
In The SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

In re: R.C. "RICK" LUSSY aka CANDIDATE 2016 AND 2020-2024 ELECTIONS
Petitioner

MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A PETITION FOR REHEARING

Extraordinary Writ
FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS EN BANC
(Rules 44, 30 & 22)

**RE: PERMISSION TO SUE FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION: NO HEARING, NO
INVESTIGATION; ENFORCE EIGHT FLORIDA STATUTES & MISSING U.S. 13TH
AMENDMENT AKA TITLES OF NOBILITY AMENDMENT
FROM AUGUST 30, 2016 (R) ELECTION PRIMARY ONGOING TERM UP 2020**

**MOST EXTRAORDINARY OF CIRCUMSTANCES CONTINUE THRU 1988-92-
96-00-04-08-12-16 PROPERTY APPRASIER ELECTIONS**

TO: U.S. Clerk Scott S. Harris & U.S. Justice Steven Breyer:

This MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A PETITION FOR REHEARING with permission:
(01/23/2020) from Jeffrey Atkins Deputy Clerk regard most extraordinary of circumstances. Allow
45-day extension Fed.R. App.P. 40¹ when granted.

BACKGROUND: Receipt return from Jeffrey Atkins of forty booklets: January 22, 2020 at
10:30pm dated January 14, 2020: Writ of Mandamus (To Order Existing Law Be Enforced)
following August 30, 2016 (R)Primary no general election as no Democrats or Independents were
qualified candidates. It then was denied by this Court on December 9, 2019, as petition for rehearing
due on or before January 3, 2020.

- **ONE Most Extraordinary Circumstance. It was impossible for both Adolpo**

1 Rule 40 Fed. Appellate Procedure: Petition for Panel Rehearing (a)(1) Unless the time is shortened or extended by order or local rule...the petition may be filed by any party within 45 days after entry of judgment if one of the parties is: (B) a United States Agency i.e. Florida Elections Commission & IRS US District Court (retired) Judge Julian I. Jacobs, 14050 Carmel Ridge Road, San Diego, CA 92128-4307 (non-responsive address) after leaving University of Denver, Sturm College of Law, 2255 E. Evans Avenue, Denver, CO 80208, Ph (303) 871-6000.

-&-Anthony to meet printing²-&-stitched perfect binding³ as closed December 20-23, 2019 to January 7-9, 2020: sixteen to twenty-one days-of-no-work, could not meet U.S. Supreme Court January 3rd 2020 deadline as myself Client: Rick Lussy requested the PDF on Saturday at 3:14pm, December 21, 2019.

- **SECOND: Most Extraordinary Circumstance** government workers take sandwiched additional holiday, days between official Holidays including: Christmas to New Years Day: Dec. 20, 2019 to Jan. 9, 2020 & usually include one or more: Hanukkah 2019 began Sunday December 22 and ended in evening Monday December 30, with no objection by Pro Se Petitioner of Judo-Christian faith.
- I continually research-work on religious-legal holidays as during eight-Florida Property Appraiser Elections (1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16). From past-experience Federal & State government offices are routinely closed, stopping my research. This is in addition to the day of 12/25/19 & 1/1/20. So to comply with Court Rules 44. 30 & 22 and to allow success for live court argument to enforce existing eight statute laws petitioned.
- I made five US Supreme Court calls this morning to verify Court Ordered Public Office Closure between Christmas-New Year. One answer only.

(1) Mr. Jeffrey Atkins return at 3:15am voice mail call 9:59am 1/23/20.

(2) No answer by Ms. Lisa Nesbit 10:05am 1/23/20 at 202-479-3011.

(3-4-5) Librarian (202) 479-3175, open 9-4:15pm, Monday-Friday. He would not answer my question & referred me to the statute & back to the Clerk 202-479-3011: Calls: 9:59am, 10:05am & 10:13am recording statement: "*call cannot be completed*".

Conclusion is this Court Ordered Office Closure. Verification between Christmas-&-New Year is a public secret not allowing direct comparison in this case. An holiday closure order is routine.

- **THIRD: Most Extraordinary Circumstance** Rule 30(3) compliance is directed to U.S.

2 Printing by Adolpo Hernandez, Gen. Mgr. for ARD PRINTING SOLUTIONS. Closed: Christmas to New Years Day: December 23, 2019 to January 7, 2020: sixteen days-of-no-work. Contact: ardprintingsolutions@gmail.com; Ph (305) 785-7200, 14016 SW 140th Street, Bay 8, Miami, FL. 33186.

3 Stitch Perfect Binding by Anthony Lloret General Manager, D&B Book-binders Closed: Christmas to New Years Day December 20, 2019 to January 9, 2020 as twenty-one days-of-no-work. Contact anthony@dbbinders.com 1030 E. 14th Street, Hialeah, FL. 33010 Ph 786-475-6221.

Justice Steven Breyer.⁴ He does enforce Rules of Civil Procedure as published & bound. Not reliant on unenforceable *stare decisis* case studies with no true direct comparison as to similar legal use. Please correct me if I am wrong.

- **FOURTH: Most extraordinary Circumstance** request routine rules of civil procedure be applied to enforce petitioned statutes & apply constitutional rights so I pray through U.S. Justice Steven Breyer to enforce existing petitioned statutes including U.S. Amendment VII for 100-percent jury trial verdict due process redress with four cameras. **(a)** This so Pro Se Petitioner can correct manipulated & falsified malicious-public records source: *stare decisis* reoccurring in 1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16 Florida Property Appraiser Elections after forty-one years CV-78-67-BU,⁵ records destroyed.⁶ This Federal case is free to reopen and will be for *fraud on the court by lawyer officers of the court* a compound legal malpractice lawsuit. **(b)** And against the same Law Firm CV-17-79-BU-BMM-JCL⁷, **(c)** in my Blessed Mother Dorothy Helen Lussy's Estate again involves this same Law Firm Knight & Dahood.

CONCLUSION: In both Florida & Montana non-lawyers are not allowed self-defense in free public court. As it impacts unemployed lawyers with three-year law school *juris doctor* diplomas', with no doctor experience what-so-ever. And not trained in moot court/mock trials for jury trial verdicts to sue: Florida Elections Commission.

⁴ "...if it violates some rule of civil procedure other than that, it will be thrown out." Quote by U.S. Justice of Supreme Court Steven Breyer. Lines 13-15, page 10, October 2, 2017; Epic Systems Corp v. Jacob Lewis, No. 16-285, Ernst & Young LLP. Et al., v Stephen Morris, No. 16-300 and National Labor Relations Board v. Murphy Oil USA, Inc., et al. No. 16-307, Supreme Court of United States, www.hrccourtreporters.com.

⁵ CV 78-67-BU caption Henry F. Lussy and Richard C. Lussy vs. Francis R. Bennett; Knight, Dahood, Mackay and Mclean, as a partnership composed of Wade J. Dahood, Conde F. MacKay and David J. McLean; & David J. Mclean an individual Defendants.

⁶ CV 78-67-BU case record destroyed: Office Of Clerk United States District court For The District of Montana Tyler Gilman Clerk of Court, Beth Conley Chief Deputy Clerk, February 18, 2015. Dear Mr. Lussy, I regret to inform you that I am unable to supply copies of the documents you requested in Case CV 78-67-BU, as the case file has been destroyed. I apologize for the inconvenience this has caused. Sincerely, Beth Conley Chief Deputy Ph 406-542-7260, FAX 406-542-7272 R.E.Smith Courthouse, P.O. Box 8537, 201 East Broadway, Missoula, MT 59807.

⁷ CV-17-79-BU-BMM-JCL caption: Richard C. Lussy vs. Henry Paumie Lussy, Launa Lynn Roque, Juahlee Murie Borneff, Merna Green Assessors Office Montana Department of Revenue, and Wade J. Dahood.

⁸ Anaconda Deer Lodge County Montana: DV-18-37 is identical to DV-18-38 that adds Merna Green Assessor Montana Department of Revenue to additionally strike down the statutory: 100% market value (willing seller) versus the American Institute-industry standard for property taxation purpose: Assessed Value (unwilling seller) is to protect & preserve my Blessed parents real & personal property of homestead.

- **FIFTH: Most extraordinary Circumstance** is that Elections are Popular Sovereignty. As are 100-percent jury trial verdict due process redress with four video cameras representing popular sovereignty with permission-leave to sue: Florida Elections Commission.

