

No. _____

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ,
Petitioner

v.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Respondent

ON PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO
UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

APPENDIX

EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION OF DOCUMENT

“A”	Opinion of the Court of Appeals in the <i>Jerome Aristedes Martinez</i> No. 17-40620 (5 th Cir. April 4, 2018 (unpublished))
“B”	Amended Judgment of the United States District Court in <i>United States v. Jerome Aristedes Martinez</i> No. 5:15-CR-01070-001 (S.D. Tex. April 10, 2018)
“C”	Order Appointing Counsel

APPENDIX A

Opinion from Court of Appeals *United States v. Jerome Aristedes Martinez*, No. 17-40620 (5th Cir. April 4, 2018 (unpublished))

**IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT**

No. 17-40620
Summary Calendar

United States Court of Appeals
Fifth Circuit

FILED
April 4, 2018

Lyle W. Cayce
Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee

v.

JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ,

Defendant-Appellant

Appeal from the United States District Court
for the Southern District of Texas
USDC No. 5:15-CR-1070-1

Before REAVLEY, PRADO*, and GRAVES, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:**

Following a jury trial, Jerome Aristedes Martinez was convicted of attempted illegal reentry in violation of 8 U.S.C. § 1326. The district court sentenced him to 33 months of imprisonment and one year of supervised release. On appeal, Martinez asserts that the district court erred in using the Fifth Circuit's pattern jury instruction instead of the Ninth Circuit's pattern

* This opinion was concurred in by Judge Prado prior to his retirement from the court on April 2, 2018.

** Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

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jury instruction to instruct the jury on the offense elements of attempted illegal reentry. Specifically, he maintains that attempted illegal reentry is a specific intent offense, which requires the Government to prove that “the defendant had the conscious desire to reenter the United States without consent.”

We ordinarily review “a jury instruction for abuse of discretion, affording substantial latitude to the district court in describing the law to the jury.” *United States v. Williams*, 610 F.3d 271, 285 (5th Cir. 2010). However, we review de novo “whether the jury instruction misstated an element of the statutory crime.” *United States v. Morales-Palacios*, 369 F.3d 442, 445 (5th Cir. 2004).

In *Morales-Palacios*, we held that “for an attempted illegal reentry under section 1326 specific intent is not an element of the statute.” *Id.* at 449. Although Martinez argues that *Morales-Palacios* was wrongly decided, one panel of this court may not overrule a decision made by a prior panel “[a]bsent an intervening Supreme Court or en banc decision or a change in statutory law.” *United States v. Treft*, 447 F.3d 421, 425 (5th Cir. 2006). Accordingly, the district court did not err in denying Martinez’s request to instruct the jury on the Ninth Circuit’s specific intent requirement for attempted illegal reentry.

In addition, Martinez argues that the felony and aggravated felony provisions of § 1326(b)(1) and (b)(2) are unconstitutional because they allow for an increased statutory maximum sentence without the predicate conviction being alleged in the indictment and proven beyond a reasonable doubt. However, he correctly concedes that this argument is foreclosed under *Almendarez-Torres v. United States*, 523 U.S. 224, 226-27, 235 (1998). See *United States v. Pineda-Arellano*, 492 F.3d 624, 625-26 (5th Cir. 2007).

Finally, we note that there is a clerical error in the judgment. Martinez was convicted by the jury of attempted illegal reentry, while the written

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judgment states that his offense was “[r]e-entry of a deported alien.” “[A]ttempted reentry under § 1326 constitutes an offense distinct from either reentry or being found in the United States under § 1326.” *United States v. Buendia-Rangel*, 553 F.3d 378, 379 n.1 (5th Cir. 2008); *see* § 1326(a)(2); *United States v. Angeles-Mascote*, 206 F.3d 529, 531 (5th Cir. 2000).

Accordingly, the judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED. The case is REMANDED to the district court for the limited purpose of correcting the clerical error in the judgment.

APPENDIX B

Amended Judgment of the United States District Court in *United States v. Jerome Aristedes Martinez*, No. 5:15-CR-01070-001 (S.D. Tx April 10, 2018 (unpublished))

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Southern District of Texas
Holding Session in Laredo

ENTERED

April 10, 2018

David J. Bradley, Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
V.

