

No. _____

18-8407

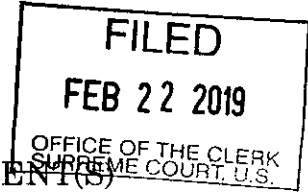
IN THE

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

GREGORY SAVOY— PETITIONER
(Your Name)

VS.

CRAIG BURNS, ET AL— RESPONDENT(S)



MOTION FOR LEAVE TO PROCEED *IN FORMA PAUPERIS*

The petitioner asks leave to file the attached petition for a writ of certiorari without prepayment of costs and to proceed *in forma pauperis*.

Please check the appropriate boxes:

☒ Petitioner has previously been granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* in the following court(s):

U.S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE D.C. CIRCUIT,
U.S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF WV,
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS FOR 4TH CIRCUIT, U.S. SUPREME COURT

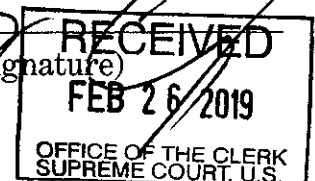
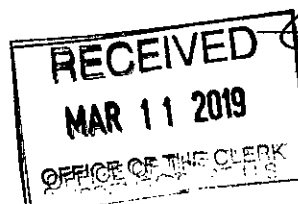
☐ Petitioner has **not** previously been granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* in any other court.

☐ Petitioner's affidavit or declaration in support of this motion is attached hereto.

☐ Petitioner's affidavit or declaration is **not** attached because the court below appointed counsel in the current proceeding, and:

☐ The appointment was made under the following provision of law: _____, or

☐ a copy of the order of appointment is appended.



**AFFIDAVIT OR DECLARATION
IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR LEAVE TO PROCEED *IN FORMA PAUPERIS***

I, GREG SAVOY, am the petitioner in the above-entitled case. In support of my motion to proceed *in forma pauperis*, I state that because of my poverty I am unable to pay the costs of this case or to give security therefor; and I believe I am entitled to redress.

1. For both you and your spouse estimate the average amount of money received from each of the following sources during the past 12 months. Adjust any amount that was received weekly, biweekly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually to show the monthly rate. Use gross amounts, that is, amounts before any deductions for taxes or otherwise.

Income source	Average monthly amount during the past 12 months		Amount expected next month	
	You	Spouse	You	Spouse
Employment	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Self-employment	\$ <u>4,200.</u>	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Income from real property (such as rental income)	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Interest and dividends	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Gifts	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Alimony	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Child Support	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Retirement (such as social security, pensions, annuities, insurance)	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Disability (such as social security, insurance payments)	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Unemployment payments	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Public-assistance (such as welfare)	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Other (specify): _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Total monthly income:	\$ <u>4,200.</u>	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ _____

2. List your employment history for the past two years, most recent first. (Gross monthly pay is before taxes or other deductions.)

Employer	Address	Dates of Employment	Gross monthly pay
_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	\$ _____

3. List your spouse's employment history for the past two years, most recent employer first. (Gross monthly pay is before taxes or other deductions.)

Employer	Address	Dates of Employment	Gross monthly pay
_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	\$ _____

4. How much cash do you and your spouse have? \$ \$ 922.70
Below, state any money you or your spouse have in bank accounts or in any other financial institution.

Type of account (e.g., checking or savings)	Amount you have	Amount your spouse has
<u>BBOT CHECKING</u>	\$ <u>922.70</u>	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____	\$ _____

5. List the assets, and their values, which you own or your spouse owns. Do not list clothing and ordinary household furnishings.

<input type="checkbox"/> Home	<input type="checkbox"/> Other real estate
Value _____	Value _____

<input type="checkbox"/> Motor Vehicle #1	<input type="checkbox"/> Motor Vehicle #2
Year, make & model <u>2014 JEEP</u>	Year, make & model _____
Value <u>\$ 14,000. PATRIOT</u>	Value _____

☐ Other assets
Description _____
Value _____

6. State every person, business, or organization owing you or your spouse money, and the amount owed.

Person owing you or your spouse money	Amount owed to you	Amount owed to your spouse
NATIONAL PRESS CLUB	\$ 1,200	\$ _____
REUTERS NEWS	\$ 2,374.	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____	\$ _____

7. State the persons who rely on you or your spouse for support. For minor children, list initials instead of names (e.g. "J.S." instead of "John Smith").

Name	Relationship	Age
KARIN LAWARECHE	LIFELONG COMPANION	56
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

8. Estimate the average monthly expenses of you and your family. Show separately the amounts paid by your spouse. Adjust any payments that are made weekly, biweekly, quarterly, or annually to show the monthly rate.