- **SIXTH: Most extraordinary Circumstance** per attached Exhibit A-8571:

Racketeering Organized Crime: International Green Machine Sex Solicit Then threat. It is a development that occurred while picking up bound books for this underlying Writ of Mandamus (rehearing presently). That over 32-continuous years (1988-2020) since Moving to South Florida, I have been under 24/7 sabotage surveillance, electronic monitoring, physical comings & goings for the reason, I believe as host to the Missing 13th Amendment aka Titles of Nobility Amendment which would remove power from the American Bar Association (“ABA”) with bar association lawyer cartel cabal behemoth (“BALCCB”) as an Affiliated Business Arrangement (“ABA”) with the lawyer trade union **British Accredited Registry** (BAR) emolument⁹ eight conflicts of interest consisting of 100-percent market share, no competition and no consumer freedom of choice, that utilize express omissions, 100% concealment and insider traders against this Pro Se Petitioner by the Florida Elections Commission. This U.S. Supreme Court I pray will enforce existing petitioned law within this Writ of Mandamus with leave to sue super majority Florida Lawyer officiating as the Florida Elections Commission for no hearing, no investigation by a staff-lawyer pre-paid investigator: Flagg, for whom I also appraised his residential building lot in Twin Oaks, Naples Florida as a filed lawsuit against Collier County Property Appraiser the progenitor of defendant Florida Elections Commission.

- **SEVENTH: Most Extraordinary Circumstance** to this mailed 1/11/20 Writ of Mandamus was another Montana State Supreme Court Initial Brief: DV-18-37 as identical to DV-18-38. This is for similar Mandamus enforcement of existing law as Florida and Montana judges, to date refuse to enforce existing law against their own trade union lawyers: ABA, BALCCB in a ABA (acronyms) that do not serve the public within America's fragile elective democracy.

PETITION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A PETITION FOR REHEARING: EN BANC

- **EIGHTH: Most Extraordinary Circumstance** *en banc* pursuant Court Rules 22, 30 & 44, Pro Se Petitioner respectfully request this Motion For Leave to File A Petition for Rehearing *en banc*. Neither the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure nor this Supreme Court's rules permit or prohibit a petition for rehearing *en banc* as no order exists from this Court, only from Jeffrey Atkins Deputy Clerk.

In the instant case, the Pro Se Petitioner seeks leave to allow himself to explain to this Court that the Florida Elections Commission & named parties have provided no answers: no hearing, no

⁹ **Emolument** (15thc) Any advantage, profit, or gain received as a result of one's employment or one's holding of office. Black's Law Dictionary 10th Ed. (2014) p 638.

investigation with no evidence other than manipulated and falsified malicious public records: Agency Orders.

- **NINTH: Most Extraordinary Circumstance** The conclusive presumption specifically declared conclusive by statutes plead for enforcement after intentional torts by all opponents accomplished by this Florida Elections Commission appellees' failure to address all arguments, all issues is proof of an overt act." then "once Pro Se Petitioner meets its burden of proof evidencing no factual documents, only opinions by WOOD JR. with complicity, aided & abetted by Florida Elections Commission establish the [alleged] conspiracy-racketeering, civil RICO exists it [is] entitled to a conclusive presumption to sue Florida Elections Commission.
- **TENTH: Most Extraordinary Circumstance** This conclusive presumption that the conspiracy continued" throughout imprecise *stare decisis*-precedent-Judge-made-Case "law" that cannot be made into Rules of Common Law as conclusive presumptions are facts of no-hearing, no-investigation that offer no substance, no credibility. The Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1, like the Rico conspiracy statute at issue, does not require proof of an overt Act. By not even acknowledging the existence of evidence ignored by the Florida Administrative Judge-seeking only fraud-to-gift lawyer attorney fees to WOOD JR. after offering no documents what-so-ever, claiming a judge-make-case: *stare decisis* (Brown verses Ethics Commission) that had both a hearing and an investigation with other named government Pro Se Lawyers. With appellee's failure to address the fact that the Florida Elections Commission panel unanimous decision has borne out of prejudice of manipulated, falsified malicious public records, not so confusion. Moreover, Pro Se Petitioner make
- **ELEVENTH: Most Extraordinary Circumstance** The continuing conclusive presumption of several assertions in their responses that have no basis in law or are not supported by the record evidence in this case. The Pro Se Petitioner seeks an opportunity to respond to these inaccuracies.

Finally, granting this motion should not prejudice Pro Se appellants as no responses have been made to date, Thursday, January 23, 2020, as my reply.

The undersigned has contacted all opposing counsel for their voluntary Waiver. Only Ms. Elizabeth TEEGEN Bar #833274, Chief Assistant Florida Attorney General for Ashley MOODY responded.

Wherefore, the Court should grant this Pro Se Petitioner's Motion For Leave To File A Petition For Rehearing Writ of Mandamus en banc.

Respectfully submitted.

SIGNATURE: I sign this by declaration of compliance with 28 U.S. Code § 1746(2) unsworn declaration: "I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true

and correct Executed on January 23, 2020

by



RICHARD C. LUSSY

Attorney-In-Fact

860 Sixth Avenue S. P.O. Box 152

Naples, FL 34106

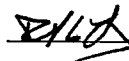
(239) 263-5413

E-Mail: ricklussy@yahoo.com

Attachment (1-page) Exhibit A-8571.

CERTIFICATE of U.S. Mail Service Delivery

I certify 40-copies: Motion For Leave To File A Petition For Rehearing: Mandamus En Banc is from

 Rick Lussy this January 24, 2020 as follows.

1-To: Supreme Court of the United States Clerk: Scott Harris; Washington D.C. 20543-0001 Phone (202) 479-3000. **(40-copies)**

2-To: Solicitor General of United States, Room 5614, Department of Justice, 950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W., Washington DC 20530-0001, Ph (202) 514-2203 **(2-copies)**

3-To: Respondents' for some Lawyer Ms. Elizabeth TEEGEN Bar #833274, Chief Assistant Florida Attorney General for Ashley MOODY Fla. State Attorney General, State of Florida, Department of Legal Affairs, PL-01 The Capitol, Tallahassee, FL. 32399-1050, Phone (850) 414-3300, per 10/14/19: WAIVER: **(3-copies)**

Representing: **3-1.)** Charles Talley WELLS #86265 JUSTICE; **3-2.)** Harry Lee ANSTEAD #2060 JUSTICE; **3-3.)** Barbara Joan PARIENTE #164266 JUSTICE; **3-4.)** Richard Fred LEWIS #151771 JUSTICE; **3-5.)** Peggy Ann QUINCE #261041 JUSTICE; **3-6.)** Leander J. SHAW JR. #72960 JUSTICE; **3-7.)** Major Best HARDING #33657 JUSTICE; **3-8.)** Thomas Dale HALL JR. #310751; CLERK; **3-9.)** David J. GLANTZ, #504238, Deputy Fla. State Attorney General for Crist-McCollum-Bondi; **3-10.)** Charles J. CRIST JR. #362190; **3-11.)** William McCOLLUM #11233; **3-12.)** Pamela Jo BONDI #886440; **3-13.)** Ashley MOODY #487198; **3-14.)** Robert Eugene BELANGER #983780, Circuit Judge; **3-15.)** Theodore BROUSSEAU #131227; **3-16.)** Thomas S. WILSON JR. #139907; **3-17.)** Ms. Donna Ann MALPHURS FEC Clerk; **3-18.)** *Byron David FLAGG* Bar #14311, FEC Investigator; **6-19.)** Ms. Amy McKeever TOMAN, #686344 FEC Executive Director; **3-20)** Edward TELLECHEA #856101; **3-21)** Eric M. LIPMAN #958247, General Counsel; **3-22)** John D. Campbell NEWTON II Bar #244538, Judge-DOAH **3-23)** Cynthia Georgette ANGELOS #539058 (Circuit Judge Martin County); **3-24)** Walter N. COLBATH JR. #14659 Chief Judge; **3-25)** William Loy ROBY #700630, Circuit Judge Stuart, Martin County. **3-26)** Florida State Governor Ronald DeSantis.

4-): Respondents' No other verifications for counsel-agency to: December 21, 2019.

4-27) Christine Hissam Greider #607117 Administrative Judge Collier County. Collier Courthouse, 3315 Tamiami Trl E Ste 204, Naples, FL 34112-5324; Office: 239-252-8132. Cell: 239-252-8132 - No Text Messages; Fax: 239-252-2795 **(1-copy)**

4-28) Scott Thomas Bar #10410, Chairman, 6815 S. Himes Ave. Tampa, FL. 33611-5129, Office (813) 202-1310; **(1-copy)**

4-29) Kymberlee Curry Smith P.A. #72463, 15800 Pines Blvd Ste 3003, Pembroke Pines, FL. 33027-1212, Of. (954) 500-5277, Cell (305) 776-8423 **(1-copy)**

4-30) Sean S. Hall Esq. 224 East 5th Street, Jacksonville, FL. 32206 **(1-copy)**

4-31) Patricia Hollarn Esq. 139 Poquito Road, Shalimar, FL 32579 **(1-copy)**

4-32) J. Alex Kelly Esq. 1445 Oakfield Drive, Tallahassee, FL. 32308 **(1-copy)**

4-33) Barbara A. Stern Esq. Bar #526576, 808 E. Las Olas Blvd Ste 102, Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33301-2201, Office (954) 743-4710 **(1-copy)**

4-34) Joni Alexis Poitier Bar #22861, Moseley, Prichard, Parrish, Knight & Jon, 501 W. Bay St. Jacksonville, FL. 32202-4428 Office (904) 421-8453 **1-copy)**

5-35) Julian I. Jacobs (IRS US District Court Judge), 14050 Carmel Ridge Road, San Diego, CA 92128-4307 **(1-copy)**

6-36) Pro se Gaylord A. Wood Jr. #89465 c/o John Christopher Woolsey #537438, P.O. Box 1987, Bunnell, FL. 32110 phone (386) 437-9400. **(1-copy)**

Exhibit A-8571 evidence Racketeering Organized Crime: International Green Machine
Sex Solicit then Threat to RE: petitioner pro se R.C. "Rick" Lussy Candidate 2016 & 2020-24.

