

18-8437

No. _____

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

FILED
DEC 4 2017
OFFICE OF THE CLERK
SUPREME COURT, U.S.

Garceia Coleman — PETITIONER
(Your Name)

vs.

State of Wisconsin — RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO

State of Wisconsin Court of Appeals Dist. I?
(NAME OF COURT THAT LAST RULED ON MERITS OF YOUR CASE)

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Garceia Coleman #
183591
(Your Name)
New Lisbon Corr. Inst.
P.O. Box 4000
(Address)

New Lisbon WI 53950
(City, State, Zip Code)

(Phone Number)

QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

Whether the Wisconsin Supreme Court failure to grant a Wis. Stat. § (Rules) 809.71 Supervisory Writ to change jurisdiction of cases 2013AP714 and 201-2AP156-W and 2009AP2143 and 92-0705-CR-NM of the Wisconsin Court of Appeals District I and Case No. 90CF902946A of Circuit Court of Milwaukee County have jurisdiction (legal or other authority) to deprive the essence of the 14th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution; due process of Law and equal protection of the Law?

Was the Judgment Of Conviction finding by the Trial Court an erroneous misinterpretation of the Jury's verdict when the Trial Court's holding did not or failed to examine and render a holding of whether or whether not Count 1 alleged a infamous crime being allege contrary/oppose to/completely opposite as in character or direction to Wisconsin Statutes section 940.01(1) and 939.05 a crime allege in the Information /Criminal Complaint?

LIST OF PARTIES

- All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.
- All parties **do not** appear in the caption of the case on the cover page. A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment is the subject of this petition is as follows:

Parties to the Proceeding Sought to be Reviewed
This proceeding is for review of a decision of the
Supreme Court of Wisconsin for the Wisconsin Court of
Appeals District I for the Circuit Court of

Milwaukee County

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

reported at _____; or,
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
 is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

reported at _____; or,
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
 is unpublished.

For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix S1A/B to the petition and is

reported at September 11, 2017; or,
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
 is unpublished.

The opinion of the Wisconsin Court of Appeals, Dist. I court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

reported at June 28, 2012 / Oct. 22, 2012 / Sept. 11, 2012 /
 has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,
 is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

[] For cases from **federal courts**:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was _____.

[] No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

[] A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

[] An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. __ A _____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1).

For cases from **state courts**:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was Sept. 11, 2017. A copy of that decision appears at Appendix C/A/B

[] A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

[] An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. __ A _____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a).

Final judgments or decrees rendered by the highest court of a state in which a decision could be had may be reviewed by the Supreme Court's retained discretion to review state appeals court decision statutory tolling did apply to petition for supervisory writ

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

Article IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, ~~o , o , o o~~, against unreasonable ~~o o~~ seizures, shall not be violated, ~~o o o o o, o o o o~~, supported by ~~o~~ath and affirmation, and particularly describing ~~o o o o o~~, ~~o~~ the person ~~o o~~ to be seized.

Article V.

No person shall be held to answer for a Capital, or ~~o o~~ crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, ~~o o o o o o o o o, o o o o, o o o o~~ in time of ~~o~~ or public danger: ~~o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o~~, nor be deprived of ~~o~~, Liberty, ~~o o~~, without due process of Law; ~~o o o o o o o o o, o o o~~.

Article VI.

~~o o o o, o o o o o o o o o o, o o o o o o o o o o~~
~~o o o o o, o o o o o o o o~~, and be informed of the nature ~~o o o o o~~; ~~o o o o o o o o~~; to have compulsory process for obtaining witness in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Rule 14.1(g)

The Trial Court supplanted its personal opinion/impression as to misinterpretation of the Juries verdict without paying homage/attention to what the Juries verdict conveyed/to make known; communicate in words, "We the Jury find the defendant Garcia Coleman guilty of first degree intentional homicide as party to a crime in the manner and form as charged in Count 1 of the information," where the information conveys "Count 1: First Degree Intentional Homicide-PTAC on August 24, 1990 at 2173 North 35th Street, City of Milwaukee, as a party to a crime, did cause the death of another human being, Richard Terry, with intent to kill that person, contrary (opposite in nature) to Wisconsin Statutes section 940.01(1) and 939.05."

As Count 01 is opposite in nature to Wisconsin Statutes/Wisconsin Laws the District Attorney conveyed to the Trial Court and Coleman that Coleman was charged with acting contrary/opposite in nature to Wisconsin Laws First Degree Intentional Homicide and Party To A Crime, which when the Jury which decided the case and Coleman pay attention to what was actually charged Logical minds coincided/to be in accord/agree to consider upon the principles of Law in reaching their verdicts, not to consider A Information as evidence against the defendant in any way, it does not raise any inference of guilt, or convey/to make known to be according to be either a matter civil nor criminal ~~within~~ within this state to which the trial court could not establish its jurisdiction to serve as a judge on a dispute or problem/a situation that is perplexing what the defendant is or is not charged

As the Trial Court supplanted its personal opinion/impression of the Juries verdict was misinterpret as a conviction for a crime that Coleman was not charged accuse of, denying Coleman his Wisconsin Constitution Article 1 section 8(1) No person may be held... without due process of Law, right, which the Wisconsin Court Of Appeals District I failed to review independently/ regardless of during its independent review of the record

REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

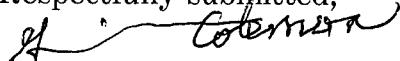
Reviewing court does no have original jurisdiction to try cases under Wisconsin Statutes §752.01 so the Wisconsin Court Of Appeals District I sought to justify its abuse of discretion in finding Coleman pro se petitions for writ of habeas corpus notwithstanding the Supreme Court of Wisconsin acknowledges the petition for review having been filed on behalf of Garceia Coleman presumptively due to Coleman having because of impairment Coleman is unable effectively to receive and evaluate information or to make or communicate decisions to such extent that Coleman is unable to pro se petition for writ of habeas corpus, as a consequence of which the, Court Of Appeals, reviewing court does not have original jurisdiction/authority or power in general to require Coleman to explain why the result of his appeal/transference of a case to a higher court for review how he, Coleman, does not explain why the result of his appeal would have been different, presumably Coleman's appeal that may be taken for granted; probable there to that no appeal by Coleman took place previously when/upon filing a response in opposition to the no merit report, and the Court Of Appeals affirmed the Judgment and relieve postconviction attorney Matthew Huppertz of any further representation of Coleman, thus resulting/depriving Coleman of representation of postconviction counsel, while disregarding the definition of habeas corpus/any of a writ requiring that a person (Coleman) be brought before a Court (Court of Appeals District I) to decide the Legality of the imprisonment/to restrict, limit, or confine in any way Coleman a person be brought before/in front of the/a court to require/to demand by virtue of a Law to decide the Legality of the imprisonment by State of Wisconsin Department Of Corrections notwithstanding/in spite of the State of Wisconsin Department Of Corrections petitioning the State of Wisconsin Circuit Court to transfer the power to have custody of Coleman the individual, to court appointed guardian Alline Coleman, on petition for Guardianship Due to Incom-

-petency, and the Circuit Court transferring such power on April 1, 2011 to which the State of Wisconsin Department of Corrections have in fact abscond recondite in violate of the State of Wisconsin Circuit Court Determination and Order on Petition for Guardianship Due to Incompetency and Wisconsin Statutes 54.10(3).

CONCLUSION

Coleman's impairment inhibits Coleman from making or communicating decisions so to require Coleman to explain anything unbeknowns/unawares relieves the court from deciding what the court has to decide as habeas corpus delineates.

Respectfully submitted,



Garceia Coleman

Date: 2/27/2019