

No. _____

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Felix J. Bruette Jr — PETITIONER
(Your Name)

vs.

Ryan Zinke, Sec. of Interior — RESPONDENT(S)

ON PETITION FOR A WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO

United States court of Appeals for the 7th, District
(NAME OF COURT THAT LAST RULED ON MERITS OF YOUR CASE)

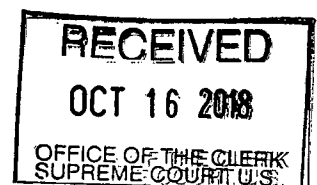
PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Felix J Bruette Jr
(Your Name)

306 East McArthur Street
(Address)

Appleton, Wisconsin 54911
(City, State, Zip Code)

(920) 636-6779
(Phone Number)



QUESTION(S) PRESENTED

The Stockbridge-Munsee Indian Community was created by the Department of the Interior in 1937., by authority of the Indian Reorganization Act., under section 5., of said act, lands are acquired by purchase. Under section 7. those lands acquired in the State of Wisconsin, are proclaimed a Indian Reservation (March 19, 1937). Under Section 16, a constitution was approved on November 18, 1937. Organized but not as a Historical Tribe. Organized on the basis of their residing within those lands proclaimed a Reservation. Organized without regard to past tribal affiliation (sec. 19).

What legal Historical standing does the Stockbridge-Munsee Indian Community claim to convey the lands and rights of a historical Tribe in the State of New York.

What Congressional Authority did Congress grant to the Department of the Interior, to allow a Indian Community created in 1937, the property and rights of a historical Tribe located in the State of New York, Those lands are not held in trust by the United States

In 1924 the Snyder Act granted Citizenship to all Indians born in the United States. what Authority does Congress claim to interfere in the due-process and protection of Rights and Property of citizens, by Political doctrine, based on race and origin of any Citizen

LIST OF PARTIES

- ☒ All parties appear in the caption of the case on the cover page.
- ☐ All parties **do not** appear in the caption of the case on the cover page. A list of all parties to the proceeding in the court whose judgment is the subject of this petition is as follows:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OPINIONS BELOW.....	1
JURISDICTION.....	2
CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED	3
STATEMENT OF THE CASE	4
REASONS FOR GRANTING THE WRIT	5
CONCLUSION.....	6

INDEX TO APPENDICES

APPENDIX A	Bruette v. Zinke United States Court of Appeals for the 7th, District, case no.17-3011 Chicago,Ill
APPENDIX B	Bruette v. Zinke United States District Court,Eastern District of Wisconsin, case no.17-c-286WCG
APPENDIX C	Bruette v. Jewell United States District court CV-1:14WCG, oral argument, date Feb.13,2015
APPENDIX D	United States Supreme Court,555 U.S. 379,172L.Ed.2d. 791 Carcieri v. Salazar date Feb.24, 2009
APPENDIX E	United States Court of Federal Claims, case no. 03-2684L wolfchild v. United States,.date Oct.27,2004
APPENDIX F	Stockbridge-Munsee Indian Community, Tribal council. date December 7,2004
APPENDIX G	United States Department of the Interior,Office of the Solicitor, date Apr.2,2004
APPENDIX H	United States Department of the Interior, B.I.A. date Oct 19, 1994.Indian Communities not Historical Tribes
APPENDIX I	United States Department of the Interior, Office of the Solicitor, date July 13,1994
APPENDIX J	Lands acquired for Indian Community Reservation

APPENDIX G United States Department of the Interior (Office of the Solicitor) regarding conveyance of Historical property of the Tribe's, descendants , located in the state of NewYork. Date April 2, 2002

APPENDIX H United States Department of the Interior (B. I. A.) Organized, but not as a historical Tribe. Organized as a group of Adult Indians residing within the lands acquired by purchase for them. Organized without regard to past tribal affiliation. Organized as a Indian Community. Date October 19, 1994.