AMENDED JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE

JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ

CASE NUMBER: **5:15CR01070-001**
 USM NUMBER: 42521-424

See Additional Aliases.

Date of Original Judgment: June 5, 2017

(or Date of Last Amended Judgment)

Reason for Amendment

- Correction of Sentence on Remand (18 U.S.C. 3742(f)(1) and (2))
- Reduction of Sentence for Changed Circumstances (Fed. R. Crim. P. 35(b))
- Correction of Sentence by Sentencing Court (Fed. R. Crim. P. 35(a))
- Correction for Clerical Mistake (Fed. R. Crim. P. 36)

Roberto Balli/Claudia Valdez Balli
 Defendant's Attorney

- Modification of Supervision Conditions (18 U.S.C. § 3563(c) or 3583(e))
- Modification of Imposed Term of Imprisonment for Extraordinary and Compelling Reasons (18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(1))
- Modification of Imposed Term of Imprisonment for Retroactive Amendment(s) to the Sentencing Guidelines (18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2))
- Direct Motion to District Court Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 or 18 U.S.C. § 3559(c)(7)
- Modification of Restitution Order (18 U.S.C. § 3664)

THE DEFENDANT:

- pleaded guilty to count(s) _____
- pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) _____ which was accepted by the court.
- was found guilty on count(s) one on February 15, 2017 after a plea of not guilty.

The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses:

Title & Section	Nature of Offense	Offense Ended	Count
8 U.S.C. §§ 1326(a) and 1326(b)(2)	Attempted re-entry of a deported alien	08/18/2015	One

- See Additional Counts of Conviction. The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 6 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.
- The defendant has been found not guilty on count(s) _____
- Count(s) _____ is are dismissed on the motion of the United States.

It is ordered that the defendant must notify the United States attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of material changes in economic circumstances.

June 5, 2017

Date of Imposition of Judgment



Signature of Judge

MARINA GARCIA MARMOLEJO
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Name and Title of Judge

April 10, 2018

Date

DEFENDANT: JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ

CASE NUMBER: 5:15CR01070-001

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of 33 months.

The defendant was advised of the right to appeal the sentence, including the right to appeal in forma pauperis, upon proper documentation.

See Additional Imprisonment Terms.

The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons:

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:

at _____ a.m. p.m. on _____.

as notified by the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:

before 2 p.m. on _____.

as notified by the United States Marshal.

as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.

RETURN

I have executed this judgment as follows:

Defendant delivered on _____ to _____
at _____, with a certified copy of this judgment.

UNITED STATES MARSHALBy _____
DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

DEFENDANT: JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ

CASE NUMBER: 5:15CR01070-001

SUPERVISED RELEASEUpon release from imprisonment you will be on supervised release for a term of: 1 year. See Additional Supervised Release Terms.**MANDATORY CONDITIONS**

1. You must not commit another federal, state or local crime.
2. You must not unlawfully possess a controlled substance.
3. You must refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. You must submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.
 - The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that you pose a low risk of future substance abuse. (check if applicable)
4. You must make restitution in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3663A or any other statute authorizing a sentence of restitution. (check if applicable)
5. You must cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. (check if applicable)
6. You must comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. § 20901, *et seq.*) as directed by the probation officer, the Bureau of Prisons, or any state sex offender registration agency in the location where you reside, work, are a student, or were convicted of a qualifying offense. (check if applicable)
7. You must participate in an approved program for domestic violence. (check if applicable)

You must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any other conditions on the attached page.

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION See Special Conditions of Supervision.

As part of your supervised release, you must comply with the following standard conditions of supervision. These conditions are imposed because they establish the basic expectations for your behavior while on supervision and identify the minimum tools needed by probation officers to keep informed, report to the court about, and bring about improvements in your conduct and condition.

