

No. 18-1340

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In The  
Supreme Court of the United States

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Bonnie R. Fowler

Petitioner

v.

State of Utah, Judge R. Hansen

M. R. McDougal & Associates, M.R. McDougal,

D. R. Schow, D.C. McDougal, B.K. Wamsley

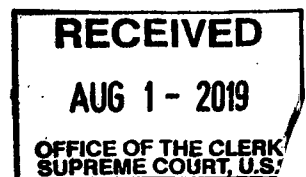
Respondent(s)

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REQUEST FOR REHEARING  
AS EXTRAORDINARY WRIT OF CERTIORARI

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Bonnie R. Fowler  
Pro-se  
7045 S. State Street #15  
Midvale, Utah 84047  
801-568-2617



Certification that this petition is being presented by the  
Petitioner Bonnie R. Fowler being pro-se and not represented  
by counsel.

This Petition for Rehearing as an Extraordinary Writ is  
being presented in good faith and not for delay.

The grounds for which this Request for Rehearing are  
limited to intervening circumstances which have a substantial  
and controlling effect on this case that requires the Supreme  
Courts jurisdiction and authority.

Respectfully submitted July 29, 2019

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Bonnie R. Fowler", written in a cursive style.

Bonnie R. Fowler

Petitioner pro-se

Petitioner Bonnie R Fowler hereby files this Petition for Rehearing of Writ of Certiorari to the Supreme Court of the United States in accordance with Rule 44, of the Rules of this Court.

Briefly and distinctly stated below are the grounds in which the Supreme Court is being asked to intervene and use their supervisory and jurisdictional authority of which is substantial and has the controlling effect over the lower courts as to their condoning the actions of these defendants and ignoring the rule of law.

1. On the grounds that it is extraordinary.
2. The Federal District Court (Central Division of Utah), and the Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals, refuse to adjudicate this case on the merits.

Therefore showing that these lower courts have blatantly ignored what the Constitution stands for and the WRIT OF CERTIORARI case no. 18-1340 filed on March 18, 2019, that the rule of law barring

their interjection of res-judicata and collateral estoppel as it pertains to this case, requires the Supreme Court to intervene.

3. On January 2, 2019 the 10<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court of Appeals placed a Mandate on this case after dismissing it, therefore saying they were done with the case and refusing to let it be tried.
4. As fully explained in the Writ of Certiorari, Collateral Estoppel and Res Judicata are barred by the rule of law with case law supporting each and every element.
5. Clearly there was never a first bite of the apple as it was dismissed on the screening provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1915 and 12(b)(6). Of importance is that 12(b)(6) was already denied as "Moot". If the court refuses to fully adjudicate the first case and there was further harm and added defendants not privy to the first case, this is barred.

6. All the evidence presented proving that the Respondents violated 42 U.S.C. § 1983, § 1985, § 1986 and Coercion/Collusion, stand by the Rule of Law as proven on the merits.
7. Violations of Constitutional rights under the color of law as state actors, that denying one equal protection of the laws, that due process is an inalienable right given by our forefathers, and that the attorney defendants conspired in these actions are chargeable violations.
8. The Defendants admitted to threats and intimidating the petitioner, proving her case beyond any reasonable doubt, only to have both Magistrate Judges twist it to say the petitioner relied and actually said it was not to stop her from going to trial. ( no! it was the defendants, and was clearly erroneous)

9. Federal Court Judge acknowledged the harm caused by the Respondents, and said I have a right to appeal to the 10<sup>th</sup> Circuit if it were to be proven that they were state actors, and I did so proving that the Judge and the Attorney defendants denied me a constitutional right to fee waivers in the state case, making them state actors. A Motion and memorandums supporting this denial request were supplied as evidence by the defendants as well as the docket, proving they colluded with the Judge.
10. It should be unconstitutional to solely dismiss a case on ones inability to pay for the case based on 28 U.S.C.§1915, as exactly what happened in this case. Being granted to proceed IFP immediately, then the courts dismissing the case on this screening provision is clearly wrong!

I plead with each and every one of the honorable judges of  
this Supreme Court

**John G. Roberts, Jr., Chief Justice**  
**Clarence Thomas, Associate Justice,**  
**Ruth Bader Ginsburg, Associate Justice**  
**Elena Kagan, Associate Justice**  
**Stephen G. Breyer, Associate Justice,**  
**Samuel A. Alito, Jr., Associate Justice,**  
**Sonia Sotomayor, Associate Justice,**  
**Neil M. Gorsuch, Associate Justice,**  
**Brett M. Kavanaugh, Associate Justice,**

to hold the Respondents accountable for their actions. A  
unanimous decision reversing this case will demonstrate that the  
Constitution the way it was written stands for something.

It should speak volumes to this court, when more than half of  
the attorney defendants refuse to show up to the hearing in  
federal District Court, most refused to sign a notice of  
appearance to the 10<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court of Appeals, and only the

State and the Judge waived their right to file a Writ in Opposition, while all of the others ignored it completely! The Court should hold them in Contempt!

There is a clear legal right for the petitioner to expect the courts to fully adjudicate a case, instead of sweeping it under the carpet as the lower courts have done so far.

The only remedy is for the Supreme Court to reverse on the merits. Violations of this inaction clearly demonstrates that 42 U.S.C. § 1983, § 1985, § 1986 and Coercion/Collusion, stand by Rule of Law as proven on the merits. The constitutional violations remedy allowed by law in treble compensatory and punitive damages is \$2,977,667.00 plus further medical as supported in the complaint.

The proper invoked jurisdiction is the Supreme Court of the United States as it poses the serious federal question as to res-judicata and collateral estoppel as other circuit courts of appeals deem it barred by the rule of law.

The Petitioner has spent countless hours doing research,



spent thousands of dollars litigating, and has suffered further irreversible damage caused by the courts injustice. This is manifest injustice.

The lower court's dismissal of this case is quite shocking and disgusting as to play the legal abuses to protect a biased Judge, Licensed Attorneys and their Law Firm.

The basic elements of the judicial system are at stake here when the court system cannot fully adjudicate a case on the merits, and invoke barred elements to further their injustice.

The law says you cannot take justice into your own hands, But when the judicial system refuses to fully adjudicate a case and you have taken it to the highest court that you have available, as in this case, and the Writ of Certiorari is Denied, This injustice must be stopped now!

Petitioner prays that this honorable Court reverse the ruling.

Respectfully submitted July 16, 2019

Respectfully resubmitted July 29, 2019 with corrections

requested by the Court.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Bonnie R. Fowler".

Bonnie R. Fowler

Petitioner pro-se