LOCATION: Embassy Suites, Hilton-Hotel 3974 NW S. River Dr, Miami Fl. 33412

DATE" July 23, 2019. Monday night, 7:45pm @ Embassy Suites/

AGENT: SSA (Sabotage surveillance Agent) Christenson's
sex solicit-&-threat work as 5th, 6th, 7th... party for lawyer lobbyists: American Antitrust society-&-ABA.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION. White woman: Ms. Christenson (volunteered 1st name missed)
HEIGHT: 5:3" AT 115 Pounds-Heavy and pushy, grey sweat pants-Top and large deep "V" Neck"
horizontal stitch cotton top. Dyed blond hair-bun on top with dark roots.

HER CLAIM: To be international marketing VP Manager for Med-Line products & Vice
president of Embassy Suites-Hampton Inn-Hilton flip hand up (for others). I said: the renovations
here now are beautifully done. Reply: I know noting of that (done 1-year).

AGENT'S QUESTION: *She asked what I was doing.* I said "writing a speech".

She said she was a public speaker. I asked a motivational speaker. She said Yes. Petitioner
pro se asked: "I should get your card." (She made no comment-no answer). This petitioner pro se
also said: You are surely busy 40-hours-80-hours 160-hours or more per week working (She again
made no comment-no answer).

She then said I noticed your boy language. Then sexually-solicited me in body language
pushing her two legs on either side of & clutched them onto my left leg as this petitioner pro se was
sitting at a high table on a high what inside the common area courtesy lounge in front of the
television and immediately below the camera-black ball for surveillance. Petitioner pro se stated "I
am a commercial property appraiser, have been since graduation from college in May 1973."

She said "it sounds a bit weak". Petitioner pro se: "I turned my head-cocked it side ways:
WHAT?" The Embassy Suites cleanup staff then came to me sitting: this area closed at 7:30pm so
would you please move (then 7:45pm). Petitioner pro se: "Gladly", I got up without saying goodbye
to her and walked briskly out.

She: followed (me) 600+ feet from the table to the other side/end of the common area-atrium
after I got up and walked toward the swim pool area.

Her physical left hand pushed my left shoulder with threat: *"you should be very careful"*
then walked away to toe me 600 feet

I YELLED BACK "ABOUT WHAT-

no answer.

Again:"about what"

no answer. | END SHORT INCIDENT

No. 19-481

In The SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

In re: R.C. "RICK" LUSSY aka CANDIDATE 2016 AND 2020-2024 ELECTIONS
Petitioner

PETITION FOR REHEARING FILE EXTENSION: Extraordinary Writ
FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS
**MOTION-FOR OUT OF TIME TO EXTEND SUBMISSION OF FORTY BOOKS (Rules 44,
30 & 22)**
UNSWORN AFFIDAVIT 28 U.S.C. 1746
PERMISSION TO SUE FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION: NO HEARING, NO
INVESTIGATION; ENFORCE EIGHT FLORIDA STATUTES & MISSING U.S. 13TH
AMENDMENT AKA TITLES OF NOBILITY AMENDMENT
FROM AUGUST 30, 2016 (R) ELECTION
MOST EXTRAORDINARY OF CIRCUMSTANCES
CONTINUING THRU 1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16 PROPERTY APPRASIER
ELECTIONS

ONE OF THREE UNSWORN AFFIDAVITS

Dear U.S. Clerk Scott S. Harris & client Rick Lussy specified U.S. Justice Breyer:

I am the supervising general manager that printed Mr. Richard C. Lussy's 51-booklets.

- We block out time-away-from-work: Christmas to New Years Day holiday:
December 23, 2019 to January 7, 2020 as sixteen holiday, days-not-at-work.
- It was impossible for us to meet the January 3rd 2020 deadline Rick Lussy requested
with his submitted PDF on Saturday at 3:14pm, December 21, 2019.
- **SIGNATURE:** I sign this by declaration of compliance with 28 U.S. Code § 1746(2)

unsworn declaration: "I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that the
foregoing is true and correct Executed on January 23, 2020 by 

Adolfo Hernandez General Manager; ardprintingsolutions@gmail.com; Ph (305) 785-7200,

ARD PRINTING SOLUTIONS, 14016 SW 140th Street, Bay 8, Miami, FL. 33186

E-Mail return mail to Rick Lussy: ricklussy@yahoo.com, phone 239-263-5413

In The SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

In re: R.C. "RICK" LUSSY aka CANDIDATE 2016 AND 2020-2024 ELECTIONS
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**PETITION FOR REHEARING FILE EXTENSION: Extraordinary Writ
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PERMISSION TO SUE FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION: NO HEARING,
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U.S. 13TH AMENDMENT AKA TITLES OF NOBILITY AMENDMENT
FROM AUGUST 30, 2016 (R) ELECTION**

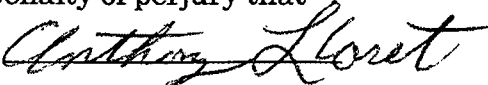
**MOST EXTRAORDINARY OF CIRCUMSTANCES CONTINUE
THRU 1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16 PROPERTY APPRASIER
ELECTIONS**

TWO OF THREE UNSWORN AFFIDAVITS

Dear U.S. Clerk Scott S. Harris & Justice Breyer: client specified Rick Lussy:

I am the supervising general manager that stitch perfect binding: Mr. Lussy's 51-booklets.

- We block out time-away-from-work: Christmas to New Years Day holiday:
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unsworn declaration: "I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that
the foregoing is true and correct Executed on January 23, 2020 by 
Anthony Lloret General Manager, D&B Bookbinders LLC, 1030 E. 14th Street, Hialeah,
FL. 33010; E-mail: Anthony@DBBinders.com & Phone 786-475-6221.

E-Mail return mail to Rick Lussy: ricklussy@yahoo.com, phone 239-263-5413

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In The SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

**CERTIFICATION OF COUNSEL, OF FILING & SERVICE ACCOMPANIMENT:
NOTARIZED AFFIDAVIT (Rule 29 & 44(2.))**

In re: R.C. "RICK" LUSSY aka CANDIDATE 2016 AND 2020-2024 ELECTIONS
Petitioner

Petition: Extraordinary Writ Rule 44_____

PETITION FOR REHEARING

**On WRIT OF MANDAMUS
TO ENFORCE EIGHT FLORIDA STATUTES OF GENERAL STATUTORY LAW
& MISSING U.S. 13TH AMENDMENT
AKA TITLES OF NOBILITY AMENDMENT**

**EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES WITH
_____APPENDIX_____**

The Supreme Court rule 44(2.) require I certify this final attached Rehearing Petition-affidavit for *Writ of Mandamus* in public, general statutory duty by law of Florida.

Petition for Writ of Mandamus contains 2,516 narrative words, 413 footnote-words total word count of: 2,929 words are-less-than-the 3,000 word-limit Rule 33(g)(xv), 12-point & 10-point footnote Century Schoolbook font. Margin ¾" all sides, text field including footnotes not exceed 4 1/8" & 7 1/8". Rule 33.1(xv) word count exclude: table-of-contents, table-of-cited-authorities, table-of-authorities-citations-of-official-unofficial-reports-opinions. As timely submitted within 25-days pursuant December 9, 2019 (received 12/12/19) case denied by Scott S. Harris, Clerk letter Re: Writ of Mandamus.

