Complaint and decide if they could assist petitioner with filing the complaint. The Federal Pro se Clinic later decided that they would not assist petitioner with the Civil Rights Complaint. See Appendix (G), the letter from the Pro Se Law Clinic.

On November 2, 2018 the United States District Court, Clerk's Office in Detroit Michigan filed petitioner's Civil Rights Complaint as a civil miscellaneous Case, with a case number 2:18-mc-51570 and assigned the case to United States District Judge, Terrence G. Berg.

On November 30, 2018 United States District Judge, Terrence G. Berg dismissed the case pursuant to an order entered by United States District Judge, George C. Steeh on November 21, 2000 enjoining petitioner from filing any new Civil rights complaints before seeking leave of the court.

On December 20, 2018 petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal in the United States Court of Appeals For The Sixth Circuit.

On July 16, 2019 the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals Affirmed the District Court's order dismissing petitioner's complaint.

On July 29, 2019 petitioner filed a Petition For En Banc Rehearing in the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals. See Appendix (A), the order denying Petition For En Banc Rehearing.

Also, see appendix (B), Sixth Circuit Order Affirming District Court's decision to dismiss the case, that was entered on July 16, 2019, appendix (C) the district court's order dismissing the case, appendix (D) the District Court's order enjoining petitioner from filing new Civil Rights Complaints, that was entered on November 21, 2000, appendix (E) the letter from the Federal Pro Se Law Clinic refusing to Assist petitioner with filing the Civil Rights Complaint, and appendix (F) the order from the Supreme Court of the United States denying petitioner's Petition for a Writ of Certiorari to Reinstate or Recall the order that was entered on November

21, 2000 enjoining petitioner from filing any new Civil Rights Complaints.

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

1. United States District Judge, George C. Steeh deliberately, with malicious Intent misconstrued petitioner's personal disabilities caused by child abuse and Neglect, a traumatic brain injury, and being illegally denied an education as a child and an adult, with, schizophrenia paranoid delusional type, and further identified petitioner as a vexatious litigant. See appendix (D), the order identifying petitioner as a vexatious litigant.
2. In 2017 petitioner filed a Motion with United States District Judge, George C. Steeh requesting an evidentiary hearing and requesting that Judge Steeh remove petitioner from the court's list identifying petitioner as a vexatious litigant and Judge Steeh denied petitioner's motion despite the fact petitioner presented a preponderance of material facts to the court that proves' petitioner is not a vexatious litigant and will prove all allegations against all defendants. Despite these facts, the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals, Affirmed the trial court's decision and the Supreme Court Of The United States, denied petitioner's Petition For Writ of Certiorari. See appendix (F), the Supreme Court of the United States decision.
3. On October 24, 2018 petitioner attempted to file a new Civil Rights Complaint in the United States District Court Eastern District of Michigan, against

21, 2000 enjoining petitioner from filing any new Civil Rights Complaints.

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

1. United States District Judge, George C. Steeh deliberately, with malicious intent mistreated petitioner's personal disabilities caused by child abuse and neglect, a traumatic brain injury, and being illegally denied an education as a child and an adult, with schizophrenia paranoid delusional type, and further identified petitioner as a vexatious litigant. See appendix (D), the order identifying petitioner as a vexatious litigant.

2. In 2017 petitioner filed a Motion with United States District Judge, George C. Steeh requesting an evidentiary hearing and requesting that Judge Steeh remove petitioner from the court's list identifying petitioner as a vexatious litigant and Judge Steeh denied petitioner's motion despite the fact petitioner presented a preponderance of material facts to the court that proves petitioner is not a vexatious litigant and will prove all allegations against all defendants. Despite these facts, the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals, Affirmed the trial court's decision and the Supreme Court Of The United States, denied petitioner's Petition For Writ of Certiorari. See appendix (E), the Supreme Court of the United States decision.

3. On October 24, 2018 petitioner attempted to file a new Civil Rights Complaint in the United States District Court Eastern District of Michigan, against

United States District Judge, George C. Steeh, the Social Security Administration, Michigan Department of Human Services, and United States District Judge, Bernard A. Friedman and was stopped by a representative from the Federal Pro Se Law Clinic in Detroit Michigan. On November 2, 2018 the Civil Rights Complaint Was actually filed in the United States District Court Eastern District of Michigan And assigned to United States District Judge, Terrence G. Berg. The Civil Rights Complaint was not randomly assigned to U.S. District Judge, Terrence G. Berg, Judge Terrence G. Berg further misconstrued and dismissed petitioner's Civil Rights Complaint stating that Federal Judges are immune to law suits for money Damages. It is plainly stated in the 1983 Civil Rights Complaint that petitioner is filing for injunctive relief against United States District Judges, Terrence G. Berg and Bernard A. Friedman. In a Title 42 U.S.C. Section 1983 Inequity, Civil Rights Complaint, plaintiffs are entitled to injunctive relief against Federal Judges. Please See appendix (E) the letter from the Federal Pro Se Law Clinic, and appendix (D) the Order that was entered on November 30, 2018 by U.S. District Judge, Terrence G. Berg dismissing the Civil Rights Complaint on grounds that Federal Judges are immune to law suits for money damages.

On January 11, 2019 petitioner filed the pro se appellant brief in the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals. On July 16, 2019 the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals Affirmed the trial court's decision to dismiss the Civil Rights Complaint stating that Petitioner presented no evidence that rebutt the trial court decision to dismiss the case and the trial court was partial when it dismissed the Civil Rights Complaint.

plaint.

the case and the trial court was partial when it dismissed the Civil Rights Com-
 Petitioner presented no evidence that rebut the trial court decision to dismiss
 affirmed the trial court's decision to dismiss the Civil Rights Complaint stating that
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 Rights Complaint stating that Federal Judges are immune to law suits for money
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 Michigan Department of Human Services, and United States District Judge, Ber-
 United States District Judge, George C. Steen, the Social Security Administration.

The decision of the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals was bias based on petitioner's mental disability, partial, and an Act Under Color of Federal Law to Deprive petitioner of his Constitutional Rights based on the fact that, on November 2, 2018 when petitioner initially filed the 1983 Civil Rights Complaint, petitioner attached several material facts that will prove all allegations against all defendants.

On January 28, 2019 petitioner filed a Motion For Preliminary Injunction to get an evidentiary hearing, in the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals and petitioner also attached to the Motion, several request for subpoenas of medical, psychological, and legal documents that will prove all allegations against all defendants. That Motion was denied by the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals.

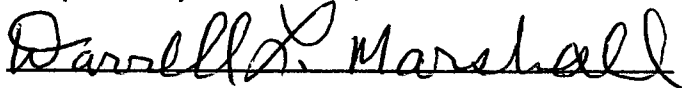
On March 28, 2019 petitioner filed a Motion To Supplement Motion For a Preliminary Injunction, in the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals and attached several Medical, psychological, and legal documents that will prove all allegations against All defendants. That Motion was denied.

CONCLUSION

The United States Court Of Appeals For The Sixth Circuit and The United States District Court, For The Eastern District of Michigan, have Acted Under Color Of Federal Law and Deprived Petitioner of his Constitutional Rights.

This is a case that have never been decided by this court, but, this case Should be decided by this court.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Darrell H. Marshall". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Date: October _____, 2019