1. You must report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside within 72 hours of your release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs you to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame.
2. After initially reporting to the probation office, you will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when you must report to the probation officer, and you must report to the probation officer as instructed.
3. You must not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer.
4. You must answer truthfully the questions asked by your probation officer.
5. You must live at a place approved by the probation officer. If you plan to change where you live or anything about your living arrangements (such as the people you live with), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
6. You must allow the probation officer to visit you at any time at your home or elsewhere, and you must permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of your supervision that he or she observes in plain view.
7. You must work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you do not have full-time employment, you must try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you plan to change where you work or anything about your work (such as your position or your job responsibilities), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
8. You must not communicate or interact with someone you know is engaged in criminal activity. If you know someone has been convicted of a felony, you must not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer.
9. If you are arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours.
10. You must not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person such as nunchakus or tasers).
11. You must not act or make any agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court.
12. If the probation officer determines that you pose a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may require you to notify the person about the risk and you must comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that you have notified the person about the risk.
13. You must follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

DEFENDANT: **JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ**

CASE NUMBER: **5:15CR01070-001**

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

You must immediately report, continue to report or surrender to U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement and follow all their instructions and reporting requirements until any deportation proceedings are completed. If you are ordered deported from the United States, you must remain outside the United States unless legally authorized to reenter. If you reenter the United States, you must report to the nearest probation office within 72 hours after you return.

**DEFENDANT: JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ
CASE NUMBER: 5:15CR01070-001**

CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES

The defendant must pay the total criminal monetary penalties under the schedule of payments on Sheet 6.

<u>Assessment</u>	<u>Fine</u>	<u>Restitution</u>
TOTALS	\$100.00	\$0.00

- See Additional Terms for Criminal Monetary Penalties.
- The determination of restitution is deferred until _____ . An *Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case (AO 245C)* will be entered after such determination.
- The defendant must make restitution (including community restitution) to the following payees in the amount listed below.

If the defendant makes a partial payment, each payee shall receive an approximately proportioned payment, unless specified otherwise in the priority order or percentage payment column below. However, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i), all nonfederal payees must be paid before the United States is paid.

Name of Payee **Total Loss*** **Restitution Ordered** **Priority or Percentage**

<input type="checkbox"/> See Additional Restitution Payees.		
TOTALS	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Restitution amount ordered pursuant to plea agreement \$ _____</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on Sheet 6 may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g).</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The court determined that the defendant does not have the ability to pay interest and it is ordered that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> the interest requirement is waived for the <input type="checkbox"/> fine <input type="checkbox"/> restitution. <input type="checkbox"/> the interest requirement for the <input type="checkbox"/> fine <input type="checkbox"/> restitution is modified as follows: <p><input type="checkbox"/> Based on the Government's motion, the Court finds that reasonable efforts to collect the special assessment are not likely to be effective. Therefore, the assessment is hereby remitted.</p>		

* Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

DEFENDANT: **JEROME ARISTEDES MARTINEZ**
CASE NUMBER: **5:15CR01070-001**

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

Having assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties is due as follows:

A Lump sum payment of \$100.00 due immediately, balance due
 not later than _____, or
 in accordance with C, D, E, or F below; or

B Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with C, D, or F below); or

C Payment in equal _____ installments of _____ over a period of _____, to commence _____ days after the date of this judgment; or

D Payment in equal _____ installments of _____ over a period of _____, to commence _____ days after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or

E Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within _____ days after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or

F Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:

Payable to: Clerk, U.S. District Court
 1300 Victoria, Ste. 1131
 Laredo, TX 78040

Unless the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.

The defendant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.

Joint and Several

Case Number

**Defendant and Co-Defendant Names
(including defendant number)**

Total Amount

**Joint and Several
Amount**

**Corresponding Payee,
if appropriate**

See Additional Defendants and Co-Defendants Held Joint and Several.

The defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.

The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):

The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:

See Additional Forfeited Property.

Payments shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) fine principal, (5) fine interest, (6) community restitution, (7) penalties, and (8) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.

APPENDIX C
Order Appointing Counsel

ENTERED

August 10, 2016

David J. Bradley, Clerk

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
LAREDO DIVISION**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

§

versus

§

Jerome Aristedes Martinez

§

Criminal No. 5:15-cr-01070

ORDER APPOINTING COUNSEL

Because the Defendant, Jerome Aristedes Martinez , has satisfied this court that (s)he is financially unable to employ counsel and does not wish to waive counsel, and because the interests of justice so require, an attorney is hereby **APPOINTED** to represent this person in the above designated case.

Attorney appointed: Roberto Balli

The appointment **SHALL** remain in effect until terminated or a substitute attorney is appointed or makes an appearance herein on behalf of the Defendant.

Signed on August 10, 2016.