CERTIFICATE OF COUNSEL PRO SE

I hereby certify that this petition for rehearing is presented in good faith and not for delay. I sign this by declaration of compliance to 28 U.S. Code § 1746(2) unsworn declaration: "I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct Executed on December 23, 2019 date *RCL* Richard C. Lussy

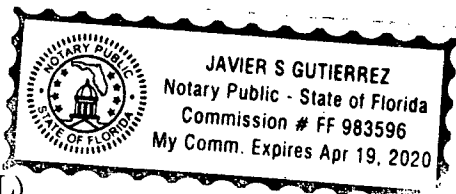
STATE OF FLORIDA

County of Collier

Richard (Rick) C. (Charles) Lussy petitioner duly sworn, deposes and states below:

NOTARY PUBLIC SWORN & VERIFIED

SWORN To as truth & Subscribed before me this 23 day of December, 2019, by Richard C. Lussy, *RCL* who (☒) is personally known to me or who (☐) have produced his Florida Drivers License Class E, No. L200-743-50-269-0 as identification: 860 Sixth Ave. South P.O. Box 152, Naples Fla. 34106. E-mail: ricklussy@yahoo.com; Phone 239-263-5413.



(SEAL)

By *[Signature]*
Notary Public, State of Florida

Javier Gutierrez
Print, Name of Notary Public

CERTIFICATE of U.S. Mail Service Delivery

I certify 50-copies: Rehearing' Mandamuses Writ, with a separate certification US Mail to respondents: per Rule 29 & 33.1 from *RCL* Rick Lussy this December 23, 2019 as following.

1-To: Supreme Court of the United States Clerk: Scott Harris; Washington D.C. 20543-0001 Phone (202) 479-3000. (40-copies) ✓

2-To: Solicitor General of United States, Room 5614, Department of Justice, 950 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W., Washington DC 20530-0001, Ph (202) 514-2203 (2-copies)

3-To: Respondents' for some Lawyer Ms. Elizabeth TEEGEN Bar #833274, Chief Assistant Florida Attorney General for Ashley MOODY Fla. State Attorney General, State of Florida, Department of Legal Affairs, PL-01 The Capitol, Tallahassee, FL. 32399-1050, Phone (850) 414-3300, per 10/14/19: WAIVER: **(3-copies)**

Representing: **3-1.)** Charles Talley WELLS #86265 JUSTICE; **3-2.)** Harry Lee ANSTEAD #2060 JUSTICE; **3-3.)** Barbara Joan PARIENTE #164266 JUSTICE; **3-4.)** Richard Fred LEWIS #151771 JUSTICE; **3-5.)** Peggy Ann QUINCE #261041 JUSTICE; **3-6.)** Leander J. SHAW JR. #72960 JUSTICE; **3-7.)** Major Best HARDING #33657 JUSTICE; **3-8.)** Thomas Dale HALL JR. #310751; CLERK; **3-9.)** David J. GLANTZ, #504238, Deputy Fla. State Attorney General for Crist-McCollum-Bondi; **3-10.)** Charles J. CRIST JR. #362190; **3-11.)** William McCOLLUM #11233; **3-12.)** Pamela Jo BONDI #886440; **3-13.)** Ashley MOODY #487198; **3-14.)** Robert Eugene BELANGER #983780, Circuit Judge; **3-15.)** Theodore BROUSSEAU #131227; **3-16.)** Thomas S. WILSON JR. #139907; **3-17.)** Ms. Donna Ann MALPHURS FEC Clerk; **3-18.)** *Byron David* FLAGG Bar #14311, FEC Investigator; **3-19.)** Ms. Amy McKeever TOMAN, #686344 FEC Executive Director; **3-20)** Edward TELLECHEA #856101; **3-21)** Eric M. LIPMAN #958247, General Counsel; **3-22)** John D. Campbell NEWTON II Bar #244538, Judge-DOAH **3-23)** Cynthia Georgette ANGELOS #539058 (Circuit Judge Martin County); **3-24)** Walter N. COLBATH JR. #14659 Chief Judge; **3-25)** William Loy ROBY #700630, Circuit Judge Stuart, Martin County. **3-26)** Florida State Governor Ronald DeSantis.

4-): Respondents' No other verifications for counsel-agency to: December 21, 2019.

4-27) Christine Hissam Greider #607117 Administrative Judge Collier County.

Collier Courthouse, 3315 Tamiami Trl E Ste 204, Naples, FL 34112-5324; Office: 239-252-8132. Cell: 239-252-8132 - No Text Messages; Fax: 239-252-2795 **(1-copy)**

4-28) Scott Thomas Bar #10410, Chairman, 6815 S. Himes Ave. Tampa, FL. 33611-5129, Office (813) 202-1310; **(1-copy)**

4-29) Kymberlee Curry Smith P.A. #72463, 15800 Pines Blvd Ste 3003, Pembroke Pines, FL. 33027-1212, Of. (954) 500-5277, Cell (305) 776-8423 **(1-copy)**

4-30) Sean S. Hall Esq. 224 East 5th Street, Jacksonville, FL. 32206 **(1-copy)**

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5-35) Julian I. Jacobs (IRS US District Court Judge), 14050 Carmel Ridge Road, San Diego, CA 92128-4307 **(1-copy)**

6-36) Pro se Gaylord A. Wood Jr. #89465 c/o John Christopher Woolsey #537438, P.O. Box 1987, Bunnell, FL. 32110 phone (386) 437-9400. **(1-copy)**

No. 19-481 (Tan Cover)

=====

**In The
SUPREME COURT OF THE
UNITED STATES**

In re: R.C. "RICK" LUSSY aka
CANDIDATE, 2016 & 2020-2024
ELECTIONS Petitioner

On Writ of Mandamus: Rule 44

**PETITION FOR REHEARING
TO ENFORCE EIGHT FLORIDA
STATUTES IN EXTRAORDINARY
____ CIRCUMSTANCES ____**

R.C. "Rick" Lussy Esq.
LUSSY & ASSOCIATES (Property Appraisers)
860 Sixth Avenue South, P.O. Box 152
Naples, Fla. 34106; Ph (239) 263-5413
E-Mail: ricklussy@yahoo.com
Attorney-In-Fact, For Petitioner Pro Se

Rehearing Mandamus Writ: 1st Emergency Order: Governor DeSantis ("GDS") what that law is: Fla. Statute 14.022(4) & stop Spy-Chief Rick Lober's: 24/7 secret surveillance warrants: target-stalk-attack Rick C. Lussy ("RCL") 1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16 Elections with hearsay *stare decisis*; **2nd Order** GDS law is F.S. 14.26(2)(a) to investigate: Gaylord A. Wood #89465 election-6/9/16-letter; **3rd Order-GDS** law is: F.S. 104.051(2) for malfeasance & sex abuse to replace-Abraham Skinner with RCL-PDQ-as-Property Appraiser after investigation-by-non-lawyer, female staff; **4th Order**-RCL to sue Florida Elections Commission-enforce F.S. 106.25(1)(2) against themselves; **5th Order**-RCL-to enforce F.S.768.28(9)(a), Exclude *stare decisis* F.S.90.403 to impeach F.S.90.608 judge/justice *stare decisis* (F.S.68.093) "vexatious" litigant with Missing 13th Amend./Title Nobility Amendment; **6th Order** F.S.768.28(9)(a) Clerk open 10-63-SC Supreme Court Justices.

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- December 9, 2019 (received
12/14/19) Petition for (7/25/19) writ
of mandamus is denied by Clerk;
- July 23, 2019, Exhibit A-8571
Affidavit evidence Racketeering
Organized Crime: Threatened
petitioner R.C. "Rick" Lussy
Candidate @ Embassy Suites,
Hilton, Miami Fla. 33412;
- To enforce 1st F.S. §14.026(2)(a)
Citizens Assistance Office
investigate investigator Flagg;
- To enforce 2nd Florida Statute
§14.26(2)(a) to investigate
complaint regardless of finality of
administrative action.
- To enforce 3rd Florida Statute
§104.051(1) Violation neglect of
duty, corrupt practices...SKINNER
be excluded from election-polls.

- To enforce 4th F.S. §106.25(1)(2)
Report alleged violations to Florida
Elections Commission ("FEC");
 - To enforce 5th Florida Statute
§768.28(9)(a) Waiver of sovereign
immunity in tort actions;
 - Enforce 6th F.S. §90.608 impeach;
 - To enforce 7th Florida Statute
§68.093(d) Florida Vexatious
Litigant Law in immediate
preceding 5-year period, now past
10-to-13 years, is term limited out.
 - To enforce 8th Florida Statute
§90.403 Exclude *stare decisis* on
grounds of prejudice or confusion.
- In Appendix.

PETITION FOR REHEARING:

Pursuant to Rule 44.1 Pro Se
Petitioner R.C. “Rick” Lussy (“RCL”) Candidate 2016 and 2020-2024 Elections respectfully petition for a rehearing of this Extraordinary Writ of Mandamus: Court-to-Clerk Scott S. Harris December 9, 2019 Letter (received 12/14/19): a denial with no opinion. This timely petition for rehearing authority is for six orders that include eight-Florida Statutes’ enforcement. Three emergency, Orders advising what the law is for action-by-Governor DeSantis (“GDS”) in three parts for Pro Se Petitioner: Pro Se

RCL in a 100-percent jury trial verdict due process redress with four video cameras after merits briefing-&-oral argument, if this time-consuming-&-expensive process meets with your law-enforcement public discretionary duties. I pray to satisfy.

