No.		

IN THE

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

DEREK RAY KING,

Petitioner

v.

United States of America

Respondent

APPENDIX

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APPENDIX A

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

No. 18-10193 Summary Calendar United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

January 30, 2019

Lyle W. Cayce Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee

v.

DEREK RAY KING,

Defendant-Appellant

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas USDC No. 4:11-CR-200-1

Before DAVIS, HAYNES and GRAVES, Circuit Judges. PER CURIAM:*

Derek Ray King appeals the judgment revoking his second term of supervised release and sentencing him to a 10-month prison term and a 20-month term of supervised release. See 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(3). Pretermitting the question whether the district court infringed King's due process right of confrontation, we affirm on other bases supported by the record. See United States v. Rodriguez, 523 F.3d 519, 525 (5th Cir. 2008); United States v. Ho, 311

^{*} Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

F.3d 589, 602 n.12 (5th Cir. 2002); *United States v. McCormick*, 54 F.3d 214, 219 n.3 (5th Cir. 1995). Additionally, we pretermit deciding the standard of review for the statutory bases for our decision because we conclude that "the district court's reasons were sufficient under any standard." *Rodriguez*, 523 F.3d at 525.

First, revocation and imprisonment were mandatory because King conceded that he had tested positive for illegal substances more than three times in a year's period. See § 3583(g)(4). The record offers no basis for concluding that the district court committed error of any kind in exercising the limited discretion granted by statute to forgo mandatory revocation for defendants on supervised release who fail drug testing. See § 3583(d); see also United States v. Williams, 847 F.3d 251, 254-55 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 138 S. Ct. 192 (2017); United States v. Minnitt, 617 F.3d 327, 335-36 (5th Cir. 2010); United States v. Smith, 417 F.3d 483, 486-87 (5th Cir. 2005). King had been required to participate in substance abuse treatment since at least October 2012 and yet continued his abusive behavior, as shown by testing in April, May, June, and July of 2017. Second, revocation and imprisonment were mandatory because King conceded that he had violated the condition of his supervised release that he not possess illegal controlled substances. § 3583(g)(1). And to such extent as King may be understood to argue that the district court was influenced in its sentence by the allegations of an addendum to the petition for revocation and the testimony related to those allegations, i.e., that his due process right of confrontation was infringed with regard to his revocation sentence, he is entitled to no relief. See United States v. Beydoun, 469 F.3d 102, 108 (5th Cir. 2006).

AFFIRMED.

APPENDIX B

Case 4:11-cr-00200-Y Document 131 Filed 03/27/19 Page 1 of 2 PageID 439

United States District Court

Northern District of Texas Fort Worth Division

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE for revocation of supervised release

v.

DEREK RAY KING

Case number: 4:11-CR-200-Y (1) Robert J. Boudreau, assistant U.S. attorney Brook Antonio, attorney for the defendant

On March 26, 2019, a hearing was held, at which time the Court determined that the defendant, Derek Ray King, had violated his conditions of supervised release. Accordingly, the defendant is adjudged guilty of such violations, which involve the following conditions:

CONDITION	NATURE OF VIOLATION	VIOLATION CONCLUDED
Standard condition no. 7 and additional conditions	Using and possessing methamphetamine	November 2018, December 2018, January 2019; February 2019, March 2019
Additional conditions	Failure to pay restitution payments	November 2018, December 2018; January 2019

The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages one through two of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.

The defendant shall notify the United States attorney for this district within thirty (30) days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid.

Sentence imposed March 26, 2019.

TERRY R. MEANS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Signed March <u>27</u>, 2019.

Judgment in a Criminal Case Defendant: Derek Ray King

Defendant: Derek Ray King

Case Number: 4:11-CR-200-Y (1)

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant, Derek Ray King, is hereby committed to the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a term of 12 months and 1 day, pursuant to USSG § 7B1.4(a), p.s.

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States marshal.

SUPERVISED RELEASE

No further term of supervised release is imposed.

RETURN

	I have executed this judgment as follows:		
	Defendant delivered on	to	
at		, with a certified copy of	his judgment.
		United States marshal	
		BYdeputy marshal	