	You	Your spouse
Rent or home-mortgage payment (include lot rented for mobile home)	\$ 900	\$ _____
Are real estate taxes included? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
Is property insurance included? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
Utilities (electricity, heating fuel, water, sewer, and telephone)	\$ _____	\$ _____
Home maintenance (repairs and upkeep)	\$ 0	\$ _____
Food x 2 people	\$ 1,400.	\$ _____
Clothing x 2 people	\$ 100.	\$ _____
Laundry and dry-cleaning x 2	\$ 20.	\$ _____
Medical and dental expenses x 2	\$ 200.	\$ _____

	You	Your spouse
Transportation (not including motor vehicle payments)	\$ <u>1,400.</u>	\$ _____
Recreation, entertainment, newspapers, magazines, etc. ^{x 2}	\$ _____	\$ _____
Insurance (not deducted from wages or included in mortgage payments)		
Homeowner's or renter's	\$ _____	\$ _____
Life	\$ _____	\$ _____
Health	\$ _____	\$ _____
Motor Vehicle	\$ _____	\$ _____
Other: _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Taxes (not deducted from wages or included in mortgage payments)		
(specify): _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
Installment payments		
Motor Vehicle	\$ _____	\$ _____
Credit card(s)	\$ _____	\$ _____
Department store(s)	\$ _____	\$ _____
Other: <u>WALL STREET JOURNAL</u>	\$ <u>40.</u>	\$ _____
Alimony, maintenance, and support paid to others	\$ _____	\$ _____
Regular expenses for operation of business, profession, or farm (attach detailed statement)	\$ _____	\$ _____
Other (specify): <u>WORK BOOTS</u>	\$ <u>30.</u>	\$ _____
Total monthly expenses:	\$ <u>4,465.</u>	\$ _____

9. Do you expect any major changes to your monthly income or expenses or in your assets or liabilities during the next 12 months?

☐ Yes ☒ No If yes, describe on an attached sheet.

10. Have you paid – or will you be paying – an attorney any money for services in connection with this case, including the completion of this form? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, how much? _____

If yes, state the attorney's name, address, and telephone number:

11. Have you paid—or will you be paying—anyone other than an attorney (such as a paralegal or a typist) any money for services in connection with this case, including the completion of this form?

☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, how much? _____

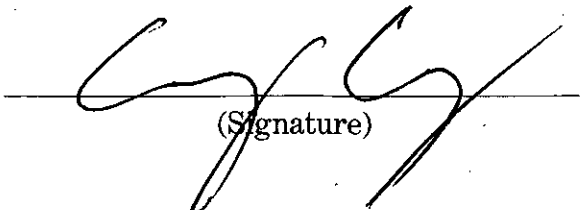
If yes, state the person's name, address, and telephone number:

12. Provide any other information that will help explain why you cannot pay the costs of this case.

Petitioner is certified as an American with a significant disability. For codification please see attached sheets "PREDICTABLE ASSESSMENTS"

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on: February 22, 2019


(Signature)

Predictable Assessments

Certain conditions are automatically considered a lifelong disability under all variants of the ADA and schizophrenia is one of them. This appellant understands that this court may be reluctant to accept this statement as a well known legal fact that doesn't need further discussion, so here we go...

A previous district court encountered by this citizen (the U.S. District Court for the DC Circuit--Judge Contreras presiding) used the words "alleged" and "purported" eight times within three pages of a memorandum opinion for case no. 2013-0972 (Savoy I) about this American with a significant disability. Great skepticism was shed on this easily maligned citizen when Judge Contreras wrote at the top of page 3, "due to his alleged mental disability." Wrong; no alleged about it. Unless a court proceeding has disproven the authenticity of this appellant's State of Delaware State Hospital/New Castle County Police record of involuntary commitment or the U.S. Tax Court testimony of his WWII veteran father concerning multiple involuntary commitments in two states, Florida and Delaware, then those certification documents stand as profound evidentiary facts, facts for all courts that encounter this citizen to statutorily respect. Nothing is alleged. Both the U.S. District Court for the DC Circuit (case no. 2013-0972) and the U.S. Supreme Court (case no. 15-5054) have received these same exact

profound evidentiary facts that were first presented at the U.S. Tax Court (case no. 12316-12L) and then presented to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit (case no. 14-1901.) The ADA Amendments Act of 2008 prohibits such dismissive behavior by federal judges; prohibition was the whole purpose of the act. The ADA Amendments Act of 2008 (ADAAA) implicitly conveyed (by directly addressing the drifting courts writ large,) "...that the question of whether an individual's impairment is a disability under the ADA should not demand extensive analysis." (Public Law 110-325, Sec. 2, Findings and Purposes, (b) Purposes, at 5, *Toyota Manufacturing v. Williams*.) Assessed from the appellant's cheap seat within a society that's hostile to "schizophrenics," the impressively powerful federal courts (made up of members of that same hostile society) do not have a good record on this new legal conveyance provided by the U.S. Congress in the ADAAA. The shunning of "schizophrenics" in all court actions is habitual and non-stop. Opinions of this court have actually called us "schizophrenics," which is inarticulate street language similar to using the word "midgets" in a court decision (I thank my sisters and brothers in the dwarfism community for allowing me the grace of educating the judiciary on behalf of both our communities.) The offending cases are no. 02-18, 09-7933, 95-2572, and 17-1320.