**REVIEW STANDARD: FOR
REHEARING WRIT OF
MANDAMUS**

This Petition for Rehearing updates the time lapse since after Writ of Mandamus with documented proof of racketeering-organized crime-civil-RICO: Exhibit A-8571 against Pro Se RCL with out-of-court block & stop obstruction policy

collaboration of Judge Henry Friendly¹
inside the bar association lawyer cartel
cabal behemoth (“BALCCB”) with 100-
percent market share, no competition &
no consumer freedom of choice.
Methodology of: express omissions, 100-
percent concealment and insider trading.

RCL re-verified American Bar
Association (“ABA”) to-be-a-lawyer-

¹ Judge Friendly put it well: “[w]ithin the limits of professional propriety, causing delay and sowing confusion not only are [lawyer’s] right but may be his duty.” Rebooting Justice “More Technology, Fewer Lawyers, And The Future of Law”, by Benjamin HJ. Barton Esq. & Stepanos Bibas Esq. (2017) Page 108.

cartel,² self-regulate & certify-law school curriculum to exclude jury trial verdict training of public servant trial judges for-free-public-law-administration. Jury trial verdicts in Florida State-&-US do not enforce their constitutions.³ These are intentional torts as Pro-Se-RCL has petitioned these forty-one years during

² The University of Chicago law professor Todd Henderson, writing for Forbes in 2016, offered a blunt assessment: "The American Bar Association operates a state-approved cartel." Source: *The Atlantic*, "The gilded future of the top 10 percent-and the end of opportunity for everyone else" June 2018 page 56.

³ "Law schools have all but abandoned the education of trial lawyers,... Cut classes if you have to, but go to court." F. Lee Bailey, The Defense Never Rests, (1971) Page 17.

1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16 & now going
into the 2020-2024 election-cycle.

This Honorable Court will exercise
the greatest self-restraint in interfering
with constitutionally mandated processes
of remand for jury decision the foremost
source of Florida State-U.S. Federal Law:
Florida State Constitution (Ratified 1968)
Art. I § 1, Political power.-"All political
power is inherent in the people. The
enunciation herein of certain rights shall
not be construed to deny or impair others
retained by the people."

- § 10, "Prohibited (replicated 'loser'

Old English *stare decisis* precedent-no-written constitution⁴-precedent) laws. No bill of attainder, ex post facto law or law impairing the obligation of contracts shall be passed.”

○ § 21, Access to (jury-trial) courts.
“Courts shall be open to every person for redress of any injury, & justice shall be administered without sale, denial or delay.”

○ § 22, Trial by jury.-“The right of

⁴It is a maxim of lawyers,” wrote Jonathan Swift in a passage of *Gulliver’s Travels* (1726), “that whatever has been done before, may legally be done again; and therefore **they take special care to record all the decisions made against common justice, and the general reason of mankind.**” *The Rule of Lawyers* How New Litigation Elite Threatens America’ Rule of Law” Walter K. Olson Litigators on Horseback 2003, P293 (**emphasis**)

trial by jury shall be secure to all and remain inviolate. The qualifications and the number of jurors, not fewer than six, shall be fixed by law.”

U.S. Constitution: Amendment VII
(Ratified 1791) In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

**GOOD REASONS TO GRANT
PETITION REHEARING &
MANDAMUS WRIT**

RCL has neither, physical nor, mental disability and understands what he reads. He is God fearing, law abiding, non-violent citizen whose timely filed, fee

paid rehearing petition with prayer is to reverse this Court-to-Clerk Scott S. Harris December 9, 2019 Letter (received 12/14/19) denial with no opinion.

One Example by RCL is to void-vitiate-vacate “Vexatious” litigant hearsay *stare decisis*: (judge-made-case-study) in this instant case. *Stare decisis* is not USA American. It is a copy-cat, replication after 1775 Revolutionary-war against Old England’s King George III failed imperialism: they-call: *stare decisis*. It is all about dominating & domination of the little-people/person this accused i.e.

Pro-Se-RCL. No rule of law-&-no written
Old English Constitution is no America.

First, Pro-Se-RCL applies Florida
Statute 90.403 to exclude “facts”-found-
denied 12/9/2019 by Clerk-U.S. Supreme
Court-in prior 86-RCL exemptions (in
prior-Mandamus-Writ-Appendix)

hearsay-*stare decisis*. This exclusion is on
grounds of prejudice or confusion of
political opponent Judge Belanger etc. et.
al. Who lacks credibility as a public
official does not understand what he
reads & not adequately trained in 100-

percent jury trials⁵ from 3-year law school *juris doctor* diploma criteria-certified by ABA, misrepresent to public: “doctor” with no doctors’ experience what-so-ever. A summary of prejudice-grounded against RCL is below:

BELANGER COURT: Do you have any cross-exam of Mr. Lussy? P45L14-15.

MR. GLANTZ: the law says that finally in the phrase-as in the phrase finally and adversely denied, the word in final means that there is no more labor for

⁵ Moot Court/Mock Trial are not core/required courses’ in 3-year law school diploma *juris doctor(s)* diploma with no doctors’ experience what-so-ever:

Robert Eugene Belanger Bar Number: 983780, graduate: 1986; Law School: Cleveland State University Cleveland-Marshall College of Law, (Mascot: Vikings); By RCL & school librarian.

the Court to perform. Adverse means that something's been found against the party. We know what these terms mean in the law. Mr. Lussy doesn't know the meaning of the word final. He doesn't know the meaning of the word adverse. But we're not operating with his definitions. If Mr. Lussy has his way— P45 L20-25;P46L1-5.

MR. LUSSY: Objection, Your Honor. Scandalous! page 46 L6-7.

BELANGER COURT: I'm going to overrule the objection. Page 46 L8-9.

MR. LUSSY: Your Honor P46 L10

BELANGER COURT: Counsel let you talk for almost 20 minutes without a single interruption. You can extend the same courtesy to him when he's just making argument on the law. There's really nothing to object to. Please proceed.

MR. GLANZ: If Mr. Lussy had his way, no lawsuit would ever come to an end. But that's—we're not traveling under

his definitions, we're traveling under what the law says. Page 46 L16-20

Conclusion: RCL Pro Se:
Evidentiary hearing FAX to void adding his former boss: Bruce Colton State Attorney *Belanger's* judgitis. The lawyer culture policy is discrimination-prejudice-bias for self-loathing (Dershowitz said so). Closed cases are routinely reopened for free in Federal Cases & for a fee in Florida. State Cases. Lawyer-officers of court: Belanger/Glantz party respondents' not adequately trained in 3-year law schools: juris doctor diplomas with no doctor experience what-so-ever→ a fraud.

Source: R.C. "Rick" Lussy MAI... v Fla. Bar Ass'n et al consolidated versus Barbara Joan Pariente, et al (Fla. State Supreme Court) No. 05-954-CA/05-704-CA. (Transcript 55-page) March 2, 2006.

CONCLUSION: Lawsuit finality is required to accuse Pro-Se-RCL as “vexatious”. See FN#7 & Christine Hissam Greider #607117 Administrative Judge refused RCL small claims filings calling his pleading-affidavits “letters”.

Second is Florida vexatious statutory §68.093 five-year term limit has lapsed, time limited out. Untimely make Fla. “vexatious” litigant accusations moot & require this U.S. Supreme Court’s order for collaboration. Pro-Se-RCL’S 86-exemptions have not found a neutral audience for jury verdict-vindication.

Pro-Se-RCL's well known political
opponent Government public record
author progenitor-protagonist "public
servant" employee controller of all these
government public records: all Fla.
Justices-&-Judges including Belanger.

THEREFORE: thirteen point eight
years is 8.8 years beyond the 5-year
Florida Statute 68.093 time limit for
Robert E. Belanger⁶ Circuit Court Judge.
Now in Fort Pierce, Florida.

⁶ Circuit Court Judge Robert E. Belanger,
signed March 2, 2006 "*Order Declaring Plaintiff A
Vexatious Litigant*" in R.C. "*Rick*" Lussy et. Al.
*Plaintiff v. Florida Bar Association, et. al.,
Defendants* No. 05-954-CA Martin County.

Thirteen point eight years is 8.8 years also beyond the 5-year Fla. Stat. 68.093[FN#7] time limit for Ted H. Brousseau⁷ Circuit Court Judge. And Ten point five years is 5.5 years beyond the 5-year Fla. Stat. 68.093[FN#7] time limit for Thomas S. Wilson Jr.⁸ Circuit Court Judge (dead-by-obituary).