APPENDIX I United States Department of the Interior (office of the Solicitor) date July13,1994

APPENDIX J Lands acquired by purchase for Indian Community Date March 19, 1937

APPENDIX K Indian Reorganization Act, June 18, 1934., sec.5,6,7,16 and 19

APPENDIX I Public Law 175 ., the Snyder Act., 1924. Granting all Indian People born in the United States Citizenship

APPENDIX M Congress reaffirms the Corpus Trust established under the 1856 Treaties. March 3, 1893

APPENDIX N Treaty with the Menominees Date February 11, 1856

APPENDIX O Treaty with the Stockbridge Date February 5, 1856

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES CITED

CASES

PAGE NUMBER

Bruette v. Jewell, CV-1:14WCG, oral argument, page 51, par.17-20

United States Court of federal claims, wolfchild et al. v. United States,
case no.03-2684L, .page 24 (a) (b)

STATUTES AND RULES

Carcieri v. Salazar, 555 U.S.379. 172L.Ed.2d.791, .statutes 1111 and 152

Indian Reorganization Act, Public law 383, Section 5, 7, 16, and 19

1924 Snyder Act granting Indians born in the United States citizenship
Act of Congress on March 3, 1893, reaffirming the corpus trust
established under the 1856 treaties. (11 stat 663) and (11 stat 667)

OTHER

Stockbridge-Munsee Indian Community (tentative Settlement) date December
7, 2004

United States Department of the Interior, Office of the Solicitor
regarding Indian Communities claim date April 2, 2002

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI

Petitioner respectfully prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review the judgment below.

OPINIONS BELOW

☐ For cases from **federal courts**:

The opinion of the United States court of appeals appears at Appendix A to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☒ is unpublished.

The opinion of the United States district court appears at Appendix B to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☒ is unpublished.

☐ For cases from **state courts**:

The opinion of the highest state court to review the merits appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☐ is unpublished.

The opinion of the _____ court appears at Appendix _____ to the petition and is

☐ reported at _____; or,

☐ has been designated for publication but is not yet reported; or,

☐ is unpublished.

JURISDICTION

[] For cases from **federal courts**:

The date on which the United States Court of Appeals decided my case was JUNE 22, 2018.

☒ No petition for rehearing was timely filed in my case.

[] A timely petition for rehearing was denied by the United States Court of Appeals on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

[] An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ____ A ____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1254(1).

[] For cases from **state courts**:

The date on which the highest state court decided my case was _____.
A copy of that decision appears at Appendix _____.

[] A timely petition for rehearing was thereafter denied on the following date: _____, and a copy of the order denying rehearing appears at Appendix _____.

[] An extension of time to file the petition for a writ of certiorari was granted to and including _____ (date) on _____ (date) in Application No. ____ A ____.

The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U. S. C. § 1257(a).

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS INVOLVED

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

The petitioner states that the lower courts continuously misinterpret his case by claiming their courts do not have subject matter jurisdiction. Under the Snyder Act (1924), the 1964 and 1967 Indian civil rights act, all Indians born in the United States were granted citizenship. The petitioner claims his rights under United States constitution and the 14th amendment guarantee him equal due process and equal protection of the law. Congress cannot discriminate against its citizens by claiming plenary powers over Indian people based on their race or origin.

The lower courts did not address the corpus trust that was established between the United States government and the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe, under the 1856 treaties. Congress reaffirmed that corpus trust on March 3rd 1893. The Department of Interior is in continuous breach of the corpus trust established between United States and the beneficiaries of that trust. Plaintiff claims no corpus trust has ever been terminated.

The action by the department of the Interior and the Stockbridge-Munsee Indian Community, organized without regard to past tribal affiliation, did harm to the beneficiaries of that trust by negotiating with the State of New York in the conveyance of tribal property.

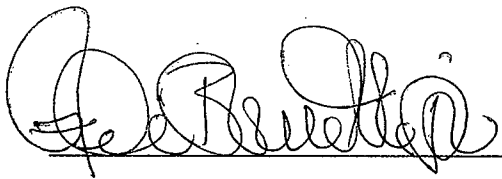
REASONS FOR GRANTING THE PETITION

- A. To determine the constitutional status of citizenship of all Indian people and their property, under the Snyder Act of 1924.
- B. To determine if Congress can claim plenary powers over a race of people that are citizens of the United States.
- C. Does the Constitution of the United States and the amendments protect the rights and property of all United States citizens?

CONCLUSION

The petition for a writ of certiorari should be granted.

Respectfully submitted,



Date:

