

No. 18-8507

IN THE

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Randall Jennette - PETITIONER

Commissioner Internal Revenue - RESPONDENT

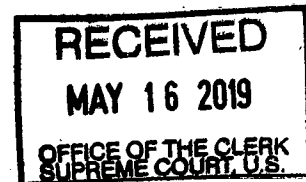
PETITION FOR REHEARING

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PETITION FOR REHEARING

Deputy Attorney General, Anthony W. Forray, of Pennsylvania Office of Attorney. Through his successful prosecutorial efforts against Petitioner. In direct violation of statue of limitation, under criminal caption Jennette v. Cmwlth of PA., 4413-07. Had the intervening effect, upon tax years 2011, and 2012. Due to his role of securing the tort of false imprisonment. Thereby entitling Petitioner, to mandatory monetary compensation.

Deputy Attorney General, Forray's success relied totally upon co-conspiracy, Judge, John Cherry, of the Dauphin County Courthouse, Harrisburg, PA. Through his imposed sentence, absence power, or authority. Due to aforementioned bar of statue of limitation, inter alia. The sentencing Order had the controlling effect upon tax years 2011, and 2012. Due to the maintenance of the tort of false imprisonment. An imprisonment realized as gross income; in accordance with 26 IRC 1-61-1(a).

John Wetzel, Secretary of the Department of Corrections. Was subsequently informed of the criminal acts aforementioned. He knew that sentencing Order, with it's controlling effect upon Petitioner's rightful freedom, was in fact bogus. In its pretended justification in the continued incarceration of Petitioner, involving tax years in question, or any other years imposed by the sentence.

Due to the knowledge provided to Secretary, Wetzel, involving statue of limitation, inter alia, as the information negatively effected the sentencing Order. Secretary, Wetzel, knew that sentencing Order, with its controlling effect. Could have been rejected, and returned to the Clerk of Court's Office. To seek

clarification as to its lawful validity. In accordance with Pennsylvania law, Title 13, sec. 3501 - Presentments. Which allowed for the return of the court Order. Since it did not comply with the rule of law.


Based upon respective aforementioned revelations, of intervening effect, in this case. It must be noted that Respondent, took opportunity to satisfy lien(see attached Certificate of Release of Federal Tax Lien). Through the processing of Judgment, in this case, as gross income. The Judgment in this case, is a product of intervening circumstances, with controlling effect. In its establishing Petitioner, as both crime victim, and creditor.

In accordance with 18 USC 3771(e)(2)(A) "crime victim" in general is defined as meaning "a person directly, and proximately harmed as a result of the commission of a federal offense..."

On 10/11/18, this crime of significant, was reported to the Department of Justice, Victims' Rights Ombudman. Revealing that Department of Justice employee, was in violation of CFR sec. 45.-10, Procedures to Promote Compliance With Crime Victims Rights Obligations(see attached complaint). As far as Petitioner, is aware this matter is still under investigation.

It is therefore prayed that this Court reconsider it's denial of Writ, and in turn, grant it.

Dated: 5 / 7 / 2019


Randall Jenette