⁷ Circuit Court Judge Ted. H. Brousseau, signed March 24, 2006 *"Order Declaring R.C. "Rick" Lussy a Vexatious Litigant" in R.C. "Rick" Lussy et. al. Plaintiff v. Rick Lober (Director of Florida State Intelligence Gathering) et al, Defendants No. 05-1631-CA Collier County.*

⁸ Circuit Court Judge Thomas S. Wilson Jr., signed July 9, 2009 *"Order Declaring Plaintiff A Vexatious Litigant & Granting Protective Order" in R.C. "Rick" Lussy et. Al. Plaintiff v. Tracey T. Handley, et.al. al., Defendants No. 08-32543-*

ARGUMENT-CONCLUSION #1 & #2:
“Vexatious” litigant by these three
Florida Judges have time-limited-out
beyond the five-year statutory-time-limit.
As Pro Se Defendant Lawyer Steve Fox
represented himself: so-can-Pro-Se-RCL
represent himself as plaintiff to secure a
100-percent jury trial verdict with four
video cameras’. Florida lawyers are
bound by Judicial Canon 3D3 & Florida
State Supreme Court Fraud Code that
require Canon 3D3: judge’ self-administer
immunity above all existing law: self-
made-kings-queens in America.

Third in the proposed Pro-Se-RCL
versus Pro-Se-Florida Elections
Commission lawsuit: Florida Second
District Court of Appeal: 2D18-55;
Division of Admistrative Hearings
("DOAH"), from Florida Elections
Commission ("FEC") No. 17-1594F (Fee)
from FEC No. 17-357W; from FEC 16-357
(RCL v. WOODS JR. #89465); from FEC
16-245 (RCL v. ABRAHAM SKINNER
incumbent) were all fully rigged against
this accused & waste finite public monies.
A true waste of the voters: public fee-
simple estate as 100-percent owners of
monopoly government. The judgment of

(\$36,802.50) to (\$33,582.50) now final attempted (\$10,862.50) lawyer-fee-gifted to WOOD JR. #89465, with no support document compliance after 5-prior Judge Newton II orders in-advance to video-hearing deadline. The expert claimed all with no FEC & no DOAH culpability hearing, zero support evidence, no investigation by FEC investigator Lawyer Flagg. This by secret surveillance warrants ("SSW") pay sabotage surveillance agents ("SSA") staff to keep government lawyer judges in office, while paying 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th party saboteurs in 24/7 surveillance, physical comings-&-

goings, wet blanket stings, death by 100,000 cuts, in a repetitive scorched earth policy against Pro-Se-RCL. This two pronged: first: lawyer patronage, for lawyer/pizzo/tribute for lawyer fees supplement. Second by political opponents paid International Green Machine guarantee of 300-shills per county boast to manipulate & falsify any public record anywhere, anytime with guys walking around with \$60,000+/- cash in their pockets for bribes.

HENCE personal-individual responsibility of all government (not military) employees by holding harmless

the registered voter taxpayers (“RVT”),
prior pubic paid salaries pursuant
Florida Statute 768.28(9)(a) Waiver of
sovereign immunity in tort actions.

HEREBY Pro Se RCL respectfully
petition for rehearing of this Writ of
Mandamus before a full nine-Member
Justice Court to order enforcement of
eight of existing Florida Statutes
including Missing 13th Amendment/Title
of Nobility Amendment (Appendix)
essential for RCL's economic-physical
survival in front of ongoing SSW-SSA
International Green Machine: saboteurs’
as candidate 2020-2024 elections.

DISCUSSION
WITH SELECT FACTS' NECESSARY
TO UNDERSTAND OVERREACHING
ISSUES PRESENTED IN PETITION

This Petition for Rehearing is based upon the foregoing, Court's Writ of Mandamus (Latin: 'we command') must Order Enforcement of eight Florida Statutes from general statutory law of Florida.

1st TO ORDER Governor DeSantis what law is TO STOP SPY-CHIEF-RICK-LOBER'S 24/7 ELECTRONIC SECRET SURVEILLANCE WARRANTS ("SSW"), STOP COMINGS & GOINGS SURVEILLANCE per Exhibit A-8571 (Appendix). PRO-SE-RCL was only a candidate for 1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16 Florida Property Appraiser Elections. He was not a hostile candidate qualifying for

Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
1978 ("FISA") Pub. L. 95-511, 92 Stat.
1783, 50 U.S.C. Chapter 36. TO ORDER
Governor DeSantis TO advise law
Florida Statute §14.022(4) ... to quell
violence or any disturbance or

disorder which threatens peace &
good order of society. This is by
24/7 secret surveillance warrants
that target-stalk-attack-bully-
badger-&-torment Pro-Se-RCL
since 1988-92-96-00-04-08-12-16
Florida Property Appraiser
Elections & undue interference by
third-fourth-fifth-sixth etc. et. al.
other parties for secret sabotage.
Pro-Se-RCL in self-defense
compete against racketeering-
Organized crime & lawyers in free-
public-law-courts necessitated RCL
to chase-contract-fee appraising in
thirteen states versus

International Green Machine-civil
RICO, jointly paid by lawyer
lobbyists & political opponents'
what's-her-name (Laurel Kelly &
Abraham Skinner).

2nd TO ORDER what the law is: Governor
DeSantis TO enforce Fla. Statute
§14.026(2)(a) Citizens Assistance Office to
investigate

on RCL'S (sworn) complaint ...
regardless of the finality of the
administrative action. Action of
John D. Campbell NEWTON II
Bar #244538, DOAH Judge
quashed 14 of RCL's 17-Subpoena
Duces Tecum & refused three-
physically present subpoenaed-
Naples fact witness testimony: (2-
1) Dennis-Henderson (transfer of
"portability of Homestead
Exemption" Fla. 27th Amendment

as vested & portable, a first party fact witness; (2-2) Gary Michael-Sicilino (son to elderly Mother's sex abuse as subordinate to employer Abraham Skinner) & (2-3) RCL to read into record Douglas Sinclair (in Atlanta Georgia) Affidavit for Coconut Grove Bank as guardian for Property of Dwain W. Higginbotham, Miami, FL.. This for missing 24-years of assessment: mobile home & two barns from the Collier County Tax Roll violate Fla. Statute 193.023(2) to review all taxable property in the County every 5-years.

The remaining nine issues (compounded annually for 24+ years) carried-forward from quashed subpoena's: FEC 16-245 (LUSSY v. SKINNER, Incumbent); FEC 16-357 (LUSSY v WOODS

JR. ESQ.); FEC 17-357W, DOAH Case No. 17-1594F (Fee) Judge Newton II final order of extortion attempt (\$10,862.50) lawyer fee for WOOD JR. ESQ before which (\$36,802.50) WOOD JR ESQ. Pro Se partner WOOLSEY ESQ. Provided no supporting documents to justify their false-claims against Pro-Se-RCL per 5-prior orders before the video deadline, their expert claimed (\$33,582.50) all with no written lawyer-fee contract violated the Uniform Commercial Code § 2-201. All ignored RCL'S 43-impeachments after the 13-material fact frauds from racketeering-in-organized crime-civil-RICO Case Consolidated 2D18-55, required appeal to US Supreme Court.

The substantive denial of live-present-fact-witness testimony by these available-in-your-face-live fact witnesses had nothing to do with WOOD JR. #700630 rigged attorney fee hearing all predetermined by FEC lawyer-patronage for lawyer-pizzo-tribute policy to succeed & gift to WOOD JR. #700630 (\$10,862.50) *unjust enrichment*.

The Florida Elections Commission ("FEC") previously declared RCL to be legally insufficient.

The basis-of-which FEC denied RCL a live due-process-hearing before a live FEC investigation by salaried-Investigator Byron D. Flagg 14311.

3RD ORDER what the law is to Governor DeSantis TO INVESTIGATE Lawyer Gaylord A. Wood #89465 who blocked & stopped with election-6/9/16-letter Answers to Pre-Election 8/30/2016 (R) Property Appraiser Primary. This Cover-up⁹ also included Certified Public Accountant employee who claimed he did not know what *deferred maintenance* was TO replace-Abraham Skinner with RCL-PDQ-as-Property Appraiser 2nd Fla. Statute §14.26(2)(a) to investigate,
on complaint, any administrative
action of any state agency

⁹ Cover up n (1927) an attempt to prevent authorities or the public from discovering the truth about something; esp., the concealment of wrongdoing by a conspiracy of deception, nondisclosure, and destruction of evidence, usu. Combined with a refusal to cooperate with investigators. *A cover-up often involves obstruction of justice. Black's Law Dictionary 10th Edition (2014) page 446.

(Department of Administration/
Florida Elections Commission)
regardless of finality of
administrative action.

TO INVESTIGATE & REPLACE
Abraham Skinner with RCL-PDQ-as-
Property Appraiser: 3rd Florida Statute
§104.051(1) Violation;

neglect of duty; corrupt practices.
Any official who willfully violates
any of the provisions of this
election code shall be excluded
from the polls. ...

