

CASE NO.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

October 2018 Term

---

HOSEA SWOPES, )  
                          )  
                          )  
Petitioner,         )  
                          )  
                          )  
v.                    )  
                          )  
                          )  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,         )  
                          )  
                          )  
                          )  
                          )  
Respondent.         )

---

On Petition for a Writ of Certiorari

To the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals

**APPENDIX TO PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI**

---

**Contents**

1. *United States v. Hosea Latron Swopes*, No. 16-1797 (8<sup>th</sup> Cir. June 13, 2018) 1-3
2. Hosea Latron Swopes, Applicant v. United States, No. 18A447 Supreme Court Docket Sheet (Showing Orders Extending Deadline for Filing) ..... 4-5

Nanci H. McCarthy  
Counsel of Record  
Assistant Federal Public Defender  
1010 Market, Suite 200  
St. Louis, MO. 63101  
(314) 241-1255

Attorney for Petitioner Swopes

United States Court of Appeals  
For the Eighth Circuit

---

No. 16-1797

---

United States of America,

*Plaintiff - Appellee,*

v.

Hosea Latron Swopes,

*Defendant - Appellant.*

---

Appeal from United States District Court  
for the Eastern District of Missouri - St. Louis

---

Submitted: March 29, 2018

Filed: June 13, 2018

[Published]

---

Before COLLTON, MELLOY, and SHEPHERD, Circuit Judges.

---

PER CURIAM.

Hosea Swopes pleaded guilty to unlawful possession of a firearm as a previously convicted felon, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1). The district court<sup>1</sup>

---

<sup>1</sup>The Honorable Ronnie L. White, United States District Judge for the Eastern District of Missouri.

concluded that Swopes was subject to an enhanced sentence under the Armed Career Criminal Act, 18 U.S.C. § 924(e). The Act requires a minimum 15-year prison sentence for a felon in possession of a firearm who has sustained three previous convictions for a violent felony or a serious drug offense. The district court cited Swopes's prior Missouri convictions for unlawful use of a weapon, second-degree robbery, and first-degree robbery as three violent felonies. Without the sentence enhancement, the statutory maximum punishment would have been ten years' imprisonment. 18 U.S.C. § 924(a)(2).

Swopes appealed his sentence and argued that the convictions for unlawful use of a weapon and second-degree robbery should not have counted as violent felonies. We vacated the judgment on the ground that second-degree robbery in Missouri was not a violent felony under the reasoning of *United States v. Bell*, 840 F.3d 963, 965-67 (8th Cir. 2016). *See United States v. Swopes*, 850 F.3d 979 (8th Cir. 2017) (per curiam). The court then granted rehearing en banc, overruled *Bell*, and concluded that the district court properly counted Swopes's Missouri robbery conviction as a violent felony. *United States v. Swopes*, 886 F.3d 668 (8th Cir. 2018) (en banc). The en banc court returned the case to this panel to resolve the balance of Swopes's appeal.

Swopes argues that unlawful use of a weapon, in violation of Mo. Rev. Stat. § 571.030.1(4), is not a violent felony. In *United States v. Pulliam*, 566 F.3d 784 (8th Cir. 2009), however, this court held that a violation of the statute qualifies categorically, because it "has as an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person of another." 18 U.S.C. § 924(e)(2)(B)(i); *see Pulliam*, 566 F.3d at 788. Swopes argues that *Pulliam* was wrongly decided and also has been superseded by the Supreme Court's decisions in *Descamps v. United States*, 570 U.S. 254 (2013), and *Johnson v. United States*, 559 U.S. 133 (2010). We considered a similar argument in *United States v. Hudson*, 851 F.3d 807 (8th Cir. 2017), and concluded that *Pulliam* was not superseded by *Descamps* or *Johnson*, or

by developments in Missouri law. *Id.* at 809-10. Swopes also contends that *Pulliam* is inconsistent with the decision in *United States v. Jordan*, 812 F.3d 1183 (8th Cir. 2016), concerning a conviction for aggravated assault in Arkansas. But *Jordan*, of course, involved a different state statute; the *Jordan* panel could not overrule *Pulliam*'s conclusion about the Missouri statute and did not purport to do so.

In light of *Pulliam* and *Hudson*, we conclude that Swopes's conviction for unlawful use of a weapon in Missouri was a conviction for a violent felony under § 924(e). Swopes therefore had sustained three previous convictions for a violent felony at the time of his offense in this case, and the district court properly applied the sentencing enhancement under the Armed Career Criminal Act. The judgment of the district court is affirmed.

---



Search documents in this case:

Search

## No. 18A447

Title: **Hosea Latron Swopes, Applicant**  
v.  
**United States**

Docketed: October 26, 2018

Lower Ct: United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit

Case Numbers: (16-1797)

DATE	PROCEEDINGS AND ORDERS
Oct 18 2018	Application (18A447) to extend the time to file a petition for a writ of certiorari from October 31, 2018 to December 30, 2018, submitted to Justice Gorsuch.  <b>Main Document</b>
Oct 26 2018	Application (18A447) granted by Justice Gorsuch extending the time to file until November 30, 2018.
Nov 16 2018	Application (18A447) to extend further the time from November 30, 2018 to December 30, 2018, submitted to Justice Gorsuch.  <b>Written Request      Proof of Service</b>
Dec 10 2018	Application (18A447) granted by Justice Gorsuch extending the time to file until December 30, 2018.

NAME	ADDRESS	PHONE
Attorneys for Petitioner		
Nanci McCarthy Counsel of Record	Federal Public Defender 1010 Market Street Suite 200 Saint Louis, MO 63101  nanci_mccarthy@fd.org	3142411255
Party name: Hosea Swopes		
Attorneys for Respondent		

Noel J. Francisco  
Counsel of Record

Solicitor General  
United States Department of Justice  
950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW  
Washington, DC 20530-0001

202-514-2217

SupremeCtBriefs@USDOJ.gov

Party name: United States of America