So this appellant is protectively directing this current court instantly to 29 C.F.R. § 1630.2 "DEFINITIONS," specifically Section (3,) "Predictable Assessments" which is found under (j,) "Substantially Limits," and even more specifically, I direct this court to 29 C.F.R. § 1630.2(j)(3)(iii) which

states explicitly in super clear language;

... and schizophrenia substantially limit brain function. The types of impairments described in this section may substantially limit additional major life activities not explicitly listed above.

Although it's moot point under current NIMH policy which maintains there is never recovery from schizophrenia (therefore schizophrenia is ever-present and ever-covered as a disability under the ADA--at least according to the executive branch,) a record-breaking and stellar remission (such as the one clutched by this ever-grateful appellant under God's care) does not bar disability coverage under the codifications of the ADAAA. Further, that record-breaking remission merely indicates that faith in God is a highly viable (and highly recommended) mitigative cognitive behavior that controls schizophrenia without drugs (see 29 C.F.R. § 1630.2(j)(1)(vi) which states: "The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures.)

Again, the effectiveness of that mitigative cognitive behavior (while being antipsychotic drug free for 34 years) can be confirmed by using a search engine to input the words, "Reuters Greg Savoy" in which the works that pile up yearly are updated by the most recent of the very biggest of national news stories.

For any remaining disputatious souls at this court, that remission codification is further elucidated at 42 U.S.C § 12102, Sec, 4, "Rules of construction regarding the definition of disability," found at D, which states;

An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.

But just to be clear on the limitations on major life activities when active; on two occasions (May, 1981 and October, 1983), the illness for this specific appellant involved cessation of virtually ALL MAJOR LIFE ACTIVITIES that are not run by the hypothalamus and medulla (being lung and heart functions.) It was an unresponsive virtually comatose/catatonic state of being requiring partial life support for more than ten days in each instance followed by many months of hospitalization afterwards and then months at rehabilitation centers, with the last and longest unresponsive vegetative state witnessed up close by one last living witness in this whole wide world (with the other two witnesses now having passed, being both the parents of this 57-year-old appellant.) That one remaining direct witness, a lifelong companion who wishes to remain anonymous, is spoken of throughout the previous case that ended at the U.S. Supreme Court, yet this appellant has never solicited testimony from her and never will, not ever. Yes, that lifelong companion's mother is also a witness, having visited the Delaware State Hospital in support of her daughter as she rendered assistance to this appellant, yet with her mother the appellant cannot directly solicit testimony without causing great emotional harm to be inflicted upon the appellant's lifelong companion. Only the father, not the mother of the appellant (who was most directly affected by the travesty,) had the fortitude to speak of it publicly in testimony. So instead, that lifelong companion's role in my rescue is adequately described for this court in the final three pages of the

attached petition for an extraordinary writ at the U.S. Supreme Court, a first hand report a fortiori that is already out there in public view, for better or worse.

These are profound facts that have been entered into the record of the judiciary writ large; that two lifelong friends remain unmarried and instead live platonically in service to God under the same roof should convey to a reasonable person (or even a federal judge charged with duly appointed skepticism) the unnatural enormity of experiencing a departure from Earth with no known date of return--and the profound effect it would have on loved ones present.

For any person to have experienced a loved one metaphysically depart Earth with no chance of return leaves that person needing protection from their own PTSD syndromes and, in this case, it has left that person, the appellant's lifelong companion, to voluntarily live out life in quiet service to the supreme God who provided those protections. One could easily argue her arrival to execute a rescue proves the appellant is not the source of her connection with God or her propensity to live a life in quiet service.

That lifelong companion will never be called upon in the certification of Greg Savoy. This appellant forbids it solely under force of God's law, not U.S. law. Snicker not and voluntarily turn to other legal products. The State of Delaware happily provided one of those legal products; a Delaware Gun Law Notice to effect the same certification (and to effect removal of second amendment rights) and it can be found by this court deep in the documents of the four courts listed above and it's position in the record (EXHIBIT B, Motion to Vacate, U.S. Tax Court

case no. 12316-12L) is also listed in the Table of Provisions and Authorities for the “Petition for Extraordinary Writ of Mandamus and Equitable Relief for Victims and Survivors of the Schizophrenia Spectrum of Disorders in America.” also known as case no. 15-5054 at the U.S. Supreme Court, certiorari denied.

Hopefully, we will never have to revisit this portion of the appeal, a portion called “Predictable Assessments.” I’m getting pretty tired of going over it relentlessly with two of the three states involved in this diversity action, states that are neither compliant with the ADA in their refusal to grant a reasonable accommodation, nor are they compliant with the ADA in accepting a predictable assessment for a significant disability.

The Future Isn’t Plastics, It’s Quantum

I write this unsealed petition for the benefit of those living in the future who read back into history using God’s quantum devices, not for the benefit of this wayward court in current digital “high times.”

Excluding habeas corpus pleas concerning execution by the state and excluding decisions such as for the involuntary drugging of prisoner Dustin Hill here at this court, I want to be clear that this circuit has failed to prove that it has already encountered a citizen such as this one and then discerned that citizen’s