ORDER-PRO-SE-RCL TO SUE-
PROSECUTE-IMPEACH Florida
Elections Commission pursuant their own
job description: 4th Florida Statute
§106.25(1)(2) Report of alleged violations

to Florida Elections commission;
(1) Jurisdiction to investigate and
determine violations of this
chapter... (2) The Commission

shall investigate all violations of
this chapter...after receipt of
sworn complaint or information...
based upon personal information
or information other than hearsay.

ORDER-PRO-SE-RCL TO Waive
Sovereignty to impeach-sue-prosecute
judges BELANGER/ GREIDER/
FLORIDA JUSTICES etc. et. al. from
stare decisis "vexatious" litigant include
enforcement of Missing 13th
Amendment/Title of Nobility
Amendment; 5th Florida Statute
§768.28(9)(a)

Waiver of sovereign immunity in
tort actions;... The exclusive
remedy...result of an act...of
officer, employee, or agent of the
state...was committed in bad faith
or with malicious purpose or in a
manner exhibiting wanton and

willful disregard of human rights,
safety or property.

6th Florida Statute §90.608 ... Who may
impeach. –Any party

7th Florida Statute §68.093(d) Florida
Vexatious Litigant Law ... in
immediately preceding 5-year
period, has commenced,
prosecuted, or maintained pro se,
five or more civil actions ... which
actions have been finally and
adversely determined against such
person or entity.

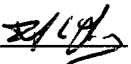
8th Florida Statute §90.403 Exclusion on
grounds of prejudice or confusion. -

TO SUE PROSECUTE-IMPEACH
remaining judges as parties: these
Florida Statutes' as above applied and
appropriate for 100-percent jury
trial verdict due process redress
with four video cameras.

CONCLUSION:

RCL moves this Honored Court to grant his petition for rehearing by Ordering what the law is to Fla. Governor DeSantis to Enforce 3-parts & RCL ordered to enforce the remaining 3-parts.

Respectfully submitted, on
January 7, 2020,

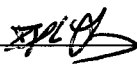
Signature  Richard C. Lussy aka
R.C. "Rick" Lussy aka Candidate 2016 &
2020-2024 Elections, Attorney-In-Fact.

CERTIFICATE OF COUNSEL:

PRO SE

I hereby certify that this petition for rehearing is presented in good faith and not for delay.

I sign this by declaration of compliance to 28 U.S. Code § 1746(2) unsworn declaration: "I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct Executed on

1/7/2020 date  signature.

Richard C. Lussy aka R.C. "Rick" Lussy

APPENDIX
PETITION FOR REHEARING:
WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Supreme Court of the United States
Office of the Clerk Washington, DC
20543-0001

Scott S. Harris
Clerk of the Court
(202) 479-3011

December 9, 2019
(RCL received 12/14/19)

Mr. Richard Charles Lussy
860 Sixth Avenue
P.O. Box 152
Naples, FL. 34106

Re: In Re R.C. "Rick" Lussy
No. 19-481

Dear Mr. Lussy:

The Court today entered the
following order in the above-entitled case:

The petition for a writ of mandamus is denied.

Sincerely

/s/

Scot S. Harris, Clerk

Exhibit A-8571 evidence Racketeering Organized Crime: International Green Machine Sex Solicit then Threat to RE: petitioner pro se R.C. "Rick" Lussy Candidate 2016 & 2020-24.

LOCATION: Embassy Suites, Hilton-Hotel 3974 NW S. River Dr, Mimi Fl. 33412

DATE" July 23, 2019. Monday night, 7:45pm @ Embassy Suites/

AGENT: SSA (Sabotage surveillance Agent) Christenson's sex solicit-&-threat work as 5th, 6th, 7th... party for lawyer lobbyists: American Antitrust society-&-ABA (American Bar

Association).

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION. White woman: Ms. Christenson (volunteered 1st name missed) HEIGHT: 5:3" AT 115 Pounds-Heavy and pushy, grey sweat pants-Top and large deep "V" Neck" horizontal stitch cotton top. Dyed blond hair-bun on top with dark roots.

HER CLAIM: To be international marketing VP Manager for Med-Line products & Vice president of Embassy Suites-Hampton Inn-Hilton flip hand up (for others). I said: the renovations here now are beautifully done. Reply: I know noting of that (done 1-year).

AGENT'S QUESTION: *She asked what I was doing*. I said "writing a speech".

She said she was a public speaker. I asked a motivational speaker. She said Yes. Petitioner pro se asked: "I should get your card." (She made no comment-no

answer). This petitioner pro se also said: You are surely busy 40-hours-80-hours 160-hours or more per week working (She again made no comment-no answer).

She then said I noticed your boy language. Then sexually-solicited me in body language pushing her two legs on either side of & clutched them onto my left leg as this petitioner pro se was sitting at a high table on a high what inside the common area courtesy lounge in front of the television and immediately below the camera-black ball for surveillance. Petitioner pro se stated "I am a commercial property appraiser, have been since graduation from college in May 1973."

She said "it sounds a bit weak". Petitioner pro se: "I turned my head-cocked it side ways: WHAT?" The Embassy Suites cleanup staff then came to me sitting: this area closed at 7:30pm

so would you please move (then 7:45pm).
Petitioner pro se: "Gladly", I got up
without saying goodbye to her and
walked briskly out.

She: followed (me) 600+ feet from
the table to the other side/end of the
common area-atrium after I got up and
walked toward the swim pool area.

Her physical left hand pushed my
left shoulder with threat: "*you should be
very careful*" then walked away to toe
me 600 feet

***I YELLED BACK "ABOUT
WHAT-*** no answer.

Again:"about what"

no answer.

[END SHORT INCIDENT]

Also In sworn affidavit format by
Rick Lussy Petitioner Pro Se.

Eight Florida statutes with one
Missing 13th Amendment/Titles of

Nobility Amendment for
Honorable U.S. Supreme Court To
Enforce by Order

#1.)Florida Statute (2019) 14.022(2)(4)
Governor; emergency powers to quell
violence.— (2) The Governor when, in
her or his opinion, the facts warrant,
shall, by proclamation, declare that,
because of unlawful assemblage, violence,
overt threats of violence, or
otherwise, a danger exists to the
person or property of any citizen or
citizens of the state and that the peace
and tranquility of the state, or any
political subdivision thereof, or any area
of the state designated by the Governor,
is threatened, and because thereof an
emergency, with reference to said
threats and danger, exists. In all such
cases when the Governor shall issue a
proclamation as herein provided she or he
shall be and is hereby further authorized

and empowered, to cope with said threats and danger, to order and direct any individual person, corporation, association, or group of persons to do any act which would in the Governor's opinion prevent danger to life, limb, or property, prevent a breach of the peace or the Governor may order such individual person, corporation, association, or group of persons to refrain from doing any act or thing which would, in the Governor's opinion, endanger life, limb, or property, or cause, or tend to cause, a breach of the peace, or endanger the peace and good order of society, and shall have full power by appropriate means to enforce such order or proclamation. (**emphasis**)

(4) The Governor is hereby authorized and empowered to intervene in any situation where there exists violence,

overt threats of violence to persons
or property and take complete control
thereof to prevent violence, or to quell
violence or any disturbance or disorder
which threatens the peace and good order
of society. (**emphasis added**)
History. ss. 1-6, ch. 31390, ... ch. 95-147.

#2.)Florida (2019) Statute 14.26(2)(a)
Citizen's Assistance Office.—
(2) The Citizen's Assistance Office may:
(a) Investigate, on complaint or on its
own motion, any administrative action of
any state agency, the administration of
which is under the direct supervision of
the Governor, regardless of the finality of
the administrative action.
History.s. 7, ch. 79-190; ch. 2010-102.

#3.)Florida (2019) Statute 104.051(2)
Violations; neglect of duty; corrupt
practices.— (2) Any official who

willfully refuses or willfully neglects to perform his or her duties as prescribed by this election code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

History.—s. 30, ch. 4328, 1895; ... , ch. 2019-162.

#4.)Florida (2019) Statute 768.28(9)(a)
Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions; recovery limits; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations; exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs.—

(9)(a) No officer, employee, or agent of the state or of any of its subdivisions shall be held personally liable in tort or named as a party defendant in any action for any injury or damage suffered as a result of any act, event, or omission of action in the scope of her or his

employment or function, unless such officer, employee, or agent acted in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property. However, such officer, employee, or agent shall be considered an adverse witness in a tort action for any injury or damage suffered as a result of any act, event, or omission of action in the scope of her or his employment or function. The exclusive remedy for injury or damage suffered as a result of an act, event, or omission of an officer, employee, or agent of the state or any of its subdivisions or constitutional officers shall be by action against the governmental entity, or the head of such entity in her or his official capacity, or the constitutional officer of which the officer, employee, or agent is an employee, unless such act or omission was committed in

bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property. The state or its subdivisions shall not be liable in tort for the acts or omissions of an officer, employee, or agent committed while acting outside the course and scope of her or his employment or committed in bad faith or with malicious purpose or in a manner exhibiting wanton and willful disregard of human rights, safety, or property. History. s. 1, ch. 73-313... ch. 2017-175.

#5: Florida Evidence Statute (2019)
90.403 Exclusion on grounds of prejudice or confusion.—

Relevant evidence is inadmissible if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, confusion of issues, misleading the jury, or needless presentation of

cumulative evidence. This section shall not be construed to mean that evidence of the existence of available third-party benefits is inadmissible.

History. s. 1, ch. 76-237; s. 1, ch. 77-77; ss. 6, 22, ch. 78-361; ss. 1, 2, ch. 78-379.

#6 Florida Statute (2019) 106.25(1)(2)

Reports of alleged violations to Florida Elections Commission; disposition of findings.—

(1) Jurisdiction to investigate and determine violations of this chapter and chapter 104 is vested in the Florida Elections Commission; however, nothing in this section limits the jurisdiction of any other officers or agencies of government empowered by law to investigate, act upon, or dispose of alleged violations of this code.

(2) The commission shall investigate all violations of this chapter and chapter

104, but only after having received either a sworn complaint or information reported to it under this subsection by the Division of Elections. Such sworn complaint must be based upon personal information or information other than hearsay. Any person, other than the division, having information of any violation of this chapter or chapter 104 shall file a sworn complaint with the commission. The commission shall investigate only those alleged violations specifically contained within the sworn complaint. If any complainant fails to allege all violations that arise from the facts or allegations alleged in a complaint, the commission shall be barred from investigating a subsequent complaint from such complainant that is based upon such facts or allegations that were raised or could have been raised in the first complaint. If the complaint

includes allegations of violations relating to expense items reimbursed by a candidate, committee, or organization to the campaign account before a sworn complaint is filed, the commission shall be barred from investigating such allegations. Such sworn complaint shall state whether a complaint of the same violation has been made to any state attorney. Within 5 days after receipt of a sworn complaint, the commission shall transmit a copy of the complaint to the alleged violator. The respondent shall have 14 days after receipt of the complaint to file an initial response, and the executive director may not determine the legal sufficiency of the complaint during that time period. If the executive director finds that the complaint is legally sufficient, the respondent shall be notified of such finding by letter, which sets forth the statutory provisions alleged

to have been violated and the alleged factual basis that supports the finding. All sworn complaints alleging violations of the Florida Election Code over which the commission has jurisdiction shall be filed with the commission within 2 years after the alleged violations. The period of limitations is tolled on the day a sworn complaint is filed with the commission. The complainant may withdraw the sworn complaint at any time prior to a probable cause hearing if good cause is shown. Withdrawal shall be requested in writing, signed by the complainant, and witnessed by a notary public, stating the facts and circumstances constituting good cause. The executive director shall prepare a written recommendation regarding disposition of the request which shall be given to the commission together with the request. "Good cause" shall be determined based upon the legal

sufficiency or insufficiency of the complaint to allege a violation and the reasons given by the complainant for wishing to withdraw the complaint. If withdrawal is permitted, the commission must close the investigation and the case. No further action may be taken. The complaint will become a public record at the time of withdrawal.

History. s. 25, ch. 73-128... ch. 2013-14.

#7. Florida (2019) Statute 90.608 Who may impeach.—
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Any party, including the party calling the witness, may attack the credibility of a witness by:

- (1) Introducing statements of the witness which are inconsistent with the witness's present testimony.
- (2) Showing that the witness is biased.

(3) Attacking the character of the witness in accordance with the provisions of s. 90.609 or s. 90.610.

(4) Showing a defect of capacity, ability, or opportunity in the witness to observe, remember, or recount the matters about which the witness testified.

(5) Proof by other witnesses that material facts are not as testified to by the witness being impeached.

History.—s. 1, ch. 76-237; ..., ch. 95-147.

#8.) Florida (2011) Statute 68.093 Florida Vexatious Litigant Law.—
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(1) This section may be cited as the “Florida Vexatious Litigant Law.”

(2) As used in section, the term:

(a) “Action” means a civil action governed by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and proceedings governed by the Florida Probate Rules, but does not include actions concerning family law

matters governed by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or any action in which the Florida Small Claims Rules apply.

(b) “Defendant” means any person or entity, including a corporation, association, partnership, firm, or governmental entity, against whom an action is or was commenced or is sought to be commenced.

(c) “Security” means an undertaking by a vexatious litigant to ensure payment to a defendant in an amount reasonably sufficient to cover the defendant’s anticipated, reasonable expenses of litigation, including attorney’s fees and taxable costs.

(d) “Vexatious litigant” means:

1. A person as defined in s. 1.01(3) who, in the immediately preceding 5-year period, has commenced, prosecuted, or maintained, pro se, five or more civil

actions in any court in this state, except an action governed by the Florida Small Claims Rules, which actions have been finally and adversely determined against such person or entity; or

2. Any person or entity previously found to be a vexatious litigant pursuant to this section.

An action is not deemed to be “finally and adversely determined” if an appeal in that action is pending. If an action has been commenced on behalf of a party by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, that action is not deemed to be pro se even if the attorney later withdraws from the representation and the party does not retain new counsel.

(3)(a) In any action pending in any court of this state, including actions governed by the Florida Small Claims Rules, any defendant may move the

court, upon notice and hearing, for an order requiring the plaintiff to furnish security. The motion shall be based on the grounds, and supported by a showing, that the plaintiff is a vexatious litigant and is not reasonably likely to prevail on the merits of the action against the moving defendant.

(b) At the hearing upon any defendant's motion for an order to post security, the court shall consider any evidence, written or oral, by witness or affidavit, which may be relevant to the consideration of the motion. No determination made by the court in such a hearing shall be admissible on the merits of the action or deemed to be a determination of any issue in the action. If, after hearing the evidence, the court determines that the plaintiff is a vexatious litigant and is not reasonably likely to prevail on the merits of the action against the moving

defendant, the court shall order the plaintiff to furnish security to the moving defendant in an amount and within such time as the court deems appropriate.

(c) If the plaintiff fails to post security required by an order of the court under this section, the court shall immediately issue an order dismissing the action with prejudice as to the defendant for whose benefit the security was ordered.

(d) If a motion for an order to post security is filed prior to the trial in an action, the action shall be automatically stayed and the moving defendant need not plead or otherwise respond to the complaint until 10 days after the motion is denied. If the motion is granted, the moving defendant shall respond or plead no later than 10 days after the required security has been furnished.

(4) In addition to any other relief provided in this section, the court in any

judicial circuit may, on its own motion or on the motion of any party, enter a prefiling order prohibiting a vexatious litigant from commencing, pro se, any new action in the courts of that circuit without first obtaining leave of the administrative judge of that circuit. Disobedience of such an order may be punished as contempt of court by the administrative judge of that circuit. Leave of court shall be granted by the administrative judge only upon a showing that the proposed action is meritorious and is not being filed for the purpose of delay or harassment. The administrative judge may condition the filing of the proposed action upon the furnishing of security as provided in this section.

(5) The clerk of the court shall not file any new action by a vexatious litigant pro se unless the vexatious litigant has obtained an order from the

administrative judge permitting such filing. If the clerk of the court mistakenly permits a vexatious litigant to file an action pro se in contravention of a prefiling order, any party to that action may file with the clerk and serve on the plaintiff and all other defendants a notice stating that the plaintiff is a pro se vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order. The filing of such a notice shall automatically stay the litigation against all defendants to the action. The administrative judge shall automatically dismiss the action with prejudice within 10 days after the filing of such notice unless the plaintiff files a motion for leave to file the action. If the administrative judge issues an order permitting the action to be filed, the defendants need not plead or otherwise respond to the complaint until 10 days after the date of service by the plaintiff,

by United States mail, of a copy of the order granting leave to file the action.

(6) The clerk of a court shall provide copies of all prefiling orders to the Clerk of the Florida Supreme Court, who shall maintain a registry of all vexatious litigants.

(7) The relief provided under this section shall be cumulative to any other relief or remedy available to a defendant under the laws of this state and the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, including, but not limited to, the relief provided under s. 57.105.

History.—s. 1, ch. 2000-314.

**#9.) —As with: (1819) "The Missing"
13th Amendment/ Titles of Nobility
Amendment to Constitution of U.S.
reads as follows:**

"If any citizen of the United States shall accept, claim, receive, or retain any title of nobility or honour, or shall without the consent of Congress, accept and retain any present, pension, office, or emolument of any kind whatever, from any emperor, king, prince, or foreign power, such person shall cease to be a citizen of the United States, and shall be incapable of holding any office of trust or profit under them, or either of them." _____

xemptions please see prior